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# THE REGISTER.

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AND

## MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY,

A RECORD OF

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS,

AND OTHER GENEALOGICAL AND PERSONAL OCCURRENCES.

VOLUME THE FIRST.

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1869.

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PREFACE TO VOL. I.

THE Indexes now published complete the design of THE REGISTER AND MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY. For it is not ephemeral amusement at which we aim, nor mere matters of transient interest; but our object is to be permanently useful, and to furnish an historical record of domestic history, of which all persons, in the time to come, will be glad to avail themselves. Such, it is allowed on all hands, have been the former merits of the *Gentleman's Magazine*, which have placed the series of that work high in value and estimation, whilst most of its short-lived rivals have been neglected and forgotten. To a publication undertaking to continue that public service, the importance of which we asserted in our original Advertisement, a cordial welcome has been already given by a wide circle of discerning friends, who will gradually, it may be hoped, convince the general public of the utility of the present work. At any event, we are assured that a place will not be refused to it in any well-furnished library.

25, Parliament-street,  
August 30, 1869.

Henceforth the REGISTER AND MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY will be published by Mr. Hardwicke, at 192, Piccadilly, W.

Recd. 9-25-74

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J. H. H. H. H. H.

The following is a list of the names of the persons who have been elected to the office of the President of the United States, and the names of the persons who have been elected to the office of the Vice President of the United States, for the year 1876.

The names of the persons who have been elected to the office of the President of the United States, for the year 1876, are: R. B. Hayes, U. S. Grant, and James A. Garfield.

The names of the persons who have been elected to the office of the Vice President of the United States, for the year 1876, are: Schuyler Colfax, William A. Wheeler, and Henry Wilson.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES  
J. H. H. H. H. H.

## TO OUR READERS.

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IN the course of human life no events either in their individual or social relations are of greater or more obvious importance than Births, Marriages, and Deaths. The circumstances of birth will more or less influence the destinies of all. It may be of still greater consequence to a man's rising fortunes whether he marry well or ill. But it is most of all worthy of commemoration if he dies after having fulfilled a career of usefulness to his fellows, and fought a good fight in the battle of life.

Subordinate to these grand epochs in the history of every individual are the innumerable incidents and accidents by which men succeed in their several vocations, are preferred to public service, or promoted to well-earned honours.

All these events, immediately important to the persons concerned, affect also in many respects the interests of their kinsmen, their neighbours, and the community at large. All the rights of succession to property depend on the legitimacy of Birth, the validity of Marriage, and the certain proof of Death. These are the data upon which Genealogies are framed, and upon which the Lawyer and Herald rely. These are the events which used to be faithfully recorded by the monk in his marti-loge or cartulary, and which our Protestant forefathers fondly entered in the family bible. They are those for which a system of Parochial Registration was provided in this country more than three centuries ago; and which have repeatedly been objects of legislative care, in order to obviate the ill effects of local supineness and inattention.

From an early period of our News literature such events have been made public by announcements in the flying sheet; and for the last century, and a half they have been more permanently recorded in the pages of the monthly Magazines.

At the present time however this public service, as it may justly be termed, is inefficiently performed. The magazines have entered on a new phase, and are devoted almost entirely to transient entertainment or discussion, while the daily and weekly papers are, when once laid aside, exceedingly difficult of access and reference.





The object of the present publication is to supply this deficiency, and to furnish a public and permanent record of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, the probates of Wills, with other interesting personal and domestic events; accompanied by Indexes which will afford to every inquirer a ready access to whatever information of this nature he may look for.

Carefully-written Obituary Memoirs will be given of all persons whose rank, actions, virtues, or acquirements in literature, science, or art entitle them to a niche in the Temple of Fame. The greatest pains will be taken to render this department of the Register as complete and accurate as possible.

While THE REGISTER will be mainly devoted to the events of the present day, the past will not be wholly overlooked. The retrospective portion of The Register will contain papers on neglected Biography, supplying the numerous omissions and defects of our existing dictionaries, and contemporaneous biographical publications will be critically reviewed.

For the imperfections which may appear in a first attempt it is perhaps almost superfluous to apologise. The Editor has endeavoured as far as possible to give, in the present number, a sample of the various materials which will fill the pages of The Register. Experience only can show how much of our space it will be necessary to devote to the various branches of current Biography. On the present occasion we have been compelled to postpone some of the articles which had been announced for publication, as well as several memoirs. In future we shall hope to bring down the announcements of Deaths, &c. to a date much nearer to our time of publication.

We must add one word respecting the ordinary announcements of Births, Marriages, and Deaths. Those who desire that a permanent record of such events of their family history should be preserved in our pages should not fail to forward a notice of them to us, accompanied by the moderate fee which we require for registration. It is upon the anticipation that this will be generally done that our hopes of financial success are mainly founded, and without financial success it is needless to say that no undertaking, however useful, can be long continued.





# THE REGISTER

AND

## MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY.

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JANUARY 1869.

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### HENRY CONSTABLE THE POET.

BY THOMPSON COOPER, F.S.A.

AMONG the sonneteers who flourished in the reigns of Queen Elizabeth and King James I., Henry Constable deservedly occupies a prominent place. The estimation in which his poems were held by his contemporaries is evidenced by the numerous editions of them which were called for during his lifetime, and the fact that they have been reprinted several times in the present century shows that they have not yet been wholly forgotten by his fellow-countrymen. The personal history of the poet has, however, been hitherto involved in obscurity, nor has his latest biographer, Mr. William Carew Hazlitt, succeeded in adding much to the little that was previously known respecting his career—a career which, as will be seen in the sequel, was marked by more incidents than that of most literary men: for example, his parentage, the date of his birth, and the date and place of his decease, are points on which his biographers have been silent. The object of the present paper is to remedy these and other defects, and to trace the chequered career of a man who, in the quaint words of one who knew him, “was a great Master in English tongue,” and who had as “pure, quick, and high a Delivery of Conceit as any gentleman of our Nation.” It is right to acknowledge at the outset that many of the facts about to be set forth are derived from the collections of the late Rev. Joseph Hunter, F.S.A., whose valuable MS. memoranda respecting our English poets are now deposited in the National Library. The documents in the State Paper Office, the Heralds’ Visitations, and other authorities have also been laid under contribution.

There were several Constables of the name of Henry living in the chronological period to which the poet belongs, but the notices we



have of him would leave no room for doubting that he was Henry Constable, of Newark, in Nottinghamshire, even had we not the direct testimony of his contemporary, Roger Dodsworth, the Yorkshire antiquary, who, in enumerating the principal branches of the Constable family, names "Sir Robert Constable, Lieutenant of the Ordnance to Queen Elizabeth, sometime of the Spittle, in Newark, *father of H. Constable that was banished for religion.*"\*

Sir Robert Constable served in the wars in Scotland under the Earl of Surrey, by whom he was knighted in 1570. He was, like Puttenham, one of the gentlemen pensioners, and, like him also, a man of ruined fortunes. Like him also he was nearly allied to several noble houses, a circumstance which was not forgotten by his son Henry when he obtained from Sir William Segar a certificate of his descent, as was the custom in those times of persons going abroad. This certificate † sets forth that the mother of Sir Robert and grandmother of Henry was Catharine daughter of Sir George Manners, Lord Roos, sister of Thomas Earl of Rutland, and niece of King Edward IV. by his sister Anne Duchess of Exeter.

Sir Robert Constable, thus nobly descended, married Christiana, daughter of John Dabridgecourt, of Astley or Longdon Hall, in the county of Warwick. This lady was descended from the Zanches Dabridgecourt, who had given protection to Queen Isabella, and who was admitted into the Order of the Garter on its first institution. She was the widow of Anthony Foster. As he is described of Newark, it may be assumed that Sir Robert Constable acquired his estate there in consequence of this marriage, and it seems not unlikely that Foster was the person of that name who was unfortunately concerned in the death of Lady Robert Dudley (Amy Robsart).

Sir Robert was a writer as well as a soldier, there being, among the MSS. in the British Museum, a treatise by him on the Ordering of a Camp, written in 1576.

It is conjectured by Mr. Hunter that Henry was the only son of Sir Robert, but a reference to the poet's works clearly shows the contrary, as they contain epitaphs on his brother Richard and his sister Martha. In the Heralds' Visitations he is spoken of as living in 1563, and as aged 13 in 1575, so that the time of his birth may be assigned with sufficient exactitude to the year 1561 or 1562. Of his early education nothing is recorded, though there is no doubt that he went up to Cambridge when about 16 years of age, being matriculated as a fellow-commoner of St. John's College in that university 11 June, 1578. He proceeded to the degree of B.A., in pursuance

\* Dodsworth's MSS. in Bodleian Library, cxviii. f. 74b.

† MS. Addit. 12,225, f. 59.





of a special grace, 15 Jan. 1579-80. As he never took a further degree it may be presumed that shortly after this period he was reconciled to the Church of Rome, of which he became a devoted member and a zealous advocate. That he was actuated by conscientious motives in taking so decided a step cannot be doubted by any one who considers the serious consequences it entailed in the days of the Virgin Queen. A Catholic was then regarded as an outlaw and a traitor, and, but for his adherence to an unpopular form of Christianity, Constable might have risen to a position of honour and opulence in his native country, instead of dragging on a weary existence as a prisoner or an exile.

It appears that soon after his change of religion he sought refuge "beyond the Seas," for we find him at Heidelberg in 1585, when he replied to a note of certain slanders dispersed in a libel against Queen Elizabeth by Thomas Throgmorton.\* This, no doubt, is the work he refers to in his sonnet "To the Queene: upon occasion of a Booke he wrote in Answer to certayne objections against her proceedings in the Low Countreyes." In the course of his wanderings Constable visited Italy, Poland, and the Netherlands.

His father Sir Robert Constable died in or about 1591 in debt to the Crown, for which his lands were extended. About that time Henry sold the Newark property to William Cecil, grandson of Lord Burghley and afterwards Earl of Exeter; but this sale it seems did not free him from embarrassment. He had accounts, probably arising out of his father's affairs, to settle with the Government. On the 28th of February 1592 Sir John Fortescue writes to Mr. Fanshaw the Remembrancer:—

"Forasmuch as Mr. Henry Constable is now upon his other account, and hath promised me to finish the same with all the speed he may, if there be no other process forth against him than *ad computandum*, I pray you make stay of the same process, and, if they be forth, then to make supersedeas for discharge of them."

In 1592 there appeared in London a small quarto volume entitled "Diana. The praises of his Mistres in certaine sweete Sonnets, by H. C." This edition, of which only a single copy is known to exist, contains only twenty-two sonnets, but they are introduced by verses "To his absent Diana," which are found in no other exemplar. The work, with some changes and additions, was republished in 1594 (the date on title being misprinted 1584), 1597, and 1604. There have been several modern reprints, but, as this article is biographical and not bibliographical, it will suffice to mention that the most complete edition of Constable's Poems is that published in 1859, under the careful supervision of Mr. William Carew Hazlitt. All the earlier sonnets refer to a hopeless passion for a lady of distinguished rank,

\* Hackman's Cat. Tanner MSS. p. 912.



who, there can be no doubt, was the Lady Penelope Devereux, afterwards Lady Rich, and eventually—sad to relate—Countess of Devonshire.

In 1595 Constable was at Paris, whence he wrote to Anthony Bacon making an offer of his services, and stating that he was opposed to all violent proceedings, as his Catholic friends could testify; and that there was nothing to his prejudice except his religion, which he was unable to dissemble. The whole letter is remarkable and well worth perusal, but as it is already in print we must be content with a passing reference to it, reserving our space for inedited documents. Constable's religious profession was an insuperable bar to his being employed in serving his country. He was shunned by his countrymen; and even his relative, Gilbert, Earl of Shrewsbury, when ambassador in France, to receive the oath of Henry IV. for the observance of the treaty with Elizabeth, finding Constable at Rouen in 1596, wrote in these terms to Sir Robert Cecil: "Here is Mr. H. Constable; who, lest he should have intruded himself into my company, I desired Mr. Edmund to let him know my desire he should forbear either coming, writing, or sending unto me, which he hath hitherto performed."

We now come to the most remarkable period of Constable's life. The very circumstance which prevented him from serving the Queen rendered him a fitting person to serve the Pope, more especially as he was well exercised in religious controversy. It was accordingly arranged by the Legate in Paris that he should proceed to the Scottish capital, in company with the Laird of Bonington, with the view of persuading King James VI. to grant a toleration of the Catholic faith throughout his dominions. It was also thought not unlikely that a man of versatile talents like Constable might be able to "practice on the said King's mind," and induce him to forsake the Protestant religion for the ancient Church to which his ill-fated mother had been so devotedly attached. The agents of the English Government were, as might be expected, greatly alarmed at this project, and its agents in Edinburgh kept Cecil well "posted up" in the movements of Constable and his friends. The original documents preserved in the State Paper Office, and now rendered easily accessible by the Calendar of Mr. Thorpe, forming one of the admirable series published under the authority of Lord Romilly, Master of the Rolls, throw much light upon this curious chapter of Scottish history, and, as they have never before appeared in print, we shall proceed to give some rather copious extracts.

George Nicolson, writing to Cecil on the 3rd March 1598-9, says:—

"Mr. Henry Constable is comed out of Fraunce hither seking to the King, but cannot git that favour but this to Mr. Aston, who was imployed therein. The young larde of Bonington, a great papist and trafficker, is also comed with him: but the King will yeald him neither presence nor favour till he first satisfie the





Kirk and agree with his father ..... Mr. Hudson tells me that Mr. Constable hathe ben in hand with him to cary a letter to your honour when he returns; and that understanding he hathe acquaintance with Mr. Edmonds, and that possibly the letter may be of moment for Her Majesty's service, hathe agreed to do it, as he wold have certified your honour but that Mr. Aston hathe don as much as he knowes, w<sup>h</sup> he praies your honour to excuse in him.\*

On the 16th of the same month Nicolson writes:—

"Mr. Constable hathe not yet had speache of the King, yet spoke with the Queen, who thinck him but simple. He hathe me in suspicion to be his hindraunce, but I have nether delt with nor against him, yet I marke as muche as I can all he dothe, w<sup>h</sup> is not worthe the notinge so farr as I see. He is suting the King's letters to the Frenche King in his fauour for the pension that is vnpaid him there. The sessions of the Kirk have had him before them, and enioyned him ther to subscribe to the articles of Religion or depart the Contry within xv daies. And proclamation is made comaundinge all Jesuits and papists of the contry, and ship maisters and others not to bringe any of them home vpon paine of deathe. Indede suche is the misery of some of our papists here that they sute the king for releife, w<sup>h</sup> may be the cause of the proclamation."†

On the 21st of August, 1599, Mr. John Colville sent the following advertisement, drawn up by his nephew, to Sir Robert Cecil:—

"18 April, 1599. Mr. Constable and the lard Boniton came conjunctly in Commission from the Pope to the King, and hes offred for the first to him a hundreth thousand Crownes for lifting gardes, w<sup>th</sup> two millions to interteyn his warres how some he shall publish liberty of Conscience, and denounce warris w<sup>th</sup> England, and of all these sowmes a fovnd [fund] is layid and shewit to the King how thai shall be collected.

"Item, the Pope promessed to him by the forsaide the concurrence of all catholique princes, w<sup>th</sup> assurance of a contribution of 20,000 povnd sterling more from the catholiques of Angland, and the service of 20,000 Englismen how sone he shall schew him selfe agans the Quene; and on this head Constable promesess largely.

"Thè King by vord and promiss hes accepted thair offer, and Constable gois by Denmark, whar he is ampilly recommendit to the Pope w<sup>th</sup> the King's great seall tharvpon.

"The lard of Boniton and one Mr. Allex<sup>r</sup> McWhinny, Jesuit (who is arryved from Rome since the cunning home of Boniton), shall return bak w<sup>th</sup> Mons<sup>r</sup> de Betun, ambassador, and shall inform Glesgo and the pope's nunce [nuntio] of all. And Boniton shall furnish a ship lodin with quhyit [wheat] as yf she went only for merchandise, w<sup>ch</sup> ship shall go to Spain. and thair shall resave the first payment with som preists books and vther popish furnitor.

"W<sup>th</sup> Constable and Boniton did Glesgo writ to the King that if he vold not now embrace the Pope's offres the Pope vold never againe know him, but vould assist some other competitor to his preiudice, and this advys w<sup>ch</sup> Glesgo did send (lyk as all the advyses he dois send concerning this matter) coms from Scotland from the president who is instrvment for all the Scottish ligue and he it is

\* State Paper (Scotland) Eliz. vol. 64, art. 35.

† State Papers (Scotland) Eliz. vol. 64, art. 44.





y<sup>t</sup> makkis Glesgo to proiect things to y<sup>e</sup> King that be impertinent to him self to propone as yf thai were proponit by the King's frends abroad.

"The more to illud the King it is sayed by the fornamed comissionars that the Pope of all christian princes doth affect him most for his learning and puir lyif, and that by his advys the Pope can be content to reduce the Churche to that estat it was into a fyve hundreth year ago, and in this the King doth not a litill glorie. Againe the pope calles him the Air [heir] of a martyr called by God to pvnish anc heretique and confederat with the Turk.

"Thai have desyrit the abay of Newabay on the west border to be a retrait to such as for thair conscience shall fle out of England, w<sup>ch</sup> the King promesses to do connivelyt.

"Item, Mons<sup>r</sup> de Betun tho' he pretend no erand bot from the King his master to veseit the king of Scotland for anterteneing the owld amite between the two nations, yit he is as ernist to persvad the King to ambrace the Pope's offres as Boniton or Constable is, and his persvashon shall prove of na small importaunce, for wheras if before the King had promesit to the Pope and to vther catholiques in France (as to the Guisardes), yit in respect he did aftervart deny the said promesses and did somewhat to the contrar (as in the beheading of Fentun), tharfor his sincerite was much suspected w<sup>th</sup> thamm, but now de Betvn hes takin on him to put the nvnce and all his frends in France out of dout, and Constable hes promisit to do as mvch at Rome.\*

It is hardly necessary to add that the great expectations of Constable in obtaining King James for an ally ended in utter disappointment.

Soon after this time Constable was in Arragon, from whence he sent a book to the Scottish King. Mr. Hazlitt hastily conjectures that this was a copy of the "Diana;" but he is very wide of the mark, for in point of fact it related to a subject of far greater interest to his Majesty, viz. the succession to the English Crown. Nicolson, in a letter to Cecil, dated from Edinburgh, 30 July 1600, refers to it in these terms:—

"There is also a printed book comed to the King, intituled a counterfeit discourse betweene counterfeit travailers, etc. said to be written & sent by Henry Constable. It is against Doleman—but Persons† he terms him—against them and their reasons that wold not haue her Ma<sup>tie</sup> name her successor, in favour of the King and his title, and in favour of the Pope's authority in such cases.‡

For several years we lose sight of Constable, and he next appears as a prisoner in the Tower of London, from whence he wrote to his relative the Earl of Shrewsbury, requesting his Lordship to exert his influence that his cousin Sir William Constable and his uncle might be permitted to come to him, to consult about his private affairs. This was on the 1st of May 1604. Before the end of that year he was

\* State Papers (Scotland), Eliz. vol. 65, art. 16.

† Father Robert Persons, the famous Jesuit, who sometimes wrote under the name of Doleman.

‡ State Papers (Scotland), Eliz. vol. 66, art. 41.



released; and in January 1604-5 he wrote a letter\* from Kingston to Dr. Bagshaw, at the college of Mignon in Paris, mentioning, among other things, that all the Catholic prisoners in England were released, save those in the Clink. To this period is doubtless to be referred an undated letter preserved in Vol. O of the Talbot Papers at the College of Arms, in which, addressing his friend the Countess of Shrewsbury, he says he has heard that the Council intend to banish him. If this be the case, he wishes by means of the Earl and other his good friends to obtain two requests: first, that his banishment may not be absolute, but that on his good deserts he may return; secondly, that he may, with the King's good liking and some of his friends' recommendation, go with the Constable of Castile into Spain, as he hears the King of France is his enemy, and has sent letters of his to England. There is in the same volume a second undated letter to the Countess, evidently written from abroad. He expresses a desire to be permitted to return to his native land. Both letters are indited in the "gallant" style which befitted a well-born gentleman when writing to a noble lady.

Three years later he was again in England, having probably ventured to return without permission. He was apprehended in Jan. 1607-8, and imprisoned in the Fleet. While he was in gaol the Earl of Shrewsbury sent him 20*l*.

After regaining his freedom Constable appears to have fixed his residence in Paris, and he was certainly present at the controversial disputation held in that city between Dr. Daniel Featley and Dr. Smyth, Bishop of Chaldeon, in September 1612.

In 1613 Cardinal du Perron sent him from Paris to confer with Dr. Benjamin Carier, a famous Church of England divine, formerly domestic chaplain to Archbishop Whitgift, and afterwards one of King James's preachers. Dr. Carier had recently joined the communion of Rome, and had retired to the Jesuits' college at Liege, and here Constable visited the distinguished convert, with the view, no doubt, of confirming him in his newly-adopted creed; but, being seized with illness, Constable died at Liege on 9th October 1613, within a fortnight after his departure from Paris. Dr. Carier followed him to the grave within a twelvemonth.

This paper may be appropriately concluded with a Sonnet by Constable, prefixed to the *Elements of Armories* of his friend and co-religionist Edmund Bolton, published in 1610. It is selected not because it is a particularly good specimen of the poet's style—for commendatory verses are rarely above mediocrity—but because it has not been hitherto included in any edition of his works. At any rate it may

\* MS. Cotton. Calig. E. xi. 25.





be recommended to the notice of future editors and all students of heraldry.

H. C.

To the Gentleman Reader.

If thou desire to knowe the reason why  
 Thou doo'st in Sheild the Armes of honour bear,  
 This Booke will say that they by nature were  
 The Hieroglyphics of Nobility.  
 It shewes beside how Art doth beautifie  
     What Nature doth inspire, and how each-where  
     All Arts conion'd in this Art do appeare,  
 By structure of a choyce Phylosophie.  
 Geometrie gives Lines in ordred Place,  
     Numbers Arithmetick, and thou may'st see  
     How all in Optick Colours honour thee.  
 But since that Virtue which adorned the race  
     From whence thou did'st descend was ground of al,  
     Haue care to follow it, or all will fall.

### MANNINGHAM'S DIARY.

DIARY of JOHN MANNINGHAM, of the Middle Temple, and of Bradbourne, Kent, Barrister-at-Law, 1602-1603. Edited from the original manuscript by John Bruce, Esq. and presented to the Camden Society by William Tite, Esq., M.P., F.R.S., F.S.A., President of the Society. 1868.

The book which is henceforth destined to be widely known, and frequently quoted, by the name of *Manningham's Diary*, is in its original form a diminutive pocket volume of 133 leaves, which had remained disregarded among the Harleian Manuscripts until Mr. J. Payne Collier made his collection for his *Annals of the Stage*. In that work, published in 1831, various passages were extracted from it, but it was merely called the Diary of a Barrister, the author's name being then unknown.

Mr. Hunter, following Mr. Collier in the illustration of Shakespeare, proceeded to identify the writer of this diary, a task for which he was especially qualified by his genealogical predilections, and which he satisfactorily accomplished. The barrister has mentioned the names of many of his relations; and Mr. Hunter, pursuing the hints thus imparted, ascertained that he was the cousin and adopted son of Richard Manningham of Bradbourne in Kent, who left him his estate and a competent fortune.

John Manningham received his education at Magdalen College, Cambridge, where he took the degree of B.A. in 1595-6.\* He was entered of the Middle Temple on the 16th March 1597-8, as the son

\* T: Cooper's *Athen. Cantab. MS. B. 321*. His son Richard was educated at Peterhouse, Cambridge, B.A. 1628, M.A. 1632. *Ibid.*





and heir of Robert Manningham of Fen Drayton gentleman deceased: and, having kept his exercises, and been on the books of the inn for the needful seven years, he was called to the degree of an utter-barrister on the 7th June 1605. It was in the midst of this residence in the Temple that Manningham filled the pocket-book now published, and it will be remarked that he was at the time, not a "barrister," but a young student of the law.

Whilst in the Temple he had for his chamber-fellow Edward Curle, son of William Curle a retainer of Sir Robert Cecil, who procured him to be appointed one of the Auditors of the Court of Wards. Several persons of this family are quoted in the Diary, and the close relationship of chamber-fellow ripened not merely into lasting friendship with Edward Curle, and with his brother Walter who afterwards became Bishop of Winchester, but into affection towards their sister Anne. John Manningham and Anne Curle were married probably about 1607. A son was born to them in 1608, who was named Richard after the *quasi*-grandfather at Bradbourne, to whose bounty John Manningham succeeded in 1612; and when the heralds rode their Visitation of Kent in 1619 he was at Bradbourne to enter his pedigree. In Jan. 1621-2 he made his will, appointing as his executor his brother-in-law Dr. Walter Curle then Dean of Lichfield, who obtained probate on the 4th December following.

The dates in the book are through 1602 down to April 1603, but they are occasionally out of chronological sequence, and, as remarked by the Editor,

The book is scarcely what is generally understood by a Diary. It is rather a note-book in which the writer has jotted down from time to time his impressions of whatever he chanced to hear, read, or see, or whatever he desired to preserve in his memory. The result is a curious patchwork. Anecdotes, witticisms, aphoristic expressions, gossip, rumours, extracts from books, large notes of sermons, occasional memoranda of journeys into Kent and Huntingdonshire, with some little personal matter of the true Diary kind, are all thrown together into a miscellany of odds and ends.

Our Diarist could not have lived in a better place than in an Inn of Court for the compilation of such a book. The common dinner and the common supper, the less formal gatherings at the buttery-bar and around the hall fire, and in the summer time the exercise taken in the pleasant garden—an indispensable accompaniment of an Inn of Court, brought together multitudes of the "unbaked and doughy youth of the nation," full of life and spirit, most of them under training for legal practice or public business, and sparkling with all the freshness and volatility, the exuberance and glow, which distinguish the opening of young wits. Among such companions the *bon mot* of the bar, the scandal of the

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\* It is remarkable that the so-called *Diary of the Rev. John Ward, Vicar of Stratford upon Aven* from 1648 to 1679, which was edited by Charles Severn, M.D. in 8vo. 1839, principally because it contained some passages relating to Shakespeare, is of the same character, though of very inferior interest.



Court, the tittle-tattle of the town, were the very *pabulum* of their daily conversation. A witty sarcasm would tell among students not "past the bounds of freakish youth" with infinite effect, and it mattered little—such was the universal freedom of language and manners in those days—how literal the expression, or to what kind of subject it related.

The time when the Diarist wrote was distinguished by one event of surpassing interest—the death of the great Queen who had ruled the country for more than forty years.

In reference to that event he possessed peculiar opportunities of acquiring information, and what he has told us is essentially of historical authority. His channel of communication with the Court was Dr. Henry Parry, subsequently Bishop of Gloucester and afterwards of Worcester, at that time one of her Majesty's chaplains and on duty in that character at the Queen's death. On the 23rd March, 1602-3, the rumours respecting her Majesty's health were most alarming. The public were even doubtful whether she was actually alive. In satisfaction of his curiosity our Diarist proceeded to the palace at Richmond, where the great business was in progress. He found assembled there the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Keeper, and others of the highest official dignitaries. The Queen still lived, and the ordinary daily religious services were still kept up within the sombre palace. Dr. Parry preached before the assembled visitors, and our Diarist was permitted to be one of the audience. The sermon was as little connected as could be with the urgent circumstances which must have drawn off the thoughts of his congregation, but in the preacher's prayers both before and after his discourse he interceded for her Majesty so fervently and pathetically, that few eyes were dry.

Service over, Manningham dined in the privy chamber with Dr. Parry and a select clerical company, who recounted to him the particulars of the Queen's illness; how for a fortnight she had been overwhelmed with melancholy, sitting for hours with eyes fixed upon one object, unable to sleep, refusing food and medicine, and until within the last two or three days declining even to go to bed. It was the opinion of her physicians that if at an early period she could have been persuaded to use means she would unquestionably have recovered; but she would not, "and princes," our Diarist remarks, "must not be forced." Her fatal obstinacy brought her at length into a condition which was irremediable. For two days she had lain "in a manner speechless, very pensive and silent,"—dying of her own perverseness. When roused she showed by signs that she still retained her faculties and memory, but the inevitable hour was fast approaching. The day before, at the instance of Dr. Parry, she had testified by gestures her constancy in the Protestantism "which she had caused to be professed," and had hugged the hand of the archbishop when he urged upon her a hopeful consideration of the joys of a future life. In these particulars our Diarist takes us nearer to the dying bed of the illustrious Queen than any other writer with whom we are acquainted.

Dr. Parry remained with the Queen to the last. It was amidst his prayers that about three o'clock in the morning which followed Manningham's visit to the palace she ceased to breathe.

The statements of Manningham at this time are of particular interest. Sir Robert Cecil had long before settled the matter of the succession, and all his fellow-ministers now concurred in what he had





done. Not an instant was lost; at the very earliest moment, in less than four hours after the Queen had expired at Richmond, a meeting of the Council was held at Whitehall. A proclamation already prepared by Cecil, and settled by the anxious King of Scotland; was produced and signed. At 10 o'clock the gates of Whitehall were thrown open. Cecil, with a roll of paper in his hand, issued forth at the head of a throng of gentlemen, and with the customary formalities proclaimed the accession of King James.

The promptitude and unanimity of the Council, combined with the popular feeling in favour of the King of Scotland, fixed him at once in his new dignity. Opponents were overawed and silenced when they found that the supporters of James had as it were stolen a march upon them, and that, although he himself was absent, his friends were in possession of all the powers of government on his behalf. The previous agitation subsided almost instantly.

"The people is full of expectation (writes Manningham) and great with hope of our new King's worthiness, of our nation's future greatness; every one promises himself a share in some famous action to be hereafter performed for his prince or country." The anticipations (remarks Mr. Bruce) which the people framed for themselves from the change of sex in their new governor, from the change of age, and from the ambition which they imagined would be developed in him by his transference from a small rough unsettled country to one which by forty years of steady government had acquired a unity, a solidity, a definite and noble position among the nations of the world, of which all true Englishmen were proud, have no where been brought so clearly before us as in the pages of our Diarist. Such anticipations were like the fire of brushwood. It is painful to think of the disappointment to which they were doomed.

Besides these great historical events, the Diary abounds in notices of the most interesting contemporaries of Elizabeth and James. It is of course that many of the young student's notes relate to lawyers. But the prominent lawyers of that day, both those who had earned the honours of their profession and those who still remained *in statu pupillari*, were men about whom we can never learn too much. In these notes we have glimpses of Sir Thomas More, of Bacon, Coke, Lord Keeper Egerton, of Judges Anderson, Manwood, and Catline, of the merry old Recorder Fleetwood, of his graver successor Croke, and of the beggar's friend, Sir Julius Caesar. Among the younger men occur Sir Benjamin Rudyerd, the future Lord Chief Justice Bramston, and the man who in the coming stormy times was for a period more prominent than them all, the statesman Pym. The Editor has taken the opportunity, in a note at p. 104, for the settlement of the question whether Pym had what may be termed a regular legal education, which his biographers have left in doubt. The Middle Temple has clearly the high honour of reckoning him upon their roll.

Mr. Johannes Pym, filius et heres Alexandri Pym nuper de Brymour in comi-





tatu Somerset. ar. defuncti," was admitted "generaliter" into the Society of the Middle Temple on the 23rd of April, 1602. His relation Mr. Francis Rowse and Mr. William Whitaker were his sureties, "et dat pro fine ad requisicionem Mr<sup>i</sup> Gybbes, unius Magistrorum de Banco hujus hospicii, nisi, xx<sup>t</sup>."

Of non-legal persons who are brought before us with more or less prominence, we need scarcely allude to the entries relating to Shakespeare and the performance of his "Twelfth Night," which were first noticed by Mr. Collier, and have been used by every subsequent writer on our great dramatic poet. The unfortunate Overbury appears several times, such as might be expected, inconsiderate and impetuous. Ben Jonson flits across the page. Of Marston there is a disagreeable anecdote which has not been left unnoticed by poetical antiquaries. Sir Thomas Bodley and Lord-Deputy Mountjoy are alluded to. There is a characteristic interview with old Stowe the antiquary, a valuable glimpse of the Cromwell family during the boyhood of the Protector, and references, some of them of importance, to Sir Walter Raleigh, to his foolish friend Lord Cobham, to the wizard Earl of Northumberland, and of course many allusions to the Cecils, both to Sir William, and to that younger son to whom, according to the joke which is here preserved, his father's wisdom descended as if it had been held by the tenure of Borough-English.

The anecdotes jotted down by the young Templar, even when most trifling, claim an attention which will not be withheld from the names to which they are attached. Notices of personal peculiarities are so singularly evanescent, they live so entirely in the observation and memory of contemporaries, that it is a biographical gain to have them recorded in any shape. Slight hints, such as the waddling gait of Sir John Davies, the stately silence of Lord Mountjoy at the dinner table, the description of the popular preacher Clapham—"a black fellow with a sour look but a good spirit, bold and sometimes bluntly witty,"—the fussy particularity of Fleetwood the recorder, the vanity of old Stowe,—these, and memoranda such as these, impart a life and reality to our conceptions of the men to whom they relate, which cannot be derived from volumes of mere dates and facts.

Unlike the Roxburghe Club, and some other book-printing associations, the Camden Society has hitherto been provided entirely from its common funds. The present President, Mr. Tite, sets the more generous example of presenting this work at his own expense to the members. His wishes have been carried out by Mr. Bruce, who has ever been the Society's best friend, with his wonted good judgment. By him was *Manningham's Diary* selected for this literary benefaction; by him it has been carefully pruned of its redundancies, illustrated with brief but effective notes, and introduced by the able preface from which we have principally condensed the preceding remarks.



## SIR EDMUND ANDROS.

A MEMOIR OF SIR EDMUND ANDROS, Knt. Governor of New England, New York, and Virginia, &c. &c. By WILLIAM HENRY WHITMORE, A.M. Reprinted from the *Andros Tracts* published by the Prince Society of Boston, N. E. Boston, printed by T. R. Marvin and Son. 1868. 4to. pp. 50.

Colonial governors are doomed, in all ages, to run the gauntlet of much ill-will and misrepresentation, and, if unusually energetic in character and independent in action, they encounter a larger share than ordinary of obloquy and detraction from defeated and mortified opponents. Sir Edmund Andros was no exception to this fate: and his reputation has undeservedly suffered. Palfrey, in his *History of Massachusetts*, has characterised Andros as a person of resolution and capacity, but of arbitrary principles, and prepared to be as oppressive and offensive as his master (James the Second) could desire. In the memoir before us his public career and his private history are for the first time set in their true light. It has been prefixed to the first volume of *The Andros Tracts*, a book consisting chiefly of reprints of pamphlets issued in the period between the overthrow of the government of Andros in Massachusetts in 1689 and the concession of the second charter of that colony, and including some official papers from original manuscripts. This is one of the publications of *The Prince Society*, an association which is fulfilling an important part in developing the historical stores of America.

The family descent of Andros is shown in a pedigree now first printed, which is recorded in the College of Arms, 2 D. xiv. fol. 175b, and was attested on the 18th of September, 1686, by Sir Edmund himself, as "A True Account of the Marriages and Issues of my Family." This is a document remarkably full of biographical detail, and it ascends for four generations before Sir Edmund. It shows that Mr. John Andrews, the grandfather of Sir Edmund's grandfather, was a gentleman born in Northamptonshire, who, when Sir Peter Meautas was appointed Governor of Guernsey, accompanied him as his lieutenant, and was afterwards a captain of foot in Calais, where he died and was buried in the year 1554. This gentleman found a wife in Guernsey, of the noble family of Sausmarez, the only sister and heir of George seigneur de Sausmarez.\* She was married in 1543: she died and was buried at Sausmarez in 1557.

\* "John Andrews, Esq. son and heir of the said John and Judith, had the said Seignorie adjudged to him by the Royal Commissioners of the said Isle, A° 1607, against the heirs male of the said family of Sausmarez, who then sued for the same." (Grant of Arms to Sir Edmund Andros, 1686.) The manor and fief of Sausmarez was restored to the possession of the Sausmarez family by sale in 1748: and they still hold it.





The family, which had now become Andros instead of Andrews, continued in Guernsey, and the next three generations were all born at Sausmarez; the two succeeding mothers being of the well-known families of Blondel and Carteret.

The father of Sir Edmund Andros bore the christian name of Amice (or Amias), derived from his maternal grandfather Monsieur Amice de Carteret, seigneur de la Trinité, Lieutenant-Governor and Bailly of Guernsey. Amice Andros was born 5 Sept. 1610; made Marshall of the Ceremonies\* to King Charles I. in 1632, and Bailly of the Isle of Guernsey by King Charles II. upon his coronation in Scotland; in 1661 Bailiff of the Royal Court of Guernsey, and Major of the forces in the said isle.

In the general pardon granted to the inhabitants of Guernsey 13th August, 1660, it is declared that Amice Andros, Edmund his son, and Charles his brother (who was Seigneur d'Anneville in right of his wife), Sir Henry Davie, Bart. and Nathaniel Darell, during the preceding troubles, "continued inviolably faithful to his Majesty, and consequently have no need to be comprised in this general pardon."

The wife of Amice Andros, Elizabeth Stone, was sister of Sir Robert Stone, cupbearer to the Queen of Bohemia, and captain of a troop of horse in Holland.

Sir Edmund was the second, but eldest surviving, son of these parents. He was born in London on the 6th December, 1637. For three years before the Restoration of 1660 he served in the troop of horse commanded by his uncle Sir Robert Stone in Holland, and had a commission as Ensign to go to the island of Funeme in Denmark.†

In 1660 he was appointed a gentleman in ordinary to Elizabeth Queen of Bohemia; and during the short residence of that unfortunate princess in England, from May 1661 until her death in February 1662, he was probably in personal attendance upon her. After her decease he was made Ensign of the company of Sir John Talbot, Captain of the King's guards. In 1666 he was promoted as Major to the regiment of foot sent into "America;" eventually, it appears, employed against the Dutch in Barbados. In February 1671 his first marriage took place "in England." His bride was a Craven, a cousin of the first gallant Earl, who had been the chief adviser (and it was said the husband) of the widowed Queen of Bohemia. It is highly probable that Mary Craven had herself been an attendant upon that "Queen of Hearts." She is described by her husband (in the pedi-

\* We doubt the accuracy of this title of office. It is "Lieutenant des Ceremonies" in his epitaph. (Berry's Guernsey, p. 138.)

† Pedigree written by his uncle Charles Andros in 1687: quoted in p. 48. Palfrey, in his History of Massachusetts, iii. 127, places his service at the same period "in the army of Prince Henry of Nassau."





gree before specified) as the "eldest daughter of Thomas Craven, and sister of Sir William Craven of Apletrewick in com. Ebor. and of Combe Abbey in co. Warr. knight, heir in reversion to the Barony of of Hamsted Marshall."

The gallant old Earl had no children; but there were numerous cadets of his family, to whom in succession he was permitted to designate his Barony, for it was his fate to survive many of them.\* It was a nephew of Mrs. Andros, (she died before her husband's knighthood,) viz. William, son of Sir William the "heir in reversion" above named, who eventually became the second Lord Craven in 1697.

On the 30th March 1672 (almost immediately after his marriage) Andros was made Major of a regiment of dragoons, raised for Prince Rupert, and then first armed with the "bayonet or great knife." Andros brought to this regiment the four companies which had been under his command in Barbados.

In the following month the proprietors of the Province of Carolina, of which the Earl of Craven was one, conferred upon him the title of Landgrave, with four baronies, containing 48,000 acres of land, at the quit-rent of a penny an acre.

On the 14th January 1673(-4) he received by patent in reversion "the charge of the Bailly of the Island of Guernsey;" then held by

\* Sir William Craven was in 1626 created a Baron, by the title of Lord Craven of Hampsted-Marshal, with remainder (failing issue male of his body) to his brothers John (afterwards Lord Craven of Ryton) and Thomas, and their heirs male successively. In March 1665 he was advanced to the dignities of Viscount Craven, of Uffington, co. Berks, and Earl of Craven, of Craven, co. York, without any special remainder; but, because his brothers were then dead without issue, the remainder of the Barony (*not* the Earldom) was at the same time enlarged to Sir William Craven, of Lenchwick, co. Worc. and Sir Anthony his younger brother, and their heirs male respectively. These were preferred to nearer kin, the progeny of the Earl's uncle Anthony (whose grandson was afterwards Sir Anthony Craven of Spersholt, Berks, created a Baronet 1661, died 1713, s.p.) evidently because they formed the eldest line of the Cravens. But by a singular fatality that Sir William (of Lenchwick) and his only son and heir apparent both died in the same year (1665), Sir Anthony remaining without issue. Thereupon, a further remainder of the same dignity of Lord Craven of Hampsted-Marshal was granted to Sir William Craven, Knt. their nephew, son of Thomas an intermediate brother (who, although he survived until 1685, was still passed over, for some reason not recorded, and who is erroneously called *Sir* Thomas by Collins, and in Mr. Whitmore's pedigree, p. 12). Even the last-named Sir William died (in 1695) before the old Earl; but when the demise of that veteran at length arrived in 1697, at the age of eighty-nine, William his son (as mentioned in the text) at length became the second possessor of the Barony of Craven of Hampsted Marshal, created half a century before. Collins in his *Peerage* makes some confusion between the two Sir Anthony Cravens named in this note: the probable solution of which is suggested by J. G. N. *Notes and Queries*, IV. i. 128.



his father; after whose death, in the following April, he was on the 30th June sworn into office in that capacity.

A more active sphere even then awaited him. On the peace concluded with the States General of the United Provinces in the same year, the colony of New York was restored to its English owners, and Andros's commission, which was dated July 1, 1674, appointed him "Lieutenant and Governor"

over that part of Maine which was styled Pemaquid, Long Island, Nantucket, and Martha's Vineyard, and the territory from the west side of Connecticut river to the east side of Delaware Bay. This latter territory comprised not only the state of New York, but Delaware, New Jersey, and a large portion of Connecticut: the claim of the Duke of York to which domains was by no means undisputed.

The Duke of York's sovereignty had originated in letters patent granted by his brother the King, dated March 12, 1664-5, soon after the colony, previously named New Netherland, had been surrendered by the Dutch to an English force under Colonel Richard Nicolls, on the 27th August, 1664.\*

Andros arrived at New York on the 1st November, 1674. He wrote an account of the first three years of his administration, which is printed in the *New York Colonial Documents*, iii. 254-7, and from which Mr. Whitmore abstracts the leading particulars. Though encountered by various troubles, as well in disputes about boundaries as in the barbarous incursions of hostile Indians, he kept the country at peace, and made its revenue equal to its current expenses. (p. 19.)

In the autumn of 1677 he received permission to visit England, and he sailed from New York on the 17th of November. Important evidence which he gave before the Committee for Trade and Plantations in April 1678 is printed in the *New York Colonial Documents*; and, having departed in *The Blossom* at the close of the next month, he regained the seat of his government on the 7th September.†

In the course of the two next years Andros was much disturbed by controversies with some of the leading merchants, and complaints were freely made to the Duke of York that his Governor was dishonest. The Duke was sufficiently influenced by these representations to write in May 1680, desiring Andros to return to England "by the first convenience;" in compliance with which summons the Governor sailed from New York on the 7th January following. A special commissioner (Mr. John Lewen) was sent from England to New York to

\* It was recaptured by the Dutch Aug. 7, 1673; but restored by the treaty of peace in July 1674.

† The Journal of the Rev. Charles Woolley, who accompanied Sir Edmund as Chaplain on this occasion, was published in 1701, and has been reprinted, with notes by Dr. E. B. O'Callaghan (New York), 1860.





investigate the accounts of the government, and his report was decidedly unfavourable to Sir Edmund; but the imputations it contained were wholly denied by him, and he declared himself ready to subject any remaining objections to the greatest scrutiny the Duke should think fit, "not doubting his Royal Highness's justice and my own vindication."

It does not appear that Sir Edmund Andros suffered more from this storm than a temporary cessation of employment; and this was compensated in some measure by the favours soon conferred upon him by the Crown. It was in the year 1681 that he received the honour of knighthood.\* In 1683 he was sworn a gentleman of the privy chamber to the King, and obtained a grant of the Island of Alderney for ninety-nine years at the rent of thirteen shillings. On the 6th June, 1685, on the occasion of Monmouth's rebellion, he had a commission from King James to command a troop of cavalry sent against the rebels; and in August he was made Lieutenant-Colonel of the Princess of Denmark's regiment of horse, commanded by the Earl of Scarsdale.

The accession to the throne of his royal patron James had now opened to Andros a new prospect of advancement. On the 3rd of June 1686 he was commissioned as Governor-in-chief in and over the dominion of New England. He was admittedly, in the words of Palfrey, "a person of habits and tastes repugnant to those of the Puritans he had to deal with;" and it is plain that he incurred a considerable amount of unpopularity. His present biographer is inclined to maintain that he was merely a faithful administrator, who carried out the policy confided to his conduct in the only way it could be done effectually. Mr. Whitmore reduces the personal charges against Andros to, first, a zeal for episcopacy, which led him to insist upon having a place for church services in one of the Boston meeting-houses; and, secondly, an insolent and arbitrary carriage towards his disaffected subjects. "We fail to see any evidence that Andros was cruel, rapacious, or dishonest; we know of no charge affecting his morality; and we find a hasty temper the most palpable fault to be imputed to him."

At an early period of his rule Andros extended his authority over New Hampshire, Plymouth, and Rhode Island; and in Oct. 1687 he took the government of Connecticut also into his hands. In the summer of 1688 he received a new commission creating him Governor of all the English possessions on the mainland, except Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia. On the 4th of April 1689 the news of the landing of the Prince of Orange in England arrived at Boston, and on the 18th of that month the people made a successful

\* We take this date from his own statement in the pedigree. In p. 19 Mr. Whitmore has inadvertently placed Sir Edmund's knighthood during his previous visit to England in 1678.



rising against Andros and his government, and he became a prisoner in the castle in the harbour. He is said to have failed in an attempt to escape disguised in female apparel. On the 2nd of August he actually escaped and reached Rhode Island, but was recaptured. He was then detained until Feb. 1690, when he was sent to England for trial, together with several other officers and adherents of the late government. The prosecution came to nothing.

Hutchinson, indeed, (*Hist. of Massachusetts*, i. 394) attempts to lay the blame of this release of Andros and his more guilty associates upon Sir John Somers, the counsel employed by the agents. It may be nearer the truth to say that Andros had committed no crime for which he could be punished, and that he had in no way exceeded or abused the powers conferred upon him.

It must be remembered that the overthrow of Andros was not the unanimous work of the colony, but that a wealthy minority, embracing all the Episcopalians and officers of the Crown, was greatly opposed to it.

At all events, Andros was again the object of royal favour, and that under the new Protestant regime. In 1692 he was appointed Governor of Virginia, to which command was joined that of Maryland. He brought over to Virginia the charter of William and Mary College, of which he laid the foundation. He encouraged manufactures and the cultivation of cotton; and he succeeded in gaining the esteem of the people. But, strangely enough, the same Governor who in Massachusetts had been chiefly hated for his maintenance of Episcopacy was in Virginia overthrown by quarreling with Church authorities, particularly with Dr. James Blair, President of the College and Commissary of the Bishop of London. This occurred in 1698.

Having lost his first wife at Boston in 1677-8, Sir Edmund took a second with him to Virginia. When in England in 1691 he married Elizabeth widow of Christopher Clapham (son of Sir Christopher Clapham of Beamsley, co. York), the third daughter and coheir of Thomas Crispe of Quekes in the Isle of Thanet. Her former husband had died in 1677; and his sister, Mary Clapham, was the wife of Sir William Craven, Andros's brother-in-law. This Lady Andros was buried at St. Giles's in the Fields August 18, 1703.

In 1704 Sir Edmund Andros was appointed Governor of Guernsey, a trust which he held for two years, retaining also his permanent office as Bailli.

The only later event of his life is a third marriage, which took place on the 21st April 1707, in the abbey church of Westminster. The lady was "Elizabeth Fitzherbert, singlewoman," but of her family nothing is known. She survived him, and was buried at St. Anne's, Soho, Feb. 12, 1716-17. Sir Edmund had no issue by any of his wives: but representatives of his family, descended from his nephew, still reside in Guernsey.





Sir Edmund Andros made his last will (which is appended to Mr. Whitmore's memoir) on the 19th July 1712, being then resident "in the parish of St. Anne, in the Liberty of Westminster," and it was proved by his nephew, John Andros, esq. on the 8th March 1713. He was buried at St. Anne's Soho on the 27th Feb. 1713.

In estimating the character of Sir Edmund Andros, Mr. Whitmore, as we have already seen, is disposed to judge far more favourably than previous historians and biographers :—

That his government was distasteful to the citizens of Massachusetts is undeniable, but no man sent to perform the same duty would have been acceptable. In reality the grievance of the colonists lay in the destruction of their Charter and they were at enmity with every form of government that might be imposed in its place . . . . . As to the government of Andros, we fail to see in it any special hardships or persecution . . . . . We see no reason to doubt that Sir Edmund Andros was an upright and honourable man, faithful to his employers, conscientious in his religious belief, an able soldier, possessed of great administrative abilities, a man worthy to be ranked among the leaders of his time. He may have been hasty of speech, yet his words were followed by no acts of revenge; he may have been proud of his ancestry and his position at court, yet we find no evidence that his pride exceeded the bounds of decorum. He was singularly fortunate in acquiring the affection of the Indians at a time when their good-will was of immense importance; and his overthrow was the precursor of one of the most disastrous Indian wars that New England ever experienced.

Sir Edmund's portrait is prefixed to Mr. Whitmore's memoir, and exhibits features at once handsome and resolute, beneath a long flowing peruke, with a large cravat of point lace, and plate armour. It is now engraved, for the first time, from a picture (the painter unmentioned) in the possession of Amias Charles Andros, esq. of London.

The seal of arms, which Sir Edmund used when Governor of New England, displays the coat of Sausmarez (in the first quarter) quartered with Andros : viz. Argent, on a chevron gules between three leopard's heads sable as many castles triple-towered or; and Gules, a saltire or surmounted by another vert, on a chief argent three mullets sable.\* He had supporters (as Baron de Sausmarez) a unicorn and a greyhound, both collared.† Crest, a falcon, wings expanded, proper.



\* The family of Andrewes of Winwick in Northamptonshire, and that of Denton in the same county, Baronets 1641-1804, bore this coat without the chief: and it was from Northamptonshire, as we have seen, that the Guernsey family was derived.

† According to the pedigree in the College of Arms the unicorn is properly uncollared: and his tail should be cowarded. Lord de Saumarez now bears the same supporters, differenced.





# MEMOIRS

OF

## EMINENT PERSONS RECENTLY DECEASED.

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### M. BERRYER.

M. Pierre Antoine Berryer, the glory of the Paris bar, died at Angerville at 4 o'clock on the morning of the 29th of November. He was the oldest and the ablest advocate still in practice, and his powers as an orator were enhanced by the virtues of his character and the splendid consistency of his career.

He was born at Paris on the 4th of January 1790, being the son of Pierre Nicolas Berryer, a well-known advocate, who was descended from a family of Lorraine, said to have originally emigrated from Germany, the name being abbreviated from "Mittelberger." Young Berryer's education was confided to the Oratorians of Juilly, where he developed no little piety of feeling, and desired to enter the Church, but yielded to the wish of his family that he should read for the bar. At first averse from hard study, his success in acquiring a knowledge of the subjects to which he applied himself caused him to devote his attention to them with untiring assiduity, and he soon made himself a master not only of jurisprudence, but of the exact sciences. His devotion to these pursuits was interrupted by a romantic attachment; and at twenty-one he became the husband of Madlle. Gautier, whose age at that time did not exceed sixteen years. Necessity now gave a strong stimulus to exertion, and the young advocate soon proved to the world of what brilliant material his mind was formed.

Applying himself to his profession with ardour, he not only exerted his powers before the tribunals, but sought to win popularity by public speaking. Throughout his life he was an active and zealous supporter of the Bourbons, and in 1814 he rendered himself famous by announcing the fall of Napoleon, in the presence of the magistrates and law students at Rennes. The prefect ordered his arrest, but he contrived to escape to Nantes. During the Hundred Days he bore arms as a volunteer in defence of the ancient dynasty.

It was in 1815, when associated with his father and M. Dupin in the defence of Marshal Ney, that he gained his first great triumph as an advocate and an orator. Ney's trial was followed by those of Generals Debelle and Cambonne, and young Berryer alone was retained for their defence. His eloquence was powerless to save the former, but was successful in obtaining an acquittal for Cambonne. This victory was



the precursor of other similar triumphs, and his attainment of the first rank among legal orators was acknowledged to be only a matter of time.

In 1830 he was elected to the Chamber of Deputies by the department of the Haute Loire, and on the 9th of March in that year he made his first appearance in the tribune, securing to himself as prominent a position in the house as he already held at the bar. After the Revolution of July he frequently spoke in favour of popular government, though he was rightly regarded as the chief of the Legitimist party in Paris. This position exposed him to some danger, for the advisers of the Duchess de Berri determined on an insurrection in 1832, which course Berryer strongly opposed. Armed with a letter from Chateaubriand, he went to La Vendée to urge his views on the Duchess, and to guard against the suspicion of being concerned in their measures he left Paris for Switzerland. He was however arrested at Angoulême and conveyed to Nantes to stand a trial, which took place at Blois on the 16th October 1832, and led to disclosures concerning the practice of the Government's agents singularly damaging to its popularity. Berryer admitted having gone to La Vendée to see the Duchess, but refused to divulge any particulars of his conversation with her Royal Highness, save that he had frankly and honestly given her his opinion unfavourable to her projected course of action. Some of the witnesses for the prosecution proved themselves guilty of perjury and forgery, the result being that the Crown counsel threw up the case in an agony of shame, leaving M. Berryer to rejoice in a triumphant acquittal.

Having resumed his seat in the Chamber, he boldly took advantage of his position to demand the pardon of the Duchess de Berri. Shortly after her arrest, Chateaubriand had published a pamphlet on the illegality of her detention. In apostrophising her he had used the expression, "*Votre fils est notre Roi.*" Large bodies of the youth of the university and schools had presented the Viscount with complimentary addresses, and he was consequently prosecuted by the Government, the editors of six newspapers, which had printed his reply to the students, being tried along with him. Berryer was counsel for the defence, and all were unanimously acquitted.

D'Argenson, De Puyraveau, and Garnier Pagès reaped the advantages of Berryer's advocacy on their trials in 1834-5. In 1836 the French Legitimists subscribed a large sum, with which they purchased the estate of Angerville, as a tribute to the brilliant orator who had so boldly and so successfully raised his voice in their defence.

In 1836 he paid a visit to Goritz to the ex-King Charles X., shortly before his decease, showing his fellow Legitimists that he was still attached to their cause.





In August, 1840, Louis Napoleon made his entry into Boulogne, which was at the time characterised as the act of a madman; but the French Government carefully abstained from publishing the fact that the garrison of Boulogne had been changed just three hours before the arrival of the prince, who missed the tide, and consequently landed six hours later than he had planned for. He and his companions were taken and tried before the Court of Peers. Berryer and Marie were advocates for the prisoners. Berryer made a powerful speech, contending that as 4,000,000 of votes had placed the Napoleon dynasty on the throne, Prince Louis was in fact the heir to that throne, and could not, and should not, be executed for seeking to obtain it, but should be exiled like other claimants to the throne. Berryer undertook the defence of the Prince with reluctance, and in fact had at one time resolved to decline the request of the Prince and of his London friends. It was on the representation of an English resident in Paris \*—a friend who scarcely missed a day without seeing the famed orator—that the occasion would furnish the opportunity of making a covert attack on the reigning Sovereign, that the great advocate at length consented to undertake the defence. “All that I can do,” said M. Berryer, “is to save his life; perpetual imprisonment must at all events be his fate.” Berryer had a strong personal feeling against Louis Philippe for the conduct of that monarch towards the elder branch of the Bourbons; the Grenoble affair, of which the Duc Decazes and General Donnadien have given such different versions, always rankled in the breast of Berryer. In his consultations with the Prince the chief anxiety expressed by the prisoner was to be freed before the Peers from the interrogatories of Baron Pasquier, the chancellor, the president of the court. The Prince had endured specimens of the inquisitorial sport of French magistrates at Boulogne before M. Buisson, and he had undergone other “interrogatories,” which mean cross-examinations in private, before the chancellor. To avoid a scene in the Court of Peers it was therefore determined that the Prince should deliver a short address, and then decline to answer questions. It is a passage in this speech which has given rise to endless commentaries on the Corsican character of the Prince as entertaining *la vendetta* against the English for the battle of Waterloo. When it is stated that Prince Louis Napoleon never wrote the passage referred to, but that it owes its origin to a mere jocular observation of an Englishman,† what a mass of indignant commentary will fall to the ground. The facts are simply these:—The Prince wrote down a sketch of what he wished to say to the Court of Peers, giving it to his counsel to alter and amend as he thought expedient. M. Berryer, who was in

\* No doubt Mr. C. L. Gruneisen, at that time the Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post*, to which journal he has recently communicated the facts narrated above.

† Mr. Gruneisen again.



daily communication with the English friend referred to, being struck with the rather inflated style of the proposed address, quite natural under the perilous position of the prisoner, read over the draft to the Englishman with the observation, "You English, who have so much common sense, can suggest what is ultra and exaggerated." Suggestions were mutually made on the reading until M. Berryer came to a passage, "I represent before you a principle and a cause—the first the Sovereignty of the People, and the second that of the Empire." On hearing this sentence the Englishman smiled. "What are you laughing at?" said M. Berryer. "Well," was the reply, "I think there is one other thing the Prince represents." "What is that?" rejoined the advocate. "A defeat," was the answer. "What do you mean?" "Waterloo," quietly remarked the Englishman. "C'est le mot, c'est le mot!" called out M. Berryer, and, pen in hand, he altered the passage as it was delivered to the Court, and it stood thus: "I represent before you a principle, a cause, and a defeat. The principle is the Sovereignty of the People; the cause is that of the Empire; the defeat is that of Waterloo. The principle—you have recognised it; the cause—you have served it;—the defeat—you would revenge it."

In 1843 Berryer came to London with M. de Chateaubriand, to pay a visit to the Count de Chambord, who was then living in Belgrave-square; and his advice to the Prince that he should abstain from all intrigues and attempts to bring about a revolution in France, was scrupulously followed.

Berryer was almost a passive spectator of the events of 1848, but was chosen in that year, and again in 1849, representative in the Legislature of the Bouches du Rhône. In the Republican Parliament he spoke but little save upon financial and administrative questions, but he was opposed to the conduct of the President Louis Napoleon, and spoke against it in 1851. In the same year he protested against a proposal for repealing the law which exiled the Bourbons, on the ground that the Count de Chambord was not an exiled Frenchman, but a King of France unlawfully excluded from the throne, and that no monarch could accept permission to enter his own dominions. Berryer was among those who endeavoured to procure the impeachment of Louis Napoleon, but, after the *coup d'état* of the 2d December, 1851, which he had foreseen and worked against, Berryer took little part in political matters, except in endeavouring to effect a fusion between the two branches of the House of Bourbon. In 1852 he was elected bâtonnier of the French bar, and in 1854 became an Academician, on which occasion he did not pay the usual visit to the Emperor. In 1858 he was chosen by the Count de Montalembert to defend him on his trial for the famous article upon a debate on India in the British Parliament. Montalembert was sentenced to fine and imprisonment, but





the Emperor would not allow the latter part of the sentence to be carried out. In 1861 he was engaged in the celebrated cause of Miss Patterson concerning the succession of Jerome Napoleon. In 1863 Berryer permitted himself to be put in nomination for the department of the Bouches du Rhône, and was elected by his old constituency, M. Thiers and M. Marie being his colleagues.

In 1865 he paid a visit to England as the guest of Lord Brougham, and was entertained at a special banquet given in his honour at the Temple by the benchers on the 10th November, where the highest compliments were paid to the great French advocate, who had all through life maintained a thoroughly consistent course.

M. Berryer did not take a very active part in the debates of the Parliament of the Second Empire, but he raised his voice in the Chamber in December 1867 in approval of the French intervention in Rome; and on 14 Feb. 1868, he made a long speech in the Corps Legislatif to sustain an amendment, designed to secure the independence of the judges, which he had proposed to a new law on the press. His last political act was his publicly subscribing to the fund raised to defend the Paris journals which were prosecuted for having published lists of subscriptions for a monument to Baudin, one of the victims of the *coup d'état* of 1852.

The following is a copy of a letter written to the Count de Chambord by M. Berryer on his death-bed, after having received the last sacraments of the Church :—

“O Monseigneur,—O mon Roi, on me dit que je touche à ma dernière heure. Je meurs avec la douleur de n'avoir pas vu le triomphe de vos droits héréditaires, consacrant l'établissement et le développement des libertés dont notre patrie a besoin.

“Je porte ces vœux au Ciel pour votre Majesté, pour sa Majesté la Reine, pour notre chère France. Pour qu'ils soient moins indignes d'être exaucés par Dieu je quitte la vie, armé de tous les secours de notre sainte religion.

“Adieu, Sire ; que Dieu vous protège et sauve la France.

“Votre dévoué et fidèle sujet,

“BERRYER.

“18 Novembre, 1868.”

The remains of M. Berryer were deposited on the 7th of December in the family vault, which is situate directly at the foot of the altar of the Blessed Virgin in the little church of Angerville. Speeches were made by M. Grévy, M. Marie, the Duke de Noailles, M. de Falloux, and M. de la Ferté, the three latter being deputed by Count de Chambord. Mr. Huddleston, Q.C. who, with Mr. James Anderson, Q.C. and Mr. H. T. Cole, Q.C. represented the English bar on the sad occasion, delivered a few remarks in English, after which the funeral service was performed by the Bishop of Orleans and the Abbé Desbrosse.





A writer in the *Times* remarks that M. Berryer had "long been considered the foremost orator of France since the days of Mirabeau; and his speeches had in them at once all the charm of finished orations and the force of the suddenness, vivacity, and fire of extempore harangues. There are those who have compared him to Lord Derby, or rather to the Lord Stanley of a quarter of a century ago; of whose vehement and impassioned manner he reminded English hearers: especially when, confident of some advantage gained over his opponent in debate, he would heap refutations, sarcasms, and taunts on his discomfited adversary. When he stood at the Tribune, with his head raised and his arm uplifted, and poured forth his torrent of eloquence, nothing could be superior to him in style or in action. Possessing a most musical voice, and thoroughly gifted with every oratorical resource, he was listened to with profound silence, broken by applause only at the end of some fine period. Add to this the fact that he had an astonishing aptitude for business, and an intuitive quickness in mastering the details of the most complicated questions, and the reader may have an idea of the versatile and powerful orator whom France has just lost."

Some years ago M. Berryer talked of compiling his *Memoirs* for publication, but it was only within the last fifteen months that his friend Paul Andral (son of Dr. Andral) began the work under his directions. It is understood that one volume is finished, but whether it will be published or not must depend on the discretion of the executors. It has often been said that M. Berryer was not rich. He spent largely the income that he made. At Angerville he gave away as much as 2,000*l.* a year to the poor, and his farms did not bring him in a net rent of more than 60*l.* His library is said to be worth 20,000*l.*

He has left a son, Arthur Berryer, who, in 1852, was sent, under the title of Commissioner of the French Government, to negotiate the question of the Turin and French railways in Sardinia. Named Imperial Commissioner for the Society of the Dock Napoléon, he was implicated in an action which culminated in the dissolution of the Society. Though attempts were made to modify the position of M. Arthur Berryer, still he was obliged to admit the reception of moneys from the *cessionnaires* of the docks, to the prejudice of the society. The sister of M. Berryer married the Duc de Riario-Sforza, who died in 1862.

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## DEAN MILMAN.

Henry Hart Milman, the subject of this memoir, was born in Brook Street, in the parish of St. James's, Westminster, on the 10th day of February, 1791. He was the youngest son of Sir Francis Milman, baronet, an eminent physician, and of Frances Hart, daughter of William Hart, esq. of Stapleton, Gloucestershire. His earliest school education was obtained at an establishment very famous in those days, kept by Dr. Charles Burney, of Greenwich. Thence he was removed in due course to Eton, and was admitted as a scholar upon the foundation. While still a mere school-boy, by his ardent insatiable love of reading, and by habits of steady industry, he gave sure promise of those varied high attainments which were presently to bear such abundant fruit. His schoolfellows and contemporaries were quick to discern and appreciate his talents and rising reputation, and there is at least one of them yet living who has put on record how Milman's verses and Milman's exercises were continually being sent up to the headmaster, as the custom then was, "for good." But it was at Oxford that his name first became known beyond the circle of his own more immediate friends and family.

Missing his election to King's College, Cambridge, which then depended upon seniority alone, he had been entered at Brasenose College, Oxford. Not often has higher distinction been achieved in an university career, and seldom have so many prizes been accumulated in the same hands. He won the "Newdigate" in 1812, the Chancellor's prize for Latin verse in 1813, the English and Latin Essays in 1816. In the meantime he had also obtained a first class in classics 1813, and in 1815 had been elected a fellow of his college. In addition to all the prizes which he had thus carried off, he received from the Chancellor of the university, Lord Grenville, a present of books, ever afterwards preserved among the most valued treasures of his library, accompanied by a letter couched in the most flattering terms, and auguring a brilliant useful future for a course so well begun. During the years of his life as an undergraduate he had not, however, confined himself to studies more strictly academical. The tragedy of *Fazio* was written while he was at Oxford, and appeared soon after he had taken his first degree. In spite of some adverse criticism and obvious blemishes, which he himself in later days would not have been slow to acknowledge, still by inherent merit and touching interest it obtained, and has retained even to the present moment, possession of the stage. A tradition of the effect which was produced by Miss O'Neill's admirable representation of Bianca yet survives among elder playgoers, and the American Journal of Miss Kemble relates the sensation which was created by her own personation of the





part in different cities of the United States. The tragedy of Fazio was followed by an epic poem in twelve books, "*Samor Lord of the Bright City*." Though latterly little read, it is interesting now, as, in inception and design, perhaps the earliest work of its author, and as showing what, at least in one direction, was the bent of his youthful studies. It was commenced when he was an Eton boy, and was almost finished while he was an undergraduate at Oxford, though it was not published until the success of Fazio had encouraged him to hazard another appearance before the public. A most competent and severe but friendly critic, who pointed out in no measured terms with unflinching partiality the defects of this poem, and the exuberance of ornament with which it appeared to be overloaded—all faults, it should be observed, which might not unnaturally be looked for in so youthful a performance—concluded his review in these words, "There is scarcely a page of the book which does not testify that the author is a poet of no ordinary powers. Every one of them exhibits some beautiful expression, some pathetic turn, some original thought, or some striking image." To complete our survey of Milman as a poet, we will name, and at present little more than name, his other chief poetical works. These were the three religious dramas, "*The Fall of Jerusalem*," "*The Martyr of Antioch*," "*Belshazzar*," and the tragedy of "*Anne Boleyn*." Most justly popular and successful in their own day, these dramas are still read and admired by all with whom poetry is a study, and who, amid the press of more modern literature, yet love to return and linger amid those pleasant fields of verse in which their fathers before them have delighted. Doubtless to this generation the fame and name of Dean Milman as a poet has in some measure faded and passed into a dimmer distance. To the majority of us he is perhaps fully known only as the writer of those beautiful hymns which he contributed to Bishop Heber's collection, and which still are sung in all our churches, bringing rest and consolation to many a weary o'er-tasked soul. It ought, nevertheless, surely to be borne in mind by those who may not care to go back to the poetry of what may seem to them a former age, that in these religious dramas lie scattered and enshrined hymns and Christian lyrics, which, it is no exaggeration to say, are of the highest order of beauty and rarest merit. Our judgment we are convinced will be abundantly confirmed by those who remember, or have looked back to, that noble ode in the *Fall of Jerusalem* of which the following is the opening stanza. It appeals to the All-Merciful:

For thou wert born of woman: thou didst come,  
 Oh Holiest! to this world of sin and gloom,  
 Not in thy dread omnipotent array:  
 And not by thunders strewed  
 Was thy tempestuous road;



Nor indignation burnt before thee on thy way.  
 But thee, a soft and naked child,  
 Thy mother undefiled  
 In the rude manger laid to rest,  
 From off her virgin breast.

or to Margarita's ecstatic song when led to execution at Antioch :—

What means yon blaze on high?  
 The empyrean sky,  
 Like the rich veil of some proud fane, is rending;

or to that most pathetic hymn of the bereaved parents in Belshazzar:

Oh Thou that wilt not break the bruised reed,  
 Nor heap fresh ashes on the mourner's brow,  
 Nor rend anew the wounds that inly bleed,  
 The only balm of our afflictions thou,  
 Teach us to bear thy chastening wrath, oh God !  
 To kiss with quivering lips—still humbly kiss—thy rod.

or, once more, to the "Protestants' Hymn to the Virgin" in Anne Boleyn.

But to resume the thread of our narrative. In 1816 Mr. Milman entered into holy orders, being ordained deacon by Archbishop Howley, then Bishop of London, and priest in the same year by Dr. Legge, Bishop of Oxford. After serving for some months in the curacy of Ealing, he was nominated, in 1817, by the Lord Chancellor, to the vicarage of St. Mary's, Reading. His intimate connection with the university was still, however, for many years unbroken. He was appointed one of the select preachers in 1820, professor of poetry in 1821, Bampton lecturer in 1827. Those who are old enough to have heard his lectures from the chair of poetry have spoken of the sensation which was produced by the beautiful translations from Greek and Latin poets with which they were illustrated. In after years these translations were collected with others into a charming volume, and published by Dean Milman with a few graceful introductory words referring to the occasion for which they had originally been made. "I have consigned my lectures with unaverted eyes to the flames. The translations, however, I was not quite so easily content to part with. They were heard at the time with much favour by many whose judgment stood high in the university; and I have met with some in later days (one especially by whose brilliant and busy life such reminiscences I should have supposed would have been long and utterly effaced,) who retained a vivid impression of the delight with which they had heard them in their youth. To these—few, I fear—as to myself they may be welcome as pleasant voices from days long gone by." From the professor's chair at Oxford, too, was read a part at any rate of those translations from the Sanscrit which afterwards appeared under the title of "*Nala and Damayanti*, and other poems." We have spoken of Dean Milman as





scholar and poet. His lifelong friendship with John Gibson Lockhart, for many years the editor, and with the Murrays, father and son, the publishers, had made for him, as it were, a close alliance with the *Quarterly Review*, to the pages of which he was at one period a constant, always a valued contributor. In 1839 he wrote and arranged the "Life and Correspondence of Edward Gibbon," which formed a concluding or supplementary volume to his annotated and highly-esteemed edition of the "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire." His exquisitely-illustrated and scholar-like edition of Horace, with a life of the poet, is the last work to which we need refer before we proceed to give some brief account of those great histories by which he achieved his highest, probably his most enduring, fame, and which, as was well observed in one of the many funeral sermons to his memory, "marked as by stately monuments his onward progress." Of these the first was the "History of the Jews," forming originally one of an historical series in the *Family Library*. It is difficult for us who live in times so changed to understand or even to account for the tempest of disapprobation with which a work, which appears now so innocent, was greeted, or the obloquy with which its author was assailed. But in those days pious people were utterly unaccustomed to the historical method of dealing with the documentary records of our religious history, which is now accepted by all as the merest matter of course, the sole legitimate process. Jewish history was then a kind of forbidden ground on which it was profane to enter: too sacred to be submitted to the ordinary laws of investigation. That Abraham should have been referred to as an Arab Sheik seemed a heresy too great to be purged by any ordinary penance. Sunday after Sunday accordingly, from the university and other pulpits, Mr. Milman was denounced in most unmeasured language—in language to which we have since, unhappily, become only too well accustomed—as the most dangerous and pernicious of writers. The bishops, at first favourable and friendly, suddenly became cold, became hostile, averted their faces, lifted up their hands. The golden paths of preferment were held to be shut for ever. Surprised and grieved at this most unexpected outbreak, Mr. Milman went again most carefully over his history, weighing once more in equal balance the authorities on which he had rested his statements. He found nothing to alter, nothing to retract, and could only abide the storm, secure in the rectitude of his own intentions and in his conviction of the ultimate triumph of truth on whatever side it might lie, of truth, the attainment and enunciation of which was the one absorbing aim of his life, the aim to which he ever tended with entire singleness of purpose through good report and evil report. After a lapse of some five and twenty years he was urged to prepare a new edition of this work. In this edition the original history





was considerably enlarged and completed, but in substance we believe that nothing was changed. It is most instructive and curious to remark the progress which has been made during the interval between the two editions. No hostile criticism had to be encountered, no attempt was made to revive the worn-out indignation of former days. On the contrary, he who had once been so harshly, so bitterly, denounced from the pulpit of his own university was now requested, nay begged, to occupy that very pulpit, and to preach on a special subject, the "Fulfillment of Hebrew Prophecy." It is well to notice a fact so pregnant and suggestive. We are irresistibly reminded of the saying of Professor Agassiz, quoted by Sir Charles Lyell, which, though uttered in relation to the discovery of new facts in science, is not the less true as applied to any startling historical discovery, or to any method of dealing with the facts of history other than that to which ordinary readers are accustomed. First they say, "it is not true," then that "it is contrary to religion," and lastly "that every one knew it before." In 1835, during the short administration of Sir Robert Peel, Mr. Milman was appointed to the living of Saint Margaret's, Westminster, to which, by a new arrangement which then came into operation for the first time, was attached a Canonry in the Collegiate Church of Saint Peter. The following years were the most laborious of his life. To all his literary and other avocations was added the care of a vast unwieldy parish, which comprised within its limits some of the worst and most notoriously infamous streets and alleys which had clustered about the ancient sanctuary. Yet, however much he might be overtasked at this period of his life, he still found or bravely made time to pursue his historical labours and researches. In 1840 was published "The History of Christianity from the Birth of Christ to the Abolition of Paganism in the Roman Empire." In 1849 he was nominated by the Prime Minister, Lord John Russell, to the Deanery of Saint Paul's, which had become vacant by the death of Bishop Copleston. As he was eminently qualified to adorn this high office, so, with perhaps one exception, in no other more acceptable form could preferment have come to him, securing as it did a well-earned honourable repose, and enabling him thenceforward to devote himself more uninterruptedly to the completion of the great work upon which he was engaged, "The History of Latin Christianity." It would be as presumptuous to praise as it would be impossible, within these narrow limits, to give an account of that book. It was universally and immediately recognised as a work of the highest genius and learning, and, as has been more than once observed, went far to do away with the reproach which had too long rested upon English literature, of having produced no ecclesiastical history, save Gibbon's, worthy of the name.



Dean Milman was in no sense a party man. He would never consent to give hostages to party at the expense of forfeiting his absolute independence; but men of all parties came by degrees under his influence and seemed ever confidently to rely upon his justice, moderation, and candour. Nevertheless, though the whole bent of his mind was oppugnant to controversy, and though he might seem himself to have reached "a purer air," far above all the passing questions and angry disputes of the hour, yet he was ever ready to express, if need were, his opinion upon them. His speech before the Oaths' Commission, in which he urged the abolition of compulsory subscription to the thirty-nine articles, was acknowledged, even by those who most widely differed from him, to have been a consummate instance of moral courage, and of tact and ability in handling a most difficult subject. "Never," said the Dean of Ely, "had I a higher intellectual gratification than in hearing that noble old man expound his view before us." Nor was Dean Milman what is ordinarily called a "popular preacher," though surely never from the mouth of a christian preacher were the essential truths, the sublime precepts, of our faith conveyed in more beautifully harmonious and well-ordered language, or with a grace and strength more calculated to search out the hearts and win a way to the ears of the poorest and humblest as well as of the most cultivated in the congregation. In later years he never preached except in his own cathedral. Is not this saying too of Carlyle a true one: "The writer of a book is not he a preacher, preaching not to this parish or to that, on this day or that, but to all men in all places?"

After the production of a work so comprehensive, so laborious, as the History of Latin Christianity it might have been imagined that Dean Milman would at length have consented to repose. But mental inactivity was with him impossible. Approaching to the age of fourscore years he was as eager and insatiable in the acquisition of knowledge as if still an Eton boy. Up to the last moment of his healthful life he was engaged in revising for the press his Annals of St. Paul's Cathedral, which will probably appear before these lines are printed. Of this we cannot speak, though we are assured by those who have had the opportunity of judging, and can well believe, that it will prove to be a most attractive work, full of charm and interest, and will afford unmistakeable evidence of the brightness of those faculties, of the energy of that character which triumphed to the very end over all the frailness and weariness of age. No sign foretold the coming change. As the single infirmity with which he was afflicted, a partial deafness, had rendered him less capable of enjoying to its full extent the social intercourse in which he so much delighted, he had year after year as summer came round looked for-





ward with ever increasing anxiety to the months which he was wont to spend in some quiet country retreat. There in the society of his own family, with from time to time a few intimate friends gathered about him, he passed what we are assured were to himself days of pure and simple enjoyment. In the full exercise of all his brilliant mental powers, in the midst of the pleasant country sights and sounds to which he was so sensitively alive, the summons came. On the 29th day of August he was attacked by an illness which on the 24th of the following month had its fatal termination. Scholar, poet, critic, historian, but above and beyond all these a perfect Christian gentleman, the death of Dean Milman has left a void which cannot easily be filled. The concurrent testimony of all those who were honoured with his acquaintance, or, bound by closer ties, with nearer love, bears witness to the charm and beauty, the kindliness and simplicity of his character and disposition. He was absolutely guileless, a man of most transparent honesty, of undaunted moral courage. Seldom has one been borne to the grave amid a more universal tribute of respect and affection from all those of whatever party or creed whose good opinion might seem of most account. He was carried to his rest with simple pomp, and was laid with singular propriety in the crypt of the grand Cathedral over which as Dean he had so many years presided, with the interests of which he had so entirely identified himself, and the history of which had been his latest labour.

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### ROSSINI.

ON the 13th Nov. died, at his apartments in the Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin, Paris, Gioacchino Antonio Rossini, the celebrated musical composer.

Rossini was born 29 Feb. 1792, at Pesaro,\* formerly a part of the States of the Church, but now in the kingdom of Italy. His parents were in poor circumstances, his father being an indifferent performer on the French horn in a strolling company of musicians. Young Rossini became one of the party when only 10 or 12 years old, and picked up, in a desultory and crude manner, the elements of the art in which he was destined to become a master of world-wide and lasting celebrity. When about 15 years of age he entered the Lyceum of Bologna, where he studied counterpoint and composition under Stanislao Mattei—himself a favourite pupil of the famous Padre Martini. His first opera, *La Cambiale di Matrimonio*, produced at Venice in

\* So say all his biographers, and his will; but a letter received by the *Sivole* from the Syndic of Lugo, in the province of Ravenna, claims for that small town the honour of having given birth to the "maestro."



1810, is now forgotten; while scarcely more than a quartet and the overture are known of his second—*Demetrio e Polibio*—given at Rome a year later. Nor have more than a very few pieces from his next seven operas (including *L'Inganno Felice* and *Pietro del Paragona*) escaped oblivion. These, written with almost unexampled rapidity (all in 1812 or thereabouts), gained for their author no solid reputation—little, indeed, beyond that of almost unparalleled facility of production. The opera which first made him famous was *Tancredi*, brought out at Venice in 1813; and this was followed, some months later, by *L'Italiana in Algieri*, which met with a success in no degree inferior. By these two works the young composer showed himself equally a master of *opera seria* and *opera buffa*. His style, too, was now thoroughly matured, and what has ever since been recognised as the school of Rossini—a school which has found more disciples, good, bad, and indifferent, than probably any other in any art—may be said from that moment to have declared itself.

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The fame thus obtained by Rossini was hardly sustained by his next opera, *Aureliano in Palmira*, produced at Milan in 1814, which was almost exclusively a success for Velluti, the famous *evirato*; but it was, if possible, increased by *Il Turco in Italia*, composed for the Scala, in the autumn of the same year, and at once accepted as a worthy pendant to *L'Italiana in Algieri*. *Il Turco* was followed by an *opera seria* entitled *Sigismondo* (Venice, 1815), of which nothing except an air (afterwards introduced by Madame Pasta in another work) has survived; and *Sigismondo* by *Elisabetta Regina d'Inghilterra* (Naples, 1815), which even Spohr, who owned little affection for the Italian School, tells us, in his *Selbst-Biographie*, contains some of Rossini's best music. At any rate *Elisabetta* had an enormous success, and is especially remembered as the opera in which Rossini first set the example of writing his own ornaments and "floriture," which previously, in accordance with long custom, used to be either prepared or extemporized by the singers themselves. The overture, borrowed by the too frequently indolent genius from *Aureliano in Palmira*, is the same now invariably performed before *Il Barbiere de Siviglia*, the original overture to the last being now never played. Among the singers in *Elisabetta* were Manuel Garcia, the famous Spanish tenor, father of Malibran, and Isabella Colbrand, who afterwards became Rossini's wife. The San Carlo, where it was produced, was at that time considered the first lyric theatre of Italy. *Elisabetta* was followed by *Torvaldo e Dorliska* (Rome, 1815), an *opera seria*, which failed, and *Torvaldo e Dorliska* by *Il Barbiere de Siviglia* (Rome, 1816, at the Teatre di Torre Argentina), an *opera buffa*, which was hopelessly condemned on the first night, but now, more than half a century later, is perhaps the most popular of all operas except Mozart's *Don Giovanni*.





The history of *Il Barbiere*, and its first performance, when not a note of the second act could be heard, in consequence of the turbulent opposition made by the friends of Paesiello, its triumph at the second performance, and the attendant consequences, are too familiar to all who interest themselves in musical matters to need repeating. Nor can we do more than state that *Il Barbiere* was successively followed by *Otello* (1816, Teatro del Fondo, Naples), *Cenerentola* (1817, Rome), and *La Gazza Ladra* (1817, the Scala, Milan). Happily each of these works, which materially increased their author's fame, endures and is likely to endure. To these succeeded *Armida* (Naples), *Adelaida di Borgogna* (Rome), *Mose in Egitto* (Naples), *Adina*, on the same subject as Boieldieu's *Calif de Bagdad* (Lisbon), *Ricciardo e Zoraide* (Naples), *Eduardo e Cristina* (Venice), *La Donna del Lago* (Naples, 1819), *Bianca e Faliero* (Milan), *Maometto Secondo* (Naples), *Matilda di Shabran* (Rome), *Zelmira* (Naples), and *Semiramide*. Among the foregoing some two or three are wholly unknown in England. *Maometto* subsequently became *Le Siège de Corinthe*, and *Mosé* became *Moïse*—both re-written and greatly extended for the Grand Opera in Paris. *Ricciardo* afforded the first idea of that florid *bravura* style afterwards brought to perfection in *Semiramide*. *Semiramide* itself, popular to this day, and the last of Rossini's purely Italian operas (his last, indeed, composed for Italy), was first played at the Fenice, in Venice, February 23, 1823, with anything but the success that has universally attended it since.

After going to Vienna—much to the chagrin of Beethoven, who was nothing if not German—turning the heads of the fickle Viennese, Rossini visited London. Of his visit to our metropolis Ebers thus speaks, in his "Seven years of the King's Theatre," under date of January 24, the opening of the season of 1824 with *Zelmira*. "The opera was Rossini's, and that composer, along with his wife Madame Colbran Rossini, having been engaged for the season, the composer himself took his seat at the pianoforte during the three first nights of the performance. The reputation acquired by Rossini gave a powerful attraction to his name, and his appearance in the orchestra was loudly welcomed. His personal appearance hardly equalled the expectations formed on the current reports of his advantages in this respect. He had been a more handsome man than on his arrival here, though there was still enough to call for the epithet: he appeared stout and well built, with little expression in his features, and that little not indicative of the character of his musical genius, being rather of a serious than lively cast." Lord Mount-Edgcumbe, in his "Musical Reminiscences," under the same date, says, "She (Madame Colbran) appeared in her husband's opera of *Zelmira*, which was not liked . . . Rossini himself was so much engaged in





pleasures and convivial meetings, as well as singing with great profit in private, that he neglected his engagement with the theatre, and did not complete the opera he was to have composed. He paid forfeit for his failure; but, nevertheless, he and his wife realised a large sum before they left the country."

During his short stay in England Rossini was overwhelmed with wealth and homage, having received the most lavish sums for his vocal performances and tuition, and been courted as a guest in the highest circles.

From October 1824, the date of his departure from England, Rossini belongs personally and artistically to Paris. His first production in the French capital, *Il Viaggio a Reims* (at the Théâtre Italien, in 1825), was a mere trifle, brought out on the occasion of the coronation of Charles X. His next (in 1826), *Le Siège de Corinth*, at the Académie Royale, consisted chiefly of the music of his *Maometto*, with some additional pieces. In 1828 he produced, at the same establishment, his *Comte Ory*, in which was introduced most of the music of *Il Viaggio*, with some added movements—the whole forming a work of bright and genial beauty worthy of the composer of *Il Barbiere*. The crowning glory of Rossini's career, and one of the few masterpieces of grand opera, was yet to come—*Guillaume Tell*, produced at the Académie Royale on August 3, 1829. This magnificent work exhibits an almost complete transformation of style, with an elevation of sentiment, an heroic dignity, and a power of dramatic characterisation that could scarcely have been predicted from the other works of the master, even by his most enthusiastic admirers. All his former grace of vocal writing, his thorough and practical knowledge of the singer's art, is here subordinated to poetical expression and truth of situation. The romantic heroism of Arnold and Tell, the grace, refinement, and melancholy of the Princess, the tyranny of Gessler—all these individual characteristics are expressed in strains of the noblest order; while the patriotism of an oppressed and struggling people is reflected in concerted and choral music of a grandeur and masterly construction only equalled in a few other instances, and surpassed in none. To these high qualities are added one which Rossini seems scarcely to have before attempted—that distinct impress of national character and situation known as "local colour." The great duet "Ou vas tu," the grand trio "Quand l'Helvétie," the romance "Sombres forêts," and the sublime choral writing in the meeting of the Cantons, to mention no other of the many beauties of the opera, would alone suffice to stamp it as a production of the first order of musical genius and art. With this grand effort Rossini's active career may be said to have terminated, his opera *Robert Bruce*, brought out in 1846, having been a mere *pasticcio* made up of fragments of other works.



As a Church composer Rossini is known almost solely by his beautiful *Stabat Mater*, which in its way is a masterpiece. This, and some exquisite chamber-pieces for one and two voices (*Les Soirées Musicales*), three very weak string quartets, and an orchestral symphony, are his chief productions apart from the theatre. A *petite messe*, produced in 1864, and some fugitive pianoforte pieces, remain in MS.

A writer in *The Orchestra* remarks that the thirty-nine years which elapsed between the production of *William Tell* and Rossini's death were devoted by him to gastronomy, to the cultivation of *bons mots*, and the adulation of artistic society. After settling down in Paris he bent his mighty genius to the cracking of jokes and the inventing of dishes. In the midst of an adoring coterie he received the homage of a sovereign; he was dubbed "divine;" his little traits and mildest witticisms were chronicled in the newspapers with an assiduity and an hyperbole of which only French journalists are capable; he wrote exaggerated compliments in the albums of young lady artists; and thus he lived, in the midst of his medals and orders and flatterers and scores, until he caught that attack of bronchitis which put an end to his life, and plunged Paris into mourning. The Sunday art-papers in that capital came out with a black edge, and contained the most effusive expressions of regret. In the language of one of them, "Death has opened to Rossini the way to that Empyrean where the Greeks placed their demigods. Paris is hastening to render to the dead a funeral which can only be an apotheosis, and the preface of immortality."

Rossini's first wife (Colbrand) died at Bologna in 1845, and two years later he married Mdle. Olympe Descuilliers, his second. From 1836 to 1847 he lived in retirement at Bologna, occupying himself with agriculture and painting, and employing some of his leisure in teaching Alboni, then a promising young girl, to sing. Thence he moved to Florence; and in 1855, his health being much impaired, by the advice of his doctor, quitted Florence for Paris, which he never afterwards left, dwelling during the summer in a villa he had built for himself at Passy, and during the winter in apartments in a house at the corner of the Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin. At Paris, where after a time his health was completely restored, he was the object of attention and solicitude from high and low, enjoying, as one of his most enthusiastic admirers says, "une véritable royauté intellectuelle, consulté, écouté, admiré comme jadis Goethe et Humboldt, s'occupant de tout et de tous avec une activité, une sollicitude, une bonté dont il faut renoncer à l'idée." The description is but simple truth. Rossini was sought out and courted, not merely on account of his fame as a composer, but for his wit, his humour, his amiability, and general goodness. With him has departed one of the most remarkable geniuses and one of the kindest spirits of the nineteenth century.





M. Amedée Mereaux, a friend of the family, who writes the biographical memoir of Rossini in the *Moniteur*, says that, "like Haydn, Mozart, and Beethoven, Rossini was naturally and sincerely religious; and that the first words he uttered on seeing the Abbé Gallet of Saint Roch—whom he had sent for to confess him—enter his room, were, 'People have wished to make me out a Machiavelli and a sceptic; on the contrary I wish it to be known how happy I am to die a good Catholic.'"

Rossini's funeral was solemnised on the 21st November in the new church of the Trinity. A very large number of distinguished persons were present at the Requiem Mass; and among the vocalists who took part in the musical service were Alboni, Patti, Neilsson, Faure, Gordon, and Tamburini. The remains were interred in the cemetery of Père La Chaise after discourses had been pronounced at the grave by M. Mamiani in the name of a deputation from Pesaro, and by MM. Camille Doucet, Ambroise Thomas, St. George, and others.

The following is that portion of Rossini's will in which he disposes of the bulk of his property:—

"To my beloved wife, Olympe Descuilliers, who has been an affectionate and faithful companion to me, and for whom any other eulogy would be inferior to her merit, I leave in full property all the furniture, linen, upholstery, porcelain, vases, my autographs of music, carriages, horses, all the objects belonging to the stables, harness-room, and cellars; bronzes, pictures, and others; in fine, all that there is in my houses either in town or country, excepting the objects I shall mention hereafter. I further declare to be the exclusive and absolute property of my wife all the plate; and I desire that she shall be placed in possession of any object she may declare to be hers, although such may be in my chamber or amongst my effects. The boxes, rings, chains, pins, arms, canes, medals, watches, (excluding, however, a small one by Breguet, which is my wife's), a small battle-piece in silver by Benvenuto Cellini, with a gold and ivory frame; another bas-relief in silver; my violins, alto, flute, hautbois, ivory syringe, articles for the toilette, drawings, or albums, shall be sold at a valuation or by public auction, as my executors shall consider most advantageous. The proceeds shall form a portion of the estate. I give entire and full power to my wife to select from among my real and personal property and securities those which may most suit her convenience, in restitution of the marriage portion which she brought me at the period of our marriage. Of all my other property and effects I institute and name, as usufructuary inheritrix, my beloved wife, during her natural life. I appoint as my heir to the reversionary interest the community of Pesaro, my birthplace, to create and endow a Conservatoire of Music, but only after my wife's death."

Amongst a few special donations is a sum sufficient to create two annual prizes of 3,000*fr.* each, to be called the *Priz Rossini*, and awarded by the Academy of Beaux Arts to French competitors only. One of these prizes is devoted to the author of a "religious or lyrical composition, in which melody, so much neglected in our day, shall be the principal feature;" the other to the "author of the words to which the music is arranged," which are to be "perfectly appropriate," and in which the "laws of morality, not always sufficiently respected, are to be observed."



Rossini's chief productions are these :—

Il pianto d'Armonia (Cantata) ...	1808	Eduardo e Cristina (Opera) .....	1819
Symphony for the Orchestra .....	1809	La Donna del Lago (Opera) .....	1819
Quartet, two Violins, Tenor, and Violoncello .....	1809	Cantata (for the Royal fête at Naples) .....	1819
La Cambiale di Matrimonio (Opera) .....	1810	Bianca e Faliero (Opera) .....	1820
L'Equivoco stravagante (Opera) .....	1811	Maometto Secondo (Opera) .....	1820
Didone Abbandonata (Cantata) .....	1811	Cantata for the Emperor of Austria .....	1820
Demetrio e Polibio (Opera) .....	1811	Matilda di Shabran (Opera) .....	1821
L'Inganno Felice (Opera) .....	1812	La Riconoscenza (Cantata performed for Rossini's benefit at Naples) .....	1821
Ciro in Babilonia (Opera) .....	1812	Zelmira (Opera) .....	1822
La Scala di Seta (Opera) .....	1812	Il Vero Omaggio (Cantata) .....	1822
La Pietra del Paragone (Opera) .....	1812	Semiramide (Opera) .....	1823
L'Occasione fa il Ladro (Opera) .....	1812	Sigismundo (Opera) .....	1823
Il Figlio per Azzardo (Opera) ...	1813	Il Viaggio a Reims (Opera) .....	1825
Tancredi (Opera) .....	1813	Le Siège de Corinthe (Opera) ...	1826
L'Italiana in Algeri (Opera) .....	1813	Moise (Opera) .....	1827
L'Aureliano in Palmira (Opera) .....	1814	Le Comte Ory (Opera) .....	1828
Egle e Irene (unpublished Cantata) .....	1814	Guillaume Tell (Opera) .....	1829
Il Turko in Italia (Opera) .....	1814	A Mass .....	1832
Elisabetta (Opera) .....	1815	Les Soirées Musicales .....	1840
Torvaldo e Dorliška (Opera) .....	1816	Four Italian arietti .....	1841
Il Barbiere di Siviglia (Opera) ...	1816	Stabat Mater .....	1842
La Gazetta (Opera) .....	1816	Faith, Hope, and Charity (Three Chornses) .....	1843
Otello (Opera) .....	1816	Robert Bruce (Opera) .....	1846
Teti e Pelco (Cantata) .....	1816	Stanzas to Pius the Ninth .....	1847
Cenerentola (Opera) .....	1817	Mass composed for M. Pillet-Will .....	1864
La Gazza Ladra (Opera) .....	1817	Cantata, performed by 4000 singers and instrumentalists at the Distribution of Prizes at the Paris Exhibition.	
Armide (Opera) .....	1817		
Adelaide di Borgogna (Opera) ...	1818		
Mose in Egitto (Opera) .....	1818		
Ricciardo e Zoraide (Opera) .....	1818		
Ermione (Opera) .....	1819		

#### The Archbishop of Canterbury.

His Grace the Most Reverend Charles Thomas Longley, D.D. Archbishop of Canterbury, and Primate of England, died at Addington Palace, near Croydon, on the 27th of October last.

The deceased primate was the fifth son of seventeen children, and was born at Boley Hill, Rochester, 28 July, 1794. His father, Mr. John Longley, who was known in the last century as a political writer, held for many years the post of Recorder of Rochester, and sat on the bench as one of the magistrates at the Thames Police Court. After a few years spent in a private school at Cheam, young Longley was sent to Westminster, and put on the foundation as a King's Scholar. His name, carved by himself, may still be seen in the dormitory, and all through his life he cherished the warmest affection for Westminster School. In 1812 he was elected to a studentship at Christ

Church, Oxford, where he proceeded to his B.A. degree in 1815, gaining a first class in classics. He was afterwards tutor and censor of his college, and served the university office of proctor; he also acted as a public examiner in the classical schools in 1825 and 1826. All this while Mr. Longley was perhaps the most popular man in Oxford. His handsome face and winning manner made it "quite a pleasure," it was said, "to be proctorised by him."

Meanwhile the present Bishop of St. Asaph was appointed in 1823 to the incumbency of Cowley, a small benefice in the immediate neighbourhood of Oxford. Mr. Longley became his curate, and subsequently succeeded him in the living, still retaining his appointments in the university. In 1827, however, he quitted Oxford on being presented by Mr. Baring Wall to the rectory of West Tytherly in Hampshire, where he remained two years, beloved by all with





whom he came in contact. In 1829 he became head-master of Harrow School, which he governed for seven years, but, in consequence of his laxity as a disciplinarian, not with any very extraordinary success, although he turned out some excellent scholars, and raised the number of boys from 115 to 165.

In 1836 the new See of Ripon was founded in order to relieve the overgrown see of York from some portion of its increased responsibilities in the manufacturing districts. Archbishop Vernon-Harcourt agreed to the formation of the new see on condition that he should approve of the first bishop, as one with whom he could heartily co-operate. This condition was fulfilled when Lord Melbourne, the then premier, nominated Dr. Longley. No doubt his Whig connections and leanings had much to do with his preferment, especially as he had married in 1831 the eldest daughter of Lord Congleton, the celebrated financier and reformer. At first the erection of the new see was far from popular with churchmen, but the zeal and piety of Dr. Longley soon removed all impressions of this nature. A writer in the *Guardian* avers that his Ripon episcopate is one of the brightest chapters in the later history of the Church of England; and the success of his labours elicited the following tribute of respect from Sir Robert Peel in the House of Commons May 5, 1843, in his proposal for the endowment of clergy:—

“In the last report of the Diocesan Society, constituted for the purpose of building churches and of endowing ministers of churches built or enlarged with the aid of the society, and for promoting the increase of church accommodation, it appears that in the diocese of Ripon, in the course of last year, the society advanced the sum of 5,870*l.*, which was increased to 30,000*l.* by local subscriptions. By these means 10,304 additional sittings have been provided in churches and chapels, of which 5,791 are free. I cannot help here saying that I think the appointment of the Bishop has been accompanied with great advantage to that diocese. I think that his unremitting activity, zeal, and piety have produced the most beneficial effects on the diocese in which he lives, and I cannot help attributing the success of the measure in a great degree to the personal exertions of the Bishop.”

His firm determination to put down Roman Catholic teaching and practices

at St. Saviour's, Leeds, created much animadversion at the time; but when the whole of the clergy of that church immediately afterwards went over to Rome, it was felt that his judgment had not been at fault.

On the resignation of Dr. Maltby in 1856, Dr. Longley was, on Lord Palmerston's recommendation, translated to the wealthy see of Durham; and in 1860 he succeeded Dr. Musgrave in the archbishopric of York, but his government of the northern province was not of long duration, for in 1862 he was promoted to the archiepiscopal see of Canterbury, thus attaining the highest dignity to which an English churchman can aspire. The important events which occurred during his primacy are thus summed up by the *Guardian*:—

“The Natal question was the most perplexing of the many perplexing questions which have entered into the ecclesiastical politics of recent years. The Archbishop never hesitated to declare his conviction of the unsoundness of Dr. Colenso's teaching, nor did he shrink from affirming that so unsound a teacher was rightly deposed from the Episcopate. At the same time he was careful to abstain from committing himself to anything which might seem to bring the Church at home into conflict with the law. To zealots on either side, this caution wore the appearance of vacillation; the great body of Christian people in England have, as it appears to us, judged otherwise. They believe that his conclusion on the substance of the controversy was the only conclusion that was consistent with a loyal maintenance of the Christian faith; and that his scrupulous anxiety not to offer apparent opposition to legal traditions was justified by the state of public opinion, and by regard to the present interests of the Church. It was the Lambeth [or Pan-Anglican] Synod, however, by which, more than any other public act, his primacy was distinguished; and by this it will be remembered in the history of the Church. To any one who considers the exceedingly close restraint imposed upon our Archbishops by the regard for precedent and custom which is expected of them, the resolution to summon the Conference must afford the clearest proof of that combination of boldness with gentleness which belonged to the late Archbishop's character. It was a measure so entirely without example that he might well have been



excused if he had declined to bear the responsibility of what might easily prove a serious failure. But he believed that the necessities of the time required a more open demonstration of union between the scattered branches of the Anglican Church, and that the Bishops whom he summoned would, with few exceptions, rejoice at his invitation. The result justified his decision; the moral effect produced by the Synod upon the representatives of the Church in the United States who attended it would of itself have been justification enough. The policy which closed the gates of Westminster Abbey on the assembled prelates in the interests of comprehensive liberality was the antithesis of that which opened Lambeth Palace with a cordial welcome to their company. How wisely and graciously he presided over the assembly, all who were present bear witness.

"Whatever may be the direct results of the conference, we have no doubt that the influence of it upon the general progress of the churches of our communion, and upon that united action among them which, in the face of aggressive Rome, is so important, will be such as to reflect lustre in other generations on Archbishop Longley's name."

His grace was seized almost suddenly with bronchitis on the 13th of last September while returning to England from the Tyrol. He reached Addington on the 16th, and was able, though with difficulty, to hold his ordination in the parish church on the following Sunday. On the 15th of October the unfavourable symptoms increased, and from that time he was confined to his bed. His mental powers remained uninjured, and he was occupied unceasingly in reading devotional books, or in writing or giving instructions concerning his charge, which he almost completed, though he had quite given up the idea of delivering it orally. On the 27th he received the Holy Communion, making all the responses with a cheerful and happy face. His last intelligible words were those of the *Gloria in Excelsis*, but his looks and gestures proved how eagerly he joined in the prayers and ejaculations which were said with him during the day. About six o'clock he became unconscious. The members of his family, with his medical attendant, Dr. Carpenter, and Mr. Benham, the vicar of Addington, were with him to the last; and he died in the middle of the words of commendation so quietly

that the last moment was not perceptible.

The mortal remains of the late Primate were placed, on the 3rd of November, by the side of his daughter, Caroline Georgiana Levett, who was buried in the churchyard of Addington parish near Croydon, about a twelvemonth prior to her father's decease. The funeral, like the life and death of the venerable prelate, was quiet and unobtrusive to a remarkable degree.

His grace published nothing but some visitation charges and sermons preached on special occasions.

His will, dated the 3rd of April, 1868, with a codicil dated the 16th of October, was proved on the 1st of Dec. by the Hon. Henry William Parnell, the Rev. John Robert Hall (Rector of Hunton, Kent), and Henry Longley, esq. (the eldest son of deceased), the executors. The personal property was sworn under 40,000*l.* The dispositions of deceased's will and codicil, with the exception of nineteen guineas to each executor, and legacies to his servants, are entirely in favour of his sons and daughters. Among the specific bequests, the testator gives to his son Henry the following, which he wishes him to consider as heir-looms—viz., "The Holy Bible" and "The Early Years of the Prince Consort," given to him by the Queen, with her autograph; the statuette of Raphael, given to him by the Princess Alice, and "The Reading Boy," given to him by the Princess Helena, on their respective marriages; the service-books for the several offices of the Church which he has performed for different members of the Royal Family; the gold coronation medal and the two silver medals given to him by the Queen on the marriages of the Prince of Wales and the Princess Helena; his correspondence with the Queen and other Royal personages; and the three books given to him by the Queen of Prussia—viz. "La Vie Eternelle," "Le Père Céleste," and "Jésus Christ et son Temps."

#### Dr. Jeune, Bishop of Peterborough.

The Right Rev. Francis Jeune, D.D. D.C.L., Bishop of Peterborough, died at Whitby, Yorkshire, on the 21st of August last. He had been suffering for some time from heart disease, induced by gout, but the actual cause of his death was the rupture of a blood-vessel in the lungs.

The late bishop was the head of a





family of French extraction, which settled in Jersey in 1685, on the revocation of the Edict of Nantes, and of which a full account is given in Mr. J. Bertrand Payne's *Armorial of Jersey*. His father, Mr. Francis Jeune, was a gentleman\* of Jersey, in which island the future prelate was born in 1806. He received his early education in France, and was afterwards sent to Pembroke College, Oxford, where he graduated B.A. in 1827, being first-class in classics. In due course he became fellow and tutor of his college, and public examiner. After having spent a year or two in Canada as tutor to the sons of the Governor-General (the late Sir John Colborne, afterwards Lord Seaton), he was appointed in 1834 to the head-mastership of King Edward the Sixth's Grammar School at Birmingham, which he extensively reformed by the introduction of English and modern science. His great success here recommended him to the favourable notice of the Liberal Ministry, whose politics he had strongly espoused, and Lord John Russell, it is said, recommended him for the deanery of Jersey, to which he was promoted in 1838, and with which he held the rectory of St. Helier's. During his residence in Jersey he took an active part in the establishment of Victoria College, and in the improvement of the local clergy, and the condition of the parish churches.

He went back to Oxford in 1843 on being chosen Master of Pembroke College, with a canonry at Gloucester annexed, and almost immediately afterwards he was presented by the dean and chapter of Gloucester to the rectory of Taynton. It was not long before he began to make his presence felt among the heads of houses at Oxford, with whom he became extremely unpopular in consequence of his strenuous support of the cause of University reform. Indeed during the twenty years that he was master of Pembroke, there was not a forward step made at Oxford which he did not either propose or support steadily in its earliest, and there-

fore most unpopular, stages. Of the Commission of Inquiry, which he had strongly urged Government to appoint, he became an energetic member, and wrote the greater part of the elaborate report that resulted from its labours. To him also are to be ascribed, in great measure, the examination statutes establishing the schools of "Law and Modern History," and of "Natural Science;" and he greatly exerted himself in carrying out the idea, started in the first instance by Dr. Temple, of a Middle Class Examination. As a divine he took high evangelical ground, and was the determined opponent of Dr. Pusey, and the conductors of the "Tracts for the Times." He served the office of Vice-Chancellor in 1858 and the following years, during the residence of the Prince of Wales, and in all secular matters proved himself one of the most able men of business in the university.

In 1864 Lord Palmerston bestowed on him the deanery of Lincoln, but, after a few months' tenure of that office, he vacated it the same year, on being elevated to the bishopric of Peterborough.

The remains of the late prelate were interred in his cathedral burial-ground on the 28th of August.

His will was proved at Peterborough by his relict, Margaret Dyne Jeune, the sole executrix, the personalty being sworn under 35,000*l*. The will is to this effect:—"By this my last will I, Francis Jeune, Bishop of Peterborough, commend my soul to Almighty God, through the merits of the Saviour who loved me and gave himself for me; and bequeath all my estate whatsoever to my good and loving wife, whom I name as guardian of my children under age, if need be, and executrix of this my will." Dated March 23, 1868; signed F. Peterborough. Witnessed by Henry Pearson Gates, secretary to the bishop, and Henry Parks, his clerk.

#### The Dowager Duchess of Sutherland.

Oct. 27, died at Stafford House, St. James's, aged 62, the Most Noble Harriet Elizabeth Georgiana, Duchess dowager of Sutherland. Her Grace was the third daughter of George sixth Earl of Carlisle, K.G. by Lady Georgiana Dorothy Cavendish, eldest daughter of William fifth Duke of Devonshire, and was born on the 21st of May 1806. In 1823, at the age of 17, shortly after her presentation at the Court of George

\* It was stated in the *Times* of the 31st August that he was a miller. There was, indeed, a mill on his estate, formerly attached to a monastery, at which the neighbouring landowners were compelled to grind, and Dr. Jeune's father received the dues, but in no other sense was he a miller.



IV. she married Earl Gower, eldest son of the Marquis of Stafford by his marriage with the Countess of Sutherland, a peeress in her own right, and the heiress or rather the owner of the largest landed property to the north of the Tweed. Earl Gower's father was afterwards, in Jan. 1833, created Duke of Sutherland; and in the following July the husband of the lady just deceased succeeded to the ducal title and its magnificent estates in Scotland and Staffordshire, to which he afterwards added by purchase the noble estate of Cliefden, in Buckinghamshire. From a very early period her Grace became an intimate and personal friend of Her Majesty, who chose her as her Mistress of the Robes soon after her accession. This post her Grace occupied under all the Liberal administrations which have been in power since that time down to the death of her husband in 1861. The Duchess devoted much of her attention to architecture and horticulture; and it is not only as a leader of the world of taste and fashion, but also as a philanthropist, that her name will be long remembered. Many a project for the relief of distress among the poorer classes of the metropolis and the country at large, and more especially among her own sex, have been initiated at meetings held under her auspices at Stafford House. Few, indeed, will have forgotten the meeting held there in 1853, and the manifesto signed and issued thence by English ladies, addressed to their American sisters, in deprecation of American slavery. Constantly about the person of Her Majesty in the most confidential and exalted relation in which a lady can well stand to royalty, her Grace was admitted by her Sovereign to a friendship so close and personal that on the death of the Prince Consort she was the one guest at Windsor Castle in whose company the Queen spent the first weeks of her sorrow and seclusion.

By her late husband the Dowager Duchess of Sutherland became the mother of the present duke and also of ten other children. Her second son, an officer in the rifle brigade, died of fever off Sebastopol in 1854; Lord Albert is an officer of the Life Guards; Lord Ronald-Charles represents the county of Sutherland. Of her daughters one is Duchess of Argyll; the second is Lady Blantyre; another is married to the eldest son of the Duke of Leinster,

and will one day, therefore, wear the coronet of a duchess; and Lady Constance is married to Earl Grosvenor, the heir of the wealthy marquise of Westminster. Shortly before her death the duchess had the pleasure of seeing her granddaughter Lady Edith Campbell affianced to Lord Percy, the heir of the Duke of Northumberland.—*The Times*.

#### *The Marquess of Hastings.*

On the 10th Oct. died the Most Noble Henry Weysford Charles Plantagenet Mure Rawdon-Hastings, Marquess of Hastings, Earl of Rawdon, and Viscount Londond (1816), Baron Grey de Ruthyn (by writ 1324), Baron Hastings (by writ 1461), and also Baron Hungerford, Molines, Botreaux, and Rawdon, and a coheir of the baronies of Montagu and Moels, Earl of Loudoun in Scotland (1633), Earl of Moira (1761), and Baron Rawdon of Moira (1749), in Ireland, and the 7th Baronet (1665).

He was the younger son of George the second Marquess of Hastings (who died in 1844), by Barbara Baroness Grey de Ruthyn. He succeeded to his paternal honours and estates on the death of his elder brother in June 1851, and inherited his mother's barony on her death in 1858. He was educated at Eton and at Christ Church, Oxford; and became a Cornet in Prince Albert's Own Leicestershire Yeomanry. From the time of attaining his majority, only five years ago, with a greater accumulation of ancestral dignities than any other Englishman, and a fortune fully equal to his rank, he betook himself at once to horse-racing and its coarse concomitants. At the outset he made two or three successful ventures, and his natural propensity was thus unfortunately stimulated. In turf language he took to plunging,—in other words to wholesale and reckless gambling. He bought horses at sums before unheard of, and backed them for amounts hitherto unknown. He acted as if racing had been invented for no other purpose than to dissipate wealth; and he fell into the hands of those people who think that the chief use of the sport is to scatter wealth among themselves. The fatal "plunge" in such a course is sure to come at last. In the Derby of last year the Marquis lost a fabulous sum, and after selling a splendid estate was still obliged to place himself under the power of the money-lenders. He was no longer his own master; and,





whatever the truth about the suspicious transactions of the current year may be, the Marquess can hardly have been responsible for them, since he was but the tool of others. This year's Derby proved another ruinous defeat, and must have left him nothing that he could call his own. The Leicestershire estate is believed to have been secured through the purchase of his reversionary interest by his sister; but nothing else is saved out of the wreck. His personal expenditure was as extravagant as his public gambling, and he was as prodigal of his honour as of his wealth. A lady of great beauty and rank had married him under extraordinary circumstances; but he seemed to own no obligations either to morality or to respectability, and his private conduct was not even redeemed by privacy. The end has soon arrived, and the possessor of everything that rank, family, wealth, and marriage can bestow, has died at the age of twenty-six, ruined alike in health, in honour, and in estate.

The Marquess had been abroad all the summer in his yacht, but no northern breezes could fan him into health. He came to Doncaster, from Norway, upon crutches; and at the first October meeting was on Newmarket- Heath in a basket carriage, which he quitted only to say a word to the pretty Athena, once his own, when she was led back a winner. He spent some time at Folkstone, and was visiting town for a few days before setting out for a winter sojourn on the Nile, when his death occurred at his town residence in Grosvenor Square. His body was taken for interment—not to his ancestral vault at Donnington, but to the cemetery of Kensal Green. The hearse was followed by eight mourning coaches: the first containing Admiral Yelverton, stepfather of the deceased, Mr. Hastings, Lord Manchline, and Mr. H. Clifton; the second, Viscount Marsham, and Lords Henry, Alexander, and Berkeley Paget. In the other coaches were numerous personal friends, among whom were the Duke of Newcastle, Mr. Kirwan, Lord Charles I. Kerr, Mr. Frederick Granville, &c. The Duke of Beaufort, the Earl of Westmoreland, and several others, met at the chapel; where the Marchioness, Lady Constance Marsham, and the Hon. Barbara Yelverton, were also present.

The Marquess of Hastings married on the 16th July, 1864, Lady Florence Cecilia Paget, youngest daughter of

the Marquess of Anglesea, who survives him, without issue.

It was by an extraordinary succession of marriages that the Rawdon family, formerly baronets of Ireland, accumulated the long list of peerages which centered in the nobleman now deceased. Sir John Rawdon (created Lord Rawdon in 1749, and Earl of Moira in Ireland in 1761.) married Elizabeth, sister and heir of Francis tenth Earl of Huntingdon, and thus acquired for his posterity the title of Hastings and its associated baronies. His son (who was created Marquess of Hastings in 1816, and was afterwards the distinguished Governor-General of India,) married Flora, in her own right Countess of Loudoun in the peerage of Scotland. The second Marquess married Barbara, in her own right Baroness Grey de Ruthyn.

The peerages conferred on the male line, whether in Ireland or England, and the old baronetcy, have now become extinct. The Scottish Earldom of Loudoun is immediately inherited by the eldest sister of the deceased, Lady Edith Maud, married in 1853 to Charles Frederick Clifton, Esq. of Willesley, co. Leic. (third son of Thomas Clifton, Esq. of Lytham, co. Lanc.) who took the names of Abney-Hastings by Act of Parliament, in compliance with the will of his kinsman Sir Charles Abney Hastings, of Willesley, Bart. Their eldest son assumes the title of Lord Manchline.

The baronies by writ fall into abeyance between the Countess and the three younger sisters, Lady Bertha, wife of Captain Augustus Wykeham Clifton, fourth son of Thomas Clifton, Esq. of Lytham, co. Lanc.; Lady Victoria Maria Louisa, wife of J. F. S. Kirwan, Esq. of Moyne, co. Galway; and Lady Frances Augusta Constance, Viscountess Marsham, daughter-in-law of the Earl of Romney.

The will of the Marquess, dated on the 17th of June last, was proved on the 20th Nov. in Her Majesty's Court of Probate by one of the executors and trustees therein appointed, namely, Admiral Hastings Reginald Yelverton, C.B. husband of the testator's late mother, Barbara, Baroness Grey de Ruthyn, Mr. Henry Padwick, of Manor House, Horsham, the other executor and trustee, having power reserved to him to prove hereafter. The personal estate was sworn under 90,000*l*. The testator has left to each of his executors a legacy of 1,000*l*. He has bequeathed all his real



and personal estates over which he had a power of appointment in England, Scotland, Ireland, and elsewhere, as well as all estates and property belonging to him in foreign countries, unto his executors and trustees, to realise all such real and personal estate, and apply the same in the first instance to the payment of his just and lawful debts, and the income arising from the residue to be paid to the Marchioness during her life or widowhood; and that, after her decease or second marriage, whichever event may first happen, to pay such income arising therefrom, together with all royalties from his mines, to his sister, Viscountess Marsham, for her life; and, after her decease, in such manner as she may appoint, among her children. To the Marchioness all the jewels usually worn by her, and all her paraphernalia.

#### Lord Somerville.

Nov. 17, Hugh Somerville, 18th Baron Somerville in the peerage of Scotland, met with his death while hunting. His Lordship (whose hunting-box was at Kibworth near Harborough) was out with Mr. Tailby's hounds, which met at Witheote Hall, about two miles north of Uppingham. His horse was ridden at a very stiff and high quick-fence; the animal stumbled and fell upon its rider, crushing his head and face. He breathed for a few minutes and then all was over. Lord Somerville was born 11 Oct. 1839, and educated at Eton and Christchurch, Oxford. He succeeded his father Kenelm, the 17th Baron, in 1864, and, inheriting the estate of Newbold Comyn in Warwickshire, was a Lieutenant in the Warwickshire Yeomanry Cavalry. Dying unmarried, the peerage devolves upon his brother Frederick Noel, who was born in 1849. The mortal remains of the late lord were interred at Somerville Aston, Gloucestershire, on the 24th Nov. "A certain literary interest," says the *Athenæum*, "connects itself with the recent death in the hunting-field of the 18th Baron Somerville. The family came in with the Conqueror. The elder branch got lands in England, the younger lands and title in Scotland. In the last century Somerville, the poet of *The Chase*, represented the elder branch. His love of sport and of drinking brought his estate, however, to the brink of ruin. He was a bachelor, and in consideration of the burthens on his property being paid off by his kinsman of the younger

branch, the 13th Lord Somerville, the poet settled the reversionary of his estates upon that Scottish baron. On a part of the land thus acquired the 18th Lord has met an early death."

#### Baron James de Rothschild.

On the 15th of November, in the Rue Lafitte, Paris, died Baron James de Rothschild.

The Baron, who was born on the 15th of May 1792, was the youngest and last surviving of the five sons of Meyer Anselm Rothschild, a native of Frankfort, the founder of the great commercial house which bears his name. The father at his death in 1812 left to his sons not only the inheritance of an immense fortune and boundless credit, but the still more precious legacy of wise and prudent and united counsels. He especially recommended them, if they would preserve the position he had gained for them, always to act together; and it is well known that his sons and his grandchildren also have for more than half a century religiously followed that advice. Taking part in most of the great financial affairs of Austria, France, and England, they formed in the last generation an invincible phalanx; for, while the third son, Nathan Meyer, settled in London, Anselm took up his residence at Frankfort, Solomon at Vienna, Charles at Naples, and James at Paris. A writer 30 years ago said:

"By themselves, or by their agents, the Rothschilds have exercised a powerful control over the principal cities of Europe, and faithful to their habit never to undertake anything separately, and to concert all their operations, they have followed one unvaried and identical system to such good purpose that they were at one time free to make either peace or war. . . . Their five houses were conducted nearly in common, excepting so far as that the house in London was almost wholly under the control of its nominal chief."

This was written in 1836, but the words are as applicable to the present year. The Meyer Anselm Rothschild mentioned above was born in the city of Frankfort. He was intended for the Jewish ministry, but being placed by his father in a counting-house at Hanover, he showed so great an aptitude for commercial pursuits that, having experienced his honesty and integrity in lesser matters, the Landgrave of Hesse in 1801 appointed him banker to





himself and his Court. Nor was his confidence misplaced. History tells us that during the sway of the great Napoleon in Germany the Landgrave's private fortune was saved by the devotedness of his banker, whose name in the course of ten years had grown to be a tower of commercial strength over central Europe. His sons and successors did their best to complete the great work which their father had begun. On the breaking out of the war in Spain in 1808, Nathan Meyer Rothschild displayed extraordinary energy and ability in supplying the pecuniary remittances which were necessary for carrying on the operations of our armies abroad, and for remitting the subsidies by which the armies of our Continental allies were put in motion. In this manner he was enabled to render important services to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Vansittart, who probably learned many a lesson in finance and the practice of exchanges from his young associate. At the same time he acted as his father's agent in the purchase of Manchester goods for the supply of the Continent, and through the agency of his father he had large sums of money intrusted to his disposal for the Elector of Hesse-Cassel and other German Princes, which he employed with extraordinary judgment. About the year 1812 the youngest of the five brothers, the subject of this memoir, went to reside at Paris, where he has ever since carried on financial operations on the largest scale in concert and correspondence with his other brothers and nephews. It is impossible here to enumerate the great transactions in which the house of Rothschild has been engaged, but in all their financial operations the Baron just deceased had a leading share. All the brothers were men unrivalled in their knowledge of business; but, with the single exception of Nathan Meyer, the head of the London house, there was not one to whose judgment the others more entirely deferred in great undertakings, especially in France and Western Europe, than the brother just deceased. Like the rest of his family, Baron James de Rothschild was distinguished by his private and personal charities, which he dispensed with a more than princely liberality. His handsome house in the Rue Lafitte attracted the best society in Paris, and his château at Ferrières was perhaps the most magnificent specimen of the

"country house" extant in France. He had a "*chasse*" such as is seldom seen out of England, and had the honour of entertaining the Emperor at a *battue* in which the slaughter was on a truly Imperial scale.

The Baron had received the grand cordons of almost all the continental orders, and was invested in 1867, during the visit of the Emperor of Austria to Paris, by the two Archdukes with the first class of the Order of the Iron Crown. He has left a widow, who presided gracefully over his splendid hospitalities, and whose *salon* has been for many years the *rendezvous* of M. Thiers and the chiefs of the Orleanist party. He has also left several children. His eldest son, Baron Alphonse, married in 1857 his cousin Leonora, eldest daughter of Baron Lionel de Rothschild, who so long represented the city of London in Parliament. Sir Anthony Rothschild, who was created a Baronet in 1846, and Baron Meyer, M.P. for Hythe, are nephews of the Baron just deceased.

Nathan Meyer Rothschild, the founder of the fortunes of the family, received letters of denization in the year 1804; and by Imperial patent, dated at Vienna in September 1822, he was advanced to the dignity of a Baron of the Austrian Empire.

The remains of the late Baron were interred on the 18th of November in that portion of the cemetery of Père La Chaise which is set apart for members of the Hebrew faith. Representatives of the Emperor, of the high officers of State, and of the diplomatic service, accompanied the funeral *cortège*, which was followed by thousands of all classes. At the grave a discourse was pronounced by M. Cerfbeer, president of the Central Consistory. The last prayers were recited by the Rabbi of the German Synagogue of Paris, assisted by the Grand Rabbi of Brussels. The former delivered an eloquent and touching address, in which he alluded to the great operations and the good works of the deceased, and concluded by imploring for him the mercy of the God of Israel.

Baron James Rothschild's will is of enormous length, and bears the date of 1848. There are also two very long codicils. The Baron has left to his wife 200,000,000*fr.*, the chateau Ferrières, whose art galleries are estimated at above 20,000,000*fr.* and his house in the Rue Lafitte at Paris. To his se-



cond son Gustavus 200,000,000*l.*; to his third son Edmund 150,000,000*l.*; and to his grandson, the son of the late Solomon Rothschild, 50,000,000*l.* The rest of his fortune, amounting to above 500,000,000*l.*, falls to the share of his eldest son Alphonse. The entire amount is not much less than fifty millions sterling. On his arrival in Paris, in 1812, his fortune was 40,000*l.*

#### **Sir John Dorney Harding.**

Died on the 23rd November Sir John Dorney Harding, Q.C., D.C.L., sometime her Majesty's Advocate-general, aged 59. He was the eldest son of the late Rev. John Harding, many years Rector of Corty and Coychurch, in the county of Glamorgan; his mother was Miss Anna Maria Willoughby. He was born at Rockfield, Monmouthshire, in 1809, and educated under Dr. Russell at the Charterhouse School, and subsequently he became a private pupil of the late Dr. Arnold. He passed in due course to Oriel College, Oxford, where he took his bachelor's degree in 1830. He was called to the Bar at the Inner Temple in 1835, but subsequently became an advocate in Doctors' Commons, where he practised for many years with considerable success. In 1837 he was created D.C.L. at Oxford. He held the office of her Majesty's Advocate-General from 1852 to 1862, when he retired. He received the honour of knighthood, as is customary, on his appointment to that post, and in 1858 was appointed Q.C. He had long been in failing health, so that his decease was not unexpected by his friends. Sir John Harding married in 1849, Isabella, youngest daughter of the Rev. James Wyld, of Blunsdon St. Andrew, Wiltshire; by her, however, he has left no issue.

#### **Harry Chester, Esq.**

On the Nov. died at his house at Rutland Gate, aged 62, Harry Chester, Esq. formerly of the Privy Council Office, a magistrate for Middlesex.

Mr. Chester was the third and youngest son of Sir Robert Chester, master of the ceremonies, (who was descended from the Chesters of Cokenbach in Hertfordshire, and died in 1848,) by Eliza, third daughter of John Ford, Esq. of the Chantry, near Ipswich. He was first at the Charterhouse; was admitted a King's scholar at Westminster 1820, elected to Trinity college, Cambridge, 1824; became in 1826 a clerk

in the Privy Council office, and was for a short time attached to the British Embassy at Lisbon. The important period of his life, however, was that which he spent between the years 1840 and 1858 as assistant secretary to the committee of the Privy Council on Education—a post in which his great courtesy and indefatigable industry gained for him not a few friends and admirers as one who lent an able and effective hand in furthering the good work of education, and especially of art education, and who was always foremost in the promotion of every sound and sober scheme for benefiting the social position of the middle and lower classes. An essay from his pen on "The Food of the People," has appeared in Macmillan's Magazine, in two parts, so recently as the past months of October and November.

Mr. Chester married first, in 1837, Anne Maria, only daughter of Robert Sherwood, esq. by whom he had issue two sons (both deceased) and two daughters; and secondly, in 1856, Henrietta-Mary, daughter of George Goff, esq. who is left his widow, having given birth to Harry, son and heir of the deceased, in 1864.

#### **George Pryme, Esq.**

Died, on the 2nd December, at his residence, Wistow, Huntingdonshire, aged 87, George Pryme, esq. M.A. formerly Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, the first Professor of Political Economy in that university, and late M.P. for the borough of Cambridge.

Mr. Pryme, whose name was for many years almost a household word in Cambridgeshire and on the Norfolk circuit as "Counsellor Pryme," came of an ancient Yorkshire family, the De la Prymes, who, being driven from France upon the persecution of the Protestants in that country in the seventeenth century, sought refuge in the south-east of Yorkshire. The family subsequently dropped the prefix of "De la." The gentleman just deceased received his academical education at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he proceeded B.A. in 1803 as sixth wrangler, having previously, in 1801, won Browne's medals for Greek odes and epigrams. Soon after proceeding to his B.A. degree Mr. Pryme was elected a Fellow of his college, where he had for colleagues a number of men who had imbibed certain of the crude principles of the first French revolu-





tion, which were moderated by the atrocities of the second, and which finally softened down into the comparative mildness embodied in the Reform Bill of 1832.

In 1805 he carried off the Members' (Senior) prize for the best dissertation in Latin prose; and in 1809 won the Seatonian prize for the best English poem, the subject being "Jephthah's Daughter."

In 1806 he went out M.A., and in the same year was called to the Bar by the Hon. Society of Lincoln's Inn, of which, at the time of his decease, he was the senior member. He chose the Norfolk circuit, but still kept up his connection with the university, directing his attention especially to political economy, a science then in its infancy. His devotion to this study ultimately led to the formal recognition by the university of a long-admitted want, and the title of Professor of Political Economy was in May 1828 conferred on Mr. Pryme. This was the first chair of Political Economy established in any British university, and it was worthily filled by Mr. Pryme till 1863, when he was succeeded by Mr. Fawcett, the present M.P. for Brighton.

Embued with reform notions, Mr. Pryme soon began to take a part in the politics of the district which he had selected as his arena in the strife for fame and distinction. In conjunction with Mr. H. J. Adeane, he unsuccessfully contested the borough of Cambridge in 1820, but at the first election under the Reform Act in December, 1832, he was returned at the head of the poll, with Mr. Spring Rice (afterwards Lord Monteagle) for his colleague, beating Sir Edward B. Sugden, afterwards Lord St. Leonard's. Mr. Pryme was again returned in January, 1835, but this time his colleague, Mr. Spring Rice, headed the poll. In 1837 Mr. Pryme was again returned with Mr. Spring Rice, and continued to sit up to 1841, when he resigned his political connection with the borough. Meantime he had taken a warm interest in the politics of Huntingdonshire, where he had purchased a large estate before the then impending drainage improvements. After this he took an active, nay, an untiring part in fen drainage matters, and his legal knowledge and persevering attention were of much value to the various fen boards during their arduous struggle in Parliament. He was to the last a sanguine

believer in the ultimate success of the Norfolk Estuary Company, of which he was for many years a director. At the Bar, under the old regime, he for some years may be said to have led the Norfolk circuit.

Mr. Pryme was, with several leading members of both houses of parliament, one of the founders of the Reform Club, London. It was established in 1836, and the largest club-house in Europe was erected at a cost of 83,000*l.* by the late Sir Charles Barry, one of its members. Subsequently Mr. Pryme became one of the committee of management. It may be remarked that he was also a leading member of the Political Economy Club.

He married a sister of the celebrated brothers Thackeray,—well known in Cambridge,—who survives him, and by whom he leaves issue, Mr. Charles de la Pryme, M.A. of Trinity College, Cambridge, a member of the Bar, of the Inner Temple, and late hon. secretary of the Reform Club.

Mr. Pryme was a magistrate and D.L. for Huntingdonshire, and almost to the last took an active part in the duties of the bench.

Mr. Pryme published—

"Poemata. (Ode Græca; Pompeii Columna; Epigrammata; nugæ canoræ. Gr. et Lat.)" Cambridge, 8vo. 1802. Prize poems.

"Ode Græca, præmio Cantabrigiensi dignata." Camb. 4to. 1804.

"Counter-Protest of a Layman in reply to the Protest of Archdeacon Thomas against the formation of an association at Bath in aid of the Church Missionary Society." 3rd edit. Camb. 8vo. 1818.

"An Introductory Lecture and Syllabus to a course delivered in the University of Cambridge on the Principles of Political Economy." Camb. 8vo. 1823. 3rd edit. 1852. 4th edit. 1859.

"Memoir of the Life of Daniel Sykes, Esq., M.A. and M.P." Wakefield, 8vo. 1834. The copy in the British Museum is bound in vellum, and contains MS. notes and an appendix written in a beautiful hand by James Sykes.

"Jephthah and other Poems." Lond. 8vo. 1838.

The *Daily News* observes: "To those accustomed to value men for their brilliancy rather than for their solid virtues, the career of the late Mr. Pryme must appear tame and purposeless. It is true that his great natural powers and vast stores of acquired



learning might have been employed so as to produce more lasting results. Yet we can, nevertheless, deplore as a real loss the death of one who had few equals as a scholar, and no superior as a sound and consistent liberal; who was one of the few remaining which united the men of this generation with the greatest among their predecessors; who, having imbibed political lessons in the school of Charles James Fox, lived to practise them under the leadership of Earl Russell, and to see them more perfectly matured and still more successfully inculcated by Mr. Gladstone."

There are extant some old MSS. of the De la Pryme family containing valuable historical particulars. Among them is the "Ephemeris," or journal of Abraham de la Pryme, who was contemporary with Newton at Cambridge. A volume of this is in course of publication under the auspices of the Surtees Society. The editor is Mr. Jackson, of Doncaster, assisted by Mr. Charles de la Pryme, who, we believe, will likewise edit a volume of his father's literary miscellanies.

#### Dr. Hobson.

Dr. Richard Hobson died somewhat suddenly on the 30th of November at his residence 10, Park Place, Leeds, aged 73. A few months previously he was thrown out of his carriage, but was only slightly injured. Following closely however, upon that accident, another occurred. He was walking from one room of his house to another when his foot caught in the carpet, and he fell with such force that his thigh was broken. He apparently recovered so far that he was taken out for a drive on Sunday the 29th of November; but on the following morning he was found dead in bed.

The deceased was a native of Cumberland, and his father lived near Whitehaven, we believe at Cross House. In his youth he was devoted to field sports, and it was not until comparatively late in life that he applied himself to the study of medicine. He was a student at St. George's Hospital in London; and at Queen's College, Cambridge, where he graduated M.B. in 1825; and M.D. in 1830. In 1826 he settled in Leeds, and speedily secured an extensive and lucrative practice as a consulting physician. He was senior physician to the General Infirmary at Leeds, from 1833 to 1843,

and at the time of his decease was consulting physician to the West Riding Penitentiary, and Hospital for Women and Children.

In his earlier years Dr. Hobson communicated to the *Medical Gazette* two treatises, one on Diabetes, the other on the External Use of Croton Oil; but his principal work is entitled "Charles Waterton: His Home, Habits, and Handiwork. Reminiscences of an intimate and most confiding personal association for nearly thirty years." London, 8vo. 1866; 2nd edition, "containing a considerable amount of additional matter," 1867. Considering that Dr. Hobson had ample opportunities of "Boswellizing" the good old "Squire" and eminent naturalist of Walton Hall, for more than a quarter of a century, it must be acknowledged that his book is far from satisfactory. It contains indeed a number of interesting anecdotes, but they are most inartistically strung together; and it certainly is to be regretted that the life of Charles Waterton has not been delineated by a more skilful and appreciative biographer.

In addition to the studies peculiar to his profession, Dr. Hobson's taste led him to take a great interest in natural history, and he formed one of the best collections of stuffed British birds, of mosses, and of lichens, in the West Riding. In other curiosities his house was equally rich.

He married the daughter of the late Mr. Peter Rhodes of Leeds, a lady who died some years ago.

#### Mr. Samuel Lucas.

A gentleman well known in the literary world and in legal circles, Mr. Samuel Lucas, M.A. died at Eastbourne, Sussex, on the 27th of November.

He was born at Bristol in 1818, being the son of Thomas Lucas, esq. a merchant and alderman of that city. He was brought up in a private school with a view to business, but his taste for literature and learning led him to enter himself, when a little over the usual age, at Queen's College, Oxford, where he was the contemporary and friend of the present Archbishop of York. In 1841 he carried off the Newdigate prize for English verse, the subject being "The Sandwich Islands;" and in 1845 gained the Chancellor's prize for an English essay, viz. "A Comparison between the Causes and Consequences of National Revolutions of Ancient and





Modern Times." He proceeded B.A. 18th May, 1842; M.A. 12th Nov. 1846.

Having in the latter year been called to the Bar of the Inner Temple, he for some years went the Western circuit, with the members of which his genial manners made him extremely popular. Literature, however, rather than law, was his *forte*, and accordingly in 1853, with the support of the leaders of the Conservative party, he became the founder and first editor of the *Press* newspaper, which he conducted with much success in opposition to the Coalition ministry for about a year-and-a-half. Soon after severing his connection with the *Press* he became literary reviewer for the *Times*, and supplied that journal with a number of able articles, afterwards published in a collected form.

Mr. Lucas was a contributor to the *Quarterly* and *Edinburgh Reviews*. He also edited *Once a Week* from its commencement in 1859 till 1865, when he projected and started the *Shilling Magazine*, which, however, was discontinued at the end of a year. Withdrawing from London he thenceforward lived a life of retirement in the country, in the hope of recruiting his failing health—a hope which was never realised.

Mr. Lucas has left a widow, to whom he was married in 1852.

Subjoined is a list of his separate publications:—

The Sandwich Islands. A prize poem recited in the Theatre, Oxford, June 15, 1841. Oxford, 8vo. 1841.

The Causes and Consequences of National Revolutions among the Ancients and Moderns compared. A prize essay. Lond. 8vo. 1845.

Charters of the old English colonies in America. With an introduction and notes. Lond. 8vo. 1850.

History as a Condition of Social Progress. A Lecture. Lond. 8vo. 1853.

Dacoitce in Excelsis: or the Spoilation of Oude, by the East India Company, faithfully recounted. With notes and documentary illustrations. Lond. 8vo. 1857 (*anonymous*).

Eminent Men and Popular Books. From *The Times*. Lond. 8vo. 1859 (*anonymous*).

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#### Mr. William Harrison.

On the 9th of November last Mr. William Harrison, the celebrated vocalist, died of dropsy, at his residence in Kentish Town, aged 55 years.

Mr. Harrison was born June 15th, 1813. He was an only son, his father being a coal merchant in the parish of Marylebone. The family is of Scotch descent. Even in childhood the future tenor possessed a beautiful voice and evinced a great love for music. When at the Royal Academy of Music, and under the tuition of Signor Crevelli, Sir George Smart, and other able masters, he made rapid progress. His first appearance on any stage was at Brighton. He was at this time engaged to be married to Miss Ellen Clifford, daughter of Mrs. W. Clifford, an actress of high standing both in public and private, the widow of an officer, and daughter of a physician at Bath. Her daughter was, at the time when she met Mr. Harrison, gaining an increasing popularity. She had been with Mr. Macready at Covent Garden for a season, and was a favourite wherever she appeared; but Mr. Harrison, when he married her (March 4th, 1839), took her off the stage, and she has never returned to it. Nearly all the papers have stated that Mrs. Harrison has been dead some years. This is incorrect. She is still alive, admired and respected by all who know her.

Mr. Harrison made his debut in London on May 2nd, 1839, at Covent Garden. The opera he appeared in was "Henrique, or the Love Pilgrim," composed by Rooke, and was entirely successful. In November of the same year "The Beggar's Opera" was revived, and "ran" for upwards of 60 nights. He sustained the part of Macbeth, and became, indeed, one of the lions of the town. Scarcely a concert was given in the programme of which his name was not conspicuous. From all sides congratulations and presents poured in. At the "Ancient Concerts" the late Duke of Wellington rose on one occasion and addressed him expressing the pleasure he felt in hearing him. But even then, in the height



of his success, Mr. Harrison never cared much for all this lionising. He loved retirement, and, having a house at Henley-upon-Thames, sought the quiet of the country. He was often heard to say that he felt deeper and truer joy in the long summer days on the river at Henley fishing—which was his favourite amusement—than in all the excitement and success of his London life.

Mr. Harrison was the original Thaddeus in Balfe's opera of "The Bohemian Girl;" and the fact that 80,000 copies of "You'll remember me" were sold in the very first year of its production, shows the wondrous éclat Mr. Harrison had given to the song. Then came a series of new operas, in all of which he sustained his high reputation. As Adolphe in Balfe's "The Daughter of St. Mark,"—as Bohemour in Benedict's "Crusaders,"—and as Don César de Bazan in Wallace's "Maritana,"—he obtained successes long remembered. In the last-named opera, too, he added to his laurels by proving himself great in acting as well as in singing. In 1849 he played at the Princess's Theatre in Don Giovanni and in Macfarren's opera of "Charles the Second." In 1851 he had a long and successful engagement at the Haymarket; after which he returned to Drury Lane and appeared as Elvino in the "Somnambula."

On August 21st, 1854, Mr. Harrison, accompanied by his wife and with several artistes—Miss Louisa Pyne, of course, as prima donna—sailed for America. They were there nearly three years, visiting every city of importance, from New York and Boston in the east, to Madison and many of the cities in the far west; from Montreal and Quebec to New Orleans. They gave more than five hundred operatic performances, and considerably over a hundred concerts; everywhere a most enthusiastic reception awaited them, and it was throughout a most successful and prosperous undertaking.

On his return to England Mr. Harrison at once resolved to form a permanent home for English opera. He felt that it was a thing of no slight shame that there should be no home for national opera in England. In nearly every other European country national opera flourishes; nay, in many it is even supported by government. But in England it is far less popular than it deserves to be; though, as Mr. Harrison and Miss Pyne in their long manage-

ment proved, there is no reason why it should be despised, but rather every reason why it should be encouraged.

On September 21st, 1857, Mr. Harrison and Miss Louisa Pyne began their first season of management at the Lyceum. "The Rose of Castile" was soon produced, and crowded houses nightly attested its genuine success. Extreme care was paid to every department. Although all the principals were, in technical theatrical phraseology, "stars," it was not on the star system that the theatre was conducted. Band and chorus were thoroughly efficient, the former being under the *bâton* of the late Mr. Alfred Mellon. The following year they appeared at Drury Lane from September until Christmas, when they again made a step upwards, and took Covent Garden. Here "Satanella" was produced, and the season was altogether prosperous. Rarely has Covent Garden seen a more crowded or brilliant audience than on the opening night of the "Royal English Opera" there. The patronage of the Queen was obtained, and her Majesty had her own box. All the arrangements in the front of the house were the same as in the Italian opera season, and everything was rendered as complete as lavish expenditure, extreme care, and good taste could make it. But after the first two seasons success never visited this undertaking. Opera after opera was produced with, if possible, more completeness and splendour than ever. All in vain. Upwards of two hundred thousand pounds were spent on musical copyrights, authors' libretti, and artists' salaries alone, to say nothing of the enormous rent and current expenses of the theatre, and the large sums expended on scenery. To enumerate all the operas produced would occupy too much space. The more successful were,— "The Rose of Castile," "Satanella," "Lurline," "Bianca," "Love's Triumph," "The Desert Flower," "The Puritan's Daughter," "Ruy Blas," "The Armourer of Nantes," "The Lily of Killarney," and "She Stoops to Conquer," together with many celebrated foreign operas translated into English.

On the 18th of March 1865, they retired from the speculation, no one but themselves having suffered the loss of a single penny, although they themselves were well nigh ruined.

Mr. Harrison, however, made one more effort. The following year he took





Her Majesty's Theatre as sole lessee, and opened it with a stronger company than he had ever before engaged. The attempt was an utter failure. He lost the few thousands that remained to him, and retired from the contest completely ruined, and in a state of enfeebled health, caused by intense mental distress and overwork.

After the season Mr. Harrison had an illness which prevented him from appearing in public for more than two years, and from which he never entirely recovered.

The last character performed by him was that of Fritz in Offenbach's "Grand Duchess." He appeared in it at Covent Garden in the autumn of 1867. The opera was not very successful there, as the stage was too large for it, and few of the artists had any idea of the true fun of the piece. They tried to make it a grand opera rather than a light piece of French extravagance.

In April 1868, he started on a tour (under Mr. Russell's management) with Mrs. Howard Paul and a good company to perform "The Grand Duchess." They visited Birmingham, Liverpool, Leeds, and Manchester. He was suffering greatly the whole of the time. All the ladies and gentlemen who worked with him cannot but long remember

the brave and heroic manner in which he kept up, and fought against the deadly illness that was daily fastening stronger on him. Little did the audience who laughed at his excellent impersonation of the dull-headed private Fritz imagine the terrible agony he was often suffering. The last time he appeared in public on the stage was at Liverpool, on Saturday evening, May 23rd. On the following Sunday he returned home, and, growing rapidly worse, his case was soon found to be full of danger. He bore his sufferings, which were most fearful, with patience and resignation.

His last few hours were tranquil, and his last words full of hope. He died in the arms of his wife, who had nursed him through all his long illness with the most untiring love and zeal. The distress of the scene was augmented by the fact that his mother, aged 87 years, was in the next room to him, also in a dying state. She lingered about a fortnight after his death, and died on the 22nd of November.

Mr. Harrison has left three sons, the Rev. William Harrison, Mr. Frank Drummond Harrison, of London, and Mr. Clifford Stanley Harrison, of Manchester. He was buried at Kensal Green on Thursday, November 12th.

## RECENT BIOGRAPHICAL INCIDENTS.

On the 6th Nov. Mr. E. A. R. Acton, of the Board of Trade, received from the Italian Government (by the hands of the Duke of Richmond as President of the Board,) a testimonial in acknowledgment of his services rendered in compiling, in conjunction with Captain A. Albini, of the Royal Italian Navy, the Italian edition of the *International Code of Signals*. The Italian Government had proposed to mark their sense of Mr. Acton's services by conferring upon him the decoration of the "Crown of Italy," but the rules of her Majesty's service did not admit of its acceptance.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto the Rev. William Bright, M.A., the office of Regius Professor of Ecclesiastical History in the University of Oxford, in the room of the Rev. H. L. Munsel, promoted to the Deanery of St. Paul's.

The Earl of Carnarvon has been appointed Provincial Grand Master of the Freemasons of Somersetshire.

The University of Rostock, in Ger-

many, has conferred the degrees of M.A. and Doctor of Philosophy on Mr. J. E. Carpenter, whose songs are familiar to our ears, and who has taken an active part in the cause of popular education.

Thomas Chenery, M.A. of Christ Church, was admitted on 26th Nov. as Professor of Arabic in the university of Oxford, vacant by the death of Dr. Macbride.

On the 21st Nov. a large number of gentlemen belonging to the county of Ayr assembled in the Court-house at Ayr, on the occasion of a presentation being made to Sir James Fergusson, late Member for the county, and recently appointed Governor of South Australia. The testimonial consists of a centre-piece in the Italian style of art, two sun-light candelabra, and eight minor pieces, costing 1,548*l*.

Sir John Gray, M.P. has declined the office of Lord Mayor of Dublin for next year, to which he had been elected, during his absence in London, by a vote of 38 to 7.



The Rev. T. H. Green, of Wadham college (master of the grammar school at Moulton, co. Lincoln), has been elected to the Head Mastership of the grammar school at Kibworth, in Leicestershire. There were 107 candidates, mostly university graduates.

The Bishop of Winchester has appointed to the vacant rectory of Chiddingfold, the Rev. L. M. Humbert, M.A. of St. John's college, Oxford, and for many years (in succession to the late Lord Guildford) master of St. Cross Hospital, near Winchester. His successful labours both in promoting the restoration of that ancient fabric, and in gathering together from the adjoining churchless parish of St. Faith a spiritual household to worship therein, may be taken as an earnest of the diligence with which he will address himself to the duties of his new charge; and a beautifully illustrated volume which he has lately put forth under the title of "Memorial of St. Cross" is full both of antiquarian lore and information of general interest.

As a proof of goodwill, and a desire that the naval officer in command of Her Majesty's ships on the Australian station should be better enabled to maintain the dignity of his position, the Legislature of New South Wales has awarded to Commodore Rowley Lambert, C.B. a sum of 500*l.* per annum.

The Hon. Colin Lindsay, brother of the Earl of Crawford and Balcarras, and late President of the English Church Union, was received into the Catholic Church on Saturday, Dec. 5, by Dr. Newman, at the Oratory, Edgbaston, near Birmingham. Mr. Lindsay was many years in the Indian Civil Service, and was Session Judge at Delhi.

The Rt. Hon. Duncan McNeill, the Lord Justice General of Scotland, has been elected Chancellor of Edinburgh University by a majority of 210 over Mr. Gladstone.

The prize of 50*l.* which is annually awarded for the most approved picture in the Gallery of the Royal Manchester Institution has been given to Mr. Mason, on account of his painting, "The Evening Hymn," which attracted much admiration at the Royal Academy.

Mr. Mills, the senior partner in the house of Glyn, Mills, Currie, and Co., has resigned his seat in the Council of India, and the Secretary of State for India has announced that, in recognition of Mr. Mills's long service of forty-six years in the Home Govern-

ment of India, a Baronetcy will be conferred upon him. (*See Preferences.*)

Mr. George Peabody has addressed a letter to the managers of the Funds set apart under his second deed of gift of the 19th April, 1866, for the benefit of the poor of London and its vicinity, stating that it is his intention to add to that fund a further sum of 100,000*l.* Mr. Peabody's donations to the poor of London now amount to 350,000*l.*

The *Lancet* congratulates Dr. Evan Pierce on the high estimation in which he is evidently held at Denbigh, where he has now been elected Mayor for the third year in succession. Remembering the adverse criticism of which, as Coroner in the melancholy catastrophe at Abergele, Dr. Pierce was the subject, it must be peculiarly gratifying to him to receive so complete a proof from his fellow-townsmen of their satisfaction with his conduct of that most difficult and painful inquiry—a satisfaction that is now universally entertained.

Lord Stanley has addressed a letter to Mr. Rassam, the Abyssinian prisoner, wherein he speaks of that gentleman's services in the highest terms, and thus concludes:—"The sufferings which you all underwent have been deeply deplored by Her Majesty's Government, and as some compensation, therefore, as well as a testimony of appreciation of good service, they have resolved to present a sum of 5,000*l.* to yourself and sums of 2,000*l.* each to Dr. Blanc and Lient. Pridéaux." To Mr. C. Duncan Cameron, the late Consul at Massowah, has been assigned a special pension of 350*l.*

THE ROYAL SOCIETY has bestowed its Copley Medal on Sir Charles Wheatstone, Professor of Experimental Philosophy in King's college, London, for his researches in acoustics, optics, electricity, and magnetism: he received a Royal Medal in 1840. The Royal Medals are this year awarded to the Rev. Dr. Salmon, Regius Professor of Mathematics in Trinity college, Dublin, for his researches in analytical geometry and the theory of surfaces; and to Mr. Alfred Russell Wallace, for his many contributions to theoretical and practical zoology, particularly those resulting from his travels in the Malay archipelago. The Rumford Medal is given to Dr. Balfour Stewart, of the Kew Observatory, for his researches on the qualitative as well as quantitative relations between the emissive and absorptive powers of bodies from heat and light.





## PROMOTIONS AND PREFERMENTS.

It is not our intention, under this head, to attempt to exhibit at length all the ordinary promotions and preferments in the Church, the Army, the Navy, or the Civil Service, or the returns to Parliament; for this reason, because all those departments have already their lists or kalendars, from which, with common inquiry and research, either the career of eminent persons, or the periodical succession of officials and incumbents, may be satisfactorily traced. We think, therefore, that by inserting them we should only increase the bulk and cost of our work, without serving those purposes of utility at which we chiefly aim. But we undertake to record preferments and appointments of general and prominent importance, accompanying them with such brief collateral illustration as will lend them additional interest.

The recent change of Government consequent on the resignation of Mr. Disraeli, which was publicly announced by himself on the 2nd Dec. by a letter addressed to the newspapers, invests our first article under this head with peculiar importance.

### THE NEW MINISTRY.

*Members of the Cabinet (fifteen).*

First Lord of the Treasury .....	Rt. Hon. William Ewart Gladstone.
Lord Chancellor .....	Lord Hatherley [Sir W. P. Wood].
President of the Council.....	Earl de Grey and Ripon.
Lord Privy Seal .....	Earl of Kimberley.
Chancellor of the Exchequer .....	Rt. Hon. Robert Lowe.
Secretary for Home Affairs.....	Rt. Hon. Henry Austin Bruce.
— Foreign Affairs.....	Earl of Clarendon.
— Colonies .....	Earl Granville.
— War.....	Rt. Hon. Edward Cardwell.
— India .....	Duke of Argyll.
— Ireland .....	Rt. Hon. Chichester Fortescue.
First Lord of the Admiralty.....	Rt. Hon. Hugh Culling Eardley Childers.
President of Board of Trade.....	Rt. Hon. John Bright.
Postmaster-General .....	Marquess of Hartington.
President of Poor Law Board.....	Rt. Hon. George Joachim Goschen.
Steward of the Household.....	Earl of Bessborough.
Lord Chamberlain.....	Viscount Sydney.
Master of the Horse.....	Marquess of Ailesbury, K.G.
Mistress of the Robes.....	Duchess of Argyll.
Master of the Buckhounds.....	Earl of Cork and Orrery, K.P.
Vice-Chamberlain .....	Lord Castlerosse.
Lords in Waiting—The Marquess of Normanby, Earl of Camperdown, Lord Camoys, Lord Suffield, and Lord Methuen.	
Treasurer of the Household.....	Lord de Tabley.
Comptroller of the Household.....	Lord Otho Fitzgerald.
Captain of Gentlemen at Arms.....	Lord Foley.
Captain of Yeomen of the Guard.....	Duke of St. Alban's.
Chancellor of Duchy of Lancaster.....	Lord Dufferin and Claneboye, K.P.
First Commissioner of Works.....	Rt. Hon. Austen Henry Layard.
Lords of the Treasury—Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Lowe, James Stansfield, jun. esq., the Marquess of Lansdowne, William Patrick Adam, esq., and the Hon. John C. W. Vivian.	
Joint Secretaries of the Treasury...	George G. Glyn, esq. and A. S. Ayrton, esq.
Vice-President of the Committee of Council on Education .....	} Rt. Hon. William Edward Forster.
Vice-Pres. Board of Trade.....	
Under Secretaries:—	George Lefevre, esq.
Home Department .....	E. H. Knatchbull-Hugessen, esq.
India.....	E. Grant Duff, esq.
Foreign Affairs.....	Arthur John Otway, esq.



Junior Lords of the Admiralty—Vice-Admiral Sir S. C. Daeres, Vice-Admiral Sir R. S. Robinson (Comptroller of the Navy), Lord John Hay, and George Otto Trevelyan, esq.

Attorney-General.....Sir Robert Porrett Collier.

Solicitor-General.....Sir John Duke Coleridge.

SCOTLAND:—Lord Advocate.....James Moncreiff, esq.

Solicitor-General.....George Young, esq.

IRELAND:—Lord Lieutenant.....Earl Spencer, K.G.

Lord Chancellor.....Rt. Hon. Thomas O'Hagan.

Attorney-General.....Edward Sullivan, esq.

Solicitor-General.....Charles Robert Barry, esq.

### *Honours conferred.*

Nov. 9. Created Baronets: Charles Mills, of Hillingdon-court and Camelford-house, Park-lane, both co. Middlesex, esq. late a member of the Council of India; and Robert Bateson Harvey, of Langley-park, co. Buckingham, esq.

Nov. 13. Right Hon. Sir John Young, Bart., K.C.B., G.C.M.G. (late Governor of New South Wales), to be a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath (civil division).

Nov. 27. Created Baronets: Francis Arthur Knox-Gore, of Belcek-manoor, co. Mayo, esq. her Majesty's Lieutenant of the county of Sligo; Smith Child, of Newfield and of Stallington, co. Stafford, and of Dunlosset, Islay, co. Argyll, esq. (M.P. for West Staffordshire); Robert John Harvey Harvey, of Crown Point, in the parish of Trowse, co. Norfolk, esq.; and James Walker, of Sand Hutton, co. York, and Beachampton, co. Buckingham, esq.

Nov. 28. Created a Viscountess of the United Kingdom, Mary Anne, wife of the Right Hon. Benjamin Disraeli, of Hughenden Manor, co. Buckingham, by the title of Viscountess Beaconsfield, of Beaconsfield, co. Buckingham, and at her decease the dignity of a Viscount to the heirs male of her body lawfully begotten.

Dec. 1. Created a Baron of the United Kingdom, Edward Anthony John, Viscount Gormanston in Ireland, by the title of Baron Gormanston, of White-wood, co. Meath.

Created Baronets: William Henry Humphery, of Penton-lodge, co. Southampton, esq.; Edmund Buckley, of Mawddwy, co. Merioneth, and of Grotton-hall, Saddleshworth, York, esq.; Thomas Edwardes-Moss, of Roby hall, co. Lancaster, esq.

Knighted by letters-patent, Charles Henry Firth, of Heckmondwike, near Leeds, esq.

Dec. 7. Created a Baronet, the Right Hon. Sir Thomas Aiskew Larcom, K.C.B., late a Major-General in the army, and late Under-Secretary for Ireland.

Knighted by letters-patent, Philip Francis, esq. Judge of the Supreme Consular Court of Constantinople.

To be Knights Commanders of the Bath: Rear-Admiral James Crawford Caffin, C.B., Director of Stores, War Department; and Vice-Adm. Robert Spencer Robinson, Comptroller of the Navy.

To be Companions of the Bath: Thomas Smith, esq. principal Barrack-master in charge at Aldershot; William Brown, esq. Accountant-General of the War Department; Major William Palliser; Lieut.-Col. Edmund Yeamans Walcott Henderson, Surveyor-General of Prisons and Chairman of the Directors of Convict Prisons; Frederick Carpenter Skey, esq.; and Sir John Bernard Burke, knt. Ulster King of Arms.

Dec. 9. John Bright, esq. Hugh Culling Eardley Childers, esq. Austen Henry Layard, esq. and William Edward Forster, esq. sworn of the Privy Council.

Knighted, Anthony Cleasby, one of the Barons of the Exchequer; George Hayes, esq. Justice of the Queen's Bench; Richard Baggallay, esq. Her Majesty's Solicitor-General; and Louis Mallet, esq. C.B. Assistant-Sec. to Board of Trade.

Dec. 10. The Right Hon. Sir William Page Wood, Knt. Chancellor of Great Britain, created Baron Hatherley, of Down Hatherley, co. Gloucester.

Dec. 12. Lord Dufferin and Sir Colman M. O'Loghlen, Bart. sworn of the Privy Council.

Created a Peer of Ireland, Colonel John McClintock, of Druncar, co. Louth (and late M.P. for that county), by the title of Baron Rathdonnell, of Rathdonnell, co. Tyrone.

Knighted by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Peter Tait, esq. of Limerick.

### *The Church.*

The bishopric of Peterborough, vacant by the death of Dr. Jenne, has been conferred on William Connor Magee, D.D., Dean of Cork, and Dean of the Chapel Royal, Dublin Castle.





The vacancy in the archiepiscopal see of Canterbury, occasioned by the death of Dr. Longley, is filled by the translation of the Right Rev. Archibald Campbell Tait, Lord Bishop of London.

The deanery of St. Paul's, vacant by the death of Dr. Milman, has been conferred by the Queen's letters patent on the Rev. Henry Longueville Mansel, D.D., Regius Professor of Ecclesiastical History in the university of Oxford.

The deanery of Lichfield, vacant by the death of Dr. Howard, is conferred on the Rev. Weldon Champneys, M.A., canon of St. Paul's; and the Rev. Robert Gregory, vicar of St. Mary-the-Less, Lambeth, is appointed to the canonry thus vacant.

The Rev. Francis Knyvett Leighton, D.D. is appointed a canon of Westminster, in the place of the Rev. Ernest Hawkins, deceased; and the Rev. George Prothero, rector of Whippingham, in the Isle of Wight, is (by special grace of Her Majesty) appointed canon of the same church, as successor to Dr. Wordsworth.

The Rev. Professor Lightfoot, D.D. is appointed examining-chaplain to the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Rev. Edmund H. Fisher resident and domestic chaplain.

#### *The State.*

*Nov. 7.* Colonel Thomas Edward Taylor, M.P. was sworn of the Privy Council, and took the oath of Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

*Dec. 2.* Henry Lowther, esq. to be Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the counties of Westmerland and Cumberland, in the room of the Earl of Lonsdale, resigned.

Rt. Hon. R. E. Warren (Attorney-General for Ireland) to be Judge of the Court of Probate in Ireland, *vice* Keatinge, retired.

John T. Ball, LL.D. appointed Attorney-General for Ireland, and sworn a Privy Councillor; Henry Ormsby, esq. Q.C. Solicitor-General, and the Hon. David Plunket, Law Adviser, in succession to Mr. Shaw, Q.C. (These appointments became vacant the next day, on the resignation of the Disraeli ministry).

Mr. Maurice Keatings (son of Judge Keatinge) to be Marshal of the Court of Admiralty in Ireland; being already one of the principal registrars of the Court of Probate, and Registrar of the Court of Faculties.

Mr. C. W. Freemantle, late private secretary to Mr. Disraeli, has been appointed Deputy Master and Comptroller of the Mint.

Sir Francis E. Sandford, lately Assistant-Secretary at the Privy Council Office, has been appointed Assistant Under-Secretary of State at the Colonial Office, in the place of Mr. Thomas Frederick Elliott, retired.

Colonel Sir Edward Robert Wetherall, K.C.S.I., C.B. and A.D.C. to Her Majesty, has vacated the office of Deputy-Quartermaster-General for that of permanent Under-Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant.

#### *The Law.*

Robert Boyle Blackburn, esq. advocate, to be Sheriff of the shire of Stirling, in the room of George Moir, esq. resigned.

Mr. Thomas Kemmis, Crown Solicitor of the Leinster Circuit, to be Solicitor to the Crown and Treasury in Scotland, in succession to Mr. Thomas Mostyn deceased.

The Recordship of Maidstone, resigned by Sir Walter Riddell, has been conferred on Mr. R. H. B. Marsham, of the Home Circuit.

*Nov. 12.* Appointed Queen's Counsel by letters patent: James Moncreiff, esq. Dean of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland; Edward Strathearn Gordon, esq. Lord Advocate for Scotland; George Young, esq. Member of the Faculty of Advocates; and John Millar, esq. Solicitor-General for Scotland.

*Dec. 8.* To be Queen's Counsel: William Golden Lumley, of the Inner Temple, esq. (Secretary of the Poor Law Board); Edmund FitzMoore, of the Middle Temple, esq. (the compiler of Moore's *Privy Council Reports*); Sir Patrick M'Chombaich De Colquhoun, knt. LL.D. of the Inner Temple (a late judge of the Ionian Islands and an eminent Greek scholar); Granville Robert Henry Somerset, of the Inner Temple, esq.; Charles Parker Butt, of Lincoln's-inn, esq.; and Vernon Lushington, of the Inner Temple, esq. (son of the Right Hon. Dr. Lushington).

To be Queen's Counsel in Ireland: the Hon. David Plunket, John Richardson, G. O'Malley, Charles Leech, C. H. Woodrooff, Henry Fitzgibbon, Robert Carsen, William F. Johnson, Francis Meade, Harston Robinson, J. H. Monahan, and R. W. Gambie, esqs.



## BIRTHS.

- Nov.* 10. At Southwold, the Hon. Mrs. Edward V. R. Powys, a son.
- Nov.* 11. At Toronto, Canada West, the wife of Neil Rodger, esq. Deputy-Assistant-Commissary-General, a dau.
- At Leighton Hall, Shropshire, the wife of Major T. Legh Thursby, a dau.
- At Leamington, the wife of Harry C. Willes, Capt. R. Welsh Fusiliers, a dau.
- Nov.* 12. At Rugby, the wife of John Lane, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.
- At Argyll-road, the Hon. Mrs. Roper Curzon, a son.
- At Parkside, the wife of William Menzies, esq. deputy-surveyor of Windsor Forest and Parks, a son.
- Nov.* 13. At Richmond, Mrs. W. H. Brougham, a dau.
- At Cokethorpe-park, Witney, the wife of Capt. John A. Fane, a dau.
- At Gloucester-terrace, Hyde-park, the wife of Augustus Gore, esq. a dau.
- At South-street, Park-lane, the Viscountess Hood, a son.
- At Anglesey, Hants, the wife of Lieut.-Col. D. E. Hoste, C.B., Royal Art. a son.
- At Avoch House, Ross-shire. N.B., the wife of Alick Lawrence, esq. Bengal Civil Service, a dau.
- At Dublin, the wife of Major Molony, D.L. of Kiltanon, co. Clare, a dau.
- At Carshalton-hill, Sutton, the wife of G. H. Mortimer, esq. a ninth son.
- At Dover, the wife of Charles Parsons, M.D. a dau.
- At Buckland, Faringdon, the Hon. Mrs. Albert Stourton, a dau.
- Nov.* 14. At Holmbush, Surrey, the wife of John Vans Agnew, esq. a dau.
- At Frenches, Red-hill, Surrey, Mrs. Fredk. Campion, a dau.
- At the Manor House, Abbot's Langley, Herts, Lady Canning, a son.
- At Worthing, the wife of Captain the Hon. C. C. Chetwynd, a dau.
- At Foxwood, Dumfries. N.B. the wife of R. W. Ewart, esq. of Allershaw, a son.
- At Kensington, the wife of Seymour Montague Leslie, esq. a son.
- At Irton Hall, Cumberland, the wife of J. O. Ryder, esq. a son.
- At Eaton-terrace, the Lady Harriet Fletcher, a son.
- Nov.* 15. At Severn Grange, Worcester, the wife of Major C. C. Johnson, a son.
- At Manhead-park, Exeter, Lady Newman, a dau.
- At Langley-priory, Leicestershire, the wife of C. Shakespear, esq. a son.
- At 22, Leinster-square, the wife of Colonel William A. Stratton, a dau.
- At Belgrave-road, S.W. Mrs. Augustus F. Warburton, a son.
- At Eton, the wife of the Rev. Charles Wolley Dod, a son.
- Nov.* 16. At Plumstead, the wife of Major Charles Cheetham, R.A. a son.
- At Dorset-square, the wife of C. W. Elwes, esq. M.D. a dau.
- Nov.* 17. The wife of Rev. F. J. Aldrich Blake, M.A. Rector of Welsh Bicknor, a dau.
- At Porchester-square, the wife of T. Ll. Murray Browne, barrister, a son.
- At Cheltenham, the wife of Captain Christian, R.N. a dau.
- At Brighton, the wife of Edward L. Ormerod, esq. M.D. a son.
- At Park-street, Grosvenor-square, the wife of Charles Raymond Pelly, esq. a dau.
- At Kensington, the wife of Captain H. Pym, R.E. a son.
- At St. Leonard's, the Lady Susan Smith, a son.
- At Wineanton, the wife of James Surridge, M.D. a son.
- At Bourne-bank, Worcester, the wife of the Rev. W. H. Temple, a son.
- The wife of E. W. Verner, M.P. a son.
- Lady Constance Wyndham, a son.
- Nov.* 18. The wife of Captain Basil Boothby, York, a dau.
- At Southsea, the wife of Lieutenant Charles A. Crespin, R.N. a dau.
- At Donnybrook, the wife of Richard Seymour Guinness, esq. a son.
- At Kildwick-vicarage, Yorkshire, the wife of Rev. Henry Salwey, a dau.
- At 22, Manchester-square, the wife of T. H. Tristram, esq. D.C.L. a son.
- Nov.* 19. At Wyddial Hall, Herts, the wife of Edw. Heaton-Ellis, esq. a son.
- At Southsea, the wife of Captain Kennedy, R.N. C.B. a dau.
- At Henrietta-street, Cavendish-sq. the wife of E. T. Leighton, M.B. a dau.
- At Badminton, the wife of Colonel Edward Somerset, C.B. a dau.
- Nov.* 20. At Ballynew House, Castlebar, the wife of H. M. Anketell Jones, esq. a dau.
- At Sackville-street, the wife of Tilbury Fox, M.D. Lond. M.R.C.P. a dau.
- At East Moulsey, the wife of Edward P. Monckton, esq. a son.





The wife of Rev. J. H. Ransome, Lindale Parsonage, Grange-in-Cartmel, a son.

At Clapham-common, the wife of Sharon Grote Turner, esq. a dau.

*Nov.* 21. At Whitehall-gardens, Lady Emily Peel, a dau.

At Stoke Talmage, Oxfordshire, the Hon. Mrs. William Byron, a dau.

At 21, Westbourne-place, Eaton-sq. the wife of Herbert Winnington Domville, esq. a son.

At Reigate, Surrey, the wife of F. M. Halliday, esq. Bengal Civil Serv. a dau.

*Nov.* 22. At Upper Hyde-park-street, the wife of Samuel Hoare, esq. a dau.

At Stamford, the wife of Oct. N. Simpson, esq. J.P. a son.

*Nov.* 23. At Queen-street, Mayfair, the Hon. Mrs. Reginald Cholmondeley, a dau.

The wife of A. R. Kenyon, esq. Henington House, Oxford, a son.

At Kimbolton, the wife of Capt. Welstead, a dau.

*Nov.* 24. At Godalming, Lady Swinburne, a son.

At Stanhope-street, Hyde-park-gardens, the wife of Capt. E. N. Molesworth Kindersley, 19th Regt. a son.

At Ryde, the wife of Capt. J. W. Pike, R.N. a son.

*Nov.* 25. At Darmstadt, Princess Louis of Hesse (Princess Alice), a prince.

At Gloucester-street, Belgravia, the wife of Edward Hay Ley, esq. a son.

*Nov.* 26. At Green-street, Park-lane, the Lady Caroline Ingham, a dau.

At Park-street, Grosvenor-square, the Hon. Mrs. Leighton, a son.

At Brighton, the wife of the Hon. N. Leslie Melville, a dau.

At Petersham-terrace, the Hon. Mrs. Perceval, twins, son and dau.

At Malvern, the wife of the Rev. G. T. Stuart-Menteath, a son.

*Nov.* 27. At 31, Onslow-gardens, the wife of H. Gough Arbuthnot, esq. a son.

At Dublin, the Lady Harriet Lynch Blosse, a son.

At Landford, Salisbury, the wife of Capt. the Hon. H. Nelson, R.N. a son.

*Nov.* 28. At St. James's Palace, the Countess Gleichen, a dau.

At Crewc-hill, Farndon, Cheshire, the wife of Major Barnston, a son.

At Loxbear, Devon, the wife of the Rev. Charles Hole, a son.

At Westcott-vicarage, the wife of the Rev. W. H. Karslake, a son.

At Fair Oak-park, Hants, the wife of the Rev. F. Wilkinson, a son.

At St. Luke's-road, Westbourne-park, the wife of F. G. A. Williams, esq. of Lincoln's-inn, barrister-at-law, a dau.

*Nov.* 29. At Springwood-park, Kelso, Lady Scott Douglas, a son.

At the Manor-house, Eton-college, the wife of the Rev. G. R. Dupuis, a dau.

*Nov.* 30. At High Elms, the wife of Sir John Lubbock, Bart. F.R.S. a dau.

At 9, Clifton-place, Hyde-park, the wife of Major Ashton C. Warner, 20th Hussars, a son.

*Dec.* 1. At Scotby Parsonage, Carlisle, the wife of the Rev. George Burnett, twin sons.

The wife of the Rev. H. Hill, Buxhall Lodge, Suffolk, a son.

At Bonehill, Tamworth, the wife of the Rev. G. H. Wayte, a dau.

*Dec.* 2. At North Lodge, Kineton, the wife of Arthur J. Armstrong, late Captain 16th Lancers, twin sons.

*Dec.* 4. At Reigate, the Lady Richard Browne, a son.

At Onslow-square, London, Mrs. Ralph Disraeli, a dau.

Lady Catherine Loftus, a dau.

The wife of the Rev. Charles Neville, Fledborough rectory, a son.

*Dec.* 5. At Stone-house, East Grinstead, Lady Adela Larking, a son.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Major Cecil Rice, 72nd Highlanders, a dau.

At Merriem-square, North Dublin, the Hon. Mrs. Smyly, a dau.

*Dec.* 6. At Charles-street, Berkeley-sq. the Lady Mary Herbert, a dau.

At the Rectory, Wolverhampton, the wife of the Rev. J. H. Iles, a son.

At Wherwell vicarage, Andover, Hants, the wife of the Rev. J. O. M. West, a dau.

*Dec.* 7. At Farnley-lodge, near Leeds, the wife of William James Armitage, esq. a son.

At Laumas-hall, Norfolk, the wife of F. B. Astley, esq. a son.

At Boultham-hall, Lincoln, the wife of Major R. G. Ellison, a son.

At Chilton-lodge, Sudbury, Suffolk, the wife of G. A. Foster, esq. a dau.

At Hertford-street, Mayfair, the wife of Henry Thomas Lambert, of Sandhills, Bletchingley, esq. a son.

*Dec.* 8. At Westbourne, Sussex, the wife of the Rev. W. H. Irvine, twin sons.

At Felixstowe, Suffolk, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Jervis-White-Jervis, R.A. M.P. a dau.

At Sussex-square, Hyde-park, the wife of Wm. Nicholson, esq. M.P. a dau.

At Hill-house, Stowmarket, the wife of Hervey Aston Oake, esq. a son.



*Dec. 9.* At Eaton-square, the Princess Soltykoff, a son and heir.

At Longstowe-hall, Mrs. Sidney Stanley, a son.

*Dec. 10.* At Thames Ditton, the wife of Major Charles Ellis, a son.

At St. James's-square, the wife of Henry Hoare, esq. a son.

At Ludlow, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel Kennion, R.A. a son.

*Dec. 11.* At Paris, the wife of Commander B. J. Cooper, R.N. a dau.

At Harrow-on-the-Hill, the wife of W. R. Fisher, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Southside, Glasgow, the wife of the Rev. Wm. Keith, a dau.

At Dublin, the wife of the Right Hon. Mr. Justice Morris, a dau.

At Oxford-terrace, Hyde-park, the wife of Thomas A. Riddell-Carre, esq. a son.

*Dec. 12.* At Phillimore-gardens, Kensington, Mrs. Archer, a son.

At Edinburgh, the wife of J. C. Burton, esq. M.D. Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, a son.

*Dec. 13.* At the rectory, Spitalfields, the wife of Rev. Sam. Bardsley, a son.

At Newport, co. Tipperary, the wife of Henry Dwyer, esq. M.D. a son.

At Camden-square, the wife of John W. Booth, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

*Dec. 14.* At Granville-place, Portman-square, Lady Katharine Buchanan, a dau.

At Gloucester-st. Warwick-sq. the wife of R. W. Elliot Forster, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

At the rectory, Upham, Hants, the wife of the Rev. R. S. Gubbins, a son.

## MARRIAGES.

*Oct. 6.* At Kurrachee, Seinde, John George Moore, esq. Civil Service, eldest son. of Lieut.-Gen. G. Moore, Bombay Army, to Frances Harriet, eldest dau. of Lieut.-Col. Bacon, Assist.-Adjutant-Gen. Seinde Division.

*Oct. 31.* At Dawlish, the Hon. George William James Lysaght, second son of Lord Lisle, to Amy Emily, eldest surviving dau. of the late Ayliffe Langford, esq. of St. Heliers, Jersey.

*Nov. 5.* At Brighton, Somerville Frederic, youngest son of the late Major Bayntun, 6th Dragoon Guards, to Mary Julia, youngest dau. of the late G. Fleming, esq. of Kingsdown, Bristol.

At Letheringsett, Norfolk, by the Rev. Henry Jodrell, uncle of the bride, Major Fred. John Nash Ind, late of 37th Regt. to Marianne, youngest dau. of the late Edward Jodrell, esq. of Bayfield-hall.

*Nov. 7.* At St. James's Piccadilly, Major William Palliser, to Anna, eldest dau. of the late Charles Perham, esq.

*Nov. 10.* At Knightsbridge, the Earl of March, eldest son of the Duke of Richmond, K.G. to Amy Mary, eldest dau. of Percy Ricardo, esq.

At Llanrhydd, T. Henry Ashton, esq. of Temple Laugharne, Worcestershire, to Henrietta, youngest dau. of Mrs. Walker, of Bathfarn-park, Denb.

At Ealing, by the Rev. J. W. Lee, head master of Hartlebury Grammar School, cousin of the bride, John Ed-

ward Bale, esq. Lieut. 1st W.I. Regt. to Charlotte Gordon Lee, eldest dau. of the late W. H. A. Johnson, esq. J.P. Bahamas.

At Instow, North Devon, Charles Boyle, of the Inner Temple, barrister-at-law, to Mary Jane, younger dau. of the late James Schofield, esq. of Brookhouse, Rochdale, and widow of the late Henry Butterworth, esq. of Southport, and formerly of Rochdale.

At Dover, John Henry, eldest son of Lady Isabella and John Gordon, esq. of Aikenhead, N.B. to Marianne, second surviving dau. of the Hon. J. Augustus Erskine, and niece of the Earl of Kellie.

At Brotherton, Capt. W. P. Hodnett, 54th Regt. son of the late W. P. Hodnett, esq. R.N. to Maude, second dau. of the late G. A. Staniland, esq. Brotherton Hall, Yorkshire.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, the Rev. W. N. Heathcote, Rector of Ditteridge, Wilts. to Isabella Lingwood, dau. of the late R. Duppa Toovey, esq.

At St. Magnus, London, the Rev. John David Jones, Vicar of Colwyn, North Wales, to Henrietta Maria, third dau. of the late Jeremiah Evans, esq. of Clapham-rise.

At Brighton, the Rev. Roderick B. Mackenzie, M.A. Vicar of St. Peter-at-Gowts, Lincoln, son of John Mackenzie, esq. formerly of Malta, to Josepha Peyton, eldest dau. of the late Richard





Robertson, esq. of Devonshire-street, Portland-place.

At St. Francis Xavier's, Liverpool, Laurence J. N. Macnamara, M.D. to Frances D'Urban, seventh dau. of the late Major-Gen. Stephen Arthur Goodman, C.E. and K.H.

At Petistree, Suffolk, by the Rev. Edward James Moor, Rector of Great Bealings, George Moor, esq. of Woodbridge, Suffolk, to Caroline Conroy Richards, of Java-lodge, Petistree, only dau. of the late Captain Scipio Edward Richards.

At Bayswater, Philip Albert Myburgh, esq. of the Inner Temple, barrister-at-law, to Anna, elder dau. of Alexander McDonald, esq.

Nov. 11. At Poplar, Thomas A. Andrus, Captain 1st West York Militia, of Seadbury, Kent, to Julia, only dau. of W. P. Bain, M.D. and granddau. of the late Sir William Bain, R.N.

At Dover, the Rev. N. Howard McGachen, incumbent of St. Mark's, North End, Portsmouth, to Mary Ann, youngest dau. of the late Robert Wray, esq. benchor of the Middle Temple.

Nov. 12. At Alloa, N.B. Rear-Admiral T. G. Forbes to Anne Leonora, dau. of the late Rev. Washington Hallen.

At St. John's, Lewisham-road, Charles Duncan Lee, esq. R.N. second son of Capt. W. V. Lee, late of Greenwich Hospital, to Lavinia Mary (Ibbie), eldest surviving dau. of Capt. Richd. Thomas, R.N.

Nov. 14. At Edinburgh, William Talbot Crosbie, esq. of Ardferd Abbey, Kerry, to Mary Jane, dau. of the late Sir Henry Torrens, K.C.B. and relict of Sir Ralph Abercrombie Anstruther, Bart. of Balcaiskie.

Nov. 16. At Birnam. Albert Charles Lewis Gotthilf Gunther, A.M. M.D. Ph.D. F.R.S. F.Z.S. &c. to Roberta, dau. of J. McIntosh, esq. St. Andrew's.

Nov. 17. At Streatham, the Rev. D. A. Doudney, D.D. Vicar of St. Luke's, Westminster, to Kate, dau. of the late W. Bell, esq. solicitor, of Bow-churchyard.

At Glasgow, Alexander Taylor M-Hattie, Ph.D. F.R.S. London, Canada West, to Mary Ann, fourth dau. of James Craig, esq.

At Sutton-at-Hone, Kent, John Kenning Smalman Masters, eldest son of the Rev. John Smalman Masters, M.A. of Shooter's-hill, Kent, to Eleanor Thomasina, youngest dau. of the late Thomas Sadleir, esq. of Ballinderry and Castletown, Tipperary.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, the Hon. H. L. Pepys to Ada, dau. of the late C. J. Coote, esq. Lieut.-Col. 18th R.I.

At St. Stephen's, Westbourne-park, the Rev. J. Senior, Rector of Compton Pauncefoot and Blackford, Somerset, to Ellen, dau. of G. Fursdon, esq. of Fursdon, Devon.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Charles Thomas Thornton, eldest son of the late John Thornton, esq. of P. E. Island, North America, J.P. to Frances Arabella, only dau. of Richard Vincent, esq. of Bedford, and granddau. of Gen. the late Hon. Frederick St. John.

At Feltham, by the Rev. Edward Thrupp, vicar, and the Rev. James Browell, Morton Frederic Thrupp, esq. Royal Canadian Rifles, late of 4th King's Own Royals, to Rachel Frances, second dau. of E. M. Browell, esq.

Nov. 18. At St. Luke's, Chelsea, John Alexander MacMunn, esq. M.D. staff-surgeon, Royal Hospital, Chelsea, to Charlotte Edith, youngest dau. of the Rev. George Matthias, M.A. chaplain of the Royal Hospital, and chaplain in ordinary to the Queen.

At Rudham, the Rev. F. P. Willington, M.A. Rector of Over Worton, and Vicar of Nether Worton, Oxon, to Mary, dau. of Mr. E. Sherringham, of Coxford Abbey, Norfolk.

Nov. 19. At St. James's Chapel Dingwall, N.B. Alfred Robert Catton, M.A. Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge, to Mary, dau. of Hugh Mackenzie, esq. of Ardross and Dundonnell, Ross-shire.

At Christ Church, Lancaster-gate, Frederick Carr Swinnerton Dyer, esq. late Captain 75th regiment, third son of Sir Thomas Dyer, Bart. to Frances Margaret, only dau. of the late Sir William Ogle Carr, knt. chief-justice of Ceylon.

At Charlton King's, William Henry Newport, brever-Major Bombay Staff Corps, to Caroline Tunno, youngest dau. of J. Stanley Clarke, esq. late of Bengal Civil Service.

Nov. 21. At St. George's, Hanover-sq. Edward Bromley, of the Inner Temple, youngest son of the late Admiral Sir Robert Howe Bromley, Bart. to Emma Georgina, fourth dau. of William Hamner, esq. of Bodnod.

At Ramsgate, Wm. M. P. Coghlan, esq. B.C.S. Judge of the District of Ahmedabad, in the East Indies, eldest son of Major-Gen. Sir Wm. M. Coghlan, K.C.B. to Mary Josephine, only



dau. of the late Kedo Molloy, esq. of the King's County.

At St. John the Evangelist's, Penge, George Stephen Crisford, esq. son of the late G. S. Crisford, esq. of Clapton, to Annie E. L. Northcote, elder dau. of the late S. J. G. Northcote, esq. R.N. of Chatham Dockyard.

At the Catholic Church, Lucan, county Dublin, Nicholas Robert, eldest son of Robert Roskell, esq. of Park-house, Fulham, to Elizabeth J. Moran, dau. of William Moran, esq. of St. Edmundsbury, Lucan, county Dublin.

*Nov. 23.* At St. John's, Oxford-square, London, William R. Bell, esq. M.D. of Cambridge-street, Hyde-park, to Julie, only dau. of M. Victor Destude de Blanay, Conncillor of State, St. Petersburg.

*Nov. 24.* At the Cathedral, Londonderry, Walter Green, esq. J.P. Government-house, Londonderry, to Annie King Munn, second dau. of John Munn, esq. J.P. Crawford-sq. Londonderry.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, the Rev. T. R. Turnock, Vicar of St. Mary-le-Tower, Ipswich, to Louisa, only surviving dau. of the late William Jones, esq. of Fulwood-lodge, Liverpool.

At St. Barnabas Church, Kensington, Thomas William West, esq. of Miningsby, Lincolnshire, to Harriet Mary, second dau. of Edw. Westall, esq. M.D. of Kensington.

*Nov. 25.* At Great Budworth, Richard Alexander Oswald, esq. eldest son of George Oswald, esq. of Auchincruive, Scotland, to Maude Smith Barry, second sister of A. H. Smith Barry, esq. M.P.

At North Perrott, Somerset, Capt. Selwyn, R.N. to Mary Ann Elizabeth, only dau. of the Rev. Henry Hoskins.

At Pimperne, Blandford, by the Rev. T. W. Bury, brother of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Henry Wright, brother of the bridegroom, Philip, youngest son of Francis Wright, of Osmaston-manoir, to Alice Elizabeth, dau. of the Rev. William Bury, rector of Pimperne.

*Nov. 26.* At Turin, Colonel Thomas Brougham, R.A. to Mary Montgomery, youngest dau. of the late William McAdam Steuart, of West Wickham, Kent, esq.

At St. Bartholomew, St. Pancras, Middlesex, Jas. Brunton, esq. of Broomlands, Kelso, to Ellen Marian, only dau. of Montague Gossett, esq. of Doughty-street.

At St. Bartholomew's, Crosswell,

Northumberland, by the Rev. John H. Jenkinson, uncle of the bride, Alexander Henderson Lea, esq. son of the late Very Rev. John Lee, D.D. Principal of the university of Edinburgh, to Elizabeth Seymour, eldest dau. of the late Oswin Addison Baker Cresswell, of Harehope, esq. and granddau. of Addison John Baker Cresswell, of Cresswell, esq.

At St. James's, Piccadilly, Percy Dixwell Nowell, son of the Rev. Montagu Oxenden, Rector of Eastwell, Kent, to Isabella, only surviving dau. of the Lady Louisa and the late Hon. and Rev. Daniel H. Finch Hatton.

At Sowton, near Exeter, John Kinnnersley Smythies, barrister, to Emily Mary, only dau. of the late Capt. Francis Stanfell, R.N. and widow of J. B. Sanders, esq. of Exeter.

At the church of the Assumption, Warwick-street, by the Very Rev. Provost Hunt, uncle of the bride, Thomas Synnott, esq. of Dublin, to Mary, only child of Peter Hunt, esq.

At Kirkthorpe, Yorkshire, by the Rev. William Thursby, John Hardy Thursby, of Ormerod-house, Lancashire, to Louisa Harriet, second dau. of John George Smyth, esq. of Heath-hall, Yorkshire.

*Nov. 28.* At St. George's, Hanover-square, London, Roger Eykyn, esq. M.P. to the Hon. Mary Caroline Mostyn, eldest dau. of Lord Vaux of Harrowden.

At All Saints', Knightsbridge, John Carpenter Garnier, esq. to the Hon. Mary Louisa Trefusis.

At St. Peter's, by the Rev. Joseph T. Bell, LL.D. vicar of Reynagh, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, Henry Hodson Hooke, esq. Capt. 45 Regt. (Sherwood Foresters), son of the late Bridges J. Hooke, esq. Capt. 34th Regt. to Lucy, youngest dau. of the late Joseph Hone, esq. jun. of Dublin.

At the parish-church, Glencolumbkille, county of Donegal, by the Rev. S. O'Neill Cox, A.B. Rector, father of the bride, assisted by his brother the Rev. Michael Bell Cox, A.B. J.P. incumbent of Glenties, James Henry Ussher, esq. A.B. M.B. Army Medical Staff, youngest son of Lieutenant-Colonel Ussher, late Her Majesty's 95th Regt. to Eleanor Margaret O'Neill, eldest surviving dau. of the Rev. S. O'Neill Cox.

*Dec. 1.* At St. John's Notting-hill, London, Thomas Carlisle, esq. late Captain 90th Light Infantry, son of the late Thomas Carlisle, esq. to Charlotte, dau. of the late W. J. Ffennell, esq.





J.P. Her Majesty's Commissioner and Inspector of Salmon Fisheries.

At St. John the Evangelist's, Fitzroy-square, the Rev. Francis Henry Dennis, of St. John's college, Cambridge, to Anne Maria Emma, dau. of Major D. C. Ramsay, late of the Hyderabad Contingent.

At St. Peter's, Leeds, F. W. Haydon, esq. to Robina, dau. of the late Sir Peter Fairbairn, knight.

At Graveney, the Rev. Henry Lambert, B.A. Corpus Christi coll. Cambridge, Rector of Goodnestone, son of J. K. Lambert, esq. of South Hackney, to Mary, dau. of H. Minter, esq. of Graveney-court, Kent.

At Leith, the Rev. Hugh Arbuthnott Lyell, of Auchter-house, son of the late Rev. David Lyell and the Hon. Catherine Arbuthnott, to Elizabeth, dau. of the late Robert Hardie, esq.

At Bath, Sir Robert Murray, of Hillhead, N.B. Bart. to Laura, widow of the late Rev. W. H. Crawford, of Haughley-park, Suffolk, and dau. of the late Rev. Charles Taylor, Rector of Biddisham, Somerset.

Dec. 2. At St. George's, Hanover-square, Viscount Andover, eldest son of the Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire, to Mary Eleanor Lauderdale, fourth dau. of the Hon. Henry Coventry.

At Criccieth, North Wales, Major Bracken, H.M.'s Bengal Staff Corps, to Miss Mary Jane Griffiths, dau. of the late John Griffiths, esq. of Bryntics.

At St. Mary Abbot's, Kensington, Arthur Adolphe Crosbie, of Ealing, son of the late Arthur Aurelius Crosbie, esq. of Weybridge, and great-grandson of the late Earl of Glendore, to Emmeline Titley, dau. of the late David Brandon, esq. of Jamaica.

At Brompton, by the Rev. Richard Howard Frizell, M.A. father of the bridegroom, John Bruckfield Frizell, Capt. 14th Regt. to Mary, dau. of W. H. Chippendale, esq. of Brompton-sq.

At Clonmore, co. Wexford, by the Rev. James Richards, rector of Cloydah, uncle to the bride, James Jocelyn Glascott, esq. H.M.'s 32nd Regt. son of W. M. Glascott, of Alderton, esq. D.L. J.P. to Anna, dau. of John Richards, of Maemine-castle, esq. J.P.

At Neuchâtel, Switzerland, Thomas B. Hanham, Commander R.N. of Manston-house, Dorset, son of the late Sir James Hanham, Bart. of Dean's-court, Wimborne, to Edith Mary, widow of the late Major John Swinburn, 18th Royal Irish Regiment.

At St. Mary's Bishophill Junior, York, Julius, son of the late Venerable Henry Jeffreys, Archdeacon of Bombay, to Frances Eliza, dau. of the late Richard Cobb, esq.

Dec. 3. At St. James's, Garlickhithe, by the Rev. T. S. Fraser Rawlins, Rector of Clifton Campville, brother of the bride, Lieut.-Col. William Dunn Bishop, of H. M.'s Bengal Native Infantry, son of the late Col. S. P. Bishop, to Emily Charlotte Hook, daughter of the late Rev. R. Rawlins, of Limehouse.

At the church of the Holy Trinity, Brompton, John, son of John Burton, esq. M.D. Walsall, Staffordshire, to Jemima Matilda, daughter of the late Captain Forrest, R.N.

At St. Gabriel's Pimlico, Henry Theophilus Clements, of Ashfield Lodge, county of Cavan, Lieut.-Col. Leitrim Rifles, to Gertrude Caroline Lucy, dau. of the late Rev. D. F. Markham, Canon of Windsor.

At St. Pancras, Robert Duke, esq. of New Park, co. Sligo, to Amelia Charlotte, daughter of the late John George Cromartie, esq. of Jersey.

At Hartley Wintney, Hants, James Hales Shirreff, jun. esq. of Exmouth, to Catherine Palmer, of the Beckets, Hartley Wintney, daughter of the late Philip Palmer, esq.

At Usworth church, by the Rev. H. Elleson, rector of Melsomby, Yorkshire, uncle of the bridegroom, William George, son of John A. Woods, esq. Benton Hall, Northumberland, to Frances Helen, daughter of Thomas Bell, esq. Usworth House, Durham.

At Tulliallan, Perthshire, James Baird Wright, esq. Great St. Helen's, London, to Willieminna, dau. of the late Alex. Stanhouse, esq. banker, Warrington.

Dec. 4. Count Edward Cahen. (d'Anvers), son of Count Meyer Cahen (d'Anvers), to Christian Spartali, dau. of Michael Spartali, esq.

Dec. 5. At Christ church, Folkstone, Frederick William Greene, esq. to Isabella, eldest daughter of the late George Taylor, esq. M.D. Deputy-Inspector-General of Army Hospitals.

Dec. 6. At Belgrave church, near Leicester, by the father of the bride, William Hew, eldest son of the late Major-General Dunn, R.A. of Inglewood, Berks, esq. to Agnes Tyringham, youngest daughter of the Rev. Richard Stephens, Vicar of Belgrave.

Dec. 8. At Camberwell, William Casberd Boteler, of Taplow, Bucks, esq. Lieutenant Royal Navy, to Lizzie



Aubin Florence, dau. of John H. Paul, M.D.

At St. George's, Bloomsbury, the Rev. Ernest P. Cachemaille, B.A. curate of St. Pancras, to Susan Elizabeth, daughter of the late F. C. Wright, esq. of Kensington.

At St. Andrew's church, Sir James Liston Foulis, Bart. of Clinton, to Sarah Helen, eldest daughter of Sir Charles M. Ochterlony, Bart. of Ochterlony.

At the Manse, Kincardine O'Neil, by the father of the bride, Alexander Dalziel Keith, M.D. and C.M., Aboyne, to Agnes Fordyce, dau. of Rev. George Cook, D.D.

At Weston-super-Mare, Major T. Charleton Merrick, Bengal Staff Corps, to Emily, dau. of the late Spearman Johnstone, esq. of York.

At Burton-on-Trent, the Rev. Morris Piddocke, B.A. Pembroke college, Cambridge, and curate of Reapsmoor and Newton, to Mary, second dau. of Wm. Hanson, esq. of Burton.

At Llanarth, co. Cardigan, by the Rev. David Lewis Jones, B.A. curate of Abergwilli, brother of the bride, the Rev. William Rees, curate of Llan-gunllo, to Sarah Elizabeth, eldest dau. of John Jones, esq. Fronwen, Llanarth.

At Talaton, Devon, George Edward, son of the late Edward Stanley, esq. of Ponsobry-hall, Cumberland, to Susan Elizabeth, dau. of the Rev. Philip William Douglas.

At St. Mary's Bath, Thomas Tyers, esq. B.A. son of Thomas Tyers Tyers, esq. of Darlington-courrt, Bath, and grandson of the late Admiral Thomas Brown, to Mary Elizabeth, dau. of Capt. Tom, R.N. of Millbrook, Devon.

At Preston, Francis Dalrymple Walters, esq. Capt. H.M.'s 44th Regt. to Annie, dau. of the late Hugh Dawson, esq. West Cliff, Preston.

*Dec. 9.* At Corrie, Isle of Arran, James Allan, esq. J.P. of Claulands, Arran, to Eliza, dau. of the late Robert Jamieson, of Brodick.

At Wolstanton, by the Rev. R. Mountford Wood, rector of Aldbury, Herts, uncle to the bride, Richard Pirie Copeland, esq. of Kibblesome-hall, Stone, son of the late Mr. Alderman Copeland, to Emily Henrietta, dau. of E. T. W. Wood, esq. of Watlands, Staffordshire.

At St. James's Piccadilly, the Earl of Ellesmere to Lady Katharine Louisa, second dau. of the Marquess and Marchioness of Normanby.

At the cathedral, Salisbury, the Hon. and Rev. Sidney Meade, third son of the

Earl of Clanwilliam, to Lucy Emma, second dau. of the late J. H. Jacob, esq. of The Close, Salisbury.

At Taliaris chapel, David Long Price, of Talley-house, in the county of Carmarthen, esq. to Susanne, dau. of William Peel, of Taliaris-park, esq.

At Prestbury, Gibbon Bayley Worthington, esq. of Sharston-hall, Cheshire, to Marianne, dau. of Henry Brocklehurst, esq. of Foden Bank, Macclesfield.

*Dec. 10.* At St. Anne's, Highgate, Christopher H. Barnes, esq. M.D. F.R.C.S. of Beech-honse, Tottenham, to Mary Anne, dau. of the late William Wall, esq. of Highgate.

At Middleham, Yorkshire, by the Rev. C. Smeetham Booty, of Hackness, Scarborough, brother of the bride, Charles, son of the late John Clark, esq. of Walthamstow, to Caroline Sarah, dau. of the Rev. Myles G. Booty, Rector of Middleham.

At Bridgwater, Charles, son of Robert Cullum, esq. of Leonard Stanley, Gloucestershire, late collector of H.M.'s Customs, Newport, to Ellen, dau. of Edw. Lilly, esq. J.P. of Bridgwater.

At St. Philip's, Kensington, William Henry Lovejoy, M.D. of 24, Portman-street, Portman-square, to Catherine Mary, dau. of John Maclean, esq. of 4, Pembroke-gardens, Kensington.

At Charlton-house, Kent, the seat of Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, Bart. uncle of the bride, Charles Robertson, esq. of Kindeace, Ross-shire, to Helena Emma, dau. of John Maryon Wilson, esq. of Fitzjohns, Essex.

*Dec. 11.* At Loughton, Essex, Philip Mann Browne, esq. of Fornham All Saints, in the county of Suffolk, to Edith Alice, dau. of John Buhner, esq. of The Warren, Loughton.

*Dec. 12.* At St. George's, Hanover-square, the Hon. Lionel Ashley, third son of the Earl of Shaftesbury, to Frances Elizabeth, youngest dau. of the late Capel Hanbury Leigh, esq. of Pontypool-park, Monmouthshire.

*Dec. 13.* At St. George's, Hanover-square, C. B. Caldwell, esq. of New Grange, co. Meath, Ireland, to Sophia Frances, dau. of the late Hon. W. Cust.

*Dec. 14.* At Glasgow, John M-Laren, esq. advocate, son of Duncan M-Laren, esq. M.P. to Ortille Anguste, dau. of H. L. Schwabe, esq. merchant, Glasgow.

*Dec. 15.* At Freshwater, I.W. Capt. T. C. S. Speedy, late of Lord Napier's Staff, Abyssinian Expedition, to Cornelia Mary, dau. of Benjamin Cotton, esq. of Afton, Freshwater.





## DEATHS.

*Nov. 7.* At Folkestone, aged 60, Mary Murray, youngest daughter of the late Colonel Sir Archibald Christie, K.C.H.

At Montpellier, Bath, Harriet, daughter of John and Elizabeth Clifton, late of Lytham Hall, Lancashire.

Aged 62, Major-General Charles Edward Faber, of the Royal (late Madras) Engineers, and of Cheltenham.

At St. John-street, Oxford, aged 82, Martha, only daughter of the late Francis Pyner, of Cheshunt, Herts, esq. widow of the Rev. Robert Edward Hughes, Rector of Shenington, Glouc.

At Queen's-terrace, St. John's-wood, Thomas Palethorpe, esq. M.D.

Aged 65, Emma, wife of Frederick Steiner, esq. of Hynburne House, Accrington, Lancashire.

At Theobalds Park, Waltham, aged 29, Henry Emmerson Westcar, esq. of the Royal Horse Guards, and of Herne Park, Kent.

*Nov. 8.* At East Dereham, Norfolk, aged 80, Charlotte, relict of the late Colville Browne, esq.

At Stafford, aged 43, Joseph Dacre, esq. M.A. and J.P. of Kirklington Hall, Cumberland.

At Furze-hill, Brighton, aged 38, Isabella, wife of J. E. H. Elwes, esq. of Stoke College, Suffolk.

At Nottingham-terrace, aged 81, Sophia Penny, widow of the late Rev. Win. Penny, of Foxhall, Upminster, Essex, and last surviving child of the late Right Rev. Samuel Goodenough, L.L.D. Bishop of Carlisle.

At Pendleton, Manchester, aged 68, Nathaniel Penry Rees, esq., formerly of Java and Singapore, grandson of Abraham Rees, D.D., F.R.S.

At Monson-house, Tunbridge-Wells, Charlotte, eldest daughter of the late Theodore Price, esq.

At Brighton, General Scott, formerly of the Scots Fusilier Guards, and colonel of the 36th Regt.

Frances, the wife of the Rev. John Windle, Vicar of Horndon-on-the-Hill, aged 42.

*Nov. 9.* At Wombwell, near Barnsley, aged 75, John Staniforth Beckett, esq. of The Knoll, Torquay.

At Buglawton Parsonage, Cheshire, aged 55, the Rev. Henry Rowland Bramwell. Perp. Curate (1858).

At Madeira, aged 31, Captain Alexander Dirom, of the Royal Engineers.

At Woodcote-place, Epsom, Surrey, aged 89, Mary, relict of the late James Elmslie, esq. of Woodcote-place, Epsom, and formerly of Aberdeen.

At Brighton, Mary Anne Emelia Gardiner, of Portman-square, London, daughter of the late Charles Wright Gardiner, esq. of Coombe Lodge, Oxon.

At Pau, aged 52, the Rev. James Hamilton, younger son of the late Professor Hamilton, M.D. of Edinburgh.

At Montreal, after a very brief illness Colonel G. R. H. Kennedy, Colonel on the Staff. During the Crimean War he commanded the dépôt at Scutari, and he has since commanded the Royal Artillery in Malta and Canada.

Captain William Henry Mathew, late H.M.'s 45th Regiment, aged 35.

At Cowley, near Exeter, aged 85, General Alexander Cavalie Mercer, Colonel-Commandant of the Royal Artillery.

At Greatford Hall, near Stamford, aged 81, Wilkinson Peacock, esq. late 9th Lt. Dragoons, a Deputy-Lieutenant and Magistrate of the county.

At Whitmore-park, near Coventry, Edward Phillips, M.D. M.R.C.P. and J.P. aged 51. At the time of his death, Dr. Phillips was the senior magistrate for the city of Coventry, physician to the Coventry and Warwickshire Hospital, surgeon-major to the 2nd Batt. Warwickshire Rifle Volunteers, honorary secretary to the Horticultural Society, &c. He was also a fellow of the Linnean and of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Societies.

*Nov. 10.* At Bebek, Constantinople, aged 35, Charles Billson, esq. civil eng. son of W. Billson, esq. of Leicester.

At Highlands, Amberley, Gloucestershire, aged 72, John Griffith Frith, esq. of Highlands, and 13, Winnole-street, J.P. for the county of Middlesex and for Westminster.

Of bronchitis, aged 80, the Reverend David Jones, Rector of Hope Baggot, Shropshire. He was of Christ Church college, Brecon; and was appointed to Hope Baggot 1840.

At Barnes, Surrey, aged 78, the Rev. Edward Law, D.D. late Chaplain during 44 years to the British factory at St. Petersburg and the Russia Company. He was of Christ Church, Oxford, B.A. 1812; M.A. 1815; B.D. and D.D. 1844.

At Blomfield-road, aged 73, Esther, eldest dau. of late Jacob Mocatta, esq.



At Montague-street, Russell-square, aged 76, Dr. Isaac Piddick.

At Kennington, aged 65, William Edward Shuckard, known by his many contributions to the advancement of entomological science.

*Nor. 11.* At Brighton, Henry Bacon, esq. of the Middle Temple.

At Shrewsbury, aged 82, Josepha, eldest daughter of the late Archdeacon Corbett, of Longnor Hall, Salop.

At the Vicarage, Walsingham, in the 82nd year of her age, Ann, relict of the late Rev. D. H. Lee Warner, of Walsingham Abbey, Norfolk, who died in 1858. She was the elder dau. and coheir of Francis Wm. T. Bridges, esq. of Tibberton Court, Heref.

At Queensborough-terrace, W. aged 38, Charlotte Anne, wife of Major-General Ferdinand Whittingham, C.B.

*Nor. 12.* At Houghton Hall, Yorkshire, aged 83, the Hon. Apollonia Mary, widow of Thomas Davison Bland, esq. of Kippax Park, Yorkshire. She was a daughter of the 16th Lord Scourton, was married in 1812, and left a widow in 1847.

At 120, Lower Baggot-street, Dublin, Mr. William Brocas, of the Royal Hibernian Academy. He was a versatile artist, as was evinced by his portraits both in oils and water-colours, as also by his figures and landscapes.

At Hastings, aged 39, Major John Hayes Grant, of the Bengal Staff Corps, eldest surviving son of Mrs. Grant, of 7, Harewood-square, London.

At Newfield-villas, Forest Hill, aged 64, James Orr, esq. formerly of the Island of Antigua.

At Clifton-gardens, Maida-vale, aged 84, Ann, widow of the late Charles Heath Sabin, esq. of Towcester, Northamptonshire, surgeon.

At Barber Wood, Yorkshire, aged 53, Captain Charles Yard, late of the 97th foot.

*Nor. 13.* At Isleworth, aged 35, Commander Thomas Thelwall Bullock, R.N. Knight of the Legion of Honour and Meljidie, third son of the late Rev. Thos. Bullock, Rector of Castle Eaton, and Vicar of Chisleton, Wilts.

At his residence, Clifton, Bristol, aged 72, John William Gascorne, esq.

At Clifton, Bristol, Henrietta, youngest daughter of the late Elliott Grassett, esq. of Barbadoes.

At Deptford, Kent, aged 36, Leonidas Baker Knott, esq.

*Nor. 14.* Thomas Eladen, of Oldfields, Uttoxeter, esq. in his 54th year.

At Balcombe, Sussex, of which parish he was upwards of 49 years Rector, aged 77, the Rev. Henry Rule Sarel. He was of Trinity College, Cambridge (B.A. 1814; M.A. 1817). He was also rural dean.

At Stockholm, aged 77, Baron Sjernelund, a distinguished Swedish statesman. He entered the diplomatic service in 1811. In 1813 he went to Germany with the Swedish Crown Prince, was appointed *chargé d'affaires* at the Hague in 1814, and came to London as Swedish Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in 1818. In 1838 he obtained the portfolio of Minister of Foreign Affairs at Stockholm. He held this post until 1842, and resumed it in 1848, when a new ministry was appointed by King Oscar. He finally withdrew from public affairs in 1856. Baron Sjernelund was the last male descendant of Gustavus Vasa.

*Nor. 15.* At Cheltenham, aged 75, Richard Bolton, esq.

At Wimbledon, aged 37, Samuel Churchward, esq.

At Loppington vicarage, Salop, aged 79, Aaron W. Davis, M.D. formerly physician to the Tenbury Dispensary.

At Pulteney-street, Bath, aged 80, Maria Ann, relict of Col. C. J. Doveton, 38th Bengal Native Infantry.

John Edward Johnson, of Russell-square, President of Bethlehem and Bridewell Hospitals, J.P. and D.L. for Surrey, aged 64.

At Astley, Worc. aged 80, Thomas Simcox Lea, esq. of Astley and Kilderminster.

At Brereton Hall, Rugeley, Staff. aged 82, Leaver Legge, late Captain in the Scots Greys.

At Paris, Maria Longueville-Clarke, relict of Lefrus Tottenham Longueville-Clarke, Barrister-at-Law, of the Supreme Court and Advocate-General of Bengal.

At Charlton, Francis James Lory, esq. paymaster R.N. and secretary to the Commodore, Woolwich Dock-yard.

The Rev. Henry Addington Simcoe, of Penhale, co. Cornwall, and Wolford Lodge, co. Devon, for 41 years incumbent of the parishes of Egloskerry and Tremayne, aged 68. He received his education at Wadham college, Oxford (B.A. 1821, M.A. 1830), and was presented to the perpetual curacy of Egloskerry and Tremayne, Cornwall, 1846. Mr. Simcoe was the author of





various works printed at the Penheale private press. His remains were interred on Nov. 24 in Egloskerry churchyard. There were present, Captain J. Simcoe, Mr. S. P. Simcoe, Captain P. S. Simcoe, Mr. P. Simcoe, sons of the deceased, and two daughters, also Mr. J. N. Vowler and the Rev. Mr. Coles, sons-in-law; with nearly all the clergymen of the deanery of Trigg Major, for which he was rural dean, and most of the tradespeople of Llanccaston.

At Mynde-park, co. Heref. aged 50, Thomas George Symons, esq.

*Nor.* 16. At Elmdon vicarage, Essex, aged 59, James Barr, esq. architect.

At Leamington, aged 76, Alicia, widow of George Bicknell, esq. of Cado-gan-place, eldest dau. of the late Rev. John Kendall, for 50 years master of Lord Leicester's Hospital, Warwick.

At Blackmore, Essex, aged 79, Harriet Alexander, last surviving child of the late Charles Alexander Critchitt, esq. formerly M.P. for Ipswich, and of Smith's Hall, in the same county.

At Clapham-park, Harriet, wife of L. A. Engelhardt, esq.

At Northam, Herts, aged 85, Miss Harriet Le Blanc.

At Charles-street, Berkeley-square, aged 79, Mary-Buchanan, widow of John Mansfield, esq. of Digswell-house, Welwyn, Herts, dau. of Gen. Samuel Smith, of Baltimore, U.S.

At Leamington, aged 73, Charles Richardson, esq. late of Tunbridge Wells.

At Tatsfield, Surrey, the Rev. George Taylor, M.A. Rector of that parish; presented to the living in 1857.

At Southsea, aged six months, Granville Edward, son of Lieut.-Colonel E. Howard Vyse, 3rd Hussars.

At Markyate-street, Herts, aged 68, the Rev. S. W. Wake, for twenty-eight years pastor of the Baptist church in that place, and in the forty-third year of his ministry.

At Tunbridge Wells, aged 76, the Rev. Henry Wynch, formerly Rector of Pett, Sussex.

At Corhampton-house, Hants, aged 69, John Henry Campbell Wyndham, esq. from the effects of a fall from his horse while returning from hunting near Salisbury. He was the eldest son of Lieut.-Colonel Campbell of the King's Dragon Guards, and of Dunoon, co. Argyll, by Caroline Frances, only dau. of Henry Penruddock Wyndham, esq. M.P. for Salisbury. He was born at Croydon; educated at Eton; and quitting school pursued the bent of

his inclination for the turf, the chase, and the road. In politics he was a Conservative, and on the death of his uncle Wadham Wyndham, esq. in 1843, assumed the name of Wyndham, and was elected member for Salisbury, for which he sat until 1847. He was High Sheriff of Wiltshire in 1848. He married in 1839 Urania Mary Anne, dau. of the late Lieut.-Col. Kingston and the Dowager Marchioness of Clanricarde. His wife died in June last without issue. His body was placed in the vaults of St. Edmund's, Salisbury, on the 27th. He has left his estates, estimated at 12,000*l.* per annum, to his sister Julia Anne, widow of the late Stephen Edward Thornton, esq. of the Grange, near Bedford.

*Nor.* 17. At Monaghan, aged 49, James Howe, of Norbiton, son-in-law of W. B. Barker, of Pimlico, and H. M.'s Office of Works.

At Blackheath, aged 89, William Bloxam, esq. late of Moditonham, Cornwall, son of the late Sir Matthew Bloxam.

At Arlington-street, aged 65, John Bourke, esq. eldest son of General Sir Richard Bourke, K.C.B.

At Norwich, aged 82, Thomas Brightwell, esq. J.P. and F.L.S.

Captain Charles Edward Buckley, of the Rifle Brigade, from the effects of an accident while shooting at Gunton Park, Norfolk, the seat of Lord Suffolk. He was the son of General Buckley, formerly member for Salisbury, and who held a post about Court for many years.

In Seymour-street, Connaught-square, Major-General Thomas Macknight Cameron, Madras Army.

At Inverness, Charlotte, wife of Andrew Dougall, esq. secretary of the Highland Railway, second dau. of the late Charles Mackintosh, esq. of Glenmagerran, aged 30.

At Bickham-park, Buckland Monachorum, Devon, Jane Wrayford, wife of John Hornbrook Gill, esq. J.P. aged 65.

At Ryde, Isle of Wight, aged 86, Daniel List, esq.

At Kensington-palace-gardens, aged 79, His Excellency Don Cristobal de Murrieta, Knight Grand Cross of the Spanish Order of Charles III. head of the firm of C. D. Murrieta and Co. of Adam's-court, Old Broad-street.

At Headly Wood, Hants, aged 73, John Petar, esq.

At Gower, Old Meldrum, Aberdeenshire, Mr. David Philip, farmer.



He was well known among the agriculturists of Morayshire and Aberdeenshire, being held in high esteem as a shrewd business man.

William Sanders, I.F.P. and S. Glas. of Wamphray, Dumfriesshire.

The Rev. Sanford George Scobell, vicar of Brough-on-Bain, Lincolnshire, only son of the late Rev. Edward Scobell, incumbent of St. Peter's, Vere-street, London, and vicar of Turville, Bucks. He was of Oriel college, Oxford (B.A. 1843). In 1846 he became vicar of Market Rasen, Lincolnshire, which living he resigned in 1865 on being presented to Brough-on-Bain.

At Upper Brook-street, Caroline, wife of Sir Charles Hay Seton, of Abercorn, Bart. and dau. of the late Walter Parry-Hodges, esq. formerly Receiver-General of the county of Dorset.

At Liverpool, the Very Rev. John Canon Wamsley, Vicar-General of the Roman Catholic diocese of Liverpool. He was born, in 1814, at Flakefleet, near Fleetwood, Lancashire, and educated at St. Cuthbert's college, Ushaw, which he entered in 1826. On 6 Jan. 1841, he was ordained priest by the Right Rev. Dr. Mostyn, Vicar-Apostolic of the Northern district; his first mission being at St. Nicholas's, Copperas-hill, which was then the principal Catholic church of Liverpool. Here he laboured most assiduously with the Rev. Dr. Youens and the Rev. Robert Gillow, both of whom died during the great fever epidemic of 1848. On their decease he was appointed to the charge of St. Nicholas's, and subsequently, in 1850, he took up the works which Dr. Youens had begun, and gave his special attention to secure the progress of the convent of Mercy, and the success of the Catholic Blind Asylum. During the last six years of his life he was also zealously interested in the satisfactory working of St. Elizabeth's Institute for Destitute Girls. He was appointed to succeed the Very Rev. Provost Cockson, as Vicar-General of the Liverpool diocese, in Oct. 1863.

At New Wandsworth, aged 77, George Whicker, esq. formerly of St. James's-st.

At Melksham, aged 78, Richard Williams, esq. late of Ludgate-hill.

Nov. 18. At West Hey, Rock Ferry, aged 26, Edith, wife of the Rev. E. C. Bramall.

At Turner's-hill, Cheshunt, aged 86, John Francis Chapman, esq.

At Kensington, aged 81, Capt. John Charretie, late of Hon. E. I. C.'s service.

At the Willows, Cootehill, Cavan, aged 23, Henry Eyre Coote, esq. late of the 16th Foot.

At Torquay, Caroline Emma, wife of Peter Davey, esq. of Horton, Bucks.

At Lyme-house, Prescott, aged 50, Walter Wren Driffield, solicitor, Capt. 48th Lanc. R. V. second son of the late Rev. C. G. T. Driffield, vicar of Prescott.

At Winchester, aged 64, Eliza Catherine, widow of George Harrison, esq. of Twickenham.

At Measham, aged 60, John Ironmonger, esq.

At Daacre-park, Lee, aged 71, Margaret Jane, widow of Thomas Irving, esq. formerly Naval Storekeeper H. M.'s dockyard, Deptford.

At Stevenage, aged 52, Elizabeth Susan, wife of the Rev. James Magrath.

At Greenwich, aged 77, Hannah Page, widow of James Moyes, esq. of Hammersmith, (who died 1839,) second dau. of the late Benjamin Oakley, esq. of Eden-lodge, Beckenham.

John William Oslear, esq. formerly of Farforth House, Linc. aged 39.

At Bow, aged 54, Major William Purser, esq.

At Clifton, aged 82, Eliza, relict of Lieut.-Col. T. C. Robe, Royal Art.

Aged 77, Bridget, relict of Capt. Thomas Tanner, R.N. of Higher Summerlands, Exeter.

On board the ship Kent, on his passage from Melbourne, Arthur Barrow, youngest son of Edward and Olivia Turner, of Seymour-street, Portman-square, late of Brighton.

James Walton, esq. of Argyll House, Eastbourne, and late of Lavender-hill, Surrey, aged 62.

At Upper Tulse-hill, aged 64, Georgiana, relict of Charles Welch, esq.

At Richmond, aged 62, James Witten, for nearly 40 years a member of the Stock Exchange.

At Tunbridge-Wells, aged 63, Henry John Wolfe, of Melford Place, Surbiton, Surrey, formerly Capt. in the H.E.I.C.'s Naval Service.

Nov. 19. At Chippenham, Wilts, aged 35, Charles Searle Bayliffe, esq.

At Sunderland, aged 85, Joseph Brown, M.D.

At Turnham Green, Amelia, wife of Frederick Cowie, esq.

At Oxford, aged 85, Mary Ann, widow of Professor De la Motte, of the Royal Military College, Sandhurst.

At Brompton, aged 77, J. D. Edmiston, esq. formerly of Brixton.

From being thrown when hunting,





Mr. Robert Hutchinson, jun. second son of Mr. R. Hutchinson, Brachead, Kirkcaldy.

At St. John's Park, Upper Holloway, aged 78, Mary Ann, widow of William Hutton, esq.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Reeve, late of the Coldstream Guards, aged 41.

At Ealing, aged 56, Jane, wife of Major-General R. T. Sandeman, late of the Bengal Army.

At Sussex-gardens, Hyde-park, aged 81, Sir John Shaw, Bart. He was the son of John Macfie, esq. of Greenholme, near Kilmarnock, Ayrshire, whose wife was the only sister of Sir James Shaw the first Baronet (Alderman and Chamberlain of London). He was born at Greenholm, 1787; assumed the name of Shaw, under royal sign manual, 1806; and succeeded his uncle in the baronetcy, 1843. It has now become extinct.

At Ham-common, Surrey, aged 86, Josiah Southwell, esq. formerly of Stoke Newington.

*Nov. 20.* At Wingates vicarage, Lanc. Elizabeth, relict of the Reverend Frederick Gauntlett, M.A. Rector of Fladbury, Wore.

At Farringdon, Exeter, Ellen Georgiana, dau. of the Rev. W. F. Gray, Rector, aged 13 years; also, on Nov. 24, Annie Jane, another dau. aged 8 years.

At Stamford-street, Blackfriars, aged 48, James Hatch Jolley, esq. solicitor.

At Abberton, Essex, aged 81, Jesse Jones, late Captain and Adjutant of the East Essex Militia.

Aged 83, Colonel William Chester Master, C.B. late of the Scots Fusilier Guards, a magistrate for Gloucestershire, and senior gentleman-usher of Her Majesty's Privy Chamber. He entered the Guards, Feb. 1801; became Captain, 1805; and Lieut.-Colonel, 1813; retiring in Dec. 1820. He had been a gentleman-usher of the Privy Chamber from the reign of George III. In 1823 he succeeded his uncle Thomas (of the Abbey, Cirencester.) in the estate of Knoke-park. He married in 1814 Isabella Margaret, dau. of Colonel Stephen Thomas Digby; and by that lady, who died 1868, he had issue Thomas William Chester, esq. of the Abbey, Cirencester, late M.P. for that borough (who married, in 1840, Catharine Elizabeth, dau. of the late Sir George Cornwall, Bart.), six other sons and two daughters. He was the eldest son of Richard Thomas Master, esq. of Knoke-park, co. Glouc. by Isabella,

third dau. of Colonel W. Egerton, son of the Bishop of Hereford. His remains were interred on the 25th in the family vault at Almondsbury.

At Sydenham, aged 59, Major Richard Williams Meheux, Royal Marines.

At Highgate, aged 43, Henry Moon, esq. of Great Winchester-st.-buildings.

At Ajaccio, Corsica, Edward John Ranken, esq. son of the Rev. Charles Ranken, of Richmond, Surrey, late of Clifton, Bristol.

At Morecambe, aged 36, James, third son of the late Thomas Rawsthorne, esq. formerly of Hayslam Hall, Lancashire.

At Oak Lodge, New Finchley, aged 57, William Fredk. Robinson, esq.

Ann, wife of William Foster Smith, esq. of Foster Villa, Hendon, aged 72.

At Clifton-gardens, Maida-vale, aged 48, Eleanor, wife of John Butterworth Walker, esq.

First-Lieutenant Robert Reginald Augustus Woodford, on half-pay Royal Marines, aged 30. He served in the China expedition of 1857-8, including the blockade of the Canton river, the storm and capture of the city (medal and clasp).

*Nov. 21.* At Theydon Garnon, Essex, aged 72, James Adamson, esq. late of the Inland Revenue.

At Weedon, Northamptonshire, Captain Cavendish Spencer Boyle, late of the 72nd foot, and governor of the military prison at Weedon.

At Delamere-st. Hyde-park, aged 88, Juliana, relict of H. Bramley, esq.

At Tavistock-square, aged 74, Thomas Brown, esq.

At Rowde, Wilts, aged 82, Elizabeth, wife of Aurelius John Drew, esq.

At Bath, Charlotte, widow of John Edwards, esq. of Silsoe, Beds.

At Ramsgate, Frederick Greenhill, esq. of Finchley-common, Middlesex; a member of the Court of the Stationers' Company.

At Wigmore-street, the Rev. Joseph Mather, eldest son of the Rev. James Mather, of Clapton.

At Guilford-street, Catherine Mary Theresa, relict of Thomas Plowman, esq.

*Nov. 22.* In London, aged 36, Charles Atkins, esq. of Bath.

At Piper's, Harlow, Essex, aged 66, W. Barnard, esq.

At Greenock, aged 29, Mr. John McKinnon Brodie. From his earliest years he was connected with the local press, and he contributed many articles to various magazines.



At Pentonville, aged 73, Amelia, widow of James Dickson, esq.

John Ellerton, surgeon, of Aberford, South Milford, Yorkshire, aged 68.

At Cliffe, Lewes, aged 53, Eliza, wife of William Harvey, esq.

At St. Helier's, Jersey, aged 78, Rear-Admiral George Flower Herbert. He entered the navy in 1803, as first-class volunteer on board the *Ganges*, served on the *Home*, *Cadiz*, and *West India* stations, in the *Barfleur*, *Neptune*, and *Dreadnought*; in the *Neptune* at *Trafalgar*, and in several actions with the Spanish gun-boats near *Gibraltar*. In the *San Josef* he witnessed two partial actions with the *Toulon* Fleet, and was present at the capture of *Genoa* in April 1814, and, having served in various other ships, was in 1820 appointed to the command of the *Harpy* revenue cutter, 1824. He attained the rank of Commander July 7, 1828; and his Rear-Admiral's commission was dated July 1, 1867.

In Lower Berkeley-st. Portman-sq. Major-General Sir Robert William Honner, K.C.B., aged 69. He entered the army as Ensign in the Bombay infantry in 1821, and served against the *Bheels* in 1823 and 1824 at the siege and surrender of *Mooltan* (medal and clasp); with the Persian expeditionary force in 1856-7, as brigadier; and at the taking of the islands of *Korrock* and *Corgo*. He commanded the advance-division at the landing at *Hallilah Bay*, and was present at the assault and capture of *Fort Reshire* and surrender of *Bushire*; at *Borazjoon* (where he was slightly wounded); commanded the rear-guard on the return to *Bushire* from *Borazjoon* and was present at the battle of *Khooshab*—medal and clasp. He was made a Companion of the Order of the Bath in 1858, and a Knight Commander in 1865.

At Beverley, aged 70, Lient.-General Thomas Marten, K.H. Colonel of the 6th Dragoons. He entered as Cornet in Nov. 1813, joined the army in the north of Spain in Jan. following, and served in the last campaign in the south of France. In 1815 he proceeded to Belgium and was present in the retreat from *Quatre Bras* on the 17th of June, and at *Waterloo*, where his horse was wounded. He also accompanied his regiment to Paris. He was appointed Colonel of the 6th Dragoons in Nov. 1860, and nominated a Knight of the *Guelphic Order* in 1837.

At Stroud, Glouce. aged 85, the Rev.

John Newport. He was of Worcester college, Oxford (B.A. 1808).

At Chieveley, near Newbury, Berkshire, aged 94, where he had lived in retirement with his family for some years, General Richard Pigot. He entered the service Sept. 1793; was actively employed in the West Indies in 1794 during the Maroon war; served in the Mediterranean, and at the capture of *Minorea* in 1798; at the capture of the Cape of Good Hope in 1806; and in the East Indies in 1818. He attained the rank of Major-General 1821, and was appointed Colonel of the 4th Dragoon Guards in 1849. At the time of his death he was the senior General on the list, and the second senior officer in the British Army.

At Clifton, aged 72, the Rev. John Symons Pering, M.A. late chaplain to the forces.

At Harley-street, Lucille, younger dau. of William H. Potter, esq.

At Francis Road, Edgbaston, Mr. Wm. Henry Sharman, the oldest professor of the musical art in Birmingham, where, during a long life, he was highly esteemed by his assiduous attention as a teacher, and by his sterling and amiable qualities.

At Plymouth, aged 84, Captain George Tincombe, R.N. He entered the Navy 1800, and was confirmed Lieut. of the *Triumph*, as a reward for his services 1810; assisted at the blockade of *Flushing*, the *Texel*, and *Toulon*; and was present in a variety of operations on the coast of Italy. In the *Liffey* he witnessed the reduction, during the Burmese war, of *Rangoon* and other places on the river *Irawady*. In 1825 was advanced to the rank of Commander, and in 1856 to Captain.

At Long Sutton, aged 77, Sarah, relict of Robert Everett Wilkinson, esq.

At Mallow, co. Cork, aged 87, Colour-Sergeant John Wright, of the 79th Highlanders. He served at *Waterloo*.

Nov. 23, At Harrow-on-the-Hill, aged 16, Thomas Arnold, the son of Mr. Matthew Arnold and eldest grandson of Dr. Arnold of Rugby.

At Wellington-road, St. John's-wood, aged 61, Lieut.-Col. John William Bennett, late 1st Bengal Fusiliers.

At Hastings, Mr. William Blamire, who was for many years the coadjutor of Mr. Alfred Bunn during his management of *Drury-lane* and *Covent-garden* theatres. In his capacity of property-master Mr. Blamire was un-





rivalled, and as a scenic artist he was justly esteemed. At the time of his death he was proprietor of the railway hotel at Hastings, and anxiety, resulting from failure of his speculation in that establishment, hastened the termination of his career.

At Newton Manor-house, Hampshire, Capt. Edward Hore Chawner, late of the 4th Dragoon Guards. He entered the service 1825, and retired on half-pay Sept. 1836.

At Brompton, aged 85, Abel Clifton, esq.

At Manchester, aged 72, Frances, widow of Lieut.-Col. Evans, 38th Regt. youngest dau. of the late James Halliwell, esq.

At Newbrough, Northumberland, Captain Gustavus Hamilton Coulson, R.N. aged 67. He was second son of the late Colonel John Blenkinsopp Coulson, of Blenkinsopp. He entered the Navy 1813, and was confirmed, Jan. 7, 1823, to a Lieutenantancy in the *Niemen*. In the *Alfred* he was actively employed for three years in the Mediterranean, where he witnessed the establishment of King Otho on the throne of Greece, and was presented, when off Alexandria, with a sword by Mehemet Ali. As first Lieutenant of the *Blonde*, on the coast of China, he assisted at the destruction of the batteries and war junks at Amoy, the evacuation of Chusan, and commanded a division of boats in the various operations against Canton, for which services he received a medal. Mr. Coulson was advanced to the rank of Commander 1846, and was placed on the list of retired Captains 1856. He has left a large family.

At Ravensdowne, Berwick-on-Tweed, aged 25, Isabella Tod, wife of Wm. Allan Jamieson, M.B.

At Stone-hall, Lyminge, Kent, aged 77, Stephen Kelcey, esq.

At Standish, near Wigan, aged 84, Sergeant Thomas Kershaw, late of the 51st regiment of Light Infantry. He enlisted at Manchester in 1801, in the 10th regiment, and served five years in India, when he volunteered into the 51st, and was with that regiment in Spain and Portugal, in the disastrous retreat and battle of Corunna, and finally wound up his career at Waterloo and at the storming of Cambray. He received his discharge in 1819, and consequently had been a pensioner nearly fifty years.

At Brighton, aged 73, Eliza Amelia,

widow of the Rev. George Millett, Vicar of Silkstone, Yorkshire.

At Bath, Fanny, relict of Daniel Rawlings, esq. of Chippenham, and Finchley New-road.

At Swansea, aged about 60, the Rev. Enoch Rees, incumbent of Clydach.

Sophia, wife of Rev. H. Wilmot Sitwell, of Stanesby-house, Derbyshire.

At Quorndon, Leic. aged 66, Thomas Skevington, esq.

At Erith, aged 18, by his own hand, Aubrey Charles Smith, only son of the Rev. Archdeacon Smith, Vicar of Erith. Verdict, temporary insanity.

At Norfolk-street, Park-lane, in her 83rd year, Jane, Countess-dowager Somers. She was fourth dau. of Mr. James Cocks, and was first married to the Rev. George Waddington, secondly in 1834 to her cousin John first Earl Somers, and was left his widow in 1841.

At Dromard, Templemore, co. Tipperary, aged 72, Fred. Tredwell, esq. J.P.

*Nov. 24.* The Rev. John Charles, minister of Garvoch. He had attained the age of nearly ninety-nine, and was the oldest established minister in Scotland. He was ordained in 1821, and was presented to the living of Garvoch about 1826.

At Bulth, the Rev. James Williams Evans, Vicar of Basingthorpe-cum-Westby, Lincolnshire, aged 76, and of Allt-mawr, Brecknockshire. Mr. Evans had held his vicarage since 1818.

At Chelsea, aged 72, Commander Charles Gosset, R.N. He entered the navy, 1810, on board the *Apollo*, assisted at the capture of the French frigate-built storeship *Merinos*, under the batteries of Corsica, and was present at the reduction of the tower of St. Cataldo, and of the islands of Curzola, Paxo, and Anti-Paxo. From 1814 to 1819 he served on the Adriatic, Home, West and East India, and South American stations, and, after attaining the rank of Lieutenant, was employed for some time in the *Favourite*, on the Brazilian station. Since the paying-off of that vessel he was not afloat.

At Woodford, Essex, John Hooper, esq. deacon of the Congregational church.

At Pau, the Rev. Dr. Mackintosh, of Dumoon. He was a native of Tain, where he was minister before the disruption. Altogether he had been a minister for forty years.

At Ashfield, Queen's County, John Leland Maquay, esq. J.P.



At Paddington, aged 60, Mary, relict of Captain-Commandant John Roebuck, of the Nizam's army.

At Corrig-y-drudion rectory, aged 83, the Rev. Thomas Swettenham Eaton Swettenham, Rector of Swettenham, Cheshire.

At Falmouth, aged 83, Elizabeth, wife of Henry Trounce, esq.

At St. Bartholomew's hospital, aged 93, Mrs. Sarah Wellsted; the mother of 23 children, grandmother of 50, and great-grandmother of 150; and well known as "Nurse Wellsted." She was awarded a government certificate for her efficiency and energetic exertions during the time of the cholera in this city in 1832.—*Gloicester Journal*.

*Nor.* 25. At Derby, aged 69, Rosamond Martha, widow of John Curzon, esq. of Breedon-on-the-Hill, Leic.

At Greenheys, Manchester, Edward Tayleur Dickenson, esq. solicitor.

At Stirling, N.B. aged 76, Wm. Drummond, senior partner of the firm of W. Drummond and Sons, Dublin.

At Calcutta, aged 39, Samuel Fenn, seventh son of the Rev. Joseph Fenn, of Blackheath-park.

At the residence of his father-in-law Thomas Peacock, esq. Bishop's Auckland, aged 44, the Rev. George Edward Green, M.A. Rector of Boldon, in the diocese of Durham and hon. Canon of Durham. He was the third son of Captain Green of Buckton, Huntingdonshire. After being educated at Houghton-le-Spring he entered the University of Durham (B.A. 1845); and his first preferment was the perpetual curacy of Auckland St. Andrew, which he resigned on being collated to Boldon in 1863.

Charlotte, wife of the Rev. Thomas Griffith, A.M. minister of Ram's chapel, Homerton, and prebendary of St. Paul's.

At Southwold, Suffolk, aged 33, Elizabeth, the wife of Jonathan Robert Gooding, esq. solicitor.

At Cruckton Hall, Shropshire, Harriet, wife of Francis Harries, esq. and dau. of the late Thomas Boycott, esq. of Rudge Hall.

At Hertford Castle, aged 67, Sabine, wife of Philip Longmore, esq.

At Bath, aged 92, Alexander Mitchell, esq.

At the Manor House, Swaffham, Norfolk, aged 53, John Monins, esq. late of Ringwold House, near Dover.

Mr. Edmund Myles, a medical student, son of Captain Myles, of Sandford, co.

Dublin. He was found in the street (at 2 a.m.) quite unconscious, having a wound on the left eye, and another on the back of the head. He died in a few hours.

At Brompton, aged 25, Maria, eldest surviving dau. of Mary Frances and Peter Thos. Renaud, esq.

Mr. Ellis Reynolds, secretary to the Bath Races, and for many years member of the band of the Theatre and Pump Room. Nearly all the musical residents in Bath attended his funeral.

At the Wellington Hotel, Brecon, Miss Kate Robertson, lessee of the Brecon Theatre.

At Leamington, aged 64, Thomas Stratton, late of Lincoln's-inn, esq. barrister-at-law, and formerly one of the Fellows of Trinity College, Cambridge.

At Swillington, near Leeds, aged 78, the Rev. George Taylor, Wesleyan minister.

*Nor.* 26. At Old Basing, Hants, aged 93, Mary Patricia, widow of R. Booth, R.N. At Brighton, aged 64, Benjamin Mendes da Costa, esq.

At Aberdeen, Mr. Alexander Henderson, advocate, joint-clerk of the Incorporated Trades, and one of the Procurator-Fiscals before the justices of the peace for the county of Aberdeen.

At Loughborough, aged 29, Richard Warner, son of Richard Hole, esq. Quorndon Lodge.

At Granton House near Edinburgh, Lady McNeill, fourth dau. of the late John Wilson, banker, and widow of the Right Hon. Sir John McNeill, G.C.B. F.R.S. Envoy to the Court of Persia. She was married in 1823.

At Stresa, Lago Maggiore, aged 58, Anna Maria, wife of the Right Rev. F. R. Nixon, D.D. late Bishop of Tasmania.

At Windsor, Mr. Councillor Thomas Nixon, aged 68. He was for many years a member of the Corporation, and Mayor in 1860. A vigorous supporter of the Conservative party.

At the Rowans, Blackheath, aged 68, Major-General Robert Shortrade, late of the Bombay Army.

*Nor.* 27. At Piccadilly, aged 65, J. Cockerill, esq. for 17 years secretary to the Cancer Hospital.

At Remenham, Henley-upon-Thames, aged 83, Maria, widow of Philip Barrett Cooper, esq.

At Coniston rectory, Wilts, aged 54, Charlotte Jane, widow of Lieut.-Col. Charles John Deshon, II. M. 17th Regt.





At Iastow, North Devon, aged 65, Catherine Knight Elrington, dau. of the late Major-General Richard Goodall Elrington, C.B.

At Raith House, near Kirkaldy, Col. Robert Munro Ferguson, of Raith and Novar. He was born Aug. 20, 1802, the eldest son of Sir Ronald C. Ferguson, G.C.B. of Raith (for many years M.P. for Nottingham), by Jane, dau. of Hector Mouro, Bart. of Novar; and succeeded his father in 1840. He was educated at Eton, and at the University of Edinburgh. In 1820 he entered the army as Ensign in the 43rd Regiment. He was shortly afterwards promoted to a lieutenancy in the 52nd. In 1827 he was sent to Malta with Government despatches, and remained there till 1830, when he succeeded to the colonelcy of the 79th Highlanders. He was M.P. for the Kirkaldy District of Burghs from 1841 to 1861, twice contesting the seat successfully. He married in 1859 Emma, dau. of the late F. H. Mandeville, esq. and has left a son and heir born in 1860.

At Inverleithen, James Fraser, esq. M.D. formerly of Demerara.

At Ludlow, aged 81, Hannah, widow of R. Gibbon, esq. late superintending-surgeon of the Madras Medical Board.

At Grove-bank, Derby, aged 68, Eleanor Radford, relict of Alexander Radford, esq.

At Watford, aged 82, Charles William Rumball, esq. late of Brighton.

At Brighton, aged 57, Martina Silvani, wife of Joseph Silvani.

At Nice, Eliza, wife of Richard Townshend, esq. of Clontarf, co. Cork.

Sarah, wife of John Underwood, of Park-row, Greenwich, youngest dau. of the late Rev. Isaac Mann, M.A. formerly of Maze-pond, Southwark.

At Wimbledon, aged 73, Martha, widow of Richard Watson, esq. of Kidderminster, dau. of the late William Davy, esq. of Philadelphia, afterwards United States consul at Leeds.

Aged 80, Francis Whiting, esq. of Mecklenburgh-square.

Nov. 28. At Malvern, aged 30, Henry John Barker, esq. formerly of the 60th Royal Rifles, eldest son of George Barker, esq. of Aylestone cottage, near Leicester.

At the Grosvenor Hotel, London, Lieut.-Col. William Bruce, K.H. He entered the 79th Regiment at an early age; served in the Peninsula from 1812 to the end of the war in 1814, and was present at the battles of the Pyrenees,

the blockade of Pampeluna, battles of the Nivelle and the Nive, investment of Bayonne, and battle of Toulouse. He served also the campaign of 1815, and was present at Waterloo, where he was severely wounded. He was made a Knight of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order in 1837. He left the 79th Regt. for the 48th Foot, from which he retired in Nov. 1841.

At St. Helier's, Jersey, aged 13, Charles Denroche, youngest son of the late Charles Denroche, esq. C.E. of Cardiff.

At Greenhill, Warminster, Wilts, aged 38, Lucy Frances, eldest dau. of the late Joseph Everett, esq.

At Edinburgh, Humphrey Graham, esq. writer to the signet.

At Clevedon, Eliza, widow of John Phillimore Hicks, esq. of the Leaze, Gloucestershire.

At Gravesend, George E. Jones, esq. M.D. formerly of Alcester, co. Warw.

Suddenly (while on a visit to Capt. Harcourt Powell, of Drinkstone Hall, Norfolk), aged 51, Major-General Sir William John Ridley, K.C.M.G. He was the fourth son of Sir Matthew White Ridley, the third Baronet, by Laura, youngest dau. of George Hawkins, esq. He entered the Scots Fusilier Guards as Ensign and Lieutenant in 1835. He served in the Eastern campaign of 1854, including the battles of Alma (where he had his horse shot), Balaklava, and Inkerman, siege of Sebastopol; and sortied on Oct. 26, for which he received the medal and clasp of the order of the Medjidie and the Turkish medal. In Oct. 1863 he was appointed Major-General commanding the first brigade at Malta, and had just returned home after filling that office for five years.

At Southport, aged 36, Elizabeth, dau. of the late Baron Smalley, esq.

At Torquay, Maria Theresa, wife of J. B. Torry, esq. Shrub's-hill, Sunningdale.

At Harley-street, Caroline, wife of William Wallace, esq.

At Erith, aged 65, Mr. Winship, town-councillor of Hull, and a member of the local board of guardians. The deceased had done much for the improvement and prosperity of Barton-upon-Humber.

Nov. 29. At Bath, Thomas Barrett, M.D. alderman of that city. He was formerly Surgeon of the Somerset Militia, and Coroner for North Somerset: Surgeon of St. Catharine's Hospital and the Bath Eye and Ear Infirmary: and published some treatises on Aural



Surgery and the management of Infants. He had been connected with the town council for 27 years, and filled the office of mayor.

Drowned, at Oxford, Mr. William Brooks, B.A. student of Christ Church, son of Mr. William Brooks, of Much Wenlock. His body was discovered on Dec. 12, in the lock of the canal known as Louse's lock, near Hythbridge, Oxford.

In London, aged 32, the Hon. Alice Mary, wife of Reginald Cholmondeley, esq. of Condovery-hall, Salop, dau. of Lord Egerton of Tatton.

At Broughton, Manchester, in his 78th year, Edward Eda, esq.

At Brighton, Lieut.-Colonel Richard Fletcher, late of the Grenadier Guards.

At Nottingham, aged 72, Alderman Smith Fowler.

At Hersham, Surrey, aged 58, Major Edward Carter Giffard, late 60th Royal Rifles.

At Waterside, near Bray, Ireland, W. S. W. Graham, esq. late of H.M.'s Indian Navy.

At Chelmsford, aged 81, Mary Ann, relict of W. Lucas, esq. barrister-at-law, formerly of Broomfield-place, Essex.

At Ashfield, esq. Dublin, aged 38, Glascott Symes, esq.

Nov. 30. At Avranches, Anne Elizabeth, widow of General Sir Thomas Bradford, G.C.B.

Fanny Eliza, wife of Stephen Brown, esq. The Grey Friars, Colchester.

At Plymouth, Joanna Maria, wife of C. F. Edwards, esq. dau. of the late Lieut.-Colonel Cleeve, Royal Artillery.

At Southsea, Marcella, wife of Staff-Commander D. Hall.

At High Elms, Florence, infant dau. of Sir John Lubbock, Bart.

At the Royal Powder Magazines, Bull Point, aged 50, S. B. Maclean, esq. Deputy-Superintendent of Stores, Military Store Staff.

At Newcastle, aged 32, the Rev. Wauchope Paterson, a Presbyterian minister. He was a native of Cupar, Fifeshire, being son of William Paterson, manager of the flax mills at that place. About 18 months ago he was called as pastor to preside over the congregation which had seceded from the Caledonian Church (Church of Scotland), Argyre-street, Newcastle.

At Innerwick, Haddingtonshire, the Rev. James Smellie, minister of the parish.

At the Mill-house, Wem, aged 85, George Westmacott, esq.

*In November.* At Blackwall, aged 70, Mr. G. J. Gladstone, surveyor to the Board of Trade.

Aged 50, Mr. John Gill, a clever amateur-vocalist, of Barnsley, Yorkshire.

The Very Rev. Archdeacon Morgan O'Brien, P.P. of Michelstown, who for many years held a conspicuous and influential position amongst the Catholic clergy of the diocese of Cloyne.

Dec. 1. The Rev. Robert Wye Betts, for 15 years minister of Hanover chapel, Peckham, aged 43. He leaves a family of three sons and one daughter. His body was interred at Nunhead cemetery.

At Rempstone-house, near Corfe Castle, Dorsetshire, aged 37, of bronchitis, Captain John Hales Montagu Calcraft, R.N. the newly elected representative of the borough of Wareham. He was the eldest son of John Hales Calcraft, esq. (who represented Wareham from 1820-26, from 1832-41, and from 1857-59), and of Lady Caroline Catherine, dau. of the fifth Duke of Manchester. Capt. Calcraft entered the Navy in 1844 and became a Lieutenant in 1854; served through the Crimean campaign; was invalided home in 1861; and made a retired Commander in 1862. He was first returned for Wareham in 1865, as a Liberal. The funeral was solemnized at St. Mary's, Wareham, on the 5th of December.

The Rev. James W. Connor, assistant secretary to the Sabbath-Alliance of Scotland.

At Philipstown, King's County, Ireland, aged 56, John Smyth Glover, M.D.

At Springfield, Neston, Cheshire, aged 81, Henry Glynn, esq.

At the R.N. Hospital, Haslar, aged 30, T. E. Gorges, Assistant-Surgeon R.M.L.I.

At Windsor, aged 57, Quartermaster Hugh Hanly, of the 1st Life Guards. He had served in the 1st Life Guards since July 1831, and his promotion to quartermaster took place in 1854.

At Killinure, co. Westmeath, Edward Maunselle, Lieutenant on half-pay from the Old Armagh Militia Regiment. He was the last surviving officer of that regiment, and died at the age of 83.

Dec. 2. At Truro, aged 71, Mr. Nicholas Francis Bassett, formerly during many years an honorary surgeon at the Royal Cornwall Infirmary, and subsequently during 14 years house-surgeon at that establishment.

At Burton Bank, Monk Bretton, Thomas Fenton Bright, esq. only son of





the late John Bright, esq. Mount Pisgah, Sheffield.

Mr. Frederick Danford, surgeon, of Upper Dorset-street, Bryanston-sq.

At Cambridge, aged 66, Harriet, widow of Weston Hatfield, who founded and was till his death editor of the *Cambridge Independent Press*.

John Griffiths Leete, surgeon, of Thrapston, Northamptonshire, aged 62.

At Paignton, South Devon, Thomas Williams Nesham, retired Lieut.-Col. formerly 66th Regt.

At Stanley-crescent, Kensington-park-gardens, aged 57, Eliza, eldest dau. of late Gen. C. S. Fagan, C.B. and relict of Gen. Sir J. W. Sleigh, K.C.B.

At Bray, aged 53, at the residence of his sister Mrs. Bourne, Kilner Richard Wood, esq. J.P.

*Dec. 3.* At Totnes, Francis Brooking Cuming, esq. solicitor, coroner for the Totnes district. He was a native of that town, and had held the offices of councillor and alderman, but the latter office he resigned seven or eight years ago to take that of magistrates' clerk. He was also clerk to the Charity Trustees and the Totnes Burial Board, and for several years chairman of the board of guardians. As leader of the Liberal party in the town, he took a busy share in electioneering, and while in London in 1865 conducting appeals was stricken with paralysis, from which attack he never recovered. By his first wife he had a large family; his second wife was the daughter of Mr. J. Derry, surgeon, of Totnes.

Mr. Edward Maundrell, resident surgeon at the Bridge-street workhouse, Manchester, aged 31.

At Park-house, Englefield-green, Staff-Commander William Mills, R.N.

At Harrow-on-the-Hill, aged 75, Frances, relict of Captain Charles Paget, of the 2nd Dragoon Guards.

At Chulmleigh, aged 84, Mr. Roger Roberts, for many years constable of the borough, and much respected by the inhabitants. In early life he served in the navy, and took part in the memorable action between the Shannon and Chesapeake in 1813.

At St. John's-wood, aged 23, Brownlow William Rushout, eldest son of the late Rev. Brownlow Potchett, Rector of Great Ponton, Lincolnshire.

At Brompton-crescent, aged 78, Robert Seymour, esq. Colonel H.E.I.C.S.

At Teignmouth, aged 68, Emma Frances, wife of Major-Gen. Henry Templer (retired list), late 7th B.N.I.

*Dec. 4.* At Leamington, aged 68, Mr. Thomas Duncan, water engineer to the Liverpool corporation. He belonged to Perth; was selected by Mr. James Walker to execute his plans for the construction of the lighthouse on Ferne Island; and his reputation in carrying out submarine works was confirmed by other commissions entrusted to him by Mr. Walker. In 1843 he accepted the position, under Mr. James Simpson, C.E., of assistant engineer to the Liverpool and Harrington Waterworks Company. Soon after he was appointed assistant to Mr. Newlands, the borough engineer, and when the waterworks were purchased by the corporation was placed in sole charge of them. After Mr. Thomas Hawksley, C.E. of Nottingham, had formed five lakes or reservoirs, the Upper and Lower Rivington, the Anglezark, the Rakebrook, and the Lower Roddlesworth, two subsidiary reservoirs, one at Roddlesworth and one at Preseot, were designed and completed by Mr. Duncan, besides improvements at Rivington, and plans for various receiving-reservoirs at Liverpool. He has left a widow in adverse circumstances, arising from losses which had swept away the investments of years.

At Offenburg, Germany, aged 38, George Fairbairn, fourth son of William Fairbairn, esq. LL.D., F.R.S., &c. of Manchester.

At Plymouth, aged 58, Mary Charlotte Hendry, relict of Capt. Oake, R.N. eldest dau. of the late J. Erskine Risk, esq. M.D.

At Oscott, Birmingham, aged 38, the Rev. James O'Brien.

At Brighton, in his 60th year, Major Thomas Penton, late 8th Royal Irish Hussars, brother to Colonel Penton, Commandant of 1st Sussex Rifle Volunteers. He was in the army 26 years, and wore five war medals with four clasps.

At Bloxwich, aged 53, Charles Somerville, M.D. youngest son of the late Henry Somerville, M.D. of Stafford.

At Sheffield, aged 30, the Rev. James Turner, B.A. Curate of Christ Church, West Hartlepool.

*Dec. 5.* At Southampton, aged 82, Col. Robert Lindsay Anstruthers, late of the 6th Bengal Cavalry.

At Islington, aged 85, Mary, last surviving dau. of the late Rev. William Betham, of Stonham Aspal, Suffolk, and sister to the late Sir William Betham, Ulster king of arms.



At St. Mary's-road, Canonbury, aged 49, William Samuel Downes, F.R.A.S. for nearly 22 years the actuary of the Law Life Assurance Society.

At Stoke Newington, aged 32, Mr. William Henry Fraser, of the Peninsular and Oriental Company's service, and youngest son of late Major James Fraser.

At Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Sir Samuel Raymond Jarvis, knight, a magistrate and deputy-lieutenant for Hampshire, and high sheriff for that county. He filled the latter office in 1834, when he received the honour of knighthood. For some years he served in the 7th Hussars, but retired from the army with the rank of Lieut.-Col. in 1863.

At Portobello, aged 78, the Rev. John Murdoch.

At Wandsworth, Mrs. Hannah Sant O'Ryan, relict of John O'Ryan, M.D. late surgeon R.N.

At Brighton, Grace Millet Short, relict of Charles Short, esq. formerly of Woodlands, Emsworth, Hants, a bencher of the Middle Temple, and for many years clerk of the rules of the Court of Queen's Bench.

At Cambridge, aged 81, Monsieur Robert Venua, a well-known dancing-master and violinist.

*Dec. 6.* At Annagh-lodge, Tipperary, Gwendolen Kedington Bennet, youngest dau. of the Rev. E. K. Bennet, D.C.L. Rector of Cheveley, Camb.

At Reading, aged 62, Charles Cowan, M.D. He was a graduate of the universities of Edinburgh and Paris, senior physician to the Royal Berkshire Hospital, and consulting physician to the Reading Dispensary. He was well known for the part he took in religious discussions, and by many literary productions. He translated Louis on Phthisis in 1835, and between that date and 1840 wrote several pamphlets and reports on quackery. He also contributed to the Provincial Transactions papers on the Physiology of the Brain as the Organ of the Mind, the Practice of the Reading Dispensary, &c. He has left a wife and five children.

At Portmashangan rectory, Mullingar, aged 53, the Rev. John Crofton, third son of the late Duke Crofton, of Lakefield, esq. D.L.

At Finsbury-square, aged 39, George Nelson Edwards, M.D. eldest son of the late George Edwards, surgeon, Evc.

At Whitechurch, Hants, aged 42, John Frere, esq.

At Bath, aged 68, Susan, widow of William Grant, esq. of Congleton, N.B.

and eldest dau. of Sir Archibald Islay Campbell, of Garscabe.

Lest in the North Briton, at Mount's Bay, near Penzance, aged 23, William Albert, second son of Captain John Lewis, late of Weymouth.

At Loperwood Manor, Hants, Henry Stanley Pearce, esq. banker, of Southampton.

At the Manse of Kinnaird, the Rev. James Ranken, minister of the parish.

At Rochdale, aged 79, Joseph Seed, esq. F.R.C.S. 1852, formerly surg. R.N.

The Rev. William Smithson, M.A. Vicar of Sturton, Notts, aged 57. He was of St. John's coll. Cambridge (20th Sen. Opt. and B.A. 1837, M.A. 1845):

At Thorpe Abbott's rectory, Norfolk, aged 59, after a few days' illness, the Rev. William Wallace. He was of Jesus coll. Cambridge (B.A. 1832).

*Dec. 7.* At Brighton, aged 85, Anthony Caesar Colclough, esq. retired medical staff.

At Ventnor, aged 23, Robert Fenwick Fenwick, of Pembroke college, Oxford, and late 75th Foot, second son of Edward M. Fenwick, esq. of Burrowhall, Kirkby Lonsdale.

Elizabeth Sleddall, relict of Rev. Ralph Watkins Fisher, of Hilltop, Westmoreland.

At Fowey, aged 83, Abraham R. Illingworth, esq. surgeon R.N. 1808.

The Rev. Mr. Nicol, of Dalgety. He was appointed minister of St. Andrew's, Dunfermline, in 1849, and five years later he was translated to Dalgety.

At Nice, the Right Hon. Magdalen Lady Rokeby. She was the eldest dau. of Lieut.-Col. Thomas Huxley, was first married to Frederick Croft, esq. and to Lord Rokeby in 1826. She had issue one son, who died in 1852, and four daughters: the late Marchioness of Winchester, the Hon. Harriett Lydia, wife of Captain Dawson Damer, the Hon. Magdalen wife of the Dean of Windsor, and the Hon. Elizabeth Montagu.

At the parsonage, Melrose, aged 45, the Rev. John Gabriel Ryde, only son of the late Wm. Ryde, esq. of Bedford-place, Russell-square, London. He was of St. John's college, Cambridge (B.A. 1846, M.A. 1848).

At Dublin, Ellen Frances, the second dau. of the late William Butler Yeats, Rector of Tallish, diocese of Dro-more.

*Dec. 10.* At Edinburgh, aged 39, Mr. Patrick Brewster, nephew of the late Sir David Brewster.





## WILLS RECENTLY PROVED AND ADMINISTRATIONS GRANTED.

*(All in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, except where otherwise specified.)*

The will of **James Peter Andre', esq.** of St. Mark's-square, Regent's Park, was proved under 50,000*l.* He has left to the Royal Hospital for Diseases of the Chest a legacy of 50*l.* and a like bequest to the Hospital for French Protestant Refugees.

**Henry Edmund Austen**, late of Ravenscliff, Saint Brelades, in the Island of Jersey, a Lieut.-Colonel in her Majesty's army (died 27 Aug. 1868), letters of administration on the 2nd Nov. 1868, to Elizabeth Mary Austen, widow.

**George Bailey**, late of Harpenden-common, co. Hertford, gent. (died 7 Oct. 1868) proved 31 Oct. 1868, by John Bailey of Clay-hill, Bushey, gent. executor.

**James Bain**, late of No. 36, Old Compton-street, Soho, gent. (died 6 Oct. 1868), letters of administration granted to Gilbert Bain of Mayfield-terrace, Edinburgh, gent. 30 Oct. 1868.

**William Ludlam Barton**, formerly of Bishopsgate-street Within, tallowchandler, but late of Brompton-road, Middlesex, gentleman, (died 2 Sept. 1868,) proved 13 Nov. by Samuel Barton Worthington and Thomas Worthington, the nephews of the said deceased, and David Lincolne Collins, executors.

**Frances Beardmore**, late of Juniper-hall, Mickleham, Surrey, spinster, (died on 1st August 1868,) proved 22 August by Nathaniel Beardmore, of Great George-street, Middlesex, civil engineer, Charles Greaves of Old Ford, civil engineer, and Charles Rivington, of Fenchurch-buildings, gentleman, executors, personality under 60,000*l.*

**Stephen Blackaller**, of Steyning, engineer, (died 15 April 1868,) proved 23 Sept. by Thomas Blackaller his brother and Hezekiah Cheale, executors.

**Field-Marshal the Right Honourable Sir Edward Blakeney**, G.C.B., G.C.H., late Governor of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, died 2 Aug. 1868; will proved 25 August by Thomas George Gardiner of Riverside, Twickenham, esq. (his brother-in-law), and George Gordon Mackintosh, late of Braampton Brian, co. Hereford, but now of Richmond-house, Twickenham, esq. son-in-law of Mr. T. G. Gardiner, the acting execu-

tors, power being reserved to testator's cousin Miss Hariette Anne Blakeney. The personality was sworn under 45,000*l.* Sir Edward was the son of Colonel Blakeney, M.P. for Athenry in the Irish Parliament, and married Maria, daughter of the late Colonel Gardiner, E.I.C.S. The will is dated October 7, 1867, and contains many bequests. Sir Edward has left to the Cambridge Asylum for Soldiers' Widows 100*l.*, and 100*l.* to the National Orphan Home at Ham-common. He leaves to his butler a legacy of 1,500*l.* and all his apparel (except military dresses); to his cook 200*l.*; and like liberal bequests to his other servants; and 100*l.* to John Healey, a messenger at the Royal Hospital, Chelsea. All legacies free of duty. The residue of his property he leaves to his cousins Hariette, Louisa, and Margaret Blakeney.

**Joel Blamey**, late of Pool, Cornwall, merchant (died on or about the 6th August 1868), proved by Benjamin Matthews of St. Day in the said county; Joel Blamey and Harriet Blamey, both of Pool, executors.

**Miss Mary Hennah Boniface**, of Belvedere Villa, Cheltenham, proved under 30,000*l.* She has left to Muller's Orphan Home 300*l.* consols.

**Ann Brickwood**, late of Claremont-house, Thunbridge Wells, widow (died 10 Sept. 1868), proved 30 Oct. 1868, by Henry Hickman Barnes of Great Winchester-street, gent. and the Rev. Edward Lamb of Worksop, executors.

**Sarah Patience Brickwood**, of Bleunheim-villa, Shepherd's Bush, co. Middlesex, widow (who died 5 Sept. 1868), proved 17 Sept. 1868, by George Frederick Halse of Clarendon-road, Notting-hill, gent. executor.

The will of the **Hon. Mary Charlotte Bootle-Wilbraham**, of Stockport, (dated 27 Dec. 1856,) was proved at Liverpool by Robert Waring, Esq. of Ormskirk, solicitor, and George Roper, esq. of Latham, the joint acting executors. The personality was sworn under 6,000*l.* The testatrix was the eldest daughter of the first Baron Skelmersdale, and died June 3, 1868, aged 68. Having power of appointment over 5,000*l.* under the will of her father Lord Skelmers-



dale, she leaves the same, in various amounts, amongst her brother, nephews, and nieces. She bequeaths to W. Lax, esq. surgeon, Ormskirk, a legacy of 1,000*l.* in token of gratitude for his skill and care in attending her through a dangerous illness in 1843. The furniture at Knowle House, her former residence, which she had left to her brother-in-law the Earl of Derby, owing to her removal, now falls into the residue. She appoints her brother, Colonel the Hon. Edward Bootle-Wilbraham, residuary legatee.

Sir James Brooke, K.C.B. Rajah of Sarawak, by his will dated April 15, 1867, devised his sovereignty of Sarawak to his nephew Charles Johnson Brooke and the heirs male of his body; and, in default of issue, the Rajah devised his sovereignty unto Her Majesty the Queen of England, her heirs and assigns, for ever. The Rajah appointed Miss Angela Georgina Bardett Coutts, Mr. Thomas Fairburn, and Mr. John Abel Smith, M.P. trustees of his will. He bequeathed to his nephew Charles Johnson Brooke all his real and personal estate in Borneo and England and constituted him his residuary legatee; and directed him to furnish to his executors from his property in England, and out of the debt which was due to him from the State of Sarawak, sufficient funds to raise legacies to Arthur Crookshank, esq. and Mr. George Brooke, and liberal annuities in favour of his servants. Executors, Spencer St. John, esq. Chargé d'Affaires at Hayti, Mr. Alexander Knox, of Victoria-street, Westminster, and John Gillam Booty and Richard Butt, of Gray's Inn, solicitors.

Edward Bullen, late of Belsize-park gardens, Middlesex, and of the Inner Temple, esq. (died 19 July 1868.) administration granted 16 Oct. to Louise Bullen, his widow.

John James Carne, esq. whose personal estate was sworn under 4,000*l.* has bequeathed an interesting catalogue of books to the Penzance Library.

The Right Hon. Thomas Henry Dalzell, Earl of Carnarath, of Glennae House, Dumfries, and Gloucester-Place, Portman-square, proved in Dublin, under 12,000*l.* by his relict. He leaves his property to his widow and his only child, Henry Arthur Hew the present Earl, born in 1858.

The Rev. Thomas Carter, late Fellow and Vice-Provost of Eton College, and Vicar of Burnham, Bucks (died 8 Oct.

1868,) will proved 6th Nov. by Rev. Thomas Thellusson Carter, of the Rectory, Clewer, and the Rev. William Adolphus Carter, of Hitcham Rectory, Berks, executors.

George Cattermole of Cedars-road, Clapham-Common, co. Surrey, historical painter (died 24th July, 1868), proved 11 Sept. 1868, by Clarissa Hester Cattermole, executrix.

The Rev. Sir Nicholas Chinnery of Flintfield, co. Cork, formerly of Fitzwilliam-square, Dublin, but lately residing at Hyde-park-square, Middlesex, clerk and baronet (died 20 Aug. 1868), proved in her Majesty's Court of Probate in Ireland 22 Oct. by Anna Elizabeth Frances Margaretta Haldane Chinnery (wife of the Rev. James Robert Alexander Haldane-Chinnery), of Hyde-park-sq. daughter of deceased.

William Gray Clarke, formerly of Richmond, Surrey, then of Sidmouth, afterwards of Clifton, near Bristol, and late of Dorset-square, co. Middlesex, esq. (died 15 July, 1868), proved 12th Aug. by George Calvert Clarke, esq. Colonel Royal Scots Greys, the surviving executor.

Sarah Anne Cobden, late of Loudoun-villas, New-road, Hammersmith, widow (died 25 Aug. 1868), letters of administration to John Richard Sankey, brother and one of the next of kin.

Sir Francis Cockburn, late of East Cliff, Dover, knt. a General in her Majesty's army, and Colonel of the 95th Regiment (died 23 Aug. 1868), proved 14 Sept. by the Right Hon. Sir Alexander James Edmund Cockburn, baronet, Lord Chief Justice of England, and William Henry Egelstone Duncan, esq. executors. Personalty sworn under 4,000*l.*

Marianno Collis, formerly of Russell square, and late of Addison-crescent, Kensington, widow, died 3 Sept. 1868, proved 15 Sept. by John Gillam Booty and Richard Butt, both of Gray's-Inn, executors.

The Right Hon. Robert Monsey Rolfe, Baron Cranworth, P.C. ex-Lord High Chancellor of England, late of Holwood, near Bromley, Kent, and Upper Brook-street, proved Sept. 15th, and the personalty sworn under 40,000*l.*; the executors appointed being his cousin Robert Alexander, esq. William Brian Lushington, esq. and Godfrey Lushington, esq. The will is dated April 23 1868; and his lordship died July 26 following, aged 78. To each of his executors he leaves 1,000 guineas. He





has made very liberal bequests to the family of his late wife, leaving the interest of 4,000*l.* to his sisters-in-law Rebecca and Ann Carr; the dividends of 12,000*l.* Consols to his sister-in-law Emily Fisher Carr, and the principal to her children, and also leaves her a legacy of 300*l.* He leaves 7,000*l.* amongst the children of the late Rev. T. W. Carr; 1,000 guineas to Mary, daughter of his late wife's deceased brother, Sir William Ogilby Carr; the dividends of 10,000*l.* Consols, one moiety to Charlotte the wife of his said cousin Robert Alexander, and the other moiety to Mary wife of the Rev. Sir St. Vincent Love Hammick, M.A. with benefit of survivorship. The principal will ultimately revert to the children of the said Lady Hammick. An oil painting of himself, by Richmond, he leaves to the National Portrait Gallery, such being the wish of his late wife. There are many specific bequests to his family and friends. The residue of his property, real and personal, he leaves to his said cousin, Robert Alexander, esq.

Sir Claude William Champion de Crespigny, late of Wivenhoe Hall, Essex, Bart. (who died at Wivenhoe Hall 11 Aug. 1868), proved 11 Sept. by dame Mary his widow, William Michael Tufnell, of Hatfield Place, Essex, esq. Henry Other Champion de Crespigny, of Abernethy, co. Brecon, esq. and the Rev. Frederick John Champion de Crespigny, of Hampton Wick, co. Middlesex, clerk, the executors. The personal property was sworn under 18,000*l.* The testator directs that on Jan. 1st 1880, or on the decease of his wife, the executors are to pay out of his Camberwell estate an annuity of 350*l.* to his daughters in equal shares; to his son Philip 150*l.* and to his sons Tyrrell and George an annuity of 100*l.* in addition to any other interests they may take under his will. He apports 10,000*l.* under settlement to younger children. He leaves his freeholds in Surrey and elsewhere to his wife for life, and after her decease to his eldest son.

William Pearson Crozier, late of the Marina, in the parish of Freshwater, Isle of Wight, a Captain in the royal navy (died 9 Sept. 1868, at the Marina aforesaid), proved 10 Oct. 1868 in the district registry at Winchester by Richard Crozier, Rawson John Crozier, and Francis Henry Crozier, executors.

Sir Dominick Daly, late of Adelaide, South Australia, knut. died at Adelaide, 19 Feb. 1868, letters of administration

to Caroline Maria Daly, his widow, 20 Nov. 1868.

Frank Hyde D'Arcy, formerly of Lymington, Hants, but late of Beveré Firs, in the parish of Claines, co. Worcester, esq. (died 15 June, 1868, at Beveré Firs), proved 24 July, by Anna Maria D'Arcy, Joseph William D'Arcy, and George Jeremiahs Stiles, executors.

Josias Hayne Dawe, late of Stoke Devonport, esq. and of the Naval Bank, Plymouth, banker, (died 10 March, 1868) proved in the District Registry of Exeter 23 July, 1868, by Capt. William Robert Mends, R.N., C.B., chief of the Transport Department, Somerset House, London, and Allan Belfield Bone, of Belmont House, Stoke Devonport, Devon, gent. executors.

The Rev. Stephen Poyntz Denning, late of Bradfield, Berks. (died 27 Jan. 1868), proved 12 March, 1868, by Frances Denning, widow and sole executrix.

Thomas Desvignes, late of Fir-tree Cottage, Woodford, Essex, esq. died 11 May, 1868, proved 6 June, by Peter Hubert Desvignes, one of the executors.

Admiral Sir John Burnet Dundas, Bart. late of Queensberry Villa, Richmond, and Llanelly, near Carmarthen, was proved Oct. 2, under 50,000*l.* personalty, by Lady Dundas, his relict, the sole executrix, to whom he has left the whole of his property, real and personal, by will dated 11 Nov. 1852. Personalty under 50,000*l.* The gallant Admiral died at the age of 74 without issue.

Edmund Barrow Evans, formerly of John-street, Bedford-row, solicitor, but late of Weston House, Pitville, Cheltenham, died 26 July 1868, proved 10 August by Lucy Ann Evans, of Weston House, widow and sole executrix.

William Frederick Fergusson, formerly of Langham place, co. Middlesex, and late of Tittaghar, near Calcutta, esq. (died on 31st Dec. 1867) and proved in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, in Bengal, by Thomas Maltby Robinson and Frederick John Fergusson, two of the executors.

The will of Duncan Forbes, LL.D. professor of Oriental languages, King's College, London, was proved in London on the 8th Oct. by Mr. James Pearce Allen, of Leadenhall-st. Dr. Charles Ricu, of the British Museum, and the Rev. John Forbes, D.D. The personalty was sworn under 6,000*l.* The will is dated July 15th 1858, and the learned doctor died August 17, 1868. There are a number of small bequests to several of his personal friends. To each of his executors



100*l.*; to his publisher and friend, Mr. Allen, 50*l.*; his old schoolmaster, Mr. Dougall, of Kirkmichael, 30*l.*; to the poor of Kirkmichael, 30*l.*; the poor of Moline, 30*l.*. All legacies to be free of duty. The residue of his property and effects he leaves to be equally shared, at the discretion of his executors, by his father, his brothers and sisters, and the issue of those deceased.

Richard Fort, late of Read Hall, in the parish of Whalley, co. Lancaster, and Queen's-gate-gardens, co. Middlesex, esq. M.P. (died 2 July) proved 21 Sept. by Margaret Ellen Fort the relict, Edward E. Kay, of Gloucester Terrace, esq. Q.C. and James Richard Upton, of Austinfriars, gent. executrix and executors. The testator was deputy-lieutenant for Lancashire (high sheriff 1854), and died 2nd July last, aged 66. To each of his executors he leaves a legacy of 500*l.* free of duty; to his wife an annuity of 2,000*l.* and a legacy of 5,000*l.* and leaves her all his furniture and household effects, together with his residence in Queen's-gate-gardens. Personalty sworn under 160,000*l.* Will dated 25 Nov. 1867.

Dame Jane Freeling, late of Clifton, in the city and county of Bristol, widow

of Sir George Henry Freeling, of Connaught-place West, London (died 26th Aug. 1868), proved 10th Sept. 1868 by Frederick George Davidson, esq. one of the executors named therein. Sir George Henry Freeling, Bart. (in his will called Sir Henry Freeling), was one of the commissioners of her Majesty's Customs, died Nov. 1841, and his will was proved on the 14th Dec. 1841.

The will of Mr. John Garrett, late of Chesham, Bucks, was proved under 80,000*l.*, the executors and trustees being his son-in-law Frederic Butcher, banker, of Tring, Herts, Henry Appleton, M.D. and James Gurney of Chalfont, Bucks.; Robert Pegg, also an executor, having died. The will is dated 1864, and a codicil October 1867, and testator died on the 31st of July last. He has divided his property and estates, in specified portions, between his two daughters, Mrs. Pegg and Mrs. Butcher, and their issue.

William Grant, late of Lichborough, co. Northampton, esq. (died 18th July, 1868), letters of administration, 16th Sept., to Arthur William Grant of Lichborough, esq. and Edward Grant of Balliol college, Oxford, esq. sons of the deceased.

Messrs. J. B. NICHOLS AND SONS will shortly publish *The Marriage, Baptismal, and Burial Registers of Westminster Abbey from their commencement to the present time. Edited and Annotated by JOSEPH LEMUEL CHESTER, Honorary Member of the New England Historic-Genealogical and the Pennsylvania and Maine Historical Societies, &c., &c., &c.*—This volume will be issued under the sanction of the Dean and Chapter of Westminster. As the great majority of the entries in the Registers are of a historic character, its high value and importance will be readily appreciated by historians, genealogists, biographers, and literary men generally. In his annotations the Editor's object has been to identify, so far as possible, the persons mentioned, and to furnish references to other authorities and sources of information from which their individual or family history may be pursued, so as to render the work one for standard reference.

The most interesting of the *Portraits of Yorkshire Worthies*, which were assembled in the late National Exhibition of Works of Art at Leeds, are about to be published in two hundred photographs, which will be executed by Messrs. Cundall and Fleming. They will be accompanied by brief biographical notices supplied by Edward Hailstone, Esq. F.S.A. (who exerted himself so zealously in forming the collection), and will be issued to subscribers at 10*l.* 10*s.* bound in two volumes half morocco.

BOOKS RECEIVED:—Life of the Right Hon. Robert-Banks second Earl of Liverpool, K.G. by Charles Duke Yonge. 3 vols. (Macmillan and Co.)—A Memoir of the Right Honourable Hugh Elliott, by the Countess of Minto, Svo. (Edmonston and Douglas.)—Life of the Rt. Hon. Sir James Graham, by Henry Lonsdale, M.D. 12mo. (Routledge.)





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AND

## MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY.

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## NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

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Communications respecting the Magazine, and announcements intended for insertion, should be addressed

*To the Editor of THE REGISTER,  
25, Parliament Street, S.W.*

Manuscripts sent to the Editor of the REGISTER and not used, can be returned only when a properly addressed and *stamped* cover for post is sent with them.

Among the articles in our Number for MARCH will be—Emanuel Swedenborg, his Life and Opinions; the Public Bequests of Mr. Felix Slade; REVIEWS of the Countess of Minto's Memoir of the Right Hon. Hugh Elliott; and the Life of George Petrie, Esq. M.R.I.A.; and OBITUARY MEMOIRS of the late Arthur Ashpitel, Esq. F.S.A., Mr. Cameron Campbell of Monzie, Admiral Sir Lucius Curtis, John Dickinson, Esq. F.R.S., Sir Henry Ellis, K.H., Sir William Newton, Sir Cusack Patrick Roney, George Smith, Esq. F.S.A., and Charles R. Weld, Esq.

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The Registration fee for the insertion of Births \* is Half-a-Crown; for Marriages, Deaths, or other announcements, not exceeding six lines, Five Shillings; seven to twelve lines, Ten Shillings.

Announcements intended for insertion should be accompanied by a remittance, but can only be received subject to approval by the Editor.

\* The value of Notices of Births will be greatly enhanced if the Christian name intended to be given to the child is sent for insertion in the Register. We propose also to commence a public Register of Baptisms (the fee as for Births,) in which the baptismal names will of course be included.

*Post Office Orders to be made payable to Mr. J. M'Donagh at the  
Money Order Office, Parliament Street.*





# THE REGISTER

AND

## MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY.

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FEBRUARY 1869.

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### LORD LIVERPOOL AND HIS ADMINISTRATION.\*

No Prime Minister of England, with the exception of Burghley and Pitt, held office uninterruptedly for so long a period as Lord Liverpool, and in the gravity of the events which marked it his administration scarcely yields even to theirs. If the earlier portion of his official career be also taken into account, it would be difficult to name a single statesman whose experience comprised so many memorable occurrences, including as it did Napoleon's rise and fall, the remodelling of the map of Europe, the financial difficulties which accompanied the restoration of peace, the scandalous proceedings against Queen Caroline (unparalleled since the time of Henry VIII.), conspiracies and seditions, the vexed Catholic controversy, and the first fitful murmurs of the Reform agitation. Yet his name is never mentioned, his authority never appealed to, in parliamentary debates, and though the associate or the antagonist of men of world-wide reputation—such as Pitt, Fox, and Burke, Canning and Huskisson, Castlereagh and Peel—of whom some never attained the Premiership, while one only enjoyed so long a tenure of it, posterity has instinctively declined to class him with them. Judgment has gone against him as by default, and, though Mr. Yonge may have shown that justice has scarcely been done him, we do not think he will succeed in reversing the verdict.

By turns secretary to Lord Bute, a Lord of the Admiralty, Minister of War, and a member of the Board of Trade, Charles Jenkinson was in 1786 raised to the peerage as Lord Hawkesbury, and ten years later was created Earl of Liverpool. His son, Robert Banks Jenkinson, was

\* *The Life and Administration of Robert Banks second Earl of Liverpool, K.G., late First Lord of the Treasury.* Compiled from Original Documents. By Charles Duke Yonge. 3 vols. (Macmillan & Co.) 1868.



born the 7th June 1770, and was sent from the Charterhouse to Christchurch, Oxford, where he formed a lasting friendship with Canning. Making the "grand tour," he witnessed the capture of the Bastille, and while yet a minor obtained a seat in Parliament, by favour of Sir James Lowther, as member for Appleby—an illegality which in those days provoked no criticism. His maiden speech was in defence of the armaments with which Pitt threatened resistance to Russian aggressions on Turkey, and was a decided success. This was in the session of 1791, and he spent part of the recess in the Low Countries and Germany, where he inspected the forces preparing to invade France, admired the discipline and efficiency of the Prussians, remarked the jealousy which prevailed between them and the Austrians and their common contempt for the French, and carefully collected and sifted political and military information, which he transmitted to his father. He turned what he had seen to account in the following session by advocating immediate war with France, and by deprecating any negotiations with "a band of sanguinary ruffians." He also showed his hereditary Conservatism by opposing Earl Grey's motion for parliamentary reform. A seat at the India Board was the first step in his political ladder; he soon became Master of the Mint, and, when George the Third's repugnance to Catholic emancipation caused Pitt's resignation, he adhered to Addington, and was entrusted with the seals of the Foreign Office. He directed the diplomacy which resulted in the peace of Amiens, and when war was again imminent he entertained an overture made to our ambassador by Joseph Bonaparte, of inducing the First Consul, on payment of a handsome sum of money to himself, his brother Lucien, and Talleyrand, to consent to our retention of Malta. Addington, however, was indisposed to advance so large a sum as was required, and shrank from the task of persuading the House of Commons to sanction an extraordinary vote in ignorance of its application; hence the scheme miscarried, though the Bonapartes, if not Talleyrand, seem to have been anxious for its execution. In 1803 he was translated to the Upper House as Lord Hawkesbury, and on Pitt's return to power he became its leader, though shifted to the Home Office. Some reflections on his foreign policy by Canning, who was now Treasurer of the Navy, threatened a rupture, but friends succeeded in reconciling them. Liverpool in turn promoted and perhaps originated an accommodation between Pitt and Addington, the latter being readmitted into the ministry as Lord Sidmouth and President of the Council. On Pitt's death his colleagues deemed themselves unable to carry on the government, but the King would fain have had Hawkesbury as his successor, and testified his favour by making him Warden of the Cinque Ports.

He did not remain long in the cold shade of opposition. Fox's decease was an irreparable blow to the Coalition ministry, and their





honourable refusal to pledge themselves never to re-open the Catholic question brought about their resignation. The King again wished Hawkesbury to take the reins; but the leaders of the party had decided that their nominal chief should be the Duke of Portland, a man of feeble intellect and racked by disease, but influential by reason of his political connections and his nomination boroughs. Hawkesbury therefore returned to the Home Office, Canning taking the Foreign and Castlereagh the War and Colonial departments, while Perceval was Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Huskisson Secretary to the Treasury, Palmerston making his *début* as a Lord of the Admiralty. A majority of 46 in the Lower House promised stability to the new administration, and, a flood tide of no-popery feeling setting in, they resolved to improve their position by a dissolution—"before the country had time to cool," the Home Secretary informed his father. Only twelve months previously he had addressed to the King a long remonstrance against Lord Grenville's dissolution, in which he pointed out that a general election would throw the whole influence of government in the boroughs into the hands of the existing administration, and would determine in their favour the opinions of hosts of waverers, urging that no pretence for it could be advanced either on the ground of necessary measures being obstructed in the Commons or of any material difference of opinion between the two Houses. The Parliament which he then sought to keep alive had had an existence of four years, so that his own argument told with fourfold force in favour of one which had only seen a single session. Unjustifiable, however, as was this exercise of the prerogative, the device succeeded, and the Government allowed the new House a lease of five years, when Wellington's victories in the Peninsula and Napoleon's discomfiture at Moscow offered them a propitious moment for inflicting another blow on the Opposition. To those victories Hawkesbury, who had now become Earl of Liverpool, contributed; for the duel between Canning and Castlereagh, Portland's resignation, and Perceval's succession, had transferred him to the War Office. He allowed the Duke a large discretion, and reposed, as appears from his confidential letters, an exceptional confidence in his success, firmly combating the cavils of the Whigs and the despondency of the country. Wellington occasionally vented complaints against the Government; but Mr. Yonge maintains, and probably with much truth, that they exerted themselves to their utmost to promote the success of the expedition.

Perceval's assassination in 1812 raised Liverpool to the Premiership, though the House of Commons, not considering him to be equal to the place, petitioned the King for the formation of a strong administration. Whether strong or not, his ministry proved durable, for it lasted with no considerable changes until his death in 1827. Mr. Yonge claims indeed that his hero was the last minister who in the strict sense



of the word can be said to have governed England. The Opposition, it is true, were powerless; but considering that his colleagues included Canning, Peel, Castlereagh, and Huskisson, we think he has overrated the Premier's personal influence. Their foreign policy was crowned with success. So far from being bent on the restoration of the Bourbons, it is clear that the Government would have made peace with Napoleon on reasonable if not liberal terms; for his downfall the Emperor had only to thank his own fatuity. They reluctantly consented to his banishment to Elba, a blunder for which the Czar was chiefly responsible. In vain did Fouché urge that upon that rock he would be to Italy, France, and all Europe, what Vesuvius is to Naples, and that he would make it a lever with which to move the world. When the Hundred Days came to an end, Liverpool, with a characteristic desire to escape embarrassment, was in hopes "that the King of France would hang or shoot Bonaparte as the best termination of the business," and thought that in the event of our capturing him "the most easy course would be to deliver him up to the King of France, who might try him as a rebel, but then we must be quite certain that he must be tried in such a manner as to have no chance of escape; indeed, nothing would really be necessary but the identification of his person." Of course these expressions were "secret and confidential." The notion of treating Napoleon, who had been recognised as ruler of Elba, as a rebel does not say much for Liverpool's generosity. *Hostis humani generis*, as the Premier elsewhere describes him, he might be, but a rebel against Louis XVIII., to whom he had never owed allegiance, he clearly was not. The same desire to avoid troublesome questions was manifested in his wish, considering the restoration of Poland hopeless, to leave the three predatory Powers to agree as to its fate. It was his proposal, however, that France should disgorge her plundered paintings and statues, and he persevered in it notwithstanding the misgivings of Wellington and Castlereagh, who feared to bring unpopularity on the Bourbons. He perceived, too, the tact and management which would be necessary to reconcile Belgium to its union with Holland, as also the instability of the Bourbons, marvelling at their entire ignorance of constitutional principles and practice. At the Congress of Vienna our Government played a dignified part, and they wisely desired a good understanding with France on continental questions, while sensible that a too obvious *entente cordiale* would be unpopular in both countries. They exposed themselves, however, to misconstruction by their apparent sympathy with the Holy Alliance, that "piece of sublime mysticism and nonsense," as Castlereagh properly but confidentially described it. His suggestion was that the Regent should sign it without the intervention of his ministers; but Liverpool felt that this would be unconstitutional, and it was therefore agreed that the Prince should write a polite reply,





to the effect that constitutional forms prevented his formal concurrence, but that he entirely agreed in the principles of the treaty, and would co-operate in all measures likely to further the peace and happiness of mankind. The courtesy under which the Government veiled the refusal led many people to regard it as a virtual adhesion; but when, on Castlereagh's melancholy end, Canning succeeded to the Foreign Office, the intervention on behalf of Portugal, and the recognition of the Spanish American colonies, showed the injustice of the imputation.

The domestic policy of the Administration is more open to objection. In spite of the King's threat to dismiss them, and to retire to Hanover and there obtain what he wanted, if he could not form a ministry which would humour him, they braved George IV.'s displeasure by refusing to promote a divorce as long as the Queen remained on the Continent; but on her arrival in England they abandoned all reserve and pushed the matter to extremities by communicating to Parliament the evidence they had collected against her. Whatever may be thought of Caroline's character, it was only natural that the people, with their instinctive sympathy for the weak, should espouse the cause of an ill-used woman against a profligate husband. Canning wisely refused to soil his hands by meddling in the matter, for which neutrality the King gratified what Liverpool himself described as his "personal pique and resentment" by excluding him from office as long as he could, and, when at length obliged to give way, he thought it "the greatest sacrifice to his opinions and feelings that he had ever made in his life." The Peterloo affray was, to say the least, another lamentable blunder, to which the Ministers made themselves accessories by thanking the magistrates for their "prompt, decisive, and efficient measures for the preservation of the public peace." For their return, however, to cash payments after the close of the war, and for their free-trade tendencies, they deserve some credit.

Liverpool must have had considerable tact to keep together a cabinet of somewhat heterogeneous materials. Devoid of jealousy, he warmly appreciated the abilities of Canning and the rising eminence of Peel. He could be firm when the occasion demanded, as for instance in resisting the pressure of Wellington and Wellesley when they wanted an Irish bishopric for their brother Gerald, and in refusing to a clergyman a canonry which backstairs-influence had induced the King actually to promise. In debate he was extremely fair and frank, but though he showed a tolerable amount of common sense he was never brilliant. Mr. Bernal Osborne tells us he can be as dull and well-informed as any body when he likes: to judge from the many specimens of his oratory cited by his admiring biographer, Lord Liverpool was invariably so. He seems to have never uttered or penned a sentence which *per se* is worth preserving. He possessed probably good administra-



tive abilities, was free from nepotism, and commanded through life the respect even of his opponents; but a minister who presided over his country's councils for fifteen years, and yet left unsettled the two great questions of his time, cannot be deemed other than a second-rate statesman. Mr. Yonge is obliged to admit that the long postponement of the Catholic claims was a great misfortune, and for that misfortune Lord Liverpool is mainly responsible. Whether he foresaw the gathering troubles, and lacked the courage to forestall and dissipate them, or whether he seriously believed that the penal laws and the rotten boroughs could be maintained, is not quite clear, but either hypothesis is fatal to his reputation. Perhaps the truth is that he merely aimed at staying off troublesome questions, for he was constitutionally nervous and timid, never, as he confessed (though Mr. Yonge omits to mention it), opening his morning's budget of letters without a painful apprehension of evil tidings. He could commit to paper such unmitigated rubbish as this, *à propos* of the proposed transfer of seats from Grampound to Leeds :—

"The giving the right of election to the populous manufacturing towns [is] the worst remedy which can be applied. In the first place it would be the greatest evil conferred on those towns; it would subject the population to a perpetual factions canvass, which would divert more or less the people from their industrious habits, and keep alive a permanent spirit of turbulence and disaffection amongst them. Against such a measure all the most respectable inhabitants of those towns would, I am convinced, protest."

Obviously this argument, if it can be dignified by such a name, is condemnatory of representative institutions and a representative assembly altogether; but, though Lord Liverpool succeeded in giving the seats to Yorkshire instead of to its chief town, he failed to convince the great centres of industry that it was better for them to be unrepresented.

While obliged to speak unfavourably of Liverpool's statesmanship it would be pleasant to find subject of praise in his private character, but Mr. Yonge is woefully deficient in information on this point. A stanza from Hood's *Bridge of Sighs* might indeed be addressed to him, for in 1400 pages there is no mention of Liverpool's mother, and throughout the greater part of the work there is only a casual epistolary greeting which precludes the assumption that the Premier lived and died a bachelor. We were content to wait for the last chapter to find some light thrown on domestic matters, but six lines record his two marriages, and his succession, in default of issue, by a brother, whose existence is thus for the first time announced. "The fact," adds Mr. Yonge, "that it is impossible to give any account of his private life is in itself a testimony to his steady cultivation of the domestic virtues." This excuse is eminently unsatisfactory. There are politicians still living who must remember him, and there may still be reminiscences of him in the





neighbourhood of Walmer Castle. We could have spared pages of Liverpool's speeches and of "padding" from the *Annual Register* for the sake of learning something about his habits, tastes, and recreations, but even an account of his personal appearance is wanting. The confidential communications between the Minister and his colleagues or his Sovereign are interesting and acceptable, and in these consists the chief value of the work.

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### THE EARLY DAYS OF SIR MARTIN FROBISHER.

This fearless and able navigator, whose name heads the long and illustrious roll of Arctic explorers in search of the North-West Passage, was a native of Yorkshire. His biographers have all erred in supposing him to have been of mean origin and unlettered; on the contrary, he was a gentleman by birth and education.

"The most authentic account of the family of Frobisher," writes the late Rev. Joseph Hunter, in his *History of South Yorkshire* (vol. i. p. 32), "is that contained in the Visitation of 1563, beginning with John Frobisher of Altofts, where he was farmer of the royal demesne (King Henry the Eighth's). No wife is mentioned in the Visitation, but Hopkinson says he married Joan, daughter of Sir William Scargell of Thorpe Stapleton, near Leeds.\* His son John, by a daughter of Freston of Altofts, had Francis the Recorder [of Doncaster, 'a right worshipful esquire and just justice'], Barnard [of whose profession or calling no record has been preserved], Anthony, a clerk, Edmund [of whom nothing is now known], and Ann, who became a nun. In some genealogical memoranda, of nearly contemporary date, it is said that Barnard was the father of Sir Martin by a daughter of — York. This does not appear in the Visitation, but it receives some corroboration from this circumstance, that Sir Martin is known to have had a sister named Margaret, and the baptism of Margaret, daughter of Barnard Frobisher, is registered at Normanton, in which parish Altofts is situated, on the 10 February 1541. Barnard was buried at Normanton on 1 September 1542, when Sir Martin must have been quite an infant."

Thus far Mr. Hunter, whose account of the origin, &c. of the Admiral is confirmed and amplified by other contemporary documents, the existence of which was unknown to him.

The proto-explorer of the North-West Passage was born in the little village of Altofts, in the parish of Normanton, near Wakefield, in 1536, and therefore, at the death of his father, Barnard Frobisher, he was not "quite an infant," but a child fully six years of age.

\* It was through this marriage that Sir Martin was related to the soldier and poet of Elizabeth's reign, George Gascoigne, who notices the consanguinity in the preface which is prefixed to the tract of Sir Humphrey Gilbert's on a passage to Cutaia.



This fact is established by an Admiralty paper preserved in the Public Record Office, and dated 30 May 1566, wherein he is described as "Martin Frobisher of Normanton, co. York, gentleman, of the age of 27 or thereabouts." The memorials of his early career are scanty indeed; but they serve nevertheless to correct further misrepresentations on the part of his biographers. According to a report (which is unfortunately mutilated, or very abruptly closes just at that point which is more particularly interesting to us,) of Michael Lok, the real projector of the several expeditions to the "wondrous empire of Cathaya" or China by a north-west passage, in 1576 and the two following years,

The rare and valiant Frobisher was born of honest parentage, gentlemen of a good house and antiquity in Normanton, who in his youth, for lack of good schools thereabouts, sent him to London . . . . . where he was put to Sir John Yorke, now deceased, being his kinsman; who perceiving him to be of great spirit and bold courage, and natural hardness of body, sent him in the ship named \_\_\_\_\_ to the hot country of Guinea, in company of other ships which were set out by divers merchants of London.\*

The Sir John Yorke here mentioned was of Gouthwaite, in the East Riding of Yorkshire, and Treasurer of the Mint in Southwark during the reigns of Edward VI. and Mary, and in the early years of Elizabeth. Young Martin, in whom he took so lively an interest, was his nephew, most probably, on the mother's side; for, as above stated, the maiden name of that lady was Yorke. The earliest mercantile ventures by Englishmen to the coast of Guinea, in the sixteenth century, incidentally mentioned by Hakluyt, were made in the years 1553 and 1554, when Martin Frobisher was a youth of seventeen or eighteen; but in all likelihood the venture to which Michael Lok refers was that organised by Sir William Garrard and Sir William Chester, aldermen of London and members of the Muscovy Company, in conjunction with Mr. (afterwards Sir) Thomas Lodge, a member of the same company, and Messrs. Hickman and Castelyn, keepers of the royal stores in the Tower. Hakluyt has preserved William Rutter's brief narrative of this disastrous enterprise, which appears to have been the first undertaken exclusively "by divers merchants of London" at the period in question. It sailed from Dartmouth on the 25th February 1562, and returned to the same port, with but little more than half its original complement of men, in the autumn of the following year.

"We arrived," reports Rutter to his London employers, "we arrived (God be thanked!) the 6 August within sight of the Start, in the west of England, our men being very sick and weak. We have not at this present above 20 sound men that are able to labour, and we have of our men 21 dead, and many more very

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\* Cotton MSS. Otho E. viii. fols. 41-43.





sore hurt [in their encounters with the Portuguese] and sick. Master Burton [the general] hath been sick this six weeks, and at this present (God strengthen him!) is so weak that I fear he will hardly escape."

Michael Lok was secretary to the Muscovy Company, and when urging them, fourteen years later, to countenance the proposed expedition to Cathaya by the north-west passage, incidentally mentions the circumstance of having "renewed his old acquaintance with Master Furbisher"—an intimation doubtlessly intended to remind several of them that his *élève* was the same individual who had formerly been employed in their service, and the kinsman of their co-adventurer, Sir John Yorke, on that occasion.

Naval historians, in their admiration of the genius and daring displayed by Frobisher in his efforts to discover the north-west passage, have credited him with considerably more than his due, at the ungenerous expense withal of his chief patron and friend Michael Lok. The inedited papers of that unfortunate man, preserved in the Cotton Library of MSS. and in the Public Record Office, contain not only very curious details of his own personal history, illustrating in a singular manner the maritime adventure of the age, but also by far the best narrative of Frobisher's three Arctic expeditions. He states at length the true origin of the first, and the particular inducements that led to the setting forth of the second and third. Lok, who had traded many years in the Levant, was undoubtedly the master-spirit of the triple undertaking. Upon it he staked and lost a large fortune, which he had partly inherited from his father, Sir William Lok, and partly acquired himself. Nor was this all: those who had freely availed themselves of his scientific and practical knowledge, and drawn most liberally upon his purse, opposed and derided, calumniated and abandoned him in his extremity. The Public Record Office contains no more pathetic story than his. Early in 1574 he had satisfied the jealous scruples of the Muscovy Company, and obtained their formal sanction, which was indispensable, to go in search of that passage which was very generally supposed to connect the great Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. He was (he tells us) "solely actuated by patriotic motives," as well as the means of bringing "many men into a good liking of the matter which before could find no taste thereof." At that time Frobisher was an adventurer in more senses than one, and, to his dishonour, repaid the disinterested services of the friend who had rescued him from poverty and disgrace, and set him in the high way to fortune and renown, with the blackest ingratitude.

I used Master Furbisher (writes Lok to Secretary Walsingham) as my fellow and friend, and opened unto him all mine own private studies and labours passed in 20 years continuance before, for knowledge of the state of the world; and



showed him all my books, charts, maps, instruments, so many as cost me 500*l.* of money, and writing, and my notes collected thereof; and duly instructed him therein to my skill, and lent him the same to his own lodging at his will, for his better defence in talk thereof with other men. And, to be short, daily increased my good will towards him, making my house his house, and my purse his purse at his need, and my credit his credit to my power, when he was utterly destitute both of money and credit and of friends, as his letters unto me and his protection of her Majesty doth witness, when he was first lodged at the house of one Brown in Fleet Street, and afterwards (to have my better help and relief) removed nearer to me to the house of a widow named Hancocks in Mark Lane, who can bear witness of the same, with others more than I could name herewithal; and Master Furbisher was a glad man.

That Frobisher was in very needy circumstances, and his reputation for ordinary prudence, if not for integrity, impaired at the time when Lok generously took him by the hand, are facts placed beyond all reasonable debate by two unpublished documents preserved in the Public Record Office. The first is that to which a passing reference has already been made, and dated the 30th May, 1566. On that day he was examined in the presence of Dr. David Lewes, the Judge of the Admiralty, on suspicion of having fitted out a vessel at Newcastle-on-Tyne for a piratical voyage. Although he strove to make the court believe that his destination was Rochelle for a cargo of salt, it appears from the subsequent examination of several of his followers that the real scene of his intended operations was the western coast of Africa. Pending the judicial inquiry, the suspected craft of 100 tons, heavily equipped and numbering a crew of 36 men, including four gentlemen adventurers, was secretly conveyed away by his brother John, and the success which attended this audacious act seems to have justified the attempt, for all further proceedings against him were immediately stayed. Towards the expense of this abortive expedition Frobisher was able to contribute but 50*l.* and that sum, like others for the same purpose, which he confesses, was probably borrowed.

The second document, exposing his impecuniosity and want of common honesty, is more curious and humiliating than the first. It is "the doleful petition" of his wife, Isabel Frobisher, "the most miserable poor woman in the world," that she addressed to Mr. Secretary Walsingham a few days after her improvident husband had sailed on his first Arctic voyage. That unfortunate lady proceeds to state that she had formerly been the wife of Thomas Riggat of Snaith, in the county of York, "a very wealthy man, who left her in good state, and good portions to all her children;" that she afterwards "took to husband Master Captain Furbisher (whom God forgive!), who hath spent all, and put them to the wide world to shift;" that the children by her first husband were with her "in a poor room at Hampstead, ready to starve;" and she concludes her petition with a prayer that





one Kempe may be ordered to pay her four pounds owing to her husband, or "for some relief until his return to keep them from famishing." The poor lady's cries for assistance were smothered, we fear, in the secretary's scrutoire; for we cannot discover that any notice was taken of them.\*

Lok, in his haste to secure the professional skill of Frobisher, overlooked his shortcomings in other respects. "Finding him," says he, "expert, fit, and ready to execute great attempts, I joined with him." The two immediately set about the formation of a company after the fashion of the times; that is, they opened a public subscription-list in the city of London, at the head of which Lok, "for the better encouraging of others," placed his own name for the sum of 100*l*. His example was followed by Sir Thomas Gresham and other leading citizens. Frobisher then carried the list to the Court, and got, in the first place, as a matter of course, Ambrose Dudley, Earl of Warwick, to scan it; who, in his turn, obtained the countenance and subscriptions of the Lord Treasurer Burghley, the Earls of Leicester, Sussex, and Pembroke, and Secretary Walsingham. Between the court and the city the sum of 875*l*. was thus raised. As this was insufficient for the purpose, and the season for voyaging so far north was rapidly advancing, the project was abandoned for 1575, and, adds Lok, "Master Furbisher was now become a sad man." The enterprise was revived in the following year, and "Master Furbisher was alive again." Notwithstanding the former adventurers had severally agreed to increase their subscriptions, the mercantile community at large looked coldly on the scheme. The fact is they had no faith in "Master Furbisher," and, but for the singular liberality of Michael Lok, the proposal, "even for the lack of the necessary means to equip two small barks and a pinnace," would have miscarried again. He volunteered to make up the deficiency himself, and hence the cause of all his subsequent misfortunes. Happy indeed had it been for him if the last and most serious difficulty of all had proved insurmountable!

But now, says he, the greatest matter remained still in doubt and not satisfied amongst the adventurers, which was who should take charge of conduct and commandment of the ships being abroad at the sea; for that Master Furbisher had very little credit at home, and much less to be credited with ships abroad. This matter was the principal cause of the overthrow of the voyage the year

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\* It would seem that Frobisher had a son by his unhappy wife, for in the year 1590 the name of a "young Martin Frobisher," of the same profession as himself, twice occurs in the Dom. Cal. Eliz. under that date. This son, it may be concluded, pre-deceased him, inasmuch as he bequeathed the bulk of his estate, including Frobisher Hall, in the village of Altofts, and his manor of Brockholes, in the parish of Cautley, to his nephew Captain Peter Frobisher, who speedily squandered it.



before; and this matter was now like to overthrow it this year, and did cause most of the adventurers to keep back their money.

The good nature of Lok, as much as his zeal for the cause, again prompted him to step in. He became surety for the graceless Frobisher. But to make assurance doubly sure, the adventurers further stipulated and insisted that the masters of the two smaller vessels and the chief purser of the squadron, "all known for trusty men," should be joined in equal commission with him; and thus the final obstacle in the way of getting the first expedition afloat was surmounted. The total cost of fitting it out exceeded 1,600*l.*, of which sum Lok disbursed very nearly half. His contributions towards the two succeeding expeditions were equally liberal, amounting in the aggregate to nearly 7,000*l.*, equivalent to 20,000*l.* at least of our money.

The result of the three voyages is well known. Frobisher seems to have persuaded himself, and not a few also of his patrons, that he had really solved the greatest of nautical problems. On returning home, on the last occasion, "he grew (says Lok) into such a monstrous mind that a whole kingdom could not contain it; but already, by the discovery of a new world, he was become another Columbus." It was reserved for a bold adventurer and champion in the cause of humanity to determine, after the lapse of nearly three centuries, the exact limits of his Arctic explorations. Captain C. F. Hall, of the U.S. mercantile marine, when making his noble search a few years since for the missing crews of the *Erebus* and *Terror*, passed several months in the immediate vicinity of the so-called "Frobisher Strait," and discovered it to be nothing more than an inlet. The Innuits or Esquimaux thereabouts had preserved, with marvellous accuracy in every detail, oral traditions of the white man's three visits to their inhospitable shores, and pointed out to their astonished American guest his several anchorages. The highest point that Frobisher attained appears to have been a piece of insulated table-land, called by the natives *Ki-ki-tuk-ju-a*, in lat. 63° 32' north, long. 67° 51' west, and about ten miles to the north-west of the head of the inlet which he conceived to be a strait. Both there and elsewhere Captain Hall discovered indubitable traces of the Elizabethan explorers' handiwork, and brought away with him several fragments of tile, glass, and pottery, besides a considerable quantity of coal. These relics are now deposited in the naval museum at Greenwich.

W. WALKER WILKINS.





## PRINCIPAL FORBES.

On the 31st of December, 1868, died at Clifton, James David Forbes, one of the most distinguished men of science of his day, and, until a few months before his death, Principal of the United Colleges of St. Salvator and St. Leonard at St. Andrew's.

He was born in Edinburgh on the 20th of April, 1808, the youngest son of Sir William Forbes, of Pitsligo, in the county of Aberdeen, by Williamina, only child and heiress of Sir John Stuart, of Fettercairn. He was educated at the University of Edinburgh, and was appointed to the chair of Natural Philosophy in that University on the death of Sir John Leslie, in 1833, at the early age of 24. Among his competitors for the office were the late Sir David Brewster and Mr. Gallo-way, both, but especially the former, men of great scientific eminence and European reputation. The choice of Forbes has been abundantly justified by his subsequent career; but it is interesting to remark the high estimation in which his powers were even then held by so great a man as the late Sir John Herschel, who, in the testimonial which he gave the young candidate, says: "It would be the height of absurdity to think of raising an objection on the score of standing to one who has already brilliantly distinguished himself, and whose talents and application can only be rendered more precious by the vigour of age to which they are attached."

A writer in the *Scotsman* of Jan. 6th remarks of his university lectures:—

Those who had the pleasure of belonging to his class can recall with distinctness, after the lapse of many years, the admiration with which they regarded the singular lucidity of his style, and the thoroughness with which he gave his explanations. There was no slurring-over of difficulties; none of the pompous but vague language too commonly employed to mask imperfection or absence of knowledge; no tedious magnification of trifles; but an honest and persevering attempt to impart real and valuable information. The scrupulous care which distinguished him in everything else was bestowed, if possible, in greater share upon his manuscript lectures, which, we hope, will some day be published. Among the masses of hastily-written and ill-digested trash which form by far the greater portion of the publications of the present time—not in literature alone, but, sad to say, in science—the appearance of such a work would be hailed with real delight by all who are qualified to judge. And there are few, if any, even among the greatest of scientific men, who would not cheerfully own that they would benefit largely by the perusal.

Forbes had already become widely known as a student of physical science, and especially from his researches on the subject of heat. A short account of these will be found in the *Dissertation on the Progress of Mathematical and Physical Science from 1775 to 1850*, contributed



by Forbes himself to the *Encyclopædia Britannica* in 1858. The slight manner in which his important discoveries are there mentioned forms, in the opinion of a writer we have already quoted, the one defect visible in that dissertation. Fuller information on the subject will be found in Professor Powell's *Second Report on Radiant Heat* in the *Brit. Assoc. Reports* for 1840. At the time when Forbes commenced his investigations the instruments available for such purposes were extremely inefficient. His first attempts to test the polarizability of heat by means of common thermometers were unsuccessful. But shortly before the period of these experiments—about the year 1828—a new and extremely delicate instrument had been contrived, or at least greatly improved, by Nobili, a skilful and ingenious physicist of Reggio, Modena, assisted by Macedonio Melloni, of Parma. This was the so-called Thermo-multiplier, in which the minutest differences of temperature are indicated and measured by the electric current generated in the instrument.\* On repeating his former experiments with this delicate test in November 1834, Forbes succeeded in proving that heat was polarised, like light, in passing through a crystal of tourmaline, and also by transmission through a bundle of thin mica plates placed at the polarising angle. He next by an indirect but extremely ingenious experiment succeeded in proving that polarised heat is subject to the same modifications which doubly-refracting crystallised bodies impress upon light. He also succeeded in repeating with heat Fresnel's experiment on light, producing circular polarisation by two internal reflections. The whole of these important investigations were completed between November 1834 and January 1835. The greatest novelty in them, besides the application of the thermo-multiplier to this purpose, was the employment of the piles of mica plates for polarising the heat by transmission. This contrivance was naturally suggested to Forbes by his having previously observed the extraordinary permeability of mica to radiant heat. At the time of his earliest and unsuccessful experiments Sir David Brewster had written him a letter in which he suggested as a mode of polarising heat, among others, the reflection of heat from mica bundles. This suggestion was not put in practice at the time, and appears to have been entirely forgotten by Forbes when he adopted the use of a similar apparatus for polarisation by transmission. These experiments,

\* The thermo-multiplier consists of a number of short thin bars of antimony and bismuth, arranged like a square faggot, and soldered together in pairs at alternate ends so as to form a single, long, bent, compound, metallic conductor. Any difference of temperature between the two ends of the instrument generates a thermo-electric current, which is measured by means of a galvanometer, to which it is conducted by wires proceeding from the opposite ends of the system of bars.





taken in conjunction with those carried on at the same time by Melloni and others, established the identity of action, under similar conditions, of light and radiant heat, forming a most important step in the investigation of the nature of both, and contributed in no trifling degree to the great advance which this branch of physics has since achieved.

Another important investigation conducted by Forbes with respect to the properties of heat related to thermal conductivity. He was the first to point out—and this at a very early period of his career—the fact that the conducting powers of the metals for electricity are approximately proportional to their conducting powers for heat. Now, heat diminishes materially the electric conducting power—does it also affect the thermal conductivity? Forbes showed that, at least in the case of iron, the only metal his failing health left him strength to examine, the conductivity for heat diminishes as the temperature increases. Another result of the same investigations, and one of great interest and importance in modern science, is his determination (the earliest of any real value) of the absolute conductivity of a substance, *i.e.* how much heat passes per second per unit of surface through an iron plate of given thickness, whose faces are maintained at constant given temperatures. As a proof of the value attached by scientific men to these ingenious experiments, it is only necessary to mention that the British Association has given a grant for their repetition with the best attainable instrumental means, and for their extension to other substances than those to which Forbes was compelled to confine himself.

In the months of June and part of July, 1841, Forbes was engaged in exploring the volcanic countries of Central France, an account of the results of which expedition is contained in a paper in the twentieth volume of the *Edinburgh Phil. Transactions*. The remainder of July was devoted, in company with Mr. Heath of Cambridge, to excursions in Dauphiné, an account of part of which is appended to Forbes's volume on Norway, published in 1853. They then went to Switzerland, and, having met Prof. Agassiz by appointment at the Grimsel Hospice on the 8th of August, proceeded by his invitation to spend some time with him on the Unter-Aar glacier.

For three weeks afterwards they were engaged together daily upon the ice, sharing at night the shelter of the same rude hut, under one of the huge blocks of the medial moraine of the glacier. The general fact of the downward movement of glaciers had long been known, although it is related that a certain professor of Tübingen, after a brief visit to those of Switzerland, went home and wrote a book flatly denying the possibility of their motion. The first attempt to form a glacier theory was that of Scheuchzer in 1705. He supposed the motion to result from the conversion of water into ice within the



glacier, the expansion so caused furnishing the force which impelled it downwards. This theory, adopted and illustrated by M. de Charpentier, has since been associated with his name. De Saussure, following Altmann and Grüner, concluded that the glacier reposing on an inclined bed, slid down by little and little, as a solid mass, towards the valleys. M. Rendu, Bishop of Annécý, who died in the autumn of 1859, published in the *Memoirs of the Royal Academy of Sciences of Savoy*, in 1841, an essay entitled *Théorie des Glaciers de la Savoie*, in which he for the first time directed attention to the different rates of motion of different parts of the same glacier, and especially to the fact that the centre of the glacier "moves more rapidly, while the sides are retained by the friction against its rocky walls." M. Rendu also remarks that "between the Mer de Glace and a river there is a resemblance so complete that it is impossible to find in the latter a circumstance which does not exist in the former—the friction of the bottom, that of the sides, the action of obstacles, cause the motion to vary, and only in the middle of the surface is this entire." The first person who made quantitative observations of the motion was Hugi, who found that from 1827 to 1830 a cabin erected by him on the Aar glacier had moved 100 mètres, or about 110 yards, downwards; and in 1841 M. Agassiz found it at a distance of 1428 mètres from its original position. We have thought it necessary to give these details regarding the state of the question at the time it was taken up by Forbes, as the importance of the contributions which he made to the knowledge of the subject has perhaps been exaggerated on the one hand, while it has been as much depreciated on the other. The general analogy between the motion of a glacier and that of a river had been clearly pointed out by Rendu, but the obvious difference between the solid ice and the mobile elements of a stream remained, and how this solid mass could present phenomena similar to those of a liquid remained to be accounted for. By his observations on the Aar glacier, and subsequently by those on the Mer de Glace, Forbes examined these phenomena in detail, and in four letters to Prof. Jameson (1842, *Ed. Phil. Journal*, 1842-3), and more fully in his *Travels through the Alps of Savoy and other parts of the Pennine Chain* (Edinb. 8vo. 1843), propounded his theory known as the "Viscous or Plastic Theory." This theory is shortly expressed by himself in these words: "A glacier is an imperfect fluid or viscous body, which is urged down slopes of a certain inclination by the mutual pressure of its parts."

This theory was further explained and illustrated in subsequent papers which appeared in the same journal between 1844 and 1850, and it certainly conveyed a more clear and lucid general conception of the phenomena than had ever been previously advanced. Prof.





Tyndall has since sufficiently exposed its weak points. It must be conceded that the term "viscous" was not happily chosen. Ice under pressure has a decided plasticity, but it is so far from being viscous that a very small strain is sufficient to interrupt its continuity.\* Forbes, who was always most modest in the assertion of his own claims as a scientific discoverer, was deeply hurt by the insinuation which appeared to be conveyed by Professor Tyndall's observations, that he had not sufficiently acknowledged the prior statements and theories of Rendu. Hence arose a controversy which became almost personal, and therefore painful to the friends of both parties, but which was not unserviceable in the further elucidation of the subject. But, besides the theoretical portion of his work, Forbes accumulated a large amount of accurate observations, illustrated by maps and views of glaciers, the first which had appeared with any approach to truthfulness. He was also the first to call attention to numerous important glacial phenomena, such as the "dirt bands," "veined or ribboned structure," &c. while his interesting narrative of alpine scenes and adventures contributed not a little to kindle the enthusiasm with which such scenes have since come to be regarded by succeeding mountaineers.

The *Travels through the Alps* was followed by his *Norway and its Glaciers* (Edinb. 8vo. 1853), the narrative of a journey undertaken in the summer of 1851, to which was appended *Journals of Excursions in the High Alps of Dauphiné, Berne, and Savoy* (made in 1839 and 1841), and by *The Tour of Mont Blanc and Monte Rosa* (ib. 1855), an abridgement of the larger work. In 1849 Forbes published *The Danger of Superficial Knowledge*, an introductory lecture delivered Nov. 1848, and in 1854 he contributed an essay on *The Geology of the Cuchullin Hills* to *The Guide to the Island of Skye*. In 1859 he published *Occasional Papers on the Theory of Glaciers* (Edinb. 8vo.), a collection of his minor papers on the subject, with a "prefatory note on the recent progress and present aspect of the 'Theory of Glaciers.'" These include the paper on glaciers contributed by Forbes to the 8th edition of the *Encyclopædia Britannica*, for which he also wrote the *Dissertation on the progress of Mathematical and Physical Science* already referred to. His last publication, in 1860, was a *Reply to Prof. Tyndall's remarks in his work on the Glaciers of the Alps relating to Rendu's "Théorie des Glaciers."* (Edinb. 12mo.) He was, moreover, a not unfrequent writer in the *Edinburgh* and *Quarterly Reviews*. We may especially mention an interesting article contributed by him to the latter (No. 202, April 1857,) entitled "Pedestrianism in Switzerland."

\* We believe, however, that the change of form undergone by a glacier in its motion is mainly due, as stated by Forbes, to plasticity under pressure, and only to a minor extent to the "fracture and regelation" to which it is ascribed by Professor Tyndall.



It is to be feared that his alpine labours and the exposure which they necessitated resulted in the serious injury of his health. His *Theory of Glaciers* is dedicated to his friend Dr. Symonds, of Clifton Hill House, Bristol, under whose care he had been compelled to place himself. In 1860 he was obliged to resign his professorship, having continued to perform its duties for several years in spite of increasing bodily weakness. In the same year he was appointed Principal of St. Andrew's, in which office, though its labours were less severe, he was able to render most valuable service.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* justly remarks on this portion of his career,

All who came under Principal Forbes's intellectual and moral influence looked up to him with reverence, and even with enthusiastic admiration, while among his friends he was regarded with a singular degree of affection. In ordinary intercourse nothing could be more simple and gentle than his demeanour; it was at the same time that courteous and deferential manner which characterised the high-bred gentleman of a period that has all but passed away, and of which, if we have parted with the formality, we have also lost much of the refinement; and under that manner there was the utmost sincerity, guilelessness, benevolence, and sympathy. It has happened to few to be at once so revered as a philosopher and so beloved as a friend. He was cherished by great men who have gone before him, Arago, Whewell, and Brewster, and he will be deplored by many great men who yet remain, Herschel, Airy, Sedgwick, Murchison, and Thompson, who well knew his services to science and who were attached to him as a friend and fellow-labourer.

Between 1828 and 1862 he published no less than 118 important memoirs on scientific subjects. Of these 101 appeared before 1852. He received the Keith medal of the Royal Society of Edinburgh on three different occasions and the Rumford and other medals of the Royal Society of London for various papers contributed by him to the *Transactions* of those bodies. He also received the honorary degree of D.C.L. from the University of Oxford in June 1853, was a Fellow of the Royal and Geological Societies of London, and for many years secretary of the Royal Society of Edinburgh. The Alpine Club on its first establishment in 1858 had elected him an honorary member, and the Institute of France had conferred upon him in 1842 the high distinction of being one of its corresponding members. A similar honour had been voted him by the academies and scientific societies of Palermo, Haarlem, Rome, Berne, Heidelberg, Geneva, and Vaud, and he was an honorary member of the Royal Medical Society of Edinburgh and numerous other institutions. In the latter part of last year he was compelled to relinquish the Principalship of St. Andrew's, and again to place himself under the care of his friend Dr. Symonds at Clifton, where he died, as we have already stated, on the last day of the year. He married in 1843 Alicia, daughter of Mr. George Wauchope of Edinburgh, by whom he had a family of two sons and three daughters, and who survives him.

R. C. N.





## REVIEWS.

## LONSDALE'S LIFE OF SIR JAMES GRAHAM.

(*The Worthies of Cumberland.*) *The Right Hon. Sir J. R. G. GRAHAM, Bart. of Netherby.* By HENRY LONSDALE, M.D., *Author of the Lives of Watson, J. C. Curwen, &c.* London. Routledge and Son. 1868.

The career of Sir James Graham as a British Statesman has been already commemorated by Mr. Torrens, and the author before us has very little more to offer upon that portion of his subject: nor, perhaps, can much be expected, until the time arrives which shall permit some exploration of the historical material now sleeping in the state pigeon-holes at Netherby. There are doubtless, however, Cumbrian statesmen still curious in local shades of blue and yellow,\* or grateful for the more pleasant green in which Peel's henchman helped to clothe his native county. As biographer of the Cumberland worthy Dr. Lonsdale is nearly all that one could desire, for the record is thoroughly Cumbrian.

The Graham of Netherby would not be heroic without some chapters of border lore. Ballad and legend enough are quoted to leave still sufficient room for fancy whether the lords of Netherby came from "the gallant" or "the cart-tail" Graemes when that acquisitive race turned their free lances into pastoral crooks. It is no slight labour to trace out heads of houses in a land of Jeddart justice. A sonthron, we are told, once examining the Runie pillar in the churchyard at Bewcastle, expressed surprise at the scarcity of tombstones, "Do ye no ken the reason?" rejoined the sexton; "why, man, the greater part o' our Bewcastle folk have outhier been hanged or transported." In 1606 the counties of Cumberland and Westmerland were specially taxed for the purpose of transporting these Graemes to Ireland and the Low Countries, and the last name on the Westmerland list is that of Harry Brougham rated at six shillings.

The fortunes of "the better sort of Graemes" having revived in Richard of

the Plumpe, created a Baronet in 1629, he purchased Netherby and the neighbouring manors of the Earl of Cumberland, to whom James I. had granted the debateable land lying between the Rivers Sark and Esk, the Scottish Dyke and Solway sands, and containing 2,895 acres of meadow and arable land, 2,635 of pasture, besides marshland and moss, — in all 8,400 acres. "The fee-farm rent of 150*l.* a-year," says Dr. Lonsdale, "is worth noting, as two hundred years later the rent had multiplied itself in value—150*l.* by 150*l.*, 22,500*l.*" A grandson of the Plumpe was created Viscount Preston, and with his grandson the peerage expired; the estates passing to surviving aunts, and by bequest to the present family. One of the most interesting chapters in the volume will show how the good husbandry and administrative talents of the statesman gave fertility to a wilderness.

The industry of Dr. Lonsdale has happily not discovered many traits of "the infant phenomenon" in the future colleague of Russell and lieutenant to Peel. Young Graham was early sent off fifteen miles from home to the vicarage of Dalston, under the care of the Rev. Walter Fletcher, Chancellor of the diocese. A patriotic Cumbrian could not forget his Paley. The future statesman no doubt "might have been indoctrinated with the philosophical breathings of the *locus in quo*;" but, considering that the moral theologian had migrated before little Master Graham had embarked in A B C, it was on the whole safer to rely on the probabilities that he, with the reverend Chancellor's other pupil, Lord Glamorgan, "preferred the buttered cakes and other farmhouse delicacies occasionally offered them by some of the villagers to the Logic and Evidences of the great Paley." Again we may safely conclude with Dr. Lonsdale that when Graham was transferred from Dalston to Westminster school, of his progress there little being known, "it

\* *Anglicè* Whig and Tory; if Anglicans there be who know what these words now precisely signify.

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can hardly be supposed that he took an interest in the Parliamentary debates of Pitt and Fox, both of whom passed away when he was only twelve years of age." Of his career as a gentleman-commoner at Christ Church the Doctor says still less. But Sir James himself, to the House of Commons five-and-thirty years later, did not speak in tender reverence of his Alma Mater. Graham certainly did not imbibe any more of the Oxford than of the paternal Toryism, for we find him under the auspices of Lord Morpeth admitted a member of Brookes' in 1812. Wars too in the way of the customary grand tour; but Mr. Graham got as far as Cadiz and the British armies; thence to the Mediterranean and Sicily, where he obtained an unexpected secretaryship to the British embassy in 1813. The times, as Dr. Lonsdale reminds us, were grandly historical and eventful, and young Graham, in the absence of his chief, had the distinguished service of tempting Murat from his allegiance.

The political transformations of Mr. and Sir James Graham are too well known to invite even local detail; but it is curious at this time of day to read some of the vituperation on his ultra-liberalism. Dr. Lonsdale does not relate how Mr. Graham on the Hull hustings had to defend himself from the charge of being a Jacobin; he however gives an instance of early aptness at retort. Of the two Tory opponents one was a banker; the other, though a free-born Briton, had no practical objection to a little negro slavery. Graham was taunted that he was a "man of straw;" he rejoined that he would take as much pulling to pieces as either the "man of flesh" or the "man of paper;" and probably no man in his day withstood stronger pulls. The history of the wide electoral travel of Sir James Graham is generally minutely written, but there is no allusion to threatened "Chartist" opposition when the First Lord of the Admiralty had to face the Carlislees in 1853. Perhaps inquiry might have indicated the existence of gold-mines at an easy longitude west of Greenwich.

Mr. Graham's exile from Parliament, after the St. Ives petition, was a fortunate accident for Netherby. Covered with a hand-to-mouth tenantry, the land was further impoverished by a rude and thriftless culture. The tenantry for the most part eked out a scanty subsistence by feeding miserable pork for the war, by handloom weaving,

or poaching, or by the contribution of contraband whiskeys and Manx brandy to the thirst of merry Carlisle. By a gradual system of farm enlargement, planting, road-making, drainage, and improvement of stock, in a few years this Cumbrian wild was brought up to the cultivated average of a thriving English estate.

When Sir James, by the death of his father in 1824, came to his inheritance, timorous of the responsibilities of a heavily-encumbered property, and the then depressed state of agriculture, he seems to have entertained a notion of carrying his fortunes into commercial pursuits. Wiser counsels prevailed. While engaged in the cultivation of the paternal fields, Sir James Graham was also intent on self-culture. Solid reading in history, finance, and economy was blended with the relaxation of elegant literature.

The value of his economical studies during this period has long been known through his celebrated pamphlet on "Corn and Currency," in which, in 1826, he urged on the landowners the necessity of grappling with the evils of their position, and a timely compromise with the public. And here we meet with the most disappointing part of Dr. Lonsdale's book. The man who exercised so strong an influence in the formation of the economical mind of Graham as Mr. John Rooke of Akehead obviously did, surely deserved to stand out much more distinctly in the biography of the Cumberland statesman. Dr. Lonsdale, however, promises to devote a volume to Rooke amongst the Cumberland worthies.

In the elaborate account of Graham's rare business habits and successful parliamentary manner, some reckoning was due of his unrivalled talent in putting down impertinence. A notable example flashes on the memory—how with little more than a glance he one night in the House of Commons extinguished a famous railway potentate then at the height of plutocracy. His Majesty had earlier in the evening condescendingly slapped the Prime Minister on the back, to the unutterable disgust of the statesman, as he advanced with his stately pace to the Treasury seat. Sir James Graham was now speaking, and had two or three times been rudely interrupted. Suddenly stopping short on another kingly exclamation, and turning on the Protectionist front





with a look that spoke a column at least, he simply said, "I beg your pardon!" The crowded House tittered, and the monarch of the rails was even said to have blushed.

The chapters bearing on Sir James Graham's ability and usefulness as a county reformer have more than a local interest; and a generous testimony is borne to his Herculean labour

in cleansing a very foul stable. The summary of Graham's political character and career is just and liberal. If Dr. Lonsdale's sketch of the Cumbrian statesman is not a masterpiece of biographical literature, it has information and many useful hints to guide the student who would grasp some of the most important chapters in the history of our time.

### THE REVEREND JAMES D. BURNS.

*Memoir and Remains of the Reverend JAMES D. BURNS, M.A. of Hampstead.*  
By the late Rev. JAMES HAMILTON, D.D. London. Nisbet & Co. Svo.  
1869. With Portrait.

This is greatly superior to the ordinary run of what are termed "religious biographies," as it possesses attractions not only for the special class who patronise such works, but for all readers of poetic tastes and Christian sympathies. The author—himself now beyond the reach of human praise or censure—has performed his task right well, and he could hardly have had a better subject. Not that the career of Mr. Burns was abundant in incident. On the contrary, it was singularly uneventful; but the biographer has so charmingly delineated his character, so touchingly described his unassuming resignation under the affliction which cast a gloom over him almost from infancy, that the reader, on laying down the volume, can hardly fail to regard Mr. Burns with something of that affection which when living he inspired in the hearts of all who had the privilege of his acquaintance.

The story of his life may be briefly told. Son of a burgess freeman of Edinburgh, he was born in that city on 18th February 1823, and educated at Heriot's Hospital. Thence he was removed to the High School, and in his sixteenth year transferred to College, where, after a course of philosophy, he studied divinity under Welsh and Chalmers, whom he followed to the New College on the disruption of the national religious establishment in 1843. Having thus cast in his lot with the Free Church, he was in 1845 appointed its minister at Dunblane, where, in spite of ill-health, he laboured nobly and indefatigably among his flock. In the hope of recruiting his health he accepted in 1847 an invitation from the Free Church Colonial Committee to

take charge of its congregation at Madeira during the winter, which he accordingly spent at Funchal. Here, amongst an intensely Roman Catholic people, he felt he was a stranger "sojourning in Mesekh and dwelling in the tents of Kedar;" and, indeed, the only harsh and uncharitable remarks in his journal and letters have reference to the doctrines and ceremonies of the Latin Church, and its encouragement of "Sabbath desecration." After a brief visit to Dunblane in 1848 he returned to Madeira, and remained there till 1853, when he came to England. In 1853 he entered upon his second stated ministry at the Presbyterian church in Well Walk, Hampstead, an old building, which, owing to his exertions, was replaced in 1862 by the capacious and costly, though unsightly, structure which is one of the first ecclesiastical edifices that meets the eye on approaching Hampstead from London. It ought to be mentioned that in 1859 he had married Margaret, daughter of Major-General John Macdonald and widow of Lieut. A. Procter, and that by this lady he had three children. At the close of the year 1863 his physicians, detecting the revival of active disease in the chest, ordered him to proceed at once to Mentone in Switzerland, where he lingered till 27th November 1864, when he gently breathed his last.

Mr. Burns was a gentleman of scholarly instincts, and cultivated the poetic muse from his earliest years. A small volume which he published in 1854—"The Vision of Prophecy and other Poems," secured for him a high place in the ranks of Christian minstrelsy, though it attracted no great notice

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among the general public. To the *Encyclopædia Britannica* he contributed a short article on "Hymns;" and for the *Family Treasury* he wrote a series of papers on "The Cities of the Bible," and an admirable notice, in several parts, of "The Life of Edward Irving." Whilst at Hampstead he also published two little volumes of medi-

tations, interspersed with devotional poetry, "The Heavenly Jerusalem; or Glimpses within the Gate," and "The Evening Hymn."

His "Remains" occupy more than half the volume under review. They consist chiefly of Hymns and Miscellaneous Pieces, translations of German Hymns, and thirteen short Sermons.

### VICISSITUDES OF FAMILIES.

*Vicissitudes of Families.* By SIR BERNARD BURKE, C.B., LL.D. *Ulster King of Arms. Remodelled Edition, in Two Volumes.* 1869. Crown 8vo. Longmans.

Sir Bernard Burke's *Vicissitudes of Families* is a work which is now very well known, and may be said to have attained a standard reputation. Originating in the articles contributed some twenty years ago to *The Patrician*, a periodical work that in some respects resembled our own, these essays have received from their author the benefit of repeated revision and consequent improvement. They have hitherto appeared in three volumes, or "Series," published at different times, and somewhat eked out by other subjects of a kindred but not strictly relevant character. This new and more compact edition has been very carefully remodelled and in many parts re-written, and may now claim a permanent place on the library shelves.

Perhaps in no country have there been more frequent vicissitudes of the great families than in our own. The struggles of party in the olden times were not merely in the parliament house or council chamber, and they were frequently prosecuted to "the bitter end;" yet it has been from all these that England has risen to her magnificent position among the nations. To look back no further than the Conquest, how many earls and territorial lords, whose names are now obscure and almost forgotten, fell for their rebellion under our Norman sovereigns; how many were disinherited during the Barons' wars; how entirely were the higher ranks of our medieval nobility swept away by

the Wars of the Roses! Then, it was said of the Abbey lands, upon which so many of the new nobility were established, that they were very skittish, and apt to throw their riders; and Sir John Spelman maintained in his *History of Sacrilege* that such was a consequence all but inevitable—and yet the Russells and the Thynnes, and a few other acquirers of monastic property, still flourish to contradict his argument. Again, how many were the ancient families that were wholly ruined by the Civil War of the seventeenth century! How many suffered for their fidelity to the house of Stuart! And in modern days how many of the upstart creatures of successful merchandise and speculation have collapsed almost as suddenly as they sprung into being! Sir Bernard Burke is equally at home in every period of our history, and he lays before his readers a varied feast, grouping his materials, but introducing them, in agreeable variety, without formal arrangement. The whole, however, is made accessible for reference, in this edition, by an index.

Many of his narratives possess the interest and excitement of romance, and many exemplify the truth of the saying that truth is often more strange than fiction. We should add that there is much that is new in the present edition, particularly in relation to Ireland, whose troubles Sir Bernard tells us (p. 7) have made her especially fruitful in family changes and calamities.

BOOKS RECEIVED:—*The Life of George Petrie, LL.D., M.R.I.A.* By William Stokes, M.D., D.C.L. Oxon. 8vo. (Longmans.)—*Hellborn's Life of Franz Schubert.* Translated by A. D. Coleridge, M.A. 2 vols. post 8vo. (Longmans.)—*The Bards and Authors of Cleveland and South Durham.* By George Markham Tweddell. 8vo. Parts 1—7. (These will be noticed in our next Number.)



The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem of the origin of life. It is shown that the problem is one of the most important and most difficult in the history of science. The author discusses the various theories of the origin of life, and shows that the most plausible is the theory of spontaneous generation.

THE ORIGIN OF LIFE

The second part of the paper is devoted to a detailed discussion of the theory of spontaneous generation. It is shown that this theory is based on the fact that life is a complex of many different parts, and that these parts are all derived from a common ancestor. The author discusses the various stages of the development of life, and shows that the theory of spontaneous generation is the only one that can account for the complexity of life.

CONCLUSION

The third part of the paper is devoted to a conclusion. It is shown that the theory of spontaneous generation is the only one that can account for the complexity of life. The author concludes that the theory of spontaneous generation is the only one that can account for the complexity of life.

## RECENT BIOGRAPHICAL INCIDENTS.

At a chapter of the Order of the Black Eagle held at Berlin on the 18th Jan. his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales received the chain of the order, which had formerly been worn by the Prince Consort.

The Queen, on the recommendation of Mr. Disraeli, has been pleased to award Mr. Harrison Ainsworth a pension of 100*l.* a year on the civil list.

Douglas Brown, esq. M.A. of Trinity College, Camb. and of the Norfolk circuit, has been appointed Recorder of King's Lynn, on the resignation of M. J. West, esq.

The Marquess of Bute was formally received into the Catholic Church by Mgr. Capel at Nice, on the 24th of December. He has already made a donation of 5,000*l.* towards the new cathedral at Westminster.

Sir William Carroll, the Lord Mayor of Dublin, who was knighted after the visit of the Prince of Wales to Ireland, has been re-elected as Mayor for the year 1869.

Mr. James Cassel, a Wesleyan, residing at Oporto, was on the 23rd of November tried on the charge of having made proselytes to protestantism and banished from the kingdom for six years.

Mr. William Chambers has been re-elected Lord Provost of Edinburgh.

Mr. Jefferson Davis has been residing at the Grand Hotel in Paris, which might more properly be styled the Hôtel des Américains, so extensively is its vastness patronised by our consuls from "Westward Ho."

A special meeting of the Clyde Trustees was held on Dec. 22 to appoint a resident engineer in the room of the late Mr. Duncan. Out of forty-six applications a committee, to whom the matter had been remitted, had selected a list of ten, and of these they specially recommended Mr. Deas, engineer on the western section of the North British Railway, and Mr. Lyzars, resident engineer to the Belfast Harbour Commissions. On a division Mr. Deas was elected by 17 votes to 3.

Sir Culling Eardley has been granted a free pardon, provided that he absents himself from the country until the period of his sentence shall have expired. Sir Culling has, therefore, left for Madeira. It will be remembered that Sir Culling Eardley was sentenced to imprisonment in January last for bigamy. The reason for his release is

stated to be that further confinement would result in his death, his health having already greatly suffered.

The Very Rev. Mgr. Charles Canon Eyre, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, has been appointed vicar-apostolic of the western district of Scotland in the place of the Right Rev. John Gray, bishop of Hypopolis, who has resigned that post in consequence of ill-health. Mgr. Eyre has set out for Rome, where he will be consecrated Archbishop of Anazurba *in partibus infidelium*.

Mr. Fergusson, the eminent architectural author, has accepted the post of secretary to the new Commissioner of Works in succession to Mr. Austin, who was a lawyer.

Miss Barbara Fyfe, daughter of the late Mr. Wallace Fyfe, many years connected with a newspaper in Nottingham, has received, on the recommendation of Mr. Disraeli, a grant from the Royal Bounty Fund, in consideration of the literary services rendered by her father to the cause of agriculture.

The Very Rev. Dr. Gambier, Dean of Winchester, who is blind, and in his 94th year, recited to the congregation in the cathedral the whole of the prayers at the afternoon service on Christmas Day.

Colonel D. J. Gamble, C.B. lately on the staff in New Zealand, has been appointed Governor to the son of the Viceroy of Egypt.

Mrs. Gamble, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Gamble, the first Mayor of the newly-created borough of St. Helen's, was, on the 13th Jan. on the occasion of an increase to her family during her husband's mayoralty, presented with a branched candelabrum rising from a pedestal, on which is represented a lady with a cradle by her side. It cost upwards of 200 guineas.

One of the Prime Minister's sons, Mr. S. E. Gladstone, of Christ Church, Oxford, was ordained on the 20th Dec. by the Bishop of Winchester, and licensed to the curacy of the church of Mary-the-Less, Lambeth.

General the Hon. Sir Charles Gore, G.C.B. K.H. Colonel of the 6th Foot, has been appointed to succeed the late Sir Hew Dalrymple Ross in the Lieutenant-Governorship of Chelsea Hospital.

Mr. Harris, the Lower Master at Harrow, has been compelled by failing health to retire from the labours which



he has for 32 years discharged with conspicuous energy. His house passes into the hands of the Rev. F. W. Farrar, M.A., F.R.S.

Mr. R. R. Holmes, of the British Museum, has given to that institution many of the sketches which were recently made by him in Abyssinia, including a little portrait of the Emperor Theodore. The donor intends to publish photographic copies of many of his drawings made in Abyssinia.

The new M.P. for Bedford, Mr. Frederic Howard, has given 450*l.* in aid of a movement which has just been inaugurated for the clearance of all the (Wesleyan) chapel debts in the Bedford circuit.

The Rev. John MacDonald has been preconised Bishop of Nicopolis *in partibus*, and named coadjutor to the Right Rev. James Kyle, Vicar-apostolic of the Northern district of Scotland.

Mr. Samuel Morley has offered 200*l.* to each of 24 metropolitan and suburban Congregationalist churches in course of erection.

The Rev. James B. Mozley, Vicar of Old Shoreham, is the new Canon of Worcester. Mr. Mozley's Bampton Lectures and other works have placed him in the first rank of the philosophical theologians of the present day. He would be generally considered Anglican in church matters, but he took the side of the Privy Council in the Gorham controversy.

Mr. Disraeli, before leaving office, granted a pension of 100*l.* a year to Mr. John Finlay Neilson, of the *Times* newspaper, in consideration of his services as a Parliamentary reporter. Mr. Neilson, however, immediately declined the offer, and the proprietors of *The Times* have since settled upon him an annuity of 100*l.* in addition to his salary as a member of their staff.

Sir Stafford Northcote (late Secretary for India) was, on the 12th Jan. elected Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company in the room of the Earl of Kimberley, who has resigned on his appointment as Lord Privy Seal.

Bishop Magee has conferred the canonry in Peterborough Cathedral, vacant by the death of Dr. James, upon the Rev. Brooke Foss Westcott, for many years assistant-master at Harrow, whose ecclesiastical works are recognised text-books among divinity scholars.

Mr. Reginald Palgrave, Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, and brother of Mr. F. T. Palgrave, the writer upon art, has been appointed Third Clerk at the Table of the House of Commons.

Mr. Ripley, M.P. has resigned the office of President of the Bradford Chamber of Commerce after occupying it for eleven years, and on the 22nd Jan. Mr. Joseph Behrens was elected his successor.

Mr. C. S. Rumdell, barrister-at-law, of Lincoln's-inn, has accepted the post of Private Secretary to Earl Spencer, Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland.

Mr. Whitmore, M.P. for Bridgnorth, has resigned the office of Conservative "Whip," to which he was appointed by Mr. Disraeli in 1855, as successor to Lord Mandeville, now Duke of Manchester.

Mr. John Wickens, of the Chancery Bar, has received the appointment of Vice-Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Mr. Peek, the new Conservative member for Mid Surrey, is said to have expended more than 8,000*l.* for church purposes in Surrey alone during the past year.

Colonel the Hon. Fred. Thesiger has been appointed Adjutant-General of the Forces in India by the Commander-in-Chief General Sir William Mansfield.

At a recent meeting of the Senatus of the University of Glasgow the degree of LL.D. was conferred on his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, on the Right Hon. John Inglis (Lord Justice-General and Chancellor of the University of Edinburgh), and on John Campbell Sharp B.A. Principal of the United Colleges of St. Salvador, St. Leonard, and St. Andrews—all distinguished alumni of the University of Glasgow.





## EMINENT PERSONS RECENTLY DECEASED.

### Lord Strangford.

Percy Ellen Algernon Frederick William Smythe, 8th Viscount Strangford in the peerage of Ireland, third Baron Penshurst in that of the United Kingdom, and, by inheritance, a grandee of the kingdom of Portugal, died on the 9th of January, after a few hours' illness, at 58, Cumberland-place, London.

He was the youngest of the three sons of Percy sixth Viscount Strangford, who was for many years ambassador at the courts of Stockholm, St. Petersburg, Lisbon, and Constantinople, and who acquired considerable fame as the translator of the minor poems of Camoens, by his wife Ellen, youngest daughter of Sir Thomas Burke, of Marble-hill, and widow of Mr. Nicholas Browne, of Mount Hazel, co. Galway. He was born on the 26th of November, 1825, at St. Petersburg, during his father's residence as British Minister in that capital, and received his education at Harrow, whence he removed to Oxford and became one of the Postmasters of Merton college in that university. While still an undergraduate he left Oxford in 1845, and joined the diplomatic service as an *attaché* to the embassy at Constantinople, and from that time up to his lamented death his ardour in the acquisition of knowledge never ceased. His extraordinary quickness of perception and his retentive memory made him an admirable linguist. That he should acquire the Turkish and modern Greek so as to speak them with fluency is not surprising, since they are the languages of the place; but even in these his thorough idiomatic knowledge and his mastery of every style of conversation were admitted by natives to be extraordinary in a foreigner. Still greater praise is due to him for his proficiency in Arabic, Persian, and other languages, for the acquisition of which he had fewer opportunities. Nor were his attainments limited to the tongues of the East; had his duties called him into the ordinary diplomatic service it would have been found that his knowledge of the Western languages was as large and as ready as that of men who had passed their whole lives at European Courts.

Yet Lord Strangford was not a mere linguist; if he had been only this he

would certainly have attracted little attention at such a place as Constantinople, where the people who can speak five or six languages are to be numbered by hundreds. His talent was something more than that of the Russian or the Hungarian, or the quick-witted Levantine, who seizes the words and intonation of foreign languages with an instinct that appears to men of other nations almost preternatural. Lord Strangford was a student of language as a science,—a philologist as well as a linguist. It was in this respect that during the later part of his life he was able to render important services to learning, especially in connection with the Royal Asiatic Society, of which he was President at the time of his death. In this post his appreciation of various branches of Oriental knowledge was of the highest value. It is sometimes the fault of men in such a position that they give an undue preference to their own especial pursuit; the object which is near their own mental eye appears to them larger than aught else, and they bend that which should be general into the direction of their own speciality. Lord Strangford was remarkably free from this defect. Though not affecting omniscience, and though ready at all times to say "I don't know" when the subject lay beyond his own researches, he had an intuitive perception of what was valuable, whether in literature, science, or politics.

His father died in 1855, and his second brother having died young, he succeeded to the family titles on the death of his eldest brother, George Augustus Frederick Percy Sydney, the seventh Viscount Strangford, in 1857. He had become Oriental Secretary to the Embassy at Constantinople in July of that year, and held this post till October 1858, when he definitively abandoned the diplomatic career.

It might have been expected that he would give the country the benefit of his experience by taking part in the debates of the House of Lords; but active political life seemed to be distasteful to him, and he never spoke and hardly even voted as a peer. The cause of this was, no doubt, the extreme delicacy of his health; when quite a young man he had been often in a state of extreme debility, and, though his health seemed to improve

# THE JOURNAL OF THE

NAME	RESIDENCE
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M. N. O.	P. Q. R.
S. T. U.	V. W. X.
Y. Z. A.	B. C. D.
E. F. G.	H. I. J.
K. L. M.	N. O. P.
Q. R. S.	T. U. V.
W. X. Y.	Z. A. B.
C. D. E.	F. G. H.
I. J. K.	L. M. N.
O. P. Q.	R. S. T.
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of late years, he probably thought it best to abstain from active political life. The same cause prevented him from concentrating his powers on any single literary work. He might have been an eminent historian, for his historical, political, and especially his geographical knowledge were large; but he was restless and desultory both in reading and composing, and very few persons equally gifted have left so few literary remains behind them. Yet to the last he did study, and to good purpose. It was quite towards the end of his life that he entered upon Celtic philology, in which he acquired, it is said, considerable proficiency.

In Eastern politics Lord Strangford held by the traditions of the British Embassy, and was a zealous supporter of the Porte against Russian ambition. He did not, however, like some of our countrymen in the East, form perverse theories of Mussulman superiority, or defend institutions against which the feelings of Christendom revolt. No one knew better than he that the old Turkish rule must be transformed or collapse; but he held that it was actually in course of transformation, and had been so during the whole lifetime of the present generation. In all matters of Asiatic policy, whether Turkish or Persian, Tartar or Indian, he took an interest, and his information was singularly minute. There are few, indeed, left who are so well entitled to give an opinion on those dark and much controverted questions which may at any time acquire great importance.

In an article on which in preparing this memoir we have largely drawn, the *Times* has remarked that Lord Strangford was a man "whose ability in the career he chose for himself rose to genius. In every country, and in this country perhaps more than others, the man who devotes himself to intellectual pursuits has but little recognition from the public at large. Not that learning and science are undervalued, for people are ever ready with a sincere, though it may be a vague, admiration for those who are described as distinguished men. They are conscious that behind the active workers and talkers of the day there is an order of original minds engaged in thought and investigation which supply the former with the ideas they popularise. But the *savant* and the scholar deal with subjects too abstruse for the full comprehension of the world, and where there

is not a clear understanding there can never be deep interest and sympathy. The researches in which the late Lord Strangford took pleasure were more than ordinarily removed from the channels of the popular thought, and therefore we cannot doubt that of the multitude who have read the news of his death the far greater part are unaware that in him the country has lost one of its acutest intellects, and the world of letters a brilliant ornament. But wherever learning and scholarship are cultivated, either in England or on the continent, there will be a common feeling of regret that one so able and accomplished, and engaged so usefully in his own sphere, should have been taken away in the prime of life and the fulness of his powers."

The late Viscount married, on 6 Feb. 1862, Emily Anne, youngest daughter of the late Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort, K.C.B. As, however, he has left no children, the titles which he bore become extinct.

The funeral of Lord Strangford took place at the Kensal Green Cemetery on the 15th Jan. when his body was deposited in the family vault of the late Sir Francis Beaufort. The principal mourners were the Marquis of Sligo, Mr. Baillie, and the Rev. Sir William Palmer, Bart. (brothers-in-law of the deceased Peer), Lord Richard Browne, Mr. Dormer, Captain Washington Herbert, Hon. John Warren, and Hon. Henry Stanley. At the cemetery they were met by Mr. Grant-Duff, M.P., the Right Hon. A. H. Layard, M.P., Mr. Deutsch, Capt. Inglefield, R.N., Sir Henry de Hoghton, Bart., &c.

#### Lord Hawke.

On the 8th Jan. died at his seat, Womersley Park, near Pontefract, the Rt. Hon. Edward William Harvey Hawke, fourth Baron Hawke in the peerage of Great Britain.

He was born 15 July 1799 and educated at Eton. In 1824 he succeeded to the title on the decease of his father, Edward, the third Baron.

Lord Hawke, who was master of the Badsworth hounds with little intermission for upwards of forty seasons, died, in his seventieth year, after an illness of about a fortnight, occasioned it is said by a fall in the hunting-field. It was believed that his lordship would have retired a few seasons since from the mastership, when his equestrian portrait, by Pearce, was





presented to him, but on second thoughts he declined to do so. He did not own racehorses, but was constant in his attendance at Doncaster Races. He was very fond of hunting, but not a riding man like his brothers, the Hon. Stanhope Hawke (who succeeds him in the title), and the late Hon. Martin Hawke, who died from a fall in the hunting-field a few seasons ago.

The deceased married first, in 1821, Elizabeth Frances, second dau. of Sir John Ramsden, Bart. (she died 1824); secondly, in 1848, Frances, eldest dau. of Walker Featherstonhaugh, esq. of Chester-le-Street, by whom he leaves issue a daughter, Frances Cassandra, born in 1851.

His Lordship's funeral took place at Womersley on the 15th Jan. and was attended by the Lord Lieutenant (Earl Fitzwilliam), the High Sheriff (Sir John Ramsden), Lord Galway, Lord Houghton, Lord Halifax, Sir H. Edwards, M.P., Sir T. Pilkington, Mr. Winn of Nostell, Mr. H. Ramsden of Oxtou the brother-in-law of the deceased, and many other friends.

#### Lord Belhaven.

The Right Hon. Robert Montgomery Hamilton, K.T. eighth Baron Hamilton and Stenton in the peerage of Scotland, and first Baron Hamilton of Wishaw in the peerage of the United Kingdom, died on the 22nd of December at his seat, Wishaw House, Lanarkshire.

He was born in 1793, being the son of William the seventh Baron Belhaven and Stenton, by his wife Penelope, dau. of Ronald Macdonald, esq. of Clanronald. In 1814 he succeeded his father in the Scottish title, and on 10 Sept. 1831 he was created a peer of the United Kingdom. He was appointed Lieut. Commandant of the 1st Lanarkshire Militia in 1833; created a Knight of the Thistle in 1861; and nominated Lord Lieutenant of Lanarkshire (of which county he was also convener), in 1863.

By the death of Lord Belhaven, remarks the *Edinburgh Courant*, "the Church of Scotland has lost one of its warmest and most attached friends. He did valuable service in his place in the House of Lords by the promotion of various measures having for their object the benefit of the Church at large. In particular he promoted the Act for removing doubts as to the powers of the courts of the Church of Scotland, and for extending these powers. This

measure went by the name of Lord Belhaven's Act. His Lordship also took great interest in the Glebe Lands Act, for facilitating the feuing of glebes. Lord Belhaven was generally present in the assembly as an elder when he did not fill the office of Lord High Commissioner. During the assembly of 1867 he took an active part in the business, and addressed the house at considerable length in the debate on patronage. In politics his Lordship was a Whig of the old school; and from 1831 downwards he was invariably appointed Lord High Commissioner to the General Assembly when that party was in office. He was Commissioner from 1831 to 1841; from 1847 to 1851; from 1853 to 1857; and again from 1860 to 1866; and during the time he held the office he attracted general esteem and respect. As Lord-Lieutenant of Lanarkshire he took great interest in public affairs and in everything relating to the business of the county. He entered into local matters with the activity and shrewdness natural to him; was chairman of the Parochial Board of Cambusnethan, and was esteemed for his courtesy and gentlemanly bearing towards all with whom he came in contact. As a landlord he was much respected by his tenantry; and in his more private life his charities, which were liberally dispensed under the superintendence of Lady Belhaven, will be gratefully remembered by the poor in the district.

He married, in 1815, Hamilton, dau. of Walter Campbell, esq. of Shawfield. By this lady, however, he has left no children, and consequently the estates will, it is said, pass to Mr. Ramsay, the son of the deceased peer's sister, who was married to the late Mr. Peter Ramsay, of Edinburgh. His lordship's younger brother William, now dead, was heir-presumptive to the titles, but whether he left issue is uncertain. The *Glasgow Weekly Mail*, of the 2nd of January, states that a claimant to the title of Lord Belhaven is likely to be found in Sir Robert Hamilton, Bart. of Silverton Hall, Lanarkshire, a descendant of Sir Robert Hamilton, the 8th, of Silverton Hall, who married the Hon. Anne Hamilton, second daughter of John Hamilton, the first Lord Belhaven, who died in 1670.

The mortal remains of his lordship were deposited, on the 28th of December, in the family burying-place in Cambusnethan churchyard.



**Hon. Charles Langdale.**

One of the most prominent men among the Roman Catholic laity of England, the Hon. Charles Langdale, died on the 1st of December, 1868, at 5, Queen Street, Mayfair, London, at the advanced age of 51.

Mr. Langdale was born in 1787, being the third son of Charles Philip sixteenth Lord Stourton, by a sister of Marmaduke last Lord Langdale, a title which became extinct in 1777; and in 1815 he assumed his mother's maiden name, instead of Stourton, by royal licence, in pursuance of a testamentary injunction of Mr. Philip Langdale, of Houghton, in Yorkshire, the head of the senior branch of the family of Lord Langdale. As a young man he appeared on the platform at the meetings held by the Roman Catholics at the Freemasons' tavern and at the Crown and Anchor, and stood side by side with the Howards, the Talbots, the Arundells, the Petres, and the Cliffords of the last generation, to claim on behalf of his religion the right of political emancipation. After the passing of the Relief Act he was one of the first English Catholics to enter Parliament; and he took his seat as member for Beverley at the opening of the Parliament of 1833-4. He was not returned to the next Parliament, but from 1837 to 1841 he held one of the seats for Knaresborough, in the vicinity of which town the property of his family was situated.

Throughout his life Mr. Langdale took a leading part in all matters relating to the interests of Roman Catholics; and he exerted himself in an especial manner to promote the education of poor children belonging to that communion. It may not be out of place to mention that on his death-bed he was admitted a lay associate of the Society of Jesus.

As a young man he was intimate with Mrs. Fitzherbert, whom he frequently visited at her house on the Old Steyne at Brighton. His name, indeed, will be ever associated with hers on account of his having given to the world her "Memoirs," written with the view of vindicating her as a lawful wife and an honest English matron. The title of the work is as follows: "Memoirs of Mrs. Fitzherbert; with an Account of her Marriage with H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, afterwards King George the Fourth." Lond. 8vo. 1856. Mr. Langdale undertook this work at

the request of his brother Lord Stourton, one of the trustees named in Mrs. Fitzherbert's will, (the others being the Duke of Wellington and the Earl of Albemarle,) in consequence of the lady's character being as he considered unjustly attacked in the Memoirs of Lord Holland.

He married in 1815 Charlotte Mary fifth daughter of Charles seventh Lord Clifford of Chudleigh, which lady died in 1819. His second wife (whom he married in 1821 and who died in 1857) was Mary, daughter of Marmaduke William Haggerstone Constable-Maxwell, esq. of Everingham-park, Yorkshire, and sister of the present Lord Herries. Mr. Langdale's eldest son, Charles (born 7th March 1822), is married to Henrietta, daughter of the late Mr. Henry Grattan, long M.P. for Meath, and grand-daughter of the Right Hon. Henry Grattan, the celebrated Irish orator.

Mr. Langdale was a magistrate and deputy-lieutenant for the East Riding of Yorkshire.

His funeral sermon was preached by Dr. Manning, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Westminster, who said in the course of his remarks: "For fifty years he has been the foremost man among the English Catholic laity. He was mixed up with all the great events of that period; in the struggle for emancipation; in Parliament, after the abolition of the penal laws; in the Papal Aggression tumult; and, eminently, in the foundation and extension of Catholic education throughout England. He was the far-sighted and inflexible defender of the religious character of education, and of the strict denominational system. His character was singularly masculine, outspoken, disinterested, and fearless; and at the same time perfectly and spontaneously submissive to the authority and direction of the Church, which to him was not a society of men whose personal character, faults, and failings he was free to criticise, but a divine institution, endowed with an authority and a jurisdiction equally divine."

**Sir J. R. Milbanke-Huskisson, Bart.**

The diplomatic service has sustained a loss in the person of Sir John Ralph Milbanke-Huskisson (better known by his original name of Sir John Milbanke), who died on the 30th of Dec. at his seat, Earham-house, near Chichester, the home of the late Right





Hon. William Huskisson, M.P. from whose widow the deceased Baronet inherited the estate a few years ago.

Sir John was the eldest son of the late Sir John Peniston Milbanke of Halmaby, Yorkshire, the 7th Bart. by his first wife, Eleanor, youngest daughter of Mr. Julines Herring, of the island of Jamaica, and was born 5 Nov. 1800. He entered the diplomatic service in 1823 as a clerk in the Foreign Office; three years later he was appointed Secretary of Legation at Frankfort, where he acted as *Chargé d'Affaires* in 1826; in 1835 he was transferred to St. Petersburg as Secretary of the Embassy, where he acted as minister *ad interim* for some months in 1838, and in November 1843 was appointed to the post of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Munich. In 1862 he was transferred in the same capacity to the Hague, which post he only recently resigned. He had succeeded to the baronetcy on his father's death in 1850. Sir John Milbanke assumed in 1866 the additional name of Huskisson, in compliance with the will of Eliza Emily Huskisson, late of Eartham, widow of the Right Hon. William Huskisson. He married in 1843 Emily, third daughter of the late Mr. John Mansfield, of Diggeswell-house, Hertfordshire. He is succeeded in the title and estates by his eldest son, Peniston, who was born at Munich in 1847. His other children are Ralph, born 1858; Mary Emily, wife of M. William Borel of the Hague; and Isabella.

*Sir William Mackenzie, of Coul.*

Sir William Mackenzie, Bart. died on the 21st of Dec. last at Coul House, his seat in Ross-shire, in his 63rd year.

He was the second son of the seventh baronet, Sir George Steuart Mackenzie, F.R.S. Vice-President of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, and was born at Coul House on the 20th of May, 1806. After receiving a liberal education at the high school and university of Edinburgh, he entered the maritime service of the East India Company in 1820. Subsequently he served in the Bombay and China country service, and became celebrated for his proficiency in the navigation of the Indian seas. Indeed so distinguished was he for the speed as well as the safety of his voyages, that he was eagerly sought after as a commander by the leading East India and China houses in London. Mr. Mackenzie next resided for some time

in New South Wales, and during the Crimean war commanded the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steam transport *Manilla*.

He succeeded his brother Sir Alexander the eighth baronet in January 1856, and in 1857 he was appointed a deputy-lieutenant of Ross-shire, where he since resided, a kind and generous landlord, and much respected by his neighbours. He married on 16 August, 1858, Agnes, second daughter of B. Ross Thompson Smyth, esq. of Ardmore, co. Londonderry, but had no issue.

He is succeeded in the baronetcy by his brother Robert Ramsay Mackenzie, who has been long resident in Queensland, and is now Treasurer of that colony.

*Sir Thomas Esmonde, Bart.*

The Right Hon. Sir Thomas Esmonde, Bart. of Johnstown Castle, co. Wexford, the defendant in the Esmonde will case which attracted so much attention a few months ago, died on the 31st of Dec. at the age of 82.

He was born on the 10th of December 1786, being the eldest son of John Esmonde, esq. second son of Sir James the sixth baronet. His mother was Helen, dau. of Bartholomew Callan, esq. of Osberstown House, co. Kildare. His father perished a victim to the political disturbances of 1798, and on the decease of his uncle Sir Thomas, the seventh baronet, in 1803, without issue, he succeeded to the title.

The deceased baronet was a magistrate and deputy-lieutenant for the county of Wexford, and he represented the borough of Wexford in the moderate Liberal interest from 1841 to 1847. In the latter year he was sworn a privy councillor for Ireland. He was one of the most worthy and respected landowners in the South of Ireland, and a leader of that moderate Roman Catholic party which reckoned among its members the late Sir Michael O'Loughlen, the late Judge Ball, the Earl of Fingall, and the late Right Hon. Stephen Woulfe—men who, when O'Connell's magical influence was at its highest, always lent their influence to the side of constitutional government.

He married, first, Mary, dau. of E. Payne, esq. but by her (who died 7 March, 1840) had no issue; secondly, in 1856, Sophia Maria, widow of the late Hamilton Knox Grogan Morgan, esq. of Johnstown Castle, and daughter of the late E. Rowe, esq. of Ballycross,



co. Wexford. This lady died 22 Nov. 1867.

As Sir Thomas had no children, his title and estates pass to his nephew, Captain John Esmonde, of Pembrokestown, M.P. for the county of Waterford, and formerly a Lord of the Treasury. He was born in 1826, and is married to a daughter of the late Mr. Henry Grattan, M.P. of Tinnehiuch, co. Wicklow.

The remains of the late Baronet were deposited on the 5th of January in their final resting-place in the vaults of Marlborough-street Roman Catholic cathedral, where high mass for the repose of the deceased's soul was celebrated. The principal mourners were Sir John Esmonde, Bart. M.P. Mr. James Esmonde, and the Right Hon. the Earl of Granard. K.P. Among those who attended the funeral were the Lord Chancellor, the Lord Chief Baron, and the Chief Justice of the Common Pleas.

#### **Admiral Sir J. A. Gordon.**

Admiral Sir James Alexander Gordon, G.C.B. died on the 8th of January at Greenwich Hospital, of which establishment he was Governor.

He was the third son of Charles Gordon, esq. of Wardhouse and Kildrummie, Aberdeenshire, by his second marriage with Catherine, daughter of Major James Mercer, of Auchmacut, in the same county, and niece of Sylvester Douglas, afterwards Lord Glenbervie; the estates of Wardhouse and Kildrummie being now held by Carlos P. Gordon, esq., nephew of Sir James. Born in 1782, he entered the Navy in 1793 and rose rapidly in his profession, his commissions bearing date as follows:—Lieutenant 1800; Commander 1803; Captain 1805; Rear-Admiral 1837; Vice-Admiral 1848; Admiral 1854. He was in Lord Howe's Lord Bridport's, and Lord St. Vincent's actions, and at the battle of the Nile; served in the West Indies, Mediterranean, and the Adriatic. He commanded the Active frigate at the battle of Lissa, for which he was presented by the Admiralty with a gold medal, to be worn with his uniform, and a good-service pension of 500*l.*; and also at the capture of the French frigate *La Pomone* at Pelagosa, in the same year. In the latter action he lost a leg, which was taken clean off, above the knee-joint, by a 36-pounder.

Captain Gordon's next appointment

was on Sept. 14, 1812, to the *Seahorse* 38, in which he effected the destruction, Nov. 13, 1813, of *Le Subtile* privateer, of 16 guns; and in August 1814, with a squadron under his command, he entered the river Potomac, where, having after ten days reduced Fort Washington and other batteries, he forced the city of Alexandria to capitulate, and captured twenty-one of the enemy's vessels, laden with all kinds of merchandise. Captain Gordon afterwards accompanied the expedition against New Orleans, and throughout all its details afforded his unwearied and cheerful assistance to Rear-Admiral Pulteney Malcolm. His after-appointments were to the *Madagascar* and *Maander* frigates, and in 1819 to the *Active* 46, employed on the Halifax and Mediterranean stations.

He was appointed Governor of the Royal Naval Hospital at Plymouth 1827, and Superintendent of Chatham Dockyard 1832, where he remained until his promotion to flag rank Jan. 10, 1837. In 1840 he obtained the appointment of Lieut.-Governor of Greenwich Hospital, and in Oct. 1853 the post of Governor of that establishment.

He was created a K.C.B. in 1815, and a G.C.B. in 1854; and appointed Admiral of the Fleet Jan. 30, 1868.

Altogether he had served in the Royal Navy for the extraordinary period of seventy-five years and three quarters. He was nine times gazetted for conspicuous gallantry in the face of the enemy; and he was the last survivor of Nelson's noble band of captains.

He married (27 August 1812) Lydia, third daughter of John Ward, esq. of Marlborough, Wilts, by whom he had an only son, the late Commander J. A. Gordon, (who died in command of Her Majesty's ship *Wolf*, off the coast of Borneo, in March 1846, and is buried in the island of Labuan,) and seven daughters, who survive him. The eldest is married to Mr. J. C. Templer, a Master in the Exchequer; the second to the Rev. Dr. Huntingford, of Wimbledon; and the third to the Rev. William Burnett, the Rector of Boxgrove, Sussex.

In person Sir James was singularly handsome, standing 6ft. 3in., and of great muscular power. He was withal so active, that before he lost his leg he has been known to leap in and out of six empty water hogsheads standing in a line on the deck. As a seaman, he excelled in all the nautical exercises; he could heave the lead further than





any man in his crew, and was first-rate with the helm. During the latter part of his life he watched with great interest the successive changes in the material and arming of the Fleet, and he particularly recognised the value of the Volunteer Force from the first, and had been an honorary member of the 18th Middlesex R. V. Corps (Harrow) from its formation in 1859 until his death. He always spoke of the force as the true reserve defence of the country—the inner line, as he was wont to call it, of which the Navy formed the outer or covering work. His brilliant services during the long war with France, and his just estimate of the fighting quality of Englishmen, enabled him to speak with great authority on the subject.

He died of old age and natural decay; and is buried on the south side of the railed inclosure for officers in the burial ground at Greenwich Hospital, near many of the former Governors, his old friends and comrades—with Sir Thomas Hardy, Sir Robert Stopford, Sir Charles Adam, and others—who are interred in the mausoleum or vault within the same inclosure; where also lies his brother, Colonel Charles Gordon, of the Royal Artillery. His remains were attended to the grave by his seven daughters and nearest relatives only, five grandsons and three nephews bearing his pall, for it was in accord with the simplicity of his character and in compliance with his express wish that the arrangements for his funeral were as simple and unostentatious as possible.

#### Lieut.-General A. T. Maclean.

On the 9th Dec. died in Oxford-sq. London, aged 77, Lieut.-General Allan Thomas Maclean, Colonel of the 13th Hussars.

He was the second of the nine sons of Alexander Maclean, of Penny-cross, co. Argyle, by Alicia, daughter of Hector Maclean, of Torren. He entered the 13th Light Dragoons as Cornet in the year 1809, and served in every action and affair in which that regiment was engaged in the Peninsula, from Dec. 1810 until wounded and taken prisoner at Conches in March 1814. For his conduct at Ronces Valles, on the 25th July, 1813, he received the flattering commendation and thanks of General Sir John Byng; and he was again thanked by Sir Henry Fane for his courage and military skill at the passage of the Gâve d'Oleron in Feb. 1814. After his release he rejoined his

regiment, and served during the Waterloo campaign; was engaged in command of the rear-guard for the brigade on the 17th June, and throughout the action on the 18th. His younger brother Charles James on the same memorable field carried the colours of the Cameron Highlanders.

Early in 1819 he accompanied the 13th Dragoons to India, and was employed in command of a cavalry brigade with the field-force at the reduction of Kurnool. Having served uninterruptedly with his regiment for twenty-two years, he returned with it to England, and was placed on half-pay as second Lieutenant-Colonel. He received the silver war medal, with six clasps, for Albuhera, Vittoria, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Orthes, and was appointed Colonel of the 13th Hussars 12th Nov. 1860.

He enjoyed "the reputation of being an officer of strict honour and probity, intimately acquainted with the details of the military profession, and a general favourite with military men." (*The Clan Maclean*, 1838, p. 346.) General Maclean was not married. His will was proved on the 9th Jan. and personal property sworn under 16,000*l*.

#### Sir Richard Mayne.

The death of Sir Richard Mayne, K.C.B. the Chief Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, took place on the 26th of Dec. 1868, at his residence in Chester-square, London.

He was born in Dublin in 1796, being the fourth son of the late Hon. Edward Mayne, one of the judges of the Court of King's Bench in Ireland, and the representative of the ancient family of the Maynes of Biddenden in Kent, which settled in Fermanagh and Monaghan in the reign of Queen Elizabeth. He was educated at Trinity college, Dublin, where he proceeded B.A.; in which degree he was incorporated at Trinity college, Cambridge, in 1821, and in the same year admitted M.A. In 1822 he was called to the bar by the hon. society of Lincoln's Inn, and he soon obtained considerable practice as a barrister on the Northern circuit.

On the remodelling of the London Police by the statute 10 Geo. IV. (June 19, 1829,) which was introduced into Parliament by the late Sir Robert Peel then Home Secretary, and which came into force in the succeeding autumn, Mr. Mayne was appointed Joint Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police



with Colonel Rowan (afterwards Sir Charles Rowan), on whose death he became Chief Commissioner. He was a man of untiring and energetic habits, and was thoroughly zealous in promoting the efficiency of the metropolitan police force, which in these days has assumed almost the proportions of an army. In recognition of his meritorious services he was in 1847 made a Companion of the Civil Division of the Order of the Bath, and immediately after the Great Exhibition of 1851 was nominated a Knight Commander of the Order.

Some of Sir Richard's regulations occasionally subjected him to adverse criticism, and his orders last year for the seizure and destruction of unmuzzled dogs found astray, and for the confiscation of children's hoops, brought a good deal of ridicule upon him. In commenting upon his career the *Times* says:—

"By the death of Sir Richard Mayne the public have lost a valuable and most meritorious servant. It was at once his honour and his misfortune to have prolonged his services until their full extent had passed beyond the compass of an ordinary recollection. It is nearly forty years since he was appointed Commissioner of Police, and during the whole of that time he has served the public with singular assiduity and devotion. But he lived into a new generation, which knew little of the circumstances under which he entered upon his post, or of the difficulties he had encountered and overcome. When appointed one of the two Chief Commissioners of Police in 1829 he had before him the task of organizing a totally new force, and of subjecting the inhabitants of London to the control of a novel power, of which they felt not a little suspicious. The present generation happily has no idea of what London was in those days. We cannot conceive the condition of a city consigned every night to darkness and decrepit watchmen. There was no gas; no regulation of the thoroughfares; and the law and its officers were scarcely heard of beyond the precincts of their Courts. All this was, of course, identified with the liberty of the subject and with British institutions. The introduction of a more efficient Police was felt to be a necessity, but it was not a popular necessity. With his colleague Colonel Rowan therefore Mr. Mayne had in 1829 to raise, to or-

ganize, and to train a small army; to instruct them in duties hitherto unknown in England, and to teach them to discharge their office with the utmost patience and consideration. In addition to this, he had to create a system for dealing with great public gatherings, and for controlling a traffic which grew, within the period of his office, to an extent which rendered it an entirely new element in city life. London doubled and almost trebled under his hands, while the kind of duties required of his force multiplied in a similar proportion. Nothing but great ability, industry, and patience would have encountered such difficulties with the least success, and these qualities Sir Richard Mayne placed, for the greater part of his life, at the service of the public for a remuneration utterly inadequate to his responsibilities and his deserts. In 1829 he was a rising barrister on the Northern circuit, possessing both talent and interest. The laborious office he discharged for the last 40 years was a poor exchange for the career then before him. Yet he never flinched from his post; and he has passed away at length amid the active discharge of his duties. The truth is that Sir Richard Mayne had rendered the Police at once so useful and so inoffensive a force that we accepted them as part of the natural order of things, and never thought of asking to whom we were indebted for their efficiency. Had he been a martinet, we might have rebelled, but he might very possibly have acquired a character for energy. If, on the other hand, as he very well might, he had complained of the inadequacy of his force, and have constantly demanded fresh powers, he would at least have kept the difficulty of his task before the public eye. But he was content to work with the materials at his disposal, and he turned them to account in so unpretentious a manner that, while the public forgot it owed him anything for the past, it seemed to think there was nothing too hard to be demanded of him. What he did was done so quietly that it escaped observation, and so well that it prompted a perpetual expectation of something more. The public are in some degree able to appreciate the organization of an army. They are cognizant of the kind of staff which a General requires for the command of a body of eight or nine thousand men. Now Sir Richard Mayne was at the head of a force of about that number,





which may be described as continually in the field. Day and night he was on active service against an ubiquitous and restless foe. He had to maintain his army in constant activity, and to be perpetually issuing fresh directions. To aid him in this incessant warfare he had two educated lieutenants; but, with this exception, he had to depend entirely upon the more intelligent men of his force. Such work was never done with equal economy, and we doubt whether it be just to allow it to be attempted with such scanty remuneration and such an inadequate staff."

He married in 1831 Georgiana, eldest daughter of Mr. Thomas Carvick of Wyke, Yorkshire, and of Moat Mount, Highwood, Middlesex. By this lady, who survives him, he leaves four sons and two daughters. The eldest son, Captain Richard C. Mayne, R.N. C.B. is at present at Rio, commanding Her Majesty's ship Nassau. He greatly distinguished himself in the war in New Zealand, where he was wounded, and obtained his post rank in February 1864, and has commanded the Nassau since July 1866.

The funeral took place on Dec. 30, and was conducted as privately as possible. The *cortège* consisted of a hearse and three mourning coaches, the latter containing Mr. Robert Mayne and Mr. William Mayne, sons of the deceased, Captain Dawson Mayne his brother, Mr. Edward Mayne and Mr. Edward Mayne, jun., Captain William Mayne, Mr. Carrick (brother-in-law to the deceased), and Captain W. C. Harris and Colonel Labalmontière, Assistant-Commissioners of Police. Several hundred members of the Metropolitan Police, whose attendance was quite voluntary, met the procession at the cemetery in Kensal-green. Sir Richard's remains are deposited in a grave on the north side of the cemetery, close to Soyer's tomb, where Sir Richard's brother, Lieut.-Colonel Wm. Mayne, was buried in June, 1867.

The sum of 574*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* has been subscribed by the Metropolitan Police for the erection of a monument to the late Chief Commissioner.

The following letter has been addressed by General Grey to the Secretary of State for the Home Department:—"The Queen desires me to say how grieved and concerned she is to hear of Sir R. Mayne's death. Notwithstanding the attacks lately made upon him, Her Majesty believes him to

have been a most efficient head of the police, and to have discharged the duties of his important situation most ably and satisfactorily in very difficult times."

#### J. C. Ewart, esq.

On the 14th December died, at Broad-leas, Devizes, the residence of his brother Mr. William Ewart, aged 68, Joseph Christopher Ewart, esq. of New Brighton, Cheshire, justice of the peace and deputy-lieutenant of Lancashire, and justice of the peace for Cheshire; late M.P. for Liverpool.

Mr. Ewart was the third son of the late Mr. William Ewart, merchant of Liverpool, by Margaret, dau. of Christopher Jacques, esq. of Bedale, co. York; and was one year younger than his brother William, who formerly represented Liverpool from 1830 to 1837, and sat in the last parliament for the Dumfries district of burghs.

The deceased was educated at Eton. He was formerly a partner in the mercantile house of his family in Liverpool. He was a Director of the London and North Western Railway, and of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, of which he was one of the original founders.

His brother had ceased to be one of the members for Liverpool in 1837. At the election of 1852 Mr. J. C. Ewart became a candidate in the Liberal interest, together with Mr. Cardwell, the present Secretary for War; but they were defeated by Mr. Charles Turner and Mr. William Forbes Mackenzie, who, being unseated on petition, were succeeded in June 1853 by Mr. Horsfall and the Hon. H. T. Liddell. On the latter becoming Lord Ravensworth there was a fresh election in March 1855; when Mr. J. C. Ewart was returned, by a majority of 5,718 votes, to 4,262 polled for his competitor Sir Samuel George Bonham, Bart. In April 1857 he was re-elected without a contest; but at the general election of 1865 he was defeated by Mr. Graves, who polled 7,500 votes to his 7,160. Mr. Ewart made no figure in the House as a speaker, but he was an active and intelligent member of committees, his financial and commercial experience being varied and extensive.

Mr. Ewart was unmarried.

#### Robert Porrett, Esq.

On the 25th Nov. at his residence in Bernard-street, Russell-square, aged 85, Robert Porrett, esq. F.R.S. and F.S.A.,



and also Fellow of the Royal Astronomical and Chemical Societies.

Mr. Porrett spent the active part of his life as an officer in the Tower of London, where he had an official residence. He there established a working laboratory, where half a century ago he was the discoverer of ferrocyanic acid. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1848, and contributed some papers to the *Philosophical Transactions*; which embrace the account of a perilous investigation of the explosive chloride of nitrogen, as well as the careful study of ferrocyanic acid.

Mr. Porrett was the first person, in his position as chief clerk in the Ordnance department at the Tower, to procure by purchase for the national armory any examples of ancient weapons or defensive equipment beyond what had accumulated from disused war stores. At that time collectors of military antiquities were few, and the prices realised on the dispersion of collections were very moderate as compared with the sums obtained in the present day. Add to this, the trade of fictitious specimen makers had not been established, and few or none but genuine specimens came into the market. Under these circumstances many curious and rare examples of armour and arms were year after year added to the Tower gallery, which thus changed its character of an old storehouse to that of an extensive museum of military antiquities.

Mr. Porrett also contributed some interesting papers on military implements and usages to the *Archæologia* of the Society of Antiquaries, where, as at other scientific meetings, he was a constant attendant. During a long retention of his appointment in the Tower, he was held in the highest esteem and affection by all his fellow officers, in whose behalf he was ever ready to exert his best efforts.

He lived and died a bachelor, but is represented by his nephews, Mr. J. F. Collier of the Temple, and Sir Robert Porrett Collier the present Attorney-General, who was his godson.

Mr. Porrett possessed a small collection of pictures, which was sold at Christie's rooms on the 2nd of January. It consisted of little more than 20 articles, including several very elaborate water-colour drawings by J. Stephanoff, one of which was an interior view of the armory in the Tower. There was also an old view of the Tower, painted

on panel, perhaps late in the last century, which was sold under the name of Turner. His collection of antiquities was sold at Sotheby's on the 16th Jan.

#### *The Rev. Canon James, D.D.*

On the 15th Dec. died at his residence in the Minster Precincts, Peterborough, in his 86th year, the Rev. John James, D.D. Canon of that cathedral church, and Vicar of Glington, a Justice of the Peace for the liberty of Peterborough, and a trustee of the Peterborough town estates.

Dr. James was the son of Mr. John James of Cambridge, and at nine years of age was admitted a scholar at Rugby, where his relative Dr. James, afterwards Canon of Worcester, was then master. He became a Probationary Fellow of St. John's college, Oxford, in 1799, at the early age of sixteen: obtained his B.A. degree, April 1803; his M.A. degree, June 1807; and his B. and D.D. degrees, June 7, 1834. He was ordained deacon by the Bishop of Oxford in 1806, and priest by the Bishop of Norwich in 1807. Soon after entering holy orders, he was appointed master of the endowed school at Oundle, where he was also for many years curate. In the year 1820 he was inducted to the vicarage of Southwick, in Northamptonshire, on the nomination of the Earl of Westmoreland. In 1829 he was appointed Canon Residentiary of the cathedral church of Peterborough by Bishop Marsh, to whom he was examining chaplain. In 1833 he was collated by the same prelate to the vicarage of St. John the Baptist, Peterborough, and afterwards presented by the Dean and Chapter to the vicarage of Maxey, both of which he held until 1850. He then took the rectory of Peakirk with Glington, in the patronage of the Dean and Chapter. In 1865 these churches were divided, when his son the Rev. Edward James took the living of Peakirk, that of Glington being retained by himself. At Peakirk he erected a memorial window to his patron Bishop Marsh.

Dr. James had won in the course of his long journey through life the respect and esteem of all with whom he came in contact. He was a steadfast churchman, an impressive preacher, and an author of high estimation in religious literature. Full of kindly feeling and benevolence, he was, as Vicar of Peterborough, truly, and in every sense of





the word, the pastor of his people. To this day his unceasing supervision of his flock, and his exertions in their behalf, spiritually and materially, are remembered with tenacity, and spoken of with gratitude.

Being one of that small class of students who light their own fire while the world is yet asleep, and have done the better part of their writing before breakfast, the time of his working life is not to be measured in the usual manner—by the mere number of his years. This habit left him great leisure for his parochial ministrations, and while Vicar of Peterborough it was a pleasant thing to walk about with him and see the kindly nod, and hear the familiar "How do?" to any parishioner within reach. And to those who had the privilege of intimacy at the prebendal house how genial was the atmosphere there! For Dr. James was "given to hospitality," and this he exercised with a ready flow of manly talk and of wide observation about men and things which marked the well-bred man, conversant with the world and its ways, and some of its best society, and a mind of general intelligence and education. At the same time he was remarkable for the courage and force with which, on all occasions, he spoke out his mind. In his social aspect he appeared the model of a Christian gentleman, who commanded respect from his position and character, and won men's love from his unaffected kindness and liberality.

Having entered upon his term as canon in residence, on the 9 Dec. notwithstanding his great age, he took part in the morning service at the Cathedral. He was taken ill next day, but until Monday the 14th was not considered to be in danger. In the evening of that day he was seized with paralysis, which, on Tuesday morning, at 12-15, terminated his life. His usual clear intellect he was permitted to retain to the last.

Dr. James has been for many years well known as the author of numerous widely-circulated works, uniting orthodoxy of teaching with fervour of feeling and expression, of which the following is a list:—

A Comment upon the Collects appointed to be used in the Church of England on Sundays and Holidays throughout the year. 1826.

Christian Watchfulness in the Prospect of Sickness, Mourning, and Death. 1839.

Sunday Lessons, with Commentary. 1840.

Practical Commentary on the Ordination Services. 1846.

The Mother's Help towards Instructing her Children in the excellences of the Catechism and the Occasional Services.

A Devotional Comment on the Morning and Evening Services in the Book of Common Prayer; in a series of Plain Lectures. (2 vols.)

The Happy Communicant; or, the Soldier Armed: a true story. (A tract.)

Evangelical Life, as seen in the example of our Lord Jesus Christ. 1855.

Spiritual Life. This work, the result of his thoughts on the support given to man throughout his life by the Holy Spirit, he just lived to see through the press.

He also published several funeral sermons, among which were those he preached on the deaths of the Princess Charlotte and the Prince Consort; and The Christian Temple, a Visitation Sermon. 1844.

#### **The Rev. Henry Cooke, D.D. LL.D.**

On the 13th Dec. died at his residence on the Ormeau Road, Belfast, in his 80th year, the Rev. Henry Cooke, D.D., LL.D., President of the Faculty in the Presbyterian Theological Institute, Belfast, and Professor of Sacred Rhetoric and Catechetics.

Dr. Cooke was born on the 11th of May 1788, at Grillaigh, near Maghera, in county Derry. The same year had shortly before witnessed the birth of Henry Montgomery, who was Dr. Cooke's great rival. Having received the best elementary education which his native place then afforded, he proceeded in due time to the university of Glasgow, in order to prosecute his studies as a candidate for the ministry in the Irish Presbyterian Church. In those days it was to Glasgow or Edinburgh that all young Irishmen similarly situated were obliged to go for their collegiate education. Their route was by Donaghadee and Portpatrick, where they were fortunate if they were not detained for weeks before they could get a coal-snack to take them across. On one of these occasions Henry Cooke met with another young man, called Robert Stewart, who, like himself, was proceeding to Glasgow college. The two youths formed an attachment to each other which continued so long as they both



lived; and for many years no two names were more frequently or more intimately associated than those of Dr. Cooke and Dr. Stewart.

At the close of Henry Cooke's collegiate career he was duly licensed to preach the Gospel; and after a very short probationary period was, on Dec. 10, 1808, when he was not 21 years of age, ordained by the presbytery of Ballymena as minister of Duncan, in co. Antrim. From that place he removed in 1811 to Donegroe in the same county, and in 1818 to Killyleagh, co. Down.

On Oct. 21, 1817, he consulted his presbytery "relative to his going to college this winter, and requested of them a written permission to that effect, which was granted." We believe that the object of this unusual application on the part of an ordained minister was that he might have an opportunity of studying medicine; and we have heard that for this purpose Mr. Cooke did at this time actually attend the medical classes in Dublin college, going down to Carlow every Saturday evening to preach on the following day to a new Presbyterian congregation in that town.

Mr. Cooke soon attained a prominent position in the general synod of Ulster. In 1824 he was elected to occupy for the ensuing twelve months the post of moderator of that body, and as such he preached in the following year at Coleraine a synodical sermon, wherein he sounded the note of charge preliminary to the theological conflict which shortly afterwards ensued. For the few preceding years clouds had been gathering in the ecclesiastical firmament. In 1827 it was plain that these clouds were ready to burst, and in that year the occasion of their doing so was furnished by the publication of evidence which several ministers of synod had given before the Commissioners of Education Inquiry, wherein the existence of Arianism within the bounds of the Irish Presbyterian Church was either confidently asserted or regretfully admitted by various witnesses. Amongst others, the late Rev. William Porter, of Newtownlimavady, who was then clerk of synod, had, in his examination before the commissioners, avowed himself an Arian; and, therefore, at the ensuing meeting of synod in Strabane, on June 26, 1827, the battle was inaugurated by a motion being made that Mr. Porter, in consequence of his avowal of heterodox opinions, should forthwith be removed from the situation which he

had held for several years. This motion was not carried; but at a subsequent stage of its proceedings, the synod passed, by a very large majority, an overture whereby all its members were required to declare in open synod whether or not they believed the doctrine of the Trinity. On this occasion Mr. Henry Cooke and Mr. Henry Montgomery came into direct collision. At Cookstown, in the following year, the conflict was renewed, and, on that occasion, a new element of discord was furnished by the recent appointment of Mr. Ferrie to the chair of moral philosophy in the Belfast Academical Institution. In 1829 Lurgan witnessed the prolongation of the fight, and at length matters were brought to a crisis at a special meeting of synod, which was held at Cookstown towards the close of the same year. This meeting the non-subscribing ministers did not attend, but they forwarded to their orthodox brethren a remonstrance against their recent proceedings, which being ineffectual, they withdrew from the general synod, and founded the Remonstrant Synod of Ulster. Mr. Cooke's fame in connection with this memorable controversy was now spread far and wide. In recognition of the distinguished ability which he had displayed therein, the authorities of Jefferson college, America, conferred upon him at this time the degree of Doctor of Divinity, and he was thenceforth known as Dr. Cooke.

In 1829 Dr. Cooke removed from Killyleagh to Belfast, where a large meeting-house in May-street was expressly built for his reception by his numerous admirers in that town. He had now abundant scope for the display of his great abilities, and his influence rapidly extended over the entire province of Ulster. The position which from this time forward he took as an earnest Conservative in local and provincial politics was prominent and indisputable.

He often avowed a predilection in favour of the state endowment of religion, and there is no doubt that that avowal, like one made about the same time by Dr. Chalmers in Scotland, was conscientious and sincere. This predilection Dr. Cooke afterwards defended in his celebrated discussion in Belfast with Dr. Ritchie, of Edinburgh, who had come over as the propagandist of voluntary principles; but at the very door of Ulster he met with such a





reception at the hands of Dr. Cooke as effectually defeated the object of his mission, and he speedily returned to Scotland. As a reward for his services on this occasion, and as a counterpoise to his equivocal distinction of an American degree, Dr. Cooke received at this time a diploma of Doctor of Laws from the university of Dublin.

In 1841 the Repeal agitation was at its height, and Daniel O'Connell was practically king of all Ireland, except the province of Ulster. The great agitator determined to cross the border, and to prosecute a Repeal tour through the north of Ireland. But his visit was as unsuccessful as had been that of Dr. Ritchie, and from a similar cause. In both cases Dr. Cooke barred the way, and held the pass against the invader. Before Mr. O'Connell left Dublin, on his northern crusade, Dr. Cooke had formally challenged him to a public discussion on the Repeal question. This challenge the redoubted demagogue declined to accept. Whatever may be thought of Mr. O'Connell's prudence on this occasion, there is no doubt that it was fatal to the success of his mission. He came to the North. At Belfast he encountered Dr. Cooke, whom his admirers henceforth designated "the Cock of the North," and the consequence of the whole proceeding was that the mighty tribune, protected by a large, but not too large, escort of police, returned to Dublin a crest-fallen and a defeated man.

In 1844 appeared in Dr. Cooke's own general assembly the first symptoms of that independence or insubordination on the part of the juniors to which all aged popular leaders, whether political or ecclesiastical, are apparently sooner or later exposed. In the case of Dr. Cooke the occasion which called forth the exhibition towards him of a feeling of mitigated allegiance on the part of many of his previous supporters was furnished by circumstances connected with the foundation of the Magee College. But he survived all opposition, and throughout the whole contrived to maintain his ground. If sometimes he was not exactly conqueror, he was always more than conqueror through them that loved him. Under the tide of opposition, which occasionally ran strong enough against him, there never was a ground-swell of personal hatred or contempt. Brethren sometimes withstood him to the face, because they thought he was to be blamed;

but even when they opposed him most they did not respect him less, and perhaps there was not one amongst them who in his heart did not retain a kindly liking for the brave old man to the last.

In 1845 Dr. Cooke was appointed by the government of the day to the lucrative and influential situation of Distributor of Royal Bounty, vacant by the nomination of Dr. Henry, its previous occupant, to the office of President of Queen's College, Belfast. In this confidential and somewhat delicate situation, he maintained his usual independence. Although henceforth he was in one sense of the word a servant of government, he never once hesitated to oppose ministerial men and ministerial measures, when he thought his duty required him to do so; and, whatever opinion may be entertained of his judgment in some of these cases, no one can deny his manliness in them all. Not one inch did he ever swerve from his political friends or principles, and in his own case he certainly furnished no grounds for the charge which has sometimes been brought against his Church, that the reception of *Regium Donum* is fatal to political independence.

In 1847 Dr. Cooke was appointed by the General Assembly to the chair of Sacred Rhetoric in the Presbyterian College, Belfast. On this occasion a law of assembly required him formally to resign his congregation, but in reality he only resigned his congregational income, which had been 400*l.* a-year. He did not vacate his pulpit, but, until lately, continued preaching to his people, although they paid him nothing, and he generously allowed what would have been his salary to go to the payment of other congregational expenses. Indeed, he had not the sacred thirst for gold. Many presentations, pecuniary and otherwise, were made to him during the course of his life. One of these, amounting to two thousand pounds, he received a few years ago, through the hands of his friend the late Marquis of Downshire; but on the whole he was no gainer in his pocket by his public services. His hand and purse were ever open to assist a needy brother.

In the pulpit Dr. Cooke was singularly earnest and impressive. His manner of conducting public worship must have been most attractive to the lovers of old-fashioned Presbyterianism. As an occasional preacher for charitable or congregational purposes, his



services were always ready, and always most successful. The announcement of his name was sufficient to fill the largest meeting-houses throughout the province with an admiring audience, including numbers of Episcopalian clergy and gentry. In 1814, he preached in Belfast a sermon in aid of the funds of the House of Industry, which had the good fortune of going through three editions. As an author, however, Dr. Cooke was scarcely known. As a controversialist he was sharp and incisive; but it was as an orator that he pre-eminently shone, and that his attainments stood indisputably confessed. He had not the readiness of Dr. Stewart; nor was he endowed with the unparalleled fluency of speech and command of the English language which, as he himself once confessed, were possessed by his rival Doctor Montgomery, to an extent that has probably never been surpassed in the case of any other speaker; but, with a little time for preparation, and with a subject which touched his heart, Doctor Cooke could deliver an oration which it was not easy to withstand. His bodily presence was never weak; his speech was never contemptible; and when, on such occasions, raising himself to the full height of his stature and his theme, he poured forth all the rich and deep tones of his splendid voice, and flashed the lightning from his eagle eye, no one who saw him and heard him could any longer wonder at the overwhelming influence which in all ages accomplished orators have exercised over public affairs. Three times was he elected by his brethren to the office of Moderator of Synod or Assembly, an honour which, we believe, is without a precedent in the history of the Irish Presbyterian Church. In cases of clerical delinquency, when such cases came before the ecclesiastical tribunals of his Church, Dr. Cooke was singularly remarkable for almost invariably taking the side of the accused. He was the friend of those who had often none to help them.—*From the Northern Whig.*

The general respect entertained for Rev. Dr. Cooke was manifested by one of the largest and most impressive public funerals ever witnessed in Ulster. All creeds and classes cordially united in paying tribute to his memory. Business was suspended and the city wore the emblems of mourning, the vessels in the quays having their flags at half-mast. The day being fine, the pro-

cession, which was of great length, extending nearly two miles, was the more regular and imposing. All the public bodies of Belfast, religious, collegiate, and commercial, were represented. Deputations attended from the various Presbyteries of the province, and a large number of clergymen of the Established Church, with the Lord Primate of Ireland and other dignitaries at their head, joined with the Presbyterian ministers in doing honour to the deceased. It was a significant and touching manifestation of the common sympathy felt by various denominations to see the Moderator of the General Assembly and the Primate bearing the pall, with other prominent representatives of different political and religious bodies. The other pall-bearers were the Mayor of Belfast, the Bishop of Down and Connor, the High Sheriff, W. Johnston, esq. M.P., the Hon. E. O'Neill, M.P., T. McClure, esq. M.P., A. J. Macrory, esq., James Kennedy, esq. J.P., John Preston, esq. J.P., James Torrens, esq., and Hugh Porter, esq. The chief mourners were Mr. H. Cooke, Rev. Dr. Porter, Rev. W. Gordon, and Mr. Gordon, jun. In accordance with the usage of the Presbyterian Church, family worship was conducted at the manse before the removal of the coffin, in presence of the immediate friends. The procession was formed at 12 o'clock. The professors and students of the Queen's College and Belfast Presbyterian College, the professors of the Magee Presbyterian College, Derry, in their academic robes, and of the Methodist College, Belfast, the clergy of the Established Church, and the ministers of the General Assembly, preceded the hearse. It was followed by the chief mourners, the committees of public institutions, the children of the schools, and the general body of citizens, wearing white rosettes and black scarves, and marching six abreast. Then came a long train of mourning-coaches. Divine service was celebrated at Malone Presbyterian Church, about two miles distant from Belfast, all classes taking part in the solemn ceremony. The officiating ministers were the Rev. Henry Henderson and the Rev. Dr. Morgan, who had been through life the intimate friend and colleague of the deceased, and who delivered an eloquent address before the interment.

A Committee has been formed in Belfast to erect a memorial to Dr. Cooke;





and at a meeting held on the 4th of January it was decided that 20,000*l.* should be raised—15,000*l.* for an assembly hall, and 5,000*l.* for a statue.

(From the *Belfast News Letter*.)

Henry Cooke's father's ancestors, though of Scottish descent, came to Ireland from England, and settled in the county of Derry. His mother's family lived at Killyleagh, in the county of Down, and bore the name of Johnston. It is a curious coincidence that her son, born in a distant county, should at an early period of his ministry become the clergyman of her native parish. Like almost every great man, Dr. Cooke owed much to his mother. She had a remarkable memory, which was stored with information, and which her son eagerly received from her. She knew much of the traditional history of county Down, which unhappily was not recorded in her day, and which has now probably perished. An anecdote which she used to tell about the "Break of Killyleagh," during the massacre of 1641, peculiarly impressed itself upon the mind of her son. The Protestant inhabitants of a whole district at Killyleagh were in that year of horror put to death. A solitary female escaped the observation of the savage exterminators, and she remained in hiding until she was at last drawn from her place of concealment by hearing the bitter cries of a little boy. He had been sent upon some message from his house; and while he was away the massacre took place. On his return he saw the members of the family lying stretched on the ground. Unable to realise the truth, he fancied that they were sleeping, and he tried to wake them. But they slept the sleep from which in this world there is no awakening. He became terrified by the fearful silence, and his cries of alarm and distress brought forth from her hiding place the only woman who had escaped the dreadful butchery. It was to this child that Dr. Cooke referred in his magnificent speech delivered at the famous anti-Repeal meeting in Belfast in 1841:—

"I know I hold the card of one honoured individual whose ancestor played a conspicuous part in its defence; and I wot of another who had no name to be either honoured or recorded. At the first outbreak of the rebellion all his family were murdered but one little child. Driven from a

distant part of the county of Down, with thousands of starving Protestants, he carried his child in his arms to Derry, and was happily one of those admitted into the city for its defence. But when he mounted guard at night he had no nurse for his little one, so he carried it with him to the walls, and, placing it between the embrasures, where the cannon frowned defiance on James and slavery, Providence protected him in the midst of famine and death; and when, in after years, he was questioned how he fared at night for shelter, 'Well enough,' was the reply, 'I had the shelter of my father's gun.' Yes, God protected that motherless and homeless boy, and he who now addresses you is that boy's humble descendant."

#### Rev. Dr. Sheppard.

The Rev. John George Sheppard, D.C.L. Head Master of Kidderminster Grammar School, died at Woodfield-house, Kidderminster, on New Year's day, at the age of 51.

He was the eldest son of John Sheppard, esq. of the county of Kilkenny, and received his education at Wadham college, Oxford, where he carried off an open scholarship, and at which college he was subsequently elected fellow and tutor. He gained also the Gaisford Smith prose prize, and the English verse prize for a sacred subject, "St. Paul at Athens." The dates of his degrees are B.A. 1839; M.A. 1841; D.C.L. 1853.

After leaving the university he became second-master of Repton school, Derbyshire, under Dr. Peile; and on the 22nd of December, 1851, was appointed to the head-mastership of King Charles the First's grammar school at Kidderminster, vacant by the resignation of the Rev. W. Cockin, M.A. For some years this school went on well under his direction, but afterwards it declined, till in 1867 it contained but four day boys and about an equal number of boarders. Dr. Sheppard seems to have been alive to the causes of this falling-off, for he at once proclaimed his intention of remitting the quarterage of a certain number of boys. Twenty new boys were admitted on these terms; and it is only right to add that a great number of applications were made for similar admission during the past year; and that before the holidays at Christmas commenced the pupils, in a most affectionate manner, presented the doc-



tor with a silver goblet as a testimony of their respect for him. It is clear, therefore, that the decline of the school was due to the scheme which obtained years ago, and not to any shortcomings on the part of the late master, whose ability as a teacher is demonstrated by the fact that several of his pupils gained high honours at the universities (two of them in the same year carrying off the Ireland and the Craven scholarships at Oxford and at Cambridge), and that where pupils stayed long enough to be benefited by his admirable scholarship and tuition they invariably gained high positions at competitive examinations.

Dr. Sheppard married Mlle. Celestine Rosa Smeedts, on July 4, 1848, whom he has left a widow with four children, Blanche, Rose, Evelyn, and one son George Murray Sheppard, aged 11.

Dr. Sheppard published—

The Christian Obligations of Citizenship. A discourse. Lond. 16mo. 1847.

St. Paul at Athens. A poem. Oxford. 12mo. 1851.

Theophrasti Characteres; with Notes. 8vo. 1852.

A Sermon on "the Lawfulness of the Sword;" preached before the University of Oxford Dec. 16, 1855.

Notes upon Thucydides, original and compiled. Books I. and II. Lond. 8vo. 1857. In collaboration with Lewis Evans, M.A. Master of Sandbach Grammar School.

Remarks on the Rev. F. Temple's Scheme for the Extension of Middle Class Education. Lond. 8vo. 1857.

A Lecture on the History of India. Lond. 8vo. 1858.

The Fall of Rome and the Rise of the New Nationalities. A series of Lectures on the connection between Ancient and Modern History. Lond. 8vo. 1861.

Aids to Classical Study. A manual of composition and translation from English into Latin and Greek, and from Latin and Greek into English; with critical, historical, and divinity questions, &c. Lond. 12mo. 1868. Also a Key to the same. Written in conjunction with Dawson William Turner, D.C.L. Head Master of the Royal Institution School, Liverpool.

At the time of his death he was occupied with a school edition of Carrington's Virgil, and which would have heightened, if possible, his reputation as one of the first classical scholars of the day.

#### Rev. Lambert B. Larking.

On the 2nd of August died, at Ryarsh vicarage, near Maidstone, aged 71, the Rev. Lambert Blackwell Larking, M.A. Vicar of that parish and of Burham near Rochester.

He was the son of John Larking, esq. of Clare-house, near Maidstone (who was sheriff of Kent in 1808), and his mother was Dorothy, daughter of Sir Charles Style, Bart. of Wateringbury-place, in the same county, by his first wife, the Hon. Isabella Wingfield, second daughter of Richard Viscount Powerscourt. Mr. Larking was educated at Eton and at Brasenose college, Oxford, and graduated B.A. 1820 in the second class, M.A. 1823. In those early days he was known for his scholarship and his taste,—acquirements which added to the charm of his society through life. He was the founder of the University Lodge of Freemasons, now one of the most flourishing in the kingdom.

Returning to the county of his birth, he was ordained by Bishop Howley in 1820 to the curacy of East Peckham, near Tunbridge; was presented to the vicarage of Ryarsh in 1830 by his cousin Colonel the Hon. J. W. Stratford, and to that of Burham in 1837 by C. Milner, esq.

When thus settled for life in his native county, his leisure was devoted to the elucidation of its early history, particularly in conjunction with the Rev. Thomas Streatfeild, of Chart's Edge, who made extensive preparations for a History of Kent, and on his death in 1848 left the materials at Mr. Larking's disposal. But on this subject more hereafter.

So far as we are informed, the earliest proofs which Mr. Larking gave of his editorial care were various documents relating to other counties than Kent, which he communicated about thirty years ago to the *Collectanea Topographica et Genealogica*.

On the 19th Sept. 1857, Lord Viscount Falmouth invited a few friends to Mereworth Castle, for the purpose of laying the foundation of an Archaeological Society for the county of Kent. On the same day the late Marquess Camden was elected the President, and Mr. Larking the Honorary Secretary, of the new institution. The rapid success which it attained under their countenance and management has been scarcely ever rivalled in the history of similar undertakings.





At the inauguration meeting, which took place at Maidstone on the 14th of April 1858, Lord Camden moved "our best and most cordial thanks to our excellent secretary, Mr. Larking, for his indefatigable efforts and invaluable services in the promotion of the Society:" a motion which it is needless to add was carried unanimously: and thenceforward for the next five years, until his health had greatly failed, Mr. Larking devoted himself enthusiastically to the development of this active society, and the performance of its hardest work. Its transactions, of which six volumes have now been published under the title of *Archæologia Cantiana*, are full of his labours. Many documents of importance edited by his careful and critical eye, and illustrated by his valuable remarks, will be recognised by the initials L. B. L. with which he modestly marked his contributions. They were in great measure derived from the muniments of the Dering family: of which he gave a particular account in an article "On the Surrenden Charters," *Archæol. Cant.* vol. i. pp. 50—65. He also edited in the same volume, pp. 184—224, part of "The Diary of the pious, learned, patriotic, and loyal Sir Roger Twysden," detailing the persecutions which he suffered at the hands of the Parliament between the years 1641 and 1648. It was continued in vol. ii. pp. 175—220, vol. iii. 145—176, and concluded in vol. iv. 131—202.

In vol. ii. pp. 9—42, his "Genealogical Notices of the Northwoods" is an elaborate article.

In the third volume is a notice of the labours of the Rev. Thomas Streatfeild of Chart's Edge, with eleven plates selected from the vast store of more than six hundred engravings on wood, which that liberal collector had prepared for his intended History of Kent. From this memoir the following extract may be very appropriately made on the present occasion:—

"Our testimony to his varied qualifications is founded upon our having had the happiness of being associated with him in his archaeological researches for more than a quarter of a century. Deep indeed is the debt of gratitude we owe him for learning acquired during those happy years, 'at his feet.'"

"So highly esteemed were his talents and character throughout the county, that the records and muniments of all our ancient families were freely offered

for his investigation. Many and many a mile have we travelled together for the inspection of materials, and many a night have we sat up till early dawn, analysing, attesting, and noting the results of our day's work. Thousands, literally thousands, of ancient documents have we together minutely inspected, and recorded every useful particular of their contents. A laborious task!

Sed tua me virtus tamen et sperata voluptas  
Suavis amicitia, quemvis efferre laborem  
Suadet, et inducit noctes vigilare serenas.

In the fifth volume of *Archæologia Cantiana* will be found large collections (pp. 133-193) on the ancient and important Kentish family of Leybourne, which Mr. Larking had long been forming, but which (from his then impaired health, 1863) he placed in the hands of his friend Mr. Fausset in a less perfect state than he had previously intended.

Mr. Larking had resigned the post of Hon. Secretary at the annual meeting of 1861, when he was elected a Vice-President; but his contributions were continued at intervals as his strength permitted; and even to the last the *Archæologia Cantiana* benefited largely from his labours.

Mr. Larking's attention was not entirely narrowed to local antiquities, but he also entered with zeal into the larger department of our national history. He took a warm interest in the operations of the Camden Society, of which he was one of the earliest members, and for many years one of its council. A political treatise entitled "Certain Considerations upon the Government of England, by Roger Twysden, Kt. and Bart." was printed for the Society in 1849 from an unpublished MS. which had been handed down in the family of Mr. Larking's wife, a direct descendant of Sir Roger. This was the same Sir Roger Twysden who edited the *Decem Scriptores* in 1652, and whose Diary, as we have already seen, was edited by Mr. Larking in the *Archæologia Cantiana*. A very masterly introduction to this book was contributed by the late John Mitchell Kemble.

When passing the winter of 1838-9 in Malta for the benefit of his health, Mr. Larking had perused and partly transcribed a document preserved in the public library at Valetta, being an Extent of the lands of the Knights Hospitallers in England, as reported to



the Grand Master of the order in 1338. This was printed for the Camden Society in 1857, and was a very valuable accession to our knowledge of a memorable system, for which documentary evidence is particularly rare. Mr. J. M. Kemble again contributed his aid by writing the able introductory essay which is prefixed to this volume.

A third work originating with Mr. Larking was that entitled "Proceedings, principally in the County of Kent, in connection with the Parliaments called in 1640, and especially with the Committee of Religion appointed in that year." It consists of documents derived from the collection of Sir Edward Dering, Bart. another Kentish antiquary of the seventeenth century: of whose public and domestic career a very interesting sketch is given in the preface, which was contributed by Mr. Bruce.

It will be observed that in all these instances Mr. Larking was glad to accept the co-operation of his friends. In fact, his laborious industry was accompanied by singular modesty. His scrupulous regard to historic truth and accuracy of statement made him slow and somewhat diffident as an author, but at the same time gave a substantial value to all that proceeded from his pen. And it is but bare justice to his literary as well as his personal character to add that his liberality and kindness of heart prompted him to render assistance as freely as his modesty led him to accept it. "He was indeed (as we find it well remarked by Mr. Bruce in a note to *Manningham's Diary* recently published) one of those attractive characters who carry into old age the fervour and generosity of early life. There never lived a man in whose heart of hearts there dwelt a deeper scorn of everything untruthful, disingenuous, or mean, or who was more distinguished by a total abandonment of all selfish interests. Deeply versed in the history of his beloved native county, and possessed of large antiquarian collections derived principally from unpublished materials, the information which he had gathered through a course of many years was at the service of every applicant, and frequently furnished valuable materials for other writers, whilst an over-anxiety to attain an impossible completeness prevented his bringing to an end works which would have established his own right to a high position in the literature of research. His work on the Domesday of Kent we trust will soon be issued to

the subscribers. We doubt not that it will justify our estimate of the scholarship and diligence in inquiry of our kind and amiable friend."

Mr. Larking married, July 20, 1831, Frances, daughter of the late Sir William Jervis Twysden, of Roydon-hall, Bart. Mrs. Larking survives her husband, but without children.

Mr. Larking's will was proved in her Majesty's Court of Probate on the 18th Sept. by his brother John Wingfield Larking, esq. of the Firs, in the parish of Lee, co. Kent, esq. and Alexander Randall of Foley-honse, Maidstone, banker, two of the executors.

#### Mr. R. W. Jameson.

On the 10th December Mr. Robert William Jameson, Writer to the Signet, Edinburgh, died at 12, Earl's-court-terrace, Kensington, London.

The deceased, who was born at Leith in 1805, was the youngest son of Mr. Thomas Jameson, merchant, and nephew of Professor Jameson the eminent naturalist. He was educated at the High School and University of Edinburgh. On leaving the university he passed as Writer to the Signet, and, as a member of that society, he practised in Edinburgh for many years.

Mr. Jameson was widely known in Scotland, having been one of the chief popular orators at the time of the great Reform agitation of 1832. The *Scotsman* in reviewing his career says, "It was as an orator that Mr. Jameson chiefly shone; he had a thrilling power of speech; a command of the attention, and even of the passions of the masses, such as was achieved by no other of the many clever and zealous men who took part in the exciting proceedings of that epoch." At the election for Edinburgh in 1834 Mr. Jameson, in seconding Mr. James Aytoun the Radical candidate, made a speech which elicited from Sir John Campbell (afterwards Lord Chancellor) the opinion, expressed in private, that Mr. Jameson was the best hustings speaker he had ever heard.

Mr. Jameson became a member of the first reformed Town Council of Edinburgh, and for some years maintained a foremost place in the van of political progress. Burgh Reform, Abolition of Slavery, Reform of the Irish Church, and Repeal of the Corn Laws, were advocated by him with energy and enthusiasm. He was declaiming on Edinburgh platforms against "the iniquitous Corn Laws" years





before Mr. Cobden or Mr. Bright was heard of.

He was also much devoted to literature and the drama, and distinguished himself by works of a highly ambitious character in both departments. In 1848 he published a dramatic poem in blank verse entitled "Nimrod," a production full of hard and massive thought: the poem was very favourably received by the critics, though, as might have been augured from its topic and form, it failed to take firm or general hold of public favour. A year or two later he produced a tragedy, "Timoleon," of the same severe and classic type, which was brought out at the Theatre Royal, Edinburgh, and, so far as the "fit and few audience" which could appreciate its austere beauties was concerned, it certainly succeeded.

In 1855 he left Edinburgh for Stranraer to become editor of the *Wigtownshire Free Press*, which position he filled with much ability till 1861. From that time he resided in England, first as proprietor and editor of a paper in Sudbury, and latterly in London.

Mr. Jameson's acquaintance with English literature was very extensive; of the novelists he might be called a student, and the works of Sir Walter Scott he knew with a sort of affectionate minuteness. He had a singularly retentive memory, which rendered his knowledge of history peculiarly available; and he kept up a great familiarity with the Latin classics.

Mr. Jameson married, in 1835, Christina, third daughter of Major-General Pringle, of Symington, Mid Lothian, N.B. by whom he had eleven children; his widow and eight children survive him.

#### Sir Herbert Edwardes.

Died in London, on the 23rd of Dec. 1868, Major-General Sir Herbert Benjamin Edwardes, K.C.B. and Knight Companion of the Star of India, at the early age of 49.

He was born 12 Nov. 1819 at Frodesley, Shropshire, at the rectory of his father, the Rev. B. Edwardes, the second son of Sir John Thomas Cholmondeley Edwardes, Bart. of Shrewsbury.

Losing both parents while yet very young, he was brought up by a near relative, John Thomas Hope, esq. of Netley, in his native county. His education was begun under the Rev. Charles Delafosse, of Richmond, Sur-

rey, and completed at King's College, London, of which institution (degrees then not being attainable) he became an associate.

Despairing of making his way in England, he solicited and obtained from Sir Richard Jenkins, Bart. G.C.B. an appointment to India, at a period of life much later than is usual, for he came of age on his voyage out, an event which was not celebrated by a devoted tenantry, and which ruffled not the leaves of the ponderous books in Threadneedle-street. For the amusement of his fellow-passengers in the "Walmer Castle," he edited a weekly ship newspaper called *The Walmer Gazette*, and for twelve weeks (*mirabile dictu!*) conducted that journal without giving offence.

He landed at Calcutta on the 29th January, 1841, and was shortly afterwards attached to the 1st Bengal European Fusiliers, then just returned from the first Affghan war, joining it at the close of the year at Kurnal, on the north-west frontier.

Our young hero now began to study the native languages, and Anglo-Indian history, and soon attracted notice by 24 monthly letters on political subjects in the *Delhi Gazette*, from "Brahmince Bull in India to his cousin John Bull in England." These were variously attributed to several old civilians in the Bengal presidency; but the real author, after preserving his incognito for two years, was at length discovered; and in November 1845 he was selected by Sir Hugh (afterwards Lord) Gough, then commander-in-chief, to be an aide-de-camp on his personal staff. In the same month he passed an interpreter's examination in three native languages.

At this time the first Sikh war broke out, and Lient. Edwardes sustained a severe wound in the thigh at the battle of Moodkee, while carrying Sir Hugh Gough's orders. During the second battle (Ferozshahr) he was lying with the wounded in Moodkee fort; but he was sufficiently recovered to take part in the battle of Sobraon, which closed the campaign.

He now accompanied Sir Hugh Gough to Lahore, and in March 1846 was recommended by the gallant veteran to the notice of Sir Henry Hardinge, the then Governor-General, who placed him on the new political staff formed at Lahore under Sir Henry Lawrence, whose private secretary he



became, remaining with him until 1843, when the declining health of that distinguished officer compelled him to return home.

Shortly after Lieutenant Edwardes obtained his new appointment, he received a wound in the head while assisting Sir Henry Lawrence to put down a religious tumult in the city of Lahore. A month afterwards he assisted at the siege of Kote Kangra (the Rajke Kote of Lawrence's adventures in the Punjab). In Sept. 1846 he was selected to relieve Major Macgregor, C.B. in the important charge of the city of Lahore; but he had scarcely reached that capital, when, in consequence of the revolt of Sheikh Imamooddeen breaking out in Cashmere, he was ordered to proceed to Jummoo to rouse Maharajah Golab Singh to the assertion of the rights which had been ceded to him by the British government.

To effect this Lieutenant Edwardes opened negotiations with the Sheikh himself, whom he induced to deliver up the secret orders to rebel, which he had received from Rajah Lal Singh, the paramour of the Rane. On this, the Sheikh was permitted by Sir Henry Lawrence to surrender; and, giving himself up to Lieut. Edwardes at the foot of the Cashmere hills, he was by that officer conducted to Lahore. On the evidence of the papers thus obtained, the Rajah Lal Singh was brought to trial under the walls of Lahore, was deposed from the ministry and banished to Hindostan.

While the new treaty of Lahore of December 1846 was being ratified at Byrowal, Lieut. Edwardes was left in the sole political charge of Lahore; and for his exertions in appeasing a second religious tumult at the festival of the Mohurrum, he received the thanks of the court of directors of the East India Company.

In Feb. 1847 he was deputed, in command of a Sikh army, to make an amicable financial settlement of Bunnoo, an Afghan valley west of the Indus. Failing in this—as Runjeet Singh had failed for a quarter of a century—he projected and proposed to the Resident of Lahore the plan of a regular military reduction and occupation of the valley, offering to conduct the expedition. This plan, recommended by the Resident, and approved by Sir Henry Hardinge, was at once carried out. Lieut. Edwardes, in Dec.

1847, was dispatched with 5,000 men, and two troops of horse artillery; and in the brief space of two months he levelled the walls of 400 fortified villages, built a strong fortress in their stead, and ran a military road through the heart of the valley, by this means entirely subjugating it. While effecting this, his life was twice attempted by certain patriots of Bunnoo, who sought to assassinate him in his tent. On the second occasion he only escaped by shooting the assassin with his own hand. The reduction of Bunnoo was barely accomplished when the Mooltan rebellion broke out.

In March 1847 a treaty had been concluded by means of which Lord Hardinge, the Governor-General, had undertaken that the Punjab should be managed during the minority of Maharaja Duleep Singh. He engaged to control the civil internal administration of the country, and to maintain tranquillity within as well as to provide for its external security; and this he engaged to do at the special instance of Sikh Sardars. The consequence of this arrangement was that a peace ensued in the Punjab to which it had long been a stranger. But in April 1848 occurred the treacherous murder at Mooltan of Mr. Vans Agnew and Lieutenant Anderson, young men of great promise, and who had already distinguished themselves. This event gave rise to commotions in Mooltan, which speedily spread into other provinces, and resulted in a general insurrection of the Punjab.

When the Governor-General, the Earl of Dalhousie, became convinced that it was hopeless to expect that the commotion at Mooltan would die away by the submission of the Dewan Moolraj, the chieftain commanding at Mooltan, or that it could be extinguished by the force applied to put down the rebellion, he prepared to enter into a vigorous war.

At this time Lieut. Edwardes, recently appointed assistant in the management of the country in the neighbourhood of Mooltan, and having at his disposal a single native regiment only, conceived the design of driving the rebel Moolraj into his fortress, and rescuing the whole of the country round Mooltan from his grasp. He effected this, and he effected it without the assistance of a single European soldier. Such was his character, such the confidence he had inspired amongst the natives, such





the means that he used, and such the revenue he raised at the moment, in the very country he was rescuing from the treacherous Moolraj, that he was enabled to raise all the mountain tribes, to discipline these raw levies, and to drive back that chieftain into the very walls of the fortress from whose citadel he oppressed the surrounding country. It was on the 18th June 1848 that he gained his first victory, and took eight out of ten guns which the rebels brought into the field; and on the 1st of July, having been joined by the troops of the Newaub of Bhawalpore under Lieutenant Lake, he fought a second battle and again completely routed the army of Moolraj, capturing two more guns. It was during these operations that he lost the use of his right hand by the explosion of a pistol in his belt while aiming for a fight. In these battles Lieutenant Edwardes inspired confidence among the troops by his exertions, and by his uniform ability commanded the affection and respect of the natives who followed in his army.

Although in the first instance the Governor-General of India and the Commander-in-Chief considered that the season would not admit of the march of European troops; yet, in consequence of the great efforts that had been made by Lieutenant Edwardes and Lieutenant Lake, it was thought advisable by Sir F. Currie, the Resident at Lahore, to dispatch a force amounting to about 7,000 men of all arms, under Major-General Whish, from Lahore to Mooltan, the capture of which forms so bright a page in the history of the subjugation of the Punjab.

No sooner were these brilliant operations of Lieutenant Edwardes known in England than the Government recommended him to Her Majesty as an officer well worthy of immediate distinction; rewards of whatever nature not being usually bestowed until the determination of the war. The Queen at once conferred upon the young hero the brevet rank of Major and made him a Companion of the Bath. The directors of the East India Company, following the illustrious example, voted him a gold medal; and on another occasion added a good-service pension of 100*l.* a-year.

On the restoration of peace Major Edwardes visited England to recruit his health, returning to India the following year, where he resumed civil

and political employment in the Punjab under Sir Henry Lawrence, President of the Board of Administration. After holding charge successively of the districts of Jullundhur and Hazara, he succeeded Col. Mackeson as Commissioner of the Peshawur frontier in Nov. 1853. In this important charge he effected a reconciliation between his own and the Afghan governments, which proved of vital importance in the great mutiny of the native army in 1857, securing as it did the neutrality of Dost Mahommed Khan and the tribes of Afghanistan. Lieut.-Col. Edwardes was enabled to raise about 3,000 hardy soldiers on the border, and send them down to aid in the recovery of Delhi. For maintaining peace on the frontier at such a critical period he was made a K.C.B. civil division, in 1860, and in Oct. was promoted to brevet Colonel.

In May 1859 he again visited England. He returned to the Punjab in Jan. 1862 as Commissioner of the Umballa division, and agent to the Lieut.-Governor for the cis-Sutlej states (Patiala, Nabah, Jeendh, &c.), but was obliged by failing health to leave India finally in Feb. 1863. In that year he received from the Crown a second good-service pension of 100*l.* a-year, and in 1866 was created a Knight Commander of the Star of India.

Sir Herbert Edwardes, who was an honorary D.C.L. of Oxford and LL.D. of Cambridge, was one of those who, with Sir John Lawrence, the Governor-General of India, advocated an openly Christian course in the government of India, granting toleration to native religions, but withdrawing from them all countenance and support, and making the Bible a class-book in the Government schools.

The following resolution was passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 7th of January last:—"Resolved by the Secretary of State in Council (*nemine contradicente*) that the death of Major-General Sir Herbert Edwardes, K.C.B. K.C.S.I. has closed a career of great usefulness and of great distinction. His earliest achievements, 20 years ago, secured the special recognition of the Court of Directors of the East India Company and of Her Majesty's Government. His last services deserve no less signal an acknowledgement. The Secretary of State for India in Council, in deploring the loss of so devoted and so valued a public servant, feels it a duty



to signify his sense of the ability, daring, and resource which Sir Herbert Edwardes displayed in times of great difficulty and of great peril. He desires further, by the erection of a monument to the memory of this most distinguished officer, to attest his high appreciation of the example which Sir Herbert Edwardes has left to all the servants of the Crown in India."

Sir Herbert was the author of *A Year on the Punjab Frontier*, 2 vols. 8vo. 1850.

He married in 1850 Emma, youngest dau. of James Sidney, esq. of Richmond Hill, Surrey.

His will has been proved by his widow, to whom is bequeathed all his real and personal estate. The personality is sworn under 16,000*l*.

#### Captain Brooke.

Captain John Brooke Johnson Brooke, who was at one time closely connected with the government of Sarawak, died at Hounslow on the 1st of December, 1868, aged 45.

He was the eldest son of the Rev. Francis Charles Johnson, of White Lackington, Somersetshire, who married a sister of the late Sir James Brooke, the Rajah of Sarawak. Entering the army he became Captain of the 88th Regiment; but in 1848 he left her Majesty's service, and joined his uncle Sir James Brooke in Sarawak, taking upon that occasion his uncle's name.

Captain Brooke devoted himself to the service of that country; and in 1858, when Sir James was incapacitated by an attack of paralysis from further active exertion, effectually carried on the government as Raja Muda. Captain Brooke was distinguished for the energy with which he suppressed piracy on the coast of Borneo, and for the able manner in which he ruled and conciliated the natives of Sarawak. In 1867 he exhibited symptoms of a fatal malady similar to that which caused the death of his uncle and early friend a few months ago. Within six months the two principal actors in the scenes of Sarawak have passed away under the influence of disease brought on by the cares and anxieties attending their position.

Captain Brooke married, in 1856, the daughter of Mr. and Lady Lucy Grant, of Kilgraston, by whom he had two sons. Mrs. Brooke died in 1858 in Sarawak. His eldest son died in Sarawak in 1860, leaving his second son,

Hope Brooke, as his heir. Mr. Brooke married again, in 1861, the second and twin daughter of Benjamin Welstead, esq. of Kimbolton; she died in Sarawak in 1862, leaving issue one daughter.

It only remains to add that Sir James Brooke was succeeded by his nephew the present Rajah of Sarawak, Charles Johnson Brooke, late of the Royal Navy, brother to the subject of the present memoir. Mr. Charles Brooke is the author of "Ten Years in Sarawak," 2 vols. 8vo. 1866, and not the deceased, as has been erroneously stated in many recent accounts.

#### Herr Von Martius.

The celebrated German traveller and naturalist Karl Friedrich Philip von Martius died on the 13th of December last, at Munich, aged 74.

He was born in 1794 at Erlangen in Bavaria, where his father was court-physician. Having studied medicine and natural science at the University of Erlangen, where he took the degree of doctor, he was attached to the scientific expedition which was sent to Brazil by the Austrian and Bavarian governments from 1817 to 1820. Von Martius was especially charged with the botanical branch of the expedition, but occupied himself also with the ethnography, geography, and statistics of the country he visited. On his return he was appointed professor of botany and director of the botanical garden at Munich. In 1842 he became secretary of the mathematical and physical section of the Academy of Sciences of Munich, and president of the Botanical Society of Ratisbon. He also had the title of Hofrath at the royal court of Munich.

He was the author of a large number of works on natural history, the greater part of which had reference to his Brazilian voyage. But the most important of his publications is his great monograph on Palms, published under the title of *Genera et species palmarum* (Munich, 1823-1845, 3 vols. folio, 219 coloured plates). In this work he describes 582 species of palms, while Linnaeus has only mentioned 15 and Humboldt 99. This publication was the fruit of the observation and studies of twenty-seven years.

#### Dr. Woodford.

Edward Woodford, esq. LL.D. one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools for Scotland, died at his residence, 59,





Great King-street, Edinburgh, on the 6th of January, aged 68.

He was born near Elgin on the 15th of April, 1800, and educated at King's college, Aberdeen, beginning his course as a student of medicine, but changing from that department and attaining distinction as a student of classics. On leaving the university he devoted himself to teaching, and established a private academy at Aberdeen, which attained a high reputation. He was most zealous and energetic in his duties. His perseverance was perfectly unconquerable. He saw what an advantage it would be to him to have the exercises of his boys printed. He could not get the printers in Aberdeen to throw them off for him during night, after he had prepared the lessons for the coming day, and he forthwith got types and a press of his own, and at once set himself to a task which nine hundred and ninety-nine men of every thousand would have considered a hopeless one—teaching himself the delicate and difficult art of printing. All night he was frequently to be found labouring at type-setting and the working of his press.

Subsequently Dr. Woodford removed to Edinburgh, where he was a teacher in the Southern Academy. He was afterwards in Jedburgh for a time, and finally he was at the head of the Madras college in St. Andrew's. Here, as in all the other offices which he filled, he was most successful, and his reputation by this time had spread far and wide. It marked him out for the office of one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools for Scotland, to which he was appointed early in 1850. For several years his inspectorship extended over the whole of Scotland, which could not fail to give him a very wide circle of friends and acquaintances. By-and-bye he got a colleague in Mr. Middleton. Then the number of schools availing themselves of the Privy Council grants increased so rapidly that a division of the country into districts became necessary. Mr. Middleton came to Aberdeen and took charge of the North of Scotland, and Mr. Black was appointed and sent to Edinburgh to work along with Dr. Woodford in the South and West of Scotland. After a time the country had to be divided anew into more districts, but Dr. Woodford still remained in Edinburgh and carried on the laborious duties of an Inspector until within a few weeks of his death.

Dr. Woodford was not a teacher and inspector of schools merely. He was in every sense of the word a distinguished educationist, and the author of several educational works. He had very decided views as to the different systems of education. In that great question he was a thorough enthusiast, as he was in almost everything to which he gave his attention. He was fertile and most ingenious in devising new modes of instruction. What he called natural grammar was a favourite theory of his. He maintained that the grammar of a language came to a child naturally along with the power to speak and read the language. Within the last few years, in the midst of heavy duties, he devoted a portion of his much-occupied time to proving this theory by experiment in one of the Edinburgh schools. He tried his system in a large class of very young children, and was thoroughly successful, as many who took an interest in the question had opportunities on different occasions of seeing. As a teacher, Dr. Woodford was esteemed by all who knew him well, and whose esteem was worth obtaining. Every old pupil who had Latin ground into him by his precise and laborious method, and who can reflect how much more of what he taught is recollected than of what others taught, will remember him with as much gratitude as the man can ever accord to the taskmaster of the boy.

His works are—

An Epitome of part of *Cæsar's Commentaries*; with an *Etymological Vocabulary*; 18mo. 1848; 12mo. 1852; 8vo. 1860. This abridgment is made on the plan of omitting subordinate clauses, and giving merely the backbone of the sentences.

*Eclogæ Horatianæ*, containing nearly all the writings of Horace. With an inquiry into the first principles of Latin prosody. (Edinburgh, 16mo. 1849.) The text is exceedingly accurate, but the editor, in the interest of modest but curious youth, omitted indelicate lines here and there, leaving the old numbers at the lines which were pure enough to remain, so that it was always easy to find out the omitted lines in some less squeamish edition. The treatise on Prosody contains some subtle speculations and some enrious generalisations about the quantities of syllables.

*Elements of the Latin Language*, simplified and viewed in connection with the principles of *Universal Grammar*.



In 3 parts. Second edition. Part I. (all published). Edinburgh. 8vo. 1854.

The Answers in the Shorter Catechism adapted for reading in continuous text; with the questions and the proofs subjoined and the grammatical notes. Edinb. 8vo. 1867. This work exhibits a surprisingly coherent and logical, if not convincing, system of dogmatic theology. In the course of his preface to the Catechism Dr. Woodford disclosed for the first time in print the minutes of meeting of the Westminster Divines regarding it, which minutes had lain from 1648 in undeciphered, and, as it was believed, undecipherable, abbreviations, until his curiosity and persistency found ways and means to decipher them; and in his notes, which form the greater part of the reading, he unfolds various views of grammar, which are evidently the result of much patient reflection and curious persevering speculation.

Dr. Woodford was a widower, his partner in life having predeceased him by a few years, and his only daughter having also died very lately, about a year after her marriage, leaving an only child, a little boy, who was to his now deceased grandfather the dearest of all earthly objects.

#### Dr. Robert Dyce.

Died at Edinburgh, on the 11th of January, Robert Dyce, M.D. Professor of Midwifery in the University of Aberdeen.

He was the eldest son of the late Dr. William Dyce, of Aberdeen. He was born on the 30th November, 1798. He took his degree of M.A. at Marischal college in 1816, and afterwards studied for the medical profession at Aberdeen, Edinburgh, and London. He was next attached to the military hospital at Chatham, and in 1821 went out on a staff appointment with Sir Lowry Cole, who had been gazetted Governor of the Mauritius. There he became extremely popular with the English residents, from whom, as he declined to take fees for attendance, he was constantly receiving valuable presents; and a lucrative practice would have been open to him there, had he chosen to remain when the Governor left. But after five years, Sir Lowry Cole having been transferred to the Governorship of the Cape, he was induced to accompany him thither. There he remained another five years, in the course of which he married the daughter of a

gentleman who held a high Government appointment. But when the Governor returned to England in 1833 he came home with him. That winter he spent in Aberdeen; after which, having a staff appointment at Maidstone, he remained there until, on the lamented death of his father in 1836, he was induced, at the earnest request of the family and his friends, to settle in Aberdeen, where he succeeded to his father's extensive practice and to several important appointments held by him. In 1841 he was appointed Lecturer on Midwifery in Marischal college, and on the union of the two colleges, and their erection into the University of Aberdeen in 1860, this lectureship was converted into a professorship, and Dr. Dyce appointed first Professor. His large experience and skill in the special department of which his chair related gave him great weight, and caused him to be looked up to as an authority, while his gentlemanly bearing and winning manner were everywhere recognised. In early life he showed great love for several branches of natural history, and during his residence at the Mauritius and the Cape he made extensive collections in entomology, some of which, arranged systematically in cases, were of rare value. His zeal for ichthyology, for prosecuting which he had special advantages at Aberdeen, was great, and he read a paper at the British Association, when it sat at Aberdeen in 1859, on one specimen in this department. Dr. Dyce was a Fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh and of the Society of Antiquaries of London. He is understood to have contributed valuable papers from time to time to the medical periodicals. From the commencement of his practice in Aberdeen, Dr. Dyce acted as physician to Gordon's Hospital, and up to within the last few years he held the important position of physician to the Royal Infirmary, on his retirement from which he was appointed consulting physician.—*Aberdeen Journal*.

#### James Disraeli, esq.

On the 23rd Dec. at his residence in Cromwell-street, South Kensington, Mr. James Disraeli, one of the Commissioners of the Board of Inland Revenue.

Mr. Disraeli was the brother of the Right Hon. Benjamin Disraeli and of Mr. Ralph Disraeli, one of the Registrars in Chancery. He was appointed





to the Board of Inland Revenue in 1838; and previous to that he was for some years Treasurer of the County Courts of Lincolnshire and Derbyshire.

A familiar figure will be henceforth missed from Somerset-house and the Strand. The well-appointed little brougham of Mr. James Disraeli—built apparently to hold one—was well-known in Lancaster-place and at one of the private entrances to Somerset-house close by the steps leading to the Thames Embankment. Its owner was a genial pleasant gentleman, whose appearance and conversation were eminently suggestive of the comfortable and prosperous man of the world. Well known at the clubs and in the parks and lounging-places of busy pleasure-taking London, Mr. James Disraeli had none of the phlegmatic abstracted expression which some observers see in the countenance of his distinguished brother. Swarthy as a Spaniard, and with the dark eye of an Asiatic, the late Commissioner of Inland Revenue was essentially a London man, and a London man of the type to be seen in the moneyed haunts of commercial life. Mr. James Disraeli was a rather self-conscious, shrewd, but kindly man. He was never in Parliament, and his recent post prevented him, until the passing of Mr. Monk's Bill last Session, from making any open expression of the keen and active interest he felt in politics. His interest in, and affection for, his brother, was intense; and for the last two or three years to know the Government official intimately was to hear anecdotes of varying interest but uniform tendency on the ex-Premier's success, greatness, and tact.

Mr. Disraeli's seat at the Board of Inland Revenue was granted him ten years ago; and, though his duties have not brought him prominently before the public, he has left behind him a reputation for kindness and consideration which make him very sincerely mourned in the departments over which he assisted to preside.—*Express*.

He had suffered for some months past from frequent attacks of heart disease, but latterly he had been so much better as to attend at Somerset House, where he transacted business on the day before his death.

#### **Mr. James Chalmers, C.E.**

This gentleman, the well-known inventor of the "Chalmers Target," and the projector of several other highly

important schemes of an engineering kind, died at his residence, 22, Southampton-road, Haverstock-hill, London, on the 26th of December, at the age of 54. He was a native of Perthshire, and possessed a vigorous and highly inventive mind, with a decided bias towards mechanical contrivances of a very bold and original kind. His system of war-ship defences, tried at Shoeburyness in 1863, is now making the tour of maritime Europe as decidedly the best yet devised. It has been partially and with some slight modifications adopted in our navy; and the late Government, in the view of further testing its merits, had ordered another specimen target, on the Chalmers type, to be constructed, doubtless with the intention of its more extensive use should it pass a second ordeal of artillery trials as successfully as the first. If in early life Mr. Chalmers had possessed the facilities of a good literary and scientific education, there could have been little doubt about his rising to great eminence in his chosen calling of an engineer. To solve his "Indian Problem" in chess, which has baffled some of the keenest adepts in that scientific game,—to acquire for his own use the art of mechanical drawing, so as to be on a par with people who have devoted their lives to that study, or to master for his occasion a colloquial knowledge of the French language, were matters of easy accomplishment by this remarkable man. He was a person of equable and genial temper, a kind and faithful friend, and in his domestic life a loving husband and father. He has left a widow (who is a native of Glasgow) with two daughters and two sons.—*North British Mail*.

#### **Mr. Abraham Cooper, R.A.**

A vacancy has been caused in the ranks of our ex-Royal Academicians by the death of Mr. Abraham Cooper, the eminent painter of battle pieces, who, at his retirement, was one of the oldest members of the Academy. His decease happened on the 24th Dec. at Greenwich, in the 82nd year of his age.

The late artist was born in September, 1787, in Red Lion-street, Holborn, of parents in a humble condition of life,—at one time keeping an inn at Holloway,—and it was by his own exertions that he rose to the eminence which he eventually attained. He was elected an Associate of the Academy in 1817, and attained the full honours of that



society in 1820. In early life he passed much of his time among horses, and to this circumstance must be ascribed the direction in which his artistic talents developed themselves in youth. His first picture, properly so called, was the portrait of a favourite old horse belonging to the late Sir Henry Meux, Bart. By the advice and encouragement of Sir Henry he was led to resolve to devote himself to art in earnest, and in him he found his earliest and most liberal patron while his pencil was unknown. At that time he had no studio but the stable or the grass-field, and the only books he consulted were some stray numbers of the *Sporting Magazine* which fell in his way, illustrated with portraits of hunting and racing favourites by Marshall, a well-known animal painter of the time. The first picture which he exhibited was quite in a different line of art; it was "Tam O'Shanter," which was sent to the British Institution in 1814, and afterwards found its way into the gallery of the late Duke of Marlborough. From that year down to a very recent date the name of Mr. Cooper has appeared as a very constant exhibitor in the yearly catalogues of the Royal Academy and the British Institution; and as a battle-painter he held a somewhat analogous position to that which Peter Hess at one time held in Germany, and Horace Vernet occupied for so many years in France, though he could never bear to be compared with his French rival. The list of his principal pictures includes "The Battle of Naseby," "Battle of Marston Moor," "Pride of the Desert," "Blucher at the Battle of Ligny," "Cromwell at Marston Moor," "Lord Arundell capturing a Turkish Standard" (a commission from Lord Arundell of Wardour), "Arthur Lord Capel defending Colchester Castle during the Civil War," "The Battle of Shrewsbury," "Sir William Russell at the Battle of Zutphen," "The Death of Harold," "The Battle of Assaye," "The Battle of Waterloo" (engraved by Moon). Several of these and other pictures from his fertile pencil have been purchased by our leading nobility for their private galleries, and with many of them the public have been made familiar through the medium of the engraver's art. The most widely known and most popular of all, perhaps, is his "Hawking in the Olden Time," the subject of which is one which particularly recommends

itself to our English taste for the sports and pastime of a bye-gone age. It has been engraved, and, side by side with his "Greek and Arab Horses," graces the collection of the Marquis of Westminster. Mr. Cooper also exhibited at various times, "Arab Scheiks examining Captives," "Baggage Waggon attacked," "Highland Courtship," "Harvest in the Highlands," "The Dead Trooper," "The Return from Deer-stalking," "The Battle of Lewes." As recently as 1867 he exhibited three paintings — "Arabs," "The Painter and his Models," and "Dressing a Fly, a scene in Glen Urquhart, with Urquhart Castle in the distance;" and during last year he exhibited one picture, "A Scene from Don Quixote." The best perhaps of all his paintings is the "Battle of the Standard," which was exhibited many years ago. The list of favourite horses, both hunters and racers, which he painted in former days would fill several pages; and he will, perhaps, after all be best remembered as the Artist of the Cavaliers and Roundheads, a subject of which he never seemed to tire.

#### Mr. Henry Le Keux.

The death of this once well-known engraver, who long since retired from the practice of his profession, and whose name in consequence has almost been forgotten, occurred on the 11th of October.

He was born in 1787, and a pupil of James Basire, in Quality Court, Chancery Lane. Mr. H. Le Keux was employed on the large plates, of which Basire did so many, for the publications of the Society of Antiquaries, the Oxford Almanacs, and the like. After the ending of his apprenticeship he was occupied on *The Beauties of England and Wales*, and, with his brother John, who died in 1846, on Britton's *Cathedrals*. In after life, in conjunction with Mr. Blore, he produced the well-known *Monumental Remains*, and he was also part proprietor of the *Provincial Antiquities of Scotland*, Pugin's *Normandy*, &c.

He was never known to take pupils, but worked with his own hands on all his commissions. His productions may be cited as models of painstaking. Among other plates engraved by him are Henry VII.'s Chapel in Neale's *Westminster Abbey*; "Simmer Lake," after Turner, in Whitaker's *Richmondshire*; the small plates which appeared





in the *Forget me Not* and other annuals, after Martin; the large plate of "Venice," after Prout;\* and the small plates, after Turner, in Rogers's Poems; some of the same in *The Provincial Antiquities of Scotland*, after Turner and others; many plates in Neale's and Le Keux's *Churches*; and others from "The National Gallery," by the Associated Engravers, of which body Mr. H. Le Keux was a member; the last plate of that series he produced being *The Embarkation of St. Ursula*, after Claude.

More than thirty years ago he gave up engraving, and retired to Bocking, in Essex, being engaged by the firm of Samuel Courtail and Co., crape-manufacturers, in the chemical and scientific department, and he continued in that employment until the age of eighty-one, his health failing a short time before his death.

It may be added that Henry Le Keux was one of those honourable and unselfish men who endear to them all with whom they come in contact, either in business or private life. Much of his hard earnings he devoted to the assistance of others. He was uncle of the well-known John Henry Le Keux.

#### Mr. Deputy Virtue.

On the 8th Dec. died, in his seventy-fifth year, George Virtue, esq. deputy of the ward of Farringdon Within.

This gentleman was at the head of the publishing house in Ivy-lane, which has long been known for its great success in the production of books illustrated with engravings, in most instances issued in numbers. For many years past he has been the proprietor of *The Art Journal*, which he conducted with great liberality, and from the last number of which we extract the following remarks:—

"When Mr. Virtue commenced a trade that was then new, or, at all events, one in which aught in art beyond the merest mediocrity was not attempted, he had to create a public by which excellence could be appreciated. He was certainly successful. By selecting accomplished artists, and employing the best engravers, he very greatly improved the class of publications

"with engravings." Yet we doubt if the works of Bartlett—"America," "Switzerland," "Palestine," "The Nile," with a long et-cetera—have been surpassed by any more modern publications of their order. At a rough guess we may calculate the number of engravings, on copper or steel, issued by Mr. Virtue since his career was commenced, at twenty thousand."

"He passed away not until his active labours had been closed; nor until he had trained his sons and successors to follow the example he had set. He created a business of prodigious extent with credit and with honour; his well-recognised integrity in all the avocations of life being, indeed, a main cause of his success; while his clear mind, thorough business habits, and intense application to his duties, largely aided to establish that prosperity, which, while it rejoiced those who were in his immediate employ, excited neither jealousy nor envy in rivals or competitors."

Mr. Virtue had for some years retired from business, and taken up his residence at Oatlands-park. His connection with the corporation of London extended over a period of twenty-six years, during which he enjoyed the respect and esteem of its members. He was a member of the court of the Stationers' Company, and a director of the Great Central Gas Company.

His death occurred suddenly. He had dined at the house of his daughter Mrs. Morrison, Porchester-square, when, after retiring to the drawing-room, he was seized with apoplexy, and almost immediately expired. He has left two sons, James and William, the latter absent at New York at the time of his death. His eldest son, George Henry Virtue, esq. was a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries, and for some years Treasurer of the Numismatic Society. He died of pleurisy, at his house in Euston-square, July 21st, 1866, at the age of 39.

#### Mr. George Huntly Gordon.

This gentleman, an active contributor to *Notes and Queries*, but best known as having been a sort of *protégé* of Sir Walter Scott, died on the 27th December last, aged 72. For above 30 years Mr. Gordon held an appointment in the Government Stationery Office, having previously been a clerk in the Treasury, for which he was indebted to Sir Walter Scott. His success in life, he said, was all clearly traceable to Sir Walter. Mr. Gordon was the son

\* For this plate he was paid 700 guineas. The prices he received for some of his small "Annual" plates, were—for Prout's, 100 guineas; Martin's, 100 guineas, 150 guineas; and "The Crucifixion," 180 guineas.



of Major Pryse L. Gordon, and grandson of the Rev. H. Gordon, Minister of the parish of Ardersier, in the county of Inverness. Major Gordon was a man of literary taste, an acquaintance of both Byron and Scott, and author of two volumes of "Personal Memoirs," quoted by Moore in his life of Byron, and by Lockhart in his life of Scott, and he had the good fortune to discover the genius of the late Mr. John Philip, R.A. and to recommend him to the patronage of Lord Panmure, by which the great artist was enabled to prosecute the study of his art. While residing at Brussels Major Gordon entertained Byron and Scott; and it was on one of these occasions that Scott met the Major's son Huntly, who had been educated for the Scottish church, but was so afflicted with deafness that he was obliged to use an ear-trumpet. This infirmity did not prevent his being licensed to preach; but he was so anxious and nervous regarding any public appearance that he seemed to be deprived of all power of mental exertion, and Sir Walter Scott generously wrote for him two suitable discourses. Mr. Gordon was then engaged in transcribing the MSS. of the *Waverley* novels for the press, in order that the secret of the authorship might not be betrayed by the handwriting of Sir Walter being seen in the printing-office. When the day came for the delivery of the trial sermons, Huntly Gordon's conscience smote him, and he could not preach Scott's discourses as his own. He wrote one himself (which, however, Scott touched up and enlarged), and passed the ordeal of an Aberdeenshire Presbytery. The two discourses written by Scott he afterwards sold, by the author's permission, to relieve himself from some pecuniary embarrassments, and obtained for them the sum of 250*l*. The sermons were published under the title of "Religious Discourses by a Layman," but were known to be by the author of *Waverley*, and had his initials, "W.S.," subscribed to the preface. They are plain sensible discourses, without any display of what old Micah Balwhidder calls "kirk-filling eloquence." Huntly Gordon abandoned the idea of becoming a parish minister, and having, by the kindness of his early and illustrious friend, obtained the means of easy and comfortable subsistence, he passed his quiet life in happy contentment.—*Inverness Courier*.

Dr. Krummacher.

The Rev. Dr. Frederick William

Krummacher, of Berlin, died at Potsdam on the 10th of December 1868.

He was the son of Frederick Adolphus Krummacher, a German divine and poet of considerable note, who died in 1845; and became court preacher in the time of the late King of Prussia, being warmly supported by his Majesty in his various schemes for extending Protestant principles. Dr. Krummacher was the most distinguished clerical member of the religious party called in Germany "Pietists," and in England "Evangelicals." Politically he was a Prussian Tory, and in consequence was much disliked by the Liberals.

He wrote a great many religious books, many of which have been translated into English, and are great favourites in many families. Among these works are "Elijah the Tishbite;" "Elisha;" "Blind Bartimeus;" "Christ and his People;" "Christ in the Wilderness;" "The Church's Voice of Instruction;" "David King of Israel: a portrait drawn from Bible history, and the Book of Psalms;" "A Glance into the Kingdom of Grace;" "The Risen Redeemer: the Gospel History from the Resurrection to the day of Pentecost;" "Solomon and Shulamite, Sermons on the Book of Canticles;" and "The Suffering Saviour: or Meditations on the last day of Christ upon earth."

Mr. Edward Goodall.

Mr. Edward Goodall, the eminent engraver, died on the 27th of December 1868, at 11 Douglas-road, Canonbury, near London.

The deceased was born at Leeds in Sept. 1795. He did not study under any master, but in early life associated with the best engravers, from the age of sixteen devoting his attention to engraving, drawing, and painting. Though best known by his small engravings in Rogers's "Italy," in the "Literary Souvenir," and in J. M. W. Turner's "South Coast," he has executed two superb larger line engravings from Turner's "Cologne" and "Tivoli." The latter was executed at the expense of a liberal amateur Mr. Allnutt, who lost by his enterprise four hundred guineas; and other fine engravings after Turner have, it is said, proved equally unremunerative. "Caligula's Bridge," from Turner, was considered by the engraver the best of his large plates.

The deceased was the father of Mr. Frederick Goodall the well-known Royal Academician.





## BIRTHS.

*Oct. 29.* At Mauritius, the wife of Major-General Milman, a dau.

*Dec. 2.* At Beyrout, the wife of G. J. Eldridge, esq. H.B.M.'s Consul-Gen. for Syria, a son.

*Dec. 7.* At Rosslare, co. Wexford, Lady Hughes, a son.

*Dec. 8.* At Felixstowe, Suffolk, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Jervis-White-Jervis, R.A. M.P. a dau.

*Dec. 10.* At Florence, Countess Christiana D'Orfengo (*nee* Dennistoun), a dau. At Clevedon, Som. the wife of Lieut.-Colonel Wm. Ed. Gibb, a son.

At Brimfield-lodge Ludlow, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Kennion, R.A. a son.

At Cranley-place, Ouslow-sq. the wife of Roland L. Vaughan Williams, barrister-at-law, a son.

*Dec. 11.* At Paris, the wife of Commander B. J. Cooper, R.N. a dau.

At the vicarage, Fisherton Delamere, Wilts, the wife of the Rev. W. G. N. Fenwick, a dau.

At Harrow-on-the-Hill, the wife of W. R. Fisher, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau. At Liverpool, the wife of Charles Wood, esq. barrister, a dau.

*Dec. 12.* At Ilfracombe, the wife of the Rev. W. C. Moore, Vicar of S.S. Philip and James, a dau.

*Dec. 13.* At St. Austell, Cornwall, the wife of W. J. R. Vivian, esq. Crown Surveyor, a son.

*Dec. 14.* At Brook-street, Mrs. Edward Baring, a dau.

At Middleton-hall, King's Lynn, the wife of Major Everard Hutton, a dau.

At Romford, the wife of the Rev. H. C. de Lisle, a son.

At Abbot's Ripton rectory, the wife of the Rev. P. Rooper, a dau.

At Lee, Kent, the wife of William Willis, barrister-at-law, a dau.

*Dec. 15.* At Dover, the wife of Capt. J. W. Fry, 91st Argyllshire Highlanders, a son.

At Cheltenham, the wife of J. Calender Gooding, M.D. a son.

At Rollesby rectory, the wife of the Rev. Edward Nergate, a dau.

At Bryngwyn, Heref. the wife of James Rankin, esq. a dau.

*Dec. 16.* At Clonbrock, the Hon. Mrs. Congreve, a dau.

The Countess of Craven, a son.

At Dublin, the wife of Edward Gibson, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

In Bolton-street, the wife of Henry E. Pellew, esq. a dau.

At Oxford, the wife of H. B. Spencer, esq. M.D. a dau.

*Dec. 17.* At the rectory, Atherstone-on-Stour, the wife of the Rev. Francis H. Annesley, a dau.

At Wells-road, Regent's-park, the wife of William H. Birley, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Glencarse-house, Perthshire, the wife of F. W. Greig, esq. of Muirshiel, a dau.

At Monkton-rectory, near Taunton, the wife of the Rev. Frederick C. Kinglake, a dau.

At Balcombe rectory, Sussex, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel Sarel, 17th Lancers, a dau.

In Harley-street, the wife of Walter Spencer Stanhope, esq. of Cannon-hall, Yorkshire, a son.

*Dec. 18.* At Gainford, the wife of the Rev. Dr. Edleston, a son.

At Littleton-vicarage, Evesham, the wife of the Rev. Henry Godfrey Faussett, a dau.

At Harley-street, Mrs. Richard Hoare, a son.

*Dec. 19.* At Birr, Ireland, the wife of Major Geddes, 44th Regt. a son.

At Lansdowne-road, Kensington-park, the wife of Henry Charles Hull, barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Eccleston-square, the wife of C. Spencer Perceval, esq. a dau.

At Duncrub-park, Perthshire, Lady Rollo, a son.

At the vicarage, Ewell, the wife of the Rev. J. Salwey, a dau.

*Dec. 20.* At Eastbury-manor, Guildford, the wife of Henry Compton Best, esq. R.N. a dau.

At Chester, the wife of William M. Dobie, M.D. a son.

At Sion College-gardens, E.C. the wife of George E. East, solicitor, a dau.

At Queen's-gate-terrace, London, Lady Augusta Fiennes, a dau.

At Icklingham, the wife of Rev. R. Gwilt, a dau.

At Chester-square, the wife of Capt. C. H. Laprimaudaye, 20th Regt. a dau.

*Dec. 21.* At Mundesley, the wife of Commander Battiscombe, R.N. H.M.S. Victory, a son.

At Nice, the wife of R. Temple G. Kirkpatrick, esq. Secretary of Embassy at Vienna, a dau.

At Wadworth vicarage, near Doncaster, the wife of the Rev. Arthur C. Luard, a dau.



At Sussex-gardens, Hyde-park, the wife of Capt. Algernon A. Stewart, Royal Artillery, a son.

*Dec. 22.* At the rectory, Chedgrave, the wife of the Rev. Henry Alfred Barrett, a son.

At Terryglass rectory, the wife of Rev. J. C. Head, a son.

At 29, Belgrave-square, the Countess of Hopetoun, a dau.

At Hawkshead, the wife of Augustus Johnston, esq. M.D. a dau.

At St. James's-place, the Hon. Mrs. Stuart Knox, a son.

*Dec. 23.* At Carton, the Marchioness of Kildare, a son.

At Oxford, the wife of the Rev. J. R. King, a dau.

At Dundarave, co. Antrim, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Macnaghten, 8th Hussars, a dau.

*Dec. 24.* At Eastbourne, the wife of Kenrick Verulam Bacon, esq. late Capt. 29th Regt. a son.

At Westbourne-terrace-villas, Hyde-park, the wife of F. G. Graves, esq. M.D. a son.

At Eaton-place, the wife of the Rev. Rowley Hill, Rector of Frant, a son.

At Assington-hall, Suffolk, the wife of F. Lambard, esq. a son.

At the vicarage, Elmham, Norfolk, the wife of the Rev. A. C. Legge, a dau.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Robert E. Sinclair MacLagan, esq. O.B.C., Ceylon, a son.

*Dec. 25.* At Mitton vicarage, Stourport, the wife of the Rev. Benjamin Gibbons, a son.

In Upper Berkeley-street, the wife of Dr. John Harley, a son.

At Harpenden, the wife of the Rev. E. Hawley, a dau.

At Belgrave-square, London, the wife of W. J. Legh, esq. M.P. a dau.

*Dec. 26.* At Merrion-square East, Dublin, the wife of Matthew P. D'Arcy, esq. M.P. a son.

At Messing vicarage, Kelvedon, the wife of the Rev. C. S. Gordon, a son.

At Dublin, the wife of Edward Hudson Kinahan, esq. High Sheriff of Dublin, a dau.

At St. John's-wood, the wife of Innes C. Munro, esq. of Poyntz-field, N.B. a dau.

*Dec. 27.* At Scarborough, the Comtess Cathcart, a dau.

At Prince's-gate, the wife of the Rev. and Hon. O. W. A. Fielding, a son.

*Dec. 28.* At Seal vicarage, the wife of the Rev. T. O. Blackall, a son.

At Haileybury college, Mrs. E. H. Bradby, a son.

At Woodseat, Ashbourn, Mrs. Colin Minton Campbell, a dau.

The wife of Major-Gen. Ferryman, C.B. a dau.

At Woolwich, the wife of Capt. H. W. Gordon, C.B. a dau.

At Sydenham, the widow of Capt. E. J. Upton, 26th Cameronians, a son.

*Dec. 29.* At Fort Eyre, Galway, the Lady Adeliza Dunlo, a son.

At Iver-heath rectory. Bucks, the wife of the Rev. George Elton, a dau.

At The Terrace, Kensington-gardens-square, the wife of Major Malcolm R. Haig, Bombay Staff Corps, a dau.

At Dursley, Glouc. the wife of Col. Purnell, C.B. a dau.

At St. Anne's vicarage, Highgate-rise, the Hon. Mrs. G. Stopford Ram, a son.

At West Brompton, the wife of Francis W. Rowsell, esq. barrister, a dau.

At Harrow, the wife of Major T. Taylor, Bengal Staff Corps, a son.

At Belle Vue House, Jersey, the wife of Col. Henry Tulloch, a son.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Captain Verschoyle, 66th Regt. (née Comtesse d'Assereto), a son.

*Dec. 30.* At North Brixton, the wife of Henry W. Bristow, F.R.S. a son.

At Grosvenor-square, Lady Francis Doyne, a son.

At Hounslow, the wife of Arthur J. Greer, esq. 17th Lancers, a dau.

At Southsea, the wife of Commander Henry Hand, H.M.S. Hector, a dau.

Lady Radstock, a son.

At Portman-square, Lady Rose Weigall, a son.

*Dec. 31.* The wife of the Rev. Albert Channing Abdy, M.A. F.R.G.S. a daughter, Mary Channing.

At Curdridge-vicarage. Hants, the wife of the Rev. George W. Hills, a son.

At Merton House, Berwickshire, the Lady Polwarth, a dau.

*Jan. 1.* At the College. Cumberland, the Hon. Mrs. Fetherstonhaugh, a son.

At Chatham, the wife of Lieut. Fraser, Royal Engineers, a son.

At Abercromby-place, the wife of John Millar, esq. Q.C. a dau.

At Twickenham-common, the wife of Martindale C. Ward, M.D. a dau.

*Jan. 2.* At Seamore-place, Lady Buxton, a dau.

At Bighy-rectory. Linc. the wife of the Rev. T. Field, a son.

At Wimbledon, the wife of Philip Henry Lawrence, esq. a son and dau.

At Great Malvern, the wife of the Rev. W. H. Maddock, a dau.





At the Vicarage, Great Bentley, Essex, the wife of the Rev. Hector Norton, a son.

At Naples, the wife of Edward Wm. Bonham, esq. British Vice-Consul, a son.

At Bideford, the wife of Commander C. J. Didham, R.N. a son.

The wife of Captain W. H. King Harman, R.Art. a son.

At Dinan, France, the wife of John Ingles, Lieut. R.N. a dan.

At Richmond, Surrey, the wife of Capt. Herbert Philip de Kantzow, R.N. twin daughters.

At Fawkham rectory, Kent, the wife of the Rev. S. Molesworth, a son.

*Jan. 4.* At The Hawthorns, Berks, the wife of Col. C. E. Law, a dan.

At Sutton Montis rectory, Somersetshire, the wife of the Rev. R. Burton Leach, twin daughters.

At Knock Abbey, the wife of Myles W. O'Reilly, esq. M.P. a son.

At Goggerdan, Lady Pryse, a dan.

At Lee Park, the wife of the Rev. W. F. Sims, M.A. Vicar of Christ Church, Lee, a son.

At Acton, Middlesex, the wife of Capt. H. Scott Turner, 69th Reg. a son.

At Plumblaud rectory, Cumberland, the wife of Rev. S. W. Watson, a son.

*Jan. 5.* At Edgmond Hall, Salop, the wife of Edward Hodges, esq. a son.

At Pendrea, Cornwall, the Lady Elizabeth St. Aubyn, a dan.

At Edinburgh, the wife of James Young, M.D. a son.

*Jan. 6.* At Trewsbury, Cirencester, the wife of Albemarle Cator, esq. of Woodbastick Hall, Norfolk, a son.

At Berwick-upon-Tweed, the wife of the Rev. J. B. Dickson, LL.D. a son.

At Alloa Park, Lady Erskine, a dan.

At Auchnaba House, Lochgilphead, N.B. the wife of Capt. Orde, a dan.

*Jan. 7.* At Foulsham rectory, Norfolk, the wife of the Rev. James Waller Bird, a son.

At the Rectory, Swarraton, Hants, the wife of the Rev. Stephen Bonnett, B.A. a dan.

At Lisbon, Portugal, the wife of R. C. Bucknall, esq. a dan.

At Greenwich, the wife of the Rev. John Grover, Head Master of Coventry Grammar School, a dan.

At The Lodge, near Harlow, Essex, the wife of Captain W. A. Rombulow Pearse, R.N. a son.

At Bath, the wife of Charles Stonor, esq. of Anderton Hall, Lane. a son.

At Bingfield, co. Cavan, the wife of Joseph Story, esq. a dan.

*Jan. 8.* At Burderop Park, the wife of Henry Calley, esq. a dan.

At Walmer, the wife of Capt. Gordon Douglas, R.N. a dan.

At St. Andrew's, the wife of M. Foster Heddle, esq. M.D. Professor of Chemistry, a dan.

At Auchenfrore, Dumbartonshire, the wife of John M. Martin, esq. younger, of Auchendennan, a son.

At Sheerness, the wife of Commander W. A. Smyth, H.M.S. Agincourt, a son.

*Jan. 9.* At Eversholt rectory, Beds. the wife of the Rev. W. J. Baker, a dan.

At Upper Brook-street, the Lady Victoria Buxton, a son.

At Bromley, Kent, the wife of Charles Gilbert Master, Madras Civil Serv. a son.

At Hampton-wick, the wife of C. Mostyn, esq. a dan.

The wife of the Rev. F. J. Ramsden, M.A. Rector of Uffington, a dan.

*Jan. 10.* At Tullamaine Castle, the wife of H. Maynard Harding, esq. a son.

At Meynell-Langley, Derby, Mrs. Meynell, a dan.

At Oxford, the wife of the Rev. Edwin Palmer, a son.

*Jan. 11.* At Bosworth Hall, the Hon. Mrs. L. Agar-Ellis, a dan.

At Upper Wimpole-street, the wife of Charles Bathurst, esq. a dan.

At Hardwick Grange, Salop, the wife of Richard Batty, esq. barrister, a dan.

At Addington vicarage, the wife of the Rev. William Benham, a dan.

At South-street, Grosvenor-square, the Hon. Mrs. Clowes, a son.

At Chigwell, Essex, the wife of Henry S. King, esq. J.P. a dan.

The Lady Victoria Lambton, a son.

At Jesmond Dene, the wife of Capt. Noble, late R.Art. a dan.

At Stanley-gardens, Ladbroke-sq. the wife of E. Russell Roberts, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

*Jan. 12.* At Newton-parsonage, Newbury, the wife of the Rev. Francis Charles Gosling, a dan.

At Victoria-road, Charlton, the wife of Capt. R. V. Hamilton, R.N. a dan.

At Veray, Canton Vaud, Switzerland, the wife of the Rev. John Ormond, Vicar of Great Kimble, Bucks, a dan.

*Jan. 13.* At Craunmore Hall, Som. the wife of R. H. Paget, esq. M.P. a son.

At Stockwood Park, Beds. the wife of Capt. Douglas Phelps, a dan.

At Dublin, the widow of Glascott Symes, esq. a son.

*Jan. 14.* At Great Rollright rectory, the wife of the Reverend Henry Rendall, a son.



## MARRIAGES.

*April 29, 1868.* At Ulverstone, Harry, second son of Charles Tahourdin, esq. of 29, Cleveland-gardens, Hyde-park, to Bridget, elder dau. of Robert Hannay, esq. of Rusko, Kirkcudbrightshire, and Springfield, Ulverstone.

*Oct. 14.* At Brisbane, the Ven. Benjamin Glennie, B.A. Archdeacon of Brisbane, to Mary Brougham, dau. of the late William Crawshaw, esq. of London.

*Nov. 12.* At St. Mary Magdalen's, Meean Meer, Ashton H. Warner, esq. Captain 41st (the Welsh) Regiment, to Leila E. S. second dau. of T. Hastings, esq. Deputy-Inspector-General of Hospitals, Lahore Circle.

*Nov. 16.* At St. Mary's, Donnybrook, Samuel Edward Burns, esq. B.A. T.C.D. eldest son of the late Captain John Nathan Burns, Belfast, to Frances Constantia, youngest dau. of the late Edward O'Dell, esq. Montpelier House, Limerick, and grand-dau. of the late Colonel O'Dell, of Ballingarry, M.P. one of the Lords of the Treasury.

*Nov. 18.* At Umballa, India, Henry S. Nicholletts, esq. District Superintendent Police, Berar, to Blanche Elizabeth, third dau. of the late Major-General Younghusband, of Cheltenham.

*Nov. 20.* At Lahore, J. A. E. Miller, esq. Secretary to the Financial Commissioner of the Punjab, to Harriet M. second dau. of the late J. B. Scriven, esq. R.N.

*Nov. 23.* At Calcutta, Robert Macgregor Stewart, esq. R.Art. to Caroline Arthrine, only child of the late Rev. Arthur Henry Glasse, M.A. chaplain to the late Duke of Cambridge.

*Nov. 24.* At Chambly, Quebec, William Taylor, esq. of Moorfield, Ayrshire, Staff-Assistant-Surgeon, to Ann-Campbell, second dau. of the Rev. Charles Faunce Thorndike, Rector of the above parish, and grand-dau. of Gen. Thorndike, R.Art.

*Dec. 10.* At St. Andrew's, Plymouth, Herbert John Edward, eldest son of the Rev. J. Barter, of the Scholastic Institution, to Bessie Maria Bragg, only dau. of F. D. Treseder, esq. of Peverel Park, near Plymouth.

At Bathwick, Bath, Sheffield Betham, Captain 4th Lancashire Regiment, of Myersville, Blackrock, co. Dublin, to Isabella Frances, widow of Captain G. A. Whitla, Royal Antrim Rifles.

At Ducre, Frederick Boillam Elliot, esq. barrister, of Kingston-on-Thames,

to Lady Charlotte Fotheringham, dau. of Sir James Carnaghie, bart. of South Esk.

At Kingsbury, Charles G. H. Furlonge, esq. eldest son of Major Furlonge, of Clifton, Glouc. to Laura-Amelia, eldest dau. of Captain Herbert Ryves, R.N. of Kingsbury, Middlesex.

At Mobberley, James Walker, esq. of Didsbury, to Alice, dau. of the Rev. George Mallory, of the Old Hall, Mobberley.

At Farnworth, Lanc. William Henry Wright, esq. of Heaton, J.P. for Bolton, to Isabella, youngest dau. of the late Rev. C. Bateson, Incumbent of West Houghton, same co.

*Dec. 13.* At St. George's, Hanover-sq. C. B. Caldwell, esq. of New Grange, co. Meath, to Sophia Frances Cust, dau. of the late Hon. W. Cust.

*Dec. 14.* At St. George's, Hanover-square, George Henry Long, of Windsor, solicitor, to Rosa Caroline, only dau. of the late Rev. Henry Palmer, of Dorney Court.

At Glasgow, John McLaren, esq. advocate, eldest son of Duncan McLaren, esq. M.P. Edinburgh, to Ottilie Auguste, eldest dau. of H. L. Schwabe, esq.

*Dec. 15.* At St. Nicholas, Devon, John Arthur Capel, youngest son of the late Champion Edward Branfill, esq. of Uppminster Hall, Essex, to Mary Katherine, eldest dau. of C. R. Robinson, esq. of Higher Platway, Shaldon, near Teignmouth.

At St. Stephen's, Dublin, George Brush, esq. J.P. Gill Hall, co. Down, to Harriet, eldest dau. of the Rev. Charles Waring, Killagoan, co. Cavan, and Incumbent of English, co. Armagh.

At Bradfield St. George, the Rev. W. H. Gale, Chaplain to H.M.'s Forces in India, to Emilie Corynne, eldest dau. of the Rev. C. J. Cartwright, Rector of Bradfield St. George.

At St. Stephen's, Dublin, M. Clare Garsia, esq. Lieutenant and Adjutant of the 56th (West Essex) Regiment, to Jane Margaret, only dau. of the late James Anderson, esq. of Grace Dieu Lodge, co. Waterford.

At Fordyce, Banffshire, the Rev. Robert G. Forrest, Minister of Macduff, to Margaret, second dau. of the Rev. George Stephen.

At Westbury-on-Severn, Glouc. by the Rev. C. J. Jones, Vicar, brother of the bride, Henry S. Grant, esq. of West-





bury-on-Severn, to Sarah Jane, widow of Charles Asgill Legge, esq. of Nin-nage, Glouce. and dau. of the late Rev. Christopher Jones, Vicar of Canon Pyon, Heref.

At Bury St. Edmunds, Robert Thomas Lattey, late of Calcutta, eldest son of Robert John Lattey, esq. of Cregg Park, co. Galway, to Isabella Mary, eldest dau. of the late Henry Wing, esq. of Bury St. Edmunds.

At Trinity church, Marylebone, by the Rev. Thomas Wade, uncle of the bride, Edouard Arthur, son of Thomas F. Newell, esq. to Elizabeth Anne, second dau. of the late John Wordsworth Savage, esq. of West Bromwich, Staff.

At St. Mary's, Llanfyllin, the Rev. J. H. Owen, B.A. eldest son of the Rev. J. R. Owen, M.A. Rector of Llanferres, to Anne Maria, second dau. of J. Richards, of Green Hall, Llanfyllin.

At St. Paul's, Marylebone, Anthony Percival, eldest son of Thomas Percival, esq. of Wansford, to Jessie, third dau. of Robert Attenborough, esq. of Buckingham-house, Avenue-road, Regent's park.

At Boulogne-sur-Mer, John S. Purcell, esq. second son of John F. Pureell, esq. M.D. late Poor Law Inspector for Ireland, to Alice Fanny, youngest dau. of the late Captain Charles Leighton Kennett, 41st Regiment.

Dec. 16. At Rathfarnham, co. Dublin, John Peter H. Boileau, esq. A.B. M.B. Assistant-Surgeon 29th Regt. son of the late Lestock Francis Boileau, esq. R.N. Inspecting Commander of Coastguard, to Elizabeth Marion, eldest dau. of John Bond, esq. of Rathgar.

At St. Stephen's, Dublin, Edward Ellis, son of Rev. E. Ellis, Kensington, to Jeanie, dau. of the late George Peirce, esq. M.D. Tullamore, King's County.

At St. Matthew's, Paddington, by the Rev. G. W. Oliver, M.A. brother of the bride, John Henry Hedges, Lieut. 90th Light Inf. eldest son of Charles Hedges, esq. of Lewnham House, Walingford, to Caroline Taunton, second dau. of George Oliver, esq. of Balldock.

At Kintbury, A. W. O. Whinyates, fourth son of Major-General Whinyates, R.E. to Margaret Williams Dunn, only dau. of the late Major-General Dunn, R.A. of Inglewood.

Dec. 17. At Yoxford, by the Rev. J. F. H. English, Vicar of Brentwood, John W. Bathe, esq. J.P. co. Carlow, to Mary Anne, third dau. of the late Rupert Ingleby, esq.

At Fakenham, Suffolk, Albert Lyncey Brett, I.C.M.C. youngest son of the late F. Harrington Brett, M.D. Bengal Medical Staff, to Agnes Catherine, youngest dau. of the late Thomas Kersey of Fakenham.

At East Dulwich, Edmund Carver, A.M. M.B. of Cambridge, to Emily Grace, elder dau. of the late Robert Day, esq. of Streatham.

At Stamford, the Rev. A. T. Craig, Curate of St. Paul's, Dorking, to Emma, eldest dau. of the late Rev. C. H. Swann, Rector of Stoke Dry, Rutland.

At St. Michael's, Belgravia, Henry Saunders, eldest son of James Edwards, esq. of Bridport, to Maria Jane, widow of Arthur Frederick Piercy Cosens, Lieut. 1st W.I. Regt. and fourth dau. of the late Shering Keddle, esq. of Hatchinglands, Beaminster, Dorset.

At St. Margaret's, Whalley Range, Manchester, Samuel Oldham Lees, esq. grandson of the late Samuel Oldham, esq. of Ashton-under-Lyne, to Minnie, dau. of the late Edward Faulkner of Dinsdale Old Hall.

At St. John's, Notting-hill, the Rev. Robert B. Lynch, of the diocese of Jamaica, to Annie, only dau. of William Brome, esq. Westwood, Kent.

At Knaresborough, by the Rev. William Nottidge Ripley, Vicar of St. Giles, Norwich, Lieut.-Col. Frederick Wm. Ripley, Bengal Staff Corps, deputy-commissioner British Burmah, son of the late Captain Philip Ripley, H.C.S. of York-terrace, Regent's-park, to Jane, dau. of William Bentley, esq. of Knaresborough.

At Stillorgan, William Burroughs Stanley, esq. second son of the Rev. Robert Henry Stanley, Rector of Edermine, co. Wexford, to Letitia Leonora, only dau. of Hugh Beresford Stanley, esq. Lonsdale, co. Dublin.

At St. Stephen's, Dublin, the Rev. W. E. Strickland, eldest son of the Rev. E. Strickland, Rector of Brixton Deverill, Wilts, to Louisa, youngest dau. of the late J. Blakeney, esq. of Prospect-hill, Galway.

At Boulogne-sur-Mer, Edgar Hastings Thomas, Captain Madras Staff Corps, to Christian Jean, eldest dau. of Alexander Wallace, esq. late of Calcutta.

Dec. 18. At the British Embassy, Paris, John McCutcheon, of London, to Catherine Lucy Jane, eldest dau. of the late Lieut.-Col. D'Arcy, R.A. late of Lynton.

At Chipperfield, Herts, by the Rev.



Canon Woodrooffe, uncle of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. Francis Boddington, cousin of the bride, the Rev. H. St. John Reade, second son of W. B. Reade, esq. of Ipsden, Oxon, to Frances Ann, only dau. of the Rev. W. Vincent, Vicar of Chipperfield.

At Douglas, I.M. J. M. Wilson, esq. Assistant Master of Rugby School and late Fellow of St. John's college, Cambridge, to Annie Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late E. Moore, esq. of Douglas.

Dec. 19. At Welton, Robert Bentham, M.D. of London, to Isabella Annie, dau. of the late Rev. Peter Duncan.

At Cleve-next-the-Sea, H. A. Bishop, esq. of Lewisham, youngest son of late Rev. H. A. Bishop, Rector of Cleve-next-the-Sea, to Mary Ann, eldest dau. of R. H. Cooper, esq. of the same place.

At St. Marylebone church, by the Hon. and Rev. John Harbord, cousin of the bride, William Stewart Falls, M.D. of Bournemouth, to Alicia Mary, dau. of Horace Hamond, esq. H.B.M.'s Consul at Cherbourg.

Sir William Marriott to Miss Cavendish, dau. of the Hon. Rich. Cavendish. At Paris, Harry Molony, esq. M.D. of Quin, co. Clare, to Charlotte Eliza, only dau. of the late J. Carver Coates, esq. and granddau. of the late Rev. John Lord, Mitchelstown, co. Cork.

Dec. 21. At St. Philip's, Kensington, F. C. Annesley, esq. Inspector-General of Hospitals, H.P. to Lilla, widow of Captain J. J. Dudgeon, 22nd Regt.

At St. Pancras, Euston-square, William Tweedy, esq. of Truro, banker, to Mary, eldest dau. of Mrs. Dobb, of Truro.

At Edinburgh, William Troup, librarian, university of St. Andrews, to Elizabeth McFarlane, Hartville, Bridge of Allan.

Dec. 22. At Teignmouth, by the Rev. Alfred Barrett, father of the bridegroom, Howard Barrett, esq. of Tavistock-square, to Margaret Elizabeth, second dau. of Thos. Edgelow, esq.

At Wicklow, Charles Caldwell, esq. of Rathgar, Dublin, to Elizabeth, third dau. of the late Henry Banks, esq. M.D. Wicklow.

At Holy Trinity church, Sloane-st. Clement Headington Dale, late of 102nd Royal (Madras) Fusiliers, to Louisa Georgina Amelia, youngest dau. of the late H. W. Burgess, esq. of Sloane-st.

At St. Gabriel's, Warwick-square, Vice-Admiral G. A. Eliott, to Harriett Sophia, eldest dau. of the late Sir John West, G.C.B. Admiral of the Fleet.

At Herringfleet, Ernest W. Fowler, second son of Robert C. Fowler, esq. of Gunton Hall, Suffolk, to Georgina, youngest dau. of the late Jas. Duncau Thompson, esq. of Sunny Bank, Brecon.

At Boulogne-sur-Mer, Arthur Fitz-Roy Hart, esq. 31st Regt. eldest son of Colonel Hart, to May, eldest dau. of Mark Seton Synnot, esq. and granddau. of the late Marcus Synnot, esq. of Ballymoyer House, co. Armagh.

At Leamington, by the Rev. W. Houghton, of Preston, Salop, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, John Miller Masefield, esq. son of J. Masefield, esq. of Ellerton Hall, Shropshire, to Francis Elzith, eldest dau. of Major-General Welchman, C.B.

At Wurzburg, Christoph, Baron Von Reitzenstein, to Emily Mary, second dau. of late Edward Divett, M.P. for Exeter.

At St. Peter's, Onslow-gardens, the Rev. J. Thornton, Curate of Hanworth, to Agnes Mary, eldest dau. of G. Paton, esq. M.D. late Bengal Medical Service.

Dec. 23. At St. Andrew's, Halstead, by the Rev. W. Clements, of St. John's, Stepney, assisted by the Rev. W. F. Clements, Curate of Northfleet, Kent, Henry Martyn, youngest son of the above Rev. W. Clements, to Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late Mr. Henry Smith, of Braintree.

At the parish church, Leeds, J. P. Crosby, esq. M.D. of Leeds, youngest son of the Mayor of Sunderland, to Emily Alice, dau. of B. Stead, esq. of Horsforth.

At Islington, Edward, eldest son of Henry Ferraby, of Welford, Northamptonshire, to Jane, youngest dau. of the late Thomas Miller, esq. Deputy-Inspector of Hospitals and Fleets, R.N.

At Acock's-green, Leic. John Hutchins Fitt, esq. of Barbadoes, to Eleanor, eldest dau. of the late John Appleton, esq. of British Guiana.

At St. George's, Notting-hill, Earl Percy, M.P. eldest son of the Duke of Northumberland, to Lady Edith Campbell, eldest dau. of the Duke of Argyll.

At St. Mary's, Woolwich, A. Stephen, M.D. of Kensington, to Eleanor Sophia, second dau. of W. Stuart, esq. M.D. Woolwich.

At Bournemouth, by the Rev. J. M. Lee, Rector of Botley, uncle of the bride, J. R. Thomson, M.D. to Ellen Jane Douglas, dau. of the late A. Crickshank, esq. of Edinburgh.

At Brighton, the Rev. Thos. Wm. Ward, M.A. Oxford, eldest son of the





late Rev. Thos. Ward, M.A. Chaplain of the London Hospital, to Laura-Harding, fifth dau. of the late Richard Harding Newman, esq. of Hornchurch.

*Dec. 24.* At Glasgow, David Hall, esq. advocate, Edinburgh, to Jane Brown, youngest dau. of William MacLean, jun. esq. Glasgow.

At Haversham, Frank Rutley, esq. H.M.'s Geological Survey (late 1st Royal Regiment), to Mary Emma Jane, only dau. of Thomas Heywood, esq. of Scar Bank, Levens, Westmerland.

*Dec. 26.* At Kensington, the Rev. Henry Belcher, M.A. to Katharine Emilie, second dau. of John Beard, esq.

*Dec. 29.* At Our Lady's Church, St. John's-wood, J. P. Green, of the Middle Temple, barrister, and of Bombay, to Theresa, second dau. of J. R. Herbert, esq. R.A.

At Braunstow, Northampton, John Rowland Lovel Hazledine, younger son of John Hazledine, esq. of The Woodlands, Shrewsbury, J.P. to Sarah Grace Bovey, elder dau. of the Rev. Alfred Butler Clough, Rector of Braunstow.

At St. Mary's, Bryanstone-sq. Colonel Sir A. Kemball, R. Art. K.C.S.I. C.B. to Anna Fanny, third dau. of A. N. Shaw, esq.

At Alphington, Devon. C. De L. Faunce De Laune, esq. of Sharsted Court, Kent, to Annie, second dau. of the late George Stoddart, esq. of Ballendrick, Perthshire, formerly Consul at Madeira.

At St. Just-in-Roseland, Cornwall, by the Rev. G. L. Church, uncle of the bride, the Rev. Charles E. Littledale, B.A. Oxon, to Emily Maria, third dau. of the Rev. C. W. Carlyon, Rector of St. Just.

At Otley, John Reid, esq. M.A. of Rathven Buckie, N.B. to Sarah Ann, eldest dau. of Wm. Hargreaves, esq. Langford House, Burley-in-Wharfedale.

At Marylebone, the Rev. T. K. Richmond, Rector of Hope Mansel, Heref. late Chaplain of St. George's Hospital, to Ellen, widow of T. W. Chevalier, esq. of Great Yarmouth.

*Dec. 30.* At Monkstown, near Dublin, Richard D'Arcy, of New Forrest, co. Galway, esq. D.L. to Louisa Margaret Mary, eldest dau. of the late William Murphy, esq. of Kilbrew, co. Meath.

At Norley, Cheshire, Granville Edwin Lloyd Baker, esq. eldest son of T. Barwick Lloyd Baker, esq. of Hardwicke Court, Glouc. to Catherine, dau. of the Hon. Arthur Lascelles.

At St. Philip's, Kensington, S. Gar-

diner, esq. Lient. R. Art. youngest son of Capt. W. Gardiner, R.N. to Charlotte Albinia, eldest dau. of the late R. B. Garrett, esq. Bengal Civil Service.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Hamilton Geary, esq. Roy. Art. youngest son of the late Fred. A. Geary, esq. of Broadfields, Isle of Wight, to the Countess Anastasie, younger dau. of the Count Spiridion Zancarol, of Corfu.

At St. Michael's, Paddington, Charles Elwin Harvey, Captain Royal Eng. to Fannie Theodosia Milne, fourth surviving dau. of John Gardiner, esq. of Westbourne-terrace.

At Prestbury, Glouc. the Rev. Henry Adair Pickard, M.A. of Gledhow Lodge, near Leeds, one of H.M.'s Inspectors of Schools, to Catherine, only dau. of the late Charles Bonsfield, esq. of Leeds and Ripon.

At St. Paul's, Edinburgh, by the Very Rev. the Dean of Drumore, uncle of the bride, Captain Wood, late 45th Regt. to Blanche, dau. of the late Sir William F. Elliott, of Stobs and Wells, Bart.

*Dec. 31.* At St. Mark's, Regent's-park, William Bates, esq. M.D. of Manchester, to Bertha Mary, second dau. of Edwin Hill, esq. of the Inland Revenue, Somerset House.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Francis, eldest son of George Chamot, esq. of St. Petersburg, to Phæbe, eldest dau. of Matthew Carr, esq. of St. Petersburg.

At St. Peter's, Eaton-square, Capt. Sidney Carr Glyn, Rifle Brigade, son of George Carr Glyn, esq. to Fanny, youngest dau. of Mons. Adolphe Marescaux, of St. Omer.

At the Sardinian Chapel, Frederick Hodges, esq. of Cavendish-square, to Eliza Rosa Manisty, eldest dau. of John Waters, M.D. of Bedford-square.

At Silsoe, Beds. the Rev. William Henry Lambert, B.A. to Eliza, youngest dau. of Richard Eve, esq. of Silsoe.

At St. Giles's, Oxford, by the Rev. John V. Durell, Rector of Fulbourn, brother of the bride, the Rev. Arthur Guinness Livingstone, M.A. of Queen's coll. Oxf. fifth son of W. Livingstone, esq. of Westport, Ireland, to Louisa Vavasor, youngest dau. of the late David Vavasor Durell, esq.

At Dover, William Alexander Symes, esq. 94th Regiment, second son of Dr. Symes, of Bridport, to Laura Comber, dau. of Major Munn, D.L. of Throwley and Churchill House, Kent.

At St. John's, Hackney, Alfred Byworth Thurlbourn, M.A. of Stubbington,



Hants, to Elizabeth, eldest dau. of John Owen, of Upper Clapton.

At St. Mary's, Mold, Edward Henry Walker, esq. H.B.M.'s Consul at Cagliari, son of John Walker, esq. of Chester, to Louisa Mary, dau. of T. E. Rawson, M.D. New Zealand.

*Jan. 1.* At Guilsfield, Montgomeryshire, William McCandlish, Civil Eng. Westminster, to Letitia Clementina, dau. of R. H. Mytton, esq. of Garth.

*Jan. 2.* In Jamaica, J. W. Anderson, M.D. to Helena Jane, eldest dau. of the Hon. William Hosack, custos of the parish of Portland.

At St. Mary's, Bryanston-square, John Balfour Inglis, esq. of Kirkealdy, Fifeshire, to Charlotte Mary Newman, second dau. of the late John Newman Sweedy, esq. of Port-au-Prince, Hayti.

At St. George's, Dublin, by the Rev. Henry H. Joy, A.M. brother of the bride, the Rev. Paul Lyster Jameson, A.M. son of William Jameson, esq. M.D. to Annie, dau. of Henry Holmes Joy, esq. Q.C. LL.D.

*Jan. 4.* At St. George's, Hanover-square, T. Frederick Elliot, esq. son of the late Right Hon. Hugh Elliot, to Elizabeth, dau. of the late Adm. Sir Robert Howe Bromley, Bart.

*Jan. 5.* At St. Peter's, Pimlico, by the Rev. J. P. Tomlinson, uncle of the bride, Major Montagu T. Batye, of Somers-place, Hyde-park, to Harriett, eldest dau. of John Pitt Taylor, esq. of Eccleston-square.

At St. Mary's, Glasgow, the Rev. J. W. Harris Burton, Incumbent of St. John the Evangelist, Selkirk, to Agnes, elder dau. of Cunningham Smith, esq.

At Hove, Sussex, the Rev. Fitzherbert Astley Cave-Browne-Cave, Vicar of Horton-cum-Piddington, to Harriett Ellen third dau. of the late William Beckwith, esq. of Seacox-heath, Hurst-green.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, the Rev. Percival Frost, Vicar of Romburgh, Suffolk, to Elizabeth Beatrice, only dau. of Henry Bingley, esq. J.P. of Woodford, Essex, and Kemp-town.

At Marylebone church, by the Rev. A. S. Grenfell, John G. Grenfell, esq. late Pembroke coll. Oxford, to Alice, second dau. of H. Pyne, esq. of Kent-terrace, Regent's-park.

At St. Paul's, Edinburgh, Edmund Peel, esq. 14th (King's) Hussars, son of John Peel, esq. Middleton Hall, Warwickshire, to Jessie Ann, dau. of Dr. Lyon Playfair, C.B. M.P.

At Ballyculter, co. Down, by the Hon. and Rev. Henry Ward, Rector of

Killinchy, James Nugent Blackwood-Price, esq. 60th Rifles, son of James Price, esq. of Saintfield, to Alice Louisa, eldest dau. of William Robert Ward, esq. late H.M.'s Secretary of Legation at the Hague.

At Knowle, Warw. Charles, second son of the late William Westley Richards, esq. of Edgbaston, to Elizabeth Mary, eldest dau. of the Rev. John Howe, M.A. Vicar of Knowle.

*Jan. 6.* At North Berwick, by the Rev. Dr. Crombie, of Seone, John Liddle Crombie, M.D. L.R.C.P. and S. Edinburgh, to Annie, elder dau. of the late James Dall, esq. North Berwick.

At Lacca, Queen's co. by the Rev. George Despard, Incumbent of Holy Trinity, Kilburn, London, brother of the bride, Matthew Henry Franks, esq. Westfield, Queen's co. to Gertrude Priscilla, youngest dau. of the late Capt. George Despard, R.M. co. Meath.

At Parkgate, Cheshire, by the Rev. David Thorburn, of South Leith, great-uncle of the bride, the Rev. James Johnston, of Free St. James Church, Glasgow, to Ellen Bland, eldest dau. of R. A. Macfie, esq. of Dreghorn, M.P.

At St. John's, Upper Holloway, Caleb Carey Richards, esq. M.D. son of the late Rev. James Richards, of Pontypriid, Wales, to Louisa Anna Maria, only dau. of C. Schmidt, esq. of Holloway.

At St. Giles's, West Bridgeford, Notts, the Rev. Henry Lewis Williams, of Whitechurch, Salop, to Katherine Frances Jane, elder dau. of the Rev. W. R. Waters, Rector of West Bridgeford.

*Jan. 7.* At St. Matthew's, Redhill, Surrey, Frank Allpress, of Islington, to Ada, dau. of Dr. Dukes, M.A. of the Manor House, Upper Holloway, London.

At Ilfracombe, Robert George Armstrong, Capt. Bengal Staff Corps, eldest son of the late Robert Armstrong, M.D. and grandson of the late Sir Robert Seppings, Surveyor of the Navy, to Jane, youngest dau. of the late Rev. St. Vincent Bowen, M.A. Curate of Ilfracombe, and grand-dau. of the late Adm. James Bowen.

At Cowley, Oxon. the Rev. William Cuthbert Barwis, of Langrigg Hall, Cumberland, and Curate of Hoyland Swaine and Cawthorne, Yorkshire, to Ellen Sarah, youngest dau. of the late William Tuckwell, esq. surg. Oxford.

At Holy Trinity, Puddington, George Browne, esq. of the Inner Temple, to Eliza, youngest dau. of J. Greatorex, esq. of Cleveland-square.

At St. Stephen's, Bayswater, by the





Rev. H. Lloyd Russell, brother to the bride, Charles William Frederic, only son of William Cooper, esq. of Woodville Hall, Forest-hill, to Frances Marcella, second dau. of Henry Russell, esq. of Kensington-gardens-square.

At Charlton King's, by the Rev. Edward H. Newenham, M.A. uncle of the bride, Thomas Crawford, esq. M.D. Surgeon-Major, Head of the Medical Branch Army Medical Department, to Mary Jane, eldest dau. of Major-General Clement A. Edwardes, C.B.

At Stockton-on-Tees, Henry, eldest son of Robert Faucus, esq. of Over Dinsdale Hall, to Anne Share, eldest dau. of George Lockwood, esq. J.P. of Stockton-on-Tees.

At All Saints', Manchester, by the brothers of the bride, the Rev. Charles Henry Burton, Vicar of St. Philip's, Liverpool, and Rev. Dr. Burton, Rector of All Saints' Manchester. Thomas Greig, esq. of Glencarse, Perthshire, to Louisa Sarah, eldest dau. of the late Rev. Charles Burton, D.C.L. F.L.S. Rector and Founder of All Saints' Church, Manchester.

At St. George's, Hanover-sq. the Marquis of Hamilton, M.P. eldest son of the Duke of Abercorn, to Lady Mary Curzon, dau. of Earl Howe.

At Ryde, Ralph Hawtrev, esq. R.N. to Mary Witney, dau. of the late William Richards, of Ely Rise, Llandaff, esq.

At Brighton, the Rev. William Cornish Hunt, Rector of Odell, Beds. to Jane Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late Francis Leslie Pym, esq. of the Hasells, in the same co.

At Affane, Archibald Acheson Johnson, Capt. Madras Staff Corps, to Agnes Sarah, eldest dau. of the Rev. Arthur M. F. Browne, Vicar of Affane, co. Waterford.

At Lauriston Park, Edinburgh, Dr. A. C. Johnson, R.N. eldest son of William Johnson, esq. Tivoli House, Clontarf, Dublin, to Kate, dau. of John Cochrane, M.D. Edinburgh.

At Clifton, Bristol, Maitland Moore Lane, esq. R.Art. to Georgina Mildred, youngest dau. of Isaac Allan Cooke, esq. Clifton.

At St. Mary's, Kilkenny, John Lumsden, esq. Provincial Bank of Ireland, son of John Lumsden, esq. Muirfold, Banffshire, Scotland, to Florence Isabella Gordon, seventh dau. of Andrew McKean, esq. manager of Provincial Bank of Ireland, Kilkenny.

At Tibberton, Gloucester, Edward Hope Percival, H.M.'s Bombay Civil

Service, to Louisa Jane, youngest dau. of the late Sir John Wedderburn, Bart.

At Roundhay, near Leeds, by the Rev. B. Davis, M.A. Incumbent of St. George's, Worcester, assisted by the Rev. C. H. Rice, B.D. Rector of Cheam, Surrey, the Rev. Robert Rice, M.A. Warden of St. Columba's college, Dublin, to Christiana Fanny, eldest dau. of the Rev. Thos. Davis, M.A. Vicar of Roundhay.

At Sandgate, Capt. Attilio Scheberras, 95th Regt. to Matilda, widow of O. P. L. Watson, esq. of Calcutta.

At St. Stephen's-by-Saltash, Charles Stewart, esq. R.Art. eldest surviving son of C. A. Stewart, the West Hall, High Leigh, Cheshire, to Janetta, youngest dau. of Vice-Adm. Jervis Tucker, of Trematon, Cornwall.

At Brecknock, Tempest Stone, esq. Royal Welsh Fusiliers, eldest son of Count Stone, esq. Kensington-gardens, to Alice Mary, eldest dau. of John North, esq.

At Stoke Damerel, Henry Hugh Thompson, of the Stock Exchange, to Augusta Harriet, eldest dau. of Henry Fletcher, esq. of Christchurch, Canterbury, New Zealand, and formerly of Painswick, Gloucestershire.

Jan. 9. At Hove, Sussex, by the Rev. F. W. Young, M.A. brother-in-law of the bride, Edwin Justian, esq. A.I.A. to Bertha Emma, third dau. of the late Robert Young, esq. solicitor, Battle.

At St. John the Evangelist's, Westminster, Herbert Palmer, youngest son of Benjamin Palmer, esq. of Derizes, Wilts, to Anna Maria, only dau. of Charles Walter Trevers, esq. of Pimlico.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, by the Ven. Archdeacon the Hon. Henry Yorke, Captain the Hon. John Manners Yorke, R.N. to Edith, youngest dau. of the late Alexander Oswald, esquire, of Auchincruive.

Jan. 12. At St. George's, Notting-hill, Lord Archibald Campbell, second son of the Duke and Duchess of Argyll, to Jane, youngest dau. of the late James Callander, esq. of Craigforth.

At Hove, Sussex, the Rev. Richard Edward Coles, of Petersfield, eldest son of Richard Coles, esq. of Cliftonville, to Mary Catherine, only dau. of the late Alfred Davis, esq. of Deptford.

At Winchester, William Stephen Mair, only son of the Rev. William Stephen Goodenough, late Rector of Yate, Gloucestershire, to Eveline Caroline Neale, fourth dau. of the late Sir T. Vansittart Stonhouse, Bart.



At Ryde, William Agnew, late Bombay Civil Service, third son of the late Lieut.-General Sir Henry Goldfinch, K.C.B. to Georgina Emma, third dau. of the late Sir George Maclean, K.C.B.

At the Abbey, Bath, Lieut. J. M. Heath, esq. Bombay Staff Corps, eldest son of late Major-Gen. J. C. Heath, commanding Scinde Division of the Indian Army, to Madeleine Frederica Stanley Clarke, fourth dau. of the late Col. J. F. Clarke, Royal Scots Greys.

At St. James's, Bury St. Edmund's, by the Rev. Charles Hebert, M.A. Rector of Lowestoft, and the Rev. Leonard Edmund Shelford, Vicar of St. Matthew's, Upper Clapton, the Rev. Henry Venn Hebert, M.A. Curate of St. Michael's, Stockwell, to Frances Penelope, dau. of the late Rev. William Heard Shelford, M.A. rector of Preston, Suff.

At St. John's church, Paddington, the Rev. H. J. Legge, M.A. Vicar of Brimscombe, Glouc. to Amelia, widow of Robert Thompson, esq. of Burleigh House, Glouc.

At the Royal Bavarian chapel, Warwick-street, Robert John MacDonnell, esq. 81st Regt. youngest son of the late Sir Francis MacDonnell, of Dumfreith, co. Kildare, to Katie, youngest dau. of R. F. Ghewy, esq. London.

At Bengoe, Hert's, the Rev. F. Pigou, M.A. Incumbent of St. Philip's. Regent-st. to Harriet Mande, youngest dau. of late William Gambier, esq.

At Bath, by the Rev. C. G. Ridley, the Rev. H. T. Ridley, Vicar of Bruton, to Emily Augusta Besant, eldest dau. of G. B. Raggett, esq. of Folkstone.

At Christ church, Forest-hill, Charles J. S. Sergel, son of the late Rev. Charles H. Sergel, of Hanover, to Clementina Augusta, only child of the late Clement A. Scott, esq. C.E.

At Hackney, Thomas Griffiths Woolcott, of Lower Clapton, solicitor, to Jane, dau. of James Carter, esq. of Upper Homerton.

Jan. 13. At Lewins Mead meeting-house, Bristol. E. Atkinson, Professor of Experimental Science in the Royal Military college, Sandhurst, to Mary Lang, eldest dau. of C. J. Thomas, J.P. of Drayton Lodge, Redland, Bristol.

At Burton-on-Trent, John Beard, esq. Linton, Derbyshire, to Mary Jane, second dau. of James Finlay, esq. The Abbey, Burton-on-Trent.

At Drumbo, co. Down, Ireland, the Rev. Henry Joy, M.A. of Cheltenham, son of Henry H. Joy, esq. LL.D. Q.C. of Mountjoy-square, Dublin, to Edith

Althea, dau. of the Rev. John R. Echlin, M.A. of Rokeby, co. Down.

At St. Peter's, Onslow-gardens, Capt. Frederick Stephens, 2nd Life Guards, son of the late John Stephens, esq. of Caversham Place, Oxon. to Cecilia Mary, eldest dau. of Capt. Byng, R.N. of Quendon Hall, Essex.

At Thorpe, near Durham, Lord Ernest Vane Tempest, youngest brother of Earl Vane, to Mary Townshend, second dau. of Thomas Hutchinson, esq. J.P. of Howden House, Stockton-on-Tees.

Jan. 14. At St. George's, Hanover-square, John B. Baillie-Hamilton, second son of Gerard Baillie-Hamilton, late Capt. 7th Fusiliers, to Catherine Elizabeth Grace Buchanan, of Arnprior.

At Evington, Leic. Travers Buxton, esq. of Champion-hill, Surrey, to Eliza Sherard, second dau. of Henry Freeman Coleman, esq. of Evington Hall.

At Bray church, Thomas Campbell, esq. son of the late Colin Campbell, esq. of Colgrain, Dumbartonshire, to Katherine Caroline, eldest dau. of Lieut.-Col. Vansittart, late Coldstream Guards, of Chuffs, near Maidenhead.

At Waltham Cross, Philip Elias, 5th son of Lieut.-General George Durnford, R.Art. to Adelaide Eleanor, third dau. of William Queneborough Wright, esq.

At West Brompton, the Rev. F. M. Gregory, Curate of St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, eldest son of the Rev. F. T. Gregory, Vicar of St. Mary's Platt, Kent, to Elizabeth Ursula, dau. of the Rev. M. W. Mayow, Rector of S. Heighton-cum-Tarring Neville, Sussex.

At St. Matthew's, Ipswich, the Rev. W. Faithfull Lumley, 2nd son of Major Lumley, of Northampton, to Rosa, elder dau. of late Rev. J. Maddy, Vicar of Swaffham Prior, Cambs.

At Marylebone church, the Rev. Henry Patch, Curate of Lindfield, eldest surviving son of John Patch, esq. of Gower-street, barrister, to Hero Elizabeth, younger dau. of David Blaiklock, esq. of Harewood-square.

At Brighton, Robert Hepburne Swinton, Commander R.N. second son of the late Robert Hepburne Swinton, esq. of Swinton, to Caroline Jane Ross, dau. of Henry Kendall, esq. late Consul for the Republics of Peru and Chili.

At Kensington, George W. Turbett, esq. of Roebuck-hill, co. Dublin, third son of the late James Turbett, to Ellen Morton, only surviving dau. of late Rev. John Routledge, Rector of Cransley, Northampt. and granddau. of the late Dean of Glasgow.





## DEATHS.

*Sept. 8.* At Burwood, Australia, aged 42, Thomas Charles Bentley, esq. Secretary to the Union Club in Sydney. He was the son of William Bentley, esq. of Lewisham, formerly of the Bank of England; began life in the banking-house of Messrs. Willis in Lombard-st. and was afterwards assistant stock-broker to Messrs. Child. He went to Australia in 1859 for change of climate, purposing to act as agent to his uncle Richard, the publisher to Her Majesty; but, finding little encouragement for bookselling, almost immediately accepted the post of secretary to the principal club in Sydney, in which office he was very highly esteemed. He married a sister of Dr. Munk, of Finsbury-sq. and has left a son and daughter.

*Oct. 18.* At Manuka Island, New Zealand, drowned in fording the Wairau river, aged 28, Evelyn Arthur Kinsey, fourth son of the Rev. Matthew Kinsey, of Eastbourne-terr. Hyde-park.

*Nov. 8.* Near Salem, aged 33, Capt. Montague Edwin Foord, of the Madras Staff Corps. He entered the service in Dec. 1854; became Lieutenant in Nov. 1856; and Captain in Dec. 1866.

*Nov. 9.* At Almorah, N.W. Provinces, India, Lieut.-Gen. James Parsons, C.B. He entered the service in Dec. 1806, and was at the capture of the Isle of France in 1810, the Nepaul campaign of 1815 (medal), the Pindaree war in 1817, and the Rajpootana campaign of 1820. Wounded at the capture of Ghuznee (medal and second class of the Dooranee order). He had the bronze star for the battle of Punnjar, and the medal and two clasps and C.B. for the Sutlej campaign, including the battles of Moodkee, Ferozeshuhur, and Sobraon.

At Dehra Doon, aged 42, the Rev. Arthur Stone, chaplain to the forces.

*Nov. 14.* At Newchwang, aged 49, T. Taylor Meadows, H.B.M.'s Consul at that port, for 25 years an officer in Her Majesty's Consular Service in China.

At Rangoon, aged 43, Major J. W. Sinclair, Madras Staff Corps, formerly in the 51st Regiment M.N.I.

*Nov. 19.* At Swine, Yorkshire, aged 87, Jane, widow of Samuel Foster, steward to the late Earl of Shaftesbury, and dau. of John Wilson, of the parish of St. Lawrence, York, who died in 1792.

*Nov. 23.* At Bangalore, in his 27th year, Walter Philip Bagenal, esq. Capt.

16th Laneers, eldest son of the late Philip Bagenal, esq. of Beunckerry, co. Carlow, by Georgiana, eldest dau. of James Boyd, esq. of Rosslare, co. Wexford. Capt. Bagenal is succeeded in the estates by his brother, Beauchamp Bagenal, esq. Ensign 45th Infantry, now quartered at Poonah.

*Nov. 24.* Aged 58, Henry Corles Bingham, esq. of Wartnaby-hall, near Melton Mowbray, a Dep.-Lieutenant for Leicestershire, and magistrate for the cos. Leic. Derby, and Notts. He was the youngest son of the Rev. Thomas Bingham, of Norbury, co. Derby, by Margaretta, dau. of William Corles, esq. of Chester: was educated at St. Mary hall, Oxford, and was High Sheriff of Leicestershire in 1854. He married in 1831 Frances-Lydia, dau. of the Rev. Paul Belcher, of Ashbourne, and is succeeded by his son Thomas Richard Devereux, late Lieut. 98th Regt. who married in 1858 Margaret, dau. of Major-Gen. Sir Sidney J. Cotton, K.C.B. and has issue.

*Nov. 30.* At Cambridge-street, Hyde-park, aged 86, Mr. J. E. Carew, the eminent sculptor. The numerous works of art of the deceased gentleman have been much admired, many of which adorn the mansions of the nobility and gentry of this country. This talented artist had the honour of being selected by the Government to execute the bas-relief of the "Death of Nelson," in the south panel of the Nelson Monument, Trafalgar-square.

*Dec. 3.* Mr. William Bishop Hamilton, a veteran actor and manager. He was born in London 1810, and had been connected with the American stage for many years, having arrived in the United States in 1827. For a long period he traversed the Mississippi river on a flat boat, giving dramatic performances at the principal towns. After finishing his performances on the boat he went to New York and appeared at Burton's Chamber-street Theatre, where he remained several seasons, and then visited California, arriving there in 1851. He commenced in Sacramento, and went thence to San Francisco, where he leased the Jenny Lind Theatre, and afterwards San Francisco Hall, now Maguire's Opera House. He afterwards opened the American Theatre, and was lessee of the Metropolitan when it was destroyed by fire. In 1859 he returned



of New York and made a tour of the Southern country. At the breaking out of the war he returned to California, accompanied by Mr. Charles Dillon, the English tragedian. In the spring of last year Mr. Hamilton suffered with a cancerous affection, and went in search of medical advice to Europe, where he died.

Dec. 4. In his 58th year, Mr. John Burlison, who for the last quarter of a century has been the confidential and able coadjutor of Mr. George Gilbert Scott, R.A. He was a native of the city of Durham, where he was for some time in the office of Mr. Bonomi. He was a man of much scientific and practical talent, and his knowledge of architectural antiquities, both at home and in Germany and France, was very extensive. He has the merit of having saved from ruin many ancient structures, and preserving their identity, under circumstances apparently hopeless. His body was buried in Hampstead churchyard on the 8th Dec.

Near Sheffield, aged 30, the Rev. James Turner. He graduated at Sidney college, Cambridge, in 1863, as fourth senior optime; was ordained to the curacy of St. Hilda, Hartlepool, which he held till the death of the Rev. R. Taylor; and to his indefatigable zeal the inhabitants of Hartlepool are mainly indebted for the restoration of their fine old church. In July 1867 he accepted the senior curacy of West Hartlepool, which he held till a short time before his death.

Dec. 5. At Worcester, aged 84, Mr. John Hughes, an eminent and successful builder, for many years a contractor for erecting the principal buildings in the city and county. He had resided in Worcester for 70 years, and contributed to some important improvements.

At Brighton, aged 96, Grace Millet, relict of Charles Short, esq. formerly of Woodlands, Emsworth, Hants, a Benchor of the Middle Temple, and for many years Clerk of the Rules of the Court of Queen's Bench.

At Madras, aged 42, Lieut.-Colonel George Vivian Winscom, Royal Madras Engineers, Superintending Engineer, 2nd Division.

In Poland-street, in his 75th year, James Yewen, who co-operated for seven-and-thirty years in the abolition of bull-baiting, the suppression of bear and dog pits, and other kindred institutions by which this country was formerly disgraced. In 1866 the

Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, in consideration of his labours and his failing health, allowed him a small weekly pension. He had been a teetotaler since 1836.

Dec. 6. At Hastings, Captain James-Baron Baillie, of the 2nd Royal Surrey Militia, and late Lieutenant 78th Foot.

At Thorpe Abbot's, aged 59, the Rev. William Wallace.

Dec. 7. Aged 83, Abraham R. Illingworth, surgeon, of Fowey, Cornwall. He became a licentiate of Royal College of Surgeons 1806, and Surgeon R.N. 1808.

At Tavistock-road, Hyde-park-gardens, aged 54, Mr. Desmond Ryan, B.A. For several years he was the musical and dramatic critic of the *Morning Herald* and *Standard*, and from 1846 until a few months ago he was sub-editor of the *Musical World*.

Mr. Robert Stirling, of Peebles. He entered the Peebles branch of the British Linen Company's Bank as an apprentice when it was started upwards of forty years ago; and, except for a short time spent as Procurator-Fiscal of Mid-Lothian, he was connected with it till his death. He devoted much attention to the working of the Tweed Fisheries Acts, and gave valuable evidence on that subject before a committee of the House of Commons. In many other matters of public business he was a safe and valuable counsellor.

At Anghnacloy, Caroline, wife of the Ven. J. W. Stokes, Archdeacon of Armagh, and daughter of the late Right Rev. Thomas Elrington, Bishop of Ferns.

Dec. 8. Emily, widow of Thomas Briggs, esq. late of Pombrey, Carmarthenshire, and H.E.I.C.S.

At Kingstown, co. Dublin, Gavin Ralston Caldwell, esq.

Frederick Foulkes, esq. surgeon, Cross-lane, Salford, aged 31.

At Lower Fitzwilliam-street, Dublin. Benjamin G. Grattan Guinness, esq. M.D.

In his 43rd year Henry Lane, M.R.C.S. and L.S.A. of Stratford-upon-Avon.

At Chillington, near Kingsbridge, aged 42, Mr. James Gilbert Martyn, surgeon.

At Hollow Combe, Sydenham, aged 48, Mr. Henry Wyndham Phillips. He was second son of the late Thomas Phillips, R.A. who was well known as a portrait painter, and also on account of his active participation in professional and charitable societies.

At Kirklands, Baildon, co. York, aged 72, William Rand, esq. a justice of





the peace for the West Riding. His father, Mr. John Rand, carried on business at the mills at the bottom of Little Horton-lane, when Bradford was comparatively an insignificant town. The deceased, with his brother Mr. John Rand, succeeded to the business. From an early period of his life, the deceased took a lively interest in everything that was likely to affect the trade and prosperity of the town. Although coming of a Conservative family, he laboured heartily for the repeal of the corn laws, and, becoming more attached to liberal principles, he seconded the nomination of Richard Cobden as member for the West Riding, while his brother, Mr. John Rand, proposed Mr. Denison, the Tory candidate. He worked strenuously in support of the Ten Hours' Bill, and the movement for obtaining the Charter of Incorporation for Bradford. He served the office of alderman for many years, in 1850-1 he was elected to the civic chair, and nominated as a borough magistrate. He was a devoted member of the Church of England. He was never married. His brother, Mr. John Rand, survives him, and two sisters, Mrs. Dodsworth of York, and Mrs. Bailey of North Leverton.

Aged 84, the Rev. William Turner, of Hindley, near Wigan, in the sixtieth year of his ministry.

At Bath, aged 67, the Rev. William Robert Wyatt, Vicar of Moreton, near Oswestry, Salop. He was of Brasenose Coll. Oxford, B.A. 1822, M.A. 1825. Formerly one of the four vicars of St. Asaph's Cathedral, 1836-60.

*Dec. 9.* Aged 82, Rev. Thomas Adkins, Independent minister, of Southampton. He preached his first sermon in the Above Bar Chapel, Southampton, 1 April 1810, and a few months afterwards accepted the pastorate of the chapel, which he continued to hold till his death. The funeral, which took place on the 15th, was attended by the mayor and corporation, the borough magistrates, church clergymen, dissenting ministers, and inhabitants of every shade of religious and political opinions.

At Monaghan, aged 86, Mary Lindsay May, relict of Charles May, late Midshipman R.N.

At Belgrave-road, London, aged 73, Frances Susanna, relict of the Rev. William Melesworth, Rector of St. Brooke, Cornwall.

At Stanton rectory, Wilts, Mary Albinia, wife of the Rev. F. M. Rowden, Rector of Stanton.

At the residence of her son Mr. E. Aitken Davies, Millbay House, Citadel-road, Plymouth, aged 76, Mrs. Mary Smith, formerly of Clarence-street, Plymouth, sole surviving daughter of the late Alexander Aitken, esq. of Iveston, Pemb. and Inverary, Argyllshire.

At Clyro vicarage, aged 83, Sophia, widow of Archdeacon Venables, of Llyddinam, Breconshire.

*Dec. 10.* Aged 59, the Rev. J. Elrick, M.A. of Dundas-street Independent Chapel, Monkwearmouth. He was a native of Scotland, and came to Sunderland about five years ago. He leaves a widow and five children.

At Weymouth, aged 84, Mr. James Flower, Mayor of the borough in 1836.

At St. Anne's, co. Cork, Susan Annellia, widow of Richard Maxwell Fox, M.P. of Fox-hall, co. Longford.

George William Graham, esq. late Deputy-Comptroller of the General Post Office, aged 65.

At Hyde-park-gate south, London, aged 64, Lieut.-Colonel George Henry Harper, late of the Indian army.

At 12, Earl's-court-terrace, Kensington, London, aged 63, Robert William Jameson, esq. writer to the signet, formerly of Edinburgh. (See a memoir in a preceding page.)

At Frome Vauchurch, Dorset, aged 66, the Rev. Samuel Lane, Rector of that place and of Batcombe. He was of Exeter coll. Oxford (B.A. 1825, M.A. 1828), and formerly curate of Chilfrome, Dorset.

At Upper Holloway, aged 55, Henry Oswin, esq. of the Stock Exchange.

At his residence at Rutland-gate, London, aged 89, Field-Marshal Sir Hew Dalrymple Ross, G.C.B. Lieut.-Governor of Chelsea Hospital. He was born in 1779, and entered the Royal Artillery as Second-Lieutenant in the spring of 1795. He served in the Peninsula and France, from 1809 to 1814. He was wounded in the shoulder in the action at Redinha, and dangerously in the head at Badajoz. He served also in the campaign of 1815, including Waterloo. The late Field-Marshal had received the gold cross and two clasps for Busaco, Badajoz, Salamanca, Vittoria, Nivelle, and Nive; the silver war medal with three clasps for Fuentes d'Onor, Ciudad Rodrigo, and Pyrenees. In recognition of his services he was made a Knight of the Tower and Sword of Portugal, and had received the order of St. Anne of Russia of the second class. Latterly,



for many years, the late Sir Hew served on the staff of the Royal Artillery, and at head-quarters. In April 1840 he was appointed Deputy-Adjt.-Gen. of the Royal Artillery; and in 1854, on Lord Raglan being appointed to the command of the army in the East, he was appointed Lieut.-Gen. of the Ordnance. On the abolition of that office in the following year he was appointed Adjt.-Gen. of the Royal Artillery at the Horse Guards. He was created a Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath in 1855, and Col.-Commandant of the A Brigade of Horse Artillery the 1st of November, 1843. He had recently been appointed Lieut.-Governor of Chelsea Hospital, on Field-Marshal Sir Alexander Woodford being appointed Governor, in place of the late Sir Edward Blakeney. The late Sir Hew was the third son of Major John Ross, of Balkail, county Galway. He married, in 1816, Miss Graham, only dau. of Mr. Richard Graham, of Stonehouse, Cumberland.

At Cheltenham, in his 84th year, General George Swiney, Colonel-Commandant of the 19th Brigade of the Royal Artillery. He was the senior officer of the Royal (Bengal) Artillery, having entered the Hon. East India Company's service at an early age. He was present at the battle of Deig, and commanded the artillery in the three first assaults of Bhurpore (where he was wounded); medal. He also commanded the artillery at the siege and capture of Emmau Ghur in 1810, for which services he received the thanks of the Vice-President in Council and Commander-in-Chief.

Dec. 11. At Ely-place, Dublin, aged 68, Robert Collins, esq. M.D. J.P. of Ardsallagh, Navan, and Garvery-lodge, county of Fermanagh.

M. Adolphe Dominique Florent Joseph M. Simonis Empis, a very old member of the French Academy, and a dramatic author of some reputation in his day. During a short period he was manager of the Théâtre Français.

At Hackwood, near Hexham, aged 64, Mr. Charles Head, solicitor, for many years a member of the Local Board of Health, and chairman at the time of his decease.

At the Rectory, Kirk Bramwith, the Rev. Forster Maynard. He was of Cains Coll. Cambridge, B.A. 1828, M.A. 1837.

At Blairfornie House, Bridge of Allan, in his 63rd year, Colonel C. G. Graham Munro.

At Gleng, Falcarragh, co. Donegal, aged 73, the Reverend Hugh M'Fadden, P.P. V.F. He was born at a place called Cashel, on the seaboard of Donegal, and entered Maynooth college 1825. After receiving priest's orders he laboured for thirty-eight years in different parts of Raphoe. He was a splendid Irish scholar; and it is understood that he had several Irish MSS. in preparation for the press, including a new edition of the Irish Catechism.

At Ventnor, Henry Maxwell Newall, esq. late of H.M.'s 17th Regiment.

The Rev. R. W. Overbury, for many years pastor of the Baptist Church at Eagle-street, London, and subsequently of the Baptist Church at Morice-square, Devonport, aged 56.

At Oscott, Birmingham, aged 9, Cecil Francis, second son of Hon. Arthur and Lady Catherine Petre.

Dec. 12. At the Church Missionaries Children's Home, Highbury-grove, the Rev. George Hall, Principal of the institution. He has left a widow and six children.

At Exeter, aged 70, William Kennaway, esq. J.P. He was the senior magistrate, and had been twice mayor, first in 1832, when the cholera prevailed in the city. He was one of the Exeter charity trustees, and took an interest in all matters tending to promote the welfare of the city. He died on the day that his brother Mr. Mark Kennaway, of Hoopern House, attained his 75th year. The deceased leaves a widow and a numerous family of sons and daughters. Two of his sons have just returned from New Zealand.

At Humberstone, Leic. aged 84, Anne, relict of Thomas Paget, esq. sister of the late Thomas Pares, esq. of Hopewell Hall, Derb. formerly M.P. for Leicester, and mother of the late member for South Leicestershire.

At Bryanston-square, aged 28, Stainsby Henry Pigott, esq. of Heckfield, Hants, second son of the late Francis Pigott-Stainsby-Conant, esq. Lieutenant-Governor of the Isle of Man.

At Thames Ditton, aged 70, Mary Ann, relict of Samuel Staniland, esq. solicitor, of Bouverie-st.

Dec. 13. At Rosslare, co. Wexford, aged 27, Lady Hughes, wife of Sir Frederic Hughes. She was the eldest dau. of the late W. Krautler, esq. and married in 1864.

At Southsea, aged 63, W. Humby, esq. J.P. and for many years an alderman of the borough.





At Island Bank, Inverness, aged 66, John Mackenzie, esq. of Jeetwarapore, Tirhoot, Bengal.

At Bickington, Fremington, North Devon, at the residence of his daughter Mrs. Harris, aged 97, Thomas Pile, formerly master-mariner, of Ilfracombe. He was one of the crew who boarded the San Josef, Feb. 14, 1797, and assisted his great commander into the chains of that vessel. Nelson exclaiming, "Give me your hand, Pile; I'm a good soldier, but a poor sailor." Although a sailor from his boyhood, he never indulged in a pipe of tobacco.

At Binfield rectory, aged 80, Hebe, wife of the Ven. James Randall, Archdeacon of Berks.

In his 84th year, General Edward M. G. Showers, Colonel-Commandant of the brigade of Royal Horse Artillery (Madras). He entered the Company's service in 1798; was present in the campaign with General Stewart's grand army, also at Mugerall, Western Palanurs, with Col. Monypenny's force, and in the campaign under Gen. Malcolm.

Aged 41, Charles Smith, M.D. of Staphers, Newport, Isle of Wight, formerly of Fyfield, near Andover.

At Bath, aged 62, Colonel William Crawley Stace, of the Royal Engineers.

Dec. 14. At Leek, James Alsop, esq. J.P. for the county of Stafford.

At Liverpool, the Rev. James Bede Jolley, O.S.B. of St. Mary's Catholic church in that town. He was born at Wigan 1826, and educated at St. Edmund's college, Douay. In 1846 he assumed the habit of the Benedictine order, and was ordained priest in 1855, from which year he laboured at St. Mary's, Liverpool, until his decease, with the exception of an interval between 1859 and 1864, when he was stationed at Whitehaven. His remains were interred at St. Anne's, Edgehill, in a vault under the high altar.

Hon. Mrs. A. Lefroy. She was Jane, eldest daughter of Robert Edward, first Viscount Lorton, by his wife Lady Frances Parsons, only daughter and heiress of Laurence, first Earl of Rosse. She married, 19th July, 1824, Mr. Anthony Lefroy, M.P.

At Madras, Lieut.-Colonel Charles Philip Taylor, of the Madras Staff Corps, and Paymaster at the Presidency. He entered the service in 1840.

In Guernsey, Mary Hope, wife of Commander John Ward, R.N. and dau. of the late John Bowie, esq. W.S. Edinburgh.

Dec. 15. Suddenly, at Exeter, Dr. John Lempriere Delagarde, M.B. F.R.C.S. He had been recently elected surgeon to the West of England Eye Infirmary.

At Morris Grange, near Richmond, Yorkshire, aged 83, Captain John Healey, of the 39th Foot.

At Dalkey, co. Dublin, aged 75, Jas. Rose, esq. solicitor.

Dec. 16. Aged 33, William Barley, esq. of Adelaide-road, St. John's-wood, and of the Stock Exchange.

At Houghton Hall, Beds. Emma Jemima Barbara, widow of Humphrey Brandreth, esq. J.P.

At Stonebridge House, Horbury, near Wakefield, aged 78, Jose Luis Fernandes, esq. grandson and representative of the last Marquez de Tavora.

Accidentally burnt to death at Chiddingfold, near Godalming. Mrs. Annie Humbert, the wife of a clergyman at Chiddingfold.

Dec. 17. At Edinburgh, the Rev. William Joseph Corbett, one of the assistant clergymen of St. Patrick's Catholic church. Upwards of thirty clergymen took part in the funeral service on the 21st, comprising deputations from all the towns in the eastern district of Scotland.

At Paris, aged 88, the widow of Marshal Davoust, Prince d'Eckmuhl. She married General Davoust in 1801. Her brother was General Leclerc, married in 1798 to Pauline Bonaparte, the Emperor's sister—afterwards Princess Borghese—commander of the detachment of Grenadiers who ejected the Five Hundred on the 18th Brumaire. She was left a widow in 1823, with three daughters, the Countess de Cambacères, the Marchioness de Blocqueville, and the Countess Vigier. The title of Duke d'Auerstädt was revived by the present Emperor in favour of Colonel Davoust, the grand-nephew of the Marshal.

Mr. William Griffiths, aged 70, late governor of Worcester city gaol.

At Leamington, aged 78, Mr. John Henney, a native of Trentham. He was 54 years in the Bank of England, being for the last 34 years sub-agent at the Portsmouth branch.

In Southampton-st. Strand, aged 72, Mr. John Rigby Hinde, for upwards of 30 years Secretary to the London Gas-light Company.

At Monaghan, Mr. James Howe, many years with W. Nesfield, esq. of Eton, son-in-law of W. B. Barker, of Her Majesty's Office of Works, Whitehall.



At Portsmouth, Emma, widow of Alexander Stuart, esq. principal medical officer of the Haslar Naval Asylum.

Aged 52, Anna, wife of John Wade, esq. Leeds, fourth dau. of the late Edward Baines, esq. M.P.

Dec. 18. At Newington Hall, aged 68, J. B. Allan, esq. of Eddlewood, Lancashire, late of St. Paul's churchyard.

At W. Brompton, aged 59, William Fascutt, esq. of the Nat. Debt Office.

Aged 31, Alexander Gordon, M.D. of Auchanellat, Glendarnel.

At Shipley Hall, Derbyshire, Sir Tho. Gresley, Bart. one of the representatives of the southern division of Derbyshire. He was son of the Rev. Sir William Nigel the 9th Bart. by the second dau. of the late George Reid, esq. and was born at Nether Seal Hall 1832. He was educated at Rugby and succeeded to the title on his father's decease in 1847. From 1853 to 1858 he was a captain in the 1st Dragoon Guards; and was at one time Aide-de-Camp to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. He was appointed Lieut.-Colonel of the 1st Battalion of Derbyshire Rifle Volunteers 1860; and was elected a member for South Derbyshire in the Conservative interest at the general election in November 1868. Sir Thomas married (1854) Laura Anne, eldest dau. of Robert Williams, esq. and niece of Sir Richard Williams-Bulkeley, Bart. By this lady, who survives him, he has left a son (born 1867) who succeeds to the baronetcy. The funeral took place at Derby on Dec. 21.

At Dublin, Thomas Kemmis, esq. He was second son of the late William Kemmis, of Ballinacor, in the county of Wicklow, esq. Crown and Treasury Solicitor, and was called to the bar in 1834. For many years he was Crown Solicitor for the Leinster Circuit, which situation he held until within the last few months, when he resigned it, on being appointed to the office which becomes vacant by his demise. The office of Solicitor to the Crown and Treasury in Ireland had been held in Mr. Kemmis's family uninterruptedly since the year 1783.

At Clonmel, Mary Rock, eldest dau. of the Rev. E. D. H. Knox, Rector of Killydinn.

At No. 2, Kensington-garden-terrace, London, Harriett, relict of Colonel W. Maetier, C.B. late Bengal Cavalry, and Brigadier Commander at Benares.

Dec. 19. At Alnwick, aged 76, Mr. Thomas Henry Bell, the originator of

the Alnwick Scientific and Mechanical Institute. He was the author of a very ingenious "Essay on Civilization," and contributed several fugitive pieces of merit, both in prose and verse, to the *Newcastle Magazine*, the *Mechanic's Magazine*, and other publications.

Aged 60, Mr. Samuel Clark, of the Leeds District Court of Bankruptcy.

At Letterkenny, aged 20, Alfred, third son of the Rev. H. Kingsmill, D.D.

At Affpuddle-rectory, Dorset, aged 73, the Rev. Richard Waldy, of Haughton-le-Skerne and Longhewton, Durham, and prebendary of Salisbury. He was of Clare Hall, Cambridge, B.A. 1818, M.A. 1821. In the latter year, he was appointed domestic chaplain to the Dowager Lady Vernon, and for some time he was curate of Christchurch, Hampshire. He was collated to the rectory of Turnerspuddle with Affpuddle, 1824, and to his prebend at Salisbury 1849.

Dec. 20. In Westminster, Arthur, second son of G. J. Cayley, esq.

At Perth, aged 40, Mr. George Condie, solicitor.

At Greeneroft Hall, Durham, Mr. Joseph Davison. He held many valuable appointments, some of which are in the gift of Government, and others in that of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners and the Bishop of Durham. He was clerk and deputy-steward of all the manor courts of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners. In 1850 he was appointed deputy-registrar of the diocese, which office he held for many years. He was also registrar of wills for a number of years, and on the formation of the Probate Courts was appointed district registrar for Durham. He was likewise cursitor, an office now abolished, as well as clerk in the Palatine Chancery Court, to which he was appointed by Bishop Barrington. He was the son of the late Mr. Thomas Davison of Sedgefield; and leaves a widow, two sons, and three daughters. The eldest daughter, Mrs. Akenhead of Otterington Hall, Yorkshire, and the second daughter, Miss Dora Davison, were on the continent at the time of their father's death.

At Cheltenham, aged 71, Anna Latty, widow of Capt. Geale, R.N.

At Clevedon, aged 75, Major James Bimbury Hamilton, on retired full pay, 14th Foot, and late of the Recruiting Staff, Bristol. He entered the service in Sept. 1809; served in the Peninsula,





and received the war medal and clasp for the battle of Salamanca.

At Edinburgh, Colonel Archibald Geddes Hyslop, of Lotus, co. Kirkcubright; late of the Madras Artillery.

At the Crescent, Norwich, the Rev. J. P. Lewis, brother of Mrs. John Banks, of Cockermouth.

At Aberdalgie House, near Perth, in aged 89, James Lorimer, esq.

At Notting-hill, London, Elizabeth, widow of Major-General G. R. Penny, of the Bengal Army.

At 20, Park-lane, London, Lady Elizabeth Hope Vere, of Blackwood, Lanarkshire, relict of James Joseph Hope Vere, esq. of Craigie Hall and Blackwood, and daughter of George seventh Marquis of Tweeddale.

*Dec. 21.* At Thetford, Norfolk, aged 83, George Edward Beauchamp, esq. second son of the late Sir Thomas Beauchamp Proctor, Baronet, of Langley Park, in the same county.

At the convent of the Faithful Companions of Jesus, Liverpool, aged 21, Kate Daly, (in religion Mother Mary Victoire,) 5th dau. of John Daly, esq. of Mary Mount, Liskard, Cheshire.

At Woodend Cottage, Banchory-Ternau, Margaret Sarah, widow of Major Forbes, of Inverernan, and youngest dau. of the late Duncan Forbes Mitchell, of Thainston, Aberdeenshire.

In Cockspur-street, Pall Mall, London, aged 70, Mr. Joseph Lang. He was well known in the sporting world during the last 45 years, not only as a gunmaker, but as an excellent sportsman and a capital shot. He was the first gunmaker who brought the breech-loader into use in England.

At Netherclay, Taunton, aged 90, Dame Susanna, widow of Sir Charles Warre Malet, the first Baronet. She was the eldest dau. of James Wales, esq. was married in 1799 and left a widow in 1815, having had issue the present Baronet and seven other sons.

At Croisicrag, in Ranach, aged eighty-seven, Ann, widow of George Duncan Robertson of Struan, Major-General in the Army, C.B. and K.L. and Chief of Clan Donnachie.

At Manor House, Potterne, Devizes, Colonel Harry Salmon.

At the vicarage, Bradley, near Stafford, aged 58, the Rev. John Shelley, M.A.

At Roxburghe House, Kelso, Helen Stuart, second dau. of the late Archibald Stuart, esq. Kelso.

*Dec. 22.* At Torquay, aged 78, Har-

riet, widow of Alexander Campbell, esq. of Possil.

Maria Isabella, relict of Samuel Astley Dunham, LL.D.

At Edinburgh, James Darling Horne, esq. Overton, New Galloway.

At Tattenhall, aged 65, C. G. Megevan, esq. High Bailiff of the Walsall County Court.

At Mostyn, Flintshire, aged 65, the Rev. H. Pugh. He had been a dissenting minister 44 years.

At Edinburgh, Alexander Robertson, esq. writer to the signet.

At Allerton Hall, Gledhow, aged 83, Mr. William Smith, a well known merchant of Leeds.

At Queensborough-terrace, London, aged 75, Colonel George Wright, of Lympstone, Devon, late Madras Army.

*Dec. 23.* At St. George's-sq. Regent's-park, Gertrude, the wife of George Hooton Downes, esq. of the Stock Exchange, London.

At Moulsoe, Bucks, aged 64, the Rev. Walter Drake, Rector of that parish and Vicar of Bradwell in the same county. He was of Christ's coll. Camb. B.A. 1829, M.A. 1836. He was appointed to Bradwell 1833, and to Moulsoe 1842.

At Salkeld Hall, Penrith, aged 70, Anna Ellen, widow of Robert Hodgson, esq. and dau. of the late Rev. Walter Fletcher, Chancellor of Carlisle.

At Nottingham, aged 84, the Rev. John Mackintosh, of Hyson-green Independent church.

At Bedford, aged 65, Lieut.-Colonel Henry Morland, late of Madras N.I.

At Edinburgh, aged 24, Lily, wife of Captain R. H. de Montmorency, Bengal Staff Corps.

At Oxford-road, Manchester, Sarah Ann, wife of George Constantine Phipps, esq. M.D. and youngest child of the late Captain Robert Phillips, late of Her Majesty's 40th Regiment.

At the residence of his brother R. Purefoy, esq. Rathmines-road, Dublin, Thomas Purefoy, esq. M.D. of Lucan, third son of the late Rev. Thomas Purefoy, Banagher.

At St. Anne's convent, Camp-hill, Birmingham, aged 85, Miss Mary Tayler.

*Dec. 24.* Aged 81, John Hartshorne, M.R.C.S.E. of Ebury-street, Fimlico, late Assistant-Surgeon, Royal Hospital, Chelsea.

At Berlin, the Baroness von Moltke, wife of the celebrated Prussian general of that name. She was a woman of



considerable intellectual attainments, and frequently assisted her husband in work connected with his profession. Her maiden name was Burt, and her father, who was an Englishman, and resided in Holstein, married the general's sister as his second wife.

At Edinburgh, Peter Newton, third son of the late John Newton, esq. ship-owner, Leith.

At Newcastle-on-Tyne, aged 38, Mr. John Pritchard, tragedian.

At Glenview, King's County, Georgina Catherine, eldest dau. of the late Joseph Robbins, esq. J.P.

At West Brompton, aged 59, Captain John Sibbald, R.N. late in the Antarctic Expedition with Sir James Rose.

Aged 50, Dr. R. C. Vincent, of Tavistock-street, Bedford-square.

*Dec. 25.* At her residence, Westfield, Bromley, Kent, aged 75, Anna Maria Fuhrman, widow of the late Nathaniel Richard Clarke, esq. serjeant-at-law, of Brown's-green, Handsworth, Staff.

At Preston, aged 34, John Horrocks, esq. He was son of the late John Horrocks, esq. and a distant relative of the founder of the cotton trade in Preston. He married, on 4 May, 1868, Mary, only daughter of the Rev. James Bennett, B.A.

At his residence, 9, St. John's Wood-park, London, aged 79, George Lowe, esq. C.E. F.R.S. F.G.S. &c. for many years Engineer in Chief to the Chartered Gaslight Company, Westminster.

At Reading, Mary Ann, dau. of the late Lord and Lady William Murray.

The Hon. Arabella Catherine Wolstenholme. She was aunt of the fourth Viscount Bangor, and married in 1811 Mr. Edward Wolstenholme, of Clarence House, Rochampton, who died some years ago. She was raised to the rank of a Viscount's daughter by royal warrant 1835.

*Dec. 26.* At his residence, Garthmyl Hall, Montgomeryshire, aged 68, Lieut.-General William George Gold, Colonel of the 53rd Regiment of Foot.

At Zeal Monachorum, Devonshire, Mrs. Christian Jeffery. It is stated that she was born on the 1st Jan. 1767, and baptised on the 14th of that month in the church of Down St. Mary. Up to her hundredth year she was a strong robust woman, and on the 1st of Jan. 1867 waded through the deep snow like a person in the prime of life.

The Rev. Henry Smith Mackarness, Vicar of Ash, near Sandwich, Kent. He was of King's college, Cambridge,

where he obtained a fellowship (B.A. 1851, M.A. 1859). He was presented to Ash in 1857.

At 46, Bryanstone-square, aged 60, Major-General James Ramsay (retired), H.M.'s Indian Army, third son of the late Lieut.-General the Hon. James Ramsay.

*Dec. 27.* At her residence, Wilmont, Sandycove, aged 87, Elizabeth Mabella, relict of Captain James Barry, J.P. Corderry, county of Louth, and Kilcainnes, county of Meath.

At his residence, Browne Hall, county of Mayo, aged 58, James Arthur Browne, esq.

At Avon Tyrrell, Hampshire, aged 51, Colonel Henry Edward Hamlyn Fane. He was a cousin of the Earl of Westmoreland, being the eldest son of the late Rev. Edward Fane of Fulbeck-hall, Lincolnshire, by Maria, fourth daughter of the late William Parry Hodges, esq. He was born in 1817 and educated at the Charterhouse. He was a magistrate for Devonshire, Lincolnshire, and Hampshire, and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Royal South Lincolnshire Militia; and for some years held a commission in the 4th Light Dragoons, from which he retired with the rank of Major. Colonel Fane assumed by royal licence in 1865 the additional name of Hamlyn, in consequence of his marriage with Susan Hester, eldest dau. and coheirss of the late Sir James Hamlyn-Williams, of Clovelly and Edwinstford, Bart. In 1865 he was elected in the Conservative interest as M.P. for the southern division of Hampshire, but in consequence of ill-health retired from public life at the recent dissolution. He has left a youthful family.

At the rectory, Barkstone, near Grantham, aged 40, the Rev. Alexander Geddes, M.A. eldest son of the late Alex. James Geddes, esq.

At Copenhagen, Lady Harriet Hagemann. She was a sister of the sixth Earl of Buckinghamshire, and married, in 1820, Mr. Jasper Seityn Hagemann, a General in the Danish army, who died some years since.

Aged 41, Mr. John Humphery, eldest son of the late Mr. Alderman Humphery. He was probably the largest wharf proprietor on the banks of the Thames at London-bridge and Milwall. He and his brother (now Sir William Humphery, Bart.) married the two daughters of the late Mr. Alderman Cubitt.

At Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 28, Tho-





mas, eldest son of the late Rev. Joseph Kingsmill, of Pentonville.

*Dec. 28.* At Merthyr Tydvil, Mr. Francis Allday, M.R.C.S.

At Brighton, aged 63, the Hon. Emily Lydia Baring, dau. of the first Lord Ashburton.

Aged 53, John Edmund Burningham Curtis, of Lincoln's-inn, barrister-at-law, eldest son of the late John Curtis, of Gray's-inn, solicitor.

At Spalding, aged 27, T. H. Morris, M.R.C.S. eldest son of Edwin Morris, M.D. F.R.C.S.

At Stanley, Falkland Islands, aged 21, Charles Ogle Robertson, esq. Acting Navigating Sub-Lieutenant H.M.S. Brisk, fourth son of Commander J. H. M. Robertson, R.N.

At 2, Acacia-place, St. John's-wood, Mary, wife of the Rev. Robertson Ross, B.A. Minister of Robert-street chapel, Grosvenor-square.

Suddenly, at No. 29, Dundas-street, James F. Wilkie, esq. S.S.C.

*Dec. 29.* At Linktown, Kirkcaldy, Robert, son of William Anderson, esq. yr. of Glentarkie.

Aged 51, Mr. William B. Bairstow, member of the Town Council for Lime-street Ward, Liverpool.

At Edinburgh, Robert Campbell, esq. of Skerrington, advocate.

At Clare, Suffolk, of which parish he had been Vicar since 1854, aged 64, the Rev. John Charles Coleman. He was educated at Dublin (B.A. 1836), and previously to his presentation to the living of Clare, was Perpetual Curate of St. James's, Standard-hill, Nottingham.

At Gurtanard, Listowel, co. Kerry, aged 23, James Murray Home, esq. J.P.

*Dec. 30.* At the rectory, Aleester, Warwickshire, the Rev. Fredk. Alfred Crow. He was of Christ's college, Cambridge (B.A. 1835, M.A. 1838), and was presented to Aleester in 1844.

At Edinburgh, aged 65, Major-Gen. Walter Hamilton. He entered the army as Ensign in the 78th Foot in Jan. 1819. He commanded a brigade in the late expedition to Persia, and commanded also the 78th Highlanders throughout the operations of Major-General Sir Henry Havelock's movable column in 1857, including the defeat of the rebels at Fentchpore, Pandoo Nud-dee, and Cawnpore. He was recently employed as inspecting officer at Bristol.

At Elderslie House, Renfrewshire, aged 28, Captain Archibald Alexander

Speirs, M.P. He was born in 1840, and four years thereafter succeeded to the extensive family estates in Renfrewshire, on the death of his father, Alexander Speirs, esq. of Elderslie, a leading and consistent Whig, who was at once the lord-lieutenant and member for the county. The deceased was educated at Eton. In 1858 he entered the army, and obtained in 1862 the rank of captain in the Scots Fusilier Guards, from which, however, he retired in 1865, on being elected, by a large majority, representative of Renfrewshire in the Liberal interest, after a keen contest with Sir Michael Shaw Stewart, Bart. the Conservative candidate and former member. In 1867 Captain Speirs married the Hon. Anne Pleydell-Bonverie, eldest dau. of Viscount Folkestone and granddau. of the Earl of Radnor. In the event of no issue resulting from the marriage his only sister, married to Lieut.-Colonel Claud Alexander, of Ballochmyle, will succeed to the estates, the rental of which amounts, it is stated, to fully 25,000*l.* a-year.

At Rivalsgreen, Linlithgow, Margaret, dau. of the late Rev. David Watson, Linlithgow.

*Dec. 31.* Mr. George Cole Baker, J.P. of Ballydavid Wood, near Bausha, Ireland, was shot dead within a few yards of his own house. The cause assigned for this outrage is that some ejectment processes have lately been served by Mr. Baker.

*In December.* Dr. Balassa, the eminent operating surgeon, of Pesth, in Hungary. He was one of the few scientific celebrities Hungary can boast of.

Augustus Blanche, a popular Swedish dramatist and novelist.

At Paris, M. Pierre François Adolphe Carmouche, a veteran French dramatist, aged 71. He has generally worked as an associate with writers of greater note; the most celebrated pieces to which is name is affixed being "Le Vampire," "Les Deux Forçats," and "Pauline." His latter years were devoted to the formation of a dramatic library, which is said to be one of the finest in France: but perhaps the most famous event in his life was his marriage with Jenny Vertpré. He was director of the first French company which played at St. James's theatre in London.

The Rev. Dr. Duncan, of London, clerk to the synod of the Presbyterian church in England. He was the son of the Rev. Dr. Duncan, of Ruthwell, an eminent minister of the Church of



Scotland, and the originator of savings banks in the United Kingdom.

The *Lancet* announces the deaths of several distinguished Continental brethren:—M. Gaillard, one of the provincial notabilities of France, who, as chief surgeon to the hospital of Poitiers, and as a writer and operator, had enjoyed considerable reputation; M. André Üyterhoeven, one of the most distinguished medical men of Belgium, surgeon-in-chief to the Hospice Ste. Elisabeth of Antwerp, former Professor of the Free University, Member of the Academy of Medicine and of the Royal Society of Brussels, and the author of several surgical proceedings and valuable writings; and M. Gubian, an able physician of Lyons, one of the founders of the General Dispensary of that city for giving medical relief to the poor in their own homes.

Mr. Thomas Todd, of Maryculter House, near Aberdeen. He was in youth connected with the law in London, but became a partner in an extensive firm in Liverpool, where he remained till 1849. In that year he came to Aberdeen and joined the firm of Messrs. Alexander Hadden and Sons, in partnership with his brother-in-law Mr. James F. Hadden. On the contest for the representation of the city between Colonel Sykes and Mr. John Farley Leith, in 1857, Mr. Todd came forward as a third candidate, but retired early from the contest.

Jan. 1. In Dublin, aged 31, Lieut. Arthur Bailey, late of the 61st Foot.

At Peckham Rye, the Rev. Joseph Bartholomew, curate of Camberwell, and chaplain of the Cemetery, Forest Hill.

At Queensborough Terrace, Marian, wife of George Wynyard Batty, esq., late Bengal Civil Service.

At Maida-Hill, Adelaide, relict of the late Charles Byrn, esq.

At Edinburgh, aged 92, Barbara, widow of the late Alexander Campbell, esq. of Hallyards.

At Seymour-street, Portman-square, aged 72, Admiral John Rivett Carnac, He was brother of the late Baronet, formerly Governor of Bombay. He saw active service in the last war with the United States, and was also on board Lord Exmouth's flag-ship, the Queen Charlotte, at the bombardment of Algiers. He married a sister of Sir John Davis, who was created a Baronet for his services in China.

At Chipping Sodbury, Gloucestershire, aged 70, the Rev. Ralph Maurus

Cooper, C.S.B., in the 46th year of his priesthood, and the 53rd of his religious profession.

At Clifton, aged 75, Mrs. Elizabeth Donelan, widow of Colonel Donelan.

At Tullygarth, Clackmannanshire, James Guiland, esq. late of Newton, of Wemyss.

Ann, only dau. of the late William Hall, esq. of Kensington, and sister of William Champain Hall, esq. of Lincoln's-inn-fields, solicitor.

At Kingstown, Ireland, aged 90, Miss Eliza Henry, eldest sister of the late Joseph Henry, esq. solicitor, Dublin.

At Wakefield, aged 63, B. Kemplay, L.S.A.L., formerly of Leeds.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 24, John Miller Masefield, esq. of Ellerton Hall, Shropshire.

At Clearwell, Glouc. aged 76, Capt. Howard Lewis Parry, R.N.

At Musselburgh, aged 26, William Andrew Sanderson, youngest son of Henry Sanderson, Surgeon R.N.

Jan. 2. At Hyde Park Terrace, Louisa, wife of Capt. R. Aufrere Baker, Royal Art., and dau. of General Sir Richard Birch, K.C.B., Indian Army.

At Green Park, Dublin, aged 58, William Garnett, esq. second son of the late John Payne Garnett, of Arch Hall, co. Meath.

At Pau, Captain Charles Kiunaird Johnstone Gordon, late of Craig, Aberdeenshire, fifth son of the late James Raymond Johnstone, esq. of Alva.

At Ghent, aged 24, Valère, only son of Richard Hayman, esq. and son-in-law of Mrs. William Pitt Byrne.

At Rugby, aged 57, Thomas Haymes, M.R.C.S.E., of Thirsk, Yorkshire.

Aged 30, William Cook Low, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., of Martley, co. Worc.

At Leeds, aged 42, Mary Ann Rhoda, eldest dau. of the late Rev. William Seaton, incumbent of St. Thomas's, Lambeth.

At Ludlow, Mary Anne, relict of the Rev. Richard Walter, Vicar of Woodford, Northamptonshire.

At Southsea, aged 74, Mary Anne, widow of James Wildey, esq. of the Oxfordshire Militia.

At Chelmsford, aged 43, John William Wilson, esq. solicitor.

Jan. 3. At Corehouse, Miss Edmonds-toune Cranstoun, of Corehouse.

At Gravesend, aged 72, the Rev. George Dodsworth, D.D. He was educated at St. Catherine's hall, Cambridge (B.D. 1833; D.D. 1839). He afterwards became missionary and chaplain





to Her Majesty's forces in Newfoundland. In 1841 he was appointed chaplain to the Eton union; and from 1849 to 1854 he officiated as curate of Harewood, Yorkshire. Dr. Dodsworth held the office of chaplain to Viscount Ranelagh. He published a Sermon on the Queen's Accession, preached in the Chapel Royal, Windsor Park, 1838.

At Antrim, Mr. George Victor Du Noyer, who for nearly a quarter of a century was connected with the Geological Survey of Ireland. Many valuable contributions in the form of sketches of Irish antiquities were made by him to the Royal Irish Academy. His eldest daughter Fanny died the day before her father.

At Warrington-gardens, aged 62, Ellen Ann Shove, widow of the late William Eccles, esq. F.R.C.S. of Old Broad-street, and only surviving dau. of the late William Gregory, of Shacklewell, esq.

At Brighton, aged 22, Edith Jane, wife of William Ewing, esq. of Gloucester-pl. Portman-sq. and seventh dau. of William Jackson, esq. ex-M.P. for North Derbyshire.

At the deanery, Worcester, aged 72, the Hon. and Rev. John Fortescue, Canon of Worcester, his death having been preceded by that of his wife by less than a week. He was born 5th Nov. 1796, and was the fourth son of the first Earl Fortescue, by his wife Hester, sister of George Grenville first Marquis of Buckingham, and great-grandfather of the present Duke. He received his education at Magdalen coll. Cambridge (M.A. 1816). He was appointed to a canonry in Worcester Cathedral by the Government of Earl Grey in 1834, and he also held the rectory of Poltimore with Huxham, in Devonshire, to which he was presented by the late Lord Poltimore in 1835. In April 1842 he married his late wife Sophia, dau. of the Rev. H. Neville, Rector of Cottesmore, Rutland. He leaves a son and two daughters. He is interred in the cloisters of Worcester Cathedral.

At Windsor, aged 75, Capt. Samuel Goddard, Military Knight of Windsor, and late of the 14th Foot. He served in the campaign of 1815, including the battle of Waterloo and the storming of Cambray. In 1817, in the East Indies, he was present at the siege of Hattraas, and in the campaign of 1817-18 in the Deccan; also at the siege and storming of Bhurtpore in 1825-6. He originated

the measure by which was accorded to meritorious quartermasters of long service the nominal rank of captain, several of whom, many years since, presented him with a handsome testimonial.

At Kerse, Lesmahagow, N.B. John Greenshields, esq. of Kerse.

At Sidmouth, aged 65, Nancy Rebecca Nichols, relict of John Nichols, esq. late of Cook's-court, Lincoln's-inn.

At Sandhurst, aged 65, Sarah Green, widow of the late Lieut.-Gen. John A. Philips, colonel of the Woolwich Division of the Royal Marines.

At Westminster, aged 84, Elizabeth Scharf, relict of Mr. George Scharf, the well-known lithographer and topographical artist.

At Hertford, Charlotte Sophia, widow of the late Major Skinner, R.A. of Brantwoods, Great Baddow, Essex.

At Epsom, Caroline, relict of Major-Gen. Francis Ringler Thomson, R.F.

Aged 22, Annette, youngest dau. of James Thornton, esq. Theobalds.

At Dublin, aged 56, James A. Walsh, esq. L.A.H.I.

Jan. 4. At Willesborough, aged 57, the Rev. William Dodsworth Bates Bertles, Rector of Sevington, Kent. He was of Pembroke college, Cambridge (B.A. 1835; M.A. 1839). Mr. Bertles was appointed to the evening lectureship of Milverton in 1860, and was presented to Sevington in 1862. He was domestic chaplain to the Earl of Mountcashel.

At Belfast, Raban Harriett Helen Budd, wife of Colonel Ralph Budd, Inspecting Field Officer.

At Bath, aged 83, Commander Richard Lock Connolly. He was one of the few survivors of Nelson's victory of the Nile. He entered the navy in 1795, saw much active service, and was placed on half pay in 1821.

At Gloucester-terr. Hyde-park, aged 81, Caroline, widow of Robert Chester Cooper, esq. of Brighton, Deputy-Lieut. for Sussex and J.P. for Kent.

At Ryde, aged 34, Capt. James Alfred Godfrey, of the Royal Marines.

At Brussels, aged 34, Lieut. Frederick Hammond, R.N.

At the rectory, Shenington, near Banbury, aged 57, the Rev. Robert Edward Hughes, M.A., Rector of Shenington, Gloucestershire, and of Alkerton, Oxfordshire.

At Upper Norwood, aged 86, Eleanor, widow of George Kirkpatrick, esq. of Hollydale, Bromley, Kent.

At Hazlewood, near Tadcaster, aged



74, Lady Riall, widow of the late General Sir Phineas Riall, K.C.H.

In Cadogan-place, Emily, widow of Lord Granville Somerset, and brother of the late Duke of Beaufort, by his first wife Anne, dau. of Henry Boldero Barnard, esq. of South Cave, co. York. She was the youngest dau. of Robert, first Lord Carington. She was married in 1822, and left a widow in 1848, and leaves issue three sons and two daughters. She was buried at Kensal Green on Jan. 9.

Jan. 5. At Lewisham, aged 70, W. Bagnall, esq.

At Halton Hologate, near Spilby, aged 74, Mary Audley, wife of Augustus Booth, esq. and youngest dau. of the late Rev. Samuel Partridge, Vicar of Boston.

At Stockwell, Commander Morrice Cowen, R.N. He entered the service 1805, and was actively employed until 1830.

In London, aged 45, Captain Amyand Powney Charles Elliot, late of the 5th Bengal Light Cavalry. He was fourth son of the late Hon. John Edmund Elliot (who was a member of the Bengal Civil Service from 1805 to 1830, and died in April 1862), by Amelia, third daughter of James Henry Casamajor, esq. (formerly a Member of Council at Madras, having been in the Madras Civil Service from 1802 to 1837); he was therefore grandson of Gilbert, first Earl of Minto, a former Governor-General of India. Amyand Elliot was born 18 June, 1823, and entered the Bengal Army in 1841, being appointed Lieutenant in the 5th Light Cavalry in 1848. He was for many years in civil employ, having served as Assistant-Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee from Feb. 1849, till his retirement from the service in July 1859. He married in 1842 Anna Maria, eldest daughter of Major Alexander of the Bengal Army, and by her (who died in 1857) he had nine children, several of whom survive.

At Limerick, the Rev. John Elmes, for 31 years Vicar of St. John's in that city.

At Shawfield-street, aged 29, Xaverius, second son of the late Capt. Henry Geary, R. Art.

At Fulham, aged 50, Charles Hatchard, esq.

At Pulford Rectory, Chester, aged 83, Frances Gardner, the wife of the Rev. James Radcliffe Lyon.

At Tarrington, Herefordsh. aged 53, the Rev. James Henry Mapleton, Rector of Aylton, Herefordshire. He was

educated at Worcester college, Oxford (B.A. 1838), and ordained priest 1840. Mr. Mapleton was presented to Aylton in 1844.

At Bath, aged 78, Ann Elizabeth Monkhouse, dau. of the late Rev. Joseph Monkhouse, Rector of Market Deeping, Lincolnshire, and St. Mary's, Stamford.

At Brighton, aged 50, Mary, wife of Gavin Elliot Pocock, esq. surgeon.

At the Elms, Stratford, aged 65, Mary, third daughter of the late William Vooght, esq. of West Ham Abbey.

Jan. 6. At Newcastle, co. Down, Caroline, wife of the Hon. William O. B. Annesley, brother to Earl Annesley. She was the fifth dau. of the late John Mears, esq. of Bagshot; was married in 1860; and leaves a son and three daughters.

At Newington, Edinburgh, Dr. J. Cowan, R.N.

At Derby, Harriet, widow of the Ven. Archdeacon Cowper.

At Lesketh How, Ambleside, aged 70, Margaret, widow of John Davy, esq. M.D., F.R.S.

At the Viceregal Lodge, Dublin, aged 59, Capt. Walling Everard, late of the 60th Rifles. He was the third son of Scarlett Everard, esq. of King's Lynn, by Anne, dau. of Richard Salisbury, esq. of Lancaster. He had acted as Assistant Secretary to the Duke of Abercorn and other Viceroy's. His funeral took place on the 11th at the Jerome Cemetery, attended by most of the Viceroy's household.

At Leamington, aged 64, Bernard Granville, esq. of Wellesbourne Hall, Warwickshire. He was the son and heir of Court Granville, esq. who died in 1848, by Maria, dau. of Edward Ferrers, esq. of Baddesley Clinton. He married first in 1828 Matthewana-Sarah, second dau. of Capt. Matthew Onslow of the Coldstream Guards; and secondly in 1830 Anne Catherine, youngest dau. of Admiral Sir Hyde Parker. By the former he had an only daughter, married to Lord Charles Paulet; by the latter five sons and five daughters. He is succeeded by his eldest son Major Bevil Granville of the 23rd Fusiliers.

At Dorking, aged 82, Emma, widow of Frederick Holbrooke, esq. F.S.A. formerly of H.M.'s 14th Light Dragoons. She was dau. of the Hon. Philip Roper, of Linstead, Kent, by Barbara, second dau. of Launcelot Lyttleton, esq. of Lichfield; was married in 1803; and left a widow in 1850.

Aged 44, Assistant-Commissary-Ge-





neral John Henry Sale. He shot himself at his lodgings in Cecil-street, Strand, and the coroner's jury returned a verdict of temporary insanity.

At Rochester-sq. Camden Town, aged 69, Helena Josena Meyer, widow of Capt. Lynch Talbot, Royal Artillery.

At Swallowfield, Berks, aged 77, Thomas Terry, esq.

At Kingstown, Dublin, aged 89, Capt. James Whitley, on half-pay, 9th Foot. He entered the service in 1805, and retired on half pay in 1816. He served in the Peninsula with the 9th, and was present at the battles of Roleia, Vimi-  
era, Corunna, Busaco, and Salamanca (medal and five clasps). He was the inventor of many projectiles of great efficiency in warfare.

Jan. 7. At Great Malvern, aged 82, Georgiana Sophia, widow of the late Colonel Thomas Duer Broughton, Hon. East India Company's service, eldest dau. of late John Chamier, esq.

At Finchley, aged 80, Sophia, relict of Dr. Bryant.

At Edinburgh, Archibald Campbell, esq. second son of the late Alexander Campbell, esq. of Hallyards.

At Victoria-st., Westminster, aged 50, Robert Christian, esq.

At Athol House, Surbiton, Surrey, aged 93, the residence of her son George W. Cuming, Anna Frances, widow of John Cuming, esq. of Greys Wood House, Magistrate of Surrey.

At Overton, near Marlborough, aged 56, Robert Caswell Long, esq.

At Rockliffe House, Bacup, aged 68, John Maden, esq.

Aged 38, Mr. John Maxwell, one of the Surveyors to Lloyd's Registry of Shipping for the Port of London.

At Long Critchill rectory, Dorset, aged 74, Jane, widow of Thomas Phinn, esq. of Bath.

At Kingstown, Ireland, Catherine, widow of John Thompson, esq. D.L., of Clonfin, co. Longford.

Jan. 8. At Bloom-bury-square, aged 68, Dr. William Perrin Brodribb. He was surgeon to the Magdalen hospital and a member of the Court of Examiners of the Apothecaries' Society.

At Freeford, the residence of her son-in-law Colonel Dyott, M.P., Elizabeth Forster, of Lysways Hall, Staff. relict of C. S. Forster, formerly M.P. for Walsall.

At Cheltenham, aged 69, Mary Ann, relict of John Micklethwait, esq. of Ardsley House, and Thorwicke Hall, co. York. She was the eldest dau. of Miles Atkinson, esq. of Skipwith Hall,

by Catherine, dau. of Capt. Baynes R.N.; was married in 1825, and had a numerous family.

At Londonderry, John Munn, esq. J.P. At Dublin, aged 64, Robert H. Owen, esq., Q.C.

At Dublin, aged 61, John Talbot Scallan, solicitor.

Jan. 9. At Penrhos House, Weston-super-Mare, Somerset, Eleanor, the wife of Edward S. Byam, esq. dau. of Andrew Murray Prior, esq. of Rathdowney, in the Queen's County, and of Claremont, county of Wicklow, some time High Sheriff of the latter county, and niece of the 1st Viscount Frankfort De Montmorency. The deceased was interred at Clifton, near Bristol, in the tomb of her sister Mary Prior, who died at that place in Dec. 1863.

At Brixton-hill-terrace, aged 75, Frances Sophia, widow of Edwin Charlton, esq. of New Bridge-st. Blackfriars.

At Tachbrook-st. aged 25, Anthony Charles Colborne, M.D. of King's-road, Chelsea, late Surgeon on board the "Warrior Queen."

At Kingston rectory, near Worcester, aged 41, Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. C. B. Evors.

At Hackney, aged 46, David Hepburn, of the Dundee, Perth, and London Shipping Company.

At Kensington, Mary-Willetts, wife of the Rev. H. A. Holden, M.A.

M. Paul Huet, a well-known landscape painter. He was struck with apoplexy while at work before his easel on a picture destined for the coming exhibition. M. Huet was born at Paris on 3rd Oct. 1804, and was decorated with the Legion of Honour in 1841.

At Dublin, aged 60, Henry Lyons, esq. solicitor.

At Stanstead, Essex, aged 69, William Edward Russell, esq. late of the Property and Income-tax Office, Guildhall, and New Cross, Kent.

At St. John's-wood, aged 43, Sarah, third dau. of the late Gilbert Scott, esq. of Cockerham House, South Molton.

At Clarke Grove, Sheffield, aged 32, John Henry Waterfall, esq.

Jan. 10. At Cresswell, Northumberland, aged 71, Elizabeth Mary, the wife of Addison John Baker Cresswell, esq. of Cresswell. She was the dau. of Gilfrid Lawson Reed, esq. of Champion-hill, and co-sin and heir of John Baker, esq. of Hinton, co. Glouc. was married in 1818, and took in consequence the additional name of Baker. She has left issue four sons and two daughters.



At Leicester, Mr. George Davis, for 33 years Manager of the Leicestershire Banking Company's Branch at Market Harborough.

At Dunsford-place, Bath, aged 78, Martha Gorham.

At Burton-creseent, aged 83, William Hemp, esq. surviving his wife only five days.

At Porchester-terrace, aged 83, John Innes, esq.

At Newton Heath, near Manchester, aged 61, Ann, only sister of John Keighley, esq. of Manchester.

At Pitmilly, Fifeshire, aged 86, William T. Monypenny, esq. of Pitmilly.

At Glasgow, Capt. Luke Edward O'Connor, 83rd Regt. and Military Secretary to his father Major-Gen. Luke Smyth O'Connor, C.B., Commanding-in-Chief in the West Indies.

At Bath, aged 84, Anne, widow of Lieut.-Gen. Sir Manly Power, K.C.B.

Nea Eva Emily, eldest dau. of Sir Hercules and the Hon. Lady Robinson.

At Weymouth-street, Portland-place, aged 79, Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late Rev. James Smirnov, formerly chaplain to the Imperial Russian Embassy, of bronchitis.

At Hull, Mary Charlotte, wife of the Rev. Townsend Storrs.

At Cheltenham, aged 24, Emily, sixth dau. of Major-Gen. A. Wheatley, of the Bengal Army.

At Dinton, Wilts, aged 69, Captain Alexander Waltham Wyndham, on half-pay, unattached, late of 2nd Dragoons, and of Borrisboole, Ireland. He was uncle to the present Mr. Wyndham of Dinton; being the second son of William Wyndham, esq. who died in 1841, by Lætitia, dau. of Alex. Popham, esq. master in Chancery. He married in 1830 Emma, dau. of Sir John Trevelyan, Bart. and by that lady, who died in 1837, has left three sons and five daughters.

Jan. 11. At Alexandra-road, Kilburn Priory, aged 73, Mr. Charles Caleb Atkinson, who was for a long series of years secretary of University college, London. He was called to the bar at the Inner Temple in 1834, but did not practise.

At Ayr, aged 82, Elizabeth Campbell, relict of James Cuthbert, of Dallegals.

At St. Joseph's Convent of Our Lady of Mercy, Chelsea, Anne Margaret Duff (in religion, Mary Winifred), dau. of James Charles Duff, esq.

At Hertford, aged 66, Edward Rawson Parke Francis.

At Dorking, aged 84, Elizabeth, widow

of Christopher Edward Johnson, esq. late of London, and mother of Mr. Geo. Byng Johnson, of Dorking.

At Dublin, Emmy, dau. of W. H. O'Leary, esq. M.D.

At Mentone, the Rev. Harold Sherlock, M.A. Rector of Ashton-in-Mackerfield, Lancashire, and for many years a magistrate of that county. He was presented to Ashton in 1845.

At Southampton, aged 72, Harriet, wife of William Usher, esq. formerly of Wynberg, Cape of Good Hope.

Jan. 12. At Portland-place, aged 62, Frederick Chinnock, esq.

At Kegworth, Leic., aged 47, Alfred Horatio Daniell, M.R.C.S.E., L.S.A.

At Ambleside, aged 76, Thomas Barlow Jervis, esq.

At Kingston-on-Thames, Edward Jones, esq. of the Bank of England, eldest son of R. H. Jones, esq. of Holford-square.

At Bedford, aged 51, John Manley, esq.

At Lelant, aged 79, the Rev. Uriah Tonkin, Vicar of Lelant with Towedwack, Cornwall (1832). He was of Exeter College, Oxford (B.A. 1811).

At Portugal-st. Grosvenor-square, aged 67, Henrietta, widow of George Fortescue Turville, esq. of Bosworth Hall, Leic. She was dau. of the Baron Adolph von der Lanckin, of Galenbeck, in the duchy of Mecklenburg Schwerin; was married in 1826, and left a widow in 1839, having had issue the present Mr. Turville, of Bosworth, another son, and a daughter.

Jan. 13. At Horbury-creseent, Lad-broke-square, aged 78, Thomas Holdsworth Brooking, esq.

Sarah-Wilmot, widow of Rev. James Cottle, LL.D. Incumbent of Trinity church, Weymouth.

At Paddington, aged 79, Ann, widow of William Nathaniel Curtis, esq. of Leyton, Essex, and Catherine college, Cambridge.

Aged 73, Robert Green, of Fulham, for 40 years a member of Lloyd's.

At Thorpe Hamlet, Norwich, aged 8, Reginald Matchett, the second son of J. B. Morgan, esq.

At Denmark-hill, aged 52, Paymaster Alfred Nash, R.N.

At Upper Holloway, aged 73, Christopher Phillips, esq. who for many years represented the ward of Farringdon Within in the Common Council.

At Bayswater, aged 88, Hannah, relict of Major-General Robert Pilkington, Royal Eng. Inspector-General of Fortifications.





## WILLS RECENTLY PROVED AND ADMINISTRATIONS GRANTED.

*(All in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, except where otherwise specified.)*

**Archibald Niel Campbell**, of Burlingdam, co. Chester, esq. (died 14th Oct. 1868,) administration 16th Dec. to Archibald Campbell, esq. of Glendurnel, co. Argyll.

**John Blenkinsopp Coulson**, of Blenkinsopp Castle, Northumberland, esq. (died 12th June, 1868,) proved in the district registry at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, 13 Oct. 1868, by William Adamson, gent. and John McConnell, esq. executors.

The Scotch confirmation or testamentary disposition of General Sir **Thomas Monteath Douglas**, K.C.B. was sealed in London, the personality being sworn as not exceeding 46,000*l*.

The will of the Most Hon. **Arthur Wills Blundell Sandys Trumbull Windsor**, Marquis of Downshire, (died at Herne Bay on the 6th of August,) proved in Dublin and London by Lord George Augustus Hill, of Ballyvare, co. Donegal, and the Earl Amherst, the executors. The personal estate is sworn under 200,000*l*. His Lordship has left to his widow, Caroline Frances, the eldest daughter of Field-Marshal Sir Stapleton Cotton, an annuity of 2,000*l*. in addition to her jointure of 4,000*l*. per annum; and to his daughter a legacy of 5,000*l*. in addition to 15,000*l*. settled upon her; and to his youngest son 35,000*l*. in addition to 15,000*l*. settled upon him. The present Marquis is appointed residuary legatee, and all pictures, books, and articles of worth are made heirlooms.

The Right Hon. **Ralph Abercromby**, Baron Dunfermline, K.C.B. of Colinton House, near Edinburgh, was proved by his relict, the Right Hon. Lady Mary, eldest daughter of the second Earl of Minto, the sole executrix; and the personality in England and Scotland was sworn under 7,000*l*. The deceased was the only son of the Right Hon. James Abercromby, Speaker of the House of Commons, afterwards Baron Dunfermline, and died July 12 last, at the age of sixty-five, leaving an only child, the Hon. Mary Catherine Elizabeth Abercromby.

The will of Mr. **Thomas Dunphy**, a Killenny money-lender, has been di-puted

in the Dublin Court of Probate on account of the undue influence of a priest named Kelly, who insisted on the deceased leaving 50*l*. a-year for one hundred years to be applied in restitution of the usurious interest he had been in the habit of charging. At the suggestion of Judge Keatinge Mr. Butt, Q.C. consented to a verdict against Mr. Kelly, he paying all costs.

**William Loxham Farrer**, of Lincoln's-inn-fields, esq. (died 30th Nov. 1868,) proved 23 Dec. 1868, by Thomas Henry Farrer, William James Farrer, and Frederick Willis Farrer, esquires, the executors. The personality sworn under 140,000*l*. To his nephew William James Farrer he leaves 3,000*l*. and his share in the business and capital in the firm of Messrs. Farrer, Ouvry, and Farrer, solicitors. To his nephew Frederick Willis Farrer 3,000*l*. beyond any other legacy; and appoints his nephew and executor Thomas Henry Farrer residuary legatee. He has bequeathed to the Cancer Hospital, Brompton, and the Free Hospital, Gray's-inn-road, each a legacy of 100*l*.

**Captain John Ford**, of the Imperial Ottoman Navy (died at Stamboul House, Alleyne Park, Dulwich, October 17th,) proved 25 Nov. personality sworn under 25,000*l*. The will was executed April 15, 1864, and a codicil June 25, 1867. The executors are Marianne Ford, the relict, Frederick John Divers, esq. of Stoke Newington, and Captain Felix Jones, of H.M.'s Indian Navy, of Fernside, Upper Norwood. He leaves to his wife an immediate legacy of 500*l*. a life interest in his real and personal estate, and after her decease bequeaths to his niece Elizabeth Ford a legacy of 5,500*l*. and divides the residue of his property into fourteen parts, amongst his nephews, nieces, and his own and his wife's relatives.

The Rev. **John Forster**, formerly Minister of the Savoy, Westminster, but late of Stambourne Rectory, Essex, (died 24 July, 1868,) proved 8 Oct. 1868, by the Rev. Henry Brooks Forster, Rector of Coln Rogers, Glouc. sole executor.



Mr. William Fox, proctor, of Doctors' commons, proved under 250,000*l.* personality.

The Hon. Hatley Frere, formerly one of the Judges at Madras, but late of Harrow, Middlesex, and since of Cambridge-terrace, Hyde-park, where he died on the 3 Nov. proved on the 18th of the same month, and the personality in this country sworn under 25,000*l.* The executors are his brothers Charles Frere, esq. and the Rev. John Alexander Frere, M.A. The will is dated Nov. 20th, 1866. He leaves to his wife an immediate legacy of 500*l.* and a life interest in his property, real and personal, and, after her decease, he leaves the estates to his children.

Mr. John Garrett, of Chesham, Bucks (died 31st July, 1868.) proved under 80,000*l.*, the executors and trustees being his son-in-law Frederic Butcher, banker, of Tring, Herts. Henry Appleton, M.D. and James Garney, of Chalfont, Bucks. Robert Pegg, also an executor, having died. The will is dated 1864, and a codicil Oct. 1867. He has divided his property and estates, in specified portions, between his two daughters, Mrs. Pegg and Mrs. Butcher, and their issue.

Elizabeth, Lady Goldie, late of Claremont, in the parish of Millbrook, co. Southampton, widow, (died 7th Sept. 1868,) probate granted to Henry Hetley of Osborne-lodge, Winchester, esq. the sole surviving executor, 25 Sept. 1868.

Edward Goulburn, esq. D.C.L. sergeant-at-law and a Commissioner in Bankruptcy, (died 24 Aug. 1868,) proved by his son the Rev. Edward Meyrick Goulburn, D.D. Prebendary of St. Paul's, and Henry Edward Chetwynd Stapylton, esq. of Shirley Lodge, St. Alban's, the testator's son-in-law, executors. The will bears date Jan. 9, 1862, is very brief, and appears to be entirely in his own handwriting; leaving to his wife (since deceased) the Hon. Katharine dau. of fourth Lord Rokeby, the whole of his property, consisting of a copyhold estate at Westbury, Much-Hadham, Herts. 500*l.* Bank Stock, 900*l.* Consols, 200*l.* Three per Cents, and forty shares in the Legal and General Insurance Company. The personality was sworn under 5,000*l.*

The Very Rev. William Goode, D.D. Dean of Ripon, who died last year, at the age of 68, was proved at Wakefield under 6,000*l.* personality by the executors the Rev. James Metcalfe, and testator's widow, Katherine Isabella, dau.

of the late Hon. William Cust and cousin of Earl Brownlow.

Martin Hadsley Gosselin, esq. of the Priory, Ware, Herts, proved in London under 100,000*l.* The executors are Mr. George Middleton of Marshalls, Herts, Charlotte Gosselin testator's sister, and Frances Orris Gosselin the relict, who was the daughter of Admiral Sir J. Marshall, C.B., K.C.H. The testator was the son of the late Admiral Thomas Le Marchant Gosselin, and died in October last at the age of 55. He was a magistrate of the county of Herts, and was high sheriff in 1859. He leaves his residence, the Priory, and all his other freehold estates, to his wife for her life, and afterwards to his eldest son, Le Marchant Hadsley Gosselin. He leaves his mansion at Bengoe, Herts, late the residence of his father Admiral Gosselin deceased, to his second son Hillier Robert Hadsley Gosselin. By the will of the late Maria Hadsley he had a power of appointment over 30,000*l.*, by which he leaves 6,000*l.* to each of his children; and under his marriage settlement he had the power of disposal over 20,000*l.* which he leaves to his said eldest son, and on his attaining twenty-three he leaves him an annuity of 800*l.* The rest of his property he leaves to his wife for the support of herself and her children till they are twenty-three, when the same will devolve to the eldest son for life, and afterwards to his children.

Walford Greatorex, of the firm of Bradbury, Greatorex, and Co. of Aldermanbury, warehousemen, proved under 40,000*l.*

The Rev. William Whitmore Greenway of Newbold Verdon (died 28 May, 1868,) proved 25th June, 1868, by Gertrude Sarah Knowles of Nuneaton, co. Warwick, wife of Joseph Ward Knowles, esq. the sole executrix.

Major-General Charles Haldane, of her Majesty's Indian army (Bengal), formerly residing in London, and a member of the Union Club, and since residing at the Belle Vue hotel, Cheltenham, (died 15th Aug. 1868,) proved 29th Aug. by George Henry John Haldane, esq. Capt. 64th Foot, and Alexander Haldane the younger esq. Lieut. 2nd Foot, two of the executors.

Henry Hammer, of Stockgrove, co. Bucks, K.H. Lieut-Colonel in H.M.'s Army, (died 2 Feb. 1868,) proved 27 March by Wyndham Edward Hammer, esq. and Sir John Hammer, Bart, nephews of the deceased.

Alfred Hards, late of the Victoria-





road, Surbiton, co. Surrey, builder, (died 8 Oct. 1868,) proved 27 Oct. by Grace Hards, the relict and sole executrix.

The Rev. Thomas Harrison, late of Barham, near Canterbury (died 28 Aug. 1868), proved 31 Oct. 1868, by his son the Rev. John Branfill Harrison, John Fish Pownall, esq. and Robert Deane Parker, esq. (his two sons-in-law), under 80,000*l*. The will is dated Dec. 1867, and testator died in August last, a widower. He leaves his property under settlement among his children. He leaves to his eldest son his estate at Chigwell, also his estates at Stepney and Shoreditch; and divides the residue of his property among his sons and daughters.

Benjamin Haworth, late of Hull Bank house, in the parish of Cottingham, and of Rowlston hall, in the parish of Mappleton, both in the East Riding of the county of York, esq. (died 29th March, 1868,) proved by his widow, Theresa Haworth, the executrix, on the 11th of May, 1868.

Emma Hayne, formerly of Sydenham, Kent, but late of Lee-terrace, Blackheath, widow, (died 16 August 1868,) proved 12 Sept. by Sir John Eardley Eardley Wilmot, of No. 3, Elvaston-place, Queen's-gate, Hyde-park, co. Middlesex, baronet, the sole executor.

Frederick Charles Herbert, deceased, formerly of Bishopsteignton, co. Devon, but late of North Grange, Sunderland, co. Durham, esq. a retired Captain R.N. (died 28 May, 1868,) probate granted 1st Sept. 1868, to Frederick Goulburn, esq. one of the executors.

Colonel John Hewett, late of Tyr Mab Ellis, near Pont-y-Pridd, co. Glamorgan (died 17 May 1868,) proved in the District Registry at Landaff on the 20th June by Capt. Edward Osborne Hewett, R.E. sole executor.

Joseph Hockley, of Guildford, solicitor, (died 30 June 1868,) proved 5 Dec. by the Hon. George Chapple Norton, Henry Colebrook, esq. and Rev. Thomas Hockley, executors.

The Rev. Arthur Emilius Hulton of Roewath, Cumberland, Incumbent of the Perpetual Curacy of High Head (died 13 Sept. 1868,) proved 7 Oct. by the Rev. William Hulton, clerk, of Barnfield, in the co. of Southampton, and Robert Clutterbuck, late of Watford, co. Hertford, but now of Great Cumberland-st. esq. two of the executors. Personality under 60,000*l*.

William Hunter, of Hart-street, Bloomsbury, solicitor (died 31 Oct. 1868,)

proved by John Henry Jones and George Boulton, executors.

Francis Charles Jodrell, esq. formerly of Yeardley, co. Chester, but late of Hyères, France, proved 14 July, under 60,000*l*. personality. The executors and trustees, John Locke Stratton, esq. of Turweston, Bucks, and Charles Nicholas Cole, esq. of Essex-street. The will is dated July 20, 1861; and there are four codicils, the last dated June 5, 1868. The testator bequeaths to his daughter Henrietta a legacy of 10,000*l*. as a marriage portion, provided she does not become a nun; and he leaves to his wife an annuity of 600*l*. and the residue of his property.

Thomas Johnson, late of Burnage, and also of the Queen's Hotel, Manchester, esq. (died 23 Aug. 1868,) proved 22 Sept. by Thomas Blenkiron, Baxton Morrish, and Jethro Hornblower, executors.

Elizabeth Kenrick, of Stone House, near Canterbury, spinster, (died 29 Nov. 1868,) proved 19 Dec. by Elizabeth Kenrick, of Bretlands, Rushall common, near Tunbridge Wells, spinster.

Samuel Gulliver King, late of Holdenby House, otherwise Holmby House, co. Northampton, farmer and grazier (died 23 Aug. 1868, at Holmby House), letters of administration 14 Oct. to William King, of No. 30, Lombard-street, London, gentleman.

Wildman Mark Anthony John Lateward of the Pavilion Hotel, Folkestone, esq. formerly a Captain in the Queen's Bays. (died 6 Oct. 1868,) probate granted 3 Nov. to William George Stuart and Charles Baly, executors.

Peter Law, late of Sedgley, co. Stafford, gent. (died 10 Aug. 1868, at Sedgley), proved at Lichfield 12 Oct. by Joseph Law and James Bowyer, both of Sedgley, the two executors.

George William Lenox, of Billiter-square, and Portland-place, Middlesex, and of Ynys Angharrad, Pontypridd, co. Glamorgan, esq. (died Sept. 4, 1868,) proved 5 Nov. by his son George Charles Lenox Lenox, of Portland-place, esq. and Alexander de Castro Napoleon Wilkin-son, of Stockwell, esq. the testator's brother-in-law. The will is dated Sept. 30, 1867, and the personal property was sworn under 50,000*l*. To his wife, Rosa Ross Lenox, a life interest in 30,000*l*. with disposition over 10,000*l*. To each of his daughters and younger sons 5,000*l*. The residue to his wife and children in certain specified portions. He empowers his trustees to allow the property standing in the partnership



business of chain cable and anchor manufacturer to remain in the same investment.

Dame Mary Anne Lewis, the relict and second wife of the late Right Hon. Sir Thomas Frankland Lewis, M.P. of Harpton Court, Radnor, South Wales, proved under 40,000*l.* personality. The executors appointed are Major John Thomas Ashton, the testatrix's brother, and the Rev. Gilbert Frankland Lewis, Canon of Worcester. The will is dated the 17 July 1862. She bequeaths to her brother Major John T. Ashton a legacy of 16,000*l.* also several family portraits, the household linen, and such German books as he may please to select, and all her plate not presentation. She leaves to her niece Marianne Ashton, eldest daughter of her said brother, a legacy of 1,000*l.*; and 1,000*l.* to be divided equally between her two nieces Marie and Florence Ashton, daughters of her brother. See bequeaths to the said Rev. Gilbert F. Lewis a silver inkstand with an inscription, "Presented by Tenants of Harpton Court," and leaves him the residue of her property with the exception of the estates in Monnington and Worcester. Owing to the death of the late Right Hon. Sir George Cornwall Lewis, M.P. P.C. who died April 18, 1863, a legacy of 4,000*l.* became lapsed, and by a codicil she bequeaths to her said brother Major John T. Ashton a further legacy of 2,000*l.* and the plate she had left by her will to Sir George Cornwall Lewis; and leaves a legacy of 200*l.* free of duty as an affectionate remembrance to Lady Theresa Lewis, the relict of the said Sir George Cornwall Lewis.

Mrs. Eliza Lewis, wife of Mr. John Rugg Lewis, of Wootton-under-Edge, proved at Gloucester on July 16 last by William Buckley of Ashton-under-Lyne, the surviving executor. She has left the following charitable bequests on the decease of her husband:—To the London Missionary Society, for two native missions to India, 1,500*l.*; the British and Foreign Bible Society, Religious Tract Society, Home Missionary Society, and Irish Evangelical Society, each a legacy of 100*l.*

William Lory, late of Stoke Damarel, esq. Commander R.N. (died 18 July 1868,) proved by Francis James Lory, of Her Majesty's Dockyard, Woolwich, esq. one of the executors, 12 Aug. 1868, in the District Registry.

John Ward-Boughton-Leigh, esq. J.P. D.L. of Brown-over Hall, co. Warw.

and Guilsborough Park, Northamptonshire, was proved by his relict and his three sons, Edward Allesley Boughton Ward-Boughton-Leigh, esq. the Rev. Theodosius Egerton W. Boughton-Leigh, M.A. Vicar of Newbold-upon-Avon, and the Rev. Egerton L. B. W. Boughton-Leigh, B.A. The personality was sworn under 14,000*l.* The testator married, in 1811, Theodosia de Malsburgh, daughter and heir of the late Sir Egerton Leigh, Bart. The will is dated Feb. 24, 1857, and the testator died June 18 last, aged 77. He has bequeathed to his wife all his furniture, &c. and, after her decease he leaves the plate and jewels to his eldest son Edward as heirlooms. He also leaves to his wife a life interest in the residue of his personal estate, and after her decease the interest arising therefrom to be equally divided amongst his four daughters; and after the decease of the last surviving daughter the principal to be applied in the purchase of land near to the family estates in Warwickshire and Northamptonshire. To each of his daughters he has secured an annuity of 150*l.*

Edward Missenden Love, formerly of Upton-house, Ipswich, and late of Pymlico-house, Barnet, esq. late Adjutant 2d Middlesex Militia (died on the 20th July 1868, at Pymlico-house aforesaid,) proved 4 Nov. 1868, by Robert Milnes and Alfred William Holmes, esqs. executors.

Sir John Henry Lowther, Bart., of Wilton Castle and Swillington House, was proved at Wakefield by his brother and successor Sir Charles Hugh Lowther, Bart., the sole executor. The personality was sworn under 140,000*l.* Sir John was deputy-lieutenant for Yorkshire and high sheriff in 1852, and represented in parliament Wigton and York. His will bears date Dec. 12, 1863, and he died June 23, 1868, at the age of 75. Sir John has bequeathed his estate and residence, Swillington House, together with all his manors, lands, and hereditaments in Swillington, Kippax, Garforth, Ormskirk, Templenewsam, Whitkirk, Rothwell, and elsewhere in the West Riding of York, and all his navigation shares in the rivers Aire and Calder, to his brother Sir Charles Hugh Lowther, Bart., and his issue. He has left liberal annuities and legacies to his servants and others. To the widow of the late Rev. Henry Stocken, 100*l.* a year. The residue of his property he leaves to his brother Sir Charles.





Mary Dorothy Lucas, late of Bryanston-square, widow, (died 21 Aug. 1868,) proved 2 Oct. by George Vere Braithwaite, esq. and the Rev. Charles Halford Lucas, executors.

Thomas McGoun, Colonel in Madras army, and Controller of Military Accounts (who died at Marseilles upon 19 April, 1868), proved 8 June by Major-General George Burn, of Porchester-terrace, Alexander Tod, of the Wick, near Richmond, Surrey, esq., and Arthur (in the said will named Edward) More-Molynaux, a Lieutenant-Colonel.

Edward Marjoribanks, esq. late senior partner at Messrs. Contts and Co. and of Greenland House, Bucks, proved by Edward Marjoribanks, Sir Dudley Contts Marjoribanks (the sons of deceased), and Sir Edmund Antrobus, William Matthew Couthurst, and Hugh Lindsay Antrobus (three of deceased's partners in the bank), five of the executors. The personal property is sworn under 600,000*l*. The testator has left to his daughters Maria, Emma, and Laura 15,000*l*. each, with his leasehold house in Wimpole-street, plate, furniture, and effects, and also the use of his house and grounds at Henley so long as they remain unmarried; and to his son Edward 50,000*l*. and, subject to the conditions on which he holds the same, his share of the domain of Chantilly, and all the forests, woods, and real estate of every description in the parish of Clermont, in France, belonging to the Duc d'Anmâle, and which he purchased of him in conjunction with Sir Edmund Antrobus in 1852. There are very numerous pecuniary legacies to members of the family, friends, and servants, including one of 2,000*l*. to the clerks' fund at Contts and Co.'s, and one of 2,000*l*. to Miss Bardett Contts. The residue is left to his son Sir Dudley Contts Marjoribanks.

Sir Henry Marsh, Bart. (died at Victoria-square, Pinllico, 27 May 1868,) proved at Dublin 25 June by John Hill, of Donnybrook, esq. M.D. and Lieutenant-Colonel William H. D. Fitzgerald, late of 7th Fusiliers, of Morpeth-terrace, London, executors.

The Hon. Augusta Julia Maynard, formerly of Easton-Lodge, near Dunmow, Essex, of Ventnor, in the Isle of Wight, and late of Waterden-house, Stoke-next-Guildford, Surrey, spinster, (died 20 July, 1868,) proved by Frederick Lucas Capron, of Savile-place, Middlesex, gent. sole executor. Personality under 4,000*l*.

Gerard Montagu of Ipswich, esq. (died 13th Sept. 1868,) and administration granted 10 Oct. to Lieut.-Colonel James Van Harthals Montagu, his brother.

John Montagu, late of Ladbroke-road, co. Middlesex, esq. (died 4 Sept. 1868,) proved 10 Oct. by Lieut.-Colonel James Van Harthals Montagu, the surviving executor.

Emma Montbank, of Kendal, has bequeathed to the Church Missionary Society 600*l*.; to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts 600*l*.; to the British and Foreign Bible Society 600*l*.; to the London Society for promoting Christianity among the Jews 300*l*.; to the Colonial and Continental Church Society established in London 300*l*.; to be laid out in fuel, clothes, meat, or bread for poor members of the congregation of St. George's church, Kendal, not receiving parochial relief, the interest annually of 250*l*.; towards the maintenance of the fabric of All-hallows chapel, Fellside, Kendal, or the expenses attending the celebration of divine service therein, or towards the payment of a scripture-reader to be attached to the said chapel or district, the interest annually of 200*l*.; and, after bequeathing certain private legacies, the residue of her personal estate to the Church Missionary Society.

Ann Morris, late of Pulteney-street, Bath, and Hoocker-hill-house, Chipstow, widow (died 5th Oct. 1868,) proved 7th Nov. 1868, in the district registry at Bristol, by Teresa Ann Scott and William Tanner, the executors. The effects were sworn under 45,000*l*. After giving legacies to the amount of 150*l*. the testatrix bequeaths the residue of her property, real and personal, to her daughter, for her absolute use and disposal.

His Excellency Don Cristobal de Murrieta, K.G.C. of the Order of Charles III. (died at Kensington Palace-gardens, Nov. 17; see p. 67.) The personality sworn under 600,000*l*. All his property in Spain he has left equally between his children; and in addition thereto leaves to his daughter the sum of 80,000*l*. and to each of his two younger sons 10,000*l*.; and bequeaths the residue of his property equally between his four sons.

Sheffield Neave, of Oak Hill House, Hampstead, Middlesex, esq. a partner in the firm of Messrs. R. and T. Neave, of Old Broad-street, Leadenhall-street, and Billiter-square, merchants, (died 22



Sept. 1868,) proved 27 Oct. by Mary Henrica Neave, his widow, Reginald Eduowain Neave, of Burton-upon-Trent, esq., and James Roderick Robertson, of Billiter-square, in the city of London, merchant.

James Tudor Nelthorpe, late of Nut-hurst Lodge, near Horsham, esq. (died 11 June, 1868), proved by Alfred Howard, of Angel-court, Throgmorton-st. gent. the executor named in the will, and by Sir Richard Mayne, K.C.B. the executor named in the codicil (since deceased).

William Nicholson Nicholson, esq. of Roundhay Park, near Leeds, proved under 60,000*l.* personalty—the acting executors being his son-in-law Mr. William James Armitage, Mr. William Fison, of Greenholme, and Mr. Walter Nicholson (his son); the other executors are the relict, and Mr. John Whitaker, banker, London, the testator's cousin. The will is dated April 18, 1867. He leaves his wife a legacy of 3,000*l.* and an annuity of 1,200*l.* with the enjoyment of his residence, Roundhay Park; and has divided the rest of his property amongst his children. The testator was Deputy-Lieutenant for the West Riding of Yorkshire, and a magistrate, and died at the age of 65. He was the eldest son of Mr. Thomas Phillips, of Leeds, and nephew of the late Mr. Stephen Nicholson, whose name he assumed by royal licence in 1827.

The late Earl of Normanton, proved on 2 Jan. To each of his executors (Earl Nelson, Earl Powis, and Mr. William Cartwright) a legacy of 1,000*l.*; to his eldest son the present Earl an immediate legacy of 2,000*l.* together with the real estates and the residue of the personal estate; to his second son the Hon. Herbert Welbore Ellis an immediate legacy of 1,000*l.* and the interest of 100,000*l.* for his life, and after his decease one half to be for the benefit of his son's widow and children; to his daughter Countess Nelson 10,000*l.* in addition to her marriage portion of 30,000*l.*; to his brother the Hon. and Rev. James Agar 500*l.* and like bequests to the children of his daughter Countess Nelson, and others of his family.

Isaac Nullis, of Ashampstead, Berks, gentleman, (died 2 Jan. 1868,) letters of administration to Isaac Septimus Nullis, of Ashampstead, gentleman, his only son, 22 Feb. 1868. Isaac Septimus Nullis died on the 8th day of April,

1868; his will was proved by Jesse Herbert and Henry Kirk, of Reading, bootmakers, on the 24th of that month.

Joseph Richards Orfeur, late of Moyston Terrace, Bow, gent. (died 3 July, 1868,) letters of administration to Esther Orfeur, widow, 10 Aug. 1868.

John Outhwaite, M.D. formerly of Bradford, Yorkshire, but late of Park House, Harrowgate, proved at Wakefield by Mr. William Pollard, of Scarr Hill, Bradford, and Andrew Scott Myrtle, M.D. of Harrogate. The personalty sworn under 35,000*l.* The will is dated June 13, 1867, and he died Feb. 18, 1868. To his wife a legacy of 4,000*l.* and an annuity of 500*l.* To his only child Francis-John the residue of his property on his attaining the age of 30; but in the event of his son not obtaining a vested interest therein, the same to be divided into two parts, one moiety to be given among the four undermentioned societies in equal shares, viz. the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, the National Society for the Education of the Poor in the Principles of the Church of England, and the Additional Curates' Aid Society; the other moiety to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners towards the endowment of a parsonage to each benefice in Bradford.

Samuel Paine, late of Brighton, surgeon, (died 3rd July, 1868,) will, dated 28 Oct. 1858, was proved in the district registry at Lewes 21 Sept. by William Dunkley Paine of Woodhatch, Reigate, gentleman, one of the executors.

The Irish probate of the will of the Right Hon. Sir Richard Pakenham, P.C. K.C.B. was sealed in the London court, the personalty having been sworn under 18,000*l.* Sir Richard had held many diplomatic appointments, was never married, and died on the 28th Oct.

Mr. Charles Stewart Parker, merchant of Liverpool, proved in London, under 60,000*l.* Mr. Parker was chairman of the Exchange News-room Company, the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, and the Thames and Mersey Marine Insurance Company.

Lucy Parratt, late of Effingham, Surrey, widow, (died 28 Aug. 1868,) letters of administration 1 Oct. to Evelyn Lattimer Parratt, one of the children of the deceased.

Mrs. Anna Partridge, widow of Alderman Partridge, F.R.C.S. surgeon, of Ipswich, dated 2 Nov. 1868, proved in





the Ipswich District Registry on the 21st Dec. by Mr. Thomas Powell of Coggeshall Hall her nephew, William Raven Everitt of Colchester, and Manfred Biddell of Playford, executors. The personalty was sworn under 16,000*l.* and, amongst various legacies the deceased bequeathed to the Essex and Colchester Hospital 19 guineas, to the poor inhabitants of Kelvedon 19 guineas, and a like sum to the poor inhabitants of Feering, to be applied at the discretion of her two sisters, Mrs. Powell and Mrs. Everitt.

Louisa Plumley, of Brunswick-square, Middlesex, widow, (died in August 1868,) proved under 40,000*l.* by the executors, Messrs. J. Brownlow, J. Vincent, and W. S. Wintle. To the South Kensington Museum a collection of enamel pictures, miniatures, and brooches, chiefly by Essex, miniatures on ivory, &c.; to the Foundling Hospital two oil paintings, to be chosen by the governors of that institution, and 100*l.* to the benevolent fund of the Hospital; also contingent bequests to other charitable institutions, amongst which are the Clergy Orphan School, the National Benevolent Institution, and the Charing Cross Hospital.

Sir George Bartholomew Pocock has left the principal part of his personal property between his two sisters, Misses Lucy and Arabella Pocock, his residuary legatees. He was born in 1779, son of Thomas Pocock, esq. of Langley, Bucks, and his mother's maiden name was Bartholomew. He received knighthood at the coronation of George IV. as standard-bearer of the gentlemen-at-arms. He married in 1820 the daughter of Colonel Kelly of Dean's Yard, Westminster, and she died in 1854.

Ann Rawlinson, late of the Cedars, Hammersmith-road, spinster, (died 11th Feb. 1867,) proved by James Walton of Upper Gower-street, publisher, and George Taylor of Bakewell, co. Derby, banker, executors, 25 Feb. 1867.

Mary Albina Rawlinson, late of the Cedars aforesaid, spinster, (died 16 July, 1868,) letters of administration to James Rawlinson of Elm-grove, Hammersmith.

William Frederick Robinson, formerly of Connaught-square, Hyde-park, but late of Oak-lodge, Finchley-road, esq. (died 20 Nov. 1868,) letters of administration 24 Dec. to Eliza Robinson, his widow.

Maria Pulham, late of Woodbridge, Suffolk, widow, (died 4th Nov. 1868,) proved 16 Nov. in the Ipswich district registry

by Louis Ferriere of Rue de la Visitation Sainte Marie, Faubourg Saint Germain, Paris, esq. and Rolla Rouse of Melton, Suffolk, esq. the executors.

Sir Thomas Newbee Reeve, of Richmond, Surrey, proved by Thomas Johnson and Edward Simon Stephenson, executors. The personal property sworn under 25,000*l.* To his widow Frances Anne Reeve a legacy of 200*l.*, his furniture and plate for life, and an annuity of 900*l.*; to his son, Charles John Reeve, all the reversionary interests to which he is entitled under his marriage settlement and the will of his uncle, Charles Newbee Reeve; to his nephews and nieces, the children of his late brother William John Reeve, and his niece Eliza Clark, 100*l.* each; to the Rev. J. D. Hales, incumbent of the district of St. John's, Richmond, 100*l.* in aid of the fund for the support or benefit of the Industrial School, Clarence-street, Richmond.

The will, with six codicils, of the Most Hon. James Brownlow William Gascoyne, Marquis of Salisbury, K.G. who died on the 12th April last, was proved by Mary Catherine dowager Marchioness the relict, the Marquis of Salisbury, and Lord Eustace Cecil, executors. The personal property sworn under 300,000*l.* All his real and copyhold estates, and the leasehold estates known as Ilford Hospital estate, Essex, to trustees, to secure any deficiency in the jointure of 5,000*l.* per annum to which his wife is entitled, then to raise and pay 20,000*l.* to his son, Lord Eustace Cecil, and after the death of testator's wife to raise the further sum of 1,500*l.* per annum for such of his daughters as shall remain unmarried, with remainder to the present Marquis for life, and after his decease to secure to Georgina, wife of the present Marquis, a jointure of 4,000*l.* per annum, and to raise 40,000*l.* as fortunes for the younger children of the present Marquis, with remainder to James Viscount Cranborne, eldest son of the present Marquis, for life, with remainder to his first and other sons successively in tail male, with divers remainders over. Power is given to the present Marquis to charge the estates with 30,000*l.* for his own benefit. The testator bequeaths to his wife a legacy of 5,000*l.*, and certain plate, china &c.; to his son, Lord Eustace Cecil, all his River Lea Navigation bonds dated prior to 1863; to his three sons, Lords Sackville Arthur, Arthur, and



Lionel, certain household property, reversions, bonds, &c., specifically mentioned in the will; to his four daughters, Lady Mildred Hope, Lady Blanch Balfour, Lady Mary Cecil, and Lady Margaret Cecil, 500*l.* each; to Mr. John Ross Dagg, 2,000*l.*; and to his solicitor, Mr. Richard Nicholson, 500*l.* There are also legacies and annuities to his servants. The residue of the personal estate is given to the present marquiss.

George Wilkinson Sargeant, formerly of Peckham, chymist, but late of Long Valley, Mendocino county, California, physician, (died 29th Feb. 1868,) letters of administration granted 16th Sept. to Joseph Guteridge Hepburn, of Bird-in-Hand Court, Cheapside, gent.

Warden George Sergison, esq. late of Cuckfield-park, Sussex, (died 22 May, 1868,) proved 9 July, by Arthur Bigge, of Brighton, esq. and Francis Fearon, of Great George-st. esq. executors.

Admiral the Right Hon. Henry John Chetwynd, Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot, to his son and successor the present Earl, one of the executors, power being reserved to his Countess and to his son, the Hon. Walter Cecil Talbot, R.N., the other executors. The personal property sworn under 50,000*l.* His lordship executed his will Sept. 16, 1861, and two codicils in June and December 1863; and died at Newbattle Abbey, N. B. July 4, 1868, at the age of 65. He has bequeathed to his Countess an immediate legacy of 1,000*l.* and the use of all the family jewels during her life; also a life-interest in certain investments, and the interest arising from his personal estate. His lordship effected insurances in the Law Life, the Equitable and Legal, and the English and Scottish Law Life offices in the sum of 10,000*l.* in favour of his wife and younger children. He directs that upon the decease of his Countess a sum of 6,000*l.*, being part of the residue of his property, shall be divided into certain portions among his six brothers; and that a sum of 40,000*l.* shall also be set apart for his younger children, whom he appoints his residuary legatees. He also directs that an offer of the purchase of his estates in Jamaica be made to his three younger sons in succession, at a price of 10,000*l.* There are legacies to his servants, and the following charitable bequests, being the division of 1,500*l.* but subject to contingencies:—The National Lifeboat Institution, Shipwrecked Fishermen's Institution, Cotchill Lunatic Asylum

(Staffordshire), Governesses' Benevolent Institution, St. Paul's Foundation for the Sons of Poor Clergymen, and the Institution for providing Additional Curates in Populous Parishes.

The Rev. Joseph D'Arcy Sirr, late of Winchester, and formerly of Kileoleman parsonage, co. Mayo, (died 5 April 1868,) proved in England and Ireland by Louisa Frances Sirr, of Winchester, spinster, and George James Norman D'Arcy, of Hyde-park, Killucan, co. Westmeath, esq.

George Smith, late of Treon, in the parish of Camborne, co. Cornwall, safety fuze manufacturer, LL.D. died 30 Aug. proved at the district registry at Bodmin, 18 Sept. 1868, by Wm. Bickford Smith and George John Smith, sons of the said deceased, both of Camborne, the executors named in the will.

Mr. Richard Smith, of Berry Hill, near Lichfield, under 70,000*l.* personalty. The executors are his sons, Messrs. George S. Fereday Smith and Frederick Smith; the trustees, Messrs. Edward Fisher Smith and Frederick John Tucker. The will is dated in 1865, with three codicils. He bequeaths to his eldest son an address presented by the inhabitants of Dudley in 1864, contained in a book with red and gilt cover; and to his youngest son he leaves the testimonial in silver presented to him by the agents and workmen on the estate of the Earl of Dudley. To his grandson William Archibald two addresses on vellum, one being from the agents and *employés* on the Earl's estate at Round Oak Ironworks and at other of his Lordship's iron and mining works west of Dudley, the other from the agents and clerks employed at the Earl's mines and works east of Dudley. To his wife an annuity beyond her marriage-settlement, and the residence at Berry Hill. To his grand-daughters Evelyn and Marianne 5,000*l.* equally between them. The interest of 20,000*l.* to his daughter Sarah Archibald for her life, and the principal to her children. The residue to be divided equally between his two sons.

The will, with nine codicils, of Sir James South, knight, F.R.S., F.R.S.E., F.R.A.S., and F.L.S., &c. of the Observatory, Campden-hill, Kensington, was proved on the 17th Sept. by Dr. A. J. Stephens, Q.C., one of the executors. The testator leaves to the Royal Institution, Albemarle-Street, Faraday's manuscript notes, in five volumes, of the lectures delivered in





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the theatre of that institution, and also Faraday's iron ring from which he obtained the first magnetic spark; to the Geological Society of Cornwall his presentation copy of Sir Humphry Davy's treatise on Safety Lamps; to the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, 20 guineas; to the Incorporated National Society for Promoting the Education of the Poor in the principles of the Established Church, 100*l.*; and to the Benchers of Gray's Inn all his valuable astronomical and other instruments, and 500*l.* towards the expenses of establishing an observatory. The testator has left a pocket chronometer each to the Earls of Shaftesbury and Rosse, in the fullest confidence that they will carry them in the place where he (the deceased) is in the habit of carrying his, namely, "in the pantaloop pocket, properly so called."

The Rev. Robert Rains Pennington Stanley, Vicar of Felstead, Essex, (died 10th Oct. 1868,) proved by his widow Georgina Ann Stanley, the Rev. Edward Valentine Buckle, and Mr. Alfred Collyer Bristow; personally sworn under 14,000*l.* To his wife a legacy of 500*l.*, his household furniture, &c. After her death the silver and other articles of presentation plate—three waiters given by the Governors of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, an epergne and claret jug given by the students of St. Bartholomew's to his father, and a vase presented by the students of the London Hospital to Mr. Blizard, and bequeathed by him to his father—are given to his son Cyril. All his other real and personal estate to his wife during her life, and after her death equally among his children.

John Streets, late of Sandiacre, Derby, esq. (died 8 July, 1868,) proved 9 Sept. 1868, in the Derby district registry by John Jackson of Nottingham, architect, and Charles Butlin of the same town, gentleman, the executors.

Samuel Stringer, of Abchurch-lane, and late of Holford-square, Pentonville, solicitor, (died 15th Oct. 1868,) proved 3 Dec. 1868, by Henry Boyes, of Parliament-st., wine-merchant, executor.

The Hon. and Rev. Arthur Sugden, of Newdigate, co. Surrey, (died 26th Oct. 1868,) proved by Charles Edward Jemmett, barrister-at-law, and William Henry Elton, of West-hill, Highgate, esq. two of the executors.

Her Grace the late dowager Duchess of Sutherland died intestate. Letters of administration of her personal estate,

which was sworn under 8,000*l.*, were granted to the present Duke on the 24th Dec. 1868.

Thomas Edward Symonds, late of Yeovilton-house, in the parish of Milford, co. Southampton, a retired Admiral R.N. (died 15 May, 1868), proved 10 July in the district registry at Winchester by the Rev. Clement Hammond Gosset, the Rev. Edw. Spencer Phelps, and Edward Chinnery, executors.

The Rev. George Taylor, of Tatsfield rectory, co. Surrey, clerk, (died 16 Nov. 1868,) letters of administration 5 Dec. 1868, to Mary Anne Taylor, his widow.

Joseph Rodgers Templeman, esq. of Cumberland-terrace, Regent's-park, and St. Helen's-place, merchant; proved Sept. 4; personally sworn under 200,000*l.* the executors being Charles Brownell, esq. of Liverpool, merchant (since deceased), Henry Templeman Speer, the testator's nephew, of Liverpool, merchant (who has renounced), and Alfred Miles Speer, also a nephew, the sole acting executor. The will bears date Aug. 3, 1850, and testator died May 23 last. To each of his executors 200*l.* To his three sisters each a legacy of 5,000*l.* and liberal bequests to his nephews and nieces. To his mother an annuity of 500*l.* and the mansion of Conyngham House, Kent, which, after her decease, will revert to testator's nephew Stanhope Templeman Speer, and he leaves him all his other real estate, together with a legacy of 5,000*l.* He bequeaths to his nephew Alfred Miles Speer a legacy of 5,000*l.* and appoints him residuary legatee.

Lucy Thomas, otherwise Lucy Charlotte Lusitania Thomas, late of Upper Porchester-street, Paddington, widow (died 8 Oct.) proved 10 Nov. 1868, by Henry Samuel Hawker, esq. and Francis Alfred Hawker, esq. brothers of the deceased, and executors.

The Rev. Sir Henry Thompson, of Frant, Sussex, Baronet, (died 1st July, 1868,) proved 3 Sept. by Dame Emily Frances Anne Thompson the relict, Rev. Henry T. M. Kirby, and George Henry Grey, esq. Personally under 8,000*l.*

Henry Towgood, late of Letherhead, esq. (died 30 July, 1868,) proved 10 Sept. by Edward Towgood and Charles Davy, two of the executors.

Miss Elizabeth Trotter, of Horton Place, Epsom; proved under 60,000*l.* personally by the executors Charles Reynolds Williams and John Henry James, esqrs. The will is dated May 15, 1867, with three codicils. The sum



of 8,000*l.* to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for the building and endowment of a church, with parsonage, to be erected in the district of Horton, the services to be devoid of the "follies of Ritualism." She leaves 100*l.* to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts. There are numerous specific and pecuniary legacies to her friends, and also legacies to her servants, all free of duty. She appoints her niece Mary Elizabeth Brown residuary legatee.

Emily Mary Unwin, formerly of Putney, Surrey, but late resident in France, spinster, (died 27 June, 1868,) will dated 26 June, 1863, proved 21 Sept. 1868, by Rev. Fred. John Hawkes Reeves, one of the executors.

Nash Vaughan Edwards Vaughan, late of Rheola, co. Glamorgan, esq. (died 5 Sept. 1868,) proved 28 Oct. by William Clough, Geo. Henry Ellis, and Vaughan Hanning Lee, esqrs. Personalty sworn under 60,000*l.*

Rev. Robert Vaughan, D.D. (died 14 June, 1868); Rev. Edward White and Robert Vaughan Tidman, esq. executors.

Philip Vincent, late of Camborne, Cornwall, surgeon, (died 27th August, 1868,) proved in the district registry at Bodmin 5 Oct. by John Hoskins Budge of Camborne, merchant, William Page Cardoza of Camborne, gent. and Benjamin Matthews the younger of Camborne, gent. the executors.

Hannah Haides Wandesforde, formerly of Ferry Side, co. Carmarthen, then of Minestead in Hampshire, then of Pinner, co. Middlesex, then of Leek, co. Stafford, afterwards of Llaurwt in Denbighshire, and late of Pwllbeli, co. Carnarvon, widow, (died 23rd May, 1868,) letters of administration granted 31st July to the Earl of Carrick.

Elizabeth Sophia Warner, late of Warner-cottage or Widcombe-cottage, Perymead, in the parish of Lyncombe and Widcombe, in the city and borough of Bath, spinster, (died 14 August, 1868,) proved in the Bristol district registry 10 Sept. by William Coleman Gill, solicitor, the sole executor of the deceased.

Lady Isabella Wemyss, of Kensington Palace, widow, (died 28th July, 1868,) proved 23rd Sept. by Isabella Harriet Jane, Countess of Reventlow Criminil, the wife of Carl Adelbert Felix, Count of Reventlow Criminil.

Mrs. Jane Wescomb, late of Thrump-ton Hall, co. Nottingham, and Grosvenor-street, co. Middlesex, widow, (died

at Buxton 17 May, 1868,) proved 24th Sept. by James Mitchell, esq. one of the executors.

The will and codicil of Sir Augustus West, knt. F.R.C.S., Deputy-Inspector-General of Army Hospitals, and a Knight Commander of the Tower and Sword of Portugal, who died on the 16th of August last at Montfermeil in France, was proved on the 25th Sept. by Andrew Lawrie and Edward Moxon, the executors. The personal property in England is sworn under 14,000*l.* The testator leaves 50*l.* to each of his executors, and to his widow, Mary Madeleine West, all his household effects and 100*l.* Out of the income of the rest of his personal property such a sum is to be paid to his daughter, Eliza Ricketts, as with the interest of the 22,754 dollars of Pennsylvania State stock, held in trust under her marriage settlement, will make up the annual sum of 350*l.*; the remainder of such income is to be paid to testator's said widow, and at her death the whole to his daughter.

Samuel Westall, late of Guildford-street, gent. proved 1st Sept. 1868, by Arthur John Hammond Collins, barrister-at-law, and Henry Shadwell Willett, gent. executors.

Richard Whitbourn, of Godalming, co. Surrey, gent. (died 17th July, 1868,) proved by Frederick Mellersh, banker, Robert Edmund Mellersh, solicitor, and George James Hull, timber-merchant, all of Godalming, the executors.

Lestock Peach Wilson, of Wigmored-street and King's Arms-yard, esq. (died 17 July, 1868,) proved 1 Aug. by John Peter Wilson, of Haverstock-hill, esq. and the Rev. Henry de la Cour Debrisay, of Tettenhall, co. Stafford.

General Sir George Peter Wymer, K.C.B. Colonel of the 107th Foot, late of St. John's Lodge, Ryde, Isle of Wight, (died at Bayswater Aug. 12, 1868, aged 80,) under 8,000*l.* personalty. The executors and trustees are Lady Wymer the relict, and George Banatyne Wymer, esq. the son. His will bears date Aug. 12, 1867. He was possessed of securities in New South Wales Government 5 per Cent. bonds and Queensland Government 6 per Cent. debentures, of which he leaves his wife a life interest; and, after her decease, he bequeaths the said securities to his sons, George and Reginald, for their own use absolutely. He leaves legacies to his daughter Emily and her husband, Captain W. Mitford; and appoints his widow residuary legatee.





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# THE REGISTER

AND

## MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY.

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MARCH 1869.

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### EMANUEL SWEDENBORG.

In consideration of his repeated visits to this country, his death and burial in it, his preference for our nation, and the spread of his tenets chiefly amongst the Anglo-Saxon race, Swedenborg may be regarded as a naturalised Englishman. Yet, though his name is familiar enough, little is generally known of him; essayists and lecturers tell us, for the most part, more of their own opinions than of his, or sketch an indistinct and perhaps ideal portrait; and biographies have generally been marred by partisanship, some carefully excluding, and others as carefully selecting, those passages in his life or writings which excite a smile or give scope for ridicule. Mr. William White's two volumes (Longman and Co. 1867) are, however, free from this fault, and form a cyclopædia of information about Swedenborg of which I shall freely, but by no means exclusively, avail myself.

Son of Jesper Svedborg, Bishop of Skara, who was inclined to mysticism and believed in intercourse with angels, yet was energetic, pushing, and practical, Emanuel Swedenborg was born at Stockholm the 29th Jan. 1688. As a child he was precocious, and of a religious bent, and was able during prayer or reverie to breathe inwardly for some time without inhaling the external air, a peculiarity which he latterly regarded as a providential qualification for converse with spirits. He was educated at Upsal, afterwards visited France and England, and in 1716 was appointed assessor in the Royal College of Mines. Polheim, his colleague and mathematical tutor, offered him his daughter in marriage, and the young lady was induced at fourteen years of age to give him a written promise; but she repented of it so keenly that her brother abstracted the bond, and Swedenborg honourably released her from the engagement. So ended his only love affair. At the siege of Frederickshall he devised for Charles XII., who highly



appreciated his abilities, rolling machines on which some galleys and boats were transported 14 miles overland. Soon after this, on his father's petition, he and his brothers were ennobled, the name being changed from Svedborg to Swedenborg. He thus gained a seat as a member of the Equestrian order in the House of Nobles, but acquired no title. In 1733 he published his *Opera Philosophica et Mineralia*, in which he sought to prove that everything in nature originates in a point, and that the planets are the condensed effusions of the sun—the latter an hypothesis which Buffon probably drew from him, and which he communicated to Laplace. By his *Animal Kingdom* he showed his mastery of physiology and anatomy; and this, like the rest of his earlier works, displays a religious tone, while it has the peculiarity of containing a couple of paragraphs which he represents himself to have been “commanded” to write. To mention his productions by name would require too much space; suffice it to say, that they relate to chemistry, algebra, the calculation of longitude, decimal measures and coinage, docks, sluices, saltworks, and even to smoky chimneys. He showed a thorough knowledge of whatever subject he handled, and a talent for systematising facts and phenomena; but, owing perhaps to the versatility of his mind, he did not make himself famous by any great discovery or generalisation. The sun's motion in space seems, however, to have been announced by him, and his admirers maintain that justice has not yet been done to his scientific researches.

A great change came upon Swedenborg between 1743 and 1745. The transition remained somewhat obscure until the discovery, ten years ago, of a diary kept by him at this period, which had lain unnoticed for many years on the shelves of an aged professor. It describes visions of good and evil spirits, every incident being regarded as symbolical. Thus a love scene signified that he should obtain information about the muscles. Some floating oil and butter denoted his future way of life, predicted adversity, or suggested that he should take medicine. A boat in which was a sailor who had Swedenborg's cap, and showed him a beautiful apartment containing wine, appeared to be a direction to go and publish one of his books in England; while a book of drawings was a hint to him to insert illustrations. Imagining himself in a church with nothing but a shirt on, he concluded that he was not yet fully prepared for his mission; and the running away of a boy with one of his shirts might mean that he had neglected to wash his feet. A procession of horses betokened a treatise on the cerebrum. This is surely symbolism run mad; yet it does not appear that anything in Swedenborg's deportment betrayed his phantasies. Some months later, indeed, when he visited London, lodging in Fetter-lane, there is a story of his declaring himself the Messiah, foaming at the mouth, rolling himself naked in the gutter, and dis-





tributing money among the crowd. Whether, however, he manifested mental derangement either at Stockholm or in London is not very material, for there was subsequently at least a method in his madness, and unless on the one point of his intercourse with spirits he would have easily satisfied every criterion of sanity. Let us hear his own account of the commencement of that intercourse :—

I was dining very late at my lodgings in London and was eating heartily. When I was finishing my meal I saw a sort of mist around me and the floor covered with hideous reptiles. They disappeared, the mist cleared up, and I saw plainly in the midst of a vivid light a man sitting in the corner of the room, who said with a terrible voice, "Don't eat so much." Darkness again gathered round me, it was dissipated by degrees, and I found myself alone. The following night the same man, radiant with light, appeared to me and said: "I, the Lord, the Creator, and the Redeemer, have chosen thee to explain to mankind the inward and spiritual sense of the Holy Scriptures, and I shall dictate what thou art to write." That night the eyes of my inner man were opened and enabled to look into heaven, the world of spirits, and hell, and there I saw many persons of my acquaintance, some dead long before and others recently.

Returning home, he continued to discharge his official duties till 1747, when he retired on full pay. In 1761 he drew up papers on finance for the Swedish Diet, in 1762 communicated a treatise on inlaying in marble to the Academy of Sciences, and in 1766 had an interview with the English Board of Admiralty with the object of claiming the 20,000*l.* offered for a method of discovering longitude at sea. But, while still interested in secular matters, he believed himself to be privileged with spiritual intercourse, and published, for some years anonymously, voluminous theological works, all, like his philosophical productions, in Latin. These must have involved a considerable expenditure, especially as they necessitated several visits to London and Amsterdam, and most of the copies were given away to persons of distinction in England and on the Continent, on whom, however, they failed to make the slightest impression. In 1770 the Swedish prelates enforced against these books the law prohibiting the importation of heretical publications, and a commission was subsequently appointed to inquire into Swedenborg's orthodoxy; but his unobtrusive demeanour and irreproachable character secured him from further molestation. In 1771 he once more visited London. On Christmas day, while lodging with Shearsmith, a wig-maker, at 26, Great Bath-street, Cold-bath-fields, he had an attack of apoplexy, from which he recovered, but was soon again seized by illness, and his death took place, as he had predicted, on the 29th March, 1772. A Lutheran clergyman had administered to him the holy communion; and his remains were interred in a vault in the Swedish church, Prince's-square, Ratcliffe-highway.

There is still standing at Stockholm the capacious summer-house in



which Swedenborg wrote and received company. Sometimes people had to wait till ghostly visitors had departed, and were surprised, after hearing conversation in an adjoining room, to see the host issue forth alone—once after a lively chat with Virgil on Roman antiquities. This looks at first sight like charlatanry, but Swedenborg was thoroughly ingenuous and unostentatious. He would keep to his bed for several days, fasting, and directing that he should be disturbed by no one, but sometimes talking aloud; and the gardener's wife, who kept his house, fancied she could tell what kind of spiritual company he had had by the complacency or gloom of his countenance. He rarely tasted wine or spirits, but drank large quantities of coffee; usually dined off bread and milk, and ate no supper. Some of his manuscripts still bear traces of snuff. Latterly, when walking, he appeared abstracted, and his servant had to see that his dress was *en règle*. He never laughed, but a smile was natural to him. He used to keep gingerbread in his pocket for distribution among the children playing in Coldbath-square; and when Shearsmith presented his bills would send him to his drawer to pay himself. Several stories are told of his second sight and of his conveying information from the dead to the living. His strict veracity may be judged from the fact that when the French censor would have allowed him to publish a work at Paris on condition of naming some other place on the title-page, he scorned the subterfuge, common as it then was, and had the book printed at Amsterdam.

In common with all who, whether bards or seers, have described the future state, Swedenborg has but photographed, though unconsciously, his own ideal of it. He sees, or thinks he sees, what he wishes. Such a theme requires a poet, "soaring in the high reason of his fancy, with his garland and singing-ropes about him," or prose like that of Jeremy Taylor, Bossuet, or Pascal; but Swedenborg was as unpoetical as the age in which he lived; and, compared with those of Virgil, Dante, or Milton, his *tableaux* are dull and spiritless. Moreover he has not a particle of sympathy; and a man who cannot feel cannot describe. Whether he writes of the inlaying of tables or the occupations of the blessed, he is in the same "cool element of prose." Individuality vanishes under his air-pump. His interlocutors, as Emerson remarks, all Swedenborgize. "When the *soi-disant* Roman [Cicero] opens his mouth, Rome and eloquence have ebbed away; it is plain theologic Swedenborg, like the rest." To this it has been replied that he necessarily translated everything he heard into his own phraseology; but what Emerson means is, that not the words merely but the ideas are Swedenborgian. His angels "are all country parsons; their heaven is a *fête champêtre*, an evangelical picnic, or French distribution of prizes to virtuous peasants." Yet occasionally he rises to a passage such as this:—





They who are in heaven are continually advancing to the spring-time of life; and the more thousands of years they live, the more delightful and happy is the spring to which they attain. Good women, worn with age, come after a while more and more into the flower of youth, and into a loveliness which exceeds any conception of beauty that can be formed from what the eye has ever seen. Goodness moulds their forms into its own image, and makes the countenance beam with grace and sweetness. In fine, to grow old in heaven is to grow young.

His doctrine of correspondence, a doctrine by no means new but never before stated so broadly, is not devoid either of poetry or probability. Thought is everywhere the cause of form; the natural world is a repetition of the spiritual, the spiritual of the invisible mental world.\* Nothing material exists but by virtue of a spiritual basis or type; and one of his followers (Mr. Leo Grindon) attributes the sterility of hybrids to the absence of such a type. Man being a kind of minute heaven, and nature man in diffusion, all things in nature represent and express things in man's mind. A spirit may be known from a single thought; and angels detect a man's autobiography in his structure or even in his voice. From this principle it follows that the countenance, dress, furniture, landscape, and all the surroundings of angels, change according to their mental conditions; a new arrival hardly knowing at first, from the objects around him, that he has left this lower world. Though they have no material body, they eat and drink, wake and sleep; spring and summer, morning and evening (there is no winter or night), being produced by, and corresponding to, similar alternations in their minds. Sex being a permanent fact in human nature, and it being the soul which gives sex to the body, marriage exists; but as all earthly relationships, not based on harmony of character, are dissolved, persons generally contract new alliances. These pairs by spiritual affinity were married on earth, however unconsciously, death stripping off the accidental, and revealing the immutable, relation. Swedenborg himself had a wife awaiting him in heaven, the Countess Gyllenborg, a lady who had published some mystical works, and was either the wife or the mother of one of his early friends. All inhabitants of heaven or hell having had a bodily existence here or in other worlds, no children are born of spiritual unions. The ruling passion on earth finds corresponding activity in heaven. Curious souls go about sight-seeing; some instruct the heathen or educate those who have died in infancy, girls being taught needlework and allowed perfumes and toys; while a new garment is a token of well-doing, and spots on their dress are a sign of misbehaviour, which disappear on

\*  
What if the earth  
Be but the shadow of heaven, and things therein  
Each to the other like, more than on earth is thought?

*Paradise Lost*, book v.



repentance. Youths indulge in tennis and other sports, and there are sermons, theatres, and concerts. Spirits averse to marriage have a separate quarter, their presence afflicting others with melancholy. The angels in combination have the form of a Grand or Divine Man (this reminds one of the forms of some of the groups in Dante's *Paradise*), myriads of them composing a fibre, and those from our globe constituting a portion of the skin.

Every society in heaven has a counterpart in hell, there being, through man's free will, a perfect equilibrium between the two states. Thus, for the sake of symmetry, Swedenborg dooms half the universe to perdition. Satan is not a person, but is Hell collectively. Wicked spirits remain willingly amid its morasses, forests, and ruined cities, since out of it they would suffer the acutest agony; and they are obliged to earn their own living. Misers are infested with mice; so, too, are bookworms, who study by the light of candles, which are frequently snuffed out. A common punishment is an imaginary veil stretched over them to a great distance, from which the culprits vainly strive to extricate themselves.

There is an intermediate state—the world of spirits, where the great majority, whose dispositions had not been distinctly manifested while in the body, abide for a period now never exceeding thirty years, and whence they are drafted off to heaven or hell. Nations and communities are here located separately, the cream of the English nation occupying the centre, thanks to the intellectual superiority derived from their liberty of thought and speech. They rarely go out of their own society, because they love it, even as in the world they love their country. There are two large cities like London, one allotted to the well, the other to the evilly, disposed. Of the former Swedenborg says:—"The abode and dress of the Londoners are similar to what they were on earth. I inquired and found they had wine, beer, coffee, chocolate, tea, and the like. I asked also for the liquor punch, and learned that they had it, but likewise that it was only allowed to the industrious and sincere." Were he not destitute of humour, and even of a sense of the ridiculous, one would suspect him here of poking fun at us. The streets and dwellings in the Jewish towns are so filthy, he tells us, that nobody can approach them.

Good and evil spirits attend upon every mortal, but, as a protection from the malignity of the latter, communication is rarely permitted. Every spirit belonging to some region of the Grand Man, its presence influences the corresponding part of the human body. Thus hypocrites answering to the teeth, they inflicted toothache on Swedenborg—one of them, strange to say, being St. Paul. Some desired to throw him under the wheels of carriages, and a woman whom while in the flesh he had refused to marry gave him a suicidal impulse. Many, fond of



the first of these is the fact that the British  
 government has been very successful in its  
 policy of maintaining a strong navy and  
 a powerful army. This has enabled it to  
 maintain its position as a world power and  
 to resist the attempts of other nations to  
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white garments, incited him to buy such. On two occasions sugar tasted to him like salt, for spirits can change flavours or affect the taste. Spiritual angels dislike butter, for which, while associating with them, Swedenborg entirely lost his relish, milk on the other hand being indescribably delicious, for milk belongs to the spiritual as butter does to the celestial angels (the latter are the higher class); not that they delight therein as food, but on account of their correspondences. On changing his room he found the spirits stayed behind, having become accustomed to the furniture, and on changing his dress they scarcely recognised him. They are not good advisers in practical matters, for on his consulting them as to the number of copies he should print they approved whatever he suggested: "they only regard the good intention, and can be induced to confirm anything which promises to advance it."

Swedenborg could by his own admission converse only with persons whom he had known personally or by repute, not being able or willing to address those he had never known and could form no idea of. He speaks of "one whom it was given me to believe was Cicero," but does not otherwise suggest that he was liable to mistakes in identity, though this would be one way of accounting for some truly startling assertions. He represents St. Paul as ambitious, disputatious, and jealous of St. Peter; David as coveting ascendancy, cruel, and sensual; Luther as tormented in the intermediate state on account of his belief in justification by faith alone, until convinced by himself of its falsity; Melancthon, more obdurate in the same error, as passing half his time in hell, lodging in a filthy chamber, and walking noisily as if with iron shoes on a stone pavement; Calvin as placed in a miserable society on account of his predestinarianism; Gustavus Adolphus as an adulterer. It is equally surprising to find Elizabeth of Russia, "who with all her faults had a good heart," comfortably married and settled, and Louis XIV. and our George II. in influential positions, the latter forcing his bishops to confess that they had discouraged the reading of Swedenborg's works. Thus does Swedenborg, like Dante, but as fact, not as poetry, show his likes and dislikes; and according to Mr. White, who ought to be well informed on the subject, staunch Swedenborgians regard David and St. Paul as among the lost, while they would be scandalised at the selection of a text from the writings of the Apostle of the Gentiles.

Swedenborg gives an account of the planets, not derived, as is often stated, from personal observation, but ostensibly furnished by spirits who had inhabited them. He heard nothing however of the existence of Uranus and Neptune. He believed in a pre-Adamite race, describes our first parent as hatched in an egg suspended from the Tree of Life, and interprets the early portion of Genesis as an allegorical history of the most ancient Church. The Deluge signifies its termination and Noah its successor, viz. the ancient Church, whose sacred books are still



preserved in Great Tartary, a revelation of the truth being also enjoyed by the people of Central Africa. No Swedenborgian Livingstone however seems to have been despatched to discover these favoured communities. Actual history begins with Abraham; but the remainder of Genesis, as also the rest of the Canon, with the exception of Ruth, the Chronicles, Ezra, Nehemiah, Esther, Job, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, Solomon's Song, the Acts of the Apostles, and the Epistles, have not only a literal but an inner or spiritual and an inmost or celestial sense. Names and genealogies share in this esoteric signification, apart from which there is in Swedenborg's view no more inspiration in the Scriptures than in any other history.

Some of his theological tenets have found favour with persons who reject his supernatural pretensions. He teaches that at death the soul quits the body for ever, the resurrection denoting its continued existence, and commonly taking place the third day after decease. The world of spirits is the scene of general Judgments, of which there have been three. The most ancient Church was the subject of the first; the ancient Church, during our Lord's life on earth, of the second; while the last took place in 1757, Swedenborg being a spectator of it. Hypocrites had for centuries made the intermediate state their home, and had organized imaginary heavens, deceiving pious but simple souls; hence as Divine influence descends by successive gradations, the beams of the Celestial Sun were intercepted from our lower world by clouds of malignant and false natures—a crisis threatening the extinction of the human race, unless a Divine interposition renewed the broken order. Protestants being ranged in the centre, Roman Catholics around them, Mahometans in a yet outer belt, and Pagans beyond them, heavenly ministers selected the good, while the wicked were consigned to hell. Contemporaneous with this was the Second Advent, by which is to be understood the restoration of genuine Christian faith and practice. This New Jerusalem Church Swedenborg at one time thought would be raised up among the heathen, but latterly directed his hopes to the Protestant world, and his disciples see in the great intellectual and material advances of the last hundred years the first-fruits of the new dispensation. The Trinity is one not of persons, but of principles or relationships, the Father being the Divine essence, the Son its personal manifestation, and the Holy Spirit an emanation or influence conveying grace to the human heart. The Atonement was not an expiation of the sins of humanity, but the reconciliation (at-one-ment) of the Divine and the human, the work of Christ being the gradual glorification of his humanity, which was completed at his resurrection and ascension. The powers of hell were thus subjected, and saving grace was communicated to man. Emphatically condemning Luther's cardinal doctrine, he insists that faith must be accompanied by works and that evils must





be shunned as evils, for if shunned from any lower motive they are in reality not shunned at all but only secreted from the world. He encourages no asceticism, regarding a religious life as one not of retirement but of activity. Apparent worldliness will not hinder admission to heaven provided one thinks in a becoming manner of God and behaves uprightly to others. He even allows concubinage in certain cases, and himself, as a young man, following the custom of his rank and country, kept a mistress. God alone, in his view, lives, his presence being in all created things in equal measure, and the difference being in the recipient. Man manifests him more adequately than the other orders of creation, and one man better than another. This doctrine of the soul of the world, according to an intelligent writer in *Chambers's Cyclopædia* is "the grand and distinctive principle of Swedenborgian theology;" but it is surely held in substance by all Christians, if not indeed by all believers in a God. That it was taught by some of the old philosophers every reader of Virgil knows :—

..... totamque infusa per artus  
 Mens agitat molem, et magno se corpore miscet .....  
 Igneus est ollis vigor, et coelestis origo  
 Seminibus: quantum non noxia corpora tardant,  
 Terrenique hebetant artus, moribundaque membra.

Swedenborg had no intention of founding a sect, and two of his first converts in this country, Mr. Hartley and Mr. Clowes, continued till their death clergymen of the Church of England. The latter, whom De Quincey calls "holy, visionary, apostolic," believed that many of his own sermons were dictated to him by spirits. Flaxman the sculptor was another early disciple. In 1788 however the New Jerusalem Church was formed, which now numbers about 50 congregations, nearly half of them being in Lancashire, Scotland having a few, Wales and Ireland none at all. Next to England it has flourished most in the United States, particularly in New England. There are a few disciples in Sweden, Germany, and France, as well as at Moscow, in the Mauritius, Canada, the Cape, and Australia; but the aggregate is far from large. There are, however, believers among other Protestant sects. The Spiritualists are to some extent an offshoot, but are looked upon by many New Churchmen with considerable jealousy, for while admitting spiritual intercourse in the abstract they are wary in allowing particular instances of it, especially when the utterances conflict with and threaten to supersede the teachings of Swedenborg.

J. GOLDWORTH ALGER.



## THE RIGHT HON. HUGH ELLIOT.

*A Memoir of the Right Honourable Hugh Elliot. By the Countess of Minto.* 1868. 8vo. pp. xi. 436. Edmonston and Douglas.

Hugh Elliot was a brother of Gilbert the first Earl of Minto and Governor-General of Bengal. He was a man of considerable talent, great vivacity, and energy; and his brilliant qualities were displayed in the varied scenes of gay society, of military adventure, of foreign diplomacy, and colonial government. His long career of public service was passed entirely abroad, in nearly every quarter of Europe, in the West Indies, and finally in India. But these services, active and long-continued as they were, attracted less attention than would have followed a political life at home, and his name has not hitherto taken the place it merits among the eminent men of the Georgian Era. To that era he strictly belongs. Born in 1752, he died in 1830. He was old enough to remember the funeral of George the Second, and he just survived that of George the Fourth.

The present revival of his memory is attributable to his having preserved, with more than ordinary care, all his letters, whether official or private, that passed between the years 1772 and 1785. The history of these documents is remarkable. Left at Dresden in 1802, and remaining there during the French occupation, they were not finally recovered until 1826; when they were sent to Minto by his daughter Lady Hislop. A daughter of Lady Hislop became the wife of her cousin the present Earl of Minto: and it is this lady, who, stirred by an honourable pride in the history of the family to which she belongs at once by descent and by marriage, has been induced to devote her leisure to the perusal of these valuable papers, and at length to favour the world with the result of her researches.

These do not now appear altogether for the first time: for a great part of the contents of this book was printed privately in 1862; but it then terminated with the correspondence of the year 1785. Chapters are now added describing Mr. Elliot's various diplomatic missions subsequent to that date: chiefly derived, as before, from his own papers, though he did not latterly preserve them in the same abundance as before. It is about the year 1775 and 1776, in his earlier life, that the letters are so numerous, and so full of personal details, that the reader is brought into terms of intimacy with all the parties concerned. Whilst Mr. Hugh Elliot is the main subject of the book, it embraces also the contemporary history of the whole family.

The Elliots of Minto in Roxburghshire (a branch from those of Stobs in the same county) were raised to the dignity of Baronet in





1700, in the person of Sir Gilbert, who was also Lord Minto as one of the lords of session. His son, the second Sir Gilbert, had the same title, filling the office of lord justice clerk. Sir Gilbert the third became a Lord of the Admiralty in 1756, and in 1770 Treasurer of the Navy: and he it was who, by Agnes Murray Kynynmound, heiress of Melgund, co. Forfar, and Lochgelly and Kynynmound, co. Fife, became the father of Gilbert the first Earl of Minto and Viscount Melgund; of Hugh the hero of the book before us; of two other sons, a civilian in India and a Yorkshire clergyman; of Isabella, the best letter-writer of the family; and of Eleanor wife of William Eden, who, in acknowledgment of his long and very distinguished career as a diplomatist, was created Lord Auckland (in Ireland in 1789, and in England in 1793). As this marriage took place so early as 1776, and as Mr. Eden's most important embassies ranged from 1778 to 1790, the family correspondence derives considerable interest from this alliance.

Hugh Elliot was born on the 6th of April 1752, we presume in or near London. In 1762 the family were living at Twickenham. His father is described as a grave, highly cultivated man, immersed in politics, and one who inspired his family with as much awe as admiration. The mother, Lady Elliot Murray (as she was usually called), was clever and high-spirited, and in her children Isabella and Hugh was not disposed to repress the uncontrolled sensibility, the romantic impulsiveness of character, and high imaginings, which rather marred than promoted their happiness. Her eldest son Gilbert, the future Governor of India, was of a colder nature, and in his early years not a favourite.

Poor, and proud of the position to which character and abilities had raised them, the parents eagerly strove to fit their sons to keep what themselves had gained. The tutor employed was Mr. Liston, a young Scotchman, who was engaged on a salary of 25*l.* a-year, with bed, board, and washing. He afterwards accompanied Mr. Hugh Elliot to Munich as secretary, and eventually rose to be Sir Robert Liston, British minister at Madrid and Constantinople. His letters throughout this book add much to its interest and value.

The two brothers pursued their education together;—for two years at Paris, in the military academy of the Abbé Choquet, where Mirabeau was their schoolfellow,\* and David Hume (then resident at Paris) their kind friend; and next in Edinburgh, under the superintendence of Professor George Stuart, who reported that the young men went on well in their studies, and were superior to most of their companions;

\* A remarkable description of Mirabeau when subsequently in England in 1783 occurs in a subsequent page, and in the Appendix is a long and characteristic letter written in the same year.



but he had never seen two brothers so contrasted. Hugh was "lively, agreeable, and popular," but his vivacity often outstripped his reason. He spoke with great spirit and to good purpose in the debates of the Rhetorical Society—so that he probably would have shone in parliament had not his subsequent fortunes kept him away from home.

In 1768 the brothers went to Oxford, from whence there is one interesting letter amusingly describing the university life of that time. Hugh Elliot found the young men there "much idler than I could have conceived;" but he laid down the plan for a full occupation of his own time. In addition to the customary hour with his tutor, he proposed to attend to law, history, the dancing-master, "who is very good," natural philosophy, conic sections, and astronomy—all at stated hours of the same day; but, after all, "at half-past-five I will go to the Coffee-house,—everybody goes there."

In 1770 the brothers were again in Paris. On their arrival we waited on Mr. Walpole, who seems to be as dry and cold a kind of gentleman as ever I saw. He cleared up a little when he heard that we had some French acquaintances, and did not depend entirely upon him for introductions. His behaviour was not particular to us in this respect, but is the same to all the young English; and, indeed, I think he is so far in the right, as it would be impossible to take any charge of such a parcel of raw ignorant boys as most of them seem to be.

There should have been a note here to distinguish the Mr. Walpole thus mentioned, more particularly as there is one in the same page referring to the Correspondence of everybody's acquaintance, Horace Walpole. Was it not Horace's younger brother, the Hon. Robert Walpole? who was afterwards for thirty years ambassador at Lisbon, and died in 1810.\* At the same time the young Elliots visited the Comtesse de Boufflers, Madame du Deffand, and Madame Geoffrin; and they are thus highly estimated in the published correspondence of the second of these ladies, addressed to Horace Walpole:—

Nous avons ici les enfants de M. Elliot. Ils sont infiniment aimables. Ils savent parfaitement le Français; ils sont gais, doux, et polis, et plaisent à tout le monde.

In the autumn of 1770 Gilbert returned to Christ Church, and Hugh proceeded to Metz in order to study military science. He had always been told that his destination was the army. In fact he had at ten years of age been presented with a lieutenant's commission by General Scott of Scotstarbet. Such nominations of children had previously been allowed; but when he was approaching his nineteenth year, and was preparing to occupy his position, he found that Lord Barrington,

\* In 1770 Lord Harcourt was the English ambassador in Paris. Was Mr. Walpole attached to his embassy?





the Secretary-at-War, refused to ratify such appointments, which were in future to be confined to princes of the blood royal. This was a disappointment which was not easily surmounted. To enable him to enter a foreign service with certain advantages, Hugh Elliot was allowed to retain the nominal rank of Captain; and he repaired to Vienna to enter the service of Austria. He failed in that object; but he acquired the permanent friendship of Lord Stormont, then British minister at Vienna, who wrote thus (Aug. 5, 1772), but to whom is not stated:—

I give a little farewell dinner to Elliot, who sets out to-morrow. I really see him go with much concern. The sweetness of his disposition, the manner in which the “elements are blended” in him, the variety of his accomplishments and pursuits, make him a young man so much after my heart, that I often lament in secret I am not the father of such a son.

In the spirit of adventure our hero pushed on to Warsaw, just in time to contemplate the monarchy of Poland when tottering to its fall. He tells his father (Sept. 30, 1772):—

I have met with a very favourable reception here. The King’s person and manner are strikingly engaging and manly. I never was so moved with any scene as with the first aspect of the court. Remorse or despair get the better of the forced cheerfulness with which they endeavour to veil the approach of ruin, slavery, and oppression. But these only prompt them to complaints: not one man is bold enough to draw his sword.

At the last interview he had with the King, Stanislaus Augustus took him by the hand and said, “Ah! mon cher Elliot, nous ne sommes pas des Anglais!”

Still eager for military distinction, Hugh Elliot set forward to join the Russian army then employed in Moldavia against the Turks; and, after partaking of the campaign on the Danube for some months, in 1773 obeyed his father’s summons home, with the warm commendations of Marshal Romanzow, who declared that “he had distinguished himself with a truly British courage.”

This was reported by Mr. Wroughton, the British minister at Stockholm, to the Earl of Suffolk, then Secretary of State for the Northern department, and produced the appointment of Captain Elliot to be minister at Munich. His first despatch from that court is dated 23rd June, 1774, the intervening winter having been spent in London in a large participation of Ranelagh and the other gaieties of the day.

The court of Bavaria was then (as described by Pöllnitz) “sans contredit la plus galante et la plus polie de l’Allemagne,” its gallantry and polish attended with exceeding poverty and misery in the people:—

To draw any picture of the state of this country (Elliot writes to Mr. Eden 10 Sept. 1774) would be to go back two ages in the progress of society. They are nothing on a par with the rest of Europe, except in music and debauchery.

For gaiety our lively adventurer was not indisposed. It suited his



temperament, and at first he wrote to his mother that "the town and society are both very agreeable;" but a few months only were sufficient to raise some clouds on the horizon—dissatisfaction with the tedium of ever-recurring frivolity, disgust with the "venal creatures" who preyed upon the Court, and the more personal annoyance of pecuniary difficulties. The chief relief consisted in the visits of English travellers, among whom we hear of Mr. William Morton Pitt, Mr. Thomas Stanley second son of the Earl of Derby, and Lord Lindsey afterwards the fourth Duke of Ancaster. The two latter both died in early life. Mr. Pitt was subsequently M.P. for Dorsetshire, and maintained a constant correspondence with the former minister at Munich.

In the summer of 1775 Mr. Elliot made another attempt to obtain a footing in the English army, and to take part in the campaign then going on in America. From this he was dissuaded, with much kindness, by the Earl of Suffolk, who soon after announced his recall to England, "in order that he might be intrusted with affairs of greater importance, his Majesty having been satisfied with his previous conduct." So towards the end of the summer of 1776 his first mission came to an end, and he was succeeded at Munich by Mr. Morton Eden.

At the close of the same year Mr. Elliot accompanied his parents and sister to Nice, where Sir Gilbert died in Jan. 1777.

Mr. Elliot was soon after accredited to Berlin, where he arrived on the 1st April, 1777, at a court the very reverse of that he had last known; but there were in Prussia secondary courts in which he was soon a favourite guest. One of these was that of the King's brother Prince Henry at Rheinsberg, and there he met the Countess of Verelst, widow of a late Dutch minister at Berlin, and her daughter Charlotte von Krauth, a beauty and reputed heiress, the offspring of her first marriage with a Prussian officer.

After a dalliance of nearly two years Mr. Elliot precipitately united himself to this young lady. The marriage took place without the mother's consent and without the knowledge of the King, who it was feared might have interposed his veto; and it was hastily concluded as preliminary to a visit to England,—to which country his bride declined to accompany him. He was absent for some months. However, on his return to Berlin, or soon after, the marriage was avowed, and we are told that for two years his house became the *point de réunion* of a very agreeable society.

With King Frederick the British minister was no favourite, but it was because he was the British minister. When to general ill-humour was added a particular dissatisfaction with England, Mr. Elliot found himself singled out for special marks of the King's ill-will. But his courage was equal to every emergency.





The recall of M. Maltzahn from London, and the appointment to that post of an "ill-conditioned fellow, merely to spite the English cabinet," gave occasion to one of Mr. Elliot's happiest repartees. "What do they say of [Count Lasi] in London?" asked Frederick, tauntingly. "Digne représentant de votre Majesté," replied Mr. Elliot, bowing to the ground.

When the intelligence arrived at Berlin that Hyder Ali had made a successful and destructive inroad into the British territories in the Carnatic, Frederick broke a silence which he had maintained towards Mr. Elliot for several successive levees, asking,

"M. Elliot, qui est ce Hyder Ali qui sait si bien arranger vos affaires aux Indes?" Elliot promptly replied, "Sire, c'est un vieux despote qui a beaucoup pillé ses voisins, mais qui, Dieu merci, commence à radoter."

Mr. Elliot used to relate this story with much exultation, adding, "Sir, it was a revenge that Satan might have envied."

At last, in May 1752, his brother announced to him, "Your recall is determined, on the ground of your being disagreeable to the King of Prussia." But though his mission ceased he did not return to England, because his wife would not quit her own country. In September following he was appointed to Copenhagen; and he went there without her. After a time it was discovered that Mrs. Elliot had transferred her affections to a cousin, the Baron Knyphausen. Her husband hurried back to Berlin in order to cane the man thoroughly, and to fight a duel with him, which all the military circles of Berlin pronounced to have covered the Englishman with glory. He then readily obtained a divorce, having previously had one child born,—Isabella, who was married in 1801 to George Payne, esq.

Mr. Elliot continued from 1782 to 1790 accredited as British minister in Denmark. Visiting England in 1785 he had several interviews with Mr. Pitt, the great object of whose policy at that time was the preservation of the balance of power.

Mr. Elliot, naturally impressed with the views of the minister, repaired to Sweden in 1787, where he bore an important part in protecting that country from the aggressive designs of Russia. Gustavus III. placed himself unreservedly in his hands, and the "Swedish Correspondence" preserved by Mr. Elliot at this period of his life is evidently of high historical importance.

In 1790 he returned home from Copenhagen; and soon after he was sent by Mr. Pitt on a secret mission to Mirabeau in Paris, the particulars of which have not transpired.

In 1792 he was appointed minister at Dresden, where he remained until 1802. Of these years but little is related; but it is admitted that all his surviving children were ready to acknowledge the perfect truth with which Mrs. Trench in her charming *Journal* has delineated his manners at this period of his life. "Mr. Elliot (she writes at Dresden in 1801) was wonderfully amusing. His wit, his humour, his discon-



tent, his spleen, his happy choice of words, his rapid flow of ideas, and his disposition to playful satire, make one always long to write short-hand and preserve his conversation."

He was now more happily married, to a lady of great beauty, but of whose parentage we are still uninformed, as the only mention of her introduced by her grand-daughter is contained in the following passage from a letter written by Lord Minto when at Dresden in 1799, on his way to Vienna as Envoy extraordinary.

I have, since I have seen Hugh's wife and beautiful children, better hopes of his happiness than I ever had before. She is very handsome—her face and head remarkably pretty, insomuch that the celebrated Virgin of Raphael in the Gallery, one of the finest pictures I ever saw, is her exact portrait, while two of the children are so like the cherubs looking up, that I told Hugh it was a family picture.

The next chapter carries the reader to Naples, whither Mr. Elliot was taken by Lord Nelson in the Victory on the declaration of war in 1803. This part of the book is not less important than the foregoing, and is full of original letters of the Queen. Mr. Elliot remained in Sicily until 1806.

Thus terminated his diplomatic career. But he was subsequently from 1809 to 1814 Governor of the Leeward Islands; and from the latter date, when he was sworn a Privy Councillor, to 1820, Governor of Madras. His wife died in the last year of his residence at Madras, leaving six sons and three daughters.\*

The last ten years of his life he spent chiefly in London; and, dying on the 2nd Dec. 1830, he was buried by the side of his brother in Westminster Abbey.

We have now traced the leading events of Mr. Elliot's varied career; but it will be understood that these form but a thread in the general texture of Lady Minto's book. The documents upon which it is founded afford new evidence upon many important political transactions, into which it is not our province to enter: and many interesting anecdotes of other persons of eminence arise, alike in Mr. Elliot's own letters, and in those which he received from home. Lady Minto's general plan has been not to publish entire letters, but to cull the most animated passages, which she strings together so as to form a very attractive narrative. There is, however, some lack of editorial explanation and illustration.

For example, in a letter of Miss Isabella Elliot, written in Dec. 1774, it is said that—

There are forty young Etonians in the new parliament, and about 170 new faces. Bob, the waiter at White's, is chosen for the same place with Mr. Wed-

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\* The surviving sons are—Gilbert, Dean of Bristol; Sir Charles, Admiral and K.C.B. Governor of St. Helena; and Frederick, Assistant Under Secretary of State for the Colonial department.





derburn: upon which Lord Suffolk said, he made no doubt they would make a very distinguished figure, being both *bred to the Bar*.

Perhaps the reader might not require to be told that Mr. Wedderburn was the future Lord Chancellor Loughborough; but "Bob, the waiter at White's," certainly should have had a note. His name was Robert Mackreth. He was returned to parliament (as the colleague of the future chancellor) for the borough of Castle Rising in 1774, and rechosen in 1780 and 1784; afterwards for Ashburton in 1790 and 1796; and he became Sir Robert Mackreth on being dubbed a Knight-bachelor, May 8, 1795. He purchased the estate of Ewhurst, Hants, and "entirely created it anew," as is fully described in *The Topographer*, 1789, i. 39.

To take another passage, in the year 1775—

A new married Duchess has been the observed of all observers. The newspapers have handled her much too roughly on account of her dress, which is only fantastical; she is giddy and beautiful, and her mother, a woman of unexampled qualities, tries to restrain her, but she has given herself up to the guidance of the Club ladies. There was an intention of a play being to be acted when all the fine ladies and gentlemen were to perform. There was to have been a grand ballet in which the Duchess of D., Lady B. Stanley, Lady Jersey, Lady Melbourne, Lady Cranbourne, Mrs. Hubert, etc. were to have showed off, but friends and husbands have interposed (p. 76).

After the lapse of nearly a century many readers will require to be reminded that the Duchess here mentioned was Georgiana Duchess of Devonshire, who afterwards made herself very conspicuous as the political partisan of Mr. Fox. She was a daughter of John Earl Spencer, and married in 1774. Her mother (by birth Miss Poyntz) was a lady of high character, and survived until 1814. Lady B. or Betty Stanley was Lady Elizabeth, married in 1779 to the Rev. Sir Thomas Horton, Bart. Lady Cranbourne was the Marchioness of Salisbury who in extreme age was burned to death in 1835. We suspect that "Mrs. Hubert" should be Herbert.

At p. 81 are some very interesting notices of "poor Tom Erskine," then living quietly near Tunbridge Wells; but in the absence of any hint from the Editor those only will recognise the future Chancellor who are well acquainted with his early history. Like Hugh Elliot he had essayed the military profession without success; and hence, no doubt, and as a fellow countryman and a contemporary (Erskine was two years older), Elliot entertained a sympathetic feeling for "poor Tom Erskine."

We must not, however, in a work professedly one of extracts, blame the Editor for not having done more, since what she has done is done sensibly and well; and we cannot conclude without an expression of our hope that Lady Minto will pursue her researches still further. The mine is evidently only partially worked; and we shall like to see other portions of the Elliot Correspondence in a fuller and more complete form, and accompanied, as all historical works should be, by an index of persons as well as subjects.



## THE ART BENEFACTIONS OF MR. FELIX SLADE.

The great importance of the bequests left by this gentleman for the promotion of the study of Art has induced us to procure a complete and accurate abstract of such portions of his will as relate to that subject, and to his many other public benefactions; and to introduce them thus prominently to the attention of our readers.

Mr. Felix Slade was the younger son of Robert Slade, esq. who realised a handsome fortune as a proctor in Doctors' Commons, and died at his house in Walcot-place, Lambeth, on the 26th August 1835, being then a Deputy Lieutenant for the county of Surrey. Robert Slade had married Eliza, daughter of Edward Foxcroft, of Halsteads in the parish of Thornton in Lonsdale, in the county of York: and that property, under the will of the Rev. Thomas H. Foxcroft, passed by entail to his nephew William Slade, the elder son of Robert. Mr. William Slade died on the 10th Jan. 1858, and was succeeded by his brother Felix; and at his death, unmarried, the estate of Halsteads has passed to Edward T. D. Jones, esq. of Hinton House, Somersetshire, who has since taken the name of Foxcroft.

As a virtuoso Mr. Felix Slade was one of the most liberal purchasers of modern times. He had a valuable library, and was particularly choice in fine old bindings. His engravings were of great value. But the most remarkable portion of his collections was one of glass. Of this a very elaborate catalogue has for some time been in preparation, under the revision of his friend Mr. Franks; intended for private circulation. It is richly illustrated with woodcuts and coloured plates, executed by Messrs. J. and G. Nicholls and T. Mellish, under the superintendence of Mr. W. A. Nicholls. A preliminary dissertation is prefixed from the pen of Mr. Nesbitt, F.S.A.

Mr. Slade was elected a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries in 1866. To the exhibitions of the Archæological Institute he frequently contributed: and many of the most curious objects of his collections have from time to time been described in their Journal. Some brief notices of his treasures will also be found in Dr. Waagen's "Galleries and Cabinets of Art in Great Britain," 1857, pp. 217-219.

Mr. Slade died at his house in Walcot-place, Lambeth, on the 29th of March, 1868; and his will was proved on the 21st of April. It has seven codicils, and the will and codicils all bear the same date of the 25th of March, four days before his death. The fifth codicil contains the numerous charitable and public bequests hereafter noticed.





The executors and trustees appointed are, Edward W. Wadeson, esq., of Tavistock-square; Charles Collambell, esq. of Lambeth-terrace; Richard Fisher, esq. of Portsdown-road, Maida-hill; and Augustus W. Franks, esq. of the British Museum. The personalty was sworn under 160,000*l*.

Mr. Slade has bequeathed to his executor Mr. Collambell 1,500*l*. and to each of his other executors 1,000*l*. free of duty.

He devises a house at Burton in Lonsdale to trustees to the use of John Holgate (the occupier) for his life; then to his sister, Jane Holgate, for her life; then to such uses as are still subsisting under the will of testator's uncle, the Rev. Thomas H. Foxcroft, deceased. Other property, at Thornton and in the West Riding, he has devised to his cousin Edward Talbot D. Jones and his heirs. A portion of his copyhold property in Brixton is devised to his cousins William and Robert Slade. The residue of his copyhold and freehold property is devised in favour of his cousin Margaret Tyers, wife of the Rev. W. Weller-Poley. There are numerous specific and pecuniary bequests, and the ultimate residue of his personal estate is left equally between his cousins, Mrs. Margaret Weller-Poley, Mrs. Harriet Hart, and her two daughters.

The testator has bequeathed to the British Museum his collection of ancient and modern glass; his Japanese carvings in ivory and metal, as well as a selection from his pottery and works of art to be made by his executor Mr. Franks; also his collection of unbound engravings, woodcuts, and etchings, at Walcot-place, besides such of his bound volumes of engravings and of his manuscripts and books in ancient bindings as shall be selected by Messrs. Franks and Fisher his executors. He also gives 3,000*l*. to his executors to be laid out by them within ten years in additions to his collection of glass, to be presented to the British Museum. He has given directions as to the distribution of Catalogues of his collection of glass, amongst various societies and individuals.

We may add, in regard to the value of the bequests made to the British Museum, that Mr. Slade estimated that his collection of glass had cost him about 8,000*l*. and the engravings 16,000*l*. The additional works of art are worth at least 1,000*l*. more.

The executors are empowered to lay out a sum not to exceed 5,000*l*. in repairing and rebuilding the parish church of Thornton-in-Lonsdale.

He then directs that a sum not exceeding 35,000*l*. shall be expended in the foundation and endowment, within two years, of Professorships for promoting the study of the Fine Arts, one in each of the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, and one or more at University College, London; and that a sum not exceeding 10,000*l*. shall be ex-



pendent in the foundation and endowment, within two years, at the latter college, of six Exhibitions or Scholarships, to be called *Slade's Exhibitions or Scholarships*, of 50*l.* each per annum, for proficiency in drawing, painting, and sculpture, for students under nineteen years of age; and, should there be any residue left of these two sums, the surplus may be laid out by the executors "for the encouragement, benefit, and advancement of the Fine Arts in England."

The following bequests to public Charities and Institutions are in the order they stand in the fifth codicil:—

	£		£
Lambeth Boys' School .....	200	Artists' Benevolent Institution.....	100
British and Foreign Schools, Borough-road .....	300	British Home for Incurables, Clapham .....	100
Indigent Blind, St. George's-fields	100	Charing Cross Hospital.....	100
Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Kent-rd.	100	General Lying-in Hospital .....	100
South London Dispensary.....	100	Metropolitan Convalescent Institution.....	100
Truss Society .....	200	Sea Bathing Infirmary, Margate... 100	
Lambeth Baths and Washhouses...	100	Seamen's Hospital Ship Dreadnought.....	100
School, West House, Thornton in Lonsdale .....	200	Lifeboat Association, Adelphi.....	300
Hospital for Women and Children, Waterloo Road .....	100	Leeds Infirmary .....	300
Surrey Dispensary .....	100	Ragged Schools at Lambeth.....	100
Royal Medical Benevolent College	100	Girls' School at Thornton.....	30
Hospital for Skin Diseases, Bridge-street, Blackfriars .....	100	Sunday School at Thornton .....	30
Royal Free Hospital .....	100	Provident Society at Thornton.....	30
North London or University College Hospital .....	500	National School at Ingleton.....	30
Building fund for the same.....	500	Sunday School and Provident Society, Burton in Lonsdale .....	20

He has further left to the Vicar of Thornton in Lonsdale 50*l.* to be applied at his sole discretion for the benefit of the poor of that parish; and to the Rector of Lambeth 200*l.* for the like purpose; to his executors, for their sole disposal to such public charities as they may think proper, 2,000*l.*; and to the master and wardens of the Ironmongers' Company of London 100*l.* to be applied at their discretion for the benefit of the poor of that company, of which his father was Master in 1803. All legacies to be free of duty.

To the Athenæum Club he has left 200*l.* to be expended in books relating to art, to be selected by the librarian of the club; to the Society of Antiquaries, for the like purpose, 100*l.*; to the Arundel Society, 100*l.*; and to the Archaeological Institute, 100*l.*

The munificence of Mr. Slade's bequests for the promotion of Art-education has naturally much engaged the attention of those interested in that object, and various discussions have taken place among the artistic bodies of the metropolis, and resolutions have been passed, ex-





pressing their anxiety to avail themselves of the benefits proposed in the most useful manner. A Committee was appointed by the London University College to consider the business, and a letter has been written on the part of that Committee by Mr. Edwin Field addressed to George Grote, esq. F.R.S. the President of the college. It shadows forth the foundation of something more than a mere Professorship. The considerations which pressed on the Committee are thus stated :

1. Our Committee considered that the acceptance of Mr. Slade's bequest, and particularly of that part founding Scholarships for students in drawing, painting, and sculpture, would impose on the College the duty of affording such instruction as ought to be given to students who are following the Fine Arts as a profession.

2. We thought that the academical education in University College of professional artists would require the establishment of a separate faculty or department. We have now two faculties, those of Literature and of Medicine ; we should then require a third, a faculty of Fine Arts, with its separate classes and teachers.

3. As we now find to some extent, with reference to our present two faculties, we should certainly then find to a much greater extent, with reference to a new Fine Arts Faculty, that many of our existing chairs (or professorships) would be eminently fitted for giving instruction to fine-art students on subjects important to such students, and yet at present not taught to them at all, or very insufficiently taught. Indeed, it seemed to our Committee, as far as we at present understand the matter, that a faculty, or college, or school, for the education of professional artists, could scarcely be well carried on unless in connexion with complete schools of Literature and Medicine, such as University College aims at maintaining.

Mr. Edwin Field asks the question ;—Will the executors be disposed to found a “Felix Slade Faculty of Fine Arts” in the College for the education of professional artists, the schools of this faculty to have their own appropriate buildings, such buildings bearing of course Mr. Slade's name ? “Such a faculty in connexion with complete schools of Literature and Medicine does not, I believe, exist in Europe. In the eyes of artists it would be a most noble and useful institution.” He further remarks, that while the Professorship to be founded in each of the two Universities would certainly be not for the instruction of artists, but one aimed at inducing the general students of those Universities to take a greater interest in art, the Scholarships to be established at University College, and the provision for the further application of the surplus, point at the institution of a complete system of fine-art education.



## REVIEWS.

## THE LIFE OF GEORGE PETRIE, LL.D.

*The Life and Labours in Art and Archaeology of GEORGE PETRIE, LL.D. M.R.I.A. &c. &c. By WILLIAM STOKES, M.D., D.C.L. Oxon, Physician in Ordinary to the Queen in Ireland, Regius Professor of Physic in the University of Dublin. 1868. 8vo. pp. xvi. 445. (Longmans, Green, and Co.)*

The merits of George Petrie as an artist and archaeologist are generally acknowledged and appreciated by his countrymen. His efforts to popularise the study of the antiquities of Ireland were attended with great success; and the exertions he made to awaken and encourage a patriotic regard for their due preservation must have exercised considerable influence. Equally alive to the beauties of nature and of art, his pen was as ready as his pencil; and the same objects which he delineated with fidelity and effect, he could describe with animation and brilliancy. It was, moreover, his peculiar praise that while his investigations were carried forward with great zeal and perseverance they were also tempered by sound judgment and a careful spirit, and that he was not misled by such vague and visionary theories as marred the labours of many of his predecessors. His public services were indefatigably performed, although inadequately remunerated, but he had his reward in acquiring and retaining the affection of a host of friends, in all ranks of society. This is amply testified by his correspondence, from which the substantial volume before us is in great measure compiled.

We shall very briefly review the principal incidents of his career. He was of Scottish extraction, by both parents; but his father, James Petrie, a portrait-painter in Dublin, was born in Ireland, the son of a native of Aberdeen. George Petrie's love of art and archaeology dated from his boyhood, and was partly inherited from his father, who was a good numismatist, and possessed a valuable collection of coins. He went to the school of Mr. Whyte, the master of Sheridan and Moore; and studied drawing at the Dublin Society, whose silver medal he obtained for a group of figures drawn in his fourteenth year. From that time to manhood he ardently pursued his studies as a landscape

painter, chiefly in the counties of Dublin and Wicklow.

In 1813 he first visited London, in company with Francis Danby and James O'Connor, two fellow-students, both of whom settled permanently in England, the former becoming a Royal Academician. Danby's landscapes are well known: he kept up a correspondence with Petrie in after-life, and as late as 1846 wrote to him that "Some of your early works acted on me at first as inducements to become an artist." With the same friends Petrie made a tour in Wales, and, as often as opportunity occurred, he repeatedly visited Wales as well as Scotland. In the judgment of Dr. Stokes, a distinct character was thus imparted to Petrie's works as a painter.

"The influence of these tours in Wales and of the Welsh scenery can be as definitely traced through all Petrie's works as those of Yorkshire upon Turner's mind. In Wales he learned to love the solitude and wildness of nature in its peaked and barren mountain scenes, and perhaps acquired an inclination to a peculiar tone of colouring which is not decidedly Irish, and which we recognise at once when travelling through the Snowdonian range as characteristic of Petrie's works."

Petrie was gradually acknowledged as the best draughtsman in water-colours in Ireland, and was employed by all the publishers of tours or topographical works. His drawings for the use of engravers were chiefly in mono-chrome, and, as was especially desirable, were beautifully outlined. It was remarked that his figures were infinitely better than those of Shepherd, then the principal English artist of the same class. Petrie supplied ninety-six illustrations to "Cromwell's Excursions in Ireland" (1820), twenty-one to "Brewer's Beauties of Ireland," sixteen to "Fisher's Historical Guide to Ancient and Mo-





dern Dublin," besides contributing to Wright's three Tours in Killarney, Wicklow, and the coast of Antrim, the "Guide to Wicklow and Killarney," and other works.

He had sometimes exhibited at Somerset-house, as in 1816, "Glendalough" and "Glennmalure," two pictures which had been purchased by Lord Whitworth: but in 1826 he was called forth more prominently at home by the Royal Hibernian Academy opening their first exhibition. In 1827 he was enrolled among its Academicians, and one of the pictures he exhibited was "The Last Round of the Pilgrims at Clonmacnoise," painted for Mrs. Haldiman; which, being highly admired, was repeated on a larger scale for the Royal Irish Art Union.

In 1830 Petrie accepted the office of Librarian to the Hibernian Academy; and for some years he continued to exhibit many pictures, a large proportion of which combined the illustration of antiquities with the ordinary characteristics of landscape. He had now for some years made the antiquities of Ireland an object of personal interest, and he was desirous to enlist the sympathies of his fellow-countrymen in the like patriotic and ennobling taste. In this respect the books he had been employed to illustrate were very deficient, and Petrie formed a project to compose a series of Tours, in which his antiquarian drawings might be accompanied by suitable descriptions. This intention induced him to write his journals with more care and polish, and was no doubt of material advantage to him in his subsequent literary career: but the Tours were never destined to appear as a whole. They now afford many interesting passages for Dr. Stokes's volume.

Petrie had not come forward as a public writer, further than by occasional articles in the papers, until the establishment of *The Dublin Penny Journal* in 1832. The success which had attended the Penny Magazine of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge suggested this undertaking to the Rev. Caesar Otway, and Mr. Petrie gave his hearty co-operation. They edited together fifty-six weekly numbers, after which the publication passed into inferior hands. Petrie contributed to it many short notices of objects of antiquity, and an historical sketch of the rise, progress, and decadence of the Fine Arts in Ireland, which was continued through

several numbers. Ten years later he carried on, alone, for a year, another work, similar in character and aim, called *The Irish Penny Journal*. Both were well filled by a variety of able writers, but they failed to make the expected impression on Irish society, for it is said that their sale was greater in England than in Ireland.

In 1828 Petrie joined the Royal Irish Academy, then beginning to show signs of a renovated life and energy, and on his election to its Council in the following year his first care was to collect the few relics of antiquity which then lay scattered in its upper rooms. He thus laid the foundation of that museum, which, as a national collection, is now equal, and in some respects superior, to the great museum of the same character at Copenhagen.

Of Irish manuscripts the Academy in 1830 possessed only three, the book of Lecan, the book of Ballymote, and the Leabhar Breac; the great MS. of the Brehon laws, when restored to Ireland through the exertions of Edmund Burke, having been deposited in the library of Trinity college, previously to the foundation of the Academy. Petrie undertook the management of the funds devoted to the increase of this limited collection. At the close of the sale of a library which had belonged to Mr. Burton Courtnigham, in 1831, he had the good fortune to discover and secure the autograph of the second part of the Annals of the Four Masters, afterwards edited by Dr. O'Donovan; resisting the offer which a London bookseller made him of 100*l.* over the purchase-money, a compliance with which would have buried it among the undigested heaps of MSS. amassed by Sir Thomas Philipps. In acknowledgement of this zealous and honourable service, the Academy unanimously elected Petrie a life member. After that, the manuscript library of the Academy rapidly increased. Transcripts of important works, which were inaccessible to the public from being in private hands, were faithfully made. The valuable collection of the Chevalier O'Gorman, which had long passed out of the country, and the State Papers of James the Second, in the Southwell collection, were purchased. Subsequently the great collection of Messrs. Hodges and Smith was secured, chiefly by public subscription, and a Government grant of equal amount obtained through the liberality of Sir Robert Peel. Finally



the large collection of Sir William Betham was added, mainly through a similar liberality: whilst a corresponding accession was made to the library of printed books.

In his fourth chapter Dr. Stokes gives a valuable account of the Ordnance Topographical Survey in Ireland: in which Petrie (under the direction of Captain Larcom, R.E. now Major-Gen. Sir Thomas A. Larcom, Bart.) took a very active part from 1833 to 1846. For this he relinquished in great measure his profession as a painter; and "collected around him a staff of Irish scholars, whose minds (says his biographer,) he imbued with his own spirit, and thus formed a school of archaeology, from which sprang such men as John O'Donovan, Eugene O'Curry, Clarence Mangan, and others, whose subsequent works have done so much for the history, the literature, and the language of ancient Ireland." The names of O'Connor, O'Keeffe, Downes, Du Noyer, and Wakeman have also become distinguished among the topographical staff. The intention was that the survey should be accompanied by a memoir, of which the first volume, relating to the county of Londonderry, appeared in 1839, a book of 350 closely-printed quarto pages. This was hailed with general satisfaction. It was approved by the British Association in an address presented to the Lord Lieutenant: and was warmly praised by Mr. Babbage and Lord Brougham. But very soon after difficulties as to cost arose on the part of the Government. The survey was first suspended, and finally its operations were terminated; the staff discharged, and the vast mass of material, comprising upwards of four hundred quarto volumes of letters and documents relating to the topography, language, history, antiquities, productions, and social state of almost every county in Ireland (more fully described in an Appendix to Dr. Stokes's book,) were directed to be kept in the central office of the Survey, from whence about one-fourth part of them has since been transferred to the Royal Irish Academy. Dr. Stokes makes some pertinent remarks upon the rejection of this opportunity of acquiring impartial and reliable information on the social state and history of the Irish people, of the want of which the educated mind of England has so greatly complained.

The Survey led to one of the most

important of Petrie's works, a memoir on the history and antiquities of Tara Hill, in the county of Meath; this was read to the Academy in 1837, received its gold medal, and (by permission of Colonel Colby, then head of the Ordnance Survey,) was printed in its Transactions.

We next come to "the Round Towers," a subject upon which the antiquaries of Ireland had misspent their time more than any other. We shall not stop to rehearse even in the briefest way the almost endless catalogue of wild and contradictory theories which had attributed those structures to the most remote antiquity, and to builders who were supposed to come from every quarter of the world, with every variety of superstitions or scientific objects. In 1830 the Royal Irish Academy offered a prize of 50*l.*, together with its gold medal, for an approved essay on the Round Towers. After two years the prize and medal were awarded to Petrie, and a second prize of 20*l.* to O'Brien, whose essay, afterwards published, occasioned no little noise by its adopting the hypothesis that the towers were Phallic temples. Mr. Petrie's memoir was of course also printed, and it was afterwards amplified into his great work, "An Inquiry into the Ecclesiastical Architecture of Ireland," which is indeed a noble monument of his research and observation.

In regard to the Round Towers, we need only remark that Petrie ascertained that in every case they had been connected with a church or group of churches; that many of them had details or devices acknowledged to be of Christian origin: and if some bore evidences of habitation, or even of interment, that it is no more than may be said of church towers in other countries. Strange to say, such is the obtrusive vivacity of speculation in Irish antiquarianism, that in 1867, two years after the death of Petrie, a book appeared, written by a gentleman named Keane, on "The Towers and Ancient Temples of Ireland," in which the towers and primitive churches are attributed to *the Cushites*, before the Celtic occupation of Ireland! The publisher perversely employed Petrie's own wood-engravings in illustration of this essay.

In 1834 Petrie again received the gold medal of the Academy. It was for an essay on the Military Architecture of Ireland. This was never pub-





lished, being withdrawn for revision: but Dr. Stokes gives the substance of it in his 7th chapter, followed by some account of Petrie's views on sepulchral monuments, many of the oldest of which are not easily distinguished from fortified earthworks. The next chapter presents in the like substantial and instructive manner the results of his researches regarding the remains of ancient art in Ireland, its shrines, bells, reliquaries, &c., &c. The 9th chapter relates to a work on Irish music, to which the closing years of Petrie's life were devoted, and which was brought out in 1855, by a society formed for the publication of the National Melodies of Ireland. He had through life alleviated his cares and labours by music, and had published an essay upon it in 1816. He was therefore by no means unprepared for this task, and he fulfilled it *con amore*.

In 1847 the university of Dublin conferred on Petrie the degree of LL.D. *honoris causâ*; and in 1859 he received a pension of 300*l.* in the civil list. At the commencement of the latter year he had terminated his connection with the Royal Hibernian Academy, in which he had successively

filled the offices of Librarian, Secretary, and President. We have not space to enter upon several minor incidents of his declining years, which maintain the interest of Dr. Stokes's pages; and we need only add that he died on the 17th January, 1866, and that his body was interred in the cemetery of Mount Jerome, near Dublin.

"To Petrie, then, as the vindicator of the piety, learning, and influence of the early saints and ecclesiastics of Ireland, as the dispeller of the baseless theories which brought her literature into contempt, as the historian of her progress in those arts which the enlightenment of a pure religion developed, and as the founder of that inductive school of archæology by which the old and abundant literature, long treated as fable, is proved to be true and priceless in value, the amount of national gratitude is not to be measured." (p. 189.) To use the words of the late President of the Academy (Dr. Graves), "he largely helped towards achieving the great problem of our day—the reconciliation of the cultivated intelligence and loyalty with the popular aspirations and the sympathies of the country." (p. 394.)

## FRANZ SCHUBERT.

*The Life of FRANZ SCHUBERT. Translated from the German of KREISSLE VON HELLBORN, by ARTHUR DUKE COLERIDGE, M.A. late Fellow of King's College, Cambridge. With an Appendix by GEORGE GROVE, Esq. 2 vols. 8vo. Longmans. 1869. With portrait.*

Mr. Coleridge presents us with an admirable version of the life of a man who at the present day is almost universally classed among the greatest of musical geniuses. Many English readers have already become acquainted with Von Hellborn's Life of Schubert through the medium of the interesting epitome published some time ago by Mr. E. Wilberforce, and will therefore be all the more eager to welcome this unabridged translation of the original work. Poor Franz Peter Schubert passed a very uneventful and unhappy kind of life at Vienna, where he was born in 1797, where he spent nearly all his days in obscurity and poverty, and where he died in 1828, a little over thirty years of age. The number of works, however, which he composed in that short period is almost incredible,

the bare enumeration of their titles occupying nearly 30 closely printed pages in small type! He began, it is true, to work early, being indeed a marvel of precocity, for at the age of eighteen he produced his famous Mass in G, which on the whole is equal to any of his later compositions for the Church. Franz was a man of rather an eccentric and unamiable turn of mind, and consequently did not get through the world so easily nor impress his contemporaries with so high a notion of his rare talents as he might otherwise have done. Moreover he had a sad failing. His biographer, who strives hard to find excuses for him is obliged to admit that "Franz liked good wine. In spite of the protestations of his friends, anxious about his health, he refused to thin his potations

The first of these is the fact that the American Medical Association is not a body of men, but a body of organizations. It is a federation of state medical associations, and each of these is in turn a federation of local medical societies. This makes the American Medical Association a very large and powerful organization, but it also makes it very difficult to manage. The second fact is that the American Medical Association is not a body of men, but a body of organizations. It is a federation of state medical associations, and each of these is in turn a federation of local medical societies. This makes the American Medical Association a very large and powerful organization, but it also makes it very difficult to manage. The third fact is that the American Medical Association is not a body of men, but a body of organizations. It is a federation of state medical associations, and each of these is in turn a federation of local medical societies. This makes the American Medical Association a very large and powerful organization, but it also makes it very difficult to manage.

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#### THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

##### MEMBERSHIP

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with water: and, not having a strong head, it happened that at the wine-shop with a party of merry fellows, or in private houses if the right sort of vintage was on the table, our friend would occasionally overshoot the mark, and then become boisterous and violent, or, when the wine had completely fuddled him, slink off to a corner, where not a syllable, in his maudlin state, could be got from him."

During the forty years which have elapsed since Schubert's death, his fame as a composer has been gradually extend-

ing in every country of Europe. In England his works have been made widely known of late years, owing in great measure to the exertions of Mr. George Grove, and of Mr. Manns, the conductor of the Crystal Palace Concerts. The efforts of Mr. Charles Halle and Mr. Arthur Chappell, the Director of the Monday Popular Concerts, have also powerfully aided the cause of Schubert's popularity among us—a popularity which can hardly fail to be still further extended by the present translation of the great composer's life.

### CLEVELAND WORTHIES.

*The Bards and Authors of Cleveland and South Durham.* By GEORGE MARKHAM TWEDDELL. *Stokesley* (published by the Author), 8vo. Parts I.—VII. (To be completed in Twelve Parts.) 1864-68.

The laudable object of Mr. Tweddell's little work is to bring under the notice of the people of the beautiful districts of Cleveland and South Durham the lives and works of the bards and prose writers who by birth or residence were connected with those localities. Exception may, however, be fairly taken to the manner in which this task has been performed. One of the author's chief aims seems to be to impress upon his readers that one of the greatest of Cleveland celebrities is Mr. George Markham Tweddell, and that his utterances on all subjects, "from sleasilk to predestination," ought to be accepted as oracular. Indeed he appears to think that the main duty of a biographer is to comment in a free-and-easy way on every incident that is mentioned. On religious and social topics his opinions are very decided. He objects, for instance, to the prevalent "deification" of the Bible, and is an ardent admirer of freemasonry, while his dislike of the Church of Rome is expressed in almost every page of his book, and not in the most delicate phraseology. Few persons now-a-days would, we imagine, approve of religious controversy being carried on in the style of Foulis's "History of Romish Treasons and Usurpations," yet Mr. Tweddell does not hesitate to recommend the perusal of such works to his "lukewarm and inconsistent brother-Protestants as think it a very great infringement of the liberty of conscience to levy a trifling church-rate on a Romanist for the necessary repairs of that parish church where he, in common with churchman and dissenter, inters his dead, but has no compunctions

of conscience to dip his hand in my pocket, and the pocket of every other Protestant ratepayer, and forcibly to take therefrom the cost of popish vestments which we regard as idolatrous, and the salaries of Roman Catholic priests for teaching to the jail-birds of their church that popery which we regard as alike detrimental to individuals and to every realm where it prevails."

On miscellaneous subjects his feelings are no less strong. For example, he adverts to the circumstance of Walton's Polyglot being published by subscription, "a fact which I would recommend to the especial consideration of the illiterate crew of would-be gentlemen, who declare it 'very low' and 'not at all the thing, you know,' to publish any book by subscription! May their names and their carcasses perish together!"

Making allowances for blemishes of this kind, it must be admitted that the biographies have been carefully compiled, and the literary selections judiciously made. Among the worthies noticed are Caedmon, the Saxon cow-herd, monk, and poet; Walter de Hemmingford, the chronicler and canon of Guisborough, or, as Mr. Tweddell prefers to spell it, "Gisbro"; Gower; Bernard Gilpin; Roger Ascham; Dean Whittingham; Charlton, the historian of Whirby; Thomas John Cleaver, "a local poet, whose chaste and hopeful writings are not sufficiently appreciated;" Joseph Reed, the dramatist and creator of "Margery Marpoun," of Canny Yatron, near Roseberry Topping—so familiar to all lovers of the pure Yorkshire dialect; and John Castillo, the author of "Awd Isaac."





## PROMOTIONS AND PREFERMENTS.

*Honours Conferred.*

*Dec. 12, 1868.* Knighted, Sir John Duke Coleridge, M.P. Solicitor-general.

*Dec. 24.* The Earl of Rosse, elected a Representative Peer of Ireland.

*Jan. 1, 1869.* Lieut.-Colonel Ernest Augustus Murray MacGregor to be one of the Grooms in Waiting in ordinary to Her Majesty.

*Jan. 6.* Created a Baronet, the Right Hon. Maziera Brady, of Hazelbrook, co. Dublin.

*Jan. 14.* Knighted, Matthew Digby Wyatt, esq.

*Jan. 27.* Lord Lurgan to be a Lord in Waiting, *vice* Lord Raglan.

*Feb. 4.* The Right Hon. George, Lord de Tabley, Lord Justice Sir George Markham Giffard, and James Stansfield, esq. M.P. sworn of the Privy Council.

Knighted, William Milbourne James, one of the Vice-Chancellors.

*Feb. 8.* Knighted, by Letters Patent. William Young, esq. Chief Justice and President of the Legislative Council of Nova Scotia.

*Feb. 13.* Knighted, Hugh William Hoyle, esq. Chief Justice of the colony of Newfoundland.

*Feb. 15.* The Duke of St. Alban's and Lord Lyttelton sworn of the Privy Council.

*The Church.*

*Jan. 4.* Dr. John Jackson, Bishop of Lincoln, to be Bishop of London.

The Ven. Christopher Wordsworth, D.D. to be Bishop of Lincoln.

*Jan. 29.* The Bishop of London to be Dean of her Majesty's Chapels Royal.

*Feb. 1.* Thomas Dyke Acland, esq. to be Second Church Estates Commissioner, in the room of the Right Hon. John Robert Mowbray, resigned.

The Right Hon. Henry Austin Bruce, Secretary of State for the Home Department, appointed an Ecclesiastical Commissioner for England.

*The State.*

*Dec. 31.* John Scott, esq. to be Governor and Commander-in-chief of British Guiana.

Sandford Freeling, esq. to be Lieut.-Governor of St. Dominica.

Colonel Robert Stuart Baines to be Colonial Secretary of Gibraltar.

*Jan. 1.* The Right Hon. Sir James Fergusson, Bart. to be Governor of South Australia.

Charles Du Cane, esq. to be Governor of Tasmania.

*Jan. 2.* The Right Hon. Sir John Young, Bart. G.C.B. G.C.M.G. to be Governor-general of Canada, and Governor of Prince Edward's Island.

*Feb. 2.* Captain Francis Brockman Morley, late of the 40th Foot, appointed Exon of Her Majesty's Guard of Yeomen of the Guard, *vice* Rickford.

*Feb. 4.* Melford Campbell, esq. appointed President of the Council of the Turks and Caicos Islands and their dependencies.

*Feb. 8.* Charles Calvert Eden, esq. a Third Secretary, appointed a Second Secretary in Her Majesty's Diplomatic Service.

*Feb. 12.* Edmund Yeamans Walcott Henderson, esq. C.B. late Lieut.-Col. Royal Engineers, appointed Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis, in the room of Sir Richard Mayne, deceased. Col. Henderson was for 13 years at the head of the convict establishment in Western Australia. He returned to England in 1860, and soon after on the death of Joshua Jebb was appointed to the chairmanship of the board of directors of convict prisons.

*Feb. 15.* Admiral Sir Houston Stewart, G.C.B. appointed Visitor and Governor of Greenwich Hospital.

*Feb. 16.* Robert Threshie Reid, esq. B.A. of Balliol college, Oxford, appointed one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools in Scotland.

*The Law.*

*Jan. 1.* Sir George M. Giffard (Vice-Chancellor) to be a Judge of the Court of Appeal in Chancery.

*Jan. 2.* William Milbourne James, esq. Q.C. to be a Vice-Chancellor, *vice* Giffard resigned.

*Jan. 29.* Sir Thomas Edward Colebrooke, Bart. to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of co. Lanark.

*Jan. 29.* Paolo Vella, esq. LL.D. to be one of Her Majesty's Judges for Melton. Charles FitzWilliam Cadiz, esq. to be Attorney-General for Tobago.

*Feb. 4.* John Hampden King, esq. to be a puisne judge of the colony of British Guiana.



## RECENT BIOGRAPHICAL INCIDENTS.

On Feb. 12, Sir Andrew Agnew, of Lochnaw, who represented Wigtownshire in Parliament for twelve years on Liberal principles, but who was defeated by the Conservative candidate, Lord Garlies, at the last general election, was entertained by about 400 of his supporters at a banquet, in Stranraer, and presented with a service of plate worth £400, consisting of two silver vases and a silver salver. The Earl of Stair, K.T. presided.

At a recent meeting of the Council of the Royal College of Surgeons, the honorary medal of the college was unanimously awarded to Mr. W. Lode-wyk Crowther, of Hobart Town, a member, for his numerous and valuable contributions to the Hunterian Museum. The medal is of gold, and of the value of twenty guineas.

The Very Rev. Henry Alexander Douglas, D.D., late dean of Capetown, South Africa, was consecrated Bishop of Bombay at the Chapel Royal, Whitehall, on the 3rd of January.

Mr. William Hart Dyke, one of the Conservative members for Mid-Kent, has succeeded the Hon. Mr. Noel, assistant whipper-in to that party.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Eldon has presented the sum of 1,200*l.* to the Oxford University Galleries.

On the 8th of January, the Pope conferred the honour of "Roman Countess" on Miss Isabella Jane English, of Dun Esk, Teignmouth. This title has been given to her on account of her devotion to Rome and the Holy See. Miss English is heiress and representative of the late Miss Dalton, of Thurnham Hall, Lancaster.

Mr. Findlater, a wealthy merchant of Dublin, and a Presbyterian, has subscribed 1,000*l.* towards the re-erection of a Church of England parish church in that city.

The tenantry of Lieutenant-Colonel Greenhill Gardyne have presented him with a handsome silver epergne, mounted on a triangular base, as a mark of gratitude for his generosity to them at the time of their great losses by rinderpest. The presentation was made at Finhaven Castle, and the spokesman was Mr. Crichton, who had been a tenant on the estate for fifty years. Colonel Gardyne afterwards gave a dinner to his tenants.

The Rev. Brewin Grant, M.A. a Congregational minister of twenty-five years' standing, last year resigned his

charge at Sheffield, with the intention, since so ably carried out, of defending by lectures the Irish Church. For doing so, the committee of the Congregational Union has omitted his name from the list of Congregational ministers, the effect of which is to deprive him of his ministerial *status*, and of the prospects to which he was entitled to look forward when he shall become "a worn-out minister."

The Senior Wrangler at Cambridge this year is Mr. Numa Edward Hartog, scholar of Trinity college, in deference to whose Jewish scruples a special alteration was made in the form of his admission to the degree of B.A.

The King of Italy has conferred the decoration of the Italian crown, with the grade of Chevalier, upon Mr. Henry Lumley, inventor of the Lumley rudder.

Professor Max Muller has been elected one of the eight Foreign Associates of the French Institute, of which he had been a Corresponding Member since 1858.

On the 14th Jan., at a court held at Osborne House, the Duke of Norfolk (having attained his majority on the 27th Dec.) took the oath of Earl Marshal.

A monument has been erected by public subscription of 120*l.* over the grave, in St. Mary's churchyard, Todmorden, of John Nowell, a working man, well known as a botanist, and for fifteen years vice-president of the local Botanical Society.

At a meeting of the subscribers to the testimonial to General Peel, held at Huntingdon on Feb. 9, it was decided that, in accordance with the expressed wish of the gallant General, the sum subscribed shall be devoted to the extension of the Huntingdon Infirmary, by the erection of a special ward, to be called "THE PEEL WARD."

The King of Sweden, has just published at Stockholm a pamphlet of some sixty pages, under the title of *Ideas and Reflections on Modern Tactics*.

The Shah of Persia has conferred the Order of the Lion and the Sun on Dr. A. Vintra, physician of the French Hospital in London, in recompense of the distinguished services rendered by him to the Persian Legation.

Mr. Henry Whitmore, M.P. for Bridgnorth, has resigned the office of Conservative "Whip," to which he was appointed by Mr. Disraeli in 1855, as successor to Lord Mandeville, now Duke of Manchester.



THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

The history of the United States is a story of growth and change. From the first settlers to the present day, the nation has evolved through various stages of development. The early years were marked by exploration and settlement, followed by a period of rapid expansion and industrialization. The American Revolution was a pivotal moment in the nation's history, leading to the establishment of a new government and the declaration of independence. The 19th century was a time of great change, with the Civil War being a defining event. The 20th century has been characterized by technological advancement, social progress, and global influence. The United States has played a significant role in shaping the world, and its history continues to be a source of inspiration and learning for people around the globe.

## EMINENT PERSONS RECENTLY DECEASED.

### The Prince Royal of Belgium.

The Prince Royal of Belgium died at the palace of Laeken, near Brussels, at forty minutes after twelve on the night of the 21st of January.

Prince Leopold Ferdinand Elie Victor Albert Marie, Duke of Brabant, Count of Hainault, Duke of Saxony, and heir-apparent to the throne of Belgium, was born at the palace of Laeken on the 12th of June 1859. He was the only son of the present King and Queen of the Belgians. A correspondent of a London paper, writing from Brussels immediately after the prince's decease, said of him—"The illness of the young Duke of Brabant has now lasted more than six months, and the whole of Belgium, regarding this lengthened duration of a malady pronounced mortal at its commencement, has combined, with sympathy for the son of our young King, a hope that a cure was, if not close at hand, at least probable. During the dreaded months of November and December, the young Prince, although undergoing many changes, seemed likely to recover, owing to the extremely mild temperature which prevailed during those two months. The Belgian physicians charged specially with the care of the Prince Royal, Drs. Wimmer and Henriette, published in the journals of the 14th Jan. the following bulletin:—'The state of the Prince, although still serious, shows, however, a general amelioration, and in order to avoid a repetition, from to-day the bulletin will henceforth be published only twice a week.' From this news all the world believed in a cure, and thought that with care the Prince would recover. But on the 19th alarming rumours prevailed in the town of Brussels; it was said that for two days the Prince was visible to nobody except the Count of Van der Straten-Ponthoz, his tutor, and the Sisters of Charity, who watched him with indefatigable devotion. The bulletin stated that since the 14th the health of the Prince had become considerably worse. Up to that date the constant appetite of the Prince had sustained him, but whether the strengthening *regime* applied, consisting of strong beef tea, port wine and meat, had distressed his stomach or internal disease had manifested itself, on the evening of the 19th he was in extreme danger. Immediately Dr. Jenner and Dr. Koepf

were sent for from England and Germany, who held a long consultation, after which it was stated that all hope was abandoned."

The young Prince possessed great intelligence, manifested extraordinary piety, and bore his painful and protracted illness with a firmness beyond his years. For several days before his death he had a presentiment that his end was approaching. On the 14th he said to one of his physicians, "Have I yet some days to live, doctor?" The physician constrained himself to reassure his young patient and said, "Your Highness is much better;" "Indeed no," replied the Prince, "I am sure that my end draws near." For the last three days the Queen did not leave her son's couch; she remained beside him without even changing her garments. The King, a prey to agitation and violent grief, for several nights paid incessant visits to the chamber to see his son, and to make anxious inquiries as to the progress of the disease. When the end had come, and there was no longer any doubt of the Prince's decease, the King threw himself upon a couch and uttered heart-rending cries. The physicians surrounded him, and he was obliged to be placed in his bed. The Royal Prince expired in the room in which his grandfather, Leopold I, drew his last breath.

The short history, since 1790, of the family which it would have been the lot of this Prince, if he had lived, to represent in the future, has been singularly eventful, full of glory and trouble. In that year there was born a son to the ruling Prince of the obscure German Duchy of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfeld. While he was yet a youth, his sister Juliana, a lady of singular accomplishments, was singled out by the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia for his bride. The young Leopold entered the Russian service, and this was the beginning of his fortunes. After serving in the campaign against Napoleon in 1813, he visited England in the train of the Emperor Alexander. The Princess Charlotte is said to have fallen deeply in love with the handsome German, who was again summoned to the war, but returned among the conquerors of Waterloo to claim her hand. The marriage took place in May 1816, and eighteen months afterwards the Prin-



cess died in childhood, to the great grief of a nation which loved her dearly, and the still deeper sorrow of the man who was cut off at once, by the unexpected blow, from his youthful wife, and from the hope of fathering a race of English kings. For thirteen years Prince Leopold lived in retirement at Claremont. Belgium, too, having accomplished her revolution and separated herself from Holland, the burghers of Ghent and Brussels turned their eyes in the direction of the lonely exile of Claremont. The candidature of the Duke de Nemours being set aside, Leopold of Saxe Coburg became the King of the Belgians, and the *amour propre* of the French people and their King was conciliated by his marrying, in August 1832, the Princess Louise, daughter of Louis Philippe. After eighteen years of married life his second wife died, but King Leopold lived for eighteen years more. He left three children, whom his Queen Louise had borne to him; the first, who succeeded to him as King Leopold II.; the second, the Count of Flanders; the third, the Princess Charlotte, afterwards wife of Maximilian, and Empress of Mexico—whose tragic history is one of the most touching of the many episodes of this eventful Royal history. Leopold II. who is said to take after his father in his rare qualities of mind and kindness of heart, and who has governed his subjects with the same wise moderation, is still, as we reckon men in England, a very young man, having been born in 1835. At the age of eighteen he married the Archduchess Maria of Austria, by whom he has had three children, only one a son. The young Prince, who is now dead, would have been ten years old had he lived to June of this year. The elder Princess is eleven; the younger five years old. They are both excluded from the succession by the operation of the Salic Law.

The remains of his Royal Highness were deposited on the 25th of January in the church of Laeken, the King and the Count of Flanders being present at the solemn ceremony. There was an immense concourse of spectators, who evinced the deepest sympathy and sorrow. The funeral service was performed by Mgr. Deschamps, Abp. of Mechlin and Primate of Belgium.

The deceased Prince, being the only son of King Leopold II. the heir presumptive to the Crown of Belgium is now H.R.H. the Count of Flanders,

brother to the King. The Count was born on the 27th March 1837, and is consequently thirty-two years of age, and entitled to sit and vote in the Senate. He married on 25th April, 1867, Princess Marie of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, the sister of Prince Charles, the Hospodar of Roumania. At present there is no issue.

#### The Marquess of Anglesey.

The Right Hon. Sir Henry Paget, Marquess of Anglesey, Earl of Uxbridge, co. Middlesex, Baron Paget of Beaudesert, co. Stafford, and a Bart. in Ireland, Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the co. of Anglesey, and a Colonel in the army, died on the 6th of February, at his seat, Beaudesert, near Lichfield.

He was born on the 6th of July 1797, being the eldest son of Field Marshal Henry William the first Marquess, who was elevated to that dignity for his distinguished military services in the Peninsula and at Waterloo, by his first marriage with Lady Caroline Elizabeth Villiers, third daughter of George fourth Earl of Jersey. He represented Anglesey in the House of Commons from 1820 to 1832, in which latter year he was summoned to the House of Peers in his father's barony of Paget. His lordship was an officer in the army and attained the rank of Colonel in 1838. The following year he was appointed Lord Chamberlain of the Queen's Household, which official position he held till 1841. On the occasion of his receiving this appointment he was sworn of the Privy Council. He succeeded to the Marquessate on the death of his father in 1854, and in June of that year was appointed Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the co. of Anglesey.

In the hunting field and sports generally the late Marquess played a conspicuous part, and he was well known as an owner of racehorses between the years 1831 and 1855.

He married, first, on 5th August 1819, in Scotland, and afterwards in London, 8 Feb. 1820, Eleanora 2nd dau. of the late Colonel John and Lady Charlotte Campbell, and niece of the Duke of Argyll. By this lady, who died 3 July. 1828, he had issue Henry William George, Earl of Uxbridge, who now succeeds to the title, and two daughters, viz: Eleanora Caroline, married in 1847 to Sandford Graham, esq. now Sir Sandford Graham, Bart. and died 17th





Nov. 1848; and Constance Henrietta, who became the wife, on 6th August, 1846, of the Earl of Winchilsea.

The deceased peer married, secondly, on 27 August, 1833, Henrietta Maria fourth dau. of the late Sir Charles Bagot, G.C.B. His children by her are, Henry, born 23 Dec. 1833, married 24 August, 1858, Elizabeth dau. of Mr. Joseph Norman; Alexander Victor, born 25 April, 1839; Berkeley Charles Sidney, born 5 March, 1844; and Florence Cecilia, married 16 July, 1864, to the late Marquess of Hastings, of whom a memoir is given at p. 44.

His lordship married thirdly on 8th March, 1860, Ellen Jane, dau. of Geo. Burnand esq.

#### **The Marquis de Moustier.**

Lionel the Marquis de Moustier expired at Paris on the 5th of February, after a long and distressing illness, in the course of which he was more than once reported as in a fair way of recovery.

He was born in 1815, and his father, the Marquis Clement Edouard de Moustier, destined him for a diplomatic career. On the 13th of May, 1849, he was elected member of the Legislative Assembly for the department of Doubs, and in March 1853 the Emperor appointed him his ambassador to the court of Berlin. He held this post till Nov. 1859, when he was recalled to undertake the duties of representative of France at the Austrian court. He was ambassador at Vienna till August 1861, when he was appointed head of the embassy at Constantinople, where he remained, ably discharging the duties of this somewhat arduous position, for five years. In Sept. 1866 he was recalled to assume the charge of the portfolio of Foreign Affairs at home which had been resigned by M. Drouyn de Lhays. The marquis continued at the head of the Foreign Office until his failing health caused him to offer his resignation to the Emperor. He has left a son, who is about 18 years of age.

The funeral took place on the 8th Feb. in the church of St. Clotilde, Paris.

#### **Sir Charles Slingsby, Bart.**

On the 4th of February, the York and Ainsty hounds, having met at Stanley, near Ripley, crossed the river Ure after the fox. There is a ford higher up the stream, but, unfor-

tunately, there is also a ferry nearly opposite Newby Hall, the house of Lady Mary Vyner. The ferry is crossed by a boat worked by means of a chain carried over the river. Into this boat crowded several gentlemen and others, with their horses. Sir Charles Slingsby was one of the first, if not the first, to enter the boat. His horse, an old and favourite hunter, became restive and kicked, and a panic among the other horses followed. Sir Charles Slingsby's horse went over the boat side, and was immediately followed by his master. Then the boat upset; and six persons, including Sir Charles Slingsby, were drowned. Sir Charles was last seen alive, from the opposite shore, nearing the bank. But, probably struck by cramp, he threw up his hands and ceased his struggle for life. By-and-by he was seen floating down the stream. His body was brought to land in the evening.

The other five were Mr. E. Lloyd of Lingerroft, near York; Mr. Edmond Robinson of York; William Ovis, the first whip; and the two Warriners, father and son, gardeners at Newby, who had the management of the ferry-boat. Such a disaster as this, to which it appears no precedent has been discovered, has called forth universal sympathy. *The Times* has given a very sensible leading article upon the subject, and is believed to have expressed with faithfulness the general feeling.

Here we confine ourselves to a short notice of the master of the hounds, Sir Charles Slingsby. Born at Loftus, or Lofthouse, Hill, near Knaresborough, 22 August 1824, he succeeded to the baronetcy in February 1835. It was one of those created by Charles the First in Scotland, in the year 1638, by letters patent dated at Stirling. By the marriage of William de Slingsby, of Studley, with Johanna de Scriven, heiress of the family of Scriven, in the fourteenth century, these two ancient families became united in their descendants. And it is remarkable, as an instance of the then prevailing usage of arms, that the Slingsbys from that time, with rare exceptions, carried the maternal coat of Scriven in the first quarter. Scriven, near Knaresborough, has remained in their possession uninterruptedly in the male line for more than 500 years till the fatal 4th of February. In the end of the sixteenth century they obtained by purchase

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the medical profession and the public. It is composed of members who are physicians and surgeons, and who are engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, each of which is devoted to a particular branch of medicine or surgery. The sections are: General Practice, Internal Medicine, Pediatrics, Obstetrics and Gynecology, Ophthalmology, Otorhinolaryngology, Pathology, Pharmacology, Physiology, Radiology, and Surgery. The Association also has a number of committees and subcommittees, each of which is charged with a specific task. The Association's main office is located in Chicago, Illinois, and it has a number of regional offices throughout the United States. The Association's primary concern is the advancement of the medical profession and the improvement of the quality of medical care. It does this by publishing the Journal of the American Medical Association, which is one of the most widely read and respected medical journals in the world. The Association also sponsors a number of educational programs and conferences, and it works to improve the standards of medical practice through its various committees and subcommittees.

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Scagglethorpe, near York, which received from them the name of Red House. But the most conspicuous period of their family history is that in which Sir Henry Slingsby the first Baronet appears. After serving with distinction and great self-sacrifice in the King's army in the great rebellion, he was at last entrapped at Hull into divulging a project for the restoration of King Charles the Second. He was tried before Lisle in Cromwell's new High Court of Justice, as it was called by a singular perversion of language, and, with Dr. Hewet, received and suffered sentence of death. He was beheaded on Tower-hill, June 8, 1658. In a few weeks more he would probably have been saved by the death of Cromwell.

After this event the representatives of the line appear to have confined themselves to the ordinary duties of their high place in the county, still sitting, from time to time, but not very recently, as members for Knaresborough. Before Sir Henry the first baronet, two eldest sons met violent deaths. Thomas Slingsby, eldest son of Francis Slingsby, and Mary Percy, only sister of Thomas and Henry successively Earls of Northumberland, was drowned in the Nidd in 1581. William, Sir Henry's elder brother, was killed at Florence in 1617. Another Yorkshire river has now destroyed the last lineal male heir of one of the oldest and most justly honoured lines in Yorkshire. Sir Charles Slingsby has died unmarried. All Yorkshire is of one voice as to the gap made by his death. His friendliness, geniality, and skill as master of the hounds have long since endeared him there. Many are now thinking, with regret, that a little less ardour in the sport, characteristic of the county and himself, might have been rewarded by the preservation of his life. But his adventurous courage will never be forgotten.

He was buried on the 11th Feb. in the Chapel of St. Nicolas, on the north side of the old parish church of Knaresborough. In this chapel, which has now long been known as the Slingsby Chapel, lie the bodies of many generations: among them the body of Sir Henry. A scornful epitaph records the contempt and hatred felt for his murderer, and the enduring loyalty of the house.

His last male heir has now joined him; and it will not be exceeding the

exact limits of truth to apply to the death of Sir Charles Slingsby the language of Johnson on the death of Garrick: "He has eclipsed the gaiety of a great county." D. P.

#### *Sir John Kingston James, Bart.*

On the 28th Jan. died at his residence in Cavendish-row, Rutland-square, Dublin, in his 85th year, Sir John Kingston James, Knt. and Bart. one of the oldest and most respected merchants in the city of Dublin, a director and an ex-governor of the Bank of Ireland, chairman of the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company, a Deputy-Lieutenant and Justice of the Peace, and M.R.I.A.

He was a grandson of Mr. John James, of Rathbeg, and son of Mr. Francis James, by Alice, sister of John Kingston, esq. sometime M.P. for Lymington. He was Sheriff of Dublin in 1812, and elected an alderman in 1817. When Lord Mayor of Dublin in 1821-2 he received the honour of knighthood from the Lord Lieutenant; and on the 19th March, 1823, he was created a Baronet. He again filled the civic chair in 1840-1. His business was that of a wine and West India merchant, and his politics were Conservative. He married, in 1812, Charlotte Rebecca, daughter of Mr. Alderman John Cash, of Dublin, and has left issue four sons and two daughters. His eldest son, Sir John Kingston James (who was knighted in 1854), was formerly a Lieutenant in the 6th Dragoons, and married, in 1839, Frances Isabel, daughter of T. F. Wilkinson, esq. of Cahireilly castle, co. Limerick. The second, Frances Edward, married, in 1849, Miss Fullarton, and has issue a son, John-Kingston-Fullarton. The third, Benjamin Robert, is paymaster of the 24th Foot; and the youngest, Charles Henry, is one of the official assignees of the Court of Bankruptcy and Insolvency in Ireland. The latter married, in 1859, Kate Mary, second daughter of the late Rev. John Rowley, LL.D. and has issue.

The funeral took place on the 3rd Feb. at the Mount Jerome cemetery, and was attended by a large assemblage of the leading men of the mercantile community, without distinction of creed or party, together with Sir John Marcus Stewart, Bart. (Grand President) and many members of the Friendly Brother Order, of which Sir John was a Past Grand President. The chief mourners were his four sons.



The first of these is the fact that the number of cases of disease has increased in the last few years. This is due to a number of causes, but the most important is the fact that the population of the country has increased.	The second cause is the fact that the climate has become more favorable to the disease. This is due to the fact that the temperature has risen in the last few years.
The third cause is the fact that the people have become more careless of their health. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.	The fourth cause is the fact that the people have become more susceptible to the disease. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.
The fifth cause is the fact that the people have become more crowded together. This is due to the fact that the population of the country has increased.	The sixth cause is the fact that the people have become more careless of their health. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.
The seventh cause is the fact that the people have become more susceptible to the disease. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.	The eighth cause is the fact that the people have become more crowded together. This is due to the fact that the population of the country has increased.
The ninth cause is the fact that the people have become more careless of their health. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.	The tenth cause is the fact that the people have become more susceptible to the disease. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.
The eleventh cause is the fact that the people have become more crowded together. This is due to the fact that the population of the country has increased.	The twelfth cause is the fact that the people have become more careless of their health. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.
The thirteenth cause is the fact that the people have become more susceptible to the disease. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.	The fourteenth cause is the fact that the people have become more crowded together. This is due to the fact that the population of the country has increased.
The fifteenth cause is the fact that the people have become more careless of their health. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.	The sixteenth cause is the fact that the people have become more susceptible to the disease. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.
The seventeenth cause is the fact that the people have become more crowded together. This is due to the fact that the population of the country has increased.	The eighteenth cause is the fact that the people have become more careless of their health. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.
The nineteenth cause is the fact that the people have become more susceptible to the disease. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.	The twentieth cause is the fact that the people have become more crowded together. This is due to the fact that the population of the country has increased.
The twenty-first cause is the fact that the people have become more careless of their health. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.	The twenty-second cause is the fact that the people have become more susceptible to the disease. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.
The twenty-third cause is the fact that the people have become more crowded together. This is due to the fact that the population of the country has increased.	The twenty-fourth cause is the fact that the people have become more careless of their health. This is due to the fact that they have become more accustomed to a life of ease and comfort.

Admiral Sir Lucius Curtis.

The senior officer of Her Majesty's Fleet and of the British Navy, Admiral Sir Lucius Curtis, Bart. K.C.B. died on the 14th of January, at his residence at the foot of the southern slopes of Portsdown Hill, near the village of Cosham, and within view of Portsmouth, where he first entered the service, nearly 74 years ago.

He was born on the 3rd of June, 1786, being the son of Sir Roger Curtis, K.C.B. the first Baronet. He entered the navy in 1795 as captain's servant on board the Queen Charlotte 100, bearing the flag of his father, Admiral Sir Roger Curtis, in the Channel. In 1803 he joined the Excellent in the Mediterranean, where he was confirmed (1804) in command of the Jalouse sloop. He was advanced to post rank 1806, and in 1809 was appointed to the Magicienne 36. In that frigate, in which he returned to the Cape of Good Hope, Capt. Curtis assisted at the reduction of Isle Bourbon, 1810. He then took part in a variety of gallant but unfortunate operations which by the 23th of the following month terminated, after a loss to the Magicienne of 8 killed and 20 wounded, in the self-destruction of that ship and the Sirins, the capture of the Nereide, and the surrender to a powerful French force of the Iphigenia, the last of a squadron of frigates originally under the orders of Commodore S. Pym, at the entrance of Port Sud-Est, Isle of France. On his return to England, after suffering several months of cruel captivity, Capt. Curtis was successively appointed—January 17, 1812, and February 13, 1813, to the command of the Iphigenia 36 and the Madagascar 38, from the latter of which frigates (both employed in the Channel) he was invalided in June 1814.

On the decease of his father in 1816 he succeeded to the baronetcy. He attained the rank of Rear-Admiral on the active list June 23, 1833; of Vice-Admiral, September 15, 1849; and of Admiral, July 9, 1855. From 1843 to 1848 he filled the appointment of Admiral Superintendent at Malta.

The deceased was a magistrate for Hampshire and Wiltshire; also a deputy-lieutenant of the former county.

He was buried on the 20th of Jan. in the churchyard of Catherington, Kent.

He married in 1811 Mary Figg, daughter of Moses Greetham, esq. of East Cosham, Hampshire. By this lady, who died 30th May, 1841, he had

issue five sons and three daughters, viz., Roger, Commander R.N. born 1812, died 30th December, 1856; Roger Lucius, Lieut. R.N. born 1816, died 19th November, 1851; Roger William, born 1817, married Miss E. B. Vicat, and died at Trinidad 25th September, 1859, leaving issue two sons, Lucius Irvine (born 1856, died 25th January, 1860) and Arthur (born at Trinidad, 1858), who, in accordance with the law of descent, now succeeds to the baronetcy; Roger Frederick, born 26th April, 1819, died 14th July, 1835; Septimus, born 3rd April, 1823; Mary, married to John King, Esq. of Loxwood House, Sussex; Elizabeth Catherine, married to Captain Rodney Payne O'Shea; and Frances Anne.

Sir Henry Ellis, K.H.

On the 15th of January died, at his house in Bedford-square, aged 92, Sir Henry Ellis, K.H., F.R.S. and S.A. formerly Principal Librarian of the British Museum.

Sir Henry Ellis was descended from a family which for the last two centuries has been numerous at Dewsbury in Yorkshire, and of which a full account has been given by Mr. William Smith Ellis in his *Supplement to Notices of the Ellises*, recently printed (Sept. 1868) for private circulation. Sir Henry's grandfather Joseph Ellis of Dewsbury was father of four sons, Abraham, John, Joseph, and Benjamin. From the first is descended Mr. John Henry Ellis of Liverpool. From Joseph the third descends Joshua Ellis, Esq. of Highfield, Dewsbury, J.P. the father of Mr. Robert Hattersley Ellis, mayor of Dewsbury in 1866. Descendants of Benjamin the fourth son are living in Leeds.

Mr. John Ellis, the second son, came to London, and was for thirty-six years Master of the free-school in Primrose-street, Bishopsgate-street. He died there on 19th Aug. 1812, and a brief notice of him will be found in the *Gentleman's Magazine* of that month: where he is characterised as "a man of mild manners, of an exemplary moral character, and of useful talents;—his studies had been chiefly theological." This memorial was written by his distinguished son, now deceased; who possibly also wrote the earlier notice (*Gent. Mag.* lxi. 776) of his mother, who died in her 47th year on the 10th June 1791.

Sir Henry had an elder brother, the late Rev. John Joseph Ellis, F.S.A. for many years Second Master of Merchant

1900	1901
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Taylor's School, and afterwards Rector of St. Martin's Outwich. He died at the age of 86, in 1855, leaving issue the Rev. John Joseph Ellis, now Chaplain to the factory at Riga, the Rev. Robert Stevenson Ellis, Chaplain to the English Legation at Copenhagen, and other children. Both brothers were deeply indebted to the foundations of the Merchant-Taylor's Company and Sir Thomas White, for both, after passing through Merchant-Taylor's School, became Fellows of St. John's College, Oxford.

Sir Henry was born Nov. 29, 1777 at the school-house in Primrose-street already mentioned. He was admitted to Merchant-Taylor's School Oct. 7, 1788, and thence elected to St. John's in June 1796. In 1797, when still an undergraduate (he subsequently graduated B.C.L. 1802), he was appointed by his friend Mr. Price, the librarian of the Bodleian Library, to be one of his assistant librarians. He continued in that post for three years; signing in 1800, in conjunction with his superior, the return printed in the first Record Commission Report relative to the Historical MSS. possessed by the Library.\*

It was before the expiration of the last century that Sir Henry Ellis produced his first book, "The History and Antiquities of the Parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch and Liberty of Norton Folgate, in the Suburbs of London. 1799." &c. It is a work not inferior to any of the kind for accuracy and completeness, and would have done credit to a much older man. He was assisted by the experienced advice of Mr. Gough, Mr. Denne, and Mr. Nichols, besides other antiquaries of eminence: whilst

he employed to good purpose the shelves of the Bodleian Library which were so ready to his hand. The Rev. Samuel Denne happened to possess considerable collections for the history of Shoreditch, of which his father, Dr. John Denne, had been Vicar. The work was dedicated to Mr. Gough, and it was reviewed by him in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for July 1799, where it was very justly characterised as "an excellent specimen of the powers of industrious research on topographical subjects." By this work, and by his attentive correspondence, young Ellis won the heart of "the modern Camden," who a few years after left him a legacy of 300*l*. We may here mention that by Mr. Denne Sir Henry was cited so early as 1797 in the pages of that *Archæologia*, so many of which he was destined to fill, as "Mr. Henry Ellis, a very young student of St. John's College in Oxford, who has a strong and a useful propensity to antiquarian researches," (xiii. 149.)

In 1800 Mr. Ellis came to the British Museum as temporary assistant in the library; he was appointed an Assistant Librarian in 1805, and Keeper of the department of Printed Books in 1806. In 1812 he was transferred to the department of Manuscripts. In 1814 he was appointed Secretary; and he held that office in conjunction with the Keepership of the Manuscripts from that time until 1827, when, on the death of Mr. Planta, he was promoted to preside over the whole establishment as Principal Librarian. In 1849, in consequence of the illness of the Rev. Mr. Forshall, he resumed in addition the duties of Secretary, and, after Mr. Forshall's retirement in 1851, he continued to perform those duties until his own retirement, upon a superannuation allowance, in 1856.

His official career was characterized by a very assiduous and punctual performance of his duties. He not only as Secretary conducted the correspondence and business details of that great institution, but maintained and directed its internal government, and in the function of paymaster he had the responsibility and personal labour of discharging the weekly wages of even the inferior attendants and watchmen.

In 1813, on the death of the Rev. John Brand, Mr. Ellis was elected one of the Secretaries of the Society of Antiquaries, an office which he retained for more than forty years; and

\* "In a letter with which the author of this volume was recently favoured by him, Sir Henry mentions that the Rev. Henry Hervey Baber, of All Souls college (B.A. 1799, M.A. 1805), who was afterwards one of his colleagues in the Museum, and who now (*stat.* 92) is Vicar of Stretcham in the Isle of Ely, was his senior in the Bodleian, as Coadjutor-under-librarian, by a year or two. In consequence of the insufficiency of the statutable staff, the place of the one Under-librarian was at this time, and subsequently, shared by two occupants." (*Annals of the Bodleian Library*, by the Rev. Wm. Dunn Macray, M.A. 1868.) At the British Museum Mr. Baber was a junior officer to Mr. Ellis.



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it is a remarkable proof of the regularity and punctuality of his habits, that during that long period he was never absent from more than two of the weekly meetings of the Society. It will not, however, now be disputed that during the greater part of that time the Society of Antiquaries was in a very torpid and inactive state, almost insensible to the vigorous assaults of Sir Harris Nicolas, and every other too eager and impatient reformer. Under the cold and stately presidency of Lord Aberdeen, and the dead weight of the resident Secretary, Mr. Nicholas Carlisle, little could be done beyond the slow elaboration of certain memoirs for the *Archæologia* and *Vetusta Monumenta*. The Director (from 1829 to 1842), Mr. Gage Rokewode, was a man of good taste and liberality, but, from diffidence and gentleness of spirit, unequal to cope with official supineness. It was humorously said of the two secretaries, that one could not read and the other could not write. In truth, as both were perfectly regular in their attendance, the one was never required to read nor the other (in the public meeting room) to use his pen. Mr. Ellis always read the minutes and the communications; Mr. Carlisle had written the former (baldly enough), and he was content to docket the latter. His literary efforts were directed to other objects than those of the Society; and as a volunteer in archaeology he did next to nothing. Mr. Ellis, on the other hand, felt himself bound to supply any apparent deficiency of *pabulum* for the meetings of the Society. Though it might have been better to have had sometimes no memoir to read, and thus have shamed the Fellows at large into greater energy, he undertook to stand in the breach, and to remedy any shortcomings. This he too frequently did by having some long document transcribed at the British Museum, which, however deserving of publication, was probably tedious for reading aloud, and, being cut into portions, to serve for the deficiencies of meetings at several and perhaps distant occasions, became totally uninteresting to the casual auditor.

The numerous communications he thus made to the Society were usually printed in the *Archæologia*, in which they occupy in the aggregate considerably more than 500 pages, from vol. xvi. to vol. xxxvii. inclusive, as shown in detail in the General Index of 1844,

pp. 94—96, and in the Indexes of vols. xxxi. &c. They consist of many ancient letters of high interest, and of various documents of considerable importance and interest to our general and domestic history.

The only papers from Sir Henry (of any length) which have the character of original essays are "Observations on some ancient methods of Conveyance in England," in vol. xvii. 311—319; and "Observations on the history and use of Seals in England," vol. xviii. 12—20. He subsequently communicated, from time to time, many interesting ancient seals, of which engravings were made. He also introduced to the attention of the Society in like manner several of the ancient maps of the period of Henry VIII. and subsequent date, which are preserved in the Royal collection of manuscripts. We may further mention more particularly his description, in vol. xxiv. 329—340, of the metrical paraphrase of Scripture History by Cadmon, a manuscript in the Bodleian Library, the illuminations of which were engraved by the Society in fifty-three plates.

The publications of the society were formerly under the control of the Director, but gradually Mr. Ellis assumed the editorship of the annual volume of *Archæologia*, leaving the *Vetusta Monumenta* only in the hands of the former officer. At length, at the beginning of the session of 1829-30, his services in this respect were distinctly recognised by an addition of fifty guineas to his former salary of one hundred. His duties as editor, as in every other sphere, were faithfully performed, but rather in an official than a literary sense. He always superintended the printing of papers and the execution of plates with care and attention: but he very rarely, if ever, interfered with the compositions of the contributors either by way of correction or addition. The indexes were made by his own hand: and there was this advantage from his punctuality, that the yearly volume was always ready to be exhibited to the Fellows on the anniversary of St. George's day.

When the period of reform arrived in the Society on the retirement of Mr. Carlisle in 1854, one secretary only was appointed (Mr. J. Y. Akerman), and Sir Henry Ellis became the Director of the Society. This position he retained until 1858.

He had resigned in 1836 his post at the British Museum, where he was suc-



ceeded by Mr. Panizzi. From that time he resided in Bedford-square, generally occupying for some months in the summer a furnished house at a short distance from London; and he continued to enjoy remarkable vigour of body as well as that literary activity in which he had ever rejoiced.

Throughout his busy official life Sir Henry Ellis was never disengaged from diligent literary work; and, though his name may not be handed down to posterity as that of a distinguished original author, there can be few in the annals of English literature who will ever surpass him as an industrious compiler and painstaking editor.

About the year 1807 an association of the London booksellers undertook a series of reprints of old English Chronicles, which comprised the works of Hollishead, Hall, Hardyng, Grafton, Fabyan, Arnoll, and Rastall, and, with the addition of Froissart (as translated by Lord Berners), formed altogether fifteen volumes in quarto. Of these Sir Henry Ellis edited the three volumes of Hall, Hardyng, and Fabyan, to each of which he prefixed a biographical and literary preface.

In 1810 he edited the reprints of the Chronicle of Robert of Gloucester, and that of Robert de Brunne, each in 2 vols. 8vo. from the editions by Hearne 1724 and 1725.

In 1812 he assisted in the production of the edition of Strype's "Memorials of Cranmer" printed at the Clarendon Press, by collating such documents as were derived from the Cottonian MSS.

In 1813 he edited (in two volumes 4to.) the *Observations on Popular Antiquities*, a work originally compiled in 1777 by the Rev. John Brand, his predecessor as Secretary of the Society of Antiquaries, and which includes the whole of the *Antiquitates Vulgares* of Henry Bourne (1725). Mr. Brand, who survived his publication of this work nearly thirty years, had amassed materials for its enlargement, which were purchased by some booksellers, and placed in Mr. Ellis's hands. Continuing the same line of researches, Sir Henry afterwards published another edition of Brand, in three volumes post octavo, 1848 (being a portion of Bohn's *Antiquarian Library*.)

In the same year (1813) he was engaged by the Record Commissioners to write an Introduction to the great Norman Survey, which had been gradually passing through the press, at the public

expense, from the year 1783. He completed this task in March 1816, and it occupies 106 folio pages placed in front of the fourth volume of *Domesday Book*, issued in that year. But he did not relinquish the subject; he continued ever on the watch to collect every kind of information calculated to throw light upon the more important contents of that wonderful record. In 1832, after the new Record Commissioners had ordered Mr. Purton Cooper's "Account of the Public Records" to be published in an octavo form, they were glad to accept, as a sequel to that work, a new edition of Mr. Ellis's General Introduction to Domesday, accompanied by several additional indexes. This was undertaken by Sir Henry at the beginning of 1832, and completed in two volumes 8vo. in the following year. He remarked in his Preface that he was "perfectly aware that, although he has passed years of labour upon Domesday, he has only opened the way to a knowledge of its contents. *Domesday Book* is a mine of information which has not been sufficiently wrought."

But his most extended and laborious work as an editor was the new edition of Dugdale's *Monasticon Anglicanum*. This was projected in the year 1812, before the period of "cheap literature," and when, indeed, highly expensive books were much patronised, under a system of periodical publication in numbers or parts. (See Dibdin's *Library Companion*, 1824, p. 110, with regard to this same undertaking.) It was originally proposed that the *Monasticon* should have been comprised in twenty-six parts, at 2l. 12s. 6d. a part for small paper, and 5l. 5s. for large. The names which appear on the title-pages as editors are John Caley, F.R.S., Henry Ellis, F.R.S., and the Rev. B. Bandinel, D.D.; but eventually the whole labour of the work devolved upon Mr. Ellis. Mr. Caley did no more than supply official copies of documents from the Augmentation Office, and Dr. Bandinel did little or nothing. In its earlier portions the original work of Dugdale was considerably enlarged and improved; but it soon became perceptible that it could not be carried forward on the same scale, and yet be kept within any limits like those proposed. The statement in the *Bibliographer's Manual* that "this edition contains everything in the original, and in Stevens's continuation," is by no means accurate. The editor was





ordered to retrench, and latterly all that he was able to do by way of additional matter was to give in small type under each monastery a series of references from an interleaved copy of Tanner's *Notitia Monastica*, instead of the documents themselves, or their substance and import. Notwithstanding, the book made fifty parts instead of twenty-six, forming eight volumes; and it cost the subscribers 131*l.* 5*s.* in small paper, and 262*l.* 10*s.* in large. It was a poor satisfaction that in less than twenty years a reprint appeared for 21*l.* not indeed improved, but a fac-simile, excepting "some slight omissions." (*Bibliographer's Manual*, edit. Bohn.) It is truly lamentable that in this undertaking a grand opportunity was lost of forming a national work of which this century might have been justly proud. It should have been extended to twenty volumes instead of eight: and with due management this might probably have been done at the same cost to the public. What an English Monasticon ought to be has been subsequently shown in some of the volumes of the Surtees Society, more particularly in Mr. Walbran's excellent book on the Abbey of Fountains.

It must, however, be understood that Sir Henry Ellis was not at all blameable for this result. He was merely the indefatigable but obedient labourer, working at task-work, and bound to follow the behests of the publisher. The publication of the *Monasticon* commenced in 1817, and terminated in 1830; and in 1818 Mr. Ellis also edited, as a corresponding volume, a new edition of Sir William Dugdale's *History of St. Paul's Cathedral*, with additions and a continuation, and an annotated copy of Dugdale's life of himself.

The researches we have already mentioned, made among the manuscripts of the British Museum, in order to furnish provender for the Society of Antiquaries, led Sir Henry Ellis to form his collection of "Original Letters, illustrative of English History." It was published in three series, the first in 3 vols. (crown 8vo.) 1824; the second in 4 vols. 1827; the third in 4 vols. 1846; altogether a vast body of historical information, the letters being illustrated by many other important documents. It is not, however, to be supposed that all these letters were then published for the first time, as many of them had previously appeared in the works of Strype and other

editors. It is stated in Bohn's edition of *The Bibliographer's Manual* (vol. ii. 732), dated in 1858, that "a Fourth series is preparing." This announcement appears to have been made on insufficient authority; though it is natural to suppose that Sir Henry may have continued as before to take copies or notes of any fresh "original" letters that came in his way. He had, indeed, actually produced, in 1843, another series, in the volume printed for the Camden Society of "Original Letters of Eminent Literary Men of the Sixteenth, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Centuries."

For the "Library of Entertaining Knowledge," published by the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge, Sir Henry Ellis wrote two volumes, describing "The Elgin and Phigaleian Marbles of the Classical Ages in the British Museum" (1833); and two others, describing the "Townley Marbles" (1836).

When the Camden Society was established in 1838—in great measure by the exertions of Mr. Amyot, the Treasurer of the Society of Antiquaries,—Sir Henry Ellis immediately took an interest in its operations, and soon became a member of its Council. Two years afterwards he edited for it the "Description of Essex," written by John Norden in the year 1594. In 1843, he gave it the large volume of "Letters of Eminent Literary Men," which we have already mentioned. In 1844, from a MS. in the Royal Library at the British Museum, the latter portion of an early translation of Polydore Vergil's "English History." The first part of the same was printed in 1846; but the rest of the work, which would have made two intermediate volumes, was (as merely a translation of a well-known book) not proceeded with. To the first volume of the *Camden Miscellany*, 1847, he contributed a short "Register and Chronicle of the Abbey of Aberconway." In 1849 he edited "Camden's Visitation of the County of Huntingdon in 1613," and the "Obituary kept by Richard Smyth from 1627 to 1674;" and in 1851 the "Pilgrimage of Sir Richard Guylford to the Holy Land in 1506."

Sir Henry Ellis had witnessed two Record Commissions, and taken part in the labours of them both, when the present system of publishing the materials of our history, by the authority of the Lords of the Treasury, under the

No.	Name
1	John Smith
2	James Brown
3	William Jones
4	Robert Taylor
5	Thomas Wilson
6	Charles Davis
7	George Miller
8	Edward Moore
9	Samuel Clark
10	Benjamin Adams
11	Richard King
12	Joseph Wright
13	Henry Hill
14	John Scott
15	David Green
16	Thomas White
17	Charles Black
18	George Grey
19	Edward Brown
20	Samuel Green
21	Benjamin White
22	Richard Black
23	Joseph Grey
24	Henry Brown
25	John Green
26	David White
27	Thomas Black
28	Charles Grey
29	George Brown
30	Edward Green
31	Samuel White
32	Benjamin Black
33	Richard Grey
34	Joseph Brown
35	Henry Green
36	John White
37	David Black
38	Thomas Grey
39	Charles Brown
40	George Green
41	Edward White
42	Samuel Black
43	Benjamin Grey
44	Richard Brown
45	Joseph Green
46	Henry White
47	John Black
48	David Grey
49	Thomas Brown
50	Charles Green
51	George White
52	Edward Black
53	Samuel Grey
54	Benjamin Brown
55	Richard Green
56	Joseph White
57	Henry Black
58	John Grey
59	David Brown
60	Thomas Green
61	Charles White
62	George Black
63	Edward Grey
64	Samuel Brown
65	Benjamin Green
66	Richard White
67	Joseph Black
68	Henry Grey
69	John Brown
70	David Green
71	Thomas White
72	Charles Black
73	George Grey
74	Edward Brown
75	Samuel Green
76	Benjamin White
77	Richard Black
78	Joseph Grey
79	Henry Brown
80	John Green
81	David White
82	Thomas Black
83	Charles Grey
84	George Brown
85	Edward Green
86	Samuel White
87	Benjamin Black
88	Richard Grey
89	Joseph Brown
90	Henry Green
91	John White
92	David Black
93	Thomas Grey
94	Charles Brown
95	George Green
96	Edward White
97	Samuel Black
98	Benjamin Grey
99	Richard Brown
100	Joseph Green

direction of the Master of the Rolls, found him still ready for work. He proposed to edit the "Latin Chronicle of John of Oxeneyes," a monk of St. Benet at Hulme, (extending from the coming of the Saxons to the year 1293,) existing in a unique MS. in the Cottonian collection. The offer was accepted, and the Chronicle appeared, with an excellent preface, in 1859.

During the latter years of his life he made several communications to the Numismatic Society, and the Sussex Archaeological Society, as well as to *Notes and Queries*, and other periodical publications.

Sir Henry Ellis married, in the year 1805, Frances Jane, daughter of Mr. John Frost, solicitor, a gentleman who at one time made himself conspicuous by his violent Republican demonstrations, and with whom we believe that his son-in-law had little intercourse. (He died in 1842, at the age of 91, and a brief memoir of him will be found in the *Gentleman's Magazine*, N.S. xviii. 442.) Lady Ellis died on the 12th Oct. 1854; and was buried at St. George's Bloomsbury. They had several children, but the only survivors are two sons and one unmarried daughter. The elder son, Mr. Frederick Ellis, is a clerk in the War Office.

In private life Sir Henry Ellis was always an agreeable and entertaining companion, full of conversation and anecdote. He greatly enjoyed the admission into the higher circles to which he was introduced by his position at the British Museum and his intercourse with the Trustees. But, though a good diner-out, he was not by any means an intemperate man: latterly he drank daily, by medical advice, his pint of port, but no more. He had not fallen into the excesses which disgraced the good-fellowship of his younger days, or he probably might not have survived to talk about them.

He was the founder of the Antiquaries' Club, a small but very agreeable section of the Society of Antiquaries, who dined weekly at the Freemasons' Tavern during the session of the Society. A more intelligent company of literary men never met together in social converse. They consisted of Sir Henry Ellis, Mr. Gage-Rokewode, Dr. Maltby bishop of Durham, Archdeacon Charles Burney, Vice-Chancellor Knight-Bruce, Vice-Chancellor Wigram, the Rev. Lancelot Sharpe, Mr. Merivale, Mr. Barnwell of the British

Museum, Mr. Pettigrew, Mr. Stapleton;—the Rev. J. B. Deane, Mr. Albert Way, and Mr. John Bruce are the only survivors.

We have reason to believe that Sir Henry Ellis has preserved much of his correspondence, together with memoranda of his own, containing many interesting anecdotes of the men and events amongst which he lived. These we hope will not be entirely lost to the world. Sir Henry Ellis was elected a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries on the 15th Jan. 1807; of the Royal Society on the 30th May 1811. He had been the senior member of the former society since the death of Dr. Macbride, the Principal of Magdalen hall, Oxford, and of the latter since the death of Lord Brougham.

He was also a Fellow of the Geological Society, and a hon. member of the Royal Irish Academy; as well as a member of the Royal Society of Antiquaries of Copenhagen, of the Historical Scandinavian Society of Stockholm, and of the Royal Academy of Sciences of Brussels, and a corresponding member of the Imperial Society of Antiquaries of France. The University of Jena sent him the honorary degree of LL.D.

He had been a subscribing member to the Royal Literary Fund from the year 1814: he was appointed one of its three Treasurers in 1836, and a Vice-President in 1851.

His body was interred on the 21st of January, in the London Necropolis at Woking.

A portrait of Sir Henry Ellis is one of a series of the officers of the British Museum printed in lithography some twenty years ago. A recent photograph by A. J. Mellish has been engraved in the Illustrated London News of the 6th Feb. 1869.

#### *Sir Cusack Patrick Roney.*

On the 30th September died, in Cleveland-square, Hyde-park, aged 58, Sir Cusack Patrick Roney.

He was a son of the late Cusack Roney, esq. an eminent surgeon in Dublin, who was twice President of the Royal College of Surgeons there. He was educated in France, and at the University of Dublin, where he graduated B.A. in 1829, and the same year passed the College of Surgeons in Ireland. He did not, however, pursue the medical profession; but, coming to London, became a writer for the *Athenaeum* and other journals, and was from 1835





to 1837 Secretary to the Royal Literary Fund.

In 1839 or 1840 he was appointed manager of the Polytechnic Institution. He subsequently became private secretary to the Right Hon. R. More O'Ferrall when that gentleman was Secretary to the Admiralty; and was next for some years a clerk in the Admiralty at Whitehall.

In 1845 he became secretary to the Cambridge and Lincoln Railway Company, and afterwards obtained the secretaryship of the Eastern Counties Railway; in 1853 he was appointed managing director of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Having taken an active part, as secretary, in the business of the great industrial exhibition at Dublin, he was knighted by the Lord Lieutenant (Earl St. Germans) in the year 1853.

He married in 1807 Elizabeth Anne, daughter of Mr. James Whitecombe, and became a widow in 1861.

His will was proved on the 18th Nov. by his son Cusack Willes Roney, and his personal property sworn under £5,000.

#### Sir W. J. Newton.

Died on the 22nd of January, at his residence in Cambridge-terrace, Hyde-park, London, Sir William John Newton, miniature-painter in ordinary to Her Majesty, aged 83.

He was a son of the late Mr. James Newton, of London, a gentleman of some note in his day as an artist, by his wife Abigail, daughter of Mr. Peet, and was born in the metropolis in 1785. When still a young man he attained great popularity as a painter of miniatures. It is said that in the days of the regency, and even as lately as forty years ago, there was scarcely a member of the aristocracy who had not sat either to Newton or to his rival, and perhaps his superior, the late Sir William Charles Ross, who died in Jan. 1860. The deceased gentleman, who claimed to be the nearest surviving relative (bearing the same surname) of Sir Isaac Newton—but with what degree of proof we are not informed, received the honour of knighthood in 1837, and held for many years the honorary post of Miniature Painter in ordinary to Her Majesty.

Sir William was well known as one of the leading members of the Skating Club; and perhaps there was never a more elegant and graceful skater seen on the ice in the Regent's Park.

He married in 1822 the youngest daughter of the late Robert Faulder, esq. of Gower-street, Bedford-square. She died in 1856.

#### Mr. Campbell of Monzie.

On the 5th Jan. died at his residence, Markham House, Leamington, aged 56, Alexander Cameron Campbell, esq. of Monzie, co. Perth, and Inverawe, co. Argyll.

He was the son and heir of Lieut.-General Alexander Campbell, of Monzie and Fimnah, M.P. (descended from the fourth son of Sir Duncan Campbell, first Baronet of Glenmurehy) by Christina Menzies his wife. His father died at Leamington Feb. 24, 1832, and that place was the usual residence of the deceased.

When quite young he joined the 32nd Regiment of Foot, of which his father was Colonel. His love of horsemanship probably influenced his exchange into the 15th Hussars, in which regiment he served until his father's death. When attached to the Hussars, he made that acquaintance with Warwickshire which influenced, to some extent, his future career. Not many years ago he was one of the boldest and most daring riders with the Old Warwickshire Hounds that the county could produce. His stud was renowned for its pace and blood, and when broken up, only a couple of winters ago, was the subject of eager competition. Notwithstanding his devotion to the sports of the field, Mr. Campbell found time to cultivate a taste for the fine arts, and visitors at Markham House know how well that taste was exercised.

For a short time, from 1841 to 1843, he sat in parliament for the county of Argyll.

In the Queen's book *Leaves from the Journal of our Life in the Highlands* mention is made of the activity and grace of the then young Laird of Monzie, who accompanied the Prince Consort on his first deer-stalking expedition. Her Majesty also mentions the dinner and ball at Drummond Castle, on 12 September 1842, where "many reels were danced; Campbell, of Monzie, is an exceedingly good dancer."

He married in 1844 Christina, only child and heir of the late Sir Duncan Cameron, Bart. of Fassifern, N.B. and on that occasion assumed the additional name of Cameron. They had issue one son who died young, and two daughters, the elder of whom, Christina, is the



wife of Henry Spencer Lucy, esq. of Charlecote, Warwickshire.

**Admiral Charles Warde, K.H.**

Died, on the 5th of January, at Westerham, Kent, Admiral Charles Warde, K.H. aged 82.

He was born on the 13th of Sept. 1786, being the second son of the late General George Warde, of Woodland Castle, Glamorganshire, by Charlotte, only daughter of the Right Rev. Spencer Madan, D.D. successively bishop of Bristol and Peterborough, and niece of the first Marquess Cornwallis and the late Admiral the Hon. Sir William Cornwallis, G.C.B.

He entered the Navy in 1798, and served as midshipman on board the *Northumberland* till 1802. At first he was stationed off Cadiz, and next in various parts of the Mediterranean, where he served at the blockade of Malta till its surrender, witnessed the capture in 1800 of the *Généreux* and *Diane*, and took part in the operations of 1801 in Egypt. He was also present at the reduction of Fort St. Elmo, near Naples, and was at other times often in action with the enemy.

In 1802 he joined the *Immortalité* (36) stationed in the Downs, and on the renewal of hostilities in 1803 he was there afforded an opportunity of seeing much boat service and of aiding at the capture of several of the *Boulogne flotilla*.

In 1803-4 Mr. Warde successively joined the *Colossus*, the *Glory*, and *Barfleur*, being nominated acting-lieutenant of the latter vessel. He was confirmed by the Admiralty in Feb. 1805, and, on being in the following summer appointed to the *Druid*, he proceeded on a cruise off the west of Ireland.

After serving for nine months in the *Centaure* (74) as flag-lieutenant of Sir Samuel Hood, who had been sent with a squadron to cruise among the Western Islands, Mr. Warde sailed in the *Recruit* sloop for the West Indies. On his arrival he was received by Sir Alexander Cochrane (to whom also he soon became flag-lieutenant) on board the *Belleisle* (74). He beheld in that ship the surrender of the Danish islands of St. Thomas and Ste. Croix, and in June 1808 he was promoted by the Commander-in-chief into the *Hippomenes* 18, at Barbadoes, which vessel was paid off about Sept. 1808. Capt. Warde, who had been made a Com-

mander in April of that year, remained unemployed till 9th June, 1810, when he was appointed to the *Banterer* (14), which vessel, though he attained post rank 18 Sept. 1815, he continued to command till July 1816. During the first three years he was employed under Commodore E. W. C. R. Owen in the harassing and dangerous service of blockading the entrance of the Scheldt. After serving on the Irish and Scotch coasts the *Banterer* was ordered to the Mediterranean. In Dec. 1815, having conveyed Lord Exmouth to Civita Vecchia, Capt. Warde accompanied him thence on a diplomatic mission to Rome, returning with his lordship in the following month to Leghorn. Conceiving that the demands about to be made at this period on the Barbary states might lead to hostilities, Lord Exmouth, who had remarked the discrepancies existing in the various charts of Algiers, directed Captain Warde to proceed to that place and to take a plan of the sea-defences, and of the soundings round the sea-face of the city and mole, with such secrecy as not to betray either to the Dey, the British Consul, or even his own officers, the least idea of the object he had in view. The manner in which this difficult service was performed excited the expressed admiration of the noble chief. On a subsequent occasion, when the Dey, under the penalty of an immediate attack, was required to return within two hours an answer to certain demands made upon him by his lordship, Capt. Warde and his friend Capt. Samuel George Pechell of the *Clorinde* (40), happening to be on shore at the Consul's country-house, were seized and carried to the market-place. Their hands, which had been tied behind them, were then released, and they were conducted presently before the Dey, who, fearing that his detention of them might be construed into an act of hostility, sent them ultimately off in a small boat to their own ships, with a seaman who had been likewise detained. After visiting different ports for the purpose of collecting freight, the *Banterer* returned to England and was paid off in July 1816.

Unsuccessful in his efforts to obtain further employment, Captain Warde accepted the retirement from active service in 1846. He gained his seniority as Admiral 4th Oct. 1862.

A more extended account than we have been able to give of Captain





Warde's services before Algiers may be found in Ostler's "Life of Exmouth." On the attention of King William IV. being drawn to them by his old Captain, Sir Edward Owen, his Majesty was pleased to confer on him, 1st Jan. 1837, the insignia of a K.H.

For some years prior to 1839 he acted as a magistrate for the county of Glamorgan.

He married 15th Jan. 1824, Marianna eldest daughter of the late Arthur William Gregory, esq. of Veranda, near Swansea. His eldest son is George Warde, late Captain 51st Foot, and Lieutenant-Colonel commanding the London Rifle Brigade. Colonel Warde married in 1862 Lady Harriet North, daughter of Francis sixth Earl of Guilford.

#### **R. S. Gard, Esq.**

On the 16th Dec. died at Court Hall, Monkton, Devonshire, in his 72nd year, Richard Sommers Gard, esq. of Rougemont, Exeter, a Deputy-Lieutenant and magistrate of the county, and a Deputy-Warden of the Stanneries.

He was son of the late Mr. Jonas Gard, woollen manufacturer, of North Tawton near Barnstaple, where he was born in 1797; and was formerly a partner in the firm of Messrs. Sanderson and Co. discount brokers, King William-street, London. At the general election of 1852 he was a candidate in the Conservative interest for Honiton, but he did not succeed in disturbing the former members, Mr. Locke and Sir James Weir Hogg. In 1854 he was High Sheriff of Devonshire. At the general election of 1857 he was returned to parliament for Exeter, in the Conservative interest, together with Mr. Divett as the representative of the Liberals, there being no further candidate; and again, in 1859, with Lord Courtenay; but retired at the dissolution of 1865.

His will has been proved, by Edward Gard, his brother, and Leslie Alexander Outhwaite and Thomas Snow, the executors. The personal property is sworn under 90,000*l*. The widow has a large provision made for her, and liberal legacies are given to many of deceased's relatives and servants. The executors are directed to pay to the trustees of each of the four following charities at Exeter 500*l*.: viz. the Deaf and Dumb Institution, the Blind Institution, the Ragged School, and the Eye Infirmary.

#### **William Ewart, Esq.**

The death of this gentleman occurred at his seat, Broadleas, near Devizes, on the 23rd of January.

The second son of the late Mr. William Ewart, merchant, of Liverpool, he was born in that town on the 1st May, 1798, and received his early education at Eton. Passing to Christ Church, Oxford, he carried off in 1819 the college prize for Latin verse, and in the same year his poem gained the Newdegate prize, the subject being "The Temple of Diana at Ephesus." He took his B.A. degree in 1821, obtaining a second class in classical honours; M.A. 1824. In 1827 he was called to the Bar at the Middle Temple, and in the following year entered Parliament on a casual vacancy for the borough of Bletchingley. In Nov. 1830, on the lamentable death of Mr. Huskisson, he became a candidate for his native borough of Liverpool; and, after a poll of seven days, defeated his competitor, Mr. John Evelyn Denison, by the narrow majority of 2,215 votes to 2,186. At the ensuing general election of 1831 Mr. Ewart and Mr. Denison were both returned, to the exclusion of the former Tory member General Gascoigne. Mr. Ewart was re-chosen at the elections of 1832 and 1835, on both occasions after close polling; but in 1837 was defeated by the late Sir Cresswell Cresswell, one of the Tory candidates. On the death of Mr. Richard Potter, towards the close of 1839, he obtained a seat for Wigan, defeating Mr. John Hodgson Kearsley by two votes only (261 to 259). In 1841 he stood for the Dumfries district of burghs, defeating Sir A. Johnston, Bart. (412 votes to 352); and he subsequently retained that seat without opposition until his retirement at the dissolution of last year.

In the earlier part of his career Mr. Ewart's name appeared very frequently in the reports of the Parliamentary debates as a speaker, both on subjects of general politics, in which he was always an advanced Liberal, and also especially on commercial matters, with which his early education and associations rendered him particularly conversant. While Lord Melbourne's ministry was in power he used to bring forward annually a motion for the equalization of the duties on East and West Indian sugar.

In 1833-4 he carried a bill abolishing capital punishment for horse, cattle, and sheep-stealing, stealing in a dwell-

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the medical profession and the public. It is composed of members who are physicians and surgeons, and who are elected by the local medical societies. The Association is organized into a hierarchy of committees and subcommittees, which are responsible for the management of the Association's affairs. The Association's primary concern is the promotion of the highest standards of medical practice, and the improvement of the medical profession. It does this by publishing the Journal of the American Medical Association, which is one of the most authoritative sources of medical information in the world. The Association also sponsors a number of other publications, and it holds a number of conferences and meetings each year. The Association's efforts are aimed at improving the medical profession and the public, and it is a proud member of the American Medical Association.

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ing-house below the value of 5*l.*, letter-stealing, and sacrilege, and for abolishing the practice of hanging in chains. In 1834-5 he carried a bill to remove the prohibition on prisoners, in cases of felony, being defended by counsel.

On behalf of the working classes and the population of our large and crowded cities, he advocated the opening of public museums and galleries, and other repositories of works of art, as free from every restriction as possible; and in 1836 he obtained a committee on "the connection between Arts and Manufactures," which led to the establishment of Schools of Design. In 1850 he carried a bill for establishing Free Public Libraries supported by parochial rates, a measure now in extensive and useful operation, especially in our great Northern centres of commercial industry; and in 1864 a bill to legalise the use of the metric system in this country.

As long ago as 1838 he wrote a pamphlet, entitled "The Reform of the Reform Bill."

He was formerly one of the Council of the London University.

He married in 1829 his cousin Mary Anne, daughter of Mr. G. A. Lee, of Manchester, and was left a widower in 1837.

His death was preceded, less than three weeks, by that of his brother Joseph Christopher Ewart (M.P. for Liverpool 1857-65); of whom a notice was given at p. 115; and an account of his testamentary bequests will be found in our present number.

#### *Henry Charles Lacy, Esq.*

On the 20th January died, aged 78, Henry Charles Lacy, esq. of Withdean Hall, near Brighton, a magistrate for the counties of Lancaster and Surrey.

This gentleman was the second son of Mr. James Lacy of Salisbury, and descended from a family which had resided for several generations at Wimborne Minster, in the county of Dorset. He was born at Poole in that county. He acquired his first knowledge of business in the banking-house of his uncle at Wimborne.

For many years Mr. Lacy resided at Manchester, where he was at the head of one of the largest coaching establishments in the country, employing not less than 1200 horses in constant work. But, in spite of all the improvements of which coach-travelling was proved by himself and others to be capable, he was not

blind to the necessity that it must yield to railway locomotion. On relinquishing his coaching business he entered earnestly into railway enterprise, and particularly in the direction of the London and South Western Railway, in conjunction with Mr. Chaplin, the late M.P. for Salisbury, with whom he had previously been a contractor for the royal mails. Of the South Western board he continued, for more than three and twenty years, an active member, down to the week preceding his death.

He was also for some time Chairman of the East Anglian railway, and of others connected with Lynn and Ely.

Mr. Lacy was possessed of great construction and mechanical skill, and, though unconnected with the cotton trade, he, whilst at Manchester, designed and built the Phoenix Mill, which for many years was regarded as one of the most perfect in the manufacturing districts. He published pamphlets on bridge building, a new kind of atmospheric railway for short distances, &c. &c.

Withdean Hall, in which he resided at the time of his death, was built by him some eight or ten years ago, without the assistance of an architect or even of a clerk of the works. It affords a good illustration of what may be effected by the local materials, "snapped flints," combined with facings and elaborate ornament of brickwork, very singular window-frames, lofty chimneys, and a parti-coloured roof. A magnificent conservatory is attached; and altogether it presents a striking object on the London road, near Brighton, between Patcham and Preston.

At the general election of 1847 Mr. Lacy was returned to Parliament as one of the members for Bodmin, on the Liberal interest, excluding the previous Conservative member Sir Samuel T. Spry. He sat until the dissolution of 1852; and whilst in Parliament introduced a bill for the inspection of nunneries, which was defeated on the second reading by a small majority.

Mr. Lacy was suddenly attacked with serious illness whilst spending the evening at a neighbour's house, and expired in a few minutes. His body was interred in Patcham churchyard by the side of a grandson of his own name, who died less than two years since.

He married, in 1813, Susan, daughter of Mr. John Jeboult, of Salisbury, and had issue Lewis Henry who died





1841; Henry Charles who died 1847; and three daughters, Helen Maria the wife of the Rev. Benjamin Banning, Susan the wife of Edmund Taverner, esq. and Marianne the wife of Sir Richard Baggallay.

#### Joseph Hodgson, Esq. F.R.S.

This eminent surgeon died at his residence in Westbourne-terrace on the 7th of February, in his 81st year.

His father, Mr. William Hodgson of Birmingham, merchant, was the son of Mr. Joseph Hodgson of Penrith in Cumberland, a descendant of a family which had been settled for several generations upon a small estate called Woodhead, in the neighbourhood of that town. His mother was a Miss Rowlandson of Kendal.

Mr. Hodgson was educated at King Edward VI.'s school, Birmingham, and commenced his professional training as a pupil of Mr. George Freer of the same town, with whom he remained some years. He afterwards pursued his studies in London at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, where he acquired the friendship and respect of many of the most illustrious members of his profession, including Lawrence, Travers, and Brodie, with whom he remained on intimate terms during life. He obtained his diploma as a member of the College of Surgeons in 1811, and in the same year won the Jacksonian Prize for his Essay on Diseases of the Arteries and Veins. This was the basis of the larger work on the same subject which he published in 1815, and which established his reputation on the continent as well as in England. The larger treatise, which was accompanied with a quarto volume of illustrative engravings of extraordinary merit, after drawings prepared by the author, was translated into French by M. Breschet, one of the most distinguished foreign authorities upon the same subject. The same work also appeared in German and Italian translations, and has been reprinted in America. The author did not publish any other book, his whole time being absorbed in the more active pursuits of his profession.

Mr. Hodgson commenced his practice in King-street, Cheapside, but in 1819 he left London and settled at Birmingham, where he soon obtained throughout the Midland Counties one of the most extensive practices ever enjoyed by a provincial surgeon. It is stated in one of the medical journals that Sir

Charles Bell tried to induce Mr. Hodgson to return to London and become surgeon to the Middlesex Hospital, a proposal which he declined, as well as one from the Council of King's College, which offered him the chair of surgery before its acceptance by Sir William Ferguson in 1840.

In his own town he filled the office of surgeon to the Birmingham Hospital, where in his younger days he had been a student; and was also surgeon to the Eye Infirmary in the same town, which was projected by him in the autumn of 1823, and was opened for patients in April 1824.

Mr. Hodgson was very skilful as an operator, and particularly successful in cases of stone. He early adopted the practice of lithotritry, and is said to have been the first who suggested the application of the screw to the lithotrite. We have heard that some part of his success as an operator was attributable to his having accustomed himself to handle his instruments with the left hand as easily as with the right.

Having acquired a considerable fortune by the exercise of his profession, Mr. Hodgson came in 1849 to reside in London, where he established himself in Westbourne-terrace, near the house in which he died. He was immediately elected on the council of the College of Surgeons, and occupied himself with great interest until his death in the business of that institution. In 1855 he delivered the Hunterian Oration. In the next year he became an examiner at the college, a position which he continued to hold until 1866; and in 1864 he filled the office of President. He had been elected a Fellow of the Royal Society on the 14th April, 1831.

During his residence in London, though in a measure retired from general practice, Mr. Hodgson did not absolutely decline the exercise of his profession, but was largely consulted both by his professional brethren and by those who had previously benefited by his skill. Among his country patients who sought his aid in London was the late Sir Robert Peel, who always regarded him with the greatest confidence and attachment, and whose father, the first baronet of the name, had been attended by Mr. Hodgson in his last illness. On the occasion of the fatal accident which deprived this country of the services of her greatest statesman, Mr. Hodgson was summoned from a circle of friends assembled at his table,



to attend the couch of his distinguished patient. His friends anxiously waited at his house for news of the condition of the sufferer; but Mr. Hodgson did not come home till midnight, and then only to announce to his family that he must return immediately to Whitehall-gardens, as Sir Robert could not bear his absence. He remained at his side until his death, which, as our readers will recollect, took place two days after, on the 2nd of July, 1850.

Before leaving Birmingham Mr. Hodgson had suffered from an attack of inflammation, which deprived him of the use of one eye. During the last years of his life the sight of his remaining eye gradually failed, and for a few weeks only before his end he was completely blind. His departure was probably accelerated, though but little, by the sudden death of his wife.

Mr. Hodgson married in 1818 Miss Mary Ann Moreton Ledsam, the daughter of a gentleman resident at Birmingham, and sister of the late J. Frederick Ledsam, esq. of Edgbaston. He had one child only, Mary Anne, married May 12, 1853, to Lieut.-Colonel John Dowdeswell Shakespear of the East India Company's Service, brother of the late Sir Richmond Shakespear, and cousin of Thackeray the novelist. Colonel Shakespear died April 6, 1867. His widow, the daughter of Mr. Hodgson, is still living, but without children. Mrs. Hodgson, who was indefatigable throughout life in helpfulness to her husband, died suddenly at his side on the morning of Saturday the 6th of February, from disease of the heart, to which she had long been subject. Mr. Hodgson survived her only a few hours, and expired during the evening of the following day.

Mr. Hodgson was distinguished in the medical profession not only for his surgical skill, but also for his singular sagacity in the diagnosis of disease. His quick yet patient observation appeared to guide him with the certainty of instinct. The acuteness and care with which every symptom was observed, combined with the earnest kindness of his manner, never failed to win the confidence of his patients. In his professional practice he was remarkable for his liberality, resolutely declining to accept fees from those to whom the payment would be a burden, as well as from his private friends; and honouring his profession by the dignity and integrity of

his personal character. He had a mind that was eager after knowledge even to the last, and, as he was himself always acquiring fresh stores of information, so he was happy in imparting it to others. He numbered among his pupils many distinguished men, among whom may be mentioned Partridge, Bowman, Startin, and Soden. Those who were in the habit of visiting him will not soon forget the kindly warmth of his reception, or the genuine interest in all that concerned his friends with which he addressed himself to conversation.

A portrait of Mr. Hodgson by John Partridge was executed upon the occasion of his leaving Birmingham, and placed in the Committee-room of the General Hospital of that town. The meeting at which this honour was decreed to him was presided over by Sir Robert Peel. The portrait, which is an excellent likeness, has been well engraved by Cousins.

The remains of Mr. Hodgson were interred, at the same time with those of his wife, at Highgate Cemetery on the 13th of February.

#### *Arthur Ashpitel, Esq. F.S.A.*

On the 18th of January died, at his residence, 2, Poets'-corner, Westminster Abbey, aged 62, Arthur Ashpitel, esq., a Fellow of the Royal Institute of British Architects, of the Society of Antiquaries, and of the Royal Asiatic Society.

This gentleman was born about the 15th Dec. 1807, the eldest of the six children of Mr. William Hurst Ashpitel, of Clapton, in the parish of Hackney. He was educated at the well-known school of Dr. Burnett at Homer-ton; where, when about 12 years old, he met with a serious fall, and dislocated his hip, which crippled him for life, and laid the foundation of serious illness. This accident debarring him in a great measure from active bodily exertion, he was from an early period a careful and laborious student.

He received his professional training in the office of his father, who was a pupil of Mr. Daniel Alexander, and had a considerable practice in partnership with Mr. Savage. He died on the 20th April, 1852. Mr. Arthur Ashpitel commenced work on his own account about the year 1842 in Crown-court, Old Broad-street, where he conducted a considerable practice as an architect, and a large business in com-





pensation and reference cases; and one of his earliest works, in 1845, was the church of St. Barnabas at Homerton, built at a cost of about 4,400*l.*; to which he added in 1848 the parsonage, and in 1852 the north aisle and vestry, at a cost of 1,200*l.* To his use of the Kentish rag-stone for these works may be ascribed his subsequent association with Mr. John Whichcord, son of the late Mr. Whichcord of Maidstone. Shortly after, he designed the Hutchison Markets, and the Palace Tavern in Gravel-lane, erected on the site of the old house which had been the residence of Count Gondomar while ambassador to the court of James I.; executed works to the amount of 2,500*l.* at the London Orphan Asylum at Clapton; and designed the Wellington Testimonial erected at the Southwark end of London-bridge, since taken down as an obstacle to the traffic. In 1850 he entered into partnership with Mr. Whichcord at the Carlton Chambers, Regent-street, and removed in 1852-53 to Poets' Corner. Amongst their joint works they designed baths and wash-houses at Maidstone, at Lambeth, at Bilston, at Tynemouth, and at Kidderminster; the Kent Ophthalmic Hospital, Kentish Chronic Lunatic Asylum, Kent Infirmary, and Kent Asylum Chapel; the church erected among the ruins of St. Dogmael's Abbey, near Cardigan; churches at Blackheath, Platt, Postling, and Vernham Dean; Godmersham and Teston bridges; schools at Bexley, Milton, Rainham, and Pontardawe; Cranbrook Union; parsonages at Maidstone and at Lamberhurst; with several villas. All these works, with others, were collected in a picturesque manner into a large drawing, and exhibited in 1855. Subsequently Mr. Ashpitel was engaged on designs for schools at Lea-bridge, near Clapton; the Gravel Pit Chapel at Hackney; model cottages for superior artisans at Hackney; the churches at Ripple near Deal in Kent, and at Aldborough Hatch in Essex; the restoration of the church of Sutton in Kent; the schools for Holy Trinity district at Hoxton; and a vicarage, with the enlargement of the church built about 1825, and a new tower, at Great Hild in Essex; besides the drawings for a church at Oamaru, in New Zealand, to be built of wood, plastered between the timbers, and to be roofed with shingles. He aided Mr. E. M. Barry, R.A. in hunting up the authorities according

to which Charing Cross was reproduced at the Terminus in the Strand; and, with Sir Charles Barry's sanction, he designed the ornament cast on the Westminster bell, familiarly known as "Big Ben." His design for the restoration of the church of St. Margaret, Westminster, has been under consideration since 1860.

Two studies which specially evinced his artistic talents were "Selections from Palladio," made 1850; and a design (1851) for rebuilding Blackfriars-bridge, and throwing open the west front of St. Paul's.

His health failing, he left England in the year 1854 for Italy; where he travelled for a considerable period with the late Mr. David Roberts, R.A.; and resided some time at Rome, forming an intimate acquaintance with the late Cav. Canina. His studies resulted in a "Restoration of Ancient Rome," which he exhibited, in 1858, at the Royal Academy. The next year he exhibited the companion drawing, "Rome as it is," and the two were reproduced in chromolithography by the Messrs. Kell. A key to the two is a pamphlet printed as late as 1866.

In the Royal Institute of British Architects, of which he was elected a Fellow in 1851, and a Vice-President in 1862, Mr. Ashpitel took a very active part, particularly as chairman of the committee appointed in 1860 to arrange the plan for a voluntary architectural examination. At the first examination, held in 1863, he was an examiner, together with Mr. G. G. Scott and the present Sir M. Digby Wyatt; and he acted in the same capacity in 1864 and 1866. The existence of the Architectural Exhibition was secured by his guarantee as Treasurer, from 1850 to 1860; and on similar occasions his subscriptions were always liberal for purposes connected with art and science.

The Sessional Papers of the Institute contain an Essay, contributed by him in 1857 upon the different theories respecting the Forum at Rome; and another in 1860 on the Origin and Development of the Use of Crypts in Christian Churches from the earliest periods. His observations during the discussion in 1861 on the Mode in which Light was introduced into the Greek Temples form another paper; and in 1862 he supplied notes on the Italian architectural drawings found in the Royal library at Windsor, which he



identified as relating to the Basilica of Constantine and Maxentius, an edifice of three times the area of Westminster Hall.

His address, November 28, 1862, to the Architectural Association on the Voluntary Examination was printed at his own expense for circulation among students.

To the *Archæologia* of the Society of Antiquaries he contributed in 1857 a paper on Choirs and Chancels, particularly as to their use in Southern Europe; and another in the same year on the City of Cumæ and the recent Excavations there. To the British Archæological Association he gave in 1845 a paper on the History and Position of Organs in Churches, as well as Suggestions upon Chancels; and the following discourses, delivered at the annual meetings and printed in its Journal; 1849, on Worcester Cathedral; 1850, on the Cathedral and on St. John's Church at Chester; 1851, on Manchester Cathedral; 1852, on the Priory and Church at Repton; and 1854, on Newstead Abbey; as well as on the Castle, the Cathedral, and the Church of All Saints at Rochester. The interest of these discourses was heightened by original research for the purpose, in the British Museum and elsewhere, among mediæval documents.

Amongst his other literary works were Nicholson's Handrails and Staircases, rewritten in 1851; an essay on Baths and Washhouses, 1853; another essay called Town Dwellings, advocating the erection of fireproof houses in flats, 1855; and an edition of Nicholson's New Guide, or Book of Lines, for Carpenters, geometrically explained, 1857.

In *The Fine Arts Quarterly Review* appeared notices by him of C. Texier and R. P. Pullan's Principal Ruins of Asia Minor, 1866; and of G. E. Street's Gothic Architecture in Spain, 1867; In the latter year appeared also his edition of the Treatise on Architecture, being a reprint of the most important practical articles on the subject contributed to the *Encyclopædia Britannica* by the late W. Hosking, T. Tredgold, T. Young, and J. Robison, with supplemental modern information, and chapters by himself on Egyptian, Jewish, and Assyrian Architecture, and on Indian and Chinese Architecture, and a Glossary of Terms used in Mediæval Architecture, and he supplied the materials for numerous additional plates of illustrations. The proprietors of the Ency-

clopædia further requested him to assist in the continuation of the series of biographies (which they originally entrusted to Lord Macaulay), and among those he wrote were Vanbrugh, Weynflete, Wren, Wyatt, and Wykeham.

His contributions to the *Architectural Publication Society* commenced 1853 with the History of Ancient Baths and their Development in the Modern Baths and Wash-houses. He supplied to its Dictionary another essay on the Manufacture of Brick, and from that time (1855) to within six weeks of his death that work received his zealous assistance as a contributor, and his earnest co-operation as a revisor; he seldom returned a proof-sheet without two or three foolscap pages of criticism and suggestion, besides affording, at any time, the advantage of two or three hours' discussion on points that seemed to require particular consideration.

Such were the most important of Mr. Ashpitel's literary labours; but his occasional writings were by no means confined to his profession. An excellent memory had assisted common sense in making him a learned man on many subjects. He had some acquaintance with Hebrew, translated Greek with facility, was critical in Latin, spoke French and Italian, and had perused carefully the characteristic literature of England of all periods. The extent of his reading, and part of the use which he made of it, may be judged by the very numerous communications signed "A. A." in *Notes and Queries*. His metrical compositions in Latin and English, as in the *Owl*, rose above mere versification; but for the amusement of his friends (especially the "Cocked Hat" antiquaries) he wrote doggerel, and sometimes printed it. He played well on the pianoforte; and, having studied the complications of Thoroughbass, was able to improvise an accompaniment or a fantasia. His creative faculties, however, were less directed in the fine than in the industrial arts: although he had as keen an appreciation of the beauties of nature as he had a quick sense of the ludicrous and sarcastic, yet painting and sculpture were not such familiar subjects in his talk as the rites of a printer's chapel, the mysteries of a shipbuilder's loft, or the manoeuvres of a builder's workshop. To sail a cutter, or to snap at a rabbit, were recreations which suited his infirmity, and in which he was enthusiastic.

It is further remarked by Mr. Wyatt





Papworth, of whose memoir of Mr. Ashpitel, published in *The Architect*, we have already largely availed ourselves, that "he spoke with precision and fluency in public. The elegance of each step of his mathematical investigations was remarkable. The bent of his inventive faculty seemed to be to a rapid application of his familiarity with technical details. In his numerous professional cases and important arbitrations that accomplishment made its effect apparent; while his knowledge of theoretical and practical construction in building was highly prized. Professors of the various sciences found in him a conversible companion, who understood their terms and phrases, and could give valuable assistance in an adjudication upon a theory, an experiment, or an operation. Lively in general society, his most joyous moments never went beyond the limits of a becoming mirth; and the indelicate topics of the day were treated by graver men with less modesty than by him. In a professional and private intercourse with him for twenty years, the only circumstance that seemed really able to provoke him was a misrepresentation of his views. Exceeding kindness of heart, great disinterestedness, and a disinclination to speak ill of any one, were main features of his character. His movements were gentle, partly regulated by his lameness; and his considerate treatment of animals caused cats and kittens to be familiar occupants of his studio. In this respect he resembled Canina, and when the Italian visited England in 1856, it was not surprising to find that he seemed day after day to prefer to most other resorts the library, the pets, and the piano of one who was so much his *confrère*. Mr. Ashpitel's receptions were ever aided by a liberal and considerate, though unpretentious, hospitality. He liked to get committees to meet at his house."

The effects of a fever and ague which attacked him at Airolo, in Piedmont, during his return from Italy, never entirely left him. Energetic in rendering assistance in the matters in which he interested himself, he did not pay sufficient attention to his delicate constitution; his health, therefore, had for some years caused much anxiety to his relatives and friends. He was brought home from Ramsgate in the autumn of last year in the very weak state from which he never rallied. His remains were interred on Monday the 25 Jan. in

the family vault at St. John's, Hackney. In the first coach were his only brother the Rev. Francis Ashpitel, Rector of Hampden, in Buckinghamshire, and his son; the next was occupied by his brother-in-law the Rev. W. Denton, Vicar of St. Bartholomew's, Cripplegate, with his two sons, and Mr. J. Robert Daniel-Tyssen; and the third by Messrs. B. B. Woodward, Anthony White, John Whicheord, and Olding. In the last coach were Messrs. James Edmeston (who began professional life with the object of our notice some twenty-five years ago), Wyatt Papworth, W. Gritten, and T. H. Porter.

Mr. Ashpitel has bequeathed the greater part of his rare and valuable books, and his collection of antique and Etruscan vases, brought by him from Italy, to the Society of Antiquaries; the two drawings of Rome are left to the national collection, South Kensington; and provision is made for founding a prize at the Institute of Architects.

A medallion head of Mr. Ashpitel was executed at Rome by Sig. Anicci; and a very successful photograph portrait was taken not long since for exchange among the members of the Surveyors' Club, to which he belonged for many years.

#### George Smith, Esq. F.S.A.

On the 5th Jan. died, at Newlands, George Smith, esq. F.S.A. and F.R.I.B.A. Surveyor to the Mercers' Company.

This gentleman was born on the 28th September, 1783, at Aldenham, Herts. He was articled to Mr. Brettingham, was afterwards clerk to Mr. Alexander, and next to Mr. Beazley. He eventually settled in business for himself in the neighbourhood of St. Paul's. He was appointed district surveyor of the Southern division of the City in 1810, and was elected surveyor to the Mercers' Company in 1814; both these appointments he held till his death. He formerly held the office of surveyor to the Coopers' Company, but this he resigned to take his place in the Court, and he served the office of Master twice.

Among his works as an architect may be mentioned St. Paul's School, the New Corn Exchange, the tower and entrance of the Old Royal Exchange, the Whittington Almshouses at Ilighate, the church in Blackheath-park, Hornsey church (except the tower), Gresham College, and the Mercers'



School. He was a member of the Surveyors' Club from the year 1807, and was elected a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries in 1839. He had recently built for himself a house named "Newlands," at Cophthorne, in Sussex.

Mr. Smith was always sincerely attached to his profession, and perseveringly followed it. In all that he did he was extremely careful and painstaking, and wisely thought that whatever was worth doing at all was worth doing well. The specifications which, as a student, he wrote out, were admirable examples of neat and elegant penmanship, and his drawings were executed with great care and attention. The early habits thus formed never deserted him. In advanced age he would occupy himself in drawing out a humble plan and elevation with as much carefulness and exactness as if the world were still all before him, and he had his fortune to make. His writing, like his drawing, was always his best; and the slow and careful way in which he invariably signed his name was something remarkable. His heart was in his business, and thus business became his chief pleasure. He possessed a natural turn for humour, and a talent for selecting the comic points of a story and representing them with dramatic effect. An ordinary narrative would thus in his hands become transformed into a humorous description that made the gravest hearers laugh heartily, though he himself rarely joined in such noisy demonstrations. He retained to the last much of that constant cheerfulness and gaiety of mind for which he had through life been distinguished. Those who have had the pleasure of meeting him only on business, and those who have been privileged to witness the expansion of his heart and his sportiveness in the bosom of his more serious family, will never forget either that genial courtesy and pleasantry which made him a constant favourite, especially with the gentler sex, nor that unchilled juvenility which often led his loving wife laughingly to exclaim, "Now, is he not the youngest of them all?"

Mrs. Smith was a daughter of Mr. Howell, and possessed a cultivated literary taste, but did not indulge it to the neglect of her maternal duties. They had five sons and two daughters. The eldest son, George, has been deceased for some years. He was a fine, noble-spirited young fellow, and after travel-

ling in Italy proceeded to Trinity College, Cambridge, where his zealous devotion to study laid the foundation of that fatal disease which so soon carried him off. He was universally beloved, and his poor mother never thoroughly recovered her spirits after this terrible blow. The next is the Rev. Sydney Smith, Vicar of Worth, near Sandwich; and a third son, Harry, is also in the church.

Among Mr. Smith's pupils were the late William Grellier, some time honorary secretary to the Architectural Society, and the architect of the Royal Museum buildings at Liverpool, and the late James Barr, author of *Anglican Church Architecture*. Of those, and some others, anecdotes are given in a pleasing article, written by another pupil, H. C. Barlow (now a doctor of medicine), in *The Builder* for Jan. 23rd, 1869, to which we have to acknowledge our obligations.

#### John Dickinson, Esq. F.R.S.

On the 11th Jan. died at his residence in Upper Brook-street, John Dickinson, esq. of Abbot's-hill, near Hemel Hempstead, Herts, a magistrate for that county, and Fellow of the Royal, Astronomical, and Geological Societies.

This gentleman was born on the 29th of March, 1782, the eldest son of Capt. Thomas Dickinson, R.N. who was for forty-four years Superintendent of Shipping to the Board of Ordnance, and died in 1828. His father, of a North-country family, was himself the son of a naval Captain, and his mother, Madlle. de Brissac, was of the ancient French ducal family of Cossé Brissac, of which the elder branch was driven by the revocation of the Edict of Nantes to settle in this country. The intimacy subsisting between Captain Dickinson's family and Mr. Andrew Strahan, at that time the King's printer, influenced his future career as connected with the supply and manufacture of paper. On the expiration of his indentures he commenced business in Walbrook, and shortly after joined Mr. George Longman, brother of the late Mr. Longman of Paternoster-row, and for some time M.P. for Maidstone, and carried on business with him, and subsequently with his nephew, in the premises in the Old Bailey, so long associated with the name of Dickinson and Co.

We of the present day, with our newspapers issued daily by the hundred





thousand, can form but a faint idea of what was the state of the paper manufacture, now so important a branch of industry in this country, even at so late a period as the commencement of the present century. Instead of paper being reeled off in webs many feet in width, and at the rate sometimes of upwards of a mile in the hour in length, each sheet had at that time to be made separately on a mould by hand, and had then to be subjected to various subsequent processes before it was in a state fit for use. To obtain an uniform and continuous supply for any purpose was almost a matter of impossibility, and the necessity of applying machinery to this manufacture was beginning to be felt, while the success which had attended its introduction into the spinning and weaving industries gave encouragement of success. Yet the whole change from a system of manufacture almost mediæval in its rudeness was comprised within the lifetime and was in great measure effected by the exertions and ingenuity of the gentleman whose death is now recorded. It was not, however, until the year 1806 that the first patent "for manufacturing paper of an indefinite length" was taken out by Henry Fourdrinier, and this was soon followed by Mr. Dickinson's patent of June 30, 1807, for machinery for cutting and planing paper thus made. Fourdrinier's patent for the paper-machine, which still bears his name, was taken out in the same year; and it was about this time that Mr. Dickinson commenced his career as a paper manufacturer by the purchase of Apsley-mill, Hemel Hempstead, to which, in the course of time, four other mills in Hertfordshire were added, two of them constructed and the water-power for them created under his own superintendence. It was in 1807, before the commencement of the Peninsular campaigns, that he invented a new cannon cartridge-paper, made by mixing together linen and woollen rags in such proportions as insured the destruction of the cartridge, so that after the explosion it was prevented from retaining sparks of fire. In 1809 he patented machinery for the manufacture of paper by means of a cylinder of brass, covered with wire gauze, and connected with an air-pump. A perfect revolution in the manufacture was thus effected: the wire gauze going into the fluid pulp perfectly clean, and coming forth covered with a fibre of paper, which

could be immediately transferred to a felt, and dried, polished, and cut into sheets within a few yards. This was followed by other patents for the manufacture of finely-faced copper-plate paper by a sort of veneering process, and for a machine to cut cards, both of which were successful inventions, and the former especially tended much to increase his reputation.

In consequence of these continual improvements, his genius as an inventor was so highly appreciated by scientific men, that Sir Humphrey Davy and Dr. Wollaston offered to propose and second him for the Royal Society in 1818, but he did not find it expedient to join that distinguished body till much later in life.

In 1829 he invented the process of introducing coloured threads into the body of paper at the instant of its manufacture, which was again improved on in 1839. This preservative against forgery will have been noticed by holders of Exchequer bills, and many of us will remember it in the stamped envelopes which were issued by Government after the adoption of the penny-postage system, in the introduction of which Mr. Dickinson had taken great interest.

In 1832 he patented a knotter or strainer for cleaning pulp from impurities, and two years later applied magnets for the removal of any portions of iron that may happen to be in the pulp, and thus preventing ironmould in the paper. Besides these, he took out other patents for improvements, more or less important, in the manufacture of paper, almost up to the period of his finally retiring from business in 1857.

Such is a brief outline of the principal inventions of Mr. Dickinson in connection with the manufacture of which he must be regarded as one of the founders, and of which he was for so many years the recognised chief. But his energies were not confined to manufacturing and mechanical details; his friendship with the principal publishers of London and Edinburgh was intimate and lasting, and brought him in contact with most of the distinguished authors of his day.

In 1845 he was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society, to which he communicated, in 1851, some observations on the supply of water from the chalk stratum in the neighbourhood of London, containing much valuable information as to the percolation of water



through chalk. In his latter years he took much interest in astronomy, and erected an observatory at his country house, Abbot's-hill, Abbot's Langley, of which he had been at once architect and builder. As a magistrate he took an active part in the general concerns of the county. He was a liberal benefactor to numerous charitable institutions, and especially to hospitals, and to the Royal Literary Fund, of which he was latterly one of the Registrars. He attained the mastership of the Stationers' Company in 1857, and received the unusual compliment of being re-chosen for a second year. He continued until his death a member of the stock-board or business committee. His mental and bodily activity was extraordinary, and, in the words of one of his oldest friends, "he had thoroughly lived out his life, and had found time and means to crowd into the short intervals of business more kindly and generous deeds than would make the staple of many ordinary men's lives."

Mr. Dickinson married in 1810 Anne, second daughter of Harry Grover, esq. of The Bury, Hemel Hempstead; and by that lady, who survives him, he had issue one son (who bears his own name), and two daughters, Frances Elizabeth married to Frederick Pratt Barlow, esq. and Harriett Anne who was the first wife of John Evans, esq. of Nash Mills, F.R.S. and F.S.A.

His remains were interred in the Kensal Green Cemetery on the 18th of January.

#### **Capt. C. R. Egerton, R.N.**

On the 8th Jan. died at the Hook, aged 50, Captain Charles Randle Egerton, R.N.

He was brother to Lord Egerton of Tatton, and Mr. Egerton, M.P. for North Cheshire, being the seventh and youngest son of Wilbraham Egerton, esq. for many years M.P. for Cheshire, by Elizabeth, second daughter of Sir Christopher Sykes, of Sledmere, Bart.

He entered the Navy May 19, 1831, and passed his examination in 1837. As mate of the *Calliope* he acquired great credit during the first China war. He served in the boats under Lieut. Rundle Burges Watson, in his attack made upon thirteen war junks near Chuenpee, Jan. 7, 1841; assisted at the storming and destruction, Feb. 23 following, of a fort, mounting thirty guns in battery, at a place called Sam-mohow, situated at the back of the

Island of Amunghoy; and, on March 13, was again in the boats at the capture of several rafts, and on the last fort protecting the approaches at Canton. In the two attacks on that city he was also present. On the first occasion he served with the western division of the flotilla, and on the second he landed (May 26) and aided in destroying the whole line of defences, extending about two miles from the British factory, where 64 pieces of cannon were disabled. For these services Mr. Egerton was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, by commission dated June 8, 1841.

In the following October he was appointed to the *Wellesley*, and in Sept. 1842 to the *North Star*, both on the East India station. While attached to the latter ship, he commanded the rocket party in an attack made upon a rebel New Zealand chief named Kawiti, whose strongly fortified pah, situated many miles inland, was at length, on Jan. 11, 1846, after several days of labour and fatigue, stormed, and notwithstanding a desperate fight of four hours, triumphantly carried. The share borne by Mr. Egerton in this achievement procured him the rank of Commander with seniority from the date last mentioned. He was since on half-pay. His Captain's commission bore date July 1, 1864.

Captain Egerton married in 1850 Margaret Amy Frances, youngest dau. of General the Hon. Sir Edward Cust; that lady survives him, having had issue only two children, who died in their infancy.

#### **Henry Goode Wright, M.D.**

On the 14th Jan. died in Harley-street, in his 41st year, Henry Goode Wright, M.D.

Dr. Wright was a son of the late Edward Goode Wright, esq. of Hereford. He was educated at a public school in Gloucester, commenced his medical studies in Hereford Infirmary, and pursued them in Edinburgh and Paris. He graduated as M.D. of Edinburgh in 1851, and obtained subsequently some minor hospital appointments. Later, Dr. Wright was appointed physician to the Samaritan Free Hospital—an appointment which he held at his death, as also to the St. Pancras Dispensary and the Royal Benevolent Industrial Society.

As a medical author he was best known by his little book on *Headaches*,





their Causes and their Cure, which has gone through many editions; and by his later elaborate, learned, and beautifully-written treatise on *Uterine Disorders, their Constitutional Influence and Treatment*. Some of his best writings were anonymous. Those who remembered the "Annotations" of the *Lancet* when they were started, and did so much for the reputation of that journal—brilliant, witty, and learned notes, in every line of which there lurks a joke, a sarcasm, or a counsel, barbed or sheathed in classic guise—will have the best idea of his happiest and most effective style. Some of his contributions to the *Saturday Review* have been remarkable for their strength and brilliancy of style and thought. A chosen friend of Jerrold, Thackeray, and many of the wits past and present, and an able satirist, he was a man of gentle instincts, kind heart, and generous forbearance. Few men of the like literary habit have made more friends and fewer enemies. As a physician, he was judicious, kind, discriminating, and successful. He had conquered for himself a position in practice and in the profession which men "out of the hospital groove" find it very difficult to acquire. He dies at a moment when happy marriage, worldly success, and the esteem and affection of many friends had made life very smooth for him, and its prospects very fair. His resignation and gentleness during an illness of some months (pleurisy, followed by empyema) were very touching.—*British Medical Journal*.

#### William Drummond, Esq.

On the 23rd Nov. died at Rochdale Lodge, Stirling, aged 75, William Drummond, esq. a public benefactor of that town (named before in p. 72).

Mr. Drummond was born in a small house at Banuockburn in 1793, and passed a long and well-spent life amidst the scenery and the associations which he loved so well and prized so much. "Our first acquaintance with the late Mr. Drummond (remarks a writer in the *Stirling Journal*.) commenced in the year 1853, when he had ordered about 700 trees to be planted in the beautiful line of walk on the borders of the Forth, leading eastward from Cambuskenneth abbey. He subsequently adorned our new cemetery with beautiful statuary from the hands of Ritchie of Edinburgh, and Barclay of Stirling,

and at great expense procured the statue of Sir William Wallace which now adorns our principal street.\*

"Although a consistent member of the Free Church, his benevolence was limited to no sect or denomination. Being of a modest and retiring disposition; he shrank from assuming any official position; and when the town council proffered their wish that his name should be enrolled among those who had been honoured with the freedom of our royal burgh, Mr. Drummond, to their great regret, respectfully but firmly declined it. He was also twice unsuccessfully requested to sit for his portrait to be taken by an eminent artist."

On the day of his interment, the feelings of his townsmen could no longer be restrained. The provost, magistrates, and town council, the high constables, and a large number of the incorporation of guildry, attended, together with the greater proportion of the principal citizens. The remains of the deceased were interred in the higher portion of the cemetery grounds, adjoining the pyramid which he caused to be erected. He has left the sum of 1,500*l.* to be invested for keeping the statues and ornamental work in the cemetery in preservation and repair, and some other portions of his property are left for religious purposes.

#### The Rev. J. G. Cumming, M.A.

The Rev. Joseph George Cumming, M.A. F.G.S. Vicar of St. John's, Bethnal Green, was born at Matlock on the 15th Feb. 1812, the second son of the late Joseph Nottsall Cumming, esq. He was educated at Onkham grammar-school, where, under the Rev. Dr. Doncaster, he was an earnest and conscientious scholar, and gained exhibitions; and at Emmanuel college, Cambridge, where he graduated B.A. in mathematical honours in 1834, M.A. 1837.

He was ordained in 1835 as Curate to his uncle the late Rev. James Cumming, (Professor of Chemistry at Cambridge,)

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\* We find those in the cemetery described as "the statues in freestone of the leading martyrs and promoters of the Reformation; and a fine group in marble of Margaret Wilson of Glenvernoch, the virgin martyr of the Ocean Wave, and her like-minded sister Agnes." Black, *Tourist of Scotland*, edit. 1865.

The first part of the book is devoted to a general history of the United States, from the discovery of the continent to the present time. It is divided into three volumes, each of which contains a complete history of the country from the beginning of the world to the present time. The first volume is devoted to the history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the year 1776. The second volume is devoted to the history of the United States from the year 1776 to the year 1861. The third volume is devoted to the history of the United States from the year 1861 to the present time. The second part of the book is devoted to a general history of the world, from the beginning of the world to the present time. It is divided into three volumes, each of which contains a complete history of the world from the beginning of the world to the present time. The first volume is devoted to the history of the world from the beginning of the world to the year 1776. The second volume is devoted to the history of the world from the year 1776 to the year 1861. The third volume is devoted to the history of the world from the year 1861 to the present time.

The third part of the book is devoted to a general history of the United States, from the discovery of the continent to the present time. It is divided into three volumes, each of which contains a complete history of the United States from the beginning of the world to the present time. The first volume is devoted to the history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the year 1776. The second volume is devoted to the history of the United States from the year 1776 to the year 1861. The third volume is devoted to the history of the United States from the year 1861 to the present time. The fourth part of the book is devoted to a general history of the world, from the beginning of the world to the present time. It is divided into three volumes, each of which contains a complete history of the world from the beginning of the world to the present time. The first volume is devoted to the history of the world from the beginning of the world to the year 1776. The second volume is devoted to the history of the world from the year 1776 to the year 1861. The third volume is devoted to the history of the world from the year 1861 to the present time.

who was Rector of North Runcton in Norfolk.

In 1838 he was appointed Classical Master of the West Riding Proprietary School in Yorkshire; and in 1841 Vice-Principal of King William's college, in the Isle of Man, where he acquired an interest in the history and antiquities of the island which never deserted him, and he has contributed very largely to their illustration, as will be seen by the list of his works which we append.

In 1855 he removed to Lichfield, on his appointment to the mastership of King Edward's grammar-school in that city; and in 1858 he was appointed Warden and Professor of Classical Literature and Geology in Queen's college, Birmingham. In 1862 he was presented by the late Lord Chancellor to the rectory of Mellis in Suffolk; which he exchanged in 1867 for the vicarage of St. John's Bethnal Green.

His death occurred on the 21st of September 1868, whilst sitting in the midst of his family reading, and apparently in good health; but his valuable life was certainly shortened by his removal to London, and his untiring exertions amongst the poor of Bethnal Green, where the population of his district is fourteen thousand.

Mr. Cumming was all his life a hard-working energetic man, delighting in scientific and literary pursuits. We now give a list of his works:—

The Isle of Man: its history, physical, ecclesiastical, civil, and legendary. 1848, 12mo.

The Excellency of the Liturgy of the Church of England, a Lecture on set Forms of Prayer; with an Appendix, containing a history of the Book of Common Prayer and of the authorised version of the Bible. 1848.

A Chronology of Ancient Sacred and Profane History, on the System of Dr. Grey. 1853, 12mo.

The Story of Rushen Castle and Rushen Abbey in the Isle of Man. 1857, 8vo.

The Runic and other monumental remains of the Isle of Man. 1857, 4to.

An Account of the Isle of Man, by W. Sacheverell, and a Short Treatise of the Isle of Man, by J. Challoner; forming volumes 1 and 10 of the Manx Society's works.

The Geology of Cumberland and Westmoreland. Printed in Whellan's History of the Counties of Cumberland, &c. 1860, 4to.

A Guide to the Isle of Man, containing a general Synopsis of its constitution, climate, language, population, history, mines, antiquities, botany, geology, and zoology; with the means of access thereto, and an introduction to its scenery, &c. 1861, 8vo.

The Crucified Man, a sermon by Robert Harris, Rector of Mellis, in 1652; discovered in pulling down the old rectory house. 1862, 8vo.

The Great Stanley; or James VIIth. Earl of Derby, and his noble Countess, Charlotte de la Tremouille, in their land of Man. A Narrative of the XVIIth Century. Interspersed with notices of Manx manners, customs, laws, legends, and fairy tales . . . illustrated from Manx Scenery and Antiquities, by A. D. Lemon and J. T. Blight. 1867, 8vo.

Mr. Cumming also contributed several memoirs to the Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society, The Edinburgh New Philosophical Journal ("On some more recent changes in the area of the Irish Sea"—Jan. 1855), the Reports of the British Association, the Journal of the Archaeological Institute, the Cambrian Archaeological Journal, &c.

To the *Archæologia Cambrensis* he contributed in 1866 two papers, On the Ornamentation of the Runic Monuments of the Isle of Man, and On the Runic Inscriptions in the Island. He also edited, in 1866, "*Antiquitates Maniæ*," a collection of Memoirs of the Antiquities of the Isle of Man."

He married in 1836 Agnes Cooper Peckham, youngest daughter of the late John Randall Peckham, who is left his widow; and had a family of six sons and three daughters. Two of the sons died in their childhood.

#### The Rev. John Louis Petit, F.S.A.

On the 1st of December died, at Lichfield, the Rev. John Louis Petit, M.A. F.S.A. a gentleman very generally known by his writings and drawings in illustration of ecclesiastical architecture.

He was descended from the ancient family of Petit des Etans, in the neighbourhood of Caen in Normandy; and represented in the fourth generation Louis Petit, a refugee at the revocation of the Edict of Nantes, who attained the rank of Brigadier-General in the British service, and died in 1720. Captain John Petit, his son, lived at Little Aston, in the parish of Shenstone, in Stafford-



The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the medical profession and the public. It is composed of members who are physicians, surgeons, dentists, and other medical practitioners. The Association is organized into various departments and committees, each of which is responsible for a specific area of medical practice. The Association's primary concern is the advancement of medical science and the improvement of medical practice. It does this by publishing the Journal of the American Medical Association, which is one of the most important medical journals in the world. The Journal contains a wide variety of articles, including original research, clinical reports, and reviews of the literature. The Association also sponsors a number of other publications, including the American Medical Association Bulletin, which is a weekly publication that contains news and information about the medical profession. The Association is also involved in a number of other activities, including the organization of medical conferences and the provision of medical education. The Association's efforts are aimed at improving the quality of medical care and the health of the American people.

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shire,\* and married Mary, daughter of Mr. John Hayes, of Wolverhampton, after whom many of their descendants have been named. They were the parents of John Lewis Petit, M.D. who was successively physician to St. George's and St. Bartholomew's hospitals, and died in 1780 (see the biographical notice of him in Munk's "Roll of the Royal College of Physicians.") Dr. Petit left three sons: the Rev. John Hayes Petit, father of the gentleman whom we now commemorate; Peter Hayes Petit, a Lieut.-Colonel in the army, who died in 1809 of a wound received before Flushing; and Louis Hayes Petit, of Lincoln's-inn, barrister-at-law, F.R.S. and S.A. a commissioner of public records and some time M.P. for Ripon, of whom an ample memoir will be found in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for Jan. 1850.

The deceased was the son and heir of the eldest brother, the Rev. John Hayes Petit, M.A. of Coton Hall, Shropshire, Perpetual Curate of Shares-hall, co. Stafford, by Harriet, daughter of John Astley, esq. of Dukinfield Lodge, co. Chester, and was born at Ashton-under-Lyme on the 31st May, 1801.

He was educated at Eton, where he was a contributor to the *Etonian*, and at Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took his B.A. degree in 1823 as twenty-fourth senior optime in the mathematical tripos, M.A. 1826.

Though he afterwards entered into holy orders, he never undertook parochial duty.

He had lost his father in 1822, shortly after he became of age, and inherited an independent fortune, which was very considerably increased on the death of his uncle in 1841.

His taste for sketching commenced in his youth; and his early drawings in pencil and Indian ink are very delicate and correct. From the first his favourite subjects were old churches, and he was well acquainted with the best examples in England before travelling much on the Continent. His first extended tour was in 1839, and his first published work, "Remarks on

Church Architecture," which appeared in two volumes 8vo. 1841, amply testifies to his labours in France, Germany, and Italy, and his thorough acquaintance with the subject.

The foundation of the British Archaeological Institute at Canterbury in 1844, at which he assisted, opened a wide field for his exertions, and the pages of the Archaeological Journal from that time are well stored with his valuable contributions to architecture, all profusely illustrated from his own drawings, and generously contributed at his own cost.

Among these may be mentioned a description of the beautiful church of Tong, published in 1845; in the following year an account of the Cathedral of St. German's, in Peel Castle, in the the Isle of Man; and Remarks on Beverley Minster. In 1847, architectural notes in the neighbourhood of Cheltenham, a valuable local contribution. In the same year Remarks on Wimburn Minster; and in 1848, Remarks on Southwell Minster, with copious illustrations worthy of such a subject. In 1849, Architectural Notices relating to Churches in Gloucestershire and Sussex. In 1850, Architectural Notices of the curious Church of Gillingham in Norfolk, with complete illustrations; and in the same year a learned account of Sherbourne Minster. In 1852, an account of Brinkburn Priory; a paper upon Coloured Brickwork near Rouen, and careful notices of Ecclesiastical Architecture in France. In 1853, the Architectural history of Boxgrove Priory. In 1858, Architectural notices of Buildwas Abbey. In 1860, on the Architecture of Shiffnal Church. In 1861, Notes on Circular Churches; besides notes on Irish Abbeys, on Mediæval Architecture in the East, and many others.

Mr. Petit's principal work, "Architectural Studies in France," which appeared in 1854, is a learned production, full of sound judgment, and embodies his extensive range of observation in that country. It is charmingly illustrated by woodcuts of the finest kind, and by fac-similes of his own anastatic drawings. His "Account of Tewkesbury Church" is one of his best architectural works; and his lecture on "Architectural Principles and Prejudices" is conspicuous from its beauty of thought and language.

It is impossible to speak too highly of the beauty of the vast number of

\* Dr. Harwood, the editor of *Erdeswicke's Staffordshire* (ed. 1844, p. 51), has introduced a notice of the family as if descended from the Petits of Heckstall and Millwich in that county, living in the 15th century; but this was a misapprehension.

Name	Sex	Age
1. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
7. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
9. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
11. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
12. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
13. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
14. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
15. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
16. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
17. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

sketches from nature left in his portfolios. With a correct eye for proportion and colour, and a rapid hand, he invariably finished his drawings on the spot, and the power and breadth that they display have been seldom equalled. It is difficult to particularise any as preferable to the rest; but those of Lichfield, Tewkesbury, and St. Paul's may be mentioned as among the finest. The sketches from Italy and Greece are very masterly and striking, as are those made during a tour in the East and on the Nile in 1864-5. They display an unusual vigour of handling and an intimate knowledge of colour and perspective. His numerous drawings of shipping are admirable productions. The etchings on copper which have appeared in most of his published works are from his own hand, and are full of delicacy and refinement; and his drawings in pen and ink are well known for their great boldness and effect. His paintings in oils are, comparatively speaking, few, but they partake much of the character of Turner, and have considerable grandeur of colouring.

Mr. Petit was an honorary member of the Institute of British Architects, and a member of many other learned and archaeological societies. He was a liberal supporter of many charitable institutions, and those who had the advantage of his intimacy mourn the loss of a genial companion, and of a kind and constant friend.

His death ensued after a short illness originating in a cold taken whilst sketching at Lichfield. His body was interred in the family vault in the church at Greenhill, Lichfield.

Mr. Petit was the last male of his family; his younger brothers—Lieut.-Colonel Peter John Petit, C.B. of the 50th Foot, and Louis Peter Petit, esq. barrister-at-law, (who like himself were both unmarried,) having died respectively in 1852 and 1848. He has left six sisters, four of them married, Harriet-Letitia, wife of Thomas Salt, esq. of Weeping Cross, Baswich, co. Stafford; Mary Anne, wife of Henry Chetwynd, esq. son of Sir George Chetwynd, Bart.; Elizabeth, the widow of David Haig, esq. of Lochvin-house, Edinburgh, and Glenogil, co. Forfar; and Maria Katherine, wife of the Rev. William Edward Jeff, B.D. Vicar of Carleton near Skipton, co. York. All of these excepting Mrs. Haig have children.

#### Mr. C. R. Weld.

Mr. Charles Robert Weld died at his residence, New Bridge Hill, near Bath, on the 15th of January.

Mr. Weld was the son of Isaac Weld of Dublin, but in *Memoirs of the Time* it is stated that he was born at Windsor in 1818.

He received his education at Trinity college, Dublin, and afterwards came over to England for the purpose of studying law at the Middle Temple. He was called to the Bar 22 Nov. 1844; but science was his true vocation, and, under the friendly advice of Sir John Barrow, he became in 1845 Assistant Secretary to the Royal Society, a post which he held for about sixteen years.

He began his career as an author by writing a "History of the Royal Society" (2 vols. 1847), a work of considerable research and value. At this period he also commenced a series of "Vacation Tours." The first was "Auvergne, Piedmont, and Savoy," published in 1848; and this work was followed by "A Vacation Tour in the United States and Canada" in 1854; "A Vacation Tour in Brittany" in 1856; "Vacations in Ireland" in 1858; "The Pyrenees, East and West" in 1859; "The Highlands, Orcadia, and Skye" in 1860; "Sketches in India" in 1862; "Last Winter in Rome" in 1865; "Florence, the New Capital of Italy," in 1867.

He was the chief helper of Sir John Franklin in the home work connected with his Arctic explorations; and was in fact a very good authority on every matter connected with the Polar circle. Several pamphlets were written by him on the subject of the Arctic expeditions.

In 1861 he resigned his post at the Royal Society. The following year he was entrusted with the getting-up and management of the philosophical department of the International Exhibition; and was subsequently appointed a district superintendent of the entire Exhibition.

Mr. Weld represented this country at the Paris Exhibition of 1867 as one of the assistant commissioners, and his report on the "Philosophical Instruments and Apparatus for Teaching Science" was a most able and interesting document. It is printed in the *Illustrated London News* of the 5th Oct. 1867. On his return he read two papers on the subject of the Exhibition to the members of the Bath Literary and Philosophical Association, in the



# ARTICLE

The first of these is the fact that the American Medical Association has been successful in its efforts to secure the passage of the Federal Food and Drug Act, which has been a landmark in the history of the regulation of the food and drug trade in this country. This act has been a great boon to the public, and it is a credit to the American Medical Association that it has been able to secure its passage. The second fact is that the American Medical Association has been successful in its efforts to secure the passage of the Federal Pure Food and Drug Act, which has also been a landmark in the history of the regulation of the food and drug trade in this country. This act has been a great boon to the public, and it is a credit to the American Medical Association that it has been able to secure its passage. The third fact is that the American Medical Association has been successful in its efforts to secure the passage of the Federal Food and Drug Act, which has been a landmark in the history of the regulation of the food and drug trade in this country. This act has been a great boon to the public, and it is a credit to the American Medical Association that it has been able to secure its passage.

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proceedings of which he took much interest, and only the week previous to his death he contributed a paper to the same society on "Arctic Exploration." With many of the learned societies Mr. Weld was intimately associated, and papers by him have been published from time to time in *Fraser's Magazine*, the *Athenæum*, and other periodicals.

Mr. Weld leaves a widow and a daughter, the former being the niece of Sir John Franklin, the arctic navigator, and the sister of Mrs. Alfred Tennyson, wife of the Poet Laureate.

#### Mr. Clarence Hopper.

Mr. Hopper filled a position as an antiquarian investigator and transcriber of ancient documents, which entitles him to a niche in the Register. He was a son of Mr. Thomas Hopper, a surgeon at Reading, (who died at Shri-venham, Nov. 15, 1856,) and was born on the 17th May 1817 at Granham in Wiltshire. He was educated at the well-known grammar school in Reading, so long presided over by Dr. Valpy—the school of Mr. Justice Talfourd and of other eminent men. In the exercise of his particular vocation Mr. Clarence Hopper was distinguished by great industry, perseverance, and accuracy, making his way through long tedious inquiries, and bringing out the results with quickness and fidelity. He devoted himself to researches in the manuscript stores of the British Museum, the Public Record Office, and Doctors' Commons. Of all these repositories he was an habitual frequenter—they were his daily workshops, and in their recesses he often discovered valuable papers, the contents of which had been overlooked. Many editors have been assisted by him in the collection of materials, and from his extensive knowledge his loss in this respect will long be felt. He was an occasional contributor to various literary journals, particularly to *Notes and Queries*, under the signatures of Abracadabra, Ithuriel, &c., but his only distinct publications that we are acquainted with are—

1. A London Chronicle during the reigns of Henry VII. and Henry VIII. Edited from the original MS. in the Cottonian Library.

2. The Child of Bristowe, a poem by John Lydgate. (These are published in the Camden Miscellany, Vol. III.)

3. Sir Francis Drake's Memorable Service done against the Spaniards in 1587, written by Robert Leng, with an

Appendix of illustrative papers. (Published in the Camden Miscellany, Vol. V.)

4. A Catalogue of the Books, Manuscripts, Works of Art, Antiquities, and Relics illustrative of the Life and Works of Shakespeare, and of the History of Stratford-upon-Avon, which are preserved in the Shakespeare Library and Museum in Henley Street. Printed for the Shakespeare Fund. 1868, 8vo.

Mr. Hopper's health gave way somewhat suddenly in the spring of 1868, whilst cataloguing the Salt Manuscripts at Messrs. Sotheby's, and he died at Margate on the 10th of June in that year. He left a widow and three surviving children. His eldest child, a daughter to whom he was much attached, preceded him to the grave by a few months.

#### Ernest Jones, Esq.

A gentleman whose name, twenty years ago, was prominently before the public in connection with the Chartist movement, Mr. Ernest Jones, died at Manchester, after a brief illness, on the 26th of January, having just completed his 50th year.

Mr. Jones was born on the 25th of January, 1819, at Berlin. His father, Major Charles Jones, of the 15th Hussars, was descended from an old Norman family, settled in the Welsh Marches, and was equerry to the late Duke of Cumberland, who became King of Hanover, under the title of Ernest I. The King was Mr. Jones's godfather. Major Jones bought an estate in Holstein, and remained there with his family till 1838. His son Ernest composed a number of poems when very young, which were afterwards published by Nesler, of Hamburg. At 11 years of age he disappeared from home, and was found with a bundle under his arm trudging across Lauenberg to "help the Poles," who were then in insurrection. Later he achieved some distinction at the college of St. Michael, Lüneberg. In 1838 Major Jones removed to England with his family, and in 1841 young Ernest was presented to the Queen by the late Duke of Beaufort. He married Miss Atherley, of Barfield, Cumberland, whose father and uncle were the heads of old Conservative families, but Mr. Jones clung to his Radical prepossessions. In this year appeared the first of his larger works, a romance entitled "The Wood Spirit," published anony-



mously by Boone of New Bond-street. Some songs and poems followed, and in Easter term, 1844, Mr. Jones was called to the Bar at the Middle Temple.

He now commenced what promised to be a successful professional career on the Northern Circuit, but, in an evil hour for his position and prospects as a barrister, he joined the Chartists, and rapidly became their leader. This was in 1845, when Sir Robert Peel's government was in power. Long before this, however, the Chartists had contrived to attract to their proceedings a considerable share of the public attention. The body was called into existence soon after the passing of the Reform Act of 1832, and they demanded what they termed the six points of the People's Charter, viz.:—Universal suffrage, vote by ballot, annual parliaments, payment of the members, the abolition of the property qualification, and equal electoral districts. To this day the only point which has been conceded is the abolition of the property qualifications for members of the House of Commons, and this was adopted in the same session that witnessed the admission of Jews to parliament, that of 1858, when the Conservatives were in power. Seven years before Mr. Jones took a prominent part in the agitation the Chartists had assembled in great force in various parts of the kingdom, armed with guns, pikes, and other weapons, and carrying torches. They conducted themselves so tumultuously that on the 12th December, 1838, the Melbourne ministry found it expedient to issue a proclamation against them. At that time their headquarters was the borough of Birmingham, and the late Mr. Thomas Attwood was one of their most active leaders. In August 1838 a monster petition was agreed to at Birmingham at a so-called "National Convention," and a few months afterwards it was presented to parliament by Mr. Attwood. On the 15th July in this year they committed great outrages in the hardware capital, but the most extraordinary part of their proceedings up to this time was reserved for the borough of Newport, in Monmouthshire. The Chartists, on the 4th of November, collected from the mines and collieries in the neighbourhood to the number of 10,000, armed with guns, pikes, and clubs. They divided themselves into two bodies, one being under the command of Mr. John Frost, an ex-ma-

gistrate, while the other was under the leadership of his son. They met in front of the Westgate Hotel, where the magistrates were assembled with about thirty soldiers of the 45th Regiment, and a few special constables. The rioters commenced breaking the windows of the house, and fired on the inmates, wounding the mayor and several others. The soldiers returned the fire, dispersing the mob, which, with its leaders, fled from the town, leaving twenty dead, and many others dangerously wounded. For his share in this fatal affray, Frost and others of the leaders were sentenced to death, but the punishment was commuted to transportation for life. They received a pardon on the conclusion of peace with Russia in 1856.

Such was the class of men with which Mr. Ernest Jones became connected in 1845. To advocate the Chartist cause he not only gave up what promised to be a good and increasing practice at the bar, but he refused to accept any emolument for his services, and spent large sums in supporting what he believed to be the interests of the people. Both on the platform and in the press he was indefatigable in enforcing the claims of the political section to which he belonged. From time to time he issued *The Labourer*, *Notes of the People*, and other periodicals; and he established also *The People's Paper*, which remained the organ of the Chartists for eight years. In 1847 he unsuccessfully contested Halifax; but it was the following year which marked a memorable incident in his chequered career. On the 10th of April, 1848—a day when, according to the late Sir James Graham, the thrones of Europe rocked, and constituted authorities trembled—the Chartists proposed to hold a mass meeting of 200,000 men on Kennington-common, to march them in procession to the houses of parliament, and in this way to present a petition to the House of Commons. This obvious endeavour to overawe the legislature was, however, frustrated by the energetic action of the authorities. The Bank and other public establishments were guarded by military, and the approaches to Westminster-bridge were commanded by artillery. The consequence was that not more than 20,000 men assembled on the common, the monster petition which had been prepared was sent to the House of Commons in detached



The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the study of the history of the United States. It is argued that a knowledge of the past is essential for a full understanding of the present. The author then goes on to discuss the various factors which have shaped the development of the United States, including the influence of the British, the Spanish, and the French. He also discusses the role of the American people in the creation of the nation. The second part of the paper discusses the various problems which have faced the United States since its independence. These include the problem of slavery, the problem of the Indian, and the problem of the Mexican. The author discusses the various policies which have been adopted to deal with these problems, and he argues that the United States has made significant progress in dealing with them. The third part of the paper discusses the future of the United States. The author argues that the United States has a great future ahead of it, and that it is up to the American people to make the most of it. He concludes by saying that the United States is a great nation, and that it is proud to be an American.

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rolls, and no fewer than 150,000 persons of all classes, including the present Emperor of the French, were sworn in as special constables.

During this excitement Mr. Jones delivered an inflammatory speech on 4 June, 1848, in Bishop Bonner's Fields, London. This speech the law officers of Lord John Russell's government held to be seditious. A warrant was accordingly issued against Mr. Jones, who was apprehended at Manchester on the night of the 6th, and immediately taken to London. The trial took place on the 10th of July, and Mr. Jones, together with the other prisoners arraigned at the same time, were declared guilty, and sentenced to long periods of imprisonment. The sentence against Mr. Jones was two years solitary confinement, and he was further ordered to find two sureties of 100*l.* each, and to be bound in his own recognizances for 200*l.* to keep the peace for three years. His own published account of the severity of his treatment provoked a good deal of indignation. He was kept in solitary confinement on the silent system, enforced with the utmost rigour; for nineteen months he was neither allowed pen, ink, nor paper, but confined in a small cell, 13 feet by 6, varied only by a solitary walk in a small high-walled prison yard. He obeyed all the prison regulations, excepting as to picking oakum, observing that for the sake of public order he would seek to conform to all forms and rules, but would never lend himself to voluntary degradation. To break his firmness on this point he was again and again imprisoned in a dark cell and fed on bread and water. On one occasion, while cholera was raging in London, this punishment was enforced, though the object of it was suffering from dysentery at the time, and he was consigned to a dark cell from which a man dying from cholera had just been removed. But such efforts were in vain. The prison authorities never succeeded in making him perform the degrading labour task. In the second year of his imprisonment Mr. Jones was so broken in health that he could no longer stand upright. He was found lying on the floor of his cell, and then only taken to the prison hospital. He was told that if he would petition for his release, and promise to abjure politics, the remainder of his sentence would be remitted. But he refused his liberty on those conditions, and was reconsigned

to his cell. While in prison he composed an epic, published after his release in 1851, entitled "The Revolt of Hindostan," entirely written with his blood on the leaves of the prison prayer-books.

Soon after his release from prison his uncle Mr. John Halton Annesley sent for him and asked if he would give up the principles by which he was "disgracing" his family. Mr. Jones was the old man's only relative. The answer he got from the advocate of democracy may be imagined from the fact that Mr. Annesley left all his property, said to be worth 2,000*l.* a-year, to his gardener, a man named Carter.

In 1853 Mr. Jones unsuccessfully contested Nottingham, and in 1857 he again tried his fortunes in that borough, but without avail. Meanwhile his name had come before the public as the author of several poems, and amongst these were "The Battle Day" (1855), "The Painter of Florence" (1856), "The Emperor's Vigil" (1856). These were followed by "Beldagon Church" and "Corayda" in 1860.

After the extinction of Chartism Mr. Jones returned to his practice on the Northern Circuit, and his name will be remembered in connection with the defence of the Fenian prisoners Allen, Gould, and Larkin, who were tried at Manchester in November 1867 for the murder of Police-Sergeant Brett.

At the general election which took place in November 1868, Mr. Jones stood as the third liberal candidate for Manchester, but although he received 10,746 votes he was not elected. On the Friday and Saturday preceding his death, in the novel experiment of a test ballot in that city, Mr. Jones received 7,382 votes, against 4,133 recorded for Mr. Milner Gibson as the candidate for the liberal party, should Mr. Birley lose his seat. After a short illness he died at his residence in Wellington-street, Higher Broughton. Mr. Jones was suffering from severe cold in the early part of the week, but was induced to leave his bedroom to attend a meeting of the Hulme and Choriton Working Men's Association on the 20th of January. He left a heated atmosphere to return home by cab, and incautiously left the window open. It is supposed that the exposure to the weather aggravated his cold, for the next day he was attacked by severe inflammation of the lungs, which was afterwards followed by pleurisy fever, under



which he gradually succumbed. He was informed of the result of the ballot on Sunday morning. His last speech to the working men contains the following passage as reported in a local paper: "There was a personal reason why he desired soon to get into the House of Commons, and that was that he could not afford to wait very long. What little work there was in him must be taken out speedily, or it would soon be lost altogether."

His remains were conveyed to their last resting-place in Ardwick Cemetery, Manchester, on the 31st of January. Several thousand persons joined in the procession. The pall-bearers were Mr. Edward Hooson, Mr. Jacob Bright, M.P., Mr. Elijah Dixon, Mr. Edmond Beales, Mr. Alderman Heywood, Mr. T. B. Potter, M.P., Sir E. Arncliffe, Mr. F. Taylor, Mr. James Crossley, the Rev. H. M. Steinhall, Mr. H. Rawson, and Mr. Thomasson, of Bolton. The carriers were Mr. Benjamin Whiteley, Mr. John Bowes, Mr. J. Cunliffe, and Mr. T. Topping (one of the Chartist arrested like Mr. Jones in 1848). After the funeral service had been read, and the coffin deposited in a temporary grave (until a vault has been constructed), Mr. Beales delivered a brief funeral oration, in which he described the deceased as having combined with the condition of the scholar, the genius of the poet, the fervid eloquence of the orator, and the courageous spirit of the patriot, whom no prosecution could frighten from the advocacy of his principles, and whom no threatened loss of fortune or seductive offers of advancement could tempt to abandon them. The whole proceedings were orderly. Among the nutes who preceded the procession were four survivors of the memorable "Peterloo" massacre, as it was called, of 1818.

*The Daily News* remarks that Mr. Jones "was one of those men of poetic temperament to whom any cause which they may espouse becomes a passion and a faith. The very exaggerations of his career may be traced to the loftiness of his purpose and the simplicity of his motives. His devotion to the popular cause made his life a continual sacrifice to what he conceived to be its interests, and if he represented the turbulent period of popular Radicalism, he was also one of the central figures of its martyr age. Mr. Jones's extreme opinions on some points were the result of his enthusiastic temperament, but

his devotion to those opinions, his sacrifices for them, and his eloquent defences of them, had at length won universal respect. The affection with which a large class of working men regarded him was shown in his unsuccessful contests at Nottingham and Manchester, and had just received conclusive proof in the ballot in the latter city. It is gratifying to see that the people can appreciate unselfish service. Mr. Jones had lived down much of the suspicion and dislike of one class without having outlived the affection of the other. Men of very different political views from his own would have been glad to see him in Parliament, where he would have been received as the earnest, honest, and eloquent exponent of views which are not now represented there. He has died comparatively young, but he had lived through the troublous time of his own career and of our domestic politics, and the esteem and regret of all classes will follow him to his grave. In the most turbulent sphere of English political life, in the sphere which has always had unusual temptations for self-seeking, he lived and died an honest man."

#### Mr. William Carleton.

After a lengthened period of incapacity for active work, one of the ablest delineators of character of whom the present century could boast has passed away. William Carleton, who died at his residence, Woodville, Sandford, Dublin, on the 30th of January, was born in 1798, in the small town of Clogher, in the county of Tyrone. He was the son of a well-to-do farmer, and his early days were passed among such scenes as in after life he was enabled to describe so faithfully to the world. His father entertained the not unusual ambition of educating one of his sons for the Church, and William was selected for this calling. He was consequently instructed in Latin, and made good progress, but never entered college. In the "Pilgrim of Lough Dearg" he has given an account of one of the episodes of his early life, and in his story of "Denis O'Shaughnessy going to Maynooth" we have a sketch of his own history during the years in which he was preparing to become a Catholic priest. It would appear that the little blind god had his share in preventing the design of Carleton's family from being carried out; but, however this may have been,





we find him in Dublin in the year 1830, not only no priest, but a convert from Catholicism, and writing for bread. The first work above alluded to was published, as a species of controversial story, by a Protestant society, and was much lauded; but the "Traits and Stories of the Irish Peasantry" at once gave him an assured fame as an author. This series was in truth the first successful attempt to depict the life and character of the peasantry of Ireland on an extended and varied scale, and in it are portrayed the humour, the superstition, the sentiment, and the pathos of the Irish character. The "Geography of an Irish Oath" contains passages of the deepest and truest pathos, and the "Abduction of Mat Kavanagh" is irresistible in its humour. A second series of the "Traits and Stories" soon followed the first, and Carleton became a regular contributor to the *Dublin University Magazine*, the *Dublin Penny Journal*, and other serials. It was not long before he produced longer tales, and his novels of "Fardorougha the Miser," "The Black Prophet," and many others were deservedly popular. Those who desire to know what things were done in Ireland when Orangeism was in its glory should read the history of "Val McClutchy, the Irish agent." The picture given in this tale of the oppressions of the underling of an absentee landlord, and of the working of the penal laws, are by no means overdrawn, and, satisfactory as it is to know that they refer to a period and a state of things now happily passed away, they are calculated to explain somewhat of the long-enduring feeling of traditional dislike to the Imperial Government felt by the descendants of sufferers from such injustice.

The merits of William Carleton as a writer were not without their due meed of acknowledgment, and he enjoyed for many years a pension of 200*l.* It is now several years since his health became so much affected as almost to destroy his powers of writing, and latterly he was wholly unable to work. It is much to be regretted that his powers were impaired and his life eventually shortened by his mode of living, and that his constitution became at length so enfeebled as to be unable to withstand the attack under which he rapidly sank at the end.

Carleton was a writer who may be said to have been *sui generis*. Crofton

Croker and Samuel Lover gave us Irish legends, and Miss Edgeworth, Mrs. S. C. Hall, Gerald Griffin, Lever, and others have written admirable and life-like tales and sketches of Irish life. But Carleton was the only writer who, a peasant himself, was able to represent the character of the Irish peasant with an exactitude such as few, if any, men outside themselves can ever attain to. With all his openness and his humour, the Irish peasant is a secretive being; he has learned this habit during the generations in which he was esteemed a conquered serf; and it is rarely indeed that he lets out the true feelings of his heart before a stranger. Hence the value of the writings of a man who, born and educated among the peasantry, has given us an accurate insight into the habits and feelings of the class, especially during the early portion of the present century, and before the great change which has followed the establishment of the national schools. The Irish peasant of to-day is a far different man from the peasant of even 30 years ago; and William Carleton's writings will ever have their value among the psychological records of the race.—*Morning Post*.

He was buried in the Mount Jerome Cemetery on the 3rd of February. A peculiar feature of sad interest was attached to the melancholy procession by the presence in it of Mrs. Carleton, her four daughters, and five grandchildren, as chief mourners, all of whom were entirely dependent for support on the deceased, who was no exception to the generality of authors, as he died extremely poor, and left the members of his family entirely unprovided for. Amongst those present were—The Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor, Sir Wm. Wilde, John Lentaigue, D.L. and the Rev. Professor Ingram, F.T.C.D.

#### Mr. J. E. Carew.

The following sketch of the career of Mr. Carew, the eminent sculptor, of whom we gave a brief notice in our February number (p. 145), is extracted from the *Weekly Register*:—

John Edward Carew, descended from a Devonshire family, was born at Tramore, in Waterford, 1782. Early in life he showed promise of future eminence as a sculptor; but the distracted state of Ireland at the close of the last century gave little hope to an artist, and, after some time spent in Wexford, he settled in London while still young.



His merits soon attracted attention. The first work exhibited by him at the Royal Academy was a figure of 'Arethusa,' in marble (highly praised by Flaxman), and this was succeeded by the 'Falconer,' the 'Vulcan and Venus,' 'Death of Adonis,' &c., all of acknowledged merit, which are to be found in the famous Petworth Gallery. In 1830 Carew removed to Brighton, where he executed the beautiful work, 'The Baptism of our Lord,' as an altar-piece for the Catholic church in St. James's-st. The same church also contains monuments by him of Mr. Fitzherbert and of the Rev. Father Cullen. Soon after 1830 he executed a statue of Huskisson in Chichester cathedral. His chief subsequent works, in the order of date, are—the 'Prometheus' group, at Petworth, the 'Whittington,' at the Royal Exchange, an alto relievo of 'The Taking Down from the Cross,' designed for a contemplated metropolitan Catholic cathedral (which last, with a statue of Daniel Webster, perished by fire at the New York International Exhibition), also a figure of a 'Sleeping Falconer,' and one of 'Whittington Listening to Bow Bells.' Carew, who was a Catholic, possessed a mind of a decidedly religious tone, and he never laboured with such happy effect as on a sacred subject. His last work of this nature was the altar-piece in the Catholic church, Warwick-street, London, representing 'The Assumption of the Blessed Virgin.' The admired alto relievo of the 'Death of Nelson,' on the Nelson column in Trafalgar-square, in bronze, is also by him, and was executed with remarkable rapidity. His knowledge of anatomical detail was remarkable; and so desirous was he to aim at perfection, that, like Michael Angelo, he always made alterations in marble from the model. The statue of Grattan, in St. Stephen's Hall, is by Carew, and has been much admired. The Cathedral at St. John's, Newfoundland, contains a fine group of the 'Baptism of Our Lord,' by the same artist. He was not an Academician, and it was with reference to this that one of his patrons inscribed on one of Carew's works, 'Pudet Academia cum non esse academicum.' Carew was much beloved in private life, and enjoyed the friendship of men eminent in science, literature, and art. He died on the 30th of November, 1868, at Cambridge-street, Hyde-park, London; and a few days before his death he expressed the comfort and

satisfaction it afforded him that the opportunity had been given to him of devoting so much of his labour to the service of God.

#### R. Masheder, Esq.

Died on the 5th of January, at Morant's Bay, Jamaica, Richard Masheder, esq. B.A. late Fellow of Magdalene college, Cambridge, and district judge of Port Antonio.

Mr. Masheder graduated as second in the second class of the Classical Tripos in 1858, and was elected Fellow of Magdalene college. He was called to the Bar at the Inner Temple in 1865, and went the Home circuit until he received in 1867 the appointment of District Judge of Port Antonio, in which office he had drawn upon himself some slight dissatisfaction in consequence of his impartial conduct. The feeling of dislike was by no means general, for just before his death he received a testimonial, signed by some of the most influential members of the colony, deprecating the attack made upon him.

He was well known in literary circles by the publication in 1864 of a work entitled "Dissent and Democracy," which received most favourable criticisms from the Conservative press. In 1865 he published "The Right Honourable William Ewart Gladstone, M.P.," being a political view of that statesman's life. Like his former work, it was well received, and gave great promise of future literary success, and speedily reached a second edition.—*Cambridge Independent Press.*

#### Mr. James Backhouse.

On the 29th of January died, at Holgate-house, York, in his 75th year, Mr. James Backhouse, a gentleman well known, both as a minister of the Gospel in the Society of Friends and as a naturalist.

In partnership with his elder brother (the late Thomas Backhouse) he commenced business at York, in 1816, as a nurseryman and seedsman, which occupation he followed, so far as health and other circumstances permitted, to the close of his life. In 1831, accompanied by his friend Geo. Washington Walker, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, James Backhouse set out on a long and arduous missionary expedition to the Australian colonies. In that region he spent many years, visiting the settlers generally in Tasmania, and in many





parts of New South Wales, as well as the then young colonies known as Port Philip, Adelaide, King George's Sound, and the Swan River.

His Christian labours were not limited to seet or station. From Australia he and Mr. Walkr proceeded to the Mauritius, and thence to South Africa. In that land they travelled in a "Cape wagon," for nineteen months, visiting all the missionary stations in and beyond the Cape colony, and everywhere receiving the most cordial welcome from members of every religious denomination. On returning home, after an absence of nearly ten years, a large portion of James Backhouse's time was occupied in religious service in England, and in various engagements of a benevolent character. He was a warm and constant advocate of the temperance cause, having joined the Total Abstinence Society, along with one hundred and sixty coloured people, on the day of their emancipation from slavery, during his sojourn in Africa. Twice, when between 60 and 70 years of age, James Backhouse made extended missionary journeys in Norway, with the consent and assistance of the society of which he was a minister, and in accordance with an impression of religious duty, as on former occasions. His labours in that land reached far within the Arctic Circle, into Lapland, and Fimmark.—Abridged from the *Yorkshire Gazette*.

#### Mr. Robert Keeley.

The eminent comedian, Mr. Robert Keeley, died on the 3rd of February at 10, Pelham-crescent, Brompton, where he had resided for the last seven years.

Mr. Keeley was born in 1793, at No. 3, Grange-court, Carey-street, Lincoln's-inn-fields, being one of a family of sixteen brothers and sisters, seven of whom lived to see "Little Bob" obtain an enviable position. On the death of his father he was apprenticed to the printing trade, and thus entered Mr. Hansard's office as a compositor. After three years probation he fancied the stage would suit him better, and in 1813 he joined the company engaged at the Richmond Theatre, quite contented if he could only deliver messages, and rejoiced when he was entrusted with a part of a few lines. He next went to Norwich, and derived substantial assistance from the manager, John Brunton, the father of the late Mrs. Yates. In the Norwich circuit,

which then included Yarmouth, Ipswich, Bury St. Edmund's, and Colchester, he remained four years, making such a decided hit at Lynn that he was induced to come to town and join Beverly at the West London, now the Prince of Wales's Theatre, Tottenham-street. The season abruptly ended, and he went back to the country, playing very successfully at Birmingham, where he was seen by Elliston, who brought him to the Olympic. Here he made what is properly entitled to be called his first appearance in the metropolis, as Leporello in "Giovanni in London," his brother, long since dead, playing Simpkin. This was in 1818. When Elliston opened Drury-lane in 1819 Keeley went with him, and gradually rose into prominence. With "little Knight" and Harley in possession of all the best parts, it was evident, however, that his reputation was not here to be greatly extended; and accordingly, in 1821, Keeley seceded from Drury and joined the Adelphi company, where he appeared in a small part called "Dash." Then, fortunately, was produced the famous "Tom and Jerry," in which Mr. Keeley was the original Jemmy Green, Wrench being Tom, Watkins Burroughs Jerry, and Wilkinson Bob Logie. The piece ran for two seasons; but although threatened with legal penalties, never to be exacted, Keeley and Walbourn, the original Dusty Bob, left the Adelphi at the close of the first season, and went to Sadler's Wells, then under Egerton's management, and where Keeley played Jerry (April 8, 1822), in Pierce Egan's own version of his "Life in London." His success attracted the attention of Charles Kemble, who immediately entered into negotiations with the young comedian, and on October 26th, 1822, Keeley made his first appearance before a Covent Garden audience as Darby in "The Poor Soldier." His admirable acting of Rumfit, a tailor, in Peake's capital farce of "The Duel; or, My Two Nephews," brought out February 18th, 1823, was the means of securing his reputation on these boards, and as the original Killian in the English version of "Der Freyschutz" (October 14, 1824), and as Innocent Lambskin in Rowley's revived play of "A Woman Never Vexed; or, The Widow of Cornhill," the critics of the day recognised in him a comedian of remarkable originality.

During his engagement at Covent



Garden Mr. Keeley married Miss Goward, who had made her appearance (July 2nd, 1825) as Rosina, at the Lyceum Theatre, and who, under her matrimonial appellation, was afterwards to achieve such high honours as an actress. For some years Mr. and Mrs. Keeley remained at Covent Garden, playing during the summer at the old English Opera House. In June 1833 they joined the excellent company engaged by Abbott and Egerton for the Coburg, then just rechristened the Victoria, and on the failure of that disastrous speculation the Keeleys visited America. In 1838 they joined Madame Vestris at the Olympic, and accompanied that most tasteful manageress to Covent Garden, where they remained during 1840 and 1841. In 1842 they went to the Strand Theatre, where Mr. Keeley had made, ten years before, his memorable experiment as a tragedian, playing Shylock in Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice." In the summer of 1843 they went into the provinces on a starring tour, and on the 2nd of Oct. appeared at Covent Garden in the interlude of "My Wife's Out," under the brief management of Mr. Henry Wallack. On the 27th of November they transferred their services to the Princess's Theatre, and, after a short engagement at Birmingham and at the Lyceum, returned to the Princess's (February 1844), when Mr. Keeley appeared with great success in a version of "L'Homme Blasé," best known to English audiences as "Used Up." In March 1844 the Keeleys joined Mr. Strutt in the management of the Lyceum, which became a very fortunate speculation. Here were produced the famous burlesques of "The Forty Thieves," "Valentine and Orson," "Cinderella," &c. and the dramatised versions of Mr. Charles Dickens's stories, which obtained a prolonged popularity. Their connection with the Lyceum terminated in May 1847.

After a succession of provincial tours Mr. and Mrs. Keeley joined Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kean in the management of the Princess's Theatre, which opened under their direction Sept. 28th, 1850, with "Twelfth Night." After a year the partnership was dissolved, and in 1852 Mr. Keeley was added to the Haymarket company, appearing in April as the hero of "Your Life's in Danger." In September Mrs. Keeley, who had previously gone to the Adelphi, and had met during rehearsal with a slight

accident, appeared on the Haymarket stage as Jack Sheppard. Mr. and Mrs. Keeley then accepted an engagement at the Olympic, where they appeared in a farcical extravaganza, by the late Stirling Corne, called "What Will They Say at Brompton?" and afterwards joined Mr. E. T. Smith at Drury Lane. Here they appeared (Sept. 1856) in the burlesque of "Pizarro," and it was at this theatre Mr. Keeley made his last appearance on the stage, as fulfilling an engagement, in March 1857, in the comedy of "The Cure for the Heart Ache," Mr. Charles Mathews playing Young Rapid, Mr. Keeley Old Rapid, and Mrs. Keeley the rustic youth Frank Outlands. On the occasion of the benefit for the Royal Dramatic College, at Covent Garden Theatre, in May 1861, Mr. Keeley emerged from his retirement to represent Touchstone in a scene from "As You Like It;" and for Mr. E. T. Smith's benefit at Drury Lane March 22nd, 1862, he played Euclid Facile in the farce of "Twice Killed." His last appearance in public was at the Dramatic College fête in 1867, when he kindly officiated as money-taker in association with the mimic "Richardson's Show."

Besides his widow Mr. Keeley leaves two daughters. Miss Mary Keeley, who made her *début* at the Lyceum in 1845, became the wife, and, too soon, unhappily, the widow, of Mr. Albert Smith; and Miss Louise Keeley, the younger sister, and who retired from the stage, after a very successful career, in 1866, married Mr. Montagn Williams, the well-known barrister.

As an actor Mr. Keeley will be remembered in connection with a long list of characters identified with some of the most popular pieces produced during the last forty years. His diminutive stature, and the marvellous expression of wonder that he could throw into his countenance gave him great advantages in a particular line of impersonation, and to few performers have the playgoers of a preceding generation been more indebted for a hearty laugh. A successful career secured his prosperity whilst he was yet in the prime of life, and the means acquired by his exertions he prudently husbanded to guard against reverses of fortune in old age.—*Lra.*

The funeral took place at the Brompton Cemetery, on the 8th of February. It was quite private, only a few of the immediate relatives and friends being





present. Mr. Montague Williams, son-in-law of the deceased, was chief mourner.

Miss Nelly Moore.

A young actress of rare talent, Miss Nelly Moore, died at her residence, Soho Square, London, on the night of the 22nd of January, having scarcely attained her 21th year.

She was born in 1845, and her career, which gave every promise of her attaining even a higher degree of excellence than that which had already won the admiration of the play-going public, is to be dated from 29th Oct. 1859, when she made her *début* at the St. James's Theatre as Winifred in the slight comedietta of "Cupid's Ladder." The freshness of her style, and the simplicity of her manner, soon attracted attention, and her advancement was rapid. Engaged at the Haymarket, her performance of Ada in the comedy of "David Garrick" raised her at once to a prominent position, and from that period her remarkable intelligence and natural expression found frequent and earnest recognition. At the Strand and the Olympic a further series of successes established her in a high position; and at the New Queen's, where she appeared as the representative of Ruth Kirby in Mr. Byron's drama of "The Lancashire Lass," she was at once recognised as a very prominent member of the company. It was whilst fulfilling the latter engagement that the young actress, in the early part of last December, was seized with the illness which abruptly ended a bright career, and prematurely closed a blameless life. The immediate cause of her death was inflammation of the stomach, which had followed a severe attack of typhus fever.

She was buried on the 2nd of February in the Brompton cemetery.

Miss Annie Collinson.

A young and favourite actress. Miss Annie Collinson, died in London on the 1st of February, after a severe illness which had enforced her absence from the stage since last December.

Miss Annie Collinson and her sister Miss Marie Collinson made their first appearance in London, as principal dancers at the Lyceum Theatre, on the 8th October 1860, in the ballet introduced into the drama of "The Abbé Vaudreuil," during the time that establishment was under the direction of Madame Celeste.

Provincial practice developed Miss Annie Collinson's powers as an actress, and in December 1866, she appeared at the New Royalty Theatre with great *éclat* as the successor to Miss Rosina Rance, in the burlesque of "Black-eyed Susan." Her performance of William was continued during the remaining run of that extravaganza, and when the burlesque of the "Rise and Fall of Richard the Third" was produced last September Miss Collinson sustained the character of Buckingham.

Her remains were interred on the 8th of February at the Kensal-green cemetery.

Mr. Thomas Eaton Lyon.

Playgoers of middle age and retentive memories, who can call to mind the production of the once famous drama of "Jack Sheppard" at the Adelphi, will hear with especial regret of the decease of Mr. Lyon, who gained a distinctive reputation in the original cast as Jonathan Wild. Mr. Thomas Eaton Lyon died at the White Hart Tavern, Shoreditch, on the 23rd of January, and was interred on the 27th at Abney-park Cemetery.

He was born October 17th, 1812, and his first appearance on the London stage was made at the Adelphi, under the management of Mr. Yates, when the character selected for his *début* was Miles Bertram, in the drama of "The Wreck Ashore," September 29th, 1836. His most prominent part at this theatre, was, however, the famous thief-taker in the dramatised version of Ainsworth's novel, brought out in October 1839. Mr. Lyon afterwards went to the Surrey, and then joined Mr. Osbaldeston's company at the City of London Theatre. He subsequently enlisted under the banners of Mr. John Douglass, when that gentleman became manager of the National Standard Theatre. His last appearance on the stage was at the City of London Theatre, August 28th 1867, when he appeared as Job Thornberry, in "John Bull," for the benefit of his friend Mr. Austin Lee. Mr. Thomas Lyon was at one time a vigorous actor with a very powerful voice, the failing of which induced him late in life to enter into some commercial speculations that were not so prosperous as might have been desired. Mr. Lyon and four other gentlemen originated the General Theatrical Fund.—*Era*.



**Mr. John Hulme.**

Died at Manchester, on the 23rd of Jan. Mr. John Hulme, whose mechanical skill and the part he took in connection with that important invention, the self-acting mule, entitle him to notice.

He was born in Shrewsbury in February 1799, served his apprenticeship as a smith, and went to Manchester in 1822. He was employed by Messrs. Cocker and Higgins, Salford, for about a year, and, having left them through a dispute between the masters and workmen, got a situation at Messrs. Sharp and Roberts's, Faulkner-street, Manchester. The firm, noticing his ability and ingenuity, gave him some encouragement, and at the time the invention of the celebrated self-acting mule was contemplated he was taken into the confidence of Mr. Roberts, as his secret man in the working out of his (Mr. Roberts's) plans for the construction of that machine. The patent was bought by a firm in France, and Mr. Hulme, being the only person who understood the construction, was sent out to fit up the machine. The feeling was very strong at that time against the introduction of English machinery and mechanics into France, and he found it expedient to take a passport as

a "farmer," and to pass amongst the French workmen as an "American." Soon after his return to England, the patent was abandoned for one of much more simple construction. Messrs. Sharp and Roberts then commenced to make these "mules" on an extensive scale, and Mr. Hulme became the foreman of the mule-room. He was subject to much persecution and annoyance and received threatening letters in Scotland and other places where he was sent to superintend the fitting up of the machines. He remained with this firm, as journeyman and foreman, for about 23 years, and then went to St. Petersburg to superintend the fitting up of several pairs of mules which had been sent there by his employers. He afterwards took a situation as spinning master in a cotton mill near St. Petersburg, where he stayed about six years, and then, during the time of the Russian war, returned to his family in England. He next engaged himself for two or three years to several machinists in the neighbourhood of Manchester as a fitter for country orders; after which, his health gradually failing, he retired. He survived both his late masters, Messrs. Sharp and Roberts. His remains were interred at the Ardwick Cemetery on the 27th of January.

**BIRTHS.**

*Dec. 2.* At Madras, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel C. O. Lukin, Madras Infantry, a dau.

*Dec. 4.* At Melbourne, Victoria, the wife of Edward FitzHayley a Beckett, esq. a son.

*Dec. 6.* At Greytown, Natal, the wife of Archd. J. Campbell, esq. late 74th Highlanders, a son.

At Rosario, Province of Santa Fé, Argentine Republic, the wife of William Robert Murray, esq. a dau.

*Dec. 8.* At the Pavilion, Barbadoes, the wife of F. W. L. Hodder, M.B. Staff Assist.-Surgeon, a dau.

*Dec. 9.* At Belgaum, the wife of Robert Macdonald Chambers, esq. H.M.'s 5th Bombay, N.I. a dau.

*Dec. 14.* At Shooter's-hill, the wife of Lieut. Joseph Sladen, R.Art. of Ripple Court, Kent, a son.

*Dec. 26.* At Pernambuco, Brazil, the wife of the Rev. Richard Addison, British Consular Chaplain, a dau.

*Dec. 28.* At Lahore, the wife of Annesley DeRenzy, esq. Sanitary Commissioner for the Punjab, a son.

*Dec. 29.* At Meerut, N.W.P. India, the wife of Arthur Sells, esq. H.M.'s Bengal Civil Service, a son.

*Dec. 30.* At Madras, the wife of Capt. G. E. Borradaile, Madras Staff Corps, a dau.

*Jan. 1.* At Peshawur, Punjab, India, the wife of Major Pollock, C.S.I. Commissioner of Peshawur, a son.

*Jan. 2.* At Bangalore, the wife of Major Douglas Standen, Madras Staff Corps, a dau.

*Jan. 8.* The wife of Martin Budd Lewin, esq. late Capt. 51st (K.'s O.) L.I. a son.

At Leverington rectory, the wife of the Rev. A. W. Roper, a dau.

*Jan. 9.* At Cambridge, the wife of the Rev. Robert Sinker, M.A. Chaplain of Trinity college, a son.

*Jan. 10.* At Hampstead, the wife of





the Rev. J. W. Bennett, Rector of Markshall, Essex, a son.

*Jan. 11.* At Rome, Italy, the wife of E. C. Cushman, esq. United States Consul, a son.

*Jan. 12.* At Malcolmvill, Bagnals-town, co. Carlow, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel R. M. S. Annesley, a son.  
At Allahabad, the wife of Lieut.-Col. J. P. Briggs, a son.

At Cloneygath House, Monasterevan, the wife of Alfred Devereil, esq. a dau.

At Roseboro', Johnstown, Straffan, co. Kildare, the wife of Major W. H. Gresson, late 65th Regt. a son.

At Eaton-place, the wife of Edward Macnaghten, esq. a son.

*Jan. 13.* At Stoke Lacy rectory, Herefordshire, the wife of the Rev. Alfred Drake Bagshawe, a son.

The wife of the Rev. Andrew Beck, Curate of Lavenham, Suffolk, a dau.

At Portland, the wife of Lieut. Duncan E. K. Grant, R.N. commanding H.M.'s gunboat Hind, a dau.

At Notting-hill, the wife of Francis E. Greenaway, esq. a son.

At Morden College, Blackheath, the wife of the Hon. and Rev. John Harbord, a dau.

At the vicarage, Sherborne, the wife of the Rev. W. H. Lyon, M.A. a dau.

At Kilronan vicarage, co. Waterford, the wife of the Rev. James R. Millington, Vicar of Kilronan, a son.

At Cranmore Hall, Somerset, the wife of R. H. Paget, esq. M.P. of a son and heir (Richard Arthur Surtees Paget).

At New Court, Exeter, the wife of Charles A. W. Troyte, esq. a dau.

*Jan. 15.* At Ford's Hotel, the wife of Sir Henry Durrant, Bart. of Scottow Hall, a dau.

At Futttehghur, India, the wife of C. Alfred Elliott, esq. C.S. a son.

At Rathgar, Ireland, the wife of R. G. Norman, Grafton-street, a son.

At Leamington Hastings, Warw. the wife of the Rev. D. W. Sitwell, a dau.

*Jan. 16.* At Chalvington, Sussex, the wife of the Rev. Trayton Fuller, a dau.

At Repton, the wife of the Rev. J. Gould, assistant-master, a son.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Major Macpherson, of Glentruim, a son.

At Broadmoor, Wokingham, Berks, the wife of Wm. Orange, M.D. a dau.

*Jan. 17.* At Plymouth, the wife of Commander J. H. Hatchard, R.N. a dau.

At Cliftonville, Brighton, the wife of Capt. Arthur T. Searle, Madras Staff Corps, a son.

At Southsea, the wife of Capt. Henry Sheppard, Paymaster 67th Regt. a son.

At Lewknor vicarage, Tetsworth, the wife of the Rev. G. F. Slade, a son.

At Cambridge, the wife of M. Cathrow Turner, barrister-at-law, a son.

At Hove, the wife of the Rev. E. Austen Willett, a dau.

*Jan. 18.* At The Gap, Warley, the wife of Capt. E. S. Beamish, R. Art. a dau.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Dr. Archibald Hamilton Bryce, twin sons.

At Southsea, the wife of Edwin Galt, esq. Mayor of Portsmouth, a dau.

At Cambridge, the wife of the Rev. C. E. Graves, a son.

At Kingswinford, Dudley, the wife of Oswald M. Holden, M.A. B.C.L. a dau.

At Strasallagh, Connemara, the wife of G. Henry Kinahan, Senior Geologist of H.M. Geological Survey, a son.

At North Petherton, Somerset, the wife of the Rev. S. Scombe, a son.

At Sunnyhill, Higher Warberry, Torquay, Lady Symonds, wife of Vice-Adm. Sir Thomas Symonds, K.C.B. Commanding H.B.M. Channel Fleet, a dau.

At Upper Portland-place, the wife of R. Thornton, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Guilden Morden vicarage, the wife of the Rev. J. R. Wilson, a son.

*Jan. 19.* At Irnham Park, near Bourne, the wife of Henry F. Beaumont, M.P. a dau.

At Chadwell, near Newport, Salop, the wife of the Rev. C. R. Bradburne, M.A. a son.

At Norwich, the wife of the Rev. James Dombrain, Vicar of St. Benedict's, in that city, a son.

At the parsonage, Gee Cross, Manchester, the wife of the Rev. H. Enfield Dowson, a son.

At Woolwich, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Charles McArthur, Royal Marines, a dau.

At Westbourne-park, Bayswater, the wife of F. L. J. Ridsdale, of the Royal Mint, a dau.

At Richmond, Yorkshire, the wife of the Rev. T. H. Stokoe, Head Master of Richmond School, a son.

At Tilstone Lodge, Lady Emma Tollemache, a dau.

At Hamilton, Ontario, the wife of Capt. Watson, 29th Regt. a dau.

*Jan. 20.* At Upper Berkeley-street, Portman-square, the wife of Wharton P. Hood, M.D. a son.

At Kensington, Roundtown, Ireland, the wife of the Rev. D. D. Jeremy, a son.

The wife of the Rev. Gilbert S. Karney, M.A. Vicar of St. James's, Selby, a dau.



At Edinburgh, Mrs. Charles Orr Paterson, a dau.

At St. Petersburg, the wife of W. T. Steen, esq. a dau.

*Jan. 21.* At Coventry, Warwickshire, the wife of Capt. Ashe, King's Dragoon Guards, a son.

At Queenstown, the wife of Commander Cuthbert R. Buckle, R.N. a dau.

At Charlton, the wife of Capt. H. G. Elliot, R.M.L.I. a dau.

At Cambridge, the wife of the Rev. N. M. Ferrers, Fellow and Tutor of Gonville and Caius College, a son.

At Stoke, Devonport, the wife of Capt. Fowler, R.E. a son.

At the rectory, Buckhurst-hill, the wife of the Rev. W. B. Friend, a son.

At Brompton-road, the wife of John Hanley, esq. R. Art. a dau.

The wife of the Rev. G. Hill, Vicar of St. Winnow, Lestwithiel, a son.

At Fitzroy-square, the wife of James Tennent Lyon, esq. a dau.

At Twineham rectory, Sussex, the wife of the Rev. William Molyneux, a dau.

At Nice, Alpes Maritimes, the wife of Walter T. Pelham, esq. of Cound Hall, Shropshire, a son.

At Shooter's-hill, Kent, the wife of the Rev. Jas. Steuart Ruddach, minister of Trinity Church, Woolwich, a dau.

*Jan. 22.* At Staincliffe, near Dewsbury, the wife of the Rev. Andrew Cassels, Vicar of Batley, a dau.

At Bedford, the wife of Lieut.-Col. C. Brown Constable, a son.

At Grosvenor-street, the Lady Alice Kenlis, a dau.

At Winchester college, Mrs. Godfrey Lee, a dau.

At Carmarthen, the wife of T. Lewis, M.D. a son.

The wife of Edward Albert Pole, esq. Capt. 12th (Prince of Wales') Royal Lancers, a son.

The Baroness de Robeck, a dau.

At Tunbridge Wells, the wife of the Rev. G. Maberly Smith, M.A. Curate of Penshurst, Kent, a son.

At Old Aberdeen, the wife of John Struthers, M.D. Professor of Anatomy in the University of Aberdeen, a dau.

At Truro, the wife of the Rev. G. H. Whitaker, a dau.

*Jan. 23.* At Plymouth, the wife of the Rev. F. E. Anthony, M.A. a son.

At Portishead rectory, Somerset, the wife of the Rev. John Arkell, of twins—son and dau.

At Grove Lodge, Tottenham, the wife of Capt. C. G. Cottell, Retired, H.M.'s Madras Army, a dau.

At Donhead Hall, Salisbury, the wife of T. G. Freke, esq. a dau.

At Willingham rectory, Gainsborough, the wife of the Rev. Edward Hawke, a dau.

At Ickworth Park, Bury St. Edmund's, the Lady Augustus Hervey, a dau.

At Monkton Wyld, Charnmouth, the wife of the Rev. Lester Lester, a dau.

At the parsonage, Buildwas, Iron Bridge, Salop, the wife of the Rev. George S. L. Little, a dau.

At Chester-square, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel R. Drury Lowe, Gren. Guards, a dau.

The wife of Daniel O'Connell, esq. of Onslow-square, Brompton, a dau.

At Chesterfield-street, Mayfair, the Hon. Mrs. Okeover, a dau.

At Regent's-park-terrace, London, the wife of W. W. Ravenhill, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Park-end, Sydenham-park, the wife of Geo. Rudall, esq. a son.

At Lenaboy, Galway, the Lady Anne Trench, a son.

At Belgrave-square, London, the Lady Edwin Hill Trevor, a son.

At Forest-gate, Essex, Mrs. Humphrey C. Ward, a dau.

*Jan. 24.* At the rectory, Anderby, Lincolnshire, the wife of the Rev. John Bond, a son.

At Croydon, Mrs. L. Bransby Burmand, a dau.

At Aldershot, the wife of Lucius F. B. Cary, esq. Rifle Brigade, a dau.

At Bath, the wife of Col. John H. F. Elkington, Comdg. 6th Roy. Regt. a son.

At Berrylands, Surbiton, the wife of J. T. Foard, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

The wife of Alex. Craven Ord, esq. Ayrshire Bank, Torquay, a dau.

At Habberley rectory, Salop, the wife of the Rev. J. Rogers, a dau.

At Polmont-lodge, Cambridge-park, Twickenham, the wife of Harry Tachourdin, esq. a son.

At Torquay, the Hon. Mrs. C. Webber, a son.

*Jan. 25.* At Park-lodge, Dagnall-park, Selhurst, the wife of Richard B. Brittain, esq. a son.

At Latherton, Caithness, the wife of George Burn, M.D. a dau.

At Ham House, Surrey, Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Chartres, a dau.

At Thornby Hall, Northamptonshire, the wife of Capt. R. Cooper, late Scots Fusilier Guards, a son.

At Mechlenburgh-sq. the wife of H. J. Hunter, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Barnfield, Shooter's-hill-road, the





wife of J. Chamberlayne Ingles, esq.  
R.N. a son.

At Witherdon, Devon, the wife of  
Charles Luxmoore, esq. late Capt. 37th  
Regt. a dau.

At Charlton, the wife of Capt. F.  
Lyon, R.A. a son.

At Reading, the wife of Capt. Miller,  
Military Train, a son.

The wife of the Rev. C. H. Nutt, Vi-  
car of East Harptree, a son.

At Croom's-hill, Greenwich, the wife  
of H. T. L. Rooke, M.D. a son.

At Limerick, the wife of F. G. Sher-  
lock, Capt. 72nd Highlanders, a dau.

At Southsea, the wife of Capt. T. B.  
M. Sullivan, R.N. a dau.

At Malta, the wife of Capt. Throck-  
morton, a dau.

At Chesham-place, the Hon. Mrs.  
C. Hanbury Tracy, of twins,—a son and  
a dau.

At Pembridge-gardens, the wife of  
C. J. A. Uleq, esq. advocate, a dau.

*Jan. 26.* At Elvaston-place, the wife  
of Robert Campbell, esq. advocate and  
barrister, a dau.

At Sussex-sq. the wife of Charles H.  
Goschen, esq. a dau.

At Garsington rectory, near Oxford,  
the wife of the Rev. H. J. Graham, a son.

At Worthing, the Hon. Mrs. Moreton,  
a son.

At Milston rectory, Wilts, the wife  
of the Rev. Frederick A. Radcliffe, a son.

*Jan. 27.* At Mornington-road, Re-  
gent's-park, the wife of Mr. Ernest  
Aubusson, a dau.

At Dublin, the Hon. Mrs. Robert  
Blakeney, a son.

At Deptford, Kent, the wife of P.  
Kavanagh, M.D. a dau.

At Amptill-park, the wife of Wil-  
liam Lowther, esq. M.P. a son.

At Park View House, Oxford, the  
wife of G. Mallam, esq. solicitor, a son.

At Hastings, the wife of the Rev. J.  
Pedder, Rector of Meldon, Northumber-  
land, a son.

At Drapers' College, Tottenham, the  
wife of the Rev. W. H. Richmond, a dau.

*Jan. 28.* At Linton, the wife of the  
Rev. E. Richards Adams, a son.

At the manse of Mochrum, Wigtown-  
shire, the wife of the Rev. R. J. Craig,  
a dau.

At Sonning, the wife of the Rev. T.  
R. Finch, a dau.

At the parsonage, Clifton Hampden,  
the wife of the Rev. J. L. Gibbs, a son.

At Hyde-park, the wife of H. Perreau  
de Tourville, esq. a son.

*Jan. 29.* At Buttsfield, near Kings-

bridge, the wife of Major-Gen. W. T.  
Birdwood, a dau.

At Prince's-gate, the wife of Henry  
R. Brand, esq. M.P. a son.

At Hendon, the wife of Fred. Hill  
Burney, esq. of Romsey, a son.

At Chester-street, London, the wife  
of Lieut.-Col. E. Clive, Grenadier-  
Guards, a dau.

At Cranbrook, the wife of the Rev.  
Charles Crowden, Head Master of the  
Grammar School, a son.

At Bramley, Surrey, the wife of  
Major J. S. F. Fowke, a son.

*Jan. 30.* At Chelsea, the wife of G.  
Campbell, esq. C.E. a son.

At Fulbeck, the wife of Col. Francis  
Fane, a dau.

At Moyvalley House, co. Kildare,  
the wife of the Rev. Dr. Potterton,  
Killoe, a dau.

At Coltishall, the wife of Richard  
Rogers, esq. a dau.

At Tunbridge, Kent, the wife of the  
Rev. Edward Ind Welldon, a dau.

*Jan. 31.* At Edinburgh, the wife of  
A. D. M. Black, W.S. a dau.

At Dover, the wife of Capt. Clifford  
Borror, a dau.

At Barrington Villas, Shooter's-hill,  
the wife of Capt. H. W. Briscoe, Royal  
Art. a dau.

At Port Eliot, the Hon. Mrs. Charles  
Eliot, a dau.

At Weymouth Collegiate School, the  
wife of the Rev. John Ellis, M.A. a dau.

At Mersham, near Ashford, Kent,  
the wife of Edward Charles Hughes,  
esq. a dau.

At Admiralty House, Deal, the wife  
of Dr. Fred. Thos. Hulke, a dau.

At Normanby Hall, near Middles-  
boro-on-Tees, the wife of the Rev.  
William Ward Jackson, a son.

At Liverpool, the wife of the Rev.  
Phillip S. O'Brien, a dau.

At Ramsgate, the wife of Bransby  
Cooper Peile, esq. a dau.

At Belgrave-square, the wife of the  
Hon. G. D. Pennant, a dau.

*Feb. 1.* At Dartmouth, the wife of  
Capt. Corbett, H.M.S. Britannia, a dau.

At Lower Grosvenor-street, Vis-  
countess Milton, a dau.

At Sandgate, the wife of Capt. Munro,  
2d Battn. 20th Regt. a dau.

*Feb. 2.* At Kingstown, near Dublin,  
the wife of Lieut.-Col. J. Crofton, a son.

At Wilford, Herts, the wife of S. R.  
Lewin, esq. of Wimpole-st. a dau.

At Stoke, Devonport, the wife of  
Henry Deunman Macaulay, esq. Lieut.  
R.N. a son.



*Feb. 3.* At 26, East Cliff, Dover, the wife of Henry Benyon Crichton, esq. a dau.

At Brixton, the wife of Mr. Henry Dutton, a dau.

At Ockham House, Twickenham, the wife of W. H. T. Hawley, esq. a son.

At Marion-road, Woolwich, the wife of Capt. G. M. Vivian, R.M.L.I. a son.

At Hungerford-park, the wife of George Willes, esq. a dau.

*Feb. 4.* At Ashdon-hall, Cambs. the wife of D. C. Alston, esq. a dau.

At Brooksby Hall, Leicestershire, the wife of Ernest Chaplin, esq. a son.

At Aldershot, the wife of R. A. H. Cox, esq. Capt. 57th Regt. a dau.

At Albert-gate, the Countess of Feversham, a dau.

At Southsea, the wife of Commander Edmund H. Verney, R.N. a son.

*Feb. 5.* At Bampton, Oxon, the wife of John P. Atkinson, esq. M.D. a son.

At Highfield, Derby, the wife of Capt. C. Y. Balguy, a dau.

At Tideford Vicarage, St. Germans, the wife of the Rev. F. Barnes, a son.

At Belgrave-sq. the wife of Comm. G. F. Hastings Parker, R.N. a son.

At Hyde-park, the wife of Dr. Thos. Charles Kirby, a dau.

At Bury St. Edmund's the wife of the Rev. Owen C. S. Lang, a dau.

At Rathfriland, the wife of James M. McClenahan, esq. J.P. a dau.

At Oxford, the wife of Sydney Owen, esq. Ch. Ch. a son.

At Ashby-de-la-Zouch, the wife of the Rev. J. F. S. Vavasour, a son.

*Feb. 6.* At Longham, Dorset, the wife of W. A. Biddle, esq. and late Capt. 36th Regiment, a dau.

At West-square, Southwark, the wife of Dr. Farr, a son.

At Lidwells, Goudhurst, Kent, the wife of Major Kempson, a dau.

At York House, Twickenham, the Countess de Paris, a son who was baptized on the 7th by the Right Rev. Monsignor Weld, and received the names of Louis Philippe Robert. He assumes the historical title of Duke of Orleans, which was last borne by the father of the Count de Paris.

*Feb. 7.* At the County Gaol, Lewes, the wife of the Rev. Francis Duke, M.A. chaplain, a son.

At the College, Ely, the wife of the Ven. Archdeacon Emery, a son.

At Liverpool, the wife of William C. Gully, esq. barrister-at law, a dau.

At Putney, the Hon. Mrs. Robert Henley, a son.

At Weymouth, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel J. R. Sladen, R.H.A. a son.

At Clarges-street, the wife of Alfred H. Whishaw, esq. of St. Petersburg, a son.

*Feb. 8.* At Peterborough, the wife of the Rev. John Bird, M.A. a son.

At Farrindons, East Grinstead, the wife of Col. John Granville Lightfoot, C.B. a dau.

The wife of Lieut. G. T. Skipwith, R.E. a dau.

At Clifton, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel Wickham, a son.

*Feb. 9.* At Woodbury Hall, Camb. the wife of J. Harvey Astell, esq. a dau.

At Grosvenor-place, London, the Lady Arabella Bannerman, a dau.

At Tynemouth, Northumberland, the wife of Arthur Coote, esq. a son.

At Lyzzick Hall, near Keswick, the wife of T. P. Jones-Parry, esq. of Llwyn Onn, Denbighshire, a son.

At Wilton-place, Mrs. Francis Phipps Onslow, a dau.

At Southam, Warwickshire, the wife of W. Wells Ridley, esq. a son.

At Brook-street, the wife of the Rev. J. Haldane Stewart, Rector of Brightwell, Berks, a dau.

*Feb. 10.* At Scarborough, the wife of Capt. Alderson, late 7th and 2nd (Queen's Royal) Regts. a son.

At the rectory, Binsted, Sussex, the wife of the Rev. Henry C. Bones, a dau.

At Burton-on-Trent, the wife of the Rev. Denis Carey, a son.

At West Lydford, Somerset, the wife of the Rev. F. C. Drake, a dau.

The wife of the Rev. E. L. Horne, Vicar of Whissendine, Rutland, a dau.

At Cuckfield, the wife of the Rev. J. Milner, Vicar of Lindfield, a son.

At Southampton, the wife of the Rev. G. A. Procter, Vicar of St. James, Southampton, a son.

At Gothic Lodge, Twickenham, the wife of Dr. Stephens, a son.

*Feb. 11.* At Badgworth Court, Somersetshire, the Hon. Mrs. H. H. Clifford, a son.

At Tilney-street, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Fremantle, Coldstream Gds. a dau.

At Chilham Castle, Kent, the wife of Charles S. Hardy, esq. a dau.

At Weymouth, the wife of Capt. Gordon Stonhouse Hughes, a son.

At Blanerne, N.B. the wife of the Rev. F. G. Sandys-Lumsdaine, a dau.

At Norfolk-street, Park-lane, the wife of George Stretton, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

*Feb. 12.* At Hainton Hall, Lincolnshire, Lady Eleanor Heneage, a dau.





At Notting-hill, the wife of Henry W. Hubbard, esq. L. R. Coll. of Physicians, a dau.

At Gittisham rectory, near Honiton, the wife of the Rev. R. Kirwan, a son.

At Sutton Valence Grammar School, the wife of the Rev. J. D. Kingdon, a son.

At The Mount, Ospringe, Faversham, the wife of Percy B. Neame, esq. a son.

At Curzon-street, Mayfair, the Lady Charlotte Russell, a son.

Feb. 13. At Salhouse, Norfolk, the wife of the Rev. R. H. Bicknell, Vicar of Wroxham and Salhouse, a dau.

At Downton Castle, Herefordshire, the wife of A. R. Boughton Knight, esq. a son.

At Kedleston, Derbyshire, the Lady Scarsdale, a dau.

At Tumbridge Wells, the wife of J. H. Sharp, esq. J.P. a dau.

Feb. 14. The wife of Thomas Neufville Crosse, solicitor, a son.

At Bruton-street, Lady Jane Lindsay, a dau.

At Hyde-park, the wife of the Rev. Frederick M. Middleton, Incumbent of Yorktown, Surrey, a dau.

At Hyde-park-gate south, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Miller, a son.

At Walford Manor, Shrewsbury, the wife of F. M. Hampden Turner, esq. a son.

At Bryanstone-square, the wife of the Rev. Spencer Wigram, Vicar of Prittlewell, Essex, a dau.

## MARRIAGES.

Oct. 26. At Calicut, the Rev. John Griffiths, M.A. Senior Chaplain, to Caroline Lydia, dau. of the late Rev. Richard Baker, M.A. English Chaplain, Hamburg.

Nov. 12. At Guatemala, William Everall, esq. H.B.M.'s Vice-Consul, to Alice, only dau. of Archibald Montgomery, esq. of San José de Costa Rica.

Dec. 2. At Mont Pelier, Jamaica, Izett W. Anderson, M.D. Edin. to Helena Jane, eldest dau. of the Hon. Wm. Hosack.

At Christchurch, New Zealand, Robert Campbell, esq. M.H.R. of Benmore, N.Z. son of Robert Campbell, esq. of Bascot Park, Lechlade, Glouc. to Emma Josephine, eldest dau. of the Hon. Joseph Hawdon, M.L.C. Hugley Park, N.Z.

Dec. 8. At Rajahmundry, Lieut. C. J. T. Whitlock, Madras Staff Corps, youngest son of late Lieut.-Gen. Sir George C. Whitlock, K.C.B. to Adelaide Elizabeth, only child of Lieut.-Col. Cecil Nicholls, Madras Staff Corps.

In Jamaica, Francis Edward Edwards Wilson, esq. Capt. 84th Reg. to Mary Jane (Minnie), second dau. of the Rev. Charles Fyfe, M.A. incumbent of St. Michael's, Jamaica.

Dec. 10. At Bangalore, T. C. Rose, esq. Lieut. 21st. R.N.B. Fusiliers, eldest son of Capt. T. Rose, Ad. Northamptonshire Militia, to Augusta Decima, fifth dau. of the Rev. F. Leathes, Rector of Needham, Norfolk.

Dec. 17. At Secpree, Central India, Edward Court Haynes, esq. Capt. 93rd

Sutherland Highlanders, eldest son of J. Haynes, esq. of Laverstock, Wilts, to Mary, eldest dau. of the late W. D. Halded, esq. H.E.I.C.'s Navy.

At Allahabad, James Rawlinson Jackson, M.D. H.M.'s Indian Medical Service, to Alice, younger dau. of Henry Cawnter, esq. of Ashburton.

Dec. 22. at Bombay, Gordon Forbes Birdwood, esq. Captain Bombay Staff Corps, son of Major-General Birdwood, Glenburnie, Bideford, Devon, to Lucy Harriette, eldest daughter of the late John Surtees Stockley, esq. Roy. Art.

Dec. 23. At Madras, the Rev. J. H. Bishop, B.A. Principal of the C.M.S. Syrian College, Cottayam, Travancore, to Elizabeth Anne, eldest dau. of John Egar, esq. Cambridge.

Dec. 26. At Fort-William, Calcutta, Captain Lancelot Allgood Gregson, Offg. D.A.Q. M.-Gen. Allahabad, son of John Gregson, esq. of Burdon, co. Durham, and Bramham House, Yorkshire, to Sophia-Jane-Beauchamp, dau. of Robert Buchanan, esq., of Glasgow.

Dec. 28. At Simla, East Indies, Harry Rivett-Carnac, esq. Bengal Civil Service, eldest son of Admiral J. Rivett-Carnac, of Portman-sq. to Annie Marion, eldest dau. of Major-Gen. the Hon. Sir Henry Durand, R.E., K.C.S.I.

Dec. 29. At Winchester, the Rev. Parker Tennear, Vice-Principal of the Training College, and Chaplain to the Union, Winchester, to Clara, youngest dau. of the late George Dawson, esq. of Sheffield.

Dec. 31. At New-York, Geo. Walter



Whiteford, of Liverpool, to Kaie Anna, only dau. of the late Dr. *Cantwell*, of Liverpool, and niece of the Rev. Canon Cantwell, of Manchester.

Jan. 2. At All Saints', Norfolk-sq. William Edward Dowdeswell, esq. M.P. to Emily Parkyns, second dau. of Sir Tho. G. A. *Parkyns*, Bart.

Jan. 3. At All Souls', Langham-place, John Faithful Fortescue, esq. of Kensington, to Mary Jemima Faithful, eldest dau. of Capt. Robert *Tweed*, R.N. late of Little Baddow-hall, Essex.

Jan. 7. At Charlton King's, T. Crawford, esq. M.D. Surgeon-Major, Head of the Medical Branch, Army Med. Dep. to Mary Jane, dau. of Major-Gen. Clement A. *Edwards*, C.B.

At Toronto, by the Lord Bishop of Toronto (uncle to the bride), George Dudley Dawson, late of the 47th Regt. and second son of the late Rev. G. B. Dawson, co. Carlow, to Lizzie Wiloughby, eldest dau. of the late R. P. *Crooks*, esq. barrister, Toronto.

Jan. 12. At St. Peter's Cheltenham, the Rev. Henry Graham Thwaites, Vicar of St. Mark's Birmingham, youngest son of Bolton Thwaites, esq. of Burnham, Som. to Clara Jane, sixth surviving dau. of the Rev. R. *Hepworth*, B.A. of Cheltenham.

Jan. 13. At Prestwich, the Rev. Charles Lowe, B.A. of Worsley, eldest son of Charles Lowe, esq. J.P. of Stamford, to Anne, second dau. of Seddon M. *Diggles*, esq. of Manchester.

Jan. 14. At the Municipality, and afterwards at the British Legation, Florence, Signor Antonio Artimini, of Guardia Via, Florence, to Sophia Catherine, dau. of the late Rev. Thomas Westfaling *Freston*, Rector of Dalingsworth, and Witcomb Magna, co. Glouc.

At St. George's, Hanover-sq. John B. Baillie-Hamilton, second son of Gerald Baillie-Hamilton, late Capt. 7th Fusiliers, to Catherine Elizabeth Grace *Buchanan*, of Amprior.

At Linton Lodge, East Lothian, by the Rev. John Cook, of Haddington, D.D. uncle of the bride, Alexander Baird, esq. Robeston Hall, Pembroke-shire, to Lizzie Helen, youngest dau. of Henry M. *Davidson*, esq.

At Gateshead-on-Tyne, Robert J. Banning, M.D. of Gateshead, son of Joseph Banning, esq. of Fairfield, Liverpool, to Alice, youngest dau. of the late William *Cooper*, esq. of London, and stepdau. of Alex. Cruickshanks, esq.

At St. George's, Hanover-sq. Archibald Burns, esq. of Perth, N.B. to Ro-

sanna, eldest dau. of the late Thomas *Doughty*, esq. of Portman-place.

At Evington, Leic. Travers Buxton, esq. of Champion-hill, Surrey, to Eliza Sherard, second dau. of Henry Freeman *Coleman*, esq. of Evington Hall.

At Bray, Berks, Thomas Campbell, esq. son of the late Colin Campbell, esq. of Colgrain, Lumbartonshire, to Katharine Caroline, eldest dau. of Lieut.-Col. *Vansittart*, late Coldstream Guards, of Chuffs, near Maidenhead.

At St. Malo, St. Servan, France, Lieut.-Col. Currie, H.M.'s 39th Regt. to Augusta Helen Money, youngest dau. of the Rev. W. *Money*, British Chaplain at St. Servan.

At Waltham Cross, Phil'p-Elias, fifth son of Lieut.-Gen. George Durnford, R. Art. of Cheshunt, to Adelaide Eleanor, third dau. of W. Q. *Wright*, esq.

At West Brompton, the Rev. F. M. Gregory, Curate of St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, eldest son of the Rev. F. T. Gregory, Vicar of Platt, Kent, to Elizabeth Ursula, dau. of the Rev. M. W. *Mayor*, Rector of S. Heighton-cum-Tarring Neville, Sussex.

At the Cathedral, Armagh, Henry Harcourt Horn, esq. late 21st Fusiliers, eldest son of the late Henry Horn, esq. barrister-at-law, to Meta, dau. of Henry *Davidson*, esq. Armagh.

At St. Mathew's, Ipswich, the Rev. W. Faithfull Lumley, second son of Major Lumley, of Northampton, to Rosa, dau. of the late Rev. J. *Maddy*, Vicar of Swaffham Prior, Cambs.

At St. Andrew's, Dublin, Capt. Charles Mathew Moran, (H.P.) King's Dragoon Guards, eldest son of William Moran, esq. St. Edmondsbury, Lucan, to Barbara Margaret, youngest dau. of the late George *Parsons*, esq. Craghey, co. Limerick.

At Brighton, by the Rev. W. W. Jones, M.A. Fellow of St. John's coll. Oxford, cousin of the bride, Robert Hepburne Swinton, Commander R.N. second son of the late Robert Hepburne Swinton, esq. of Swinton, to Caroline Jane Ross, dau. of Henry *Kendall*, esq. late Consul for Peru and Chili.

At Christ church, Bermondsey, by the Vicar, the father of the bride, the Rev. Meyrick John Sutton, B.A. eldest son of the late Rev. John Sutton, M.A. Rector of Reepham, Lincolnshire, to Annie Louisa, second dau. of the Rev. R. Marshall *Martin*, M.A.

At St. Mary Abbot's Kensington, George W. Turbett, esq. of Roebuck-hill, Dublin, third son of the late James





Turbett, esq. of Owenstown, same co. to Ellen Morton, only surviving dau. of the late Rev. John Routledge, Rector of Cransley, Northamptonshire, and granddau. of late Very Rev. William Routledge, Dean of Glasgow.

At St. Stephen's, Dublin, Thomas O'Grady Ussher, esq. son of Christopher Musgrave Ussher, esq. of Camphire, co. Waterford, to Henrietta Mary, only dau. of Thomas Harris, esq. Q.C.

Jan. 15. At Christ church, Turnham-green, Warner Sleigh, esq. of the Middle Temple, barrister-at-law, to Emma Alice, only child of R. R. Bignell, esq. of Stile Hall, Turnham-green.

Jan. 16. At Stoke church, R. B. Eatt, Staff Capt. R.N. to Charlotte Augusta, widow of J. W. Jeffery, esq. solicitor.

At St. Mary's, Bryanston-sq. Capt. Charles Edward Foster, 58th Regt. to Amelia Sophie, widow of Cuthbert Young, esq. and dau. of the Rev. J. Mason, of Marrick, Yorkshire.

At Boston Spa, Harry William, eldest son of James Fox, esq. of Cookridge, to Sarah, youngest dau. of James Denton, esq. and granddau. of the late Rev. Isaac Denton, Rector of Crosthwaite, Cumberland.

At Charlton, Kent, by the Rev. B. Bernard R. Body, M.A. brother-in-law of the bride, G. Harvey Simmonds, esq. of Penge, to Sophia, second dau. of George May, esq. of Reading.

Jan. 18. At St. Mary's, Bathwick, Both, the Rev. D. R. Paramore, M.A. late fellow of St. John's coll. Oxon. and Rector of Codford St. Mary, Wilts, to Leonora Elizabeth, widow of Frank W. Goodridge, esq. and dau. of the late Lieut. George Hatchings, 69th B.N.I.

At St. Paul's, Penzance, the Rev. Alfred Rudall, Vicar of St. Paul's. Penzance, son of the late J. H. Rudall, esq. of London, to Philippa Mary, eldest surviving dau. of the late John Earnis, esq. of Penare.

Jan. 19. At Llynally church, Tullamore, Henry Fetherstonhaugh, Capt. Westmeath Rifles, to Fanny Augusta, dau. of the Rev. Frank Hewson, of Killarney and Ross, King's co.

At St. James's, Piccadilly, Major Huntley Garden, Dep. Qr.-Mr.-Genl. Bengal Army, to Henriette Mary, dau. of the late C. B. Thornhill, esq. C.S.I. Bengal Civil Service.

At Upper Tooting, Charles Edward, eldest son of C. Lambert, esq. of The Elms, Wandsworth, to Emma Anne, youngest dau. of the late Capt. Edward Winterton Snow, Madras Army.

At Musselburgh, Francis Maxwell, esq. of Gribton, to Adelaide Louisa, dau. of late Rear-Adm. James Hay, of Belton, East Lothian.

At South Molton, John Campin Newman, Esq. of Finchley, Middlesex, to Fanny, only dau. of the late Roger Peeke, esq. of St. Margaret's, Kilburn, and Park House, South Molton.

At Oxted, Surrey, by the Rev. William M. Pyne, the Rev. Arthur Pyne O'Callaghan, of Canterbury, New Zealand, to Dorothea Louisa, second dau. of the Rev. William M. Pyne, Rector of Oxted.

At Crom, Ireland, John Arthur, eldest son of the late Hon. and Rev. Arthur Pomeroy, to Louisa Letitia Jane, eldest dau. of G. Gartside Tipping, esq., of Rossferry, Ireland.

The Rev. R. Prichard, Rector of Newbold-on-Stour, co. Worc. to Mary, daughter of W. Dickens, esq. of Cherington.

At St. Paul's, Devonport, Henry Smith, esq. solicitor, to Mary Ann Harriet, dau. of the late John Tremayne, esq.

At St. Mark's, Portobello, the Rev. Clement Reginald, second son of the Hon. and Rev. Hugh F. Tollemache, Rector of Harrington, Northamptonsh. to Francis Josephine, third dau. of Hen. Simpson, esq. Selville, Portobello.

At Brompton, by the Rev. Henry Venn, B.D. and the Rev. John Venn, M.A. father and uncle of the bridegroom, the Rev. Henry Venn, M.A. to Isabel Louisa, only child of late William Minchin De Butts, Capt. 88th Connaught Rangers.

Jan. 20. At Bath, Robert Stickney Blaine, esq. of Kilburn, Middx. and Summerhill, Bath, to Mary Constance Frances, only dau. of George Noger, esq. banker.

At Whitechurch, co. Wexford, by the Rev. P. H. Dod, Master of St. John's, Lichfield, uncle of the bridegroom, Harry P. Dawson, esq. Capt. 75th Regt. youngest son of G. P. Dawson, esq. D.L. J.P. late of Osgodby Hall, Yorkshire, to Bessie Dorothea, second dau. of Wm. M. Glascott, esq. D.L. J.P. of Olderton, co. Wexford.

At Llandar, Cardiganshire, the Rev. David Edwards, B.A. of the College, Hurspierpoint, to Mary Ann Eleanor, daughter of the late Rev. T. Edwards, Rector of Llangeitho.

At Rathmines, Charles David Hanbury, esq. of Ginnetts, co. Meath, to Charlotte Anna, dau. of the late Robert



*Williams*, esq. of Arodstown House, grandniece of late Chief Justice Bushe.

At Louth Hall, co. Louth, John Douglas Johnstone, esq. 33d Regt. only son of the late Major-Gen. Johnstone, C.B., of Snow-hill, co. Fermanagh, to the Hon. Augusta Anna Margaret Plunkett, dau. of the late Lord Louth.

At Stirling, N.B. Herbert Eustace, fourth and only surviving son of Sir W. Maxwell, Bart. of Monreith, to Mary, eldest dau. of H. F. Campbell, esq. of Boquhan.

At Anfield, Liverpool, William Skirving, esq. Capt. Royal Lanc. Militia, to Henrietta Ann, dau. of George Hargreaves, esq. of Liverpool.

At Edinburgh, Spencer Campbell Thomson, esq. B.A. second son of W. T. Thomson, esq. of Bonaly, to Georgina Maria Johana, fourth surviving dau. of the late George Fergusson Cockburn, esq. Bengal Civil Service, and granddau. of the late Lord Cockburn.

Jan. 21. At Sulgrave, Northamptonshire, by the Rev. William Harding, Vicar of Sulgrave, uncle of the bride, John Milner Barry, esq. M.D. of Tunbridge-wells, to Rosa, second dau. of Capt. John Ward Harding, Madras Army, of Mimont, Lansanne.

At St. Peter's, Pimlico, Charles Ernest Beaty-Pownall, esq. Capt. 68th Light Infantry, eldest son of the Rev. C. C. Beaty-Pownall, B.D. Vicar of Milton-Ernest, Bedfordsh. to Edith Philippa, second dau. of the late Colonel Pison, of Noirmount Manor, Jersey, formerly Inspector-Gen. of Militia.

At Coggeshall, by the Rev. Wm. Appleford, brother of the bride, assisted by the Rev. W. H. Brown, brother of the bridegroom, Fredk. Gordon Brown, esq. M.R.C.S. fifth son of Thomas Brown, esq. M.R.C.S. Finsbury-circus, to Emily, second dau. of Wm. Appleford, esq. The Abbey, Coggeshall.

At Lee, Kent, by the Rev. Alexander B. Burton, M.A. Vicar of Holy Trinity, Southampton, uncle of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Francis Buttanshaw, M.A. father of the bridegroom, Mark Noble Buttanshaw, of Lee, esq. to Sophie, eldest dau. of John M. Burton, of Lee, esq., and granddau. of the late John Sutton, esq. also of Lee.

At St. James's Piccadilly, by the Rev. T. Fothergill Cooke, M.A. father of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. W. N. Stedman, M.A. uncle of the bride, William Smith Cooke, esq. 72d Regt. to Rosa Harriett, dau. of James Remington Stedman, M.D. of Guildford.

At St. Bartholomew's Dublin, James Graham Hamilton, esq. 39th Regt. to Deborah Newenham, eldest dau. of Thomas Manly, esq. Aberdeen House, Dublin.

At St. Mary's Teddington, by the Rev. H. R. Collum, brother to the bride, Henry Holdsworth Kelly, esq., Lieut. Royal Marine Art. second son of Capt. Kelly, R.N. of Clifton, to Elizabeth Eleanor, second dau. of John Collum, esq. of Belle Vue, co. Fermanagh, and Rutland-square, Dublin.

At Woodechurch, Cheshire, the Rev. Edmund Ledger, Rector of Duxford St. Peter, Camb. to Frances Jane, youngest dau. of late Charles Battersby, esq. of Linaere, Liverpool.

At St. Mark's, St. John's Wood, by the Rev. George Godsell, cousin of the bride, Robert Edmund Malone, esq. Paymaster R.N. to Elizabeth Georgiana, dau. of the late William Horwood Eames, esq. of Farringdon, Hants.

At Brixton, by the Rev. Thomas Stevenson, M.A. brother-in-law of the bride, and the Rev. Horatio L. Nicholson, M.A. brother of the bridegroom, the Rev. William Trevor Nicholson, B.A. son of the late Joseph Langrishe Nicholson, of Belford House, county of Tipperary, esq. to Elizabeth Mercy, relict of J. P. Silver, esq. son of the late Rev. Samuel Silver, M.A. Vicar of Fulborn, Cambridgeshire.

At Bilsforth, Northamptonshire, the Rev. Edwin Puckle, Rector of Alby, Norfolk, to Agnes, third dau. of R. Dunkley, esq. The Lounds, Bilsforth.

At Sauchie, Ayrshire, N.B. by the Rev. William Arnot, Free High Church, Edinburgh. William Henry Ralston, of Warwick-hill, Ayrshire, Major 70th Regt. to Christina Jane, dau. of Alexr. Mitchell, esq. of Sauchie.

At St. Luke's, Westbourne-park, Thomas Rees, esq. of Sketty Hall, Glamorganshire, to Mary Anne Blaxland, of Westbourne-park, widow of William Blaxland, esq. of Ormonde-house, Sydney, N.S.W. and dau. of the late E. Benham, esq. of Torrington-square.

At Stokenham, South Devon, the Rev. Edmund St. Aubyn, youngest son of Sir Edward St. Aubyn, Bart. of St. Michael's Mount, Cornwall, to Alice Mary, third dau. of Arthur B. E. Holdsworth, esq. of Widdicombe House.

At Attercliffe, Yorks, by the Rev. E. J. Huntsman, M.A. Rector of Harworth, Notts, uncle of the bride, and the Rev. A. B. Skipworth, M.A. Vicar of Bilsdale, Yorks, the Rev. Grey Skipworth,





M.A. of Oakham, Rutland, to Fanny dau. of the late John *Shaw*, esq. of Attercliffe.

At Charlwood, Surrey, Frederic Torquato, third son of William Turner, esq. of Naples to Catherine Elizabeth, third dau. of the Rev. Thomas *Burningham*, Rector of Charlwood.

At St. Sidwell's, Exeter, by the Rev. Richard Lee Neale, brother of the bride, John Wells, of Percy-street, Bedford-square, solicitor, to Emily, youngest dau. of Mr. Thomas *Neale*, of Exeter.

Jan. 23. At Everton, Liverpool, by the Rev. George Mallin Messiter, of Repton Priory, Derby. Mallin Messiter, solicitor, of Frimley, to Margaret Teresa, widow of John Thomas *Adamson*, of Ashton, Lane.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Charles Edward Stewart, Capt. 5th Punjab Infantry, elder son of Algernon Stewart, esq. Sussex Gardens, to Annie Nairn, dau. of the late Philip *Anstruther*, esq.

Jan. 25. At St. Martin's-in-the-Fields, by the Rev. J. Tarver, Rector of Tythingham, Bucks, Edward John Tarver, esq. to Edith Harriett, eldest dau. of Ralph Nicholson *Worrum*, esq. of the National Gallery.

Jan. 26. At St. Peter's, Dublin, Lan-celot G. A. Bayly, of Bayly Farm, co. Tipperary, to Frances C. Luby, second dau. of the Rev. Dr. *Luby*, Senr. Fellow, Trinity college, Dublin.

At Staplegrave, George Fursdon, of Fursdon and Bramford Speke, esq. to Isabella Victoria, eldest dau. of Hugh *Vaughan*, esq. Staplegrave, Taunton.

At Trinity Congregational church, John Niell, M.D. M.R.C.S.E. to Martha Wilson, youngest dau. of the late John Edward *Spicer*, esq. of Clapham, and New Bridge-st.

At Battersea, by the Rev. Dr. Langley, uncle of the bridegroom, George Arthur, eldest son of Jos. Palmer, esq. of Olney, Bucks, to Frances Carr, eldest dau. of the late W. H. *Wells*, esq. of Battersea-rise.

At Holy Trinity, Paddington, by the Rev. T. J. Rowsell, Rector of St. Margaret's, Lothbury, assisted by the Rev. T. Homan Rowsell, the father and brother of the bridegroom, the Rev. Herbert Rowsell, late curate of Holy Trinity, to Fanny, second surviving dau. of Walter *Hyslop*, esq. Addison-crescent, Kensington.

At St. Andrew's, Plymouth, Capt. James Smail, R.M.L.I. to Elizabeth Meriton Scott, widow of Captain G. B.

Scott, Indian Army, and only dau. of Joseph Pitts, esq.

Jan. 27. At St. Helier's, Jersey, Charles Bethune Ewart, esq. Capt. Royal Meath Militia, to Harriet Elizabeth Esther, widow of D. P. *Jancrin*, esq. and dau. of J. M. Nicolle, esq.

At St. Mary's, Warwick, by the Rev. E. J. Howman, Rector of Bexwell, Norfolk, father of the bridegroom, Henry Arthur Howman, esq. to Letitia, youngest dau. of the late George Cattell *Greenway*, esq. of Warwick.

At All Saints' Margaret-street, the Rev. William Jellicoise, Vicar of Clunbury, Salop. to Ellen Martha, youngest dau. of A. F. *Mierille*, esq.

At Bawtry, Yorkshire, by the Rev. George Morehead, uncle of the bride, Rector of Easington cum Liverton, William Gerard, elder son of William John Lysley, esq. of Prince's-gardens, Hyde-park, and Pewsham, Wilts, to Frances Elizabeth, only dau. of Sir Charles Hugh *Loewther*, Bart. of Swillington and Wilton Castle, Yorkshire.

At Ormond-quay, Dublin, William Romans, esq. C.E. to Anna, widow of Richard Grattan, esq. Edenderry, King's co. eldest dau. of the late Richard *Goodbody*, esq. Mountmellick.

Jan. 28. At St. James's Bury St. Edmund's, the Rev. Churchill Babington, B.D. Disney Professor of Archaeology in the University of Cambridge, Rector of Cockfield, Suffolk, to Matilda Whytt (Maud), third dau. of the late Col. John Alexander *Wilson*, Royal Art.

At Limehouse, Wm. Barnett Burn, M.R.C.S.Eng. eldest son of W. W. Burn, esq. and grandson of Thos. Wm. Barnett, esq. M.R.C.S.Eng. to Helen Elizabeth, youngest dau. of the late Arthur Atherley *Newman*, esq.

At Christ Church, Paddington, Frederick Campbell, esq. R. Art. third son of the late Sir John Campbell, Bart. of Ardnachurehan, to Emilie Guillaumine, eldest dau. of the late Donald *Mac-laine*, esq. of Lochby, Argyleshire.

At Darlington, the Rev. Cecil Baylis Carlon, M.A. Trin. Coll. Cambridge, only son of John Carlon, esq. of Kilburn, to Maria, second dau. of Anthony *Dinsdale*, esq.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, the Right Hon. Reginald Charles Edward, Lord Colchester, to the Hon. Isabella Grace Mande, eldest dau. of Viscount *Harcarden*.

At St. James's Dingwall, N.B. the Rev. Rowland Ellis, Vicar of Gwersyllt, North Wales, to Margaret Elizabeth,



eldest dau. of William *Brydon*, esq. C.B. Westfield, Ross-shire.

At St. Mary's, Tenby, James Henry *Gordon*, Madras Staff Corps, youngest son of the late Adam Gordon, esq. of Blackheath-park, to Arabella Hewitt, younger dau. of the late Charles Hewitt *Sams*, esq. of Lee, Kent.

At Cheltenham, Robert Henry *Kinchant*, esq. B.A. Oxon. District Superintendent of Police, Punjab, to Eliza Emily, eldest dau. of Major Robert *Shawe*, late Madras Army.

At Eckford, Roxburghshire, by the father of the bride, the Rev. William *Lamb*, minister of Ednam, to Christian Archibald McDougall, eldest dau. of the Rev. J. *Yair*, M.A. minister of Eckford.

At Dunsford, Devon, by the father of the bride, Constantine Rickards, esq. of Oaxaca, Mexico, to Jane, eldest dau. of Rev. G. *Arden*, Vicar of Dunsford.

At St. Peter's, Notting-hill, Dr. Travers, F.R.C.S. of Lower Phillimore-place, Kensington, to Annie, you. dau. of Thomas *Pocock*, esq. of Ladbroke-gardens, W.

At Gravesend, by the Rev. F. S. Seale, B.A. Vicar of North Otterington, Yorkshire, and the Rev. H. Newland, M.A. Vicar of Scissett, Yorkshire, cousins of the bride, George Barnes Williams, esq. of Frederick's-place, Old Jewry, and Brandram-road, Lee, to Helen Mary, eldest surviving dau. of the late William Lockyer *Freeman*, esq. Paymaster R.N.

Jan. 30. At Lisbon, Lieut. Charles John Doxat, R.N. son of Charles Doxat, esq. of Gloucester-sq. Hyde-park, to Louise, dau. of Henry *Alcock*, esq. J.P. of Aireville, Skipton-in-Craven.

At St. George's, Hanover-sq. Edward Gatty, esq. Capt. 39th Regt. to Emma Rebecca, youngest dau. of John *Collum*, esq. of Belle Vue, co. Fermanagh, and Dublin.

Jan. 31st. At St. Edmund's Catholic Church, Bury St. Edmund's, Edward Freeman Gissing, esq. only son of S. Gissing esq. of Eye, to Emily Mary, eldest dau. of the late Sir Charles *Cuyler*, Bart.

Feb. 1. At Newton Valence, Hants, Thomas James Woodhouse, esq. M.D. F.R.C.S. of Ranelagh Lodge, Fulham, to Florence, youngest dau. of Capt. Edw. Hoare *Chawcer*, 4th Dragoon Guards.

Feb. 2. At Booterstown, Dublin, Charles Cameron, esq. M.A. M.D. eldest son of John Cameron, esq. of Ardhu, New-town-park, to Frances Caroline,

youngest dau. of James William *Mac-auley*, esq. M.D. of Dawson Court Blackrock.

At Brighton, Charles Campbell *Cubitt*, esq. Capt. 62d Regt. youngest son of the late Col. Cubitt, R.Art. of Catfield, Norfolk, to Louisa Georgina, only surviving dau. of the late Col. Richard Hare *Croker*, formerly of 18th Hussars.

At St. Gabriel's, Pimlico, Ralph A. F. W. Ellis, late 18th Bengal Na. In. eldest surviving son of the late Carteret J. W. Ellis, esq. of Cornwall, to Caroline Alice, widow of Lieut. G. *Stevenson*, 3d Bengal Enr. Regt.

At Reading, W. Gostwyck Gard, esq. Mil. Train. late 87th Royal Irish Fusiliers, to Clara Amy, eldest dau. of G. I. L. *Noble*, esq.

At St. Stephen's Kensington, Major Charles Shuckburgh Hearn, Madras Staff Corps, to Margaret Miller, youngest dau. of the late Col. *McGoun*, Madras Army.

At Crathes Castle, George John Pitt Taylor, esq. 78th Highlanders, youngest son of late William Stanhope Taylor, esq. and the Lady Sarah Taylor, to Elizabeth Bannerman, only dau. of Sir James Horn *Burnett*, of Leys, Bart.

Feb. 3. At Clifton, by the Hon. and Right Rev. Bishop Clifford, attended by the uncle of the bride the Rev. Septimus Coxon and by his Vicar-General Monsignor Bonomi, D.D. Charles Michael Berington, esq. of Little Malvern Court, Worc. to Mary Louisa Patricia, eldest dau. of late Michael Agnew *Coxon*, Bombay Civil Serv.

At All Saints', Upper Norwood, by the Rev. Stephen Hanson, M.A. Rector of Weeting, Norfolk, brother-in-law of the bride, Graham, second son of John Forster Elmslie, esq. of Upper Norwood, to Jane Anne, second dau. of the late Edward Beversham *Harnan*, esq. M.D.

At Christ church, Lancaster-gate, by the Rev. Mathew Vaughan, Vicar of Finchingfield, Essex, uncle of the bride, Cyril Frampton, esq. R.M.L.I. son of Capt. Frampton, R.N. of Bath, to Annette Ray, only dau. of Samuel *Seal*, esq. of Craven-hill-gardens.

At Surbiton, Charles J. Cramer Roberts, of Bicester House, Oxon. Capt. 9th Regt. to Francis Templer, eldest dau. of Richard Duckworth *Dunn*, esq. and granddau. of James Hewett Massey Dawson, esq. of Ballinacourt, co. Tipp.

At Clonmore, Kilkenny, by the Rev. Thomas Hatchell, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, Edward Barton Scott, curate of Polroane, to Rebecca Anne, se-





cond. dau. of the Rev. William A. *Dobbyn*, Rector of Clonmore.

At Christ church, Shooter's-hill, the Rev. Samuel Staffurth, of Frieston, Linc. elder son of William Staffurth, esq. of Ramsey, Hunts. to Edith Mary Wallace, second dau. of the Rev. Geo. Y. *Boddy*, of Woolwich-common.

At Wollaton, Sir John Thorold, Bart. of Syston-park, to Henrietta Alexandra Matilda Willoughby, eldest dau. of Lord *Middleton*.

*Feb. 4.* At Hurstpierpoint, Richard Bell, esq. of Esher, to Louisa Diana, eldest dau. of late Major Frederick Berkeley *St. John*, and granddau. of late Gen. the Hon. Fred. St. John.

At St. John's-wood, the Rev. James Philip Boswell, third son of the late Rev. Robert Bruce Boswell, formerly of St. James's, Calcutta, to Sibella Frances, third dau. of Henry Carré *Tucker*, C.B.

At St. Oswald's Collyhurst, Manchester, by the Rev. H. Allen Steel, Vicar of Woodsetts, Yorkshire, assisted by the Rev. R. J. Clarke, Rector of Isham, North Hunts. uncles of the bride, the Rev. Thos. Garside, curate of Staveley, Yorkshire, only son of Charles Earnshaw, esq. of Moor House, Stockport, to Mary Harriot, eldest dau. of the Rev. A. Brooke *Clarke*, Rector of St. Oswald's.

At Norton-in-Males, Shropshire, the Rev. W. Fraser Handcock, M.A. Vicar of St. Luke's, Cheltenham, to Elizabeth Jane *Colville*, stepdau. of E. G. Conlson, esq. of Bellaport Hall, Shropshire, and Cors-y-Gedol, Merioneth.

At Scarborough, by the Rev. W. A. Wightman, M.A. brother of the bride, Lachlan Forster Jamieson, esq. Lieut. 7th Queen's Own Hussars, son of the late Major-General Jamieson, to Emma Diana, second dau. of the late John *Wightman*, esq. of York.

At Child Okeford, Dorset, Major Charles Loftus, son of the late General William and Lady Elizabeth Loftus, of Stiffkey, Norfolk, to Anne Sophia, dau. of late Rev. Robert *Louth*, of Hinton Ampner, Hunts. and Grove House, Chiswick, granddau. of Robert formerly Bishop of London.

At St. Mary's Catholic church, Alnwick, Charles F. MacGabe, of Kingstown, Dublin, to Dorothy, third dau. of Robert *Dana*, esq. Field House, Alnwick.

At Norley, Cheshire, Arthur de Cardonnel Rice, eldest son of Rev. F. W. Rice, Vicar of Fairford, to Selina, dau. of the Hon. Arthur *Laseelles*.

At Enfield, Geo. Thornton, younger son of John Skilbeck, esq. of Brighton, to Ellen, fourth dau. of Edward Lloyd *Morgan*, of Wildwood, Enfield, esq.

At St. Luke's, Chelsea, Henry Heath Sperring, esq. of Bream, Somerset, to Hannah, youngest dau. of late Nathaniel *Russel*, esq. of Brompton.

At Wookey, Som. Arthur Tillard Storer, esq. Capt. R. Engrs. younger son of the Rev. John Storer, of Heliidon, Northants. to Lillias Mary, elder dau. of late Rev. Theodosius *Barnet-Stuart*.

At St. James's, Piccadilly by the Rev. George Thornton, M.A. Vicar of Sharnbrook, uncle of the bride, the Hon. Beauchamp Moubray *St. John*, late 74th Highlanders, second son of Lord St. John, of Bletsoe, to Helen Charlotte, second dau. of Harry *Thornton*, esq. of Goldrington Bury, Beds.

At Stoke Fleming, South Devon, John, eldest son of John D. Welch, esq. of Herne-hill, to Ellen, youngest dau. of the late John *Hall*, esq. Lieut. R.N.

At St. Marylebone church, Isaac Winch, esq. of Court Lodge, Bredhurst, Kent, to Edith Granville, dau. of Fred. M. *Cromartie*, esq. Superintendent of Military Stores, h.p.

## DEATHS.

*Nov. 27.* At Calcutta, Baboo Huru Chunder Ghose, the third judge of the Small Cause Court.

*Dec. 3.* On his homeward voyage, by falling overboard from the royal mainyard of the ship on a dark night, Francis Close Warneford Coxwell Rogers, third son of the Rev. W. R. C. Rogers, Rector of Dowdeswell, Glouc.

*Dec. 6.* In India, aged 26, George

MacIver Campbell, M.A. M.B. Assistant-Surgeon H.M. 85th Regt. He was son of the Rev. P. C. Campbell, D.D. Principal of the university of Aberdeen, where he received his education, graduating M.B. with honours in 1864.

*Dec. 11.* At Stratford, Essex, Lieut. Henry King, R.N.R.

At Washington, U.S. Miss Helen Western, a well-known actress.



Dec. 13. At Kurrachee, India, aged 30, Captain James Ronald Macleay, R.Art. He served at the siege and capture of Lucknow, and re-taking of Bareilly (medal and clasp).

Dec. 14. At Hurrepore, near Kusowlie, aged 44, Major Mark Edward Currie, of the Royal Artillery, Agent for Gun-Carriages at Futtelghur. He entered the service 1845; served in the Sutlej campaign of 1846, battle of Sobraon (medal), and Expedition to Kohat in Feb. 1850.

At Clifton, aged 71, the Lady Emily Mary Lawrence, wife of the Rev. Alfred C. Lawrence, sister to the 9th Earl of Winchilsea and Nottingham. She was the youngest dau. of George Finch Hatten, esq. of Eastwell Park, Kent, by Lady Elizabeth Mary Murray, eldest dau. of David 2nd Earl of Mansfield. She was married in 1826 and was raised to the rank of an Earl's daughter 1842.

Dec. 15. At Shahjehanpore, India, occasioned by a fall from his horse, aged 27, Capt. Graham Bowles Dobson, H.M.'s 37th Regiment, last surviving child of Rear-Adm. George Dobson, of Bath, and grandson of the late John Dobson, esq. of Mortimer, Berks.

Dec. 19. At Port Antonio, Jamaica, aged 30, Henry Hatchard Coward.

At Kurrachee, Mr. N. de Fleurimont, the editor and proprietor of the *Sindian*, found dead in his chair, having shot himself during the night.

Dec. 21. At Llandudno, aged 63, Mr. Thomas Bolton, solicitor, of Ouben, near Wolverhampton. He was the friend of Cobbett and a co-labourer with O'Connell and Shiel in promoting the cause of Catholic Emancipation. On the incorporation of the borough of Wolverhampton he was chosen a member of the council, and for nearly 20 years he held the office of clerk to the magistrates. The funeral was solemnised in the Catholic church at Brewood.

Mr. John Simpson, of Regent-street, music-seller. He served the office of Master of the Stationers' Company in 1863-4.

Dec. 23. Mr. Walter Willis Hassall, one of the proprietors of the *Weymouth Guardian*.

Dec. 24. At Charmouth, Andrew Tucker, esq. solicitor. He was a Town Councillor of the Borough of Lyme Regis, for many years one of the churchwardens of Charmouth, and member of the Bridport Highway Board.

Dec. 25. At Arcachon, in the south of France, the Rev. Richard Macken.

On the same day his sister Margaret (in religion Mary Gertrude) expired at St. Margaret's Convent of Mersey, Drogheda. They were children of Thomas Macken, esq. of Newrath.

Mr. John Simmons, one of the senior clerks in the Legacy Duty Department, Somerset House.

Dec. 26. At Brooklyn, New York, James G. Plunkett, esq. formerly proprietor of the Liverpool *Northern Press*, and Captain in the 64th (Liverpool Irish) Volunteers.

At Carntyne, Glasgow, aged 80, Mr. John Sutcliffe, sen. (husband of Mrs. Elizabeth Sutcliffe, who died at the same place on the 16th Dec.) He was an old Peninsular veteran, and was for 40 years a servant of the Town Council of Glasgow, during 28 of which he was Keeper of the powder magazine there.

Dec. 27. At Norfolk-street, Strand, aged 55, Captain Charles Ferguson, Chief Harbour-master of Victoria, Australia.

At Hanley, Staffordshire, aged 67, Mr. Elijah Jones, a well known inhabitant of that town. For many years he was a manufacturer, but not meeting with the success he had hoped for he became an auctioneer and valuer, in which latter capacity he acquired a large and remunerative practice. He sat in the town council from 1861 to 1864; was for several years a poor-law guardian; and throughout his life laboured to promote various philanthropic schemes. In particular he was an earnest teetotaler and a zealous member of the United Kingdom Alliance. Mr. Jones was a man of literary tastes and habits. He was a constant contributor to the *Kalvideoscope*, and occasionally he wrote letters in Manchester, Liverpool, and Hanley newspapers. His writings brought him into correspondence with several public men, especially his letters on education, which appeared in the *Manchester Examiner*. He was editor of the *North Staffordshire Beacon* until it became a weekly issue, and the author of many religious and temperance tracts.

At Dublin, the Rev. John St. Leger, S.J. for many years attached to the church of St. Francis Xavier, Gardiner-street.

At Berlin, the Viscount de Paiva, Portuguese minister at Berlin. He was found hanging by the neck from the espagnolette of the window.

At sea, on board the P. and O. vessel "Pera," from Bombay, aged 31, Fred. Parker, esq. paymaster Royal Navy,





late of H.M.S. "Dryad," son of the late Henry Lucas Parker, esq. R.M.

*Dec. 28.* At Dundee, Capt. Arthur C. Young, staff officer of pensioners, and late 25th K. O. Borderers.

*Dec. 29.* At Sapiston, aged 85, Mrs. Mary Balaam. She was the mother of 10 children, and had 53 grandchildren and 51 great-grandchildren.

Aged 78, Mr. William Barkus, of Gateshead Low Fell. He was extensively engaged in mining operations in the county of Durham.

At Kensington, aged 72, B. Howard Cozens, esq. late of the 10th Royal Hussars. He was wounded at Waterloo, for which he wore the medal.

At Bedford, aged 71, George Simon Harcourt, esq. (*né* Ainslie), formerly of the 69th Foot, and afterwards of the 1st or Royal Dragoons, and one of the few remaining officers who served at the Battle of Waterloo.

At Liverpool, Christina Ainslie, only daughter of Henry Imlach, esq. M.D.

At Galle, Ceylon, on his way from China to this country, Mr. George Primrose Thomson, Interpreter H.B.M.'s Consulate, Swatow, youngest son of Mr. Robt. Thomson, Aberdeen.

At Plymouth, aged 43, Philip Pearse Plantagenet, late of the 19th Surrey (Borough of Lambeth) R.V. only son of John Wills, Commander R.N.

*Dec. 30.* At Clifton, Bristol, aged 67, Lieut.-Colonel James Edward Butcher, Madras Army.

At Oulton Hall, Staffordshire, Agnes, dau. of the late Louis Jumeaux, esq. of the Ceylon Civil Service.

At Gravesend, aged 53, the Rev. B. H. Kluht, pastor of the Congregational church in that town.

At Hammersmith, aged 47, John Wareing, esq. fourth son of the late George Wareing, esq. of Birmingham.

Mr. F. W. Whiteman, junior, examiner in the Audit Department, Somerset House. He suddenly dropped down dead in the office.

*Dec. 31.* At Kidside, nr. Milnthorpe, Westmorland, aged 93, Jane, widow of Capt. George Argles, R.N.

Aged 57, Lucy, wife of the Rev. G. C. Bowles, Rector of East Thorpe, Essex.

Rev. Richard Brown, of St. Peter's Catholic Church, Lancaster. He was born in London, 1806, and had been stationed at Lancaster since 1840. Mr. Brown was a man of great culture, with a taste for archaeological and architectural studies.

At Dedham, Essex, aged 67, the Rev.

John Trew, for thirty-seven years minister of the Independent Chapel of that place.

Aged 73, Mgr. Blanquet de Bailleul. He was Archbishop of Rouen from 1844 until 1858, when the state of his health forced him to withdraw from all active occupations.

Aged 30, Cesare Fracassone, one of the best painters of Rome. His greatest work was the "Martyrs of Garinchum."

Aged 60, Baron Hock, a member of the Austrian Upper House, and President of the Court of Audit. He was an authority almost undisputed on affairs of taxation and customs. He was the author of several statistical and national economical works, among them some on French financial administration and American finances, by which he has been well known abroad, and which show that he extended his studies and researches in his special sphere far beyond the limits of the State in which his activity was mainly displayed.

At Heavitree, near Exeter, aged 74, Commander Henry Hockin, R.N. He entered the Navy 1806, served at the blockade of Rochefort, the expedition to Copenhagen, 1807, the bombardment of Flushing, 1809, and the defence of Cadiz. He was made Lieutenant, 1815; Commander, 1861; and from 1833 to 1841 served on the Coastguard.

At Newbottle, Durham, aged 65, John Storror, M.R.C.S., L.S.A.

*Jan. 1.* At Tambridge Wells, aged 37, Frances Harriet Stanes, dau. of the late Lieut. James Stanes, R.N.

*Jan. 2.* At Pau, aged 69, Lady Auchmuty, widow of General Sir Samuel Benj. Auchmuty, G.C.B. Her maiden name was Buchanan, and she was married in 1817. Sir Samuel died on the 30th April, 1868.

*Jan. 3.* At Falmouth, Jamaica, aged 31, Stephen George Allman, late Lieut. 3rd West India Regiment.

*Jan. 6.* At Montreal, Canada, aged 18, Henry John Percival Bankes, esq. of Corfe Castle, and Kingston Lacy, Dorset; elder son of the late Edmund George Bankes, esq. of Kingston Lacy (who died in 1860), by Rosa Louisa, 4th dau. of Percival Bastard, esq. of Stour Payne. He is succeeded by his younger brother, Walter Ralph, born in 1853.

Aged 63, Mr. Jas. Woodcock, youngest son of the late Dr. Woodcock, of University College, Oxford.

*Jan. 7.* At Catherine-street, Strand, aged 60, Mr. Edwin Jeans. He was



born at Marazion, Cornwall, carried on business as a bookseller at Exeter, was afterwards in the service of Messrs. Deighton of Cambridge, and (for seventeen years) of Mr. C. Muskett, of Norwich, in which city he was also engaged in business on his own account. He was latterly in the employment of Messrs. Willis and Sotheran, Strand. As a bibliographer he had an extensive knowledge of English black-letter literature.

At Arcachon, France, aged 67, Major Richard Courtenay Johnson, Retired List, 50th Bengal N.I.

At Neuchatel, aged 52, the Rev. R. W. Monsell, formerly one of the pastors of the Independent Church in Neuchatel, and the author of "The Religion of Redemption."

At Syston, Leicester, aged 92, the Rev. Edward Morgan, M.A., for fifty-four years Vicar of that parish.

Jan. 8. At the residence of his brother C. L. O. Bartlett, esq., Sherborne, aged 50, Thomas Oldfield Bartlett, esq., eldest son of the late Rev. Thomas Oldfield Bartlett, Rector of Swanage.

At Falmouth, aged 80, Peter Francis, esq., R.N.

At Market Weighton, Yorkshire, aged 78, Mr. John Kelsey, well known for his zealous advocacy of the temperance movement.

Jan. 9. At Boxford, aged 23, C. G. Gurdon, surgeon, son of T. G. Gurdon, esq.

At Beccles, aged 45, George Paskett, esq. M.D. (St. Andrew's 1846). He was a student of Guy's Hospital.

Henry Young, esq. of Moira House, Addiscombe. He entered the Bombay Civil Service in 1829, and gradually rose to be the head of the Customs Department of that Presidency, eventually becoming Chief Secretary to the Government previous to his retirement in 1862.

Jan. 10. At Ludlow, aged 51, Mr. Thomas Crane, of the Bull Hotel, and for several years an active member of the Town Council in that town.

At Marlborough, in his 20th year, the Hon. Henry Standish Deane, second son of the late Lord Muskerry.

At St. John's-wood, aged 76, the residence of her son-in-law Mr. Edwin Winder, Charlotte, widow of the late Mr. David Lerigo, many years resident of St. Anne's, Soho.

At the house of her daughter Mrs. Stafford Brown, Westbury, Wilts, aged 84, Frances, widow of Malcolm MacGregor, esq. Consul at Panama.

At Bandeath, near Stirling, aged 84, Mr. Peter Mackie, farmer there. In 1818 he was the means of establishing the Stirling October Fecing Fair—a fair known familiarly all over Scotland as "Peter Mackie's Fair." He was buried on the 1-th, in the churchyard of St. Ninian's.

At St. Margaret's House, East Grinstead, aged 28, Jane Louisa (Sister Theodora), third dau. of the late E. M. Spackes, esq. of Lee, Kent.

Jan. 11. At Mistley Abbey, aged 65, Charles Samuel Bawtree, esq.

At St. James's-square, Notting-hill, aged 73, John Brettell Henderson, esq. late of Her Majesty's Customs.

At Blackheath, Mary, last surviving dau. of the late Richard Miles, esq. of the Commissariat, and Surrey-square.

At the house of his brother-in-law, The Grove, Pelsall, Staffordshire, aged 49, Henry Charles Shoemack, of the War-office, eldest son of the late James Shoemack, of Teddington, Middlesex.

At Croom's-hill, Greenwich, aged 69, Mr. George Vernez, of the firm of Sherwood and Vernez, of Ludgate-hill.

Jan. 12. At the rectory, Pulham St. Mary, aged 27, Caroline Anne, eldest dau. of the Rev. Richard Bond.

At Southport, the Rev. John Charles, for many years minister of the Congregational church, Newton Abbot.

At the residence of his son the Rev. J. Chater, of Southport, aged 63, the Rev. John Chater, for 22 years minister of the Congregational church, Newton Abbot, Devon.

At Ashby-de-la-Zouch, aged 86, the Rev. J. H. Crisp, formerly of Notting-ham.

At Prince's Risborough, Bucks, aged 41, George Jules Gillam. M.R.C.S., L.S.A., late of Burnham, Bucks.

At Cyfarthfa, near Merthyr Tydvil, Charles Thomas Wills, M.R.C.S. (1842), assistant-surgeon of Cyfarthfa Iron-works.

Jan. 13. At the vicarage, Catterick, Yorkshire, aged 77, the Rev. John Croft. He was of Trin. Coll. Cambridge, B.A. (11th Wrangler) 1814; was elected to a fellowship at Christ's college 1816, and proceeded to the degree of M.A. 1817. In 1841 he was presented to the vicarage of Catterick, which he held till his death.

At Malvern Link, aged 70, Mary Ann, widow of the Rev. Jacob Kirkman Foster, late resident and classical tutor of the Conntess of Huntingdon's college at Cheshunt.





At Exeter, aged 64, the Rev. Henry George Fothergill, 32 years Rector of Belstone, in the county of Devon.

At Ash House, the residence of his daughter Mrs. Niell, aged 78, John Manning, esq. formerly of Leicester, of which borough he was mayor in 1830, and for many years a magistrate and alderman.

At Brighton, aged 81, John Pozzock, esq. late chief cashier of the Union Bank, Brighton, in which he had faithfully served for sixty-one years.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 82, Sarah, widow of the Rev. John Honeywood Randolph, Rector of Sanderstead.

At Birkenhead, Mr. Samuel Wisdom, for many years editor of the *Drogheda Conservative*.

At Exford rectory, the Rev. Thomas Samuel Woollaston, M.A. The deceased was educated at St. Peter's college, Cambridge, and obtained the Browne University scholarship in 1837, graduating B.A. in 1840 as 1st junior optime, and last in the 1st class classical tripos. He was elected a Fellow of his college, and filled the office of dean until 1867, when he resigned that appointment upon being presented to the college living of Exford. He filled the office of Proctor in 1859, and his name will be remembered in connection with the case of Kemp v. Neville, which arose out of the exercise of that office. Mr. Woollaston was 51 years of age.

At Bryanston-square, Frances Mary, youngest dau. of the late Rev. Verney Lovett, D.D. and relict of John Ashton Yates, esq. of Dinglehead, Lanc. formerly M.P. for co. Carlow. She leaves four daughters, the eldest married to Sir Richard Musgrave, Bart.; the second to Robert Needham Phillips, esq. M.P. for Bury; and the youngest to Louis Temyson D'Eyncourt, esq. youngest son of the late Right Hon. C. T. D'Eyncourt.

Jan. 14. At the residence of her son, Charleville-avenue, Dublin, Harriett, wife of the late Thomas Aickin, esq. Collon, co. Meath, aged 100 years.

At his brother's residence, The Grove, Clapham-common, Major Arthur Child, of H.M.'s Madras Staff Corps.

At Datchet, aged 30, Montagu Henry Stuart Grant, youngest son of the late General J. Grant, C.B.

At Bainbridge House, the house in which he was born, aged 82, Nathan Horn, esq. an active magistrate for the county of Durham, and for the borough of Sunderland.

At Brentford, aged 70, Thomas Jones, esq. late of the War Office.

At Cairo, Egypt, aged 28, John Murray, esq. C.E. late of H.M. Civil Service, Portsmouth Dockyard.

At Tean Hurst, aged 83, Mary, relict of the Rev. Robert Porter, Rector of Draycot, second dau. of the late Rev. Henry Thomas, of Church Leigh, Staff.

Aged 76, Elizabeth, widow of the Rev. James Tait, of Heytesbury, Wilts.

Jan. 15. In Chester-square, aged 83, Robert Baynes Armstrong, esq. Q.C. He was the eldest son of the late John Armstrong, esq. of Lancaster, by Deborah, dau. of Robert Burgess, esq. of Cokermonth. He was educated at St. John's college, Cambridge, where he graduated B.A. 1807, being first junior optime. He proceeded M.A. 1810 and was elected a Fellow of his College. In 1827 he was called to the bar at the Inner Temple, and was made a Q.C. in 1840. In 1842 he married Frances, dau. of the late P. Blamire, esq. by whom he had issue one son, Robert. He represented Lancaster in parliament from 1848 to 1853, and was for many years Recorder of Manchester and Bolton. In politics Mr. Armstrong was a Liberal. He was a member of the Reform Club, and one of the Benchers of the Inner Temple.

At Hull, aged 55, George Bailby, esq. of the firm of Eaton and Bailby, attorneys-at-law.

At Stonecroft House, near Newbrough, Northumberland, aged 53, Mr. John Benson, a well-known agriculturist.

At Horncastle, aged 28, Lieut. George Rickards Denison, of the East Kent Militia.

At Birkdale Park, Southport, aged 64, Edward H. Dodd, esq. late Chief Surveying General-Examiner Inland Revenue, Somerset-house.

At his rectory, aged 80, the Reverend Charles Drury, M.A. for forty-five years Rector of the second portion of Pontesbury, Shropshire, and F.S.A. He was the third and youngest son of the Rev. Joseph Drury, D.D. formerly Master of Harrow School, by Louisa, dau. of Benj. Heath, esq. LL.D. of Exeter. He was of Oriel college, Oxford (B.A. 1809), and became Michel Fellow at Queen's college, of which he was a member when he proceeded M.A. in 1810. He was presented to Pontesbury 1824, and obtained the prebend of Warham in the church of Hereford 1842. He has died unmarried.



In the Royal Naval Hospital, Plymouth, Lieut.-Colonel Thomas Dudley Fosbroke, of the Plymouth Division of Royal Marines. He entered the service as Second Lieutenant 1832, and retired on full pay July 11, 1860. He was actively employed in New Zealand in 1846, was at the surrender of Bomarsund in 1854, and served in the expedition to the Baltic in 1855. He was the third son of the well-known antiquarian author, the Rev. Thos. Dudley Fosbroke, F.S.A.

At Mossley-hill, Aigburth, Liverpool, aged 68, Mr. George Hall Lawrence. For some years he was a member of the Liverpool Town Council, and Mayor in 1846. He was a liberal patron of painters and sculptors. His wife, who survives him, is the sister of the late Mr. William Earle.

At Stonehouse, aged 87, Mary-Colson, relict of Lieut.-General George Lewis, C.B. R.M.L.I.

At Burton-st. Eaton-sq. aged 68, May Ann, wife of Dr. James Love.

At the Charter House, Hull, aged 57, Mr. Robert Rivers Melbourne, late lessee and manager of the Queen's Theatre in that town.

At Heath Mount, co. Clare, aged 50, Anselm Evans Taylor, late Lieutenant in the 95th Regiment.

At Regent's Park, Eliza, widow of Major J. B. Thornhill, K.H. and dau. of the late Robert Morris, esq. M.P. for Gloucester.

Jan. 16. At Kensington, aged 70, Mrs. R. M. Bell, relict of T. Bell, esq. M.D. of Cheltenham.

At Bedgebury Park, Kent, aged 21, Catherine, fifth dau. of Mr. and Lady Mildred Beresford-Hope.

At Dudley, aged 44, Francis Horrocks Boott, esq. second and only surviving son of the late Francis Boott, V.P.L.S.

At Clifton, aged 78, Mary, wife of the Rev. Edward Brice, late of Humshaugh, Northumberland.

At Pau, Clara, wife of Thos. Bromley, esq. of Stoke-park, Notts, and eldest dau. of Sir Fitzroy Kelly, Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer.

At Edinburgh, Mr. Alexander Shank Cook, advocate, and Procurator for the Church of Scotland. He was born 9th Dec. 1810, being son of the Rev. George Cook, Laurencekirk, and afterwards Professor of Moral Philosophy at St. Andrew's. He was educated at St. Andrew's, and was called to the Edinburgh bar in 1834, and from his Church

connection and influence obtained a considerable practice. In 1861 he was appointed Procurator for the Church of Scotland. In the Assembly, he usually sat as representative elder for Dingwall, which afforded him opportunity, while giving legal advice in his official capacity, to take part in the general business. A Tory in politics, Mr. Cook was rewarded by his party first with an Advocate-Deputeship, and subsequently with the Sheriffship of Ross and Cromarty, which his death renders vacant.

At Waterford, George Ffennell, esq. of Ballybrado, Tipperary.

At Edinburgh, James Forbes, writer. At the rectory, Houghton-le-Spring, Lady Georgiana Elizabeth Charlotte Grey, wife of the Hon. and Rev. John Grey, Canon of Durham. She was the youngest dau. of Frederick-William first Marquis of Bristol, by the Hon. Elizabeth Charlotte Upton, second dau. of Clotworthy first Lord Templetown; was married in 1836, and has left issue two sons and a dau. Buried in Burnmoor churchyard Jan. 20.

Aged 82, Mary Ann, relict of John Hanlon, esq. formerly Portuguese consul at the port of Belfast.

At Swinton Lodge, Leamington, Catherine Mary, relict of the Rev. James Jackson Lowe, Rector of Fletton, Hunts.

At Ottawa, Amelia Caroline, wife of the Hon. William Macdougall, Minister of Public Works of Canada.

At Dublin, aged 19, Henry de Burgh, second son of Lieut.-Colonel George Butler Stoney.

At Dorchester, aged 74, Ann, widow of the Rev. J. A. Templer.

Jan. 17. At Carmarthen, Mr. John Adams, member of the Town Council.

At Parkfield, Stourbridge, aged 65, Mr. William Akroyd. He was the most prominent public man in the town of Stourbridge, but owed his position entirely to his own exertions, having been born in Birmingham in very humble circumstances. In 1826 he went to Stourbridge as a journeyman currier; and after working in that capacity for a few years, entered business on his own account, and so continued up to about 1850. When the County Courts were established he was appointed High Bailiff for the County Court of Worcestershire, and that office he held till his death. Mr. Akroyd was an active and zealous politician, belonging to the advanced Liberal school. He had been twice married, and has left a widow and five daughters and one son.





George Babington, esq. only brother of the late Dr. Metcalfe Babington, of Hertford-street, Mayfair.

At Truro, aged 71, Captain Charles Henry Baker, R.N. fourth son of the late Rev. W. Baker, Rector of Gerrans.

In New York, Mr. Humphrey Bland, actor and theatrical manager. He was born in England in 1812, but in 1844 went to America, where he acquired a considerable reputation as a comedian.

At Netheravon, aged 66, the Rev. Francis Jackson Blandy, M.A. 30 years Vicar of Netheravon, Wilts. He was of St. John's coll. Oxford (B.A. 1822, M.A. 1825), and was presented to Netheravon 1838.

At Cowbridge House, Malmesbury, aged 77, Samuel Bendry Brooke, esq. J.P. for the co. of Wilts.

At Bath, aged 84, Catherine Maria, widow of Stanford Carroll, esq. of Bath, and co. Wicklow, dau. of the late Dr. Bennett, of Donhead St. Andrew's.

At Bath, Mary, relict of J. W. S. Crutwell, esq. late Lieut. in Her Majesty's 83rd Regt. and dau. of the late Nicholas Hurst, esq. of Hinckley.

At Viewfield, Blackburn, Lancashire, aged 61, the Rev. A. Fraser, M.A.

At Borwick Cottage, near Burton-in-Kendal, aged 92, Mrs. Margaret Gray, relict of the late William Gray, esq. M.A., formerly fellow of St. Peter's col. Camb. and afterwards of Owlet Ash, near Milnthorpe.

At Bath, aged 94, Sophia Adair Hardy, widow of the Rev. Robt. Hardy, M.A. formerly Vicar of Warburtoncum-Yapton, Sussex.

At Heigham, Norwich, aged 76, Lieut.-Col. Edward Thurlow Hibgame, late of the Madras Army.

At Brockton Court, Shiffnal, Shropshire, aged 81, William Jones, esq.

At Torrington-square, London. Edward, son of the late Thomas Morton, esq. dramatist, and formerly of Shooters Hill House, Pangbourne.

At Lighthorne rectory, Warwicksh. aged 83, the Lady Charlotte Palmer, wife of the Rev. C. Palmer. She was born in 1783, the eldest dau. of Heneage 4th Earl of Aylesford, by Lady Louisa Thynne, dau. of Thomas first Marquis of Bath, and was a godchild of His Majesty George III. and Queen Charlotte. She was married in 1823.

At Clifton, aged 85, John Wresford, esq. late of Nichols Nymet, N. Devon.

Jan. 18. At Gravesend, aged 35, John Brooke, esq. late of Turner-heath, near Macclesfield.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 60, Laura, wife of the Rev. Charles Forster, Rector of Stisted, Essex.

At Greenwich, aged 82, Esther Gardner, widow of William Gardner, esq. of Streatham, surgeon.

At Cheltenham, Isabella Rose, widow of Major-Gen. Sir Walter Raleigh Gilbert, Bart. K.C.B. She was the dau. of Major Thomas Ross, R.A. and granddau. of John Macleod, 10th Baron of Rasay. She was married in 1814.

At the manse of Ballantrae, Margaret Gordon, wife of the Rev. John Milroy, minister of the parish.

At Clanna Falls, Gloucestershire, aged 18, Cecil Edward Berkeley Noel Noel, son of Col. and Mrs. Edw. Noel, and grandson of the Hon. and Rev. Francis Noel.

At Streatham-paragon, aged 73, Charles Nottidge, esq. for many years Secretary of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Old Kent-road, eldest surviving son of the Rev. John Nottidge, formerly Rector of East Hanningfield, Essex.

At Bath, aged 17, Alice Freke, youngest child of the late Col. John Freke Palmer, of the Madras Army.

At Edinburgh, aged 72, Helen, widow of Captain Pearson, R.N. of Myrcarnie and Vellore, N.B.

At Salcombe Regis, Devon, Charles Webb Smith, esq.

Aged 69, Mr. Jeremiah Smith, stationer, of Faringdon, and formerly of Rathbone-place. He was the inventor of the adhesive envelope.

At the monastery of St. Gregory the Great, Downside, near Bath, Don Lewis Cuthbert Spain, in the 71st year of his age, 55th of his religious profession and 49th of his priesthood.

At his residence, Halton Red House, aged 63, Mr. Joseph Todd, formerly of Halton Castle, an enterprising and successful farmer, and amongst the first to adopt the improved agriculture for which South Northumberland has become famous.

At Montpelier, John Willans, esq. of Westbourne-park-road.

Aged 35, Alice, wife of James Woodcock, of Manchester, and niece of the late Rev. James Dean, M.A. Derby.

Jan. 19. Emma, wife of Mr. F. T. Adlard, of New Wandsworth, and only dau. of W. G. Adlard, esq. of Postlip Hall, Gloucestershire.

In Dublin, aged 39, John Richard Alexander, Commander R.N. only son of the late Admiral Thomas Alexander, of Fareham, Hants.

At Holloway, aged 81, John Brad-



shaw, esq. for many years in the service of the Bank of England, nephew to the late William, James, and John Morgan, esqs. of the Stock Exchange.

On the passage from the Piræus to Malta, aged 48, Dr. Allan Brown, R.N. staff-surgeon of H.M.S. Prince Consort.

At Christ Church vicarage, Great Warley, aged 64, Mary, wife of the Rev. Thomas Henry Bunbury.

At Grange, aged 58, Rev. James Chadwick, late Vicar of Keddleston, Derbyshire.

At Grangemouth, aged 63, the Rev. John Cochrane, of the Free Church.

At Banchoory-Ternan, Mansfield Forbes, esq. formerly of Bombay, and youngest son of the late Duncan Forbes Mitchell, esq. Thainston, co. Aberdeen.

At the residence of his brother in Toronto, C.W. on his way to England, aged 31, Alfred Andrew Gundry, of Shanghai, fourth son of the late William Gundry, of Soho-square.

Aged 71, Thomas Hackett, esq. D.L. of Moor Park, King's co. and Rivers-town, co. Tipperary.

Aged 28, the Rev. Spencer Philip Harvey, youngest son of the Rev. Tho. Harvey, Rector of Cowden, Kent. He was of Trin. Hall Camb. (B. A. 1863, M.A. 1867), and became curate of Cuxton, near Rochester, 1865.

At Newcastle, Mr. Walter Johnson, for many years foreman-agent for Lord Ravensworth.

At Pembroke, aged 56, Dr. Henry Prout Jones, ex-mayor of the borough.

At Exmouth, aged 58, John Farrer Kensington, esq. late of Mincing-lane, London, and Old Charlton, Kent.

At the vicarage, Epping, aged 69, Anne Agnes, wife of the Rev. H. L. Neave.

Aged 84, Mary, relict of Mr. George Richmond, of Halton, near Leeds.

At Barnsbury, London, the residence of her nephew Adrian Thomas Mann, Commander R.N. Grace, widow of Geo. Russell Sidley, Master R.N. aged 76.

At Edinburgh, aged 71, Elizabeth relict of Lieut.-Gen. Maurice Tweedie, of the Madras Army.

Aged 76, at Cheltenham, John McCummon Trew, D.D. late Archdeacon of the Bahamas, West Indies.

At Paignton, South Devon, aged 82, Joseph Tully, esq. late of Rio de Janeiro.

At Gurnos, South Wales, the Rev. John Walters, Ystradgynlais, a distinguished minister amongst the Calvinistic Methodists. He was ordained in

1837, and held office as secretary to the association of the above body in South Wales for upwards of forty years. He was buried at Ystradgynlais on Jan. 22.

At Tollington Park, Islington, aged 54, Col. Woollen, late of the Bengal Army.

Jan. 20. At Norwich, aged 73, Frances Catherine, relict of Alfred Barnard, solicitor.

At Maida-vale, aged 33, Henry Francis Bate, M.D.

At Belsize-park, Hampstead, aged 73, James Buncle Clapperton, late senior member of the Medical Board to Calcutta, Hon. F.I.C.S.

At Windsor, aged 82, Maria, widow of William Clifford, esq.

At Long Sutton, Lincs. aged 35, the Rev. John Edward Codrington, M.A.

At Manchester, in the house of her son the Rev. G. W. Conder, in her 83rd year, Sarah, wife of Mr. George Conder, formerly of Hull, and of Hitchin, Herts.

At Caldicott, aged 68, the Rev. Cornelius Jesson, Rector of Enville, Staffordshire. He was of Emmanuel coll. Camb. (B.A. 1824, M.A. 1827). He was presented to the rectory of St. Bride's, Netherwent, Monmouthshire, 1829, and to Enville 1837.

Aged 72, Armoury-Sergeant Samuel Wm. Ley, late in H.M.'s 20th and 40th Regiments. This veteran deposited the heart and stomach of the Great Napoleon in a silver urn and cup at St. Helena.

At Sussex-square, Hyde-park, aged 81, John Edmund Maunsell, esq. formerly of the Royal Horse Art. and for many years resident at Cheltenham.

At Lichfield Close, aged 81, John Mott, esq.

At Biggar, Scotland, aged 87, Thos. Paul, esq. manager of the Commercial Bank of Scotland.

At Cleveland-square, in her 5th year, the Hon. Caroline Emilie Susannah Beatrice Pery, only dau. of the Earl of Limerick.

At Holme-Pierrepont rectory, Notts, aged 68, Charlotte, widow of Henry Seymour, esq. of Wells, Somerset, and Tyvree, Glamorganshire.

At Ashfield, Bradford, Yorkshire, aged 68, Edwin Turner, esq.

At Tenby, Mary, wife of Mr. George White, J.P. mayor of Tenby.

At the residence of her mother, Margate, Mary Anne Worsley White, second dan. of the late John White, esq.

Jan. 21. At her brother's residence, Holloway, aged 37, Maria Lucretia, only





dau. of the late William Best, esq. of Bromley-common, Kent.

Aged 79, William Brock, esq. of Victoria-road, Guernsey.

At Boulogne-sur-Mer, Mary Anne, widow of Lieut.-Col. Chamberlain, 24th Regt.

At Bournemouth, aged 69, the Rev. John Fearnley, late of King's college, London, and Tavistock-street, Gordon-square. He was of Trinity coll. Camb. (B.A. 1825; M.A. 1829.)

At Cannes, aged 65, Lucy, widow of Thomas Fowler, of Bruce-grove, Tottenham, banker.

At St. Mawes, Cornwall, the Rev. James Gant, for 34 years minister of the Independent church in that place. His natural abilities and great application (remarks the *English Independent*) made him an accomplished grammarian and philologist. He habitually read from his Hebrew Bible and Greek Testament, giving his own translation while his listeners had the English version in their hands.

At Croydon, aged 63, Alfred George Harpur, esq. late of Bank of England.

At Falmouth, aged 44, Fredk. John Krabbe, Staff-Commander R.N.

At Cheltenham, aged 79, Mary Sophia Sarah Layard, last surviving child of the Very Rev. the Dean of Bristol.

At Clifton Lodge, The Grove, Kentish-town, James Parker Pierce, esq. J.P. in the 75th year of his age.

At Nottingham-place, Regent's-park, aged 51, Dr. Henry Mortimer Rowden. He was a F.R.C.S. and M.D. of St. Andrew's.

At Oakley-street, King's-road, Eliza, wife of William Pulteney Scott, esq. of Lincoln's-inn-fields.

At Brompton, aged 87, Edmond Temple, Knight of the Order of Charles III. of Spain.

In St. George's-square, Pimlico, after many years of great suffering borne with exemplary patience, Laura, wife of William J. Thoms, esq. F.S.A. of the Library, House of Lords. She was the youngest daughter of the late John Bernard Sale, esq. Organist and Musical Instructor to Her Majesty.

Jan. 22. At Worlington, Suffolk, aged 75, Elizabeth, relict of William James Bailly, esq. of Shenley House, Bucks.

At Torquay, Isabella Ashmore, widow of James Percy Boyd, esq. Capt. 87th Royal Irish Fusiliers.

At Plumstead, aged 60, Johanna, widow of Joseph Carrington, esq. second

dau. of the late Edward John Joyce, esq. of Water-lane.

At Clifton, aged 44, the Rev. John W. Crankshaw, Wesleyan minister.

Suddenly, in the hunting field, Mr. Thomas Crisp, of Butley Abbey, Suffolk, aged about 60. He was well known, even beyond the limits of his own county, on account of his success as a stock-breeder.

Aged 38, Matilda, wife of the Rev. Augustus Field, Vicar of Pool Quay, Montgomeryshire.

At Gloucester-pl. Portman-square, Elizabeth, widow of Peter Edward Flanagan, esq. of Cheltenham, eldest dau. of John Yenn, esq. R.A. and F.R.S. At Sandgate, aged 48, Samuel Knight, solicitor, formerly of Sheffield, eldest son of the Rev. James Knight, M.A. late incumbent of St. Paul's.

At Gateford-hill, Notts. aged 74, Mary, widow of Henry Machin, esq.

At Southampton, aged 77, Henry Playford, esq. eldest son of the late Henry Playford, esq. of Northrepps, Norfolk.

At Edinburgh, Mr. Alexander Scott, engraver and lithographer.

At Bryanstone House, Bournemouth, aged 42, Elizabeth, the dearly-beloved wife of James H. Tuke, esq. of Hitchin, Hertfordshire, only dau. of the late Edmund Janson, esq. of Tottenham.

At Great Berkhamsted, aged 74, William Watson, esq.

At Stockwell, Jordison, youngest son of the late Jordison White, esq. of Bessborough-gardens, Pimlico.

In Lawton-street, Congleton, aged 46, John Dale Woodburn, esq. solicitor.

Jan. 23. At the Workhouse, Whitehaven, aged 76, the Rev. Joshua Barnes.

At Upper Norwood, aged 78, Thomas Benn, esq. of Bankfield, Lancashire, Commander R.N. He entered the service in 1805, and was in the *Defiance* (74) in Sir Robert Calder's action of that year; and, after serving eleven years on full pay, received his commission as Lieut. in 1815; after which he did not serve afloat.

At Leicester, aged 80, Catherine Clarke Burnaby, eldest dau. of the late Rev. Thomas Beaumont Burnaby, M.A. formerly Rector of Ashforby and Vicar of Ashby Folville.

At Bickley Grove, near Oxford, aged 83, Ann Cooke, widow of the Rev. Geo. Leigh Cooke, Sedleian Reader in Natural Philosophy.

At Nice, aged 43, Thomas Cooper Coxon, for many years the London manager to Messrs. Bass and Co.



At Kingstown, near Dublin, George Fleming Echlin, esq. second son of the late John Echlin, esq. of Echlinville House, co. Down, D.L. and J.P.

At Clifton, Eliza Helen, wife of Major-General Errington.

At Shaftesbury, aged 75, the Rev. Thomas Evans, Independent Minister of that place for nearly 50 years.

At York, James Griffith, esq. formerly of Gray's-inn, second son of the late John Griffith, esq. of Durham.

At Barnsbury-park, Islington, aged 72, Fanny, widow of Samuel Hill, esq.

At Winslow, aged 67, the Rev. Chas. William John Kerr, A.M. eldest son of the late Lord Charles Beauchamp Kerr and grandson of the 5th Marquis of Lothian.

At Coleman-street-buildings, Mr. John Thomas Kighley, of Church-road, De Beauvoir-square, for 18 years Accountant and Assistant-Secretary to the Londonderry and Enniskillen Railway Company.

At Longfleet, Poole, Dorsetshire, aged 75, John Wills Martin, esq. J.P.

At Harlington, Beds, aged 75, Elizabeth, wife of George Pearse, esq.

At Torquay, Charlotte, widow of Lieut.-Col. Ridewood, 45th Regt.

At her mother's (Mrs. Dixon), Colwell, Lindfield, Sussex, Frances, wife of the Rev. Henry John Rush, Vicar of Rustington.

At Edinburgh, Margaret, widow of Colonel Robert Sinclair Sutherland, H.E.I.C.S.

At Whitby, Mr. W. Thompson, aged 66. He was the first manager and treasurer of the old Whitby and Pickering Railway, and from 1845 to 1857 stationmaster for the North-Eastern at Whitby. He was the author of two pamphlets on the Whitby and Pickering and North Yorkshire and Cleveland Railway scheme, and also of a letter to the late Sir Robert Peel on the navigation laws.

At Avranches, France, Eu-tace Norris, third son of the Rev. Anthony F. Thomson, Chaplain of Avranches.

At St. Alban's, aged 57, Fredk. T. Webster, esq. surgeon, son of the late Richard Webster, esq. R.N.

At Endrick Bank, Stirlingshire, aged 75, George Ross Wilson, esq.

Jan. 24. At Dovercourt, aged 75, Samuel Billingsley, esq.

At Kensington, aged 23, George William Bosanquet, fourth son of the Rev. R. W. Bosanquet, of Altwick.

At Milborne Port, Somersetshire,

Hannah Cane. She was born in Feb. 1769, and in a few weeks would have been 100 years of age. She had a total of 129 descendants in four generations.

At Surbiton, Frances, third dau. of the late Slingsby Duncomba, esq. of Bryanstone-square, and niece to the first Lord Feversham.

At Upper Wick, near Worcester, aged 80, Harriet, widow of Lieut.-Col. Flanagan.

Bevis Ellerby Green esq. the senior partner in the house of Messrs. Longman, publishers, Paternoster-row.

At Paris, Le Vicomte Arthur Kalkbrenner, son of the Kalkbrenner who wrote a History of Music. He was known only as the composer of trifles; but he is said to have left an opera, "L'Amour," of which he wrote both the words and the music. He has also left a million of francs to a daughter 12 years of age.

At the house of her dau. Mrs. Marsh, in The Little Cloisters, Westminster Abbey, aged 72, Louisa, widow of Thos. Keighly, esq.

At Caterham, aged 55, Colin Wilson Macrae, esq. third son of the late Colin Macrae, esq. of Inverinate, Ross-shire.

At Kenilworth, aged 84, Jane, relict of Wm. Parker, and dau. of the late Rev. James Powell, Rector of Church Lawford.

At Snodland Lodge, aged 44, William, eldest son of the late William Peters, esq. of Wouldham Hall, Kent.

At Clapham, Surrey, aged 40, Frederick James Petingal, esq. M.D. surg. Bengal Army.

At Keverstone, co. Durham, aged 88, Mary, wife of T. Freshfield Scarth, esq.

Aged 63, Joseph Spencer, esq. architect, of Liverpool.

Aged 41, Frances Amelia, relict of James Shaw Taylor, esq. of Fenay Hall, near Huddersfield.

Aged 28, Lady Emma Georgiana Tollemache, wife of Major Tollemache, of Tilstone Lodge, Cheshire. She had given birth to a dau. on the 19th. She was the second dau. of the Earl of Galloway, and was married in 1858 to William Frederic Tollemache, esq. eldest son of John Tollemache, esq. M.P. of Peckforton Castle. She has left six children.

Jan. 25. At St. Neot's, aged 75, Isabella Elizabeth, widow of the Rev. H. W. Beauford.

At Camberwell, aged 53, Thomas Hardy Harris, esq. late of Tuticorin, Madras, and formerly of Crutched Friars, London.





Aged 60, Walter Edgar Hodgson, esq. of South Norwood-hill and the Bank of England.

At Scarborough, aged 20, Augusta Frances Lave, younger dau. of Commander H. T. Lave, R.N.

Aged 74, Philip Matthews, esq. of Haygrove, near Ross, Herefordshire, and Blagden, Surrey.

At Brixton, aged 77, Nathaniel Nicholls, esq.

At Upper Norwood, aged 49, James Ochterlony Nicholson, esq. late Assistant-Surveyor-Gen. Great Trigonometrical Survey of India.

At St. Martin's Home, Liverpool, aged 29, Mary Randall (Sister Monica), eldest dau. of John Randall, of Elm Cottage, Madeley.

Aged 27, Rev. James Rooney, Pastor of Queen-st. chapel, Rateliff, London.

At Mornington-crescent, aged 64, Mary Anne, widow of Joseph Sacre, esq.

At Brussels, aged 24, Alicia Maria Scott, youngest dau. of the late Hon. and Rev. William Hugh Scott.

At Bungay, aged 70, Mr. Henry Spall, auctioneer, and for 30 years collector of rates and taxes.

At Gloucester, aged 77, Mr. Thomas Marshall Sturge, one of the leading merchants of that city, and a well-known member of the Society of Friends. He was the elder brother of Joseph and Charles Sturge, and possessed in a high degree those philanthropic feelings for which his family has been so distinguished. Forty years ago, soon after Gloucester became by the opening of the ship-canal a port in the modern sense of the term, Mr. Sturge came to Gloucester from Bristol as the representative and manager of the eminent firm of T. and C. Sturge, corn-merchants. He was buried in the cemetery near the Friends' Meeting-house, Gloucester.

At Notting-hill, aged 49, the Rev. James Augustus Williams, late of Enham House, Hants, eldest son of the Rev. J. H. W. Williams, formerly Rector of Fomham All Saints-cum-Westley. He was of Clare hall, Camb. (B.A. 1842); became Curate of Wrentham, Suffolk, 1842, and of Ashelworth, Gloucestershire, 1848-52.

At Higher Crumpsall, Cheetham-hill, Manchester, aged 53, the Rev. Joseph W. Wyld, Rector of St. Mary's.

Jan. 26. At Kensington, Fanny, only dau. of the late Samuel Angell, esq.

At Christ's Hospital, London, aged 58, Frances, widow of George Bell, esq.

At the residence of her sister, Clapham-road, aged 88, Frances, second dau. of the late John Boys, esq. of Bettess-langer, Kent.

At Wye, aged 87, Easter, relict of Thomas Dixon, R.N.

At Chelsea, aged 82, Jane, widow of John Dujardin, esq.

At Sea View House, near Dungen-von, Waterford, aged 78, Anthony Fitzgerald, esq.

At St. John's-wood, aged 71, Charles Freeth, esq.

At Dalston, aged 64, J. W. Hornby, esq.

At Fairfield, aged 41, Mr. John Jackson, once one of the leviathans of the Ring, and well known on the Turf.

At Bedford, aged 78, Mary Gerald, relict of George Kearton, esq. of the Island of St. Vincent, West Indies.

At Camberwell, aged 76, George Knight, esq.

At Birlingham rectory, co. Worc. aged 87, the Rev. Robert Eyres Lander. He was younger brother of the late distinguished author Walter Savage Lander, being the fourth and youngest son of Walter Lander, esq. of Epsley Court, co. Warw. by his second wife Elizabeth, eldest dau. and coheir of Charles Savage, esq. of Tachbrook. He was of Worc. coll. Ox. (B.A. 1801, M.A. 1804). He formerly held the appointment of chaplain in ordinary to the Prince Regent. He was author of the following works: "Four Tragedies;" "The Impious Feast;" "The Fawn of Sertorius;" "The Fountain of Arethusa."

At Kensington, aged 76, Harriett, relict of James Nash, esq. late of the Bank of England.

Aged 47, the Rev. Charles Iltid Nicholl, Vicar of Hinton St. Mary, Dorset.

At Garnstone, Herefordshire, aged 67, the Rev. John Birch Peplow, of Garnstone, and Vicar of Weobley. He took his B.A. degree at Brasenose college, Oxford in 1822, and that of M.A. in 1825. In 1824 he was ordained Deacon, and was admitted to the priesthood the year following, being immediately presented by his uncle, the late S. Peplow, esq. to the united benefices of King's Pyon and Birley, value 400*l*. In 1826 the then Bishop of Hereford collated him to the vicarage of Weobley; this last preferment he held until his death, but he resigned King's Pyon in 1866. For about 20 years Mr. Peplow was a Prebendary of the cathedral, and also discharged the duties of Rural Dean.



In 1866 he assumed the name of Peploe instead of that of Webb on succeeding to Garnstone Castle and the family estates upon the death of his brother. Captain Daniel Peploe Webb Peploe. Garnstone was purchased in 1661 by John Birch, the celebrated Parliamentary General, who bequeathed the estate to his youngest daughter Sarah, on condition that she should marry her cousin John, second son of her uncle the Rev. Thomas Birch, Rector of Hampton Bishop. There was no issue from this marriage, and the property passed to John Birch's brother, Samuel, who, dying in 1752 without issue, devised his estates to his nephew John Peploe (son of Archdeacon Samuel Peploe by Anne Birch), who assumed in consequence the additional name of Birch. At the death of his son, Samuel Peploe, without issue, Garnstone devolved upon his nephew Capt. D. P. Webb, who assumed the name of Peploe and died in 1866. The late Rev. J. B. Peploe was a magistrate, and for many years Chairman of the Weobley Board of Guardians, and in these as well as in every other relation of life was most deservedly respected and beloved. He married a sister of the Rev. Capel Molineux, and by her (well known as the authoress of *Naomi* and other religious stories) has left, with other issue, a son and heir, Major Daniel Peploe Webb Peploe.

At Edinburgh, Jessie, widow of Charles Purcell, esq. and dau. of Mr. Robert Watt, London.

In the Westminster-road, London, aged 70, Mr. Joseph Simpson, well known some 10 or 12 years ago as an actor at the Lyceum, Marylebone, and Surrey theatres.

At Priory-gate, Lincoln, aged 53, Captain Thomas Spankie.

At Hastings, Hannah Mary, the wife of David Wilson Thomas, C.E. late of Liverpool.

Aged 75, William Sandeman Turnbull, esq. of Hunting Tower, Perthshire, eldest son of the late William Turnbull, of the same place.

At Boreham Wood, Herts, aged 69, Mr. John Ward, for many years of Wilestead-street, Euston-road.

Jan. 27. At Bath, Fanny, wife of Charles Andrew, esq.

At the rectory, Harlaston, Staffordshire, Sarah, wife of the Rev. R. R. Bloxam.

At Castle Garden, Wareham, Dorset, aged 86, John Brown, esq.

At Surbiton, aged 61, Clara, widow of John Drew, esq.

Aged 60, Richard Foster, esq. of Castle, Lostwithiel, Cornwall. He was the eldest son of Mr. William Foster, of Lanwithan, his mother being dau. of Mr. Robert Rich, a magistrate and deputy-lieut. for Surrey and Middlesex. He married in 1835 Caroline, daughter of Mr. Thomas Robbins, of Liskeard, by whom he had a large family, ten of whom are living. One of the sons is a Lieutenant in the Navy, another a justice of the peace for the county, a third holds a commission in the Army, and a fourth is connected with the smelting works of Mr. Foster at Truro. The deceased was educated at Charterhouse school, whence he was removed to Exeter college, Oxford, where he took his B.A. degree in the year 1829. Besides being a county magistrate, he served the duties of sheriff in the year 1853. As a business man he was chiefly known in connection with the East Cornwall Bank, his tannery, and smelting works at Truro. His remains were interred, on Feb. 2nd, in the family vault at St. Minnow's.

At Hastings, aged 70, James Freme, esq. of Wrentnall House, Shropshire, and J.P. for that co.

At the house of her brother-in-law Mr. Levy, Dublin, Jane, relict of Edward Gorman, esq. Bennekerry, Carlow.

At the residence of her son, Dublin, aged 78, Leah, relict of Thomas Kernaghan, esq. of Enniskillen.

At Rome, aged 75, Mary, widow of the late Hon. John McAlister, member of Council, Prince of Wales Island.

Aged 73, John Maude, esq. Camp-rd. Leeds, stuff merchant.

At Pimlico, aged 77, Sophia, widow of Uduy Passmore, esq. for many years Consul in Peru.

At Kingwell, High Littleton, near Bath, aged 91, Hester, wife of Capt. Scobell, R.N.

At Bath, aged 83, Lieut.-Col. Henry Simmonds, late of the 61st and Ceylon Rifle Regiments.

At Pengethley, Herefordshire, aged 80, the Rev. Thomas Powell Symonds. He was the eldest son of the late Rev. Joseph Symonds, rector of Dinedor, and succeeded his uncle Thomas Powell Symonds, esq. some time M.P. for Hereford, in the family property in 1819. Pengethley was in the 17th century the seat of Sir William Powell, Bart. whose dan. and coheir brought it to Sir John Williams, Bart. from whom it passed





by a female heir to Thomas Symonds, M.D. great-grandfather of the last possessor. He is succeeded by his only surviving son, Lieut.-Colonel Thomas Powell Symonds, who is married and has issue an only dau.

At Lambeth, Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Frederick Taylor, Curate of St. Andrew's, Lambeth.

At Paris, the wife of Marshal Vailant, Minister of the Emperor's household.

At Fulham, aged 74, Mary, relict of Capt. Charles Deyman Jermy, R.N. and widow of James Veitch, M.D. Dep.-Inspector of Hospitals, R.N.

At Reading, aged 81, Mary, dau. of the late Thomas Ward, esq.

At Culham Court, Henley-on-Thames, aged 75, Charlotte Louisa, dau. of the late Hon. Frederick West.

At Portadown, co. Armagh, aged 65, John Obins Woodhouse, esq. Buried on 31st at Tartaraghan.

Jan. 28. At Brampton Ash, near Market Harborough, aged 74, James Attenborough, esq.

At Liverpool, Mr. B. F. Babcock, a well-known American merchant.

At Twickenham, Eva Lettice, dau. of Simon Digby Morse Boycott, esq. late of Osberstown, co. Kildare.

At Lower Norwood, aged 92, Theresa Elizabeth Gall, only dau. of the late Lawrence Gall, esq. formerly of Biggleswade.

At Peckham, aged 53, Mary Glaister, widow of Wm. Glaister, esq. of Sydney, New South Wales.

At Alexandria, Egypt, James Thomson Jeffrey, esq. of the Middle Temple, barrister-at-law. He was called to the bar in 1862, having obtained a certificate of honour at his previous examination; and attended the Northern Circuit and Liverpool Sessions.

At Priory-road, Wandsworth-road, aged 82, William Kew, esq.

At Rainsford Lodge, Chelmsford, aged 65, Henry Methold, esq. late one of the Masters of the Court of Common Pleas; youngest son of the Rev. Thomas Methold, sometime prebendary of Norwich.

Aged 78, T. Nash, sen. of Bermondsey and Old Kent-road, army and navy contractor.

At Colchester, aged 46, Mr. Thomas Ralling, who had been for more than 32 years connected with the *Essex Standard* as reporter and sub-editor. He had recently become part proprietor and publisher of that journal.

At Battersea-park, aged 56, Matilda, widow of Edward Charles Snelson, esq. of Lambeth.

At Upper Holloway, aged 81, Mr. Henry Thomas, for many years builder in Little Moorfields.

At Bessborough-gardens, aged 65, Charles Edward Wallis, esq.

At Upper Holloway, aged 71, Wm. West, esq. of the Stock Exchange.

At Oakham Lodge, near Dudley, aged 76, John Whitehouse, esq.

At Kensington, aged 62, Charles Thos. Woosnam, esq. of Crescent House, Newtown, Montgomeryshire.

Jan. 29. At Eaton-square, the Lady Lepel-Charlotte Alexander, wife of John Wallis Alexander, esq. and aunt of the Marquis of Normanby. She was the 3rd dau. of Henry first Earl of Mulgrave, and married in 1858.

At St. John's-wood, aged 80, Susanna, widow of Rev. S. T. Chapman, Rector of Kimble Parva, Bucks. She was a dau. of the Rev. Henry Dodwell, Rector of Harlaxton and Colsterworth, Lincolnshire, who was grandson of the learned Henry Dodwell, the Nonjuror.

At Bishopwearmouth, aged 65, Mr. Alderman John Crossby, Mayor of Sunderland, father of Dr. J. P. Crossby of Leeds.

At New-inn, Strand, aged 91, Henry Haynes Duncombe, esq.

At Warwick-square, Evelyn Mary Orby, youngest child of Lieut.-Colonel Gascoigne.

At Bath, aged 82, Edward James, esq. formerly of the Bombay Army.

At Leicester, aged 67, Mary Wootton Lockinge, relict of the Rev. Henry Lockinge, and only surviving dau. of the late Rev. Thomas Beaumont Burnaby, M.A. formerly Rector of Asfordby, and Vicar of Ashby Folville, Leicestershire.

At Chester, aged 68, Augusta Eliza, widow of Adm. Sir John W. P. Marshall. She was the youngest dau. of John Wynne, esq. of Garthmeilio, co. Denbigh, by Sarah-Anne, eldest dau. of the learned Dr. Samuel Parr, at whose vicarage of Hatton she was born in 1810. She was married in 1828, and left a widow in 1850.

At Connaught-place, aged 84, Godfrey Molling, esq.

At Swindon vicarage, near Dudley, the Rev. James Raven. Vicar of Swindon. Son of the late Rev. Thos. Raven formerly incumbent of Trinity church Preston, he was born in that town in 1833, and educated in the Grammar School there, from whence he was re-



moved to Durham university (B.A. 1856, M.A. 1859). After acting as curate at St. Mary's Kingswinford, at Alford near Chester, and in the district of Brindley Heath, Pendleton, he obtained in 1867 the benefice of Swindon. He married (1861) Frances 3rd dau. of the late Edward Addenbrooke Addenbrooke, esq. of Kingswinford, by whom he had issue two daughters, the eldest of whom is still living. Mr. Raven was buried in Swindon churchyard on Feb. 3.

At Dacre Park, Lee, aged 80, Mary, relict of the Rev. Lancelot Sharpe, M.A. F.S.A. prebendary of St. Paul's, for 50 years Incumbent of Allhallows Staining.

At Brotherton, Kincardineshire, aged six years and eight months, Mary Isabella, eldest dau.; also, on the 1st Feb. Edward Uchtred, aged three years and eleven months, second son; also, on the 3rd Feb. Ideen Heracles James, aged eight years and seven months, eldest son; also, on the 4th Feb. Ideen Helen, aged five years and five months, second dau. of Hercules Scott, esq. of Brotherton, and Anna his wife.

At John-street, Bedford-row, aged 18, Emily Lucy, youngest dau. of the late John C. Taunton, esq. of Hatton-garden, surgeon.

At Bradley rectory, near Ashbourn, aged 73, the Rev. Evan Thomas. He was presented to Bradley in 1858.

At Grove Villa, Walsinghamstow, aged 66, Miss Thomasset.

At Brighton. Helen Mary, youngest child of John Elijah and Maria Eliza Thompson, of Oulton vicarage, Suffolk.

At Allerton, Jedburgh, aged 43, Archibald Oliver Turnbull, solicitor.

Jan. 30. At Stanchester House, Curry Revel, Martha, widow of M. François Blancharde, of Perigneux.

At Putney, aged 30, John Wills Chandler, eldest son of Samuel Chandler, of Basingstoke, solicitor.

At Cheltenham, aged 77, William John Charlton, esq.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, Anne, wife of T. W. Coventry, esq.; she was dau. of the late Hon. John Coventry by his first wife Elizabeth, dau. of the Rev. George Wilson of Corbridge, Northumberland, and was married to her cousin in 1823, and has left a numerous family.

At Dunlop House, Ayrshire, in his 94th year, Thomas Dunlop Douglas, esq. of Dunlop.

At Kirby Hall, Horton Kirby, Kent, aged 44, Margaret, wife of A. O. Greig, esq.

At Blackheath, aged 80, the Rev. Benjamin Guest, M.A. formerly Rector of Pilton, Northamptonshire.

At Hyères, aged 22, Edith Caroline, eldest dau. of Lieut.-Colonel A. H. Hope, Madras Staff Corps, and grand-dau. of the late Lieut.-General Sir Richard Jones, K.C.B.

Emily Celeste, dau. of Lieut.-Colonel O'Meara, K.S.F.

At Ratcliff, aged 63, Thomas Orton, esq. M.R.C.S., L.A.C. London, Medical Officer of Health for the Limehouse District.

At Charlwood-st. Belgravia, in his 83rd year, Capt. John Overend, late of the Nottingham Militia, Royal Sherwood Foresters.

At Windsor, Cordelia, widow of Edward Rishton, esq. of Elswick Lodge and Preston, Lancashire.

At Dublin, Lydia, wife of Charles Robertson, esq. eldest dau. of the late Sir Edward Stanley.

At Canterbury, aged 72, Martha Pearce, wife of Frederick Rouch, M.A. Minor Canon of Canterbury, and Vicar of Littlebourne.

At Weymouth, Charity Catherine Ryves, only dau. of the late Rear-Adm. Ryves, C.B.

At Hayton vicarage, aged 25, Wm. son of the Rev. George Toppin.

Jan. 31. At his father's, Loches Touraine, France, W. P. Augeraud, of Addison-road, Kensington.

At Hastings, the Rev. William J. P. Bedford, B.A. Vicar of Bramford, near Ipswich, Suffolk. He was of St. John's coll. Camb. (B.A. 1831) and was presented to Bramford in 1839.

At his Chambers, in the Temple, aged 63, Alfred Charles Bridge, esq.

At Bath, aged 64, the Rev. George Candy. Vicar of South Newington, Oxfordshire.

At Burlington House, Westbourne-park, aged 37, Eliza, the wife of the Rev. Vernon Edlin.

At Malvern, in her 74th year, Marian, widow of Charles D. Gordon, esq. of Abergeldie, co. Aberdeen, eldest dau. of the late Robert Phillips, esq. of Longwerth, co. Hereford.

At Twickenham, aged 70, Susanna, widow of Capt. John Burton Gooch, H.E.I.C.S.

At Hereford, Julia Ellen, dau. of Theophilus Lane, esq. solicitor.

At Brasenose college, Oxford, aged 21, Thomas, fourth son of John Moore, esq. of Warwick.

At Champion-park, Denmark-hill,





aged 80, Jean, widow of Alderman Sir John Pirie, Bart. She was the dau. of Robert Nichol, esq. of Kelso; was married in 1807, and left a widow in 1851.

At Clifton, near Bristol, aged 80, Elizabeth, relict of Wm. St. G. Pelissier, esq. LL.B.

At Houndcombe House, Plymouth, Octavius Philippotts, youngest son of Henry Bishop of Exeter.

At Naples, John Malcolm Sewell, esq. Capt. King's Own Light Infantry Militia, and late 60th Rifles.

At Hastings, aged 43, Susan, youngest dau. of the late Robert Bevan Turner, esq. of Cambridge.

At Sidmouth, aged 18, Francis Biddulph Warner, youngest son of the late Henry Biddulph Warner, esq. of Marvelston, Westmeath.

Aged 42, John Daniel Wilkes, of Kennington, only son of the late John Wood Wilkes, esq. of Westminster.

At Cheltenham, in his 78th year, Commander A. Lloyd Williams, Retired list R.N.

*Feb. 1.* At Oak-hill, Lorton, aged 68, Mary, eldest dau. of the late Rev. Richard Arnitstead, Incumbent of St. James's, Whitehaven.

At Wandsworth, Frances William Bedingsfield, late Lieut. and Adjutant 108th Regt.

At Southsea, Elizabeth, widow of Henry Harrison, esq. of Castle Harrison, co. Cork, B.A. eldest dau. of the late Capt. Norton, R.N. of Guildford.

At Harbut Lodge, near Alston, aged 73, Hugh Watson Friend, esq. a magistrate for Cumberland.

At Chase-side House, Enfield, the residence of her nephew Philip Twells, esq. aged 90, Isabella, widow of Joseph Line, esq. of Washwood-heath, near Birmingham.

At Derwent Villa, aged 73, Mary, wife of G. H. Ramsay, esq. J.P. co. Durham.

At Mansfield-street, Kingsland-road (formerly of Deptford-green), aged 81, Mr. John Swan, inventor of the screw propeller.

At Avenue-rd. Regent's-park, Francis Stokes, esq. late of Windsor.

At Chelsea, aged 42, Rosina, wife of Mr. John Ward, and second dau. of the late Rev. Edward Cobbold, Rector of Long Melford, Suffolk, and of Watlington, Norfolk.

At Wood-green, aged 86, Fanny, widow of Joseph Wingrave, esq. of St. Paul's Churchyard.

*Feb. 2.* At Franche Hall, near Kidderminster, aged 69, Margaret, relict of William Brinton, esq. solicitor.

At Brighton, aged 77, the Hon. and Rev. Richard Carleton, Rector of Nately Scures, Hampshire. He was the 7th and youngest son of Guy first Lord Dorchester, by the Hon. Maria Howard, dau. of Thomas second Earl of Effingham. He married in 1820 Frances Louisa, second dau. and coheir of Enselinus Horton, esq. of Catton, co. Derby, and by her (who died in 1864) has left issue one son, Lieut.-Col. Dudley Wilmot Carleton, of the Coldstream Guards, married to a dau. of Lord Broughton, and one dau.

At Farnham, Surrey, aged 55, Henry Donkin, esq.

At Bolton Hall, aged 64, Mary, widow of Dr. Dymond.

At West Hamney House, Berks. aged 17, Mary Ann, dau. of the late Charles Wray Fuller, H.E.I.C.S.

At Southsea, aged 67, Sophia Mary, widow of Lieut.-Colonel Hall, C.B. 65th Inf. eldest dau. of late Charles Lambert, esq. of Fitzroy-sq.

James Hoskins, solicitor, Gosport.

At the Wheatheaf Hotel, Virginia Water, aged 88, Mr. John Jennings, formerly of Sittingbourne and Canterbury.

At the Medical College, Epsom, aged 76, Judith Anna, relict of Daniel Little, surgeon, Devonport.

At Fulham, in her 80th year, Mrs. Ann Kench Mason.

At Fairfield House, Richmond-hill, in his 90th year, William Thomas Meyer, esq. formerly Colonial Secretary at Malta and in the Ionian Islands, and subsequently Consul-General in Albania; only surviving member of the family of the late Jeremiah Meyer, esq. R.A. of Kew.

At the residence of his son-in-law, C. E. Mudie, esq. The Limes, Muswell-hill, aged 80, the Rev. Henry Pawling.

At Loughborough, aged 69, Sarah, relict of Thomas Pickford, esq. of Glas-tonbury, Somerset.

At Oxford, aged 76, Jane, wife of Mr. Alderman Sadler.

Aged 31, Thomas Henry Tanner, manager of the Wilts and Dorset Bank, Bornemonth, second son of Joseph and Maria Tanner, of Frome.

At Torquay, aged 45, Capt. William Cecil de Vere, R.N. fourth son of the late Sir Aubrey de Vere, Bart. Curragh Chase, Limerick. He passed his examination in 1843, became Lieut. 1846, Capt. 1863, and retired 1867. He won



a medal and the order of the Medjidie of the 5th class. He married in 1852 Sophia dau. of John Allen, esq. of Burnham.

At Western House, Romford, and late of Leytonstone, Essex, John Whittingham, esq. youngest son of the late Rev. Richard Whittingham, Vicar of Potton, Bedfordsh.

At St. Ives, Cornwall, aged 80, Walter Yonge, esq.

*Feb. 3.* At Edinburgh, aged 73, Mrs. Mary Margaret Balfour, widow of Capt. Wm. Balfour, R.N. of Trenaby.

At Cappleside, Settle, Yorkshire, aged 51, Christopher John Geldard, esq.

At Brighton, aged 70, Isabella, the wife of George Gosset Hill, of Blackwell Hall, Chesham.

At Malmesbury, aged 68, Alfred Francis William Jeston, esq.

In Dublin, aged 28, Adeline Annie Helena, of Oxford-square, Hyde-park, second dau. of the late Lieut.-Colonel Arthur Kennedy.

At Westbourne-park, aged 70, William Mortimore, esq.

At Shirley, near Southampton, Sarah Brauson, wife of William Mott, esq. eldest dau. of Charles E. Deacon, esq. of Lordswood.

At Gravesend, aged 79, Miss Postan.

At Bluntisham rectory, aged 24, John William, only son of the Rev. John Rumpf, Rector of Bluntisham-cum-Earish, Hants.

At Sydenham, Charlotte, widow of William Smalley, esq. attorney, Calcutta.

At Sevenoaks, aged 69, John Stone, esq. Commander R.N. only surviving son of the late A. Stone, esq. of Hall Place, Bexley, Kent.

At Clapton, aged 71, Jonathan Weymouth, esq.

At Torquay, Matilda (Maude), third dau. of the late J. Green Wilkinson, esq.

*Feb. 4.* Sarah, the wife of John Blakeway, esq. of Brighton, and formerly of Clapham-common.

At 509, Old Kent-road, aged 85, John Cantis, esq.

At Pinllico, aged 60, John Denniston, esq. late of Greenock, N.B.

In New Palace-yard, aged 50, Henrietta Maria, wife of Lieut.-Col. C. W. Forester, Assistant-Sergeant-at-Arms.

At Leicester, aged 57, Mr. Frederick Gowar, eldest son of the late Samuel John Gowar, esq. solicitor, Gray's-inn-square, and Lewisham.

At Tunbridge, aged 36, Henrietta, wife of the Rev. J. Langhorne.

At Clifton, Glouc. Margaret, relict of

John Frederick Lees, esq. of Werneth, co. Lanc. and Cheltenham.

At Dyrham rectory, Glouc. aged 40, Matilda Scott, wife of Major Douglas Robinson, half-pay 72nd Highlanders, and eldest dau. of the Rev. Wm. Scott Robinson, Rector of Dyrham.

Aged 36, John Sherburne Sherburne, esq. of Chester House, Manor-road, Upper Holloway.

At Cheltenham, Ellen Laura, second dau. of John Gilliam Stilwell, esq. of Gordon-square, London, and Dorking.

Aged 31, Frederick John Sutton, M.R.C.S. second son of the late Henry Stephen Sutton, esq. of Ilminster.

At New Wandsworth, aged 67, Charlotte Anne, wife of the Rev. John Waldron, formerly Chaplain to H. R. H. the Duke of Kent.

At St. Lawrence, I. W. the Rev. Geo. Townsend Warner, M.A. formerly Assistant Classical Master at Harrow School, and late of Highstead, Torquay.

At the rectory, Tarrant Gunville, Dorset, aged 74, Annie, wife of the Rev. Prebendary Watts.

At Harrow, aged 14, David Edward, only surviving son of S. Wauchope, esq. C.B. H.M.'s B.C.S.

*Feb. 5.* At Marylebone-road, aged 58, Mr. Edmund Baldwin, esq. the last surviving son of the late Mr. Robert Baldwin, bookseller, of Paternoster-row.

At Amélie les Bains, aged 48, Charles Thomas William George de Cerjat, Commander R.N. second son of the late Lieut.-Colonel Charles de Cerjat, of the 1st (Royal) Dragoons. He passed his examination 1846, and received the commissions of Lieutenant 1846, Commander 1861.

In London, the Hon. Pamela Blanche Douglas-Pennant. She was the second and youngest daughter of Sir Charles Rushout, Bart. and niece of Lord Foley. She was married in 1860 to Colonel the Hon. George Sholto Douglas-Pennant, eldest son of Lord Penrhyn, late M.P. for Carnarvonshire, by whom she leaves an infant family.

At Rugby, aged 14, Thomas Walter Jonett Fowler, third son of Thomas E. Fowler, esq. of St. Helena.

At Ledbury, aged 76, Louisa Margaret Drummond Hay, widow of the late Edward Auriol Drummond Hay, H.B.M.'s Political Agent and Consul-Gen. for Morocco.

At Notting-hill, Jane Torrington, wife of Sedney Howard, esq.

At Edingley, Southwell, aged 69, Richard Howitt.





At Bournemouth, aged 40, Newton John Lane, of Elmhurst Hall, Staffordshire, and of the Firs, Bournemouth.

At Morpeth, aged 64, the Rev. George Austin Lowe, O.S.B. Catholic priest in that town. He was a native of Yorkshire, studied at Ampleforth college, and was ordained at Ushaw. After being stationed two years in Liverpool, he was appointed to the Morpeth mission, which he served for upwards of 33 years.

At the Manse of Lochalsh, aged 85, the Rev. Hector MacLean, in the 48th year of his ministry.

At Weston, Herts, aged 61, Marlborough Pryor, esq.

At Dawlish, Devonshire, aged 58, the Rev. John Rashdall, Vicar of that parish. He obtained his B.A. degree at Corpus Christi coll. Camb. in 1832, and his M.A. degree 1835. He was Vicar of Great Malvern 1850-56; and Minister of Eaton chapel, Eaton-square, London, 1856-1864, in which latter year he was presented to the vicarage of Dawlish.

In London, Arthur Robert Rose, youngest surviving son of the late Right Hon. Sir George Henry Rose.

At Margate, aged 52, Mr. William George Searle, late of Knightsbridge, for four years past governor and trustee of the Licensed Victuallers' Asylum. His body was interred in the Brompton Cemetery.

At Brighton, William Jones Walker, Commander R.N. second son of the late Robert Benjamin Walker, esq. Surgeon of St. George's Hospital.

At Caroline-street, Bedford-square, aged 82, Thomas Waring, esq.

At Southampton, R. T. C. Yates, M.A. Trin. coll. Camb.

*Feb. 6.* At Tiverton, Devonshire, aged 79, Mr. Edward Arnold, a local preacher in the Wesleyan connection for above 50 years.

At Bombay, aged 31, Annie Goldie, wife of William Best, esq. and eldest dau. of the late John Glennie Greig, LL.D. of Walthamstow House, Essex.

At Oporto, aged 56, John Cassels, esq.

At Stockwell, aged 80, Miss Mary Jane Coleman.

At Ascot Heath, Berks, aged 74, Mary Anne, relict of William Frederick Augustus Delane, esq.

At Ballyrankin House, co. Wexford, aged 31, Frederick Flood, formerly Lieut. in the Royal Irish Fusiliers, second son of the late Rev. Nicholas Devereux, D.D.

In her 52nd year, Emily (née Jowett), wife of William Edwards, esq. of Upper Bedford-place, Russell-square.

At Croydon, aged 53, George Gates, esq.

At Camberwell, aged 49, Robert Eaglesfield Griffith, esq. of the Stock Exchange.

Aged 19, Ellen Frederica, third dau. of C. F. A. Hartmann, esq. of Belmont Park, Lee, Kent.

At Ripon, aged 62, Wm. Hewby, esq. At Queen's-square, Bloomsbury, aged 34, Alfred Leopold Hodges, esq.

At Bournemouth, Hants, aged 40, the Rev. Francis J. Jameson, Rector of Cotton, Cambridgeshire.

At Great Malvern, aged 73, Jane, wife of R. McDowall, esq. M.D. R.N. of Cheltenham.

Elizabeth, wife of Samuel Frederick Miller, esq. of Gloucester Lodge, Clapham, and King-st. St. James's-square.

At Dublin, aged 59, George F. Mulvaney, R.H.A. Director of the National Gallery of Ireland. His remains were interred at Mount Jerome Cemetery on the 10th.

At Tours, J. P. M. Myers, esq. formerly of Ivy Tower, Pembrokeshire.

At the rectory, Catmore, Berks, aged 81, the Rev. Arthur Cyril Onslow, Rector of St. Mary Newington, Surrey. He was educated at Christ Church, Oxford (B.A. 1809; M.A. 1811), and was appointed in 1812 to the living of St. Mary's Newington, the income of which is between 3,000*l.* and 4,000*l.* per annum. The living had been sequestrated for many years previous to Mr. Onslow's death; and for the past seven years [the Rev. Alfred Cay has been in charge of the church. It is in the gift of the Bishop of London. The draft of a bill has been printed which was proposed to be submitted to Parliament during the coming Session with a view to the future appropriation of the large revenue of the rectory. The provisions of the Bill are, after assigning an adequate endowment to the parish church, to endow the other churches of the parish, viz.:—St. Peter's, Walworth; Holy Trinity, Newington; St. John's, Walworth; St. Matthew's, New Kent-road, with the sum of 500*l.* each.

At St. John's-wood, Henry Paul Prescott, esq. Surveying General Examiner of Inland Revenue, Somerset-house.

At Paris, Charlotte, wife of Monsieur Reynault, and eldest dau. of the late Mr. Serjeant Sellon.



At his residence, Links, Professor Thomas Strangeways, D.C.L. of the Edinburgh Veterinary college. The numerous papers he contributed to the veterinary journals of England and America attracted much attention among the faculty, as they were considered the results of deep research on veterinary pathology, and gained for him the honorary degree of D.C.L. He was buried on the 9th at the Newington Cemetery.

At Lower Clapton, John Terry, esq. late collector of Inland Revenue, Newry, Ireland.

At Cardiff, aged 66, the Rev. Evan Price Thomas, Incumbent of Whitchurch, Glamorganshire for upwards of a quarter of a century, and for some years junior canon of Llandaff Cathedral.

*Feb. 7.* At Chelsea, Harriett Dell, widow of John Bambridge, esq. of Park-crescent, Portland-place, and youngest dau. of the late Robert Pickwood, esq. of Egham House, Surrey.

At Inchbridge, near Montrose, aged 31, William Allan Brand, editor of the *Montrose Review*.

At Great Malvern, the Rev. Richard Brooke, many years Vicar of Norton Canon, Herefordshire.

Aged 62, Mary Anne, wife of the Rev. Thomas Thellusson Carter, Rector of Clewer.

At Brantham, Suffolk, Myrtilla, wife of the Rev. S. R. Carter, Rector.

At Hertford-street, Mayfair, London, aged 73, Mr. Samuel Pepys Cockerell, Fellow of Merton College, Oxford. He was the fourth son of the late Mr. Samuel Pepys Cockerell of Westbourne, Middlesex, and a brother of the late eminent architect, Professor C. R. Cockerell, R.A. the companion of Lord Byron in the exploration of the Temple of Jupiter in Egina nearly sixty years ago. Mr. Cockerell had held his Fellowship for half a century.

Isabella, wife of the Rev. J. H. Croft, Vicar of Timberscombe, Somerset, and eldest dau. of the late James Bridge, esq. of Great Malvern.

At Cliftonville, Brighton, Henrietta Catherine, wife of John Dunhill, esq.

At St. Alessi, near Pistoja, Isabella, wife of the Rev. W. Falconer, Bushey.

At Blackheath, aged 76, Sibella Ann, widow of William Albin Garratt, esq.

At Tottenham, aged 76, the Rev. Charles Hargrove.

The Rev. Edward Henry Jones, late Curate of Ravendale, Lincolnshire, and

formerly Curate of Hope, Hanley, aged 39; King's coll. Lond. Assoc. 1866.

Aged 43, Harry Alexander Newell, esq. M.R.C.S. &c. late assistant apothecary at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, second son of the Rev. R. H. Newell.

Florence Cecilia, the wife of George Onslow Newton, esq. of Croxton Park, Cambs. She was the second dau. of Edwin Burnaby, esq. of Baggrave hall, co. Leic. and was married in 1858 to Mr. Newton as his second wife.

At Brighton, aged 69, Henry Palmer, esq. of Clifton Lodge, near Shefford, Bedfordshire.

At Plymouth, aged 24, William Campbell Paton, eighth son of the late Hugh Paton, esq. Her Majesty's Carver and Gilder, Edinburgh, and the Tower, Portobello.

At Portland-terrace, Regent's-park, aged 51, Robert Richard Smith, esq. eldest son of the late Robert Smith, esq. of the General Post-office.

At Nottingham-place, London, Mary Elizabeth, dau. of the late Wm. Webber, esq. formerly of Haldon House, Devon, and afterwards of Vanburgh House, Blackheath.

At Waterloo, Hants, aged 72, Peter White, esq. Alderman and Magistrate of Portsmouth.

*Feb. 8.* Georgiana, wife of William Bateman, esq. of Fitzroy-square, in her 60th year.

At Russell-square, aged 74, Charles Berkeley, esq. of Lincoln's-inn-fields, youngest son of the late Rev. Rowland Berkeley, D.D. Vicar of Writtle and Rector of Rochford, Essex.

At Kensington, aged 53, Elizabeth, wife of Alfred H. D'Arley, esq. of Scarborough, and third dau. of the late J. C. Chaytor, esq. of Spennithorne Hall.

At Lichfield, aged 58, John Philip Dyott, esq. solicitor. He was the son of the late Philip Dyott, esq. also of Lichfield, and cousin to Richard Dyott, esq. of Freeford, the lately-elected M.P. for the city. He leaves a widow and several children.

At Edinburgh, Henry Gordon Gibson, esq. writer to the signet.

At Spital-square. Bishopsgate, aged 43, Mr. Valentine Godfrey.

At Atwick vicarage, Yorkshire, Catharine, wife of the Rev. Edward Gordon, and dau. of the late Charles Grimston, esq. of Grimston Garth, and Kilnwick, in the said county.

Aged 57, Thomas Hammer, esq. of the Middle Temple.

At Sunbury, Middlesex, William





Henry Langhorn, esq. only son of the late William Langhorn, of Gray's-inn, esq. and uncle to Miss Elizabeth Anna Dixon, of Seaton-Carew, Durham.

At Parkhall, Stirlingshire, aged 88, Thomas Livingstone Learmonth, esq.

At Eastbourne, Sussex, James Albert Leaf, esq. of 16, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, youngest son of William Leaf, esq. of Park-hill, Streatham, in his 37th year. Mr. Leaf had recently contributed vocal music to the popular monthly publications devoted to that art.

At Onslow-gardens, aged 24, Hermione Luey, wife of Walter Laey Rogers, esq.

At St. Leonard's, Mary Caroline Louisa, eldest dan. of the Rev. J. George Scott, Rector of Bray, co. Wicklow.

At Kingstown, Ireland, the wife of J. E. Sheridan, esq.

At Wylve, Wilts, aged 70, the Rev. Joseph Samuel Stockwell, 23 years Rector of that parish. He was presented to the rectory of Wylve in 1840.

At Grosvenor-square, aged 34, Captain Leveson Wildman, R.N. eldest and last surviving son of Richard W. esq.

Feb. 9. At Torrington-square, Wm. Bush, esq.

At Tehidy Park, Cornwall, aged 37, John Francis Basset, esq. He was the representative of the ancient Cornish family of Basset of Tehidy. In 1835 he succeeded the Baroness Basset, only child of the Lord de Dunstanville, in her estates, which now go to his brother, who is deranged, the deceased, though married, having left no family.

At Peckham, aged 86, Thos. Godwin, esq. for 50 years an esteemed member of the Stock Exchange.

At the rectory, Peldon, Colchester, Sarah, wife of the Rev. Carter Hall.

At Great Yarmouth, aged 84, John Hall, esq. late of Coggeshall, Essex.

At Rastrick, Yorkshire, aged 56, Miss Agnes Hopkinson, sister of the late William H. esq. of Sydney, N.S.W.

At South Hutton, aged 70, Mr. William Meikle, of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

At Castle Ashby, Northamptonshire, the Baroness de Normann, aunt of the Marquis of Northampton, and of Lady Marian Alford.

Mr. Alderman Cooper, of Liverpool.

At Ladbroke-gardens, aged 63, Thos. Pocock, esq. solicitor, formerly of Bartholomew-close.

At the Hague, Charlotte Henrietta, widow of the late Baron Vincent de Tnyl de Seroskerken (Chamberlain to H.M. the King of Holland, and dau. of

the late John Mansfield, esq. of Diggeswell House, Herts.

At Brighton, aged 79, Caroline, widow of the late James Silvester, esq. of Wednesbury.

At Knightsbridge, aged 69, Mary Susannah, widow of George Smith, esq. R.M.S.D. formerly of Gibraltar.

By his own hand, at 56, Inverness-terrace, Bayswater, Mr. John Stephenson, a well-known betting man and book-maker.

At Houghton-place, aged 75, Louisa Maria, widow of Rev. Henry Taylor, Rector of Stoke Rochford.

At Coblenz, aged 17, George Frederick, eldest son of Major George Tennant, of The Eades, Worcestershire.

Feb. 10. At The Grange, Petersfield, Hants, aged 79, Thomas Baker.

Lady Arabella Bannerman, youngest dan. of the Earl Delawarr and wife of Sir Alexander Bannerman, Bart. On the day before her death she was confined of a dau. who is still alive. Her ladyship was born 1835, and married Sir Alexander Bannerman 1860.

At Bath, Anna, relict of Col. Bourne.

At Banbury, aged 61, Charles Chetman, esq. of Reading, many years a guardian and vestryman of St. Marylebone.

At Brompton, aged 50, Susanna Churchill, wife of Charles Lee, esq. of the National Debt Office.

At Naples, aged 49, Joseph Dalafield, esq.

At the Cathedral Preeincts, aged 81, the Rev. W. H. Drage, Vicar of St. Margaret's-next-Rochester.

At Clapham-park, aged 74, James Goss, esq.

William Kenrick, esq. of St. Clare, Walmer, Kent, in his 56th year.

At the residence of her son-in-law, the Rev. Francis Duke, County Gaol, Lewes, aged 64, Jane, widow of Edward Gillan Markby, solicitor, of Chatteris, co. Camb. and youngest dau. of the late Hardy Johnson, of March.

At Norwich, in her 84th year, Emily, relict of the late Rev. John Nelson. Rector of Beeston-next-Mileham, Norfolk.

At Brixton, aged 54, Samuel Osborn, M.D. F.R.C.S.

At Twickenham, aged 80, Mary, widow of the Rev. Ambrose Stapleton, M.A. formerly Vicar of East Budleigh, and Rector of Halwell, Devon.

At Barnstaple, aged 92, Julia Timins, dau. of the late Major Timins, R.M.

At Greenwich, aged 85, Capt. Charles Wing.



## WILLS RECENTLY PROVED AND ADMINISTRATIONS GRANTED.

*(All in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, except where otherwise specified.)*

The will, with two codicils, of the Right Hon. the Earl of Abergavenny, of Eridge Castle, Tunbridge Wells, and Birling Manor, Maidstone, (who died on the 17th of August last, at Birling Manor,) was proved on the 14th Oct. by Caroline, Countess of Abergavenny, his widow, and Ralph Merick Leeke, esq. two of the executors, power being reserved to Sir Walter Buchanan Riddell, Bart., the other executor. The personal property sworn under 300,000*l.* The will is dated 21 Nov. 1864, and the two codicils 11 July 1865, and 9 Sept. 1867, respectively. The deceased leaves to his widow a legacy of 5,000*l.*; to his daughter Lady Caroline Emily Nevill, 5000*l.*; and to his daughters, Lady Henrietta Augusta Mostyn, and Lady Isabel Mary Frances Bligh (wife of the Hon. and Rev. Vesey Bligh), 500*l.* each. To the West Kent General Hospital at Maidstone, the Ophthalmic Hospital at Maidstone, the Sussex County Hospital at Brighton, the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, and the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, 100*l.* each, all free of duty. The household furniture at his town house in Portland-place, and at Birling Manor, to his widow, excepting some specific bequests to his eldest son. Birling Manor to his widow for life, with remainder (subject to an annuity of 600*l.* to his daughter Lady Caroline Emily Nevill,) to his second son the Hon. Ralph Pelham Nevill for life, with remainder to his first and other sons successively in tail male. The Lantern House estate, at West Malling, to his said second son during the joint lives of himself and testator's widow, and on the death of either of them, to Lady Caroline Emily Nevill for life, with the power of appointment among her issue. The eldest son, William (now Earl of Abergavenny), has succeeded to Eridge Castle and the settled estates under an Act of Philip and Mary.

A curious will case has lately been decided in the Court of Probate. The testator, Mr. William Anderson, a retired merchant, died at Torquay in

Nov. 1867. He was upwards of 90 years of age, and very infirm. For a year or two before he died his articulation was so indistinct that even those constantly with him could hardly understand what he meant except by signs. In 1863 he gave 20,000*l.* by deed of gift to his only surviving son William, to whom he also bequeathed the bulk of his property by a will made in the following year. Mr. Hunt, the testator's former partner, and Mr. Gotbed, a gentleman of independent means at Torquay, were named executors along with the son, with a legacy of 100*l.* each, another of 150*l.* being left to Miss Clarke, the testator's nurse. Towards the end of 1865 the testator became very weak in his mind, proposing marriage not only to his nurse, but to several other ladies, notwithstanding his infirm and almost imbecile condition. A consultation was held, at which Mr. Gotbed, being one of the Plymouth Brethren, "laid the matter before the Lord." The son suggested that he should have a power of attorney to manage his father's affairs, and left one with Mr. Gotbed to be filled up, but this was never done. In the beginning of 1867 the son was induced to deposit all his father's papers and securities with the family solicitor. Mr. Gotbed continued prayerfully attentive to the testator and his affairs; Mr. Hunt made repeated visits to Torquay, and Miss Clarke remained as nurse. When the old man died the son was astounded by the production of a will dated March 1867, of which he had never before heard. This left him only 10,000*l.* the property being mainly divided between Hunt and Gotbed, Miss Clarke's share having grown since the former will from 150*l.* into an annuity of 100*l.* a-year. Mr. Hunt and Mr. Gotbed declared in court that they had done all they could to persuade the testator to make the will in his son's favour. The jury seem to have thought that they would therefore not be sorry to see their own wishes fulfilled, and cancelled the will of 1867. At the same time the jury relieved





them from the imputation of undue influence and fraud.

The Right Honourable Francis Lord Ashburton, of Buckenham, Norfolk, (died 6 Sept. 1868, at Hazlewood, near Watford,) proved 22 Dec. by his widow. It is dated 19 Jan. 1852. The personal property is sworn under 250,000*l.* and the deceased has devised and bequeathed all his real and personal estate, whatsoever and wheresoever, to his widow absolutely.

John Harrison Aylmer, esq. of Walworth Castle, Durham, proved in the court at Durham under 12,000*l.* personalty, by the surviving executors, Sir John Jocelyn Coghill, Bart. and the Rev. J. Davie Eade, M.A. Hon. Canon of Durham and Vicar of Archcliffe, the testator's brothers-in-law. The will is dated 1855 and a codicil 1866. The testator, with his wife and son, and others of his family, perished in the Abergele railway accident. He has bequeathed to his eldest son, on his attaining his 21st year, all his Government and other securities, making provision for his younger children out of his real estate and marriage settlement, and subject thereto has devised to each of his sons in succession all his freehold estates, together with the furniture and effects in Walworth Castle.

Mr. Henry Bacon, of Lincoln's-inn, barrister-at-law, (died at Brighton Nov. 11, 1868,) proved under 30,000*l.*: the executors being his relict Mary Bacon, his sisters Mary and Frances Bacon, his brother James Bacon, and his nephews the Rev. Hugh Bacon, M.A. and Francis Henry Bacon. The will is dated February 9, 1866, and he died on 11th November last. He leaves his library to his sisters Mary and Frances, and to each a legacy of 2,000*l.* together with an annuity of 70*l.*: to his brother John 100*l.* and an annuity of 150*l.*: to his sister Elizabeth Pitts 100*l.* and an annuity of 150*l.* and an annuity to her husband should he survive her; to his nephews and nieces each 1,000*l.*—all free of duty. The residue of his property he leaves to his brother James for life, and after his decease to his children equally. He has bequeathed to the North London University college, St. Pancras, and to the Free Hospital, Gray's-inn-road, each 100*l.*

Joseph Balmain, of Prospect-place, Maida-hill, esq. (died 7 Aug. 1868,) proved 31st Aug. by Robert Thomas Benham and Henry May, executors.

The Right Hon. Richard Earl of Ban-

try, having been first proved in Ireland, sealed in the London court on the 5th of November, the personalty being sworn under 90,000*l.*

The Hon. Miss Lydia Baring, Hyde-park, proved by her nephew, Baron Ashburton, sole executor. Personalty sworn under 14,000*l.*

James Basnett, of Bunyan House, Sydenham Park, Kent, esq. (died 13 Oct. 1868), and proved 29 Oct. 1868, by Nathaniel James French Basnett, William Hanks, and Alexander Balderston.

Nicholas Francis Bassett, of Truro, surgeon, (died 2nd Dec. 1868,) proved 11 Dec. in the District Registry at Bodmin by Richard Marrack, esq. of Truro.

Viscountess de Bastos, Dona Francisca Rocha de St. Payo, proved under 2,000*l.* personalty in England.

John Staniforth Beckett, esq. (see p. 65), proved 13 Jan. by Christopher Jenkins Dibb, one of the executors. The personal property sworn under 350,000*l.* To the National Lifeboat Institution 600*l.* for providing a lifeboat, to be called the Gertrude (after testator's wife), to be stationed on such part of the Yorkshire coast as that institution may think fit; to the Ragged School at Barnsley, Yorkshire, 200*l.*; to the churchwardens of St. Mary's, Barnsley, 300*l.* the income to be applied to repair of the fabric; to the churchwardens of St. John's and St. George's churches similar sums, for the like purpose; to the Beckett Dispensary at Barnsley, 5,000*l.*; to the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, 1,250*l.*; to that for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, 750*l.*; and from and after the decease of his wife to the trustees of the National Gallery, the following five pictures, viz.: By Murillo, a Peasant Boy, in brown dress, drinking out of a wine-glass; by Breughel, a Painter's Gallery, filled with a great many paintings, curiosities, and various figures; by R. Wilson, a landscape, called The Bathers; by A. Cuyp, Early Morning; and by Vandermeer, Frost Scene on river at daylight, with figures.

The Ven. William Harry Edward Bentinck, A.M. Rural Dean, and Rector of Siggleshorpe, Yorkshire, formerly Canon and Archdeacon of Westminster (died Sept. 29, 1868, aged 84), proved at York, under 80,000*l.* He has left the following charitable bequests:—To the infirmary of Kingston-on-Hull, 100*l.*; Westminster Hospital, 100*l.*;



Adult Orphan Institution, London, 1,000*l.*; Society for the Relief of Widows and Orphans and Distressed Families of the Clergy of the East Riding of Yorkshire, 350*l.* To his successor to the rectory of Siggles-thorne he leaves four separate sums of 400*l.* 600*l.* 600*l.* and 100*l.* for the purpose of placing boys and girls in, and keeping up, the schools at Siggles-thorne. To the Society for Promoting the Employment of Additional Curates in Populous Parishes, 7,000*l.*; the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, 4,000*l.*; to the Dean and Chapter of Westminster, 3,000*l.* upon trust to pay the interest to the Incumbent of Holy Trinity church, Bessborough-gardens, Vauxhall-bridge, which church he built at his own expense; and a further sum of 2,000*l.* to pay the interest to the curate of that church; to the Westminster Spiritual Aid Fund, 4,000*l.*; Church Building Society, 2,000*l.*; the National Society for the Education of the Poor in the principles of the Established Church, 2,000*l.*; the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, 1,000*l.*; the Diocesan Training School, York, 500*l.*; the Metropolitan Convalescent Institution, 100*l.*; the Casterton Clergy Daughters' School, 100*l.*; the Convalescent Institution, Walton-on-Thames, 50*l.*; the Society for the Relief of Poor Pious Clergymen, 100*l.*; to St. John's Foundation School, 200*l.*; and 450*l.* for building a mixed national school room at Siggles-thorne—all legacies free of duty.

Mr. T. Jex Blake, proctor, of Doctors'-commons, proved under 40,000*l.* personalty.

James Block, esq. of Charlton, Wilts, proved under 50,000*l.* by his son-in-law Lord Sherborne, Francis Leybourne Popham, esq. and Frederick Hillier, esq. of the Stock Exchange. To his wife a life interest in his estates, his daughters having each a marriage portion of 10,000*l.* The residue on the decease of his wife to his two surviving daughters.

William Congreve Cutcliffe Brackenbury, esq. late Consul at Corunna (died 2nd Mar. 1868), administration to Lieut. Manle Campbell Brackenbury, R.Eng. 6 May, 1868.

Everard Augustus Brande, of Sulhamstead House, Tynham-green, who died on the 11th of December 1868, proved on the 13th January by John Vigne, Charles John Dimond, and William

Henry Wyld, the executors. The personal property is sworn under 60,000*l.* The testator left legacies to several charities.

Mr. John Broadwood, of Buchan Hill, near Crawley, Sussex, proved under 100,000*l.*

William Burr, late of Kingsland, near Shrewsbury, esq. (died 15 Aug. 1868,) proved by his widow, Julia Matilda Burr (since deceased), and brother, John Burr, of Linley Lodge, Clapham-park, esq. the 26th November.

Rev. Stephen Atkinson Cooke, of Islington (died 21st July, 1868), proved 18th Jan. 1869, by Charles Atkinson, sole executor.

Joseph Christopher Ewart, esq. of New Brighton, Cheshire (of whom a brief memoir has been given in page 115), proved 18th Jan. by Henry Rutson and Albert Osliff Rutson, two of the executors. The personal property is sworn under 180,000*l.* The testator has bequeathed to the Liverpool Northern Hospital, 250*l.*; to the Liverpool Southern Hospital, 250*l.*; and to the Liverpool Royal Infirmary, 250*l.*; to his brother William Ewart, 20,000*l.*; to his nephew John Rutson, during the joint lives of himself and the survivor of his mother and sister, an annuity of 200*l.*; and upon trust for his nephews and nieces the following legacies, viz.: To William Lee Ewart, 8,000*l.*; to Mary Ann Ewart and Margaret Ewart, 5,000*l.* each; to William Salisbury Ewart and Henry Ewart, 12,000*l.* each; to Maria Ewart, Ann Bacon, and Emily Ewart, 4,000*l.* each; to Henry Rutson and Albert Osliff Rutson, 5,000*l.* each; to Ann Gott, 1,000*l.*; and to Elizabeth Nairne, 500*l.* The annual income of the residue is given to his brother William Ewart for life (since deceased, see p. 210), and afterwards to his nephews and nieces, William Lee Ewart, Mary Ann Ewart, Margaret Ewart, William Salisbury Ewart, Henry Ewart, Maria Ewart, Ann Bacon, and Emily Ewart, rateably and in proportion to the amounts of the respective pecuniary legacies given to them, and to be held upon the same trusts.

The Right Rev. Francis Fulford, D.D. Bishop of Montreal (who died 9 Sept. 1868), proved on 20th Jan. by Mary Fulford, his widow, the sole executrix, to whom is bequeathed the whole of his personal estate; sworn under 6,000*l.*

Mary Ann Emelia Gardener (see p. 65), administration 4th Dec. 1868 to Dame Laura Emma Call, of Dover-street.





# THE REGISTER

AND

## MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY.

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APRIL 1869.

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### A CHAPTER IN THE LIFE OF SIR FRANCIS DRAKE.

That chapter in the history of Sir Francis Drake comprising his circumnavigation of the globe, and the several strange circumstances attending it, needs to be re-written; as it stands at present it is a chapter of fallacies, and something worse. From the evidences we are about to adduce—evidences which have escaped the researches of all his biographers—it will abundantly appear that truth and justice have been sacrificed on the altars of bigotry and envy; that those terrible accusations of piracy, oppression, and murder, which were preferred against him shortly after his return home, and which have been repeated oftentimes since by naval historians, were, as Dryden sings of another and later Ethnic-plot,

Not weigh'd nor winnow'd by the multitude,  
But swallow'd in the mass, unchew'd and crude.  
Some truth there was, but dash'd and brew'd with lies,  
To please the fools, and puzzle all the wise.

I. It has been questioned, in the first place, whether the Admiral received a commission from the Queen to undertake his memorable voyage in 1577-1580. His nephew, namesake, and follower on that occasion, avers that Elizabeth not only sanctioned his departure for the South Seas, but at the same time presented a sword to him, saying, "We do account that he which striketh at thee, Drake, striketh at us." This curious anecdote has always been treated by his biographers and others as mere fanfaronade; but the whole tenor of the Queen's subsequent conduct towards him goes very far to confirm the probability of its truth. When she conferred the dignity of knighthood upon him she publicly declared (according to Camden) "that his actions did him more honour than his title." And the language which



the Admiral himself employs in the original dedication prefixed to "Sir Francis Drake Revived" is in perfect accordance with those remarkable speeches. The earliest edition of that once popular book has escaped the notice of every bibliographer.\*

"I have accounted it my duty," he writes on the 1 Jan. 1592, "to present this discourse to your Majesty as of right, either for itself, being the first-fruits of your servant's pen, or for the matter, being service done to your Majesty against your great enemy, at such times, in such places, and after such sort *as may seem strange to those that are not acquainted with the whole carriage thereof . . . .* that posterity be not deprived of such help as may happily be gained hereby, and our present age (at least) may be satisfied in the rightfulness of those actions, which hitherto have been silenced, and your servant's labour not seem altogether lost, not only in travel by sea and land, but also in writing the report thereof, a work to himself no less troublesome, yet made pleasant and sweet in that it hath been, is, and shall be for your Majesty's content, to whom I have devoted myself, live or die."

It is incredible that any man would dare to transgress the limits of veracity when addressing his sovereign upon matters of state policy, and with which she necessarily must have been as well informed as himself. In the book in question it is distinctly averred that all his maritime actions were performed with the cognizance and approbation of his royal mistress.

When he returned home in Sept. 1580, and announced the fact to the Council, Elizabeth, it has been repeated again and again, took no notice whatever of the adventurer, or of his doings, until the month of April in the following year. But the Public Record Office reveals quite another tale. Instead of dividing the spoil, which was valued at two millions sterling, between himself and his companions (as assuredly would have been the case if the speculation had been, as commonly supposed, a *private* one), Drake delivered the whole at once to the exclusive custody of Edmund Tremayne, the Queen's agent at Plymouth; who quickly received specific instructions from the court how to dispose of it. He was directed to hand over 10,000*l.* to Drake, and strictly enjoined to keep the knowledge of this fact from every one.

"And forasmuch as for sundry good respects we think it very meet," writes the Queen herself, "that the leaving of the said sum in his hands should be kept most secret (to yourself alone), we therefore charge you that the same be used accordingly, whereof we need not be in doubt, having heretofore by former experience had so good proof of your secrecy."

The sum thus appropriated was to satisfy the immediate requirements of the mariners.

During the altercations and strife that prevailed in the squadron whilst on its passage to the South American coasts, and which ended

\* There is a copy of this rare edition in the Grenville Library.





so tragically in the harbour of San Julian, the question respecting the actual status of Drake afloat, or, in other words, the extent of his commission, was agitated more than once. He demonstrated his authority by punishing the mutinous. Amongst other contemporary documents extant, describing the voyage and its incidents, and not generally known, is a log professedly written by John Cooke, a mariner. It is obviously the composition of a person whose education was completed in some better gymnasium than the fore-castle of a ship. This forms the slender foundation upon which that enormous structure of fiction and malice was reared by the implacable and indefatigable foes of Leicester and the Queen, and with whose names and misdeeds that of Drake is associated. Throughout the document there breathes a spirit of vehement hostility, more especially to the Admiral, whom the writer affects to loathe with the utmost abhorrence, representing him as "a hypocritical and blood-thirsty tyrant," and his followers as "a company of desperate bankrupts" and "perjured villains." The author's laboured account of the trial and condemnation of Thomas Doughty, the alleged victim of the Earl's animosity, is so far interesting in this connection that it lends some countenance to the fact of Elizabeth having been privy to the real destination of the squadron, as well as a partner (to the extent of a thousand crowns) in the venture. This incidentally transpires during the preliminary examination of the accused.

"Then it fell out upon further talk," writes Cooke, "that Master Doughty said that my Lord Treasurer had a plot of the voyage. No, that he hath not, quoth Master Drake. He had it from me, quoth Master Doughty. Lo, my masters, quoth he, what this fellow hath done; God will have his treacheries all known; for Her Majesty gave me special commandment that, of all men, my Lord Treasurer should not know it; but to see how his own mouth hath betrayed him! So this was a special article against him, to cut his throat, and greatly he seemed to rejoice at this advantage."

Among the various "articles (of impeachment) preferred against the unfortunate Doughty, to which more particular reference will be made hereafter, is one containing the substance of an address which the accused delivered upon assuming the command of a fly-boat belonging to the squadron. The gravamen of the charge is that Doughty had not merely usurped but greatly abused the functions of "a general." This, among other "articles," was substantiated to the satisfaction of the forty individuals who officiated at his trial; and whom, it may be presumed, were also satisfied of their commander's true footing afloat. Indeed, John Cooke, although he affects to doubt the fact of Drake having been duly commissioned by the Queen, is constrained to admit that the Admiral offered to produce his credentials at the proper time.

"I am therefore to tell you," urged Doughty to the crew of the fly-boat, "that you are to obey only one master, knowing that the General hath his authority



from her highness the Queen's Majesty and her council, such as hath not been committed rarely to any subject before his time, to punish at his discretion, with death or otherwise, offenders; so he hath committed the same authority unto me in his absence, to execute upon those who are malefactors, wherein I will not disappoint his expectation and credit, which he doth look for at my hands, for the respect of any person; but whosoever offendeth, by God's body, shall feel the smart!"

Elsewhere he is reported to have said, that he and Drake were joined in the same commission by the Queen, and which was "as large a commission as ever went out of England." Fletcher, the chaplain, who heartily sympathised with Doughty, also testified that his unhappy friend "had boasted of having brought the General to the Queen's pay."

In our own possession is another contemporary document, translated from the Spanish, and attested by John Frampton, notary public setting forth *in extenso* the predatory acts of Drake and his companions on the coasts of Chili and Peru in the year 1579. It contains, therefore, a complete enumeration of the individual losses sustained at that time by King Philip and his subjects, according to the sworn testimony of the several masters whose vessels had been seized and plundered on the high seas and in harbour. Comparing this perfect catalogue with that which Don Ferdinando Mendoza, the Spanish ambassador, handed to the Queen's Council, when demanding restitution of the spoil, the discrepancies betwixt the two are immensely calculated to startle the reader. The marvellous elasticity of that subtle functionary's conscience is exhibited in almost every item. Thus, "Saynt John de Anton, the master and owner of the bark cawlid Or Lady Conception," deposed before "the royall audience of Panama," that the value of the treasure which had been seized belonging to King Philip amounted to 360,000 pezos, "gold and silver and rialles," each pezo being equivalent to (it is stated in the margin) seven shillings English; a total which assumes the portentous dimensions of 1,093,000 pezos in the claim preferred by Mendoza! In like manner the 14,000 pezos taken from one Lieutenant Torres are multiplied into 100,000. But this by the way. St. John D'Anton was a prisoner for six days on board the Admiral's ship, the *Golden Hind*. During that time he confesses to have received most excellent treatment at the hands of his captors. In fact Drake, with characteristic assurance and generosity, withheld "nothing from his eyes or even from his ears;" and, but for the remonstrances of those immediately about him, would have bestowed upon his enforced guest ammunition and armaments.

"And he gave to this wytnes (says D'Anton) a corselet gilte and other thinges, and he wuld have geven him municion, powder, and other thinges, and his soldiers saied unto him that he shuld not geve it unto him."





As was his invariable practice when sweeping the Spanish seas, he dismissed every captive, whatever his condition, with an ample stock of clothing and other provisions. D'Anton retails at length several conversations he had with him, and amongst other things learned the primary object of the voyage, and by whose authority it was undertaken.

"I know well," he remarked to D'Anton, "that the Vise Roye (of Peru) will send for you for to enforme him of me; tell him that it is sufficient that he hath killed the Englishe men which were under his powre, and the iiij Englishe men that remaynith, which he have prisoners, that he kill them not; but if he kill them yt shall cost the lyves of more then ij thowsand Spaniards, and before him I will hang them, and send him their heddés . . . . And the saied Capteyne Frauncis saied to this wytnes, that the Vise Roye of the New Spayne had not kept his word with John Hawkinés, and that he had taken fro' him vij thowsand (of pezos), and that he came to recover them; and that he had a Letter of Gifte of the Qucene of Englande that he might robe for her, &c."

And furthermore he intimated, and in language much too explicit to be misapprehended, that, having at length discovered the shortest route to the South Pacific Ocean, D'Anton's fellow-countrymen established near the isthmus, or on the main, need not for the future stand in dread of him. The new field was more promising than the old one, rich as the latter had proved.

"The saied Capteyne Frauncis saied to this wytnes that he had taken paines to discover a good waye to come from Spayne, and that it was not nedful from henceforthe to come to the Nubre de Dios, nor to passe so muche labour, nor the m'rchaunts to spend so muche moneye, and if the King of Spayne would not geve them leve to trade, paying him his customes, that they would come and carry away the silver," &c.

This is the testimony of a Spaniard, borne before the highest tribunal in the colony, and in the absence of the parties who had aggrieved him. He distinctly affirms that the depredations of the enemy were committed in the ordinary way of reprisal. And this view receives considerable support from a third, and, so far as we are aware, hitherto unnoticed document, emanating from the Council of Elizabeth, and being the composition, apparently, of no less a personage than Dr. David Lewes, the Judge of her Admiralty. That document thus commences:—

"Touching Sir Fra. Drakes late voyage to the Southe Sea beyond the Straights of Magalane, although the interest of the King of Spayne in thes countreys myght be first called in question, yett leving the same in ballance for this time, let us see of w<sup>t</sup> valewe the proves exhibited against the said Sir Francis Drake be of."

Then follows a concise review of every charge preferred against him. The document is much too long for insertion here; neither can its contents be easily condensed so as to preserve the true spirit of it;



suffice it to say therefore, that the Council avail themselves of every legal and technical objection in order to avoid the relinquishment of any portion of the spoil. So far, then, as the professional reputation of the Admiral is in question, this state-paper alone, if it does not establish, according to our modern conceptions of international law and justice, the absolute "rightfulness" of his proceedings, exonerates him at the least from the stereotyped imputation of piracy. He must have had a commission of some sort—possibly no more than a "letter of gift" or *marque*, as reported by D'Anton—or the Queen's Council would never have interposed, or thrown their *ægis* over him. And furthermore, in the succeeding reign (anno 1613) these, among other maritime successes about the same period, were cited by the Admiralty officials, in their correspondence with Spain, as "*no private, but public actions.*"

II. The double accusation of tyrannising over his own people and barbarously using his enemy may be dismissed with a few words. D'Anton, in the information above referred to, affirms that he "saw that the sayed Englishe man (Drake) was wel beloved of his men"; and Tremayne, when replying to the private communication of the Queen, observes, *inter alia*:

"I dars take an oath with him, that he will rather diminish his own portion than leave any of them (his co-adventurers) unsatisfied. And for his mariners and followers, I have been an eye-witness and have heard with mine ears, upon the shutting up of these matters, such certain shews of good-will, as truly I cannot yet see that many of them will leave his company wheresoever [he goes].

The crew of the *Golden Hind*, exclusive of her officers, exceeded 150 in number, of whom Cooke appears to have been the only implacable one; and he acknowledges having offended his Admiral by neglecting his duty, for which he was restricted to the shore for several days. When Mendoza taxed them all indiscriminately with having followed the example of his own countrymen, in their treatment of the Indians, and chopped off the right hand of every Spaniard whom they had captured on the Chilian and Peruvian coasts, the Admiral, the whole of his officers, and such of his men as were in London at the moment—fifty altogether—instantaneously and indignantly exposed the utter groundlessness of the accusation. Their protest is still preserved in the public record office. Mendoza likewise charged Drake specifically with having surprised and massacred the master and crew of the bark *Portugallana* in Callao, the port of Lima; but Frampton the notary has fortunately abridged the deposition of the alleged principal sufferer, a certain Alonzo Rodrigues Baptista; from which it appears that, so far from himself and his mariners having been thus summarily despatched in cold blood, he was the solitary individual "hurt," whilst endeavouring to rescue his property. From the commencement to the close of this memorable expedition, there is no





evidence whatever to show that a single Spaniard was slain. The English, on the contrary, did not escape with impunity; several of them were killed and wounded, and more captured. As compared with the results, the casualties however were trifling indeed.

W. WALKER WILKINS.

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SIR WILLIAM GREGORY, KNIGHT,

JUSTICE OF THE COURT OF KING'S BENCH, AND SPEAKER OF THE  
HOUSE OF COMMONS.

[This sketch is designed to form one of a series of portraits, by which the memory of the "Worthies of Herefordshire" may be better preserved].

CHARLES J. ROBINSON.

It is probably not far from the truth that the majority of the puisne judges "impressed no mark on their day or generation and passed noiselessly away, with nothing to commemorate their existence except perhaps a pompous epitaph in some village church, which attests how learned a lawyer and how forgotten an individual sleeps below."\* But it should be remembered that not a few of them, in their progress towards the repose of the Bench, played a prominent part in the political struggles of their time. The chief debaters in the House of Commons have generally been members of the bar; and though in other times, besides our own, the great prizes of their profession have been too often distributed rather as rewards of zealous partizanship than of legal acquirements, yet, in some cases, the professional knowledge which a member displayed in Parliamentary life has been the evident and natural cause of his elevation to the Bench.

Sir William Gregory's promotion may be ascribed to this cause. We should not be right in styling him a profound lawyer or a brilliant orator, but the calmness and impartiality which he exhibited in the quasi-judicial position of Speaker of the House of Commons marked him as especially fitted for the preferment which he subsequently obtained in his profession. As a judge his reputation for courage and integrity made him as much an honour to the Bench as his contemporaries Jeffries, North, Scroggs, and Williams were its disgrace.

The subject of this memoir was the eldest surviving son of the Rev. Robert Gregory, M.A. Vicar of Fownhope and Rector of Sutton St. Nicholas, Herefordshire, by his first wife Anne, daughter of John Harvey of Berkeley, co. Gloucester.

He was born at Fownhope Vicarage, 1st March 1624, educated at

\* *Quarterly Review*, No. 323 p. 327.



Oxford, and on the 9th of April 1644 was admitted to a Fellowship at All Souls College. He became a student of Gray's Inn and was called to the bar in 1650, but his professional progress was rather lucrative than rapid, for he did not receive the coif until 1677. In the same year he entered Parliament as member for Weobley, taking the seat of Sir Thomas Williams, Bart. the King's Physician, whose election had been declared void. He took a somewhat prominent part in the debates of that eventful session, and within a year after his admission to the House was called upon to preside over its deliberations.

The circumstances which led to this unexpected elevation were peculiar. Sir Edward Seymour had been elected Speaker in 1672, and, though haughty and overbearing in manner, had gained great influence over all parties by the independent spirit he had displayed in defending the privileges of the House. For the same reason he was disliked by the King, and perhaps regarded with jealousy by the Chancellor.\* At any rate, when Parliament re-assembled in March 1673 † he was unanimously chosen Speaker of the Commons, with the distinct knowledge on their part that his election would not be confirmed by the Crown. In order to avoid a difficulty he did not make the formal excuse, equivalent to *nolo episcopari*, which is usual on such occasions, but presented himself to the King with the words, "I am come hither for your Majesty's approbation, which if your Majesty will please to grant, I shall do them and you the best service I can." The King and Chancellor were both taken aback by this abrupt request, but, after consulting together, the latter told Sir Edward that the King reserved him for other services and desired that another choice should be made. The Commons returned to their house, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer proposed to them the name of Sir Thomas Meres, which was well received by the moderate members, who deprecated any further delay of business. The question, however, was one of privilege, upon which the House has ever felt warmly, and the result of the debate was that the Commons declined to waive their hitherto unquestioned right, and the King, to gain time, prorogued the meeting for a few days. In the interval a compromise was effected: Mr Serjeant Gregory was elected March 15, and two days afterwards the King, without hesitation, approved the choice. This contest established the principle that though the House elects its own Speaker the King has the power of rejecting any person who is personally disagreeable to him.

\* Sir William Temple says that Seymour's rejection arose from a pique that existed between him and the wife of the Lord Treasurer.

† Sir Robert Sawyer, on the nomination of the Crown, occupied the post of Speaker for a few days only.





The short session which followed was marked by several debates of more than ordinary interest, but the Speaker does not appear to have taken a prominent part in any of them, except on one occasion, when he raised his voice to condemn that system of bribing members with public money which had been so long practised by the King and his ministers.

The House over which Mr. Serjeant Gregory had been called to preside was composed of materials very different from those which made up that venal assembly which had been nicknamed "The Pensionary Parliament." The Legislature was filled with men determined to resist the encroachments of the Crown, and to preserve intact—if not to extend—their own privileges. The Speaker was firm but conciliatory, and it was perhaps in some measure due to his influence that no open rupture took place between the King and the Commons.

The session was a stormy one: the impeachment of Lord Danby; the formation of a secret Cabinet Council; the incessant quarrels between Halifax and Shaftesbury; the opposition to the Duke of York's succession to the Throne, kept the House closely engaged. Still it was able, in the midst of the confusion, to pass the Habeas Corpus Act, and the Speaker had the distinguished honour of procuring the Royal assent to that statute, which, next to Magna Charta, is the greatest safeguard to the liberty of the subject. The Speaker was released from his duties in the Senate on the 27th May 1679, and returned at once to the work of his profession. He had been made a Baron of Exchequer and knighted on the 1st of May, and was now sworn in and commenced the discharge of his judicial functions.

They were brought to an abrupt termination 10th February 1686, in consequence, as Sir William himself relates,\* of his giving an opinion against the King's dispensing power. Sir Edward Herbert, the Chief Justice, declared that there was nothing with which the King might not dispense, and when the matter was referred to the twelve judges, Sir William Gregory alone had the boldness to dispute this decision.

In the Convention Parliament, which met on January 22nd 1689, Sir William was returned as Member for the City of Hereford,† but he had scarcely taken his seat before he was selected by King William as one of the judges of the King's Bench. In that Court he maintained the high character for justice and integrity which he had already acquired.

The intervals of business, and the last years of his life were spent at How Caple, the parish adjoining his birth-place. He had bought

\* Foss's *Lives of the Judges*.

† Duncumb, and, I think, every other historian of Hereford, erroneously calls the member Sir William Greville, Kut.



the manor and estate about the year 1677, and afterwards added largely to it by the purchase of other property in Woolhope, Fownhope, and Sollershope.

The parish church of How Capel was rebuilt by him, and does credit alike to his piety and taste, and his liberal benefactions to the poor of Fownhope and How Caple, and to the Lazarus Hospital at Hereford, justify the language of his Epitaph:—

## M. S.

GULIELMI GREGORIE. Equ: aurati  
Totius Angliæ Senatus è Cathedra Audivit  
Prolocutorem,  
Erudita Juris Consultorum Subsellia  
Nunc in Arario Baronem  
Deinde in regio Tribunali Justitiarum  
Suspexerunt;  
Cui in Salerni comitorum circuitu jura ferenti  
Incorrupta semper comes assidit justitia,  
Eodemque apud suos argenti  
Amicum ad omnia magis paratum  
Tota non undique experta est vicinia,  
Nec Patronum ecclesiæ generosiorum:  
Hujus gravi disuria pereuntis exuvias  
Templum hoc pia ejusdem munificentia exstructum  
Dignumque tam sacro deposito conditorium  
Ad Beatorum conservat resurrectionem  
Qua supremæ judicis adventum  
Divinæ fiduciæ fretus clementiæ  
Ipse mitissimus in terris iudex  
Securus præstolatur  
Obt. An: Salut: MDCCXVI.  
Ætat LXXII.

He was buried in the chancel of How Capel church, 6th June 1696, near the spot where his only son James Gregory, Bencher of Gray's Inn and a barrister of much promise, had been already interred. His wife Katherine, only daughter of James Smith, Esq. of Tillington (and widow, first, of John Carpenter of the Homme in Dilwyn, and, secondly, of Humphry Tomkyns of Monnington), survived him four years, and died at How Caple in 1700.

At Acton Scott, the seat of his descendant Mrs. Stackhouse Acton, there is a good portrait of Sir William Gregory in his judicial robes.

Sir William's great-grandson, William Gregory, attained some eminence as a barrister, and is said to have been made a serjeant-at-law.\* He married Susan, eldest daughter and coheir of William Brydges of the Middle Temple, Esq. and, upon the death of his only son with-

\* Manning's *Lives of the Speakers*, 377. The name does not occur in Beaton's List.





out issue, the property of the Gregorys devolved upon Thomas Pen-darves Stackhouse, Esq. (who in consequence assumed the name of Acton), he being the second son of John Stackhouse, Esq. by Susanna, only child of Edward Acton, of Acton Scott, co. Salop, Esq. by Anne, only daughter and heiress of the above-named Serjeant William Gregory.

Arms :—Or, two bars azure, in chief a lion passant of the second.

## REVIEWS.

### LORD HADDO, AND THE HON. J. H. GORDON.

(THE TRUE NOBILITY.) *Sketches of the Life and Character of Lord Haddo, fifth Earl of Aberdeen: and of his son, the Hon. J. H. Gordon.* By ALEXANDER DUFF, D.D., LL.D., *Professor of Ecangelistic Theology, New College, Edinburgh.* Crown 8vo. pp. 166. (Religious Tract Society.)

The first subject of this book was the eldest son and successor of "the learned thane, Athenian Aberdeen," the antiquary and Prime Minister. He was Earl of Aberdeen from the date of his father's decease in December, 1860, until his own death in March, 1864, but, having been previously "better known to the Christian world as Lord Haddo," his friends still cherish his memory under that title. A memoir of him was prepared by the Rev. E. B. Elliott, of Brighton, (his former tutor,) which was at first circulated privately, and afterwards published, with some additions, in 1867. A third and a fourth edition have since been called for. The present more concise memoir was written for *Sunday at Home* (May, 1868), and now appears with some amplification.

Lord Haddo was born at the Priory, near Stanmore, in 1816; was educated by Mr. Elliott at Tuxford, and at Cambridge, when he graduated M.A. in 1837. He was married in 1840 to Mary, daughter of George Baillie, of Jervis Wood, sister to the late Marchioness of Breadalbane, and to the present Earl of Haddington. He was resident in the palace of Holyrood when his eldest son the present Earl was born there. He afterwards lived for four years at St. Leonard's, near Windsor, where his chief occupation was landscape painting; and in 1845 he removed to the Ranger's house of Greenwich-park, his father having been appointed to that office. During these

years he led a life outwardly most pure and exemplary, and "was, in his own estimation, and that of his friends, a devout and religious man;" but, notwithstanding this admission on the part of his present biographer, it is added that his character and whole future career became changed as suddenly as in the cases of Saul of Tarsus, Colonel Gardiner, and other similar well known and authenticated cases, "by what is termed an extraordinary event" that occurred at Brighton, on or about the 24th January, 1848. The event itself is remarkable only for its minuteness, however extensive and permanent its consequences. We should rather describe it as a sudden mental impression, of which the exciting cause was merely the contemplation of a heap of clothes, put off as he was dressing for dinner. But the state of mind produced consisted in an overwhelming dread of dying unprepared. His first impulse was to seek retirement in Australia, and "there (in his own words) to lead a life of piety, which I seemed to want courage to do here." His filial love happily restrained him from this extravagance; but he resolved to segregate himself from "the pomps and vanities of the world" at home, and to avow himself "a new creature in Christ Jesus." His better reflections determined him not to waste his time and energies in idle unproductive pietism, and his future life became one of earnest labour, and, all must admit,



of much usefulness. He devoted himself more particularly to visiting the poor and sick, in which he often spent six or eight hours a day. He took a deep interest in Sunday schools, and an active part in the practical operations of various religious and philanthropic societies. After assisting the erection of churches in several destitute localities, he undertook the sole charge of building one in the overgrown parish of St. George's in the East. The cost of this church, including site and endowment, amounted to 10,700*l.* and at that time his own yearly allowance was only 3,000*l.* This act of munificence was, by his own desire, but little noticed in his lifetime, nor would he allow even his initials to be placed in any part of the structure, so literally did he observe the Poet's dictum—

Who builds a Church to God, and not to Fame,  
Will never carve the marble with his name.

In the summer of 1853 appeared the first symptoms of an illness which eventually proved fatal. It was a wasting atrophy, and, ordinary medical expedients failing, Lord Haddo repaired to Malvern for hydropathic treatment. On the 7th August, 1854, Dr. Gully plainly announced that he despaired of averting a fatal issue; but it was determined, as a last resource, that Lord Haddo should winter in Egypt. This was done, and with great benefit. In the following May Lord Haddo returned partially restored in health, and was even able occasionally to attend the House of Commons, in which he sat for the county of Aberdeen. In October, 1857, he received the Queen and Prince Consort at Haddo House, Aberdeenshire, to which he paid an annual visit, but his residence was still chiefly at Blackheath, where he was unwearied in his works of Christian philanthropy, superintending a numerous corps of Bible women, scripture readers, and city missionaries. Conferences were held at the Ranger's house "to consider how best the glad tidings of salvation might be brought home to the poor population in Greenwich and the neighbourhood," and its grounds were thrown open to gatherings of the Ragged schools, the London Sunday-school children, and the Greenwich brigade of shoeblacks, &c. On Sunday afternoons public preaching was encouraged in Greenwich-park. In spite of the opposition and abuse of those whose pecuniary interests were involved in it, Lord Haddo

succeeded in suppressing Greenwich fair, which had been notorious for its manifold and nameless iniquities. It is satisfactory to be assured that the Rev. Dr. Miller, the Vicar of Greenwich, in a public address delivered at the last annual meeting of the London City Mission, bore testimony to a greatly improved condition of his parish, resulting from the efforts originating with Lord Haddo.

In the greater part of 1860 Lord Haddo was again in Egypt, and it was at Luxor, on the 11th Jan. 1861, that he received the tidings of his father's death.

On returning to England, he came to his old-fashioned mansion of Argyll House, near the eastern side of Regent Street; but soon after determining to quit London for Haddo, he sold Argyll House, retaining only its stables, then converted into a Ragged school. When his eldest son reached his majority in 1862, the Earl presented a copy of *The Pilgrim's Progress* to every tenant on his estate. In 1863 his friends were astonished to hear that he was contemplating a voyage to Spain. Manuel Matamoros, a convert to Protestantism, had been condemned to nine years' penal servitude, and the Earl of Aberdeen resolved to head a deputation sent to intercede for a remission of the sentence. In attempting this arduous task he relied rather on his name than his personal exertions, remarking that "The Spaniards know the names of but few English noblemen, and care little generally about them; but my father's name is known and honoured all over Europe, and therefore my going will be of use." The result seemed to correspond with this anticipation, for, as if the deputation had cast the shadow of its influence before, they found their arrival at Madrid welcomed by a commutation of the culprit's sentence into banishment.

Having barely taken his seat in the House of Peers, on his passage through London, when returning from Spain, the fifth Earl of Aberdeen repaired to the North, where he remained until his death, which occurred on the 21st March 1864.

After dwelling on the actions of the life of which we have given this brief summary, Dr. Duff devotes two chapters to the character of Lord Haddo, first in its personal aspects, and next in its relative aspects. He vindicates the "conversion" of this nobleman as





having differed essentially from a fanatical delusion. "The victim of fanatical delusion rejects the revealed word of God, and trusts to imaginary supernatural revelations made to himself; whereas the subject of a genuine conversion by the Spirit of God always looks to the written word for guidance, direction, and counsel." It was the delight of Lord Haddo to "search the Scriptures" for himself, and receive nothing on mere human authority. He further adopted the practice of a scrutinising self-examination, as a regular and systematic part of duty. The effect which followed was a course of active and self-denying exertions for the welfare of his fellow-men.

Nor, it is urged, can the course he took be attributed to weakness of mind. He not only laid on the altar his worldly rank and position and wealth, but also considerable personal talents.

"From his natural shyness and reserve, his love of retirement, and, at times, of perfect solitude, his total abandonment, from the time of his conversion, of all worldly or fashionable society, the pressing illness of his last ten years, which rendered a life of comparative seclusion a necessity, and above all, his singular humility, people in general did not know him, did not understand him, and, therefore, could not appreciate him. But those who knew him best could testify that he was a man of great and varied natural talents and acquired endowments. He was a man of strong and vigorous intellect, which could take a firm grasp of a comprehensive subject, and of an acute, penetrating understanding, which could soon unravel a complicated one."

"Dr. Christopher Wordsworth once congratulated him when at Cambridge on his success in his classical studies, and his biographer Mr. Elliott has vouched for his talent for both geometrical and analytical mathematics. He had also a turn for metaphysical inquiries. His filial relationship with one of the leading statesmen of the age led him to study the principles of political and national economy. He devoted much attention to astronomy, chemistry, geology, and other branches of natural philosophy and physical science. He was naturally a man of exquisite taste; and that taste became still more refined by culture. He excelled in painting, and many other accomplishments. His style of composition was scholarly and classic. His more elaborate writings

were destroyed by himself. But in the fragments which remain there are often remarks in which, beneath a chaste and severely simple style, the discerning reader may detect a considerable power of thought and shrewd observation."

In most of this there is much to claim admiration; but when we come to the destruction of "his more elaborate writings," we reflect, with a sigh, that whilst

"Great wits to madness nearly are allied,"

so great saints certainly occasionally overstep the borders of sanity. We can only read with pity, and not with sympathy, in another place (p. 19,) that he gave up painting, the innocent amusement of his earlier life, after a "sore mental conflict." And not only so, but shortly afterwards sold all his pictures, which he had been collecting during many years, and had formerly regarded with fond affection. The reasoning which led to this course was to the following effect:—"In ancient times, and still in Roman Catholic countries, the highest powers of art have been instinctively applied to the service of religion. Our spiritual religion does not admit of this connection. Human applause and gratification is the object of art; and the inference is, I fear, that a high cultivation of art is inconsistent with the religion of Christ, and unfavourable to the practice of its self-denying duties and precepts." We cannot join with the biographer in admiring Lord Haddo's "final judgment" on this subject. Nor is his lordship's argument consistent in itself. If "the highest powers of art have been *instinctively* applied to the service of religion," why should they be sacrificed for its sake? And why should "the religion of Christ," in particular, be represented in so ungracious an aspect? There is too much, no doubt, in the ecclesiastical parade and display of the present day that runs into the very opposite extreme; but we think the verdict of moderate and sober minds will admit that the beauties of art, whether in design or in music, are, and ought to be, made conducive to the interests of religion. They require to be controlled, but need not be condemned and rejected.

The second biography, appended to that of the fifth Earl of Aberdeen, relates to his son the Hon. JAMES HENRY HAMILTON GORDON. He was born in the Ranger's house at Greenwich Park



on the 11th Oct. 1845; and at thirteen was sent to the flourishing school of Dr. Tabor, at Cheam. He was afterwards for nearly three years with a private tutor; in Nov. 1863, went to the college of St. Andrew's; and in Oct. 1863, to Cambridge. When between seventeen and eighteen he imbibed earnest religious sentiments, which render his memoirs an appropriate sequel to those of his father. Many details are given of his devout aspirations, and of the repeated efforts which he made to recommend and impart the like convictions to his companions. But we are assured that "his religion had about it no tincture of repulsive moroseness, ascetic austerity, or monastic seclusiveness. On the contrary, he was noted for his buoyancy of spirits, his exuberant flow of harmless gaiety, and his genial companionable tendencies." He greatly excelled in all those feats of agility, strength, and skill which so readily excite the admiration of young men. Inheriting his father's admiration of the beauties and sublimities of nature, and a decided taste for the fine arts, he showed a superior talent for drawing, and in poetical composition gave much promise of excellence. Few could cope with him in argument, and as a student he was industrious and persevering. To crown all, his simplicity of manners, his generosity of spirit, his inexhaustible fund of genial humour, and his unflinching gentleness and kindness, made him a general favourite.

In the spring of 1867, having read Mr. Macgregor's book on canoeing, he determined to spend the long vacation in a voyage similar to that there described. Accordingly, in a canoe fourteen feet long, two feet two inches broad, and rather less than one foot in depth, he crossed from Dover to Boulogne one night towards the close of July, proceeded by the Saone, the Rhone, and the Mediterranean, to Genoa; and, having passed through Switzerland, returned from Lucerne by the Reuss, the Aar, and the Rhine to Rotterdam. Of this singular voyage he wrote a narrative, the first half of which was published during his lifetime, in the *Cambridge University Magazine*, and, the

rest having been found among his papers, the whole has been printed for private circulation in an octavo of about seventy pages. In the opinion of a nobleman distinguished in the world of letters "it is charmingly written, instinct with freshness and originality, and exhibiting not only a bold and gallant spirit, but a cultured mind, accompanied by great simplicity of character."

Mr. Gordon was again at Cambridge, when, on the 12th Feb. 1868, his promising career was suddenly terminated. Whilst handling his rifle in his room, it was accidentally discharged, and caused his almost immediate death. It was remarked in one of the local papers that "the loss of any other man would never have been so universally felt as this. Nearly every one knew him by sight; every one knew him by name and reputation. He was almost always the topic of conversation at every party; whoever knew him personally was charmed with his geniality, his good-nature, and his thoroughly gentleman-like conduct on all occasions. He was, moreover, one of the finest men in the University—a man, indeed, whom no one could meet without turning round to look at him. On the whole, we may say that few men have ever been so popular, so admired, so idolized."

The adventurous spirit which Mr. Gordon indulged in his canoe tour had previously shown itself in more than one instance. Even when at school he had expressed to Mr. Tabor a strong wish to become a missionary. When, on his elder brother returning from New Brunswick in 1864, he heard of the lumberers at work in the forests of that colony, he was desirous to visit their scattered camps and to carry them the Gospel of Christ; and towards the close of the same year he even more seriously thought of forming a Christian colony in British Kaffraria. This was to have been established in the trans-Kei territory, then offered for sale by the Cape Government, but since partitioned among some of the native tribes. His friends have so far cherished this idea, that they have resolved to place in that territory a mission-station which will commemorate the name of Gordon.





## HOWITT'S NORTHERN HEIGHTS OF LONDON.

*The Northern Heights of London: or, Historical Associations of Hampstead, Highgate, Muswell Hill, Hornsey, and Islington. By WILLIAM HOWITT, author of "Visits to Remarkable Places."* 1867. 8vo. (Longmans.)

The books which belong to that extensive class of English literature which is called topography are in a great measure biographical, because a large portion of their contents consists in the history of families: and this is more especially the case with the histories of our suburban parishes, which indulge in commemorating not merely lords of manors, but all residents of distinction. The work of the Rev. Daniel Lysons on *The Environs of London* led the way in this respect, and it happens that the villages named in the title-page of the work before us are those which have had some of the best local historians: Park for Hampstead, Prickett for Highgate, Lewis and Tomlin for Islington. The quarto volume of Lewis in particular is in great measure one of biography. From these and kindred sources Mr. Howitt has gathered his materials. He is a writer of considerable experience in the art of rendering such topics attractive and popular: for he has already produced two series of *Visits to Remarkable Places*, and the present volume may be regarded as forming a third. He has an animated and even an eloquent style of writing: which only leads him into occasional extravagance when his political feelings are engaged, as for example in his abuse of "bishops now-a-days," in p. 293. He appears to the best advantage in his notices of poets and painters,

which are abundantly scattered through these pages. But his errors and misstatements of historical facts are lamentably numerous: and like Sir Simonds Dewes, who professed to have been able to correct Camden's *Britannia* in almost every page, as Mr. Howitt tells us in p. 500,—there calling Sir Simonds "Sir Simon,"—so Mr. Howitt himself has to be corrected far more frequently than his great predecessor. In any genealogical statement he gets into inextricable confusion, as will be seen in what he says of the family of Sir William Waad, (p. 13), of the children of the great Lord Erskine (p. 81), and of the mistresses of Charles II. (p. 355). But he asks in his preface for the correction of "accidental errors," with a view to future editions. At present the book is simply entertaining, without being trustworthy.

We must add a parting word of approbation in regard to the engravings. The volume is embellished with more than forty woodcuts, which are not only excellent in point of art, but very admirable for the judgment that has been exercised in the selection of their subjects: they are not of an ordinary kind, but all more or less interesting: many being derived from the very rich collection of drawings and prints of Middlesex views which has been formed by John E. Gardner, esq. of St. John's-wood-park.

*Shakespeare illustrated by Old Authors. By WILLIAM LOWES RUSHTON, of Gray's Inn, Barrister-at-Law. The First Part, 1867; The Second, 1868; Shakespeare's Testamentary Language, 1869. Bound together in one vol. post 8vo. (Longmans.)*

This volume is composed of papers which have been contributed, at various times, during the last ten years, to the Berlin Society for the study of Modern Languages, and have been published in its *Archiv*. The author some years ago put forth a book to prove that Shakespeare was a lawyer.

*Genealogical Chart showing all the Branches of the Ee-Royal House of Bourbon, now living, and formerly occupying the Thrones of France, Spain, Naples and Sicily, Parma, Tuscany, and Lucca. By FREDERICK J. JEFFERY, F.G.H.S. 1869. 8vo. (Hotten, London; Howell, Liverpool.)*

A very serviceable guide to all who are interested in the modern history of Europe, and particularly with reference to the Spanish Succession. The various lines of descent are clearly distinguished by being printed in different colours.



*Student's Notes on Lord Macaulay's Essay on Lord Mahon's War of the Succession in Spain, comprising a Summary and Map of Peterborough's Campaign, and a concise Account of the Names, Quotations, &c. occurring in the Text. By A. H. BEESLY, M.A. Assistant Master of Marlborough College. 1869. 12mo. (Longmans.)*

Intended to smoothen the path of teachers and scholars in their historical studies.

*Commentaries on the History, Constitution, and Chartered Franchises of the City of London. By GEORGE NORTON, formerly one of the Common Pleaders of the City of London. Third Edition, revised. 1869. 8vo. (Longmans.)*

This valuable work was written more than forty years ago by a gentleman who, shortly before its publication, went to Madras, where he has since passed a laborious professional life as Advocate-General. Having, at an early age, attained an office in the city of London which imposed the obligation of some acquaintance with its laws and customs, he found reason to lament the absence of any work calculated to direct his

studies, and he was induced to endeavour to supply the deficiency. Coke—who had passed through the office of Recorder—had remarked in his Fourth Institute, that “to treat of the great and notable franchises, liberties, and customs of the City of London would require a whole volume of itself.” But no such volume had appeared. Subsequently, Mr. Serjeant Palling has produced (in 1842) an elaborate treatise on the Laws and Customs of the City, which, as Mr. Norton admits, has supplied all that he proposed: and these two gentlemen are able to reciprocate the compliment, that the labours of each would have been superseded, had either carried out their full purpose. But Mr. Serjeant Palling's performance is strictly legal and practical. Mr. Norton's dissertation still remains the best historical introduction to an important branch of study, in which the recent works of Mr. A. A. Riley, derived from the City archives, have enlisted the attention of many readers. It is agreeable, also, to see that the present republication has originated in a resolution of Common Council moved by Mr. Benjamin Orridge, the chairman of the Library Committee, himself a distinguished contributor to the illustration of civic history.

## PROMOTIONS AND PREFERMENTS.

### *Honours conferred.*

*March 1.* Knighted, by letters patent, Robert Hodgson, esq. Chief Justice of the Island of Prince Edward.

### *The Church.*

*March 4.* The Rev. Thomas Goodwin Hatchard, M.A. appointed Bishop of Mauritius.

*Feb. 25.* The Rev. George Prothero, M.A. to be a canon of Westminster.

### *The State.*

*Feb. 23.* Lord Dufferin, Major-Gen. Frederick Maron Eardley-Wilmot, and Charles Stuart Parker, esq. to be members of the commission appointed to inquire into the present state of Military Education.

*March 8.* Col. Henry Lynedoch Gardner, Royal Horse Artillery, to be one of the Grooms in Waiting in ordinary to Her Majesty, in the room of Lieut.

Col. Ernest Augustus Murray MacGregor, deceased.

*Feb. 23.* Benjamin Heywood Jones, esq. of Lark-hill, to be sheriff of the county palatine of Lancaster, for the year ensuing.

*March 1.* Admiral Sir George Rose Sartorius, K.C.B. appointed Vice-Admiral of the United Kingdom, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, in the room of Admiral Sir William Bowles, K.C.B. promoted to be Admiral of the Fleet.

*March 2.* The Hon. William Owen Stanley, to be Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the co. Anglesey, in the room of the late Marquess of Anglesey.

### *The Law.*

*March 15.* Samuel Francis Hewitt, esq. to be a Judge of the Assistant Court of Appeal in the Island of Barbadoes.

*Feb. 22.* Thomas Williams, esq. appointed a member of the Legislative Council of the Bahama Islands.





## RECENT BIOGRAPHICAL INCIDENTS.

It has been determined to appoint four District Superintendents of Police in the Metropolis. The District Superintendents will be Mr. Baynes, now Governor of the County Prison at Winchester; Mr. A. C. Howard, of the Bengal Constabulary; Colonel Pearson, of the Grenadier Guards; and Superintendent Walker. The District Superintendents will act in their respective districts under the orders of the Chief Commissioner.

Captain Richard Francis Burton, the well-known traveller, has been appointed British Consul to Damascus.

Mr. Hugh Cameron, and Mr. R. T. Ross, have been elected academicians of the Royal Scottish Academy.

Dr. Chadwick, of Southport, has presented to the town of Bolton, where he formerly practised, 5,000*l.* towards the erection of modern dwellings for the poor, and an orphan asylum. Only twelve months ago Dr. Chadwick made a bequest to the town of 17,000*l.* for the same object, so that the total amount of his gift is now 22,000*l.*

The Duke of Wellington has placed Mr. Hepworth Dixon's name on the roll of the Middlesex magistrates.

Among the Deacons ordained by the Bishop of Oxford on Feb. 21 was Shapurji Edulji, a Parsee. He takes his place among the clergy of England, and is now curate of Burford and Fulbrook, not many miles from Oxford.

In the autumn of 1867, Mr. Gill, a barrister of the Inner Temple, was called upon by the benchers of his inn to answer a charge to the effect that, while acting as counsel for a lady in a Chancery suit, he had used his influence unprofessionally, and induced her to give him control over a sum of money which was involved in the suit. Mr. Gill denied the charge, but the benchers of the Inner Temple considered it proved, and made an order disbaring Mr. Gill. Against this decision Mr. Gill appealed to the judges of the superior courts of common law, who unanimously determined that the order of the benchers disbaring Mr. Gill must be set aside, and acquitted him of any conduct unfitting a counsel, or inconsistent with the character of a man of honour and a gentleman.

The King of Prussia, by a decree of the 18th of Feb. graciously and excep-

tionally (*ausnahmsweise*) conferred on Miss Granville the Order and Riband of the *Erinnerung Kreuz*, in acknowledgment of her incessant care of the wounded Prussian soldiers after the battle of Kissingen, July 11, 1866.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has appointed the Venerable W. Hale Hale, Archdeacon of London, to be Honorary Curator of Lambeth Palace Library; the Rev. J. R. Green, M.A. Vicar of St. Philip's, Stepney, to be Honorary Librarian; and his Grace has confirmed the appointment, made by Archbishop Longley, of Mr. S. Wayland Kershaw, of St. John's College, Cambridge, to be Librarian in Charge.

William George Vernon-Harcourt, esq. M.P. was elected, on the 2nd of March, Professor of International Law in the University of Cambridge.

The Rev. W. Martin Hunnybun, Vicar of Bicknoller, Somersetshire, and late Curate of All Saints', Margaret-street, has been received into the Church of Rome.

The Rev. Leonard Jenyns, M.A. has presented to the University of Cambridge a valuable series of catalogues and commentaries respecting the natural history collection made by him, and now in the Zoological Museum of that University, and respecting other objects of natural history.

The Rev. William Kenneth Macrorie was consecrated as Bishop of Capetown on the 25th of January. At the Cape a protest signed by 129 persons was presented to the Metropolitan, (Dr. Robert Gray,) against Dr. Macrorie's consecration. The Metropolitan replied that it could not be accepted as a protest, the signers having no right to protest, but he would receive it as "the expression of views of certain individuals."

Messrs. George Mason and Edward Poynter have been elected Associates of the Royal Academy.

The Lord Rectorship of Edinburgh University, vacant by the expiration of Mr. Carlyle's term of office, has been filled by the election of Mr. Moncreiff, who polled 607 as against 425 votes recorded for Mr. Ruskin. The name of Mr. Lowe was withdrawn by his committee after the right hon. gentleman had polled eighty votes.

At the meeting of the French Aca-



demy of Sciences, 15th March, 1869, Professor Owen took his seat as one of the Foreign Associates of the Institute.

John A. Russell, esq. Q.C. has been appointed Judge of the Manchester County Court, in the room of Edward Owens, esq. deceased. Mr. Russell is Solicitor-General for the county-palatine of Durham, and Recorder of Bolton.

Lord Strathnairn has been appointed to succeed the late Lord Gough in the command of the Royal Horse Guards.

Mr. Thring, well known for some years past as the able draughtsman of most of the principal Bills introduced by the Government, has been appointed to the post of Parliamentary Counsel, at a salary of 2,500*l.* a year. Mr. Jenkins, who has lately done much valuable work as "junior" to Mr. Thring, has been appointed his permanent assistant at 1,200*l.* a year.

The Rev. Brooke Foss Westcott, B.D. the distinguished theologian and writer, has been appointed a canon of Peterborough in the place of Dr. James, deceased.

Three Bishops were consecrated in Westminster Abbey on Feb. 24, by the Archbishop of Canterbury. The new prelates were Dr. Wordsworth, lately Archdeacon of Westminster, and recently appointed Bishop of Lincoln; the Rev. J. F. Turner, late Rector of North Tedworth (a son of the late Lord Justice Turner), who had been appointed to the Australian bishopric of Grafton and Armidale in the place of Dr. Sawyer, who was accidentally drowned; and the Rev. T. G. Hatchard, late Rector of St. Nicholas, Guildford, who had been appointed to the bishopric of Mauritius, vacant by the resignation of Dr. V. W. Ryan.

## EMINENT PERSONS RECENTLY DECEASED.

### *The Duke of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg.*

On the afternoon of the 12th of March a telegram was received at Frogmore House announcing the death of His Serene Highness the Duke Christian Charles Frederick Augustus of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg, chief of the younger branch of the royal line of the house of Holstein.

He was son of the Duke Frederick Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, and of the Princess Louisa Augusta of Denmark, daughter of King Christian VII. Born at Copenhagen 19 July, 1798, he succeeded his father in the dukedom in June 1814, and in Sept. 1820 married Louisa Augusta, Countess of Danneskjold Samsøe. In the proceedings of the provincial diets to which Frederick VI. committed the direction of the German states, after the French revolution of July, the Duke of Augustenburg took a prominent part, distinguishing himself as much by his zeal in the cause of liberty and progress as by his great oratorical ability. As a large landed proprietor he spent considerable sums in the improvement of the agriculture of his native country. His stud at Augustenburg was one of the finest in Europe. After the downfall of the stadtholderschaft of Schleswig-Holstein the duke's estates were confiscated,

and he was declared a traitor for heading the insurrectionary movement against the King of Denmark. He appealed to the German diet for protection against the consequences of this decree, but without success. Returning to Silesia, he bought there, in 1853, the estate of Primkenau. He ceded, in 1851, for a money payment, his property and rights in Holstein to the Danish crown, but he and his son, Frederick Christian Augustus, afterwards sought to repudiate the transaction, and he himself published a strong protest on behalf of his alleged rights. It is hardly necessary to remark that the pretensions of the duke and his son were wholly ignored by the Austrian and Prussian governments in 1865, after they had wrested Schleswig-Holstein from Denmark. The anonymous articles contributed by the late duke to the public journals on the Schleswig-Holstein question have been published in a collective form.

His Serene Highness, who was considered the handsomest man of the courts of Germany, leaves two sons and three daughters. His eldest son, Frederick-Christian-Augustus, the present Duke, is married to Princess Ada Hohenlohe, niece of the Queen of England. The second son, H.R.H. Prince Christian, is married to H.R.H. Princess





Helena of England. The daughters are still unmarried. The late duke's wife died on the 11th of March 1867.

#### Earl Delawarr.

We have to record the death of Earl Delawarr, a man remarkable, among many other distinctions, for the fact that he was at his death, though not the oldest man in the House of Peers, yet its senior member, in the sense of being the only member of that body who succeeded to a coronet during the last century.

The Rt. Hon. George John Sackville-West, Earl Delawarr, Viscount Cantilupe, by creation of 1761, Baron Delawarr by patent of 1579, but by writ of 1209, and Baron West by writ of 1342, was the only son of John Richard fourth Earl by his marriage with Catherine daughter and eventually heiress of Henry Lyell, esq. of Bourne-hall, Cambridgeshire. He was born in Saville-row, Middlesex, on the 26th of October, 1791, and succeeded to the family honours 28th July, 1795, when only in his fourth year. It has thus come about that, although his life was not extended very far beyond the allotted span, he held the dignity of a Peer for considerably more than three score years and ten.

His guardian was Lord Grenville, who thought well of his youthful abilities. At the usual age he was sent to Harrow School, where he was the contemporary and friend of Lord Byron, who addressed to him two, if not three, of the shorter poems in his *Hours of Idleness*. Writing from Harrow, under date Oct. 25, 1804, Lord Byron says:—

"I am happy enough and comfortable here. My friends are not numerous, but select. Among the principal of them I rank Lord Delawarr, who is very amiable, and my particular friend. .... He is considerably younger than I, but the most good-tempered, amiable, clever fellow in the universe; to all of which he adds the quality—a good quality in the eyes of women—of being remarkably handsome."

He also celebrates his friend in verse, under the classic name of Euryalus:—

Shall fair Euryalus pass by unsung,  
From ancient lineage, not unworthy, sprung?  
What though one sad dissension bade us part,  
That name is yet embalmed within my heart;  
Envy dissolved our ties, and not our will:  
We once were friends—I'll think we are so still.

And then he goes on to prophesy for

him a life, not of military glory, nor of senatorial fame, but of domestic happiness, joined with that of a courtier in the best sense of the term—a courtier without "the supple bow, the sneering smile," and the "slippery wile" which too often are identified with that name. It seems that a sudden quarrel brought this romantic schoolboy friendship to an end, and it does not appear from Moore's *Life of Byron* that they ever met again, except casually, though Lord Byron wrote to him once afterwards, as he tells their mutual friend Lord Clare, in the hope of a reconciliation. This is the secret of the allusion in Lord Byron's lines:—

"Oh! yes, I will own we were dear to each other," &c.

In due course of time, while Byron was already at Cambridge, Lord Delawarr passed from Harrow to Brasenose college, Oxford, where he closed his undergraduate career by taking his B.A. degree in 1811, obtaining at the same time a second class in *Literis Humanioribus*. He took his M.A. degree in 1819, and was created an Honorary D.C.L. at the Commemoration in 1834. A similar honour had already been paid to him by the University of Cambridge in 1828.

Lord Delawarr held the post of Chamberlain of her Majesty's household, under Sir Robert Peel's administration, from September 1841 to May 1846, and again from November 1853 to June 1859: in conformity with the customary precedent he was sworn a member of the Privy Council upon entering on his office. He did not, however, take any very active part in the politics of the day, contenting himself with giving a steady but silent support to the great Conservative party in the House of Lords, and the quiet discharge of his duties in his own neighbourhood. He was a magistrate and Deputy-Lieutenant of Sussex, and a Deputy-Lieutenant of Cambridgeshire.

He was not a stranger to the Court from his early years, for it is remembered that he was summoned from Harrow when the Princess Charlotte of Wales had her first ball at Carlton House. Two of his aunts and an uncle had offices about the royal household, and were high in favour, especially with King George III.—Lady Georgiana Buckley, and Lady Matilda Wynyard, and the Hon. Mr.



West. Mr. Buckley was very long an equerry to the King.

Lord Delawarr married in 1813 Lady Elizabeth Sackville, younger daughter of John Frederick third Duke of Dorset, who, surviving her brother and sister, became eventually the owner of the charming and classic seat of Knole, near Sevenoaks, so long the home of the Sackvilles, and so intimately connected with the name of Lord Buckhurst. In consequence, Lord Delawarr assumed by royal licence in 1843 the additional name of Sackville before West, and in 1864 his wife (who survives him) was raised to the peerage as Baroness Buckhurst, with remainder to her second surviving son, the Hon. and Rev. Reginald Windsor Sackville-West, late Rector of Withyam, Kent.

Their family amounted to six sons and three daughters. The eldest son, George John Frederick, Lord Viscount Cantalupo, died unmarried in 1850, at the age of thirty-six. His second son, Charles Richard, then assumed the title of Lord West, and has now succeeded to the peerage. He is a Major-General in the army, a C.B. and has seen much active service in India and the Crimea, and at the Cape of Good Hope, but is also unmarried. The third son (already mentioned) married in 1867 Constance Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Dundas Ross Wishart Baillie, esq. of Lamington, co. Lanark, a cousin of the Earl of Dundonald, and has a son and heir, born in Jan. 1868. The fourth son, the Hon. Mortimer Sackville-West, a groom in waiting to her Majesty, married in 1847 Charlotte, daughter of the late Major-General Dickson, C.B. but has no issue. The fifth, the Hon. Lionel Sackville-West, is secretary of legation at Paris, and unmarried. The sixth, the Hon. William Edward Sackville-West, a captain in the Grenadier Guards, married in 1860 Georgina, youngest daughter of the late George Dodwell, esq. of Kevingsfort, co. Sligo, and has issue a son and two daughters. The Earl's daughters were Lady Elizabeth, wife of Francis Charles Hastings Russell, esq. eldest son of Lord George William Russell; Mary Catherine, dowager Marchioness of Salisbury; and Lady Arabella-Diana, the wife of Sir Alexander Bannerman, whose recent decease in childhood is recorded in p. 261.

Lord Delawarr rebuilt the manor-house of the Sackvilles at Buckhurst,

in the parish of Withyam, which had been deserted for Knole because of the impassable nature of the Sussex roads in former times. His architect was the late John Adey Repton, F.S.A. who adapted some of the old carving that had belonged to the ancient mansion at Hainaker, erected by a former Lord Delawarr, in the reign of Henry VIII. It has been under his patronage also that Sackville college, in East Grimstead, has been liberally restored and amplified. Its hall and chapel were rebuilt in 1848, from the designs of Mr. Butterfield.

Lord Delawarr died at Buckhurst on the 23rd February. On Wednesday the 3rd of March his remains were conveyed to the church at Withyam, and deposited in the vault of the Sackvilles, after full choral service. The mourners were his five surviving sons, his sons-in-law Mr. Russell and Sir Alexander Bannerman, his grandsons Lord Sackville Cecil, Lord Arthur Cecil, Lord Lionel Cecil, and Sackville Russell, esq., his cousin William Cornwallis West, esq. Lord Enstace Cecil, General Buckley, General Sir T. M. Biddulph, and the Rev. J. Richardson.

#### **The Earl of Glasgow.**

On the 11th of March died at his seat, Hawkhead, co. Renfrew, in his 77th year, the Right Hon. James Carr Boyle, Earl of Glasgow (creation 1703), Viscount Kelburne, Lord Boyle of Kelburne, Stewarton, Cumbra, Fenwick, Largs, and Dalry, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Ross of Halkhead, co. Renfrew, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, (1815), Lord-lieutenant and Sheriff principal of Renfrewshire, and a retired Commander R.N.

He was born in London on the 10th April 1792, the second son of George the fourth Earl, and G.C.H. by his first wife Lady Augusta Hay, daughter of James fourteenth Earl of Erroll, and granddaughter of Sir William Carr of Etal, co. Northumberland. The deceased assumed the additional name of Carr, before Boyle, in regard to the family of his maternal grandmother, in the year 1822.

At the age of fifteen, in May 1807, he was placed in the royal navy, under the care of Capt. James Brisbane, with whom he served in the *Alcmene* frigate, *Belle Poule* 38, and *Pembroke* 74, until Dec. 1812, except that for a few months in 1810-11 he was attached to the *Ganymede* 26 and *Hotspur* 36.





In the Belle Poule he took part in the capture of Le Var 26, in 1809, and was present at the reduction of the islands of Zante, Cephalonia and Sta. Maura. He afterwards served as acting Lieutenant of the Royal Sovereign 100, and as Lieutenant in the Barfleur 98, Falmonth 20, and Tiber 38. He went on half pay in 1818, having then served on full pay for ten years. He accepted the rank of Commander on the retired list in 1867.

On the death of his elder brother John Viscount Kelburne on the 5th March 1818, he had succeeded to that courtesy title, and he then relinquished his professional prospects, to hunt, shoot, and race, and to enjoy the sociable company of the late Marquess of Queensberry, Sir J. Heron Maxwell, Lord Kennedy, Sir James Boswell, and a few other notables of that day. The doings of this select band created no little sensation in the sporting world, and many are the anecdotes still told of them.

The deceased lord in his younger days was more partial to hunting than racing, and he filled the post of master of the Renfrewshire hounds with great credit to himself, and satisfaction to the sportsmen of that district. His horses were the best that money could procure, and there were but few men of that time who could finish in front of him after a long run. During the last thirty or forty years, however, Lord Glasgow has been more known as a princely patron of the turf than in any other capacity, and the chivalrous manner in which he was accustomed to match animals bred by himself against the best horses of the day is fresh in the recollection of the frequenters of Newmarket. Amongst his early but unsuccessful matches were those when he backed Retriever against Priam, and Actæon against Memnon, and his love of match-making was continued up to the close of last season. His compcers, generally speaking, were Sir Robert Peel, Admiral Rons, and Sir Joseph Hawley, and the plucky Earl generally came off "second best." This continued ill luck was attributed to his lordship's adhering to bad blood; but, nothing daunted, he was wont to witness his defeats and losses with almost the same feelings as if he had been the winner. On one occasion some kind friend saluted him after a defeat with "What an unfortunate man you are, Glasgow." "Well, I don't think you

ought to consider a man unfortunate with 40,000*l.* a year," replied the ever-green sportsman. The Earl's great ambition was to win a Derby, but his best performer for that race was General Peel, who finished second to Blair Athol in 1864, and thus secured the place bets for that portion of the public who backed him "because the old Lord always tries on that occasion." When General Peel won the Two Thousand in 1864 the public shouted most vehemently, "Lord Glasgow wins, Lord Glasgow wins," and the eccentric but worthy sportsman felt proud in having properly mated his nameless mare with a son of the famous old Melbourne—in fact, he raced in a most chivalrous spirit, regardless of *l. s. d.*; and it was said that had Alderott won the Derby for him he would have made him a present of the entire stake, 6,450*l.* Another of his eccentricities was that he was averse to give names to his young horses, and in that way put the business men of the turf to much additional trouble in describing the "brother" to this, and "sister" to that. He would sometimes adopt the names suggested in jest by his friends after dinner: and "Rapid Rhone," "Give him a Name," and "He has a Name," were among the few to which he thus gave assent.

Lord Glasgow was the oldest member of the Jockey Club, and when he had some difficulty with Admiral Rons, some six years ago, in reference to the appointment of Mr. McGeorge as starter without trying one or two others, he sent the admiral six letters on the subject, in one of which he remarked, "I can subscribe to the last two lines of your letter, and say with you, 'for our few remaining years let us live in peace.'" That sentence conveys the character of the departed nobleman. He was kind-hearted and of a most forgiving disposition, and whenever he "warned" his trainers or jockeys in language more noted for its frankness than its elegance, he was the first to "make it up" with them. Impertinence from well-to-do servants he neither could nor would endure, and this fact accounts for his having at least a dozen different trainers to prepare his horses. To judge from the size of his blood-stock during the last six or seven years, it may be said that he has done more to improve the breed of the English thorough-bred than have all the theoretical horsemen put together.



He was so partial to his horses that, whenever they failed to reach his standard of excellence, he ordered them to be shot rather than dispose of them at the risk of their meeting with ill-treatment. To avoid such a fate, some were annually shot, a day being set apart for that purpose at the close of each season. His lordship's well-known colours—white body and crimson sleeves, will now be missed at Newmarket and elsewhere, as will the tall and spare figure of the good old sportsman who has been called to his last home.

Whilst his father was living, Lord Kelburne was in 1837 the Conservative candidate for the co. of Ayr, but was defeated by Mr. Dunlop (afterwards Sir John). On Sir John Dunlop's death in 1839, he was elected, defeating Mr. James Campbell, and he was re-elected in 1841. On the 6th July 1843 he succeeded to the peerage, on the death of his father. After having been nominated a Deputy Lieutenant of Ayrshire in 1822, and of Buteshire in 1832, he was in 1844 appointed Lord Lieutenant and Sheriff principal of Renfrewshire.

The Earl of Glasgow married, Aug. 4, 1821, Georgiana, daughter of the late Edward Hay Mackenzie, esq. of New Hall and Cromarty, who is left his widow, without issue. He is succeeded by his half-brother the Hon. George Frederick Boyle. He married in 1856 the daughter of the Hon. Montagu Abercromby, and has issue an only daughter. The next heir presumptive to the Earldom is Patrick Boyle, esq. of Shewalton, co. Ayr, a great-grandson of the second Earl.

The Etal estates of the Carrs go to the late Earl's only sister Lady Augusta FitzClarence, the widow of Lord Frederick FitzClarence, G.C.H. who died in 1855 without surviving issue.

#### Field-Marshal Viscount Gough.

Field-Marshal Hugh Viscount Gough died at St. Helen's, near Dublin, on the 2nd of March.

He came of respectable Irish extraction; his father, Mr. George Gough, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Limerick City Militia, having been a gentleman of good family and property at Woodstown, in the co. of Limerick. Colonel Gough was fourth in direct descent from the Rev. Francis Gough, an English clergyman, who went from Wiltshire to Ireland early in the reign

of James I. and was consecrated Bishop of Limerick in 1626. Of the future Field-Marshal's brothers, one was in the army, and another was Major in the City of Limerick Militia, while the third lived to become Dean of Derry. Hugh Gough himself was born at Woodstown on the 3rd of November 1779, his mother being an Irish lady of good birth and connexions, a daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Bunbury, of Lisnevagh and Moyle, in the co. of Carlow.

He entered the army when about 15 years old, and at 16 saw practical war in the expedition to the Cape of Good Hope. Here he was present at the capture of the town and of the Dutch fleet in Saldanha Bay. His next active service was in the East Indies. The attack on Porto Rico, the Brigand war in St. Lucia, and the capture of Surinam witnessed the chivalrous valour of the young soldier, whose advance in rank was due emphatically to conspicuous merit.

The year 1809 found him in the Peninsula. Through the memorable and protracted struggle which ensued he was present at many of the principal actions, and in command of the 87th Regiment acquired signal distinction. He took an active part in the battles of Barrosa, Talavera, Vittoria, and Nivelle, and at the sieges of Cadiz and Tarifa. At Barrosa his regiment captured a French eagle, and at Vittoria Marshall Jourdan's bâton fell a prize to the dashing gallantry of the 87th. In these campaigns he was repeatedly wounded—on two occasions severely; and for his prowess at Tarifa received "augmentations of arms"—representing "the breach effected, with the British flag planted on the walls."

At the close of the great war (remarks the *Morning Post*) Colonel Gough had established his reputation as one of the most gallant of the gallant men whose qualities had been developed under the leadership of the Duke. But it was not until the lapse of a prolonged interval of routine duty that he was to appear in the sphere which has secured him a permanent fame amongst great soldiers. In 1837 he went to India, and henceforth the name of Gough is inseparably associated with some of our most arduous struggles and decisive victories in the East. Soon after his arrival he was sent to China, commanded the land forces at Canton, and in these and the





subsequent operations down to the close of the war, displayed energy, modified by prudence, in circumstances of which one of the difficulties consisted in the unwelcome capacity of an enemy who neither would nor could fight. His services in China received the marked approval of military men; and in testimony of his Sovereign's approval, General Gough received a Baronetcy and the Order of the Bath. That in his own department he was very successful in "disposing" the Chinese to reason, there is no question. If the peace proved short-lived; if the work had to be done over and over again; and if, in the long run, it became necessary to adopt measures going beyond the limits prescribed by the ordinary rules either of war or international intercourse, that circumstance may be attributable partly to faulty negotiation, partly to the knavery, ignorance, and general impracticability of the Chinese officials, to whose stolid vanity the necessary lesson had not yet been administered. But the General, it was admitted, did his work well, wisely, and effectually.

The terrible wars in India, consequent in great measure on the Afghan expedition, and on the anomalous condition of the brilliant but brittle edifice constructed by Runjeet Singh, were now approaching. In 1843 Sir Hugh Gough was appointed to high command, and on the 29th of December in that year gained the important victory of Maharajpore over a powerful Mahratta force, capturing a large quantity of artillery and other munitions of war, the loss of which tended to paralyse aggressive movements on the part of the enemy. Appointed Commander-in-Chief of the army in India, he fought the terrific battles of Moodkee, Ferozeshah, and Sobraon, in which he had to contend with the most formidable enemy ever encountered by us in Asia—an enemy of fanatical valour, combined with a discipline acquired under the tutelage of some of the first disciplinarians in Europe, and possessing, moreover, an admirably-served artillery. The contest was inevitably a severe one. The avowed intention of the Sikh leaders was to drive us out of the country, and, considering the completeness of their organisation, the number and enthusiasm of their forces, their renown in Asiatic warfare, their proficiency in at least the theory of European military science, and the presence

of European officers of great experience, such an expectation was not so irrational as it may now appear. The Sikh chiefs, it must be remembered, could not possibly appreciate our boundless resources, our persistent, inexorable resolution, whilst it is far from impossible that they knew the existence, even at that time, of that morbid feeling which, brooding for many years, required but slight provocation and temporary opportunity to burst forth in the horrors of the mutiny. No wonder that the Sikhs were confident; no wonder that the struggle was stern. For the skilful, bold, and successful tactics by which he defeated his redoubtable foe, Sir Hugh Gough received a peerage and the thanks of Parliament. In the next and final contest, which ended in the annexation of the Punjab, he was entrusted with the supreme military command. In some of the most formidable encounters the Commander-in-Chief had the advantage of the assistance and advice of the Governor-General, Lord Hardinge, who acted as second in command, and who did not at any time, by assertion or implication, introduce this accident as diminishing Lord Gough's claim to the honours arising from a success achieved against tremendous difficulties.

In 1848 the late Lord Dalhousie, who had succeeded Lord Hardinge in the governor-generalship, arrived at the conclusion that the only way to deal with the Sikhs, who would not be friends, and who, even when not in open war with us, would be most troublesome and dangerous neighbours, was to put an end to their existence as an independent power or government, and to incorporate the territory with our own dominions. It was a grave, a momentous, nay a perilous, enterprise. Its policy was severely criticised, and it is near the truth to say that success alone has justified it. That success was problematical. There were men of experience and repent who declared it to be improbable, pointing to the courage, fanaticism, the discipline, and number of the Sikhs in corroboration of their opinion. To which it was replied that though these were things for serious consideration, the state of the Punjab, as in relation to ourselves, could not be worse than it was—being, in fact, intolerable, a standing menace, always productive of annoyance, expense, and peril, and utterly incompatible with tranquillity and security. Then com-



menced the fearful campaigns of 1848-9, in which the last great and real native Power in India, commanding the most stalwart and valiant of all her populations, well equipped with the means and materials of war, and not deficient in knowledge of European tactics, expended all its energies in a last desperate struggle for ascendancy—for existence.

The time is not too far distant for most of the readers of this notice to recollect the emotion with which the country received each periodical instalment of intelligence respecting the progress of the war. So accustomed had people here become to easy conquests over the effeminate, debilitated, and discordant hosts of Hindostan, that the news of the resolute stand made by the Sikh soldiers, the narrative of manœuvrings, retreats and advances, and sanguinary pitched battles, fiercely testing the pluck and endurance of our men, and the skill and resolution of their commanders, excited, as might be expected, considerable discontent amongst public talkers in search of a grievance; and this discontent found embodiment and expression through persons the least qualified to judge of the points of a campaign. The peculiarly difficult nature of the operations, and the unprecedented prowess of the enemy, were not taken into account. Mr. Hume commenced declamations just about the time when Lord Gough was effecting the thorough and irretrievable overthrow of the Sikhs, and when good sense, not less than good taste, would have suggested the propriety of sustaining and encouraging him in every way, instead of worrying him with the strictures of amateur strategy. The result was an agitation of the most factious kind. The clap-trap story of the Duke of Wellington's alternative to Sir Charles Napier, 'Either you or I must go,' was not without its bewildering effect on the public mind, and quite a prejudice was engendered against the veteran and skilful commander who had carried us successfully out of some of the most formidable ordeals to which our supremacy was exposed.

It was not a half defeat that the Sikhs had received; their power was crushed, annihilated, totally and for ever, in any sense implying independent and aggressive action. The policy of the Indian Government was that the native rule in the Punjab should be

extinguished; Lord Gough had laid out all his military arrangements with the express object of giving effect to that policy, and he did so. The very intensity of the struggle exhausted the enemy. They lost their material means for prolonging hostilities, and so severe was their chastisement that they had likewise lost spirit and hope. So complete, indeed, was the subjugation, that in our direst emergency, during the Indian mutiny, the Punjab, under the administration of a man of genius and sagacity, was not an encumbrance, but a resource.

On the conclusion of his glorious labours Lord Gough was advanced another step in the peerage; the East India Company conferred on him a life pension of 2,000*l.* a year; and Parliament voted a pension of the same amount to himself and his two next survivors.

The gallant soldier's military services may be considered to have ceased at the close of the war with the Sikhs. He was appointed Colonel of the 87th (Royal Irish Fusiliers) regiment of foot 15th March, 1841; was made Colonel-in-chief of the 60th Rifles in 1854; and in June 1855 was gazetted Colonel of the Royal Horse Guards, the colonelcy of which regiment becomes vacant by his demise. On the institution of the Order of the Star of India, in 1861, he was made a Knight Commander of that Order, and a Grand-Cross in 1866. He attained the rank of Field-Marshal in 1862. Lord Gough was Gold Stick in Waiting to her Majesty, and a Magistrate for the co. of Galway.

A military contributor to the *Dublin University Magazine* for August 1850, who had himself served under him, thus most graphically describes the personal characteristics of his lordship:—"He possessed in a very eminent degree the qualities best calculated to render him a popular military commander. His tall, noble figure, his gallant bearing, his kind and genial tone of voice, racy of the land which gave him birth, the impetuous dash of his temperament, all conspire to invest him with an irresistible charm in the eye of the soldier. He was almost idolised by the British soldier, and with the Sepoy he was equally an object of veneration and affection. A more universally beloved, or in every sense popular commander-in-chief never led on a British army to victory. It was impossible it could be otherwise: foremost in every danger,





he never spared himself ; wherever the fire was hottest—where death reigned most supremely—where the enemy's gun's levelled destruction with the most faithful and unerring effect—where British soldiers fell in thickest numbers—there was 'Tipperary Joe,' his well-known *sobriquet* in India."

The late Viscount's commissions bore date as follows :—Ensign, August 7th, 1794 ; Lieutenant, October 11th, 1794 ; Captain, June 25th, 1803 ; Major, August 8th, 1805 ; Lieutenant-Colonel, July 29th, 1809 ; Colonel, August 12th, 1819 ; Major-General, July 22nd, 1830 ; Lieutenant-General, November 23rd, 1841 ; General, June 20th, 1854 ; and Field-Marshal, November 9th, 1862.

His lordship married, 3rd June 1807, Frances Maria, daughter of the late General Edward Stephens, R.A. by which lady, who died in 1863, he leaves issue an only son, George Stephens Gough, his successor in the peerage, and three daughters—namely, the Hon. Gertrude, married to Mr. Archibald F. Arbuthnot ; the Hon. Jane, married to Lieutenant-Colonel Gregory Haines ; and Hon. Frances, married to General Sir Patrick Grant. By his second wife, who was a Miss Arbuthnot, the deceased peer left issue a youthful family.

His lordship's remains were interred on the 9th of March, in Stillorgan churchyard, but, in obedience to his own request, without military honours. The chief mourners were :—Lord Gough, only son of the deceased ; the Hon. Hugh Gough ; the Hon. George Gough ; Major Arbuthnot, 16th Hussars, grandsons ; Robert R. Arbuthnot, esq. ; George Gough, esq. Bird-hill ; S. Gough, esq. Rathrowan ; and Gen. Sir John Gough, K.C.B. ; the Rev. B. Gough ; Mr. Friend ; Col. Gough, V.C. ; and Mr. Percy Gough, nephews, and other relatives.

#### Lord Wynford.

Died, in Park-place, St. James's, on the 28th of Feb. the Right Hon. William Samuel Best Baron Wynford, of Wynford Eagle, Dorsetshire, in the peerage of the United Kingdom.

He was the eldest son of William Draper Best, first Baron Wynford, who was elevated to the peerage on his retirement from the judicial office of Chief Justice of the Common Pleas in 1829, by his wife Mary Anne, second daughter of Jerome Knapp, esq. He was born 19 Feb. 1798, and educated at

Brasenose college, Oxford, where he graduated B.A. in 1818, and M.A. in 1821. He was called to the bar by the Inner Temple in 1823, and was a candidate for senatorial honours as far back as 1837, when he unsuccessfully contested Barnstaple. He succeeded to the peerage on the death of his father, 3 March, 1845. For some years he was in the Rifle Brigade, but retired in 1856 ; and at the time of his decease he was a Deputy-Lieutenant of Dorset.

He married 21 July, 1821, Jane, daughter of William Thoyts, esq. of Sulhamstead, Reading, and by her had issue (1) William Draper Mortimer Best, who now succeeds to the title. He was born 2 Aug. 1826, and married 17 Dec. 1857, Caroline, eldest daughter of Mr. and Lady Georgiana Baillie, by which lady he had a son, who died in infancy. (2) Frederick Barnewall, Captain late H. M. 2nd Bengal Fusiliers, one of Her Majesty's Gentlemen-at-Arms, born 18 August, 1827 ; married 9 June, 1864, Charlotte Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Francis Hart Dyke, esq. which lady died 18 March, 1865. (3) Henry Molyneux, born 8 Nov. 1829. (4) Grantley Francis, born 22 Nov. 1831 ; died 6 Oct. 1837. (5) Robert Rainy, late Captain Grenadier Guards, born 21 Aug. 1834 ; married, 8 March, 1856, Maria, daughter of the late T. A. Swaysland, esq. of Crawley, Sussex. (6) Jane Newman, died unmarried 10 July 1838. (7) Anne Louisa, married April 1858 Major-General Patrick Yule, R.E.

The funeral took place at Brompton Cemetery on the 6th of March.

#### Baroness Gray.

Madalina, Baroness Gray of Gray, in the county of Forfar, and of Kinfauns Castle, in the county of Perth, died suddenly at 15, Gloucester-place, Edinburgh, on the 20th of February.

She was the eldest of the three daughters of Francis 15th Lord Gray, in the peerage of Scotland (who died 1842), and sister of John, the 16th Lord, on whose death, which occurred 31 Jan. 1867, she succeeded, in default of male issue, to this ancient barony.

The title now passes to her ladyship's niece Margaret, widow of Major the Hon. David Henry Murray (brother of the Earl of Mansfield), and only child of her sister the late Hon. Margaret Gray, by her marriage with John Grant, esq. of Kilgraston, N.B.



## The Right Rev. Bishop Kyle.

The Right Rev. James Kyle, D.D. Bishop of Germanicia, *in partibus infidelium*, and Vicar Apostolic of the Roman Catholic Church in the Northern District of Scotland, died on the 23rd of February at Preshome-in-the-Enzie, after a long illness.

His father was from the south of Scotland, and his mother a Miss Strachan, daughter of a lawyer of that name in Banff. Dr. Kyle was the eldest of their children, and was born at Edinburgh on the 22nd Sept. 1788. At the age of eleven years or thereabouts he was sent to the Catholic College of Aquhorties, on the banks of the Don, where he went through the usual course of studies and was ordained priest on the 21st of March, 1812. Except for a period of two or three years that he spent as a priest in Glasgow, Dr. Kyle, until he was raised to the mitre, continued to reside at Aquhorties as one of the Professors there. When the Catholic authorities saw fit to alter the ecclesiastical division of Scotland (at this date there were but two districts—the Highland and the Lowland) into three, viz., the Eastern, the Western, and the Northern districts (which is the present arrangement) Dr. Kyle was chosen to be the first Bishop of the last. He was consecrated at Aberdeen on the 28th Sept. 1823, by Dr. Penswick, Vicar Apostolic of the Northern District of England, assisted by Bishops Paterson and Scott. The Northern District comprises the shires of Aberdeen, Banff, Moray, Nairn, the northern part of Inverness-shire, and the shires of Ross, Cromarty, and Sutherland.

"During the forty years which have since elapsed, Bishop Kyle has laboured (says the *Elgin Courier*.) most diligently and successfully to improve the places of worship in his district. Then there was scarcely a Catholic mission in the North that had a decent meeting-house or place of worship, and many of the priests, it is said, lived in houses little better than sheep-cots. This state of things has passed away. Bishop Kyle lived to see every mission not only with its church, but with a comfortable house for the minister, and, in many cases, a school attached for the education of children. In fact, new and handsome Catholic churches have sprung up all over the North within the past thirty years, and Bishop Kyle and his clergy have taken care that none of them should be in debt.

"When aroused to controversy, Dr. Kyle, with his powerful and logical intellect and vast knowledge, could wield the strength of a giant; but it was seldom he appeared as a polemic, his natural disposition being quiet and unobtrusive. His deep knowledge of theology made his counsel to be sought for, not only by his own clergy, but even by Bishops in other parts of the kingdom; and such of his friends as came to him with abstruse and metaphysical questions found him possessed of a most subtle mind, capable of making distinctions clear where to ordinary capacities there was no distinction in the case.

"The most marked features in his character were, an extreme hatred to all ostentation, and an ardent love of retirement. When not engaged in the duties of his office, which he discharged with unswerving punctuality and thorough conscientiousness, he lived among the great and good of bygone ages. His knowledge of history, civil as well as ecclesiastical, was extensive and accurate. With the annals of the Christian Church in all ages he was perfectly familiar, as his students quickly found when he acted as Professor at Aquhorties. Ecclesiastical research perhaps gave him that strong love of the classics which remained with him to his dying day. Dr. Kyle was emphatically a first-class Latin scholar, in proof of which we have only to mention the fact that the late Monsignor Palma, one of the secretaries of the Congregation of Propaganda at Rome, used to say that, of all the Bishops whose letters he had to answer, none wrote so classically as Dr. Kyle. He deciphered some of the letters of Mary Queen of Scots, that puzzled Professors of Latin, and antiquaries acknowledged him to be profoundly versed in the history and literature of Scotland."

He is succeeded in the vicariate apostolic by the Right Rev. John Macdonald, D.D. who had been very recently nominated coadjutor to Dr. Kyle. (See *ante* p. 106.) According to a writer in the *Scotsman*, the deceased prelate used frequently to remark, that no man would ever share the honours of the episcopate with him. This prediction was realised, as he died on the day preceding that fixed for Dr. Macdonald's consecration, which took place at Aberdeen on the 24th of February. The ceremony was performed by Dr. Chadwick, Bishop of Hexham, assisted by





Dr. Gray and Dr. Strain, respectively Vicars Apostolic of the Western and Eastern Districts of Scotland. The new prelate assumed the title of Bishop of Nicopolis.

**Sir James Emerson Tennent, Bart.**

Died suddenly, of apoplexy, on the 6th of March, Sir James Emerson Tennent, Knight and Bart. a Commander of the Greek Order of the Saviour, a Deputy-Lieutenant of the counties of Fermanagh and Sligo, and a Magistrate for the counties of Antrim, Down, and Fermanagh. At the inquest held on the 10th of March, Mrs. Emily Russell, a widow, residing at 28, Lupus-street, Pimlico, stated that on the previous Saturday the deceased, with whom she was not previously acquainted, called at her house and inquired whether she had any apartments to let. He was shown into the dining-room, but no sooner had he entered it than he turned very faint, and soon became so ill that Mrs. Russell fetched a doctor who applied remedies, which however were unavailing, as Sir James died about an hour afterwards. The present Baronet deposed that some days previously his father had remarked that, in case of being taken suddenly ill in the street, the best thing to do was to knock at a door and ask for apartments, as you would then be sure to gain admission into the house and be taken care of. The jury returned a verdict of "Death from apoplexy arising from natural causes."

He was the third and only surviving son of Mr. William Emerson, of Ardmore, co. Armagh, an opulent merchant at Belfast, by Sarah, youngest daughter of the late Mr. W. Arbuthnot, of Rockville, county Down. He was born at Belfast on the 7th April 1794, so that in another month he would have completed his 75th year. He was educated at Trinity college, Dublin, where he took the usual degrees, and ultimately proceeded LL.D. Soon after this he travelled abroad, and, among other countries, visited Greece; he was enthusiastic in the cause of Greek freedom, and while there made the acquaintance of Lord Byron. In 1831 he was called to the Bar at Lincoln's-inn, where he had entered himself as a student by the advice and under the auspices of Jeremy Bentham, but we are not aware that he ever practised or intended to practise that profession, as in the June of the same year he mar-

ried Letitia, only daughter and heiress of Mr. William Tennent, a wealthy banker at Belfast, whose name and arms he assumed by Royal licence in addition to his own.

He was first elected member for Belfast in 1832, and was thought a man of promise on his first appearance in the House of Commons. He was a supporter of Earl Grey's government up to the time that Lord Stanley and Sir James Graham retired from the Administration, he being among the very few Irish members who fell in with the "Derby dilly." Ever afterwards he followed the late Sir Robert Peel and the talented men who embraced his political views, and became a consistent supporter of Liberal-Conservative opinions. He, however, previously had strenuously opposed and voted against the Irish Municipal Bill and the Irish Tithe Act, which rendered his popularity in his native city less general. From 1832 till 1835 he represented Belfast in the House of Commons, and at the general election in 1837 was defeated, but subsequently, on petition, was seated. At the general election in 1841 he was elected, but on that occasion matters were reversed, and he was unseated on petition. In 1842 he regained his seat, and sat in the House of Commons until July 1845; and subsequently, in 1852, was returned as representative for Lisburn. During his early parliamentary career he seconded and made an energetic speech in favour of the Right Hon. Thomas Spring-Rice's (afterwards Lord Montague) amendment against the repeal of the Union, which was considered one of the ablest in the debate. He had during his official career held the office of Secretary to the India Board from September 1841 to July 1845; and was Civil Secretary to the Colonial Government of Ceylon from July 1845 to December 1850. After his return home he was appointed permanent Secretary to the Poor Law Board, a post which he held only a few months, namely, from February to November 1852, when he was appointed Secretary to the Board of Trade. On his retirement, on 5 Feb. 1867, from official life, as already stated, he was rewarded with a baronetcy.

He was a frequent contributor to magazine literature, and took a constant interest in literary matters. The Editors of *Notes and Queries* and *Land and Water* both acknowledge their recent



obligations to him, the former as one of his most frequent and valued correspondents, the latter for information supplied to "our Natural History columns." He was also the author of some works of a more permanent character, the most popular being his "Natural History of Ceylon." We subjoin a list of his writings:—

A Picture of Greece in 1825; as exhibited in the personal narratives of James Emerson, Count Pecchio, and W. H. Humphreys. Comprising a detailed account of the events of the late Campaign, and sketches of the principal military, naval, and political Chiefs. 2 vols. 8vo. 1826.

Letters from the Ægean. 2 vols. 8vo. 1829.

The History of Modern Greece, from its conquest by the Romans B.C. 146 to the present time. 2 vols. 8vo. 1830.

Travels in Belgium. 1841.

Christianity in Ceylon, with an historical sketch of the Brahmanical and Buddhist Superstitions. 8vo. 1850.

Wine, its use and taxation. An inquiry into the operation of the Wine Duties on consumption and revenue, 8vo. 1855. A reply to this work, by W. B. James appeared the same year.

Ceylon: an account of the island, physical, historical, and topographical, with notices of its natural history, antiquities, and productions. 2 vols. 8vo. 1859, in which year it went through three editions. The 5th edition appeared in 1860. In illustration of this work a "Series of Fifteen Views in Ceylon," drawn by C. O'Brien, was published in 1864.

Sketches of the Natural History of Ceylon, with narratives and anecdotes illustrative of the habits of the Mammalia, Birds, &c. including a monograph of the Elephant. 8vo. 1861.

The Story of the Guns. 8vo. 1864.

The Wild Elephant, and the mode of capturing and taming him in Ceylon. 8vo. 1867.

Essay on the Copyright of Designs.

"Sir Emerson," says the *Belfast News Letter*, "was one of the most complete links between the present and a now almost forgotten generation to be found in the whole empire. Belonging essentially to the latter, he was nevertheless as well known to the former as if he had been its most brilliant ornament. His personal character was well known here, and all bore him in the highest regard. Indeed, in his later years, he seemed to desire frequently to associate

with the friends and revisit the scenes of his youth—perhaps with that strange sad instinct with which those around whom the shadows begin to lengthen revert to their childhood. He would repeat with the accuracy of an unfailing memory conversations and incidents which occurred thirty or forty years ago. The nation has lost in him an able public servant and a man of brilliant parts. In the province of Ulster this general regret is thus deepened by the sundering of a closer tie."

By his marriage with Miss Tennent Sir James had issue two daughters (Eleanor and Edith Sarah, the former of whom is living) and a son, Mr. William Emerson Tennent, of the Board of Trade, who now succeeds to the title as second Baronet. Sir William was born in 1835. He was educated at Rugby, and called to the Bar at the Inner Temple in 1859.

His remains were interred at Kensal Green cemetery.

#### Sir John P. Boileau, Bart.

Died at Torquay, on the 9th of March, Sir John Peter Boileau, Bart. F.R.S. V.P.S.A. a Deputy-Lieutenant of Norfolk, aged 74.

Sir John Boileau was the lineal descendant, in an unbroken male line, of Etienne Boileau the first Grand Provost of Paris, in 1250, who was left governor of that city under Queen Blanche, when Louis the Ninth departed for the Holy Land. It was he who drew up the Municipal Code for the regulation of civic officers. His son accompanied Saint Louis; and their descendants held honourable civil and military appointments until the time when they became Protestants. Charles Boileau, Baron of Castelnaud and St. Croix in Languedoc, fled in 1691 from the persecution of the Huguenots by Louis XIV. and settled in Southampton. His son Simeon Boileau, was a merchant of Dublin, and the father of John Peter Boileau, who went to India with his relation General Cailland. He filled the highest offices in the presidency of Madras, and returned to England with an ample fortune in 1785. He purchased the estate of Tacolnestone in Norfolk; but died at his residence at Mortlake in Surrey, in 1837, in his 91st year, and was buried at Little Bookham in the latter county. By his wife Henrietta, eldest daughter and coheirress of the Rev. George Pollen, of





Little Bookham, he was the father of the subject of the present memoir.

Sir John P. Boileau served for some years before the peace of 1815 in the Rifle Corps, a regiment raised by his uncle General Manningham. In 1836 he purchased the estate of Ketteringham, which had previously belonged to the family of Peach; and in 1838 on the coronation of Her Majesty, he was created a Baronet. He afterwards made other purchases in the immediate neighbourhood of Ketteringham, at Hethall and Hetherset; and, in the vicinity of Yarmouth, became the proprietor of Burgh Castle in Suffolk, the ancient *Gariononun*, perhaps the most remarkable example of Roman masonry in any part of England. It is always to be remembered to his honour as an antiquary that he purchased that interesting remain to prevent its falling into hands which might have wrought its destruction. At Ketteringham he made great improvements, both within the house, by the erection of a spacious Gothic hall, and in the grounds and dependent territories, by the erection of farm-houses, cottages, &c. He formed a park of 200 acres, and planted largely. His house was richly stored with paintings, books, and choice monuments of antiquity, many of which were exhibited at the meetings of the Archaeological Institute and other public exhibitions.

Sir John P. Boileau was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society June 1, 1843, and of the Society of Antiquaries Dec. 9, 1852.

On the formation of the Norfolk and Norwich Archaeological Society in Dec. 1845 he was nominated one of its Vice-Presidents; and, in 1849, on the death of Bishop Stanley, he succeeded to the office of President.

In the third volume of *Norfolk Archaeology*, containing the transactions of the Norfolk and Norwich Society, was published "the history and topography of Ketteringham," written, with his characteristic skill, by the late Joseph Hunter, F.S.A.; and accompanied by several plates illustrating the hall and church. (There was a small edition of this privately printed in quarto, 1851, to which was prefixed, in addition, a preface containing some valuable remarks on the topography of Norfolk.) It contains, of course, a full account of the family of Boileau. In vol. v. of the same collection an old poem on Norfolk, written temp. Eliz., and a

notice of a Seeatta found at Burgh Castle, were communicated by Sir John Boileau; and in vol. vii. are his remarks on some Reaping Machines of the Ancient Gauls.

In 1850 he communicated to the Archaeological Institute an account of his examination of some Roman remains at Redenham in Hampshire. (Journal, vii. 183.) His exhibitions at its meetings were frequent.

On the nomination of the President Earl Stanhope, Sir John Boileau served for two periods of four years as one of the Vice-Presidents of the Society of Antiquaries, from 1858 to 1862, and from 1863 to 1867, and he was for a third time nominated after the anniversary of 1868. He excelled as a chairman, whether there or in any other place, having a rapid appreciation of any subject brought to his attention, and a pleasing tact in discussing its merits.

In addition to the institutions he was already named as sharing his attention, he was also a Vice-President of the Zoological Society, the Statistical Society, the Archaeological Institute, and the Society of Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce; in all of which he for a long period took a prominent part and a most lively interest. He was also a Vice-President of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, a Vice-President of the Royal Institution in Albemarle-street, President of the Norwich School of Design, and a Fellow of the Geological Society.

Sir John Boileau served the office of Sheriff of Norfolk in 1844. As a country gentleman he performed the duties of his position with scrupulous care, and endeared himself to all around him by his urbanity of manner and genial kindness of heart. He was ever ready to assist in any good work for the benefit of his fellow creatures, and at the County Hospital the Catharine Ward, fitted up by him as a memorial of his wife, will be a lasting evidence of his generous liberality.

He married in 1825 Lady Catharine Sarah Elliot, third daughter of Gilbert first Earl of Minto, G.C.B. She died in 1862, having had issue four sons and four daughters. The eldest son, John Elliot Boileau, esq. died in 1861, at the age of thirty-four. The next, now Sir Francis George Manningham Boileau, was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn in 1855, and married in 1860 Lucy Henrietta, daughter of Sir George



Nugent, Bart. by whom he has several children. The third son, Edmund William Pollen Boileau, esq. was born in 1831. The youngest, Charles Augustus Penrhyn, a Lieutenant in the Rifle Brigade, died at Malta in 1855, of wounds received before Sebastopol.

Of the daughters two are married,—Anna Maria, in 1852 to the Rev. William Henry Gurney, Rector of North Runcton, Norfolk, second son of Daniel Gurney, esq. F.S.A. of North Runcton; and Agnes Lucy in 1855 to the Hon. William John Borlase Warren Venables Vernon, brother of Lord Vernon.

Sir John Boileau had been suffering for some months from chronic bronchitis, and resided on that account at Torquay, where his death occurred. His body was brought thence to Ketteringham, and deposited in the family vault.

#### **Sir R. S. Adair, Bart.**

Sir Robert Shafto Adair, Bart., died on the 24th of February at Flixton Hall, his seat in Suffolk.

He was born on the 26th of June 1786, being the eldest son of William Adair, esq. of Ballymena, co. Antrim, of Flixton Hall, co. Suffolk, and of Cole House, Devonshire, by his wife Camilla, daughter and heir of Robert Shafto, esq. of Benwell in Northumberland. He was created a Baronet 2nd Aug. 1838, and in 1846 served as Sheriff for the county of Suffolk.

He married firstly, on 17 Sept. 1810, Elizabeth Maria, daughter of the Rev. James Strobe, and by that lady (who died 1 Sept. 1853) had issue two sons, Robert Alexander Shafto, who succeeds to the title, and Hugh Edward, barrister-at-law, M.P. for Ipswich, born 26th December 1815, married 10th July 1836, to Harriet Camilla, eldest daughter of Alexander Adair, esq. of Heather-ton Park, Somersetshire.

The deceased Baronet married, secondly, on 3rd October 1854, Jane Anne, eldest daughter of the late Rev. Townley Clarkson, Vicar of Hinxton, Cambridgeshire.

The present Baronet, Sir Robert Alexander Shafto Adair, was born 25th August 1811 and married 11 June 1836 Theodosia, daughter of General the Hon. Robert Meade. He was appointed Lieut.-Colonel of the East Suffolk Militia Artillery 1853; and Militia Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, March 1857. He formerly represented the borough

of Cambridge, and was a member of the late Irish Church Commission.

#### **Sir John V. B. Johnstone, Bart. M.P.**

On the 25th of Feb. Sir John Vanden-Bempde Johnstone, Bart., M.P., of Hackness Hall, Scarborough, died at his residence in Belgrave-square, London, his death being the result of an accident which he met with in the hunting field on the 20th. He broke his collar bone, and a rib which entered his lungs, and from the first it was feared that he would not recover from injuries so serious in their character.

He was the eldest son of Sir Richard the first Baronet, by his second wife Margaret, daughter of Mr. John Scott of Charterhouse-square. He was born on the 28th of Aug. 1799, and educated at Rugby School, from whence he proceeded to Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took his M.A. degree in 1821. Sir John, who was a Liberal-Conservative in politics, and voted in favour of the first Reform Bill, and the late Sir Robert Peel's Free Trade measures, also gave his support to Lord Palmerston's Government. He entered the House of Commons in Dec. 1830, as one of the knights of the shire for the then undivided county of York, which he represented till the year 1832; when he was returned for Scarborough, which borough he sat for till 1837. At the general election in 1841 he was re-elected for that borough; and since then retained his seat in the several Parliaments, having at the recent general election been returned at the head of the poll by a considerable majority.

He succeeded to the baronetcy on the death of his father, July 14, 1807.

Sir John was appointed Major of the West Riding Yeomanry Cavalry in 1843, and Lieut.-Colonel in 1859, shortly after which time he retired from the corps. He was a Deputy Lieutenant of the North Riding.

He married on 14th June 1825, Louisa Venables Vernon, second daughter of the Most Rev. Edward Vernon Harcourt, D.D. Archbishop of York, by Anne sister of George-Granville first Duke of Sutherland. By this lady he had issue two sons and four daughters, viz: (1), Harcourt, now Sir Harcourt Johnstone, late of the 2nd Life Guards, born 3 Jan. 1829, married 27 May 1850, Charlotte second daughter of Charles Mills, esq. of Hillington court, by whom he has issue five sons and two





daughters; (2), Henry Richard, of Wood Hall, Yorkshire, who assumed in 1860 the surname of Scott; he was born 7 March 1830, and married 4 Oct. 1866 Cressida Elizabeth, third daughter of William Selby Lowndes, esq. of Whaddon Hall, Bucks; (3), Caroline married 2 May 1848, to Viscount Nevill; (4), Elizabeth Margaret, married 6 June 1855, to Sir T. Erskine Perry, late Chief Justice of Bombay, and now a member of the Council of India; (5), Blanche Maria, married 23 Aug. 1859 to Robert Swann, esq. eldest son of John Swann, esq. of Askham Hall, York; (6), Georgiana Emily, died 24 May, 1863.

The remains of the late Baronet were buried on the 3rd of March in the family vault at the parish church of Hackness.

#### *Sir William Clay, Bart.*

A well-known politician, Sir William Clay, Bart. who was M.P. for the Tower Hamlets for a quarter of a century, died at his residence in Cadogan-place, on the 13th of March.

He was born in 1791, and was formerly a merchant and shipowner in partnership with his father Mr. George Clay. In 1832 he entered Parliament as member for the newly-formed borough of the Tower Hamlets, having Dr. Lushington for his colleague. In 1835 the same two candidates were returned, the Conservative candidate polling only about one-sixth of the number of votes given to Mr. Clay. In 1837 there was no contest; in 1841 Sir William was the first of five candidates. In 1847 Mr. George Thompson polled 6,268 votes, Sir William Clay 3,839, and General Fox 2,622. In 1852 Mr. Thompson lost his seat. Sir William was at the head of the poll, with Mr. Butler only ten votes behind him, and Mr. Ayrton and Mr. Newton a long way in the rear. In 1857 Mr. Ayrton astonished everybody by coming to the head of the poll, with Mr. Butler for second; and Sir William Clay found himself out of Parliament. He did not sit again.

During his Parliamentary career he was one of the foremost holders of advanced Radical views. He advocated extension of the suffrage, the ballot, triennial parliaments, and abolition of church-rates. He was the author of the Small Tenements Rating Act, which led to much discussion during the debates on Mr. Disraeli's Reform

Bill. He was Secretary to the Board of Control from 1839 till Sept. 1841, when he went out of office with Lord Melbourne, who, in the same year, had recommended him to a baronetcy.

Sir William was author of—

Remarks on the expediency of restricting the issue of Promissory Notes to a single issuing body; 8vo. Lond. 1844.

Remarks on the Water-supply of London; 2nd edit. 8vo. Lond. 1849.

Speech on moving the Second Reading of the Church Rate Abolition Bill; 8vo. Lond. 1856.

A work on Joint Stock Banking.

He married in 1822, Harriet, daughter and coheir of Thomas Dickason, esq. of Fulwell Lodge, Middlesex. By her he had issue (1) William Dickason, who now succeeds to the baronetcy. He was born 21st December, 1828, and married on 19th April, 1855, Mariana Emily, eldest daughter of Leo Schuster, esq. (2) George, Major 19th Foot, born 13th August, 1831; married, 1862, Caroline Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir John Palmer Bruce Chichester, Bart. (3) Arthur Temple Felix, born 9th December, 1842. (4) Harriet, married, 1853, to John Morgan Edwardes, son of the late H. R. Jones, esq. of Garthmyl. (5) Mary, married, 1851, to John Walrond Clarke, esq. (6) Elizabeth, married, 1847, to her cousin James Temple Bowdoin, esq. (7) Sarah Frances, died 13th Sept. 1862. (8) Emma Georgiana Christina, married, 1850, to Lieut.-Col. Henry Wedderburn Cumming, late Coldstream Guards, eldest son of the late Gen. Sir Henry Cumming, Col. of the 12th Lancers. (9) Laura Felicia Susan, married, 1859, to Walter Monteford Westropp, esq. late Capt. 19th Regt.

#### *Sir Robert Shaw, Bart.*

Died on the 19th of February, at 85, Jernyn-street, London, Sir Robert Shaw, Bart. of Bushy-park, co. Dublin.

He was born on 28th September, 1796, in Merriion-square, Dublin, being the eldest son of Sir Robert Shaw, the first Baronet, by his first wife Maria, daughter and sole heir of Abraham Wilkinson, esq. of Bushy-park. His father was Colonel of the Royal Dublin Militia, and, sitting in the Irish House of Commons for the borough of New Ross, was a strong opponent of the Union, although, when the Union had been carried into effect, he so far acquiesced in it that he represented



the city of Dublin in the Imperial Parliament for upwards of twenty years. The Baronet just deceased received his education at Trinity college, Dublin, and succeeded to the title on the death of his father, 10th March, 1849. He was Deputy-Lieutenant of co. Dublin.

As he died unmarried, the baronetcy passes to his next brother the Right Hon. Frederick Shaw, successively M.P. for the city and for the university of Dublin, and Recorder of Dublin, who was born in 1799, and is married to Thomasine Emily, youngest daughter of the Hon George Jocelyn, and granddaughter of Robert first Earl of Roden, by which lady he has issue a numerous family.

The remains of the late Baronet were interred on the 27th of February, in the family vault in Rathfarnham churchyard. The chief mourners were his brothers, the Right Hon. Frederick (now Sir Frederick) Shaw, and Mr. C. Shaw, Q.C.; and their sons, Col. George Shaw, R.A. and Robert Shaw, jun. esq.

#### General Sir A. B. Clifton.

The death of General Sir Arthur Benjamin Clifton, G.C.B. K.C.H. which took place at his Brighton residence, 52, Old Steyne, on the 7th of March, removes another name from the decreasing list of Peninsula and Waterloo veterans.

He was a son of Sir Gervase Clifton, the 6th Baronet, by the daughter of Richard Lloyd, esq. of Aberfechan, Montgomeryshire. Authorities differ, however, as to the age of the gallant officer. According to one account he was born in 1769, the year which witnessed the birth of the late Duke of Wellington and of the first Napoleon, so that he would have been about 100 years old at the time of his death. Another authority gives the date as 1770, and a third as 1772. Taking the General at his youngest, therefore, he would have attained the great age of 97. He was educated at Rugby, and entered the army in 1794. He served in the Peninsula and at Waterloo, and received a medal and three clasps for services at Talavera, Busaco, and Toulouse. In 1832 he was made a K.C.H.; in 1842 appointed Colonel of the 1st Dragoon Guards; in 1854 constituted a General in the army; and in 1861 advanced to the dignity of G.C.B. He was also a Knight 2nd Class St. Anne

of Russia, and 4th Class Wilhelm of Holland.

Sir Arthur was heir presumptive to the baronetcy of his nephew Sir Robert Jukes Clifton, M.P. for Nottingham, who was born in 1826. At Brighton, where he had resided for some years, his figure was familiar, scrupulously neat in his dress, with a small flower, summer and winter, in his button-hole.

The funeral took place on the 12th March at Clifton, Nottinghamshire.

#### Sir J. F. Olliffe, M.D.

Sir Joseph Francis Olliffe, M.D. Physician to Her Majesty's Embassy at Paris, died at Brighton on the 14th of March.

He was born at Cork in 1808, being the son of Joseph Olliffe, esq. a merchant of that city. His mother was the daughter of Charles McCarthy, esq. of Sunville, co. Cork. His medical education commenced in Paris, where he graduated M.D. in 1840. He became a Fellow of the College of Physicians, London. He was also a Fellow of the Anatomical Society of Paris, and for some time he filled the post of President of the Paris Medical Society. He was appointed a Knight of the Legion of Honour in 1846 by Louis Philippe, and promoted to the rank of officer in the same order in 1855 by the Emperor Napoleon. He was appointed physician to the British Embassy at Paris in March 1852, and in the following year created a Knight-bachelor.

Sir Joseph was nominated by the Board of Trade to be one of the British jurors for hygiene, pharmacy, surgery, and medicine, in the French International Exhibition in April 1855; and in 1861 he was appointed one of the Committee for Sanitary Appliances in the International Exhibition of 1862.

He married in 1841 Laura, second daughter of Mr. Alderman William Cubitt, M.P. of Bedford-hill House, Balham, Surrey, and Penton Lodge, Andover.

"Few men out of England (says the *British Medical Journal*) were better known than the popular, kind-hearted, and accomplished man who has for many years, so to speak, represented English medicine across the Channel. He enjoyed for many years a large practice and considerable social position. Inheriting, by marriage with the daughter of Sir William Cubitt, a large fortune,





in addition to the handsome income derived from his practice, Sir Joseph Olliffe was able to exercise, on a liberal scale, the generous hospitalities which his kindly nature and his Irish blood prompted. Few English physicians at all familiar with Paris but must gratefully remember the pleasant *entrée* which his house afforded them to some of the best society in Paris, and the unflinching kindness of Lady Olliffe. The friend as well as physician of Count de Morny, as of a large number of other influential French families, he joined De Morny in extensive building operations at the French Brighton—Trouville—which they may be said to have created. The return for this very heavy outlay had not yet been obtained; and of late years the heavy responsibilities connected with this undertaking, together with the consciousness of declining health, had somewhat impaired his spirits, but without affecting his amiability. His judgment and skill as a physician, as well as his upright, courteous, and pleasing character, conciliated the esteem and regard of the most eminent of the profession in France, with whom he held intimate relations."

#### Lady Murchison.

Died on the 9th of Feb. in Belgrave-square, London, Charlotte, wife of the distinguished Sir Roderick Impey Murchison, K.C.B. D.C.L. F.R.S. aged 80.

She was the only daughter of General Hugonin, of Nursted house, Hampshire, who was for many years Colonel of the fourth Dragoons; and on 15th Sept. 1815, became the wife of Roderick Impey Murchison, esq. Mr. Francis Trevelyan Buckland, in an interesting sketch of the deceased lady published in *Land and Water*, remarks:—Lady Murchison was no ordinary woman, and the world of science owes her a deep debt of gratitude, for if her ladyship (then Mrs. Murchison) had not—nearly half a century ago—weaned her husband's powerful mind from the ordinary occupations of a retired Peninsular Captain, and attracted his attention to the engaging pursuits of science, England might never have had occasion to be proud of the illustrious Baronet, who has fought such a good fight for geology, and whose labours have caused English geological knowledge to be respected wherever civilisation and human industry have utilised the products of the quarry, the coal mine, or the gold field. In her younger days,

when Sir Roderick's talents first began to develop themselves, she was ever by his side, whether (with hammer and sketch-book in hand) on the southern and eastern coasts of England—the mighty Alps—Italy and Germany—the mountains of her husband's native highlands—or in the silent study where the great work on Siluria was penned. As early as 1826 Lady Murchison and her husband accompanied the eminent (now Sir Charles) Lyell through Auvergne, the South of France, and Piedmont, and when in Switzerland, in a later year, she made the sketch of the famous "Fossil Fox," now in the British Museum, which enabled Cuvier to characterise the animal. In after years, as her husband's judicious adviser and consoler, she stood by him in his hard struggles to establish his great and new classification of the older rocks. The outside world knew but little of the toils, anxieties, and perplexities which must be faced and conquered by men who have attained unquestionable scientific eminence, combined with the sincere personal respect of all classes, such as has fallen to the lot of Sir Roderick. The wife of such a man should therefore be honoured as having been the mainspring of his success. Lady Murchison was one of those rare and priceless wives, who, without losing her feminine dignity, could, for better or for worse, sympathise with her husband's progress in life. She had a happy manner of receiving and entertaining the many foreign eminent *savants* whom it was Sir Roderick's delight, as President of the Geological and Geographical Societies, to entertain with true British welcome in a strange land. This she could do not only with the ordinary observances of politeness, but her intelligent mind and great knowledge was such that she could converse with philosophers—especially astronomers—on their own subjects, and set them at ease in a manner which only those who have felt the power of her conversation can duly appreciate. The great Alexander Humboldt used especially to enjoy her society, and always wrote to her as "La spirituelle Lady Murchison." Among her female friends no one was more attached to her ladyship than the wonderfully gifted and accomplished woman, Mrs. Somerville, who in her 90th year is now bringing out fresh works on physical geography, and solving problems in transcendental mathe-



matics. At the advanced age of eighty Lady Murchison's memory was most retentive, and she had a fund of anecdote of things and persons now passed away. Among her intimate scientific friends were Sir Humphry Davy, the Rev. William Vernon Harcourt, Lord Northampton, Professor Daubeny, Dean Conybeare, Professor Sedgwick, Dean Buckland, Sir Francis Chantry, Sir Charles Lyell, Sir Henry Delabèche, Dr. Wollaston, Mr. Leonard Horner, Mr. C. B. Greenough, and other men of science and art. Her husband's friends were her friends, and among them not the least was Livingstone. Here again we must record praise to her ladyship, for when Livingstone returned from Africa in London, Lady Murchison took the deepest interest in the great traveller, his wife and children; and to her Livingstone confided the care of the box containing the diploma of the freedom of the City of London, which had been conferred upon him amid general applause. The picture of her ladyship's favourite dog "Julich," entitled "The well-known inhabitant of Belgrave-square," by Sir Edwin Landseer, and her affection for her faithful guardian "Pincher," (who succeeded "Julich,") tells us of her kindness to dumb animals. The poor of her district will miss her much, for she was ever ready for works of charity—not indiscriminate donations, but true charity tempered with the tact and judgment characteristic of a wise woman. Both as an ornament to London society and as the wife of our eminent geologist and geographer, Lady Murchison has spent many a long and happy year among us. Her memory will be held dear by numerous rising men of the present generation to whom she and Sir Roderick have shown personal kindness and words of encouragement. There are none amidst the busy ranks of geologists and geographers who do not pray that strength may be given to their beloved leader under his present severe affliction, and that for years to come his venerated presence may be welcomed by his many friends and admirers in this great metropolis. Her remains were buried in the Brompton cemetery on the 13th of February.

#### M. De Lamartine.

The illustrious French poet and historian, M. Alphonse Marie Louis Prat De Lamartine, died in Paris on the 28th of February. He had a paralytic

stroke a short time previously, and the last reports of his condition showed that there was no hope of his recovery.

He was born at Mâcon on the 21st of October 1790. His family name was Prat, but he adopted that by which he is best known, after his maternal uncle named Lamartine, who left him a considerable legacy. His father the Chevalier De Lamartine had been a cavalry major under the monarchy, and married in 1790 Madlle. Alix de Roys, the daughter of the Intendant-General of Finance to the Duke of Orleans, and grand-daughter of the governess to the Duke's family. The chevalier had left the army, but was recalled to the side of Louis XVI. He did not remain in retirement long after his providential escape of the 10th August, for a few months later he and all the family were taken to prison at Autun. The chevalier was afterwards detained at Mâcon, but Madame De Lamartine was set at liberty. On the death of Robespierre the prison was thrown open and the chevalier and his family took up their residence in the small village of Milley, near Mâcon. Here young Lamartine received his first education under the eyes of his mother. About 1803 he was sent to the college at Lyons, from whence he was removed to the Jesuits' school at Belley, where he remained till 1809. Released for the present from severe study he revelled in poetry. Tasso, Dante, Shakespeare, Milton, Petrarch, Chateaubriand, and Ossian—all were eagerly devoured. To this period of his life also the world is indebted for one of his publications, for at this time he fell in love, and in the "Confidences" he afterwards related the history of his passion. His parents sent him to Paris to study and forget his love, and the treatment was effective, for he tells us that it "melted with the winter snows."

After passing some time at Paris and Lyons he made his first visit to Italy. This was shortly before the fall of the Empire, which he detested, as its "glory" did not in his opinion compensate the nation for its want of liberty, while the disregard of poetry and sentiment under the Imperial *regime* set him against mathematics, "those fetters of thought," as he styled them. On his return from Italy he devoted his attention to dramatic poetry, and his early efforts in this direction were hailed by Talma as giving promise of future excellence. In 1815 he paid





a second visit to Italy, but hurried back to France the next year to offer his services to his legitimate King, Louis XVIII. He obtained a commission in the Gardes du Corps, but his military career closed with the second fall of the Emperor.

His "*Méditations Poétiques*," first printed in 1820, first established his fame as a poet. This unpretending little volume, which for some time went begging for a publisher, presented to the world a new style of French lyric poetry. It was received with universal admiration, and 45,000 copies were sold in four years. One immediate effect of the work was to draw upon the author the notice of the State. He was appointed Secretary of the Embassy to Naples, and on his way thither he found time to halt at Geneva, where he married Miss Eliza Marianne Birch, a young English lady whom he had met in Savoy during the previous year, and whose high artistic and literary tastes had led her to admire and appreciate the poet. Her fortune enabled Lamartine to gratify his fine tastes and to live in comfort, if not in splendour, without fearing to give up his time to his literary labours. He spent the winter of 1821-2 in Rome, and in summer 1822 returned to Paris for a short time. In 1823 appeared the "*Nouvelles Méditations*," which though not possessed of less merit than the former work, was less extensively read. About this time also appeared "*La Mort de Socrate*," a highly profound and philosophical poem imitated from Phædon. In 1824 he was removed from Naples to Florence, where he was Secretary of Legation under the Marquis de Maisonfort, and in 1826 he took the post of the Marquis, who was recalled. In 1825 he published the last canto of "*Childe Harold*," which contained a severe tirade against Italy, ending with the lines—

"Je vais chercher ailleurs (pardonne ombre  
Romaine!)  
Des hommes et non pas de la poussière  
humaine."

This *complet* excited the patriotic susceptibility of Colonel Pepe, then at Naples. He wrote an angry brochure, insulting both Lamartine and his country, the result being a duel, in which Lamartine was wounded in the wrist. A reconciliation followed, however, and the combatants became fast friends. Lamartine remained in Florence five years, and while there also

published the "*Chant du Sacre*," on the occasion of which he received the decoration of a Chevalier of the Legion of Honour. In 1829 he published his collection of "*Harmonies Poétiques et Religieuses*," a work whose character evinces perhaps more close philosophy, and at the same time more true inspiration, than any of his former works, and in which the throne and the altar found a most powerful and devoted defender. In the same year the poet returned to France, and was offered by Prince Polignac the post of Secretary to the *Ministre des Affaires Etrangères*, but he declined to ally himself so closely with a ministry which was, as he believed, pursuing a policy that must lead to danger and ruin. He therefore contented himself with the appointment of Minister Plenipotentiary to Prince Leopold, who had just been chosen King of Greece. About the same time, on the decease of Count Daru, Lamartine was elected to fill his vacant chair in the Academy, and on the 1st of April, 1830, he was formally received a member of that body by its president, the world-renowned Cuvier, who, in admitting the new member, took occasion to speak of what was due by all men of taste and feeling to the author of the "*Méditations*."

Leopold refusing the crown of Greece, Lamartine, now unemployed, made a tour in Switzerland, where he was when the Revolution of July broke out. The new Government made advances to him, but he did not wish to ally himself to them. His loyalist feelings were for the banished branch of the family, but in the light of accomplished facts he refused also to approach the Legitimists. In his "*Politique Rationnelle*," published in 1831, appear some of his feelings on this occasion. He spoke of the time being the epoch of right, and of the action of all, and of a time approaching to elevate all men to political equality, and he evidently believed that the Orleans dynasty were merely occupying the throne during a period of transition. He wished, however, to be actively engaged, and consequently he presented himself as candidate for a seat in the Chamber of Deputies to the electors of Toulon, and again to those of Dunkirk. He failed, and was violently attacked in the "*Némésis*." He wrote a reply to the poet Barthélémy, which was characterised by dignity and good taste.



Driven for the moment from public life, he undertook a voyage to the East. In May, 1832, he embarked with his wife and daughter at Marseilles in a vessel which he had chartered and equipped. His arrangements were princely. He had a library and an arsenal on board, as well as a collection of presents for the chiefs whom he should visit. The Arabs knew him by the title of the French Emir. He purchased houses to sojourn in, and kept quite a caravan of horses. He contended in poetic tourney with one of the first bards of Asia, and was hospitably received by Lady Hester Stanhope on Mount Lebanon. This journey, which occupied sixteen months, was not without a painful accompaniment, for his daughter Julia, whom he had been compelled to leave with her mother at Beyrout, sank beneath the disease of the lungs that had declared itself, and her body was brought back to France in the same vessel that had conveyed the family to Syria. The special result of this journey was a highly interesting book of travels, which was published in 1835—a work, however, the success of which has suffered because the genius of the poet has not permitted him to pay minute attention to accuracy in some matters, especially those of geographical detail.

While in Syria Lamartine was elected a member of the Chamber for Bergues in January, 1833. In May he left Syria and returned by Constantinople and the Danube to Paris, where he arrived in October. In December he took his seat in the Chamber, and on the 4th January, 1834, appeared in the tribune for the first time to speak on the Address. In this speech he in no way joined either party in the Chamber, but spoke on general topics—justice, morality, and charity. On the 14th May he again addressed the Chamber on the law of associations. He indignantly attacked the law for muzzling the press, and, though generally in Opposition, was not attached to any party. Though engaged in public life, he did not neglect the Muse, and in 1835 a new poem, "*Jocelyn*," appeared, followed in 1838 by "*The Fall of an Angel*," and in 1839 by "*Récenillements Poétiques*."

In the same year he was elected for his own district of Mâcon, and sat as representative for this place up to 1848. He became known as a speaker, and delivered many fine addresses to the

Chamber. Under the Ministry of 15th April, 1837-9, he took part with M. Molé against a coalition, not because he agreed with the Minister, but, not choosing to aid in giving power to the hands of Thiers, Berryer, Guizot, and Garnier Pagès, who were, he said, too enigmatical for him to trust. About this period he formed a party in the Chamber which was known as the "*Parti Social*." Though he had thus defended the Ministry, he opposed the Government strongly on the Oriental question, and enunciated his own views. He proposed that the West should colonise and protect the East; that Turkey should be divided, giving Constantinople to Russia, Egypt to England, and Syria to France. At this time the complete decay of the Turkish empire appeared imminent, and the French Ministry favoured the project of forming an Egypto-Syriac kingdom under Mehemet Ali. He vigorously opposed Thiers on the question of the fortifications of Paris; and his voice was heard in favour of the Regency of the Duchess of Orleans, and in castigating the Legitimist deputies who had attended the Court of the Count of Chambord in Belgrave-square. He also gave close attention to a complicated and technical question concerning sugar, showing that he had studied and mastered the subject. At this time the King looked favourably upon him, and he was frequently offered a place in the Ministry. He not only refused all such offers, but even withdrew by degrees from the moderate party, and allied himself with the opposition organised by the Reform press and the banquets held to declaim against the policy of M. Guizot. He used every effort to provoke against this policy what he called the "revolution of contempt."

Probably the most effective means which he employed was the publication of the "*Histoire des Girondins*," in 1847. It was written with an evident desire to inspire Republicanism and to bring about a revolution. In fact, Lamartine foresaw what was coming, and at a banquet at Mâcon on December 27, 1847, predicted the expulsion of the Orleans family from France. The Revolution soon came on. Guizot obstinately refused to aid in any reform, and prohibited a Reform banquet appointed for the 12th Arrondissement on the 22nd February, 1848. On that day the Revolution broke out, and on the 24th the Monarchy had been swept





away, and even its semblance, under the name of the Regency of the Duchess of Orleans, as mother to the young Count of Paris, was indignantly refused by the Assembly. Lamartine was one of the most determined in calling for the appointment of a Provisional Government, and himself placed Dupont de l'Eure in the President's chair, and procured the election of the Government, in which Dupont de l'Eure appeared as receiving most votes, Arago next, and Lamartine third. In the new Government Lamartine took, in fact, the part of a moderator, and his name gave great confidence to the orderly citizens. He displayed during this difficult time great courage and coolness. His reply to a formidable assembly who wanted the Government to adopt the red flag was courageous and well judged. "For my part," he said, "I will never adopt it. For the tri-coloured flag has been round the world with the Republic and the Empire, with your liberties and your glories, and the red flag has been but round the Champ de Mars dragged through the blood of the people." He endeavoured also to delay the proclamation of the Republic—saying in reply to those who called for it that they asked for the confiscation of the rights of 34 millions of Frenchmen. Popular pressure, however, prevailed. The Republic was proclaimed, and Lamartine took the portfolio of Foreign Affairs, on which he issued a remarkable manifesto to the foreign Powers, setting aside *in toto* the Treaties of 1815, but admitting "territorial circumscriptions as a fact which the Republic would adopt as a basis in its dealings with other nations." This document, couched in grand language, and expressing the most cordial desires for peace, was not, however, without its evidences of a readiness to oppose force to any attack, and it secured the respect of established Governments, while it fostered the hopes of revolutionary spirits in all countries.

For some months Lamartine was the most popular man in France. In him the citizens saw a powerful check to anarchy and the tyranny of parties, and his word, in quieting the tumult of the Parisian mob, seemed to give security to all France.

But his influence was short-lived. The suspicion generally entertained of his complicity with the Reds lowered him in public estimation, and his inge-

nious apology that, if he had conspired it was as the conductor conspires with the thunder, did not win back for him public confidence. The insurrection of June overthrew him and his colleagues, although he made every effort to prevent it, and also to conjure what he thought to be another danger, in the person of Prince Louis Napoleon, which he foresaw was preparing for the Republic. At the general elections for the Legislative Assembly he was not returned, and though he was afterwards enabled to take his seat in the Chamber, it was owing to a partial election for the department of the Loiret. His preponderance was gone for ever, even in his native department. During the election to the Presidency of the Republic there was some slight agitation in favour of him, but only in a portion of the press, and when the returns were complete Lamartine's name stood fifth on a list of six candidates. The *Coup d'Etat* of the 2nd December put an end to him as a public man.

His character is thus delineated by a writer in the *Morning Post*:—

"Few men have ever renounced a political career leaving behind them a name so unsullied as the great French poet. In reviewing his course in public life we are at once struck with the noble independence which ever characterised his conduct. We can now, too, do justice to the prescience evinced by his saying in 1830 that the House of Orleans was merely occupying a post of transition; and to his well-founded aversion to permitting Louis Napoleon to enter the Assembly. Throughout his life he also had the good sense to accept the established condition of things, and when he could not conscientiously serve the Government he did not needlessly contend with the powers that were. In returning to private life he found himself a poor man, notwithstanding territorial grants made to him by the Sultan of tracts apparently of great value; despite the success of his works, and although a large subscription was raised for him both at home and abroad; notwithstanding all this, the loss of his fortune during political agitations and his own almost princely expenditure and munificent liberality, reduced him to seek support from his pen, and he set himself steadily to work for bread. He produced an immense amount of writing, but all of an ephemeral character, employing, it may be, more power and more skill



than would have sufficed to have given to the world three or four standard works to add to the fame which he already had acquired. Lamartine was, above all, a poet. His poetic fervour manifested itself in all his writings, in his speeches, in his statesmanship, and in his private life. He was chivalrous and liberal of soul. He himself checked the subscription which had been commenced for his benefit, and set himself, in 1859, to prepare a collected edition of his works. His writings are too numerous to give a catalogue of them in a short notice, and most of them are already tolerably well known. In his private life he was lavish of money, even to heedlessness, and he was at all times ready to answer the calls of distress, to which he would contribute the last franc in his possession rather than allow want to go unrelieved. He seems to have lacked the faults as well as some of the merits that go to make up a great man; but he has left behind him a name memorable in history and dear to those who love the muse of poetry."

#### M. Troplong.

Died at Paris, on the 28th of Feb. M. Troplong, one of the first members of the French Senate, and for some years past President of that august body.

Raymond Théodore Troplong was born on the 8th of Oct. 1795, at Saint Gaudens, in the department of Haute Garonne. Shortly after the second Restoration he was received an advocate, and in 1819 became a magistrate, occupying the post of a substitute in the civil tribunal of Alençon, whence he was sent as Procureur du Roi to Sartène, and from thence was sent to Bastia as deputy for the Procureur-General. Here he married, and was appointed Advocate-General. In 1829 he was appointed to a similar position at Nancy. In this town he laid the foundation of his reputation by his erudite inquiry into the territorial rights of the Dukes of Lorraine. In 1833 M. Troplong was appointed President of his Court: in 1834 he received the decoration of the Legion of Honour, and in 1835 became a member of the Cour de Cassation. This rapid promotion was mainly due to extensive contributions to the legal lore of the country, by which his name had become extensively known in his profession. On the 4th July, 1846, he

was raised to the dignity of a Peer of France, and, on the decease of Baron Seguier, first President of the Court in Paris, he was appointed to this important post by a decree dated Dec. 22, 1848. A man whose merits had made their own way during thirty years, and with four successive governments, could not be forgotten by Louis Napoleon after his *coup d'état*; and under the new empire M. Troplong was selected as the recipient of high favours. He appears to have been more attached to his own profession and department of administration than to any political party, and we find him in 1852 among the first list of Senators appointed on the 25th Jan. in that year. He soon became Vice-President, and in 1854 President of that body, and on the 30th Dec. 1854, the Emperor conferred on him the grand cross of the Legion of Honour. In 1852 he replaced M. Poutalès as first President of the Cour de Cassation, and in 1858 became a member of the Privy Council. In the year 1840 he had been chosen to fill the chair in the French Academy of Moral and Political Science. He was also a member of the commission for the management of the Opera, and of the general council of the department De l'Eure.

The works on French law left by M. Troplong are numerous and important. The principal is the "*Droit Civil Expliqué*," in 23 volumes, the publication of which ranged over 25 years, from 1833 to 1858. This is a continuation of the "*Commentaire du Code Civil*," by Toullier, and comprises many important works, on privileges, the contract of marriage, on gifts, &c. It is a work greatly esteemed, and displaying immense research. Besides this great work, there are "*The Influence of Christianity on the Roman Civil Law*," "*The Power of the State over Education*," and several smaller works, as well as a large number of contributions to periodicals.

#### Charles Bell, Esq. M.P.

The Conservative member for the city of London, Charles Bell, esq. died at his residence, Terrace House, Richmond, Surrey, on the 9th of February. The cause of the hon. gentleman's death was an attack of bronchitis, accompanied by enlargement of the heart.

He was the son of Thomas Bell, esq. a merchant of London, and was born in that city in 1805. As one of the





partners in the firm of Messrs. J. Thomson, Bonar, and Co. of Old Broad-street and St. Petersburg, he for some years resided in Russia. In 1865 he unsuccessfully contested the borough of Banbury. Having gained the esteem of the mercantile community, he was requested to come forward as one of the Conservative candidates for the representation of the city of London on the recent dissolution, when, owing to the operation of the "minority clause" introduced into the new Reform Act, Mr. Bell was returned by a narrow majority, his colleagues in the Conservative interest and Baron Rothschild, one of the Liberal candidates, being placed at the bottom of the poll. The numbers were—

The Rt. Hon. G. J. Goschen . . .	6,520
Robert Wigram Crawford, esq. . .	6,258
Alderman William Lawrence . . .	6,215
Charles Bell, esq. . . . .	6,130
Philip Twells, esq. . . . .	6,099
Sills John Gibbons, esq. . . . .	6,013
Baron Lionel de Rothschild . . .	5,295

The vacancy occasioned by Mr. Bell's death was filled up on the 21st of February by the unopposed return of Baron Rothschild.

Mr. Bell, who was unmarried, was an honorary member of the Imperial Russian Order of St. Stanislaus, and had been a commissioner of Lunacy for London since 1865. The funeral took place at Richmond on the 15th of February.

#### John Epps, Esq. M.D.

Dr. John Epps, a celebrated homœopathic practitioner, the author of many works in great repute among the friends of that theory of medicine, and a prominent man among politicians of advanced Liberal ideas, died on the 12th of February at his residence 89, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, aged 64.

The son of Mr. John Epps, formerly of Sevenoaks, Kent, he received his education at Mill Hill, and, being destined for the medical profession, was subsequently articled to Dr. Drury. Afterwards he studied in the University of Edinburgh, where he was created M.D. in 1827. He now settled in London, and commenced practice as a physician. He also lectured to medical students, among whom were some who have since attained great eminence in the healing art, on the *Materia Medica* and other subjects. At an early period

of life he had made his appearance as an author, and now he published his "*Hora Phrenologica*," having embraced the opinions of Gall and Spurzheim on the science of mind. In 1831 he was appointed Medical Director of the Royal Jennerian and Royal Vaccine Institution, of which he continued to be a supporter up to the time of his death. He was co-editor for a time of the "*London Medical and Surgical Journal*," and for a long period he conducted the "*Anthropological Magazine*" and the "*Journal of Health and Disease*."

Dr. Epps was one of the earliest practitioners of homœopathy in this country. Having once become convinced of the truth of Hahnemann's theory, he, with characteristic earnestness, renounced altogether the allopathic system of medicine, and exerted himself to promote by all means in his power, and at considerable self-sacrifice, the spread of the new doctrines. He acquired a large practice, and was greatly beloved by his patients, not a few of whom became his personal friends. He lectured on homœopathy both in London and in some of the chief provincial towns, and also to medical students on the homœopathic *Materia Medica*, first at the hospital, and afterwards, when his health failed, at his town residence in Great Russell-street. To promote his favourite doctrines, he published a number of works on homœopathy, and for many years edited "*Notes of a New Truth*," a homœopathic journal, of which he was also the principal supporter.

Dr. Epps's labours in the cause of reform were not, however, by any means confined exclusively to the science of medicine. He was an enthusiastic advocate of numerous political and philanthropic schemes, and sympathized deeply with every movement which in his opinion had a tendency to promote religious, political, and commercial liberty. His love of freedom brought him early into contact with the leading reformers. He took an active part in agitating for Catholic Emancipation about 1828, and for Parliamentary Reform in 1830; and joined the Council of the National Political Union with Burdett, Hume, and Roebuck. He belonged to the Society of Friends of Poland with Lord Dudley Stuart, Lord Shaftesbury, and others, and lectured in favour of their cause. He was also actively engaged in ad-



vancing the revolutionary cause in Italy. He co-operated in the complete suffrage movement, the Anti-Corn Law League (in which he enjoyed the confidence of the late Richard Cobden), the abolition of slavery, the Jamaica Committee, and, in fact, took a prominent part in all the great liberal measures of reform which have come into operation in this country during the last forty years. His repugnance to the levying of Church-rates was more than once publicly shown by his suffering distraint, and a story on this subject, written by his wife, was published by him.

As a lecturer Dr. Epps was most popular, and his courses, delivered in London and various large towns, on Physiology, Phrenology, and other scientific, social, and political subjects, were numerous attended. His medical practice was endeared by many personal friendships, and his generous care for young men entering the profession is well known. The private life of Dr. Epps was adorned by many acts of beneficence. He was remarkable for his love of truth, and strong advocacy of justice between man and man in every controversy, whatever might be the popular feeling of the time upon the subject. To a kind and genial disposition he joined an unaffected simplicity of character, which endeared him to a large circle of friends; and his time and means were never refused, when it was in his power, to relieve the distressed or render help to the victim of oppression.

He married, in 1831, Ellen, daughter of Mr. John Frederick Elliott, but has left no children.

His remains were interred on the 19th of February at Kensal Green in the presence of a large number of his personal and political friends, including Mr. Edward Miall, Mr. James Stansfeld, M.P. and Mr. P. A. Taylor, M.P.

A list of Dr. Epps's separate publications is subjoined:—

A Manual of Phrenology.

Affections of the Head.

Affections of Women.

Rejected cases; with a letter to Thomas Wakley, Esq.

Infinitesimals.

A New Way of Teaching English Grammar.

An Introduction to Botany.

Evidences of Christianity deduced from Phrenology.

Horæ Phrenologicæ, being three Phrenological Essays: I. On Morality. II. On the best means of obtaining

Happiness. III. On Veneration. 12mo. 1829; 2nd edit. 1834.

The Life of John Walker, M.D. 8vo. 1831; 2nd edit. 1832.

Epilepsy, a case of twenty years' standing cured, with the treatment and remarks thereon; 8vo. 1834.

A speech on bestowing a Charter, with power to confer degrees, on the London University, delivered at the Westminster Medical Society 19 April, 1834, 8vo.

Domestic Homœopathy, or rules for the domestic treatment of infants, children, and adults; 8vo. 1842.

A Treatise on the Virtues of Arnica, Rhus Toxodendron, and Calendula, in reference to wounds, bruises, and other diseased states thereupon consequent; 18mo. 1850.

Homœopathy and its principles explained; 8vo. 1850.

J. H. Pulte's Homœopathic Domestic Physician, revised and supplied with explanatory notes; 8vo. 1852, 1854, 1855.

Constipation: its Theory and Cure; 8vo. 1854.

What is Homœopathy? Colonial edition. Melbourne; 8vo. 1859.

Consumption (Phthisis): its nature and treatment; 8vo. 1859.

He also revised and edited "Memoirs of the extraordinary career of John Shipp, late a Lieutenant in his Majesty's 87th Regiment. Written by himself." 3 vols. 12mo. Lond. 1829; 4th edition 1 vol. 12mo. 1842.

#### James Wardrop, Esq. F.R.S.

This distinguished surgeon expired on the 13th of February, at his residence in Charles-street, St. James's-square, in his 87th year.

He was born on the 14th August, 1782, at Torbane-hill, Linlithgow, the son of James Wardrop, esq., and Christina, daughter of Alexander Marjoribanks, esq., of Marjoribanks. He received his education at the High School of Edinburgh. After attending the literary classes of the University he commenced his professional studies at an early age, under the auspices of his uncle, Dr. Andrew Wardrop, then a surgeon of considerable eminence in the Scottish metropolis; became assistant to the celebrated anatomist Dr. Barclay; and when only nineteen he was appointed house-surgeon to the Royal Infirmary. A few months afterwards he came to London, and attended the lectures of Cline, Cooper, Aberne-





thy, &c. Notwithstanding the war between this country and France, Mr. Wardrop started for Paris, in order to continue his studies in that capital, and in a small room in the Ecole de Médecine he contrived to elude the vigilance of the police, and pursued his studies unmolested. He then repaired to Vienna; and from the celebrated ophthalmologist Beer derived much of that zeal which led him afterwards to investigate the diseases of the eye. He returned to Edinburgh and commenced the practice of his profession, more particularly as an oculist, and published his "Essays on the Morbid Anatomy of the Human Eye," contributing also several papers to the medical journals. After practising a few years in the northern metropolis, he came to London, and, having passed his examination at the Royal College of Surgeons on the 8th March 1814, he again entered on the active duties of his profession, when a fortunate accident introduced him to the notice of the Prince of Wales. One of the horses of his Royal Highness having been seized with a violent attack of ophthalmia, which baffled the skill of the veterinary surgeons, Lord Queensberry was commanded to consult the first surgeon-oculist in London. His Lordship called upon his countryman Mr. Wardrop, who at that time had the reputation of being a skilful oculist, as well as being well-up in the mysteries of the stable; the result was most satisfactory, and fully justified the choice, and in requital for his skill he was advanced, in 1818, from equestrian operator to the dignity of Surgeon-extraordinary to the Prince Regent. In 1823, when George IV visited Scotland, he received his Majesty's commands to attend him; and in 1828, on the elevation of Sir Astley P. Cooper to Serjeant-Surgeon, a special appointment was created for him under the designation of "Surgeon to the King." The King subsequently offered him a baronetcy, which he declined, but he received a gratuity of £1,000.

As showing the high opinion entertained of Wardrop by George IV. Mr. Pettigrew gives an interesting illustration, from which it appears that, having visited the King early in his last fatal illness, he subsequently received a command to repair immediately to Windsor. The visit was made on Sunday, April 25th, 1830; when, on entering the bed-chamber, Mr. Wardrop found his Majesty alone, sitting upon a

couch, his countenance bespeaking some serious mischief. After a careful examination of the chest, the King said, in a firm and decided tone, "Tell me, my good friend, what you think, really and truly, is the matter with me; for I am confident that there is something much more serious than [Knighton] either thinks or chooses to tell me." Mr. Wardrop then stated that the difficulty of breathing arose entirely from an impediment of the circulation of the blood through the heart. His Majesty said, "Tell me, Wardrop, honestly, if you think I shall recover;" to which Mr. Wardrop answered, that his condition was by no means hopeless, though his Majesty must be perfectly aware that any disease of a vital organ like the heart could not be altogether free of danger. At the request of Sir William Knighton, Mr. Wardrop stated in writing, for the information of Sir Henry Hallford, his opinion that the affection of the heart might be dependent on an arthritic diathesis; and that if, by the treatment suggested, the gout could be brought to manifest itself in the limbs, the King might be relieved. After this visit Mr. Wardrop's attendance at Windsor terminated; though he afterwards learned that the King had repeatedly expressed a wish to see him, and his surprise at his never having returned to the palace.

Mr. Wardrop was associated with the late Sir William Lawrence in giving a course of lectures on surgery at the school in Aldersgate Street, and, on the retirement of Lawrence to the surgical chair of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, he continued to deliver a few courses by himself. Later, he devoted his attention to the subject of aneurism, and published a work on the subject, in which he proposed and successfully carried into practice the tying the artery on the distal side of the aneurismal tumour. Professor Valentine Mott, of New York, stated that this improvement "had conferred on Wardrop the highest honour and most lasting fame."

About this time we find, on reference to the now scarce speeches of Lawrence, delivered at the Freemasons' Tavern, on the subject of medical education, which have led to the adoption of many of those improvements in medical polity in this metropolis which have since taken place, that Wardrop was an unflinching advocate on this important subject, and an active coadjutor of Sir William Lawrence in these pro-



ceedings with Messrs. Tyrrell, Wellbank, and other gentlemen who subsequently became members of the council of the College of Surgeons. It is due to the memory of Mr. Wardrop to add that the principles avowed by him on these occasions were firmly maintained to the end of his long life.

Mr. Pettigrew, in his *Medical Portrait Gallery* has given a full and critical account of his writings. The more important of these were, after the "Essay on Eyes," already named,— "Observations on Fungus Hæmatodes, 1809," "Essays on the Disease of the Eye of the Horse, and their Treatment, 1819," "A Biographical Memoir of the late Dr. Baillie," prefixed to the edition of his Works in 1825; "On Aneurism and its Cure, by a new operation, 1828;" "On the Nature and Treatment of Diseases of the Heart;" and many valuable contributions to the "Encyclopedia Britannica," (including the entire article on "Surgery"); to "Costello's Cyclopædia of Practical Surgery," "The Edinburgh Medical and Surgical Journal," "The Transactions of the Medico-Chirurgical Society," reports of cases in *The Lancet*, &c. &c.

Mr. Wardrop was a large and valuable contributor to medical and surgical literature.

With a rich fund of miscellaneous knowledge, derived from reading, and extensive intercourse with the world, Mr. Wardrop rendered himself one of the most agreeable and instructive companions, although at times there was a considerable degree of *brusquerie* in his address. His portrait is given in the Medical Portrait Gallery, from a picture by A. Eddes, engraved by J. Thomson.

#### Mr. T. F. Barham, M.B.

Thomas Foster Barham was born at Hendon, Middlesex, in 1794, and educated at Queen's College, Cambridge, where he took his degree of M.B. in 1820. After acting for some time as physician to the Exeter Dispensary, he settled at Newton Abbot, Devonshire, where he died on the 3rd of March last. He was buried on the 8th March, in Highweek churchyard.

The following list of his published books and papers is extracted from the *Western Morning News*:—

An introduction to Greek Grammar on a new plan. 8vo. London; 1829.

One God the Father; or, the Unitarian Doctrine briefly stated. Third

edition. London. 1835, 12mo.

One God the Father; or the Strict and Proper Monotheism of the Gospel Vindicated. London. 1868, 8vo. (Another edition of the preceding work.)

Greek roots in English Rhymes. London. 1837, 12mo.

The Enkheiridion of Hehfaistiown. Translated by T. F. B. The Greek text and the translation. Cambridge. 1843, 8vo. (The Prolegomena highly commended in Grote's History of Greece, iv. 107.)

Philadelphia, or the Claims of Humanity. London. 1858, 8vo.

Free Catholicism the Principle of Unity in the Christian Church, a Sermon. London. 18.., 8vo.

St. Michael's Mount, the Ikilis of Diodorus Siculus. In Transactions of the Royal Geological Society of Cornwall, iii. 86-112.

On the Temperature of Mines, *ib.*, iii. 150-165.

Account of some Ancient Circles on Botrea Hill, in the Parish of Sancreed, &c. *ib.* iii. 192-202.

Meteorological Register kept at Exeter. In Rep. Roy. Instit. of Cornwall.

On the Amount and Distribution of Sunshine. In Trans. of Devonshire Assoc. part iii. p. 3.

On Metrical Time, or the Rhythm of Verse, Ancient and Modern. In Philol. Soc. Trans. 1861.

In the catalogues of the British Museum the following works are erroneously attributed to Mr. Barham, whereas they are in reality by his father Thomas Foster Barham, who died at Leskinnick, Penzance, in 1843:—

Abdakah, or the Arabian Martyr. A Christian drama in three acts, and in verse, with a poem on the same subject, by J. Montgomery. 2nd edition. London. 1821, 8vo.

Elijah. A sacred poem. London. 1822, 8vo.

#### Ralph Barnes, Esq.

The death of Ralph Barnes, esq. Secretary to the Bishop of Exeter and Chapter Clerk, took place at his residence, Bellairs, in the Topsham-road, Exeter, on the 22nd of February. He was in his 88th year, and had been engaged in the active pursuit of his business until within a few days of his death.

Mr. Barnes was son of the Rev. Ralph Barnes, Archdeacon of Totnes, and grandson of Henry Barnes, one of





the secondaries of the Court of Common Pleas, and the author of two volumes of "Notes of Cases of Practice" decided between 1732 and 1773, in which latter year he died at Hampstead. His mother was a daughter of the Rev. Theophilus Blackall, Chancellor of the diocese of Exeter. He was born on 14th of July 1781, and baptised in the parish of Harberton, Devonshire, on the 5th Sept. the same year. He was educated at the Exeter Grammar School, and began the study of the law in 1798 at the early age of 17. He was admitted an attorney on the 25th of Nov. 1802. In 1803 he accepted a commission as Lieutenant of the Exeter Regiment of Volunteer Infantry. On the 7th Nov. in the same year he was admitted Notary Public. He was one of the founders of the West of England Insurance Office, to which institution he acted as solicitor since 1814. He was first appointed Bishop's Secretary by the Right Rev. Dr. Bethell, who went to Exeter by translation from Gloucester, in April, 1830. Bishop Phillpotts continued Mr. Barnes in the secretaryship. About the same time he was chosen Deputy Registrar and performed almost all the Registrar's duties for many years. For some years he carried on business as a solicitor with the late Mr. Sharp, but the partnership was dissolved in 1811, and thenceforward Mr. Barnes continued his business alone. He was a member of the Council of the Incorporated Law Society, and took great interest in all matters affecting the welfare of the legal profession.

He possessed considerable literary ability, and was the writer of several works, of a legal and semi-legal character. At the time of his death he had a pamphlet going through the press, for private circulation, entitled "Thoughts on Mr. Gladstone's Chapter of Autobiography, in its Legal Aspect." It has been brought out since Mr. Barnes's decease, and is reviewed at some length in the *Exeter Gazette* of the 12th of March. In the Exeter Diocesan Calendar for 1869 will be found a clear and comprehensive "View of the Provisions of Act 31 and 32 Vict. cap. 109, for the Abolition of Compulsory Church Rates," by Mr. Barnes. "Barnes on Equity Practice" is a work much valued in the profession. It is called, "An Inquiry into Equity Practice and the Law of Real Property, with a View to Legislative

Revision." "Remarks on the Judgment of the Judicial Committee in the case of the Bishop of Natal," published in 1866, was a valuable contribution to that important controversy, and was more than once quoted in Parliament. Earl Russell, on one occasion, made a special reference to the views of the writer as of great value in the consideration of the case. The pamphlet also received the high commendation of Chief Justice Turner. His work on the Papal Aggression, published shortly after the appearance of Earl Russell's notable Durham Letter, was much quoted and talked of at the time; it was a work of great ability and research, and was referred to in warm terms of approval in a *Times* leader, and by the Bishop of Ely in his book on the Thirty-nine Articles. He edited Bishop Lacy's "Liber Pontificalis," 1847, a work which only a few men could read; and among his contributions to law literature were works and pamphlets on the Law of Sheriff, Tithe Modus, and Church Rates.

Mr. Barnes conducted the great and memorable case of the Chapter of Exeter against the Crown as to the right of the Chapter to elect its own Dean. A vast amount of antiquarian and historical evidence was brought to bear on the case, and Mr. Barnes had the satisfaction of winning the cause, whereupon an Act of Parliament was passed vesting in the Crown the appointment of the Dean. The Bishop of Exeter had the highest possible opinion of Mr. Barnes's legal knowledge and sagacity, and of the soundness of his advice on all matters appertaining to the diocese.

Among the most prominent features of his character were his untiring industry and love of work, and his keen and unflinching sense of duty. It may be truly said of him that he conscientiously and unremittingly laboured in his profession from the date of his articles almost till the last day of his existence. Once a year, as a necessary relaxation from the application of business, he took a trip on the Continent, preferring the region of the Alps, and thoroughly enjoyed himself. The rest of the year he devoted wholly to business. As an instance of his industry, and something more, it is recorded of him that on one occasion a Government Commission required of him a copy of the Exon Domesday Book, and he copied the whole of the crabbéd and



scarcely intelligible old writing in the hours before business of a morning. Business, indeed, seemed to be his pleasure, and after having devoted the ordinary working hours to his vocation, and having dined, he would set to work and make a long evening, as if he had the capacity of two men for application. But he did not confine his attention to matters having an immediate demand upon him as a professional man. He was much interested in public matters, both local and imperial. In all questions of Law Reform he took a strong practical interest, and his opinion was greatly respected in the profession. It was mainly owing to his exertions that the new provincial Probate Courts were made so extremely useful. The proposal of the Government was that the effects of which the District Registrars should have cognizance should be limited to 1,500*l.* in value, and the profession generally were disposed to accept this limit, not as sufficient, but as the utmost that they were likely to obtain, and the general opinion appeared to be that the whole concession might be lost by asking too much. Mr. Barnes, however, persevered in the endeavour to obtain a wider limit, and ultimately Lord Palmerston determined to remove the limit altogether. His capacity was scarcely inferior to his industry. He was undoubtedly one of the best ecclesiastical lawyers in the kingdom. A safe and cautious man, he was slow at arriving at conclusions, and seldom made a mistake. His research was something extraordinary. He read with facility the old works of the Canonists, both Latin and Greek, and would decipher ancient and crabbed MSS. with an ease in which he had no rival, unless it were, perhaps, the late Dr. Oliver, who frequently acknowledged his obligations to him in his historical works concerning Exeter and Devon. Dr. Oliver dedicated to him his *Monasticon Diocesis Etoniensis*, (1846), making use of these words: "This work I am proud to dedicate to you, sir, as a friend, and as a patron and lover of venerable antiquity." In his *Lives of the Bishops of Exeter*, Dr. Oliver says he can never repay his obligations to Mr. Barnes and to some other gentlemen whom he names. The learned antiquarian doctor also dedicated, we believe, his *Ecclesiastical Antiquities* to Mr. Barnes, who assisted him greatly in his labours, going with him over a vast

quantity of ancient MSS. in the possession of the Dean and Chapter. The Chapter, having had the advantage of Mr. Barnes's legal advice for sixty-five years, feel the loss of him to a degree that can hardly be imagined. His knowledge was so extensive, and his judgment so clear, that they relied upon him wholly, and they cannot but feel that his loss is irreparable. Whenever he took up a subject he would thoroughly exhaust it before he left it, leaving no authority unappealed to, and no aspect of the question unconsidered. His own law library, which is almost unique for its ancient works, shows his industry and research; the volumes are full of notes, and bristle with dockets of reference. His correspondence, which was extensive, he carried on by dictating letters to his clerks, which he did with great facility and exactness, and it is said of him, that in his younger days he would keep three amanuenses writing simultaneously. He found it hard to satisfy himself of the absolute correctness of whatever he put into writing, so that those around him were in the habit of joking about the enormous quantity of good writing-paper he wasted.

As a politician, Mr. Barnes held pronounced Conservative views; but, however strong were his convictions, he was absolutely free from intolerance, and never allowed party politics to interfere either with the warmth of his friendship, with the disposition of his charity, or with his treatment of those whom he employed.

He married, on 1st June 1809, at St. Sidwell's church, Exeter, Augusta Charlotte, daughter of the Rev. John Andrew, Rector of Powderham and Archdeacon of Barnstaple. By this lady, who died some years ago, he had eleven children, of whom only three are living, viz. two daughters, Augusta and Anne, and one son, the Rev. Reginald Barnes, the recently-appointed Vicar of Heavitree, previously Incumbent of St. Mary's church near Torquay. The loss of eight children, all of whom lived beyond the age of twelve years, was a great and trying grief to him. Their names were Charlotte, George, Charles, Arthur, Walter, Theophilus, Isabella, and Ellen.

The body of Mr. Barnes was consigned to the tomb in Stoke Canon churchyard, on the 27th of February.—(Abridged from the *Exeter Gazette*.)





## The Rev. John Webb, F.S.A.

On the 18th February died, at Hardwick Vicarage, near Hay, co. Hereford, in his 93rd year, the Rev. John Webb, M.A. F.S.A. M.R.S.L. Rector of Tretire in the same county, a well-known historical antiquary.

He was descended from an old and distinguished family. One of his ancestors was Major-General Webb, who served with great distinction under the Duke of Marlborough, and another (it is believed) a cavalry officer of the like rank, who, with Lord Hopton and a few others, refused to surrender to Fairfax in Cornwall at the close of the Civil War, and withdrew to the Continent.

Mr. Webb was born and bred in London, and we have heard it stated both by him and the late Sir Henry Ellis, two life-long friends whose term of life has held so nearly an equal measure, that they each had a distinct recollection of the riots of 1780. Mr. Webb was educated at St. Paul's in London, while Dr. Roberts was high master, and for nearly two years he was captain of the school. He was afterwards at Wadham College, Oxford, and graduated B.A. 1798, M.A. 1802. He was ordained about 1800 to the curacy of Ravenstone in Leicestershire, and in the course of a ministry of nearly sixty years he was successively curate of Ripple, co. Worcester; of Ross, co. Hereford; Lecturer of St. Martin's with the chapel of St. Bartholomew's in Birmingham; a Minor Canon of the cathedral church of Worcester, with the rectory of St. Clement's in that city; (in 1812) Rector of Tretire with Michaelchurch, co. Hereford, which he held until his decease; a Minor Canon of Gloucester; and (in 1821) Vicar of St. John's, Cardiff, in the gift of the dean and chapter of Gloucester, which he resigned in 1863.

Mr. Webb was a man of very great accomplishments, and one of those of whom it may be said, as to intellectual studies, "*humani nihil alienum*," taking a vivid interest in any matter presented to his mind. According to the well-known Greek aphorism, "he was still learning as he grew old," and this with a freshness of purpose which resembled the vigour of a perpetual youth. His scholarship was sound and accurate, and his taste refined. As a proficient in Norman French, he was particularly distinguished. His favourite study was that of historical anti-

quities, for which he imbibed an early predilection from a copy of Holinshed's Chronicle in the library of St. Paul's school, and his literary productions in that department are remarkable examples of scrupulous accuracy and persevering research.

He was elected a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries on the 4th Nov. 1819, and his first communication to that learned body, made in the same year, was a translation of the curious French metrical history of the Deposition of King Richard the Second, written by (Creton) a contemporary. It was accompanied with prefatory observations, elaborate notes, and an appendix, with a copy of the original, illustrated with sixteen illuminations; and it occupies the greater part (423 pages) of the twentieth volume of *Archæologia*. It has afforded materials for several subsequent writers, particularly Mr. Knight in his "Half-hours with the Best Authors," and in his "Pictorial History of England."

In 1821 Mr. Webb communicated to the same society a survey of Egypt and Syria, undertaken in the year 1422, by Sir Gilbert de Lannoy, kut. translated from a manuscript in the Bodleian Library, with an introductory dissertation, and notes of illustration and reference to the Crusades. This was also an elaborate paper, and it occupies 64 pages of the twenty-second volume of *Archæologia*.

In 1829 Mr. Webb communicated to the Society "An essay on the history of the Abbey of Gloucester, illustrative of the customs, rites, privileges, and manners of the monks of that house," which was read on the 19th March, but not subsequently printed.

In 1844, Notes upon a Preceptory of the Templars at Garway in the co. of Hereford, with plans, copies of inscriptions, and illustrations of a building of the Hospitallers (a very remarkable dovecot), at that place (vol. xxxi. 182-197).

In 1856, some passages in the life and character of a lady (Mrs. Joyce Jefferies), resident in Herefordshire and Worcestershire during the Civil War of the seventeenth century, collected from her account-book in the possession of Sir Thomas E. Winnington, Bart. (vol. xxxvii. 189-223).

In 1825 Mr. Webb contributed the historical introduction to the reprints of Civil War tracts, collected by Washbourn, a bookseller of Gloucester, under



the title of *Bibliotheca Gloucestrensis*. He subsequently pursued the same subject in the neighbouring county of Hereford, intending to write the History of the Civil War in that district, but these collections at present remain in manuscript.

A work of less extent was a translation of the Charter of the City of Gloucester, privately printed in 1834.

A Roll of the Household Expenses of Richard de Swinfield, Bishop of Hereford, during part of the years 1289 and 1290, having been discovered in the library of his friend Sir Thomas E. Winnington, occupied his attention for some years. Its publication was undertaken by the Camden Society, who issued the work in two volumes, 1854 and 1855. In the accompanying abstract and illustrative notes, consisting of more than two hundred pages, Mr. Webb amassed a great store of interesting information in elucidation of the state of society, both religious and civil, in the reign of Edward I.; and the appendix, of 42 pages, contained some remarkable documents relative to the canonisation of (Bishop Cantilupe) Saint Thomas of Hereford.

His latter days were occupied in another task for the same society, being the Military Memoir of Colonel John Birch, Governor of Hereford; and we are happy to say it was so far advanced that it will be readily completed by his son. It will comprise some of his valuable collections for the history of the Civil War in Herefordshire.

Mr. Webb was also the author of a sermon preached at the consecration of the church of the Holy Trinity, Hardwick, and several other occasional pieces. He had considerable talent in poetry and many of his fugitive verses have been greatly admired. One composed in imitation of the Earl of Surrey escaped detection at the hands of Hallam, and of Dr. Knott the editor of the poet's works.

In the art of music Mr. Webb was a scientific proficient. In conjunction with his friend Mr. Joseph Moore, he adapted a great quantity of music for the musical festivals held for the benefit of the General Hospital at Birmingham, and wrote the words of several oratorios, among which was Mehul's *Joseph*, and part of Haydn's *Seasons*. He was also the author of the words of the oratorio of *David*, originally intended for Weber, but after his death composed by the Chevalier Neukomm: this was re-

ceived in America with the greatest enthusiasm, and performed something like a hundred times in succession. In like manner he prepared the *libretto* of an oratorio for Mendelssohn, called *The Hebrew Mother*, intended for performance in Birmingham; but the unfinished state of the *Eljah* at that time, a subsequent engagement imposed by the composer's Royal master, and his untimely death, frustrated this design. Mr. Webb was the intimate friend of Dr. Crotch, and also of the Chevalier Bunsen.

It is a fact to be recorded as a great blessing to human society, when, in one conspicuous for his many accomplishments and endowments, it is difficult to determine whether the intellectual or the moral, the social or the religious, qualities had the most visible predominance. Of this venerable man it may be truly said that they were balanced most gracefully and harmoniously. Nowhere was the Christian life, in its strength of principle, as well as in its amenities and genuine charity, more effectually manifested than for many years in the rectory of Tretire, and, afterwards, during the declining years of his exemplary life, in the well-earned ease of the parsonage of Hardwick, the house of his only son. Had it not been for the retiring and literary habits of Mr. Webb's life, his influence in society would doubtless have been more palpable. Still it was very great, and, as often happens with good influence, not the less so because it was neither obtrusive nor demonstrative. Those who knew him can testify that he was ever a welcome guest and a revered friend. He had a sweetness of temper and kindness of manner, and a vivid interest about the higher events of life, which never betrayed the decays of old age; a charity and sympathy for others, and an unflinching courtesy, which greatly enhanced the influence of a mind steadily fixed upon higher things, and devotedly attached to the pure faith, hope, and charity, of the Gospel.

By his marriage with Miss Sarah Harding, of a family which traces its descent in connection with Shakespeare, Mr. Webb had two children, the elder of whom, Anne Frances, died in early life; the younger is the Rev. Thomas William Webb, M.A., F.R.Astr.S., now Vicar of Hardwick.

The Rev. George Henry Dashwood, M.A.

On the 9th of Feb. died, after a few





days' illness, while on a visit to Captain Bulwer, at Quebec House, East Dereham, Norfolk, in his 68th year, the Rev. George Henry Dashwood, M.A., F.S.A., Vicar of Stow Bardolph, and Rector of Wimbotsham, in the same county, a gentleman well known for his extensive genealogical and antiquarian researches.

He was the only surviving son of the Rev. James Dashwood, some time Rector of Doddington, Isle of Ely, by Sarah his second wife, daughter of the Rev. David Lloyd, LL.D.; and was born at Downham Market, 21st Oct. 1801. After a short residence at Christ College, Cambridge, he removed to Lincoln College, Oxford, where he proceeded B.A. 1824, and M.A. 1825. He was ordained deacon and priest in the latter year by the Bishop of Oxford, and was for some time Curate of Wellisbourne, in Warwickshire.

He had been resident at Stow Bardolph in the same capacity for some years before he was presented to the living by his friend Sir Thomas Hare in 1852, and he was attracted to the study of antiquities by the rich stores of ancient documents remaining in the archives of that family. In Feb. 1843 we find him exhibiting to the Society of Antiquaries, from that source, through the hands of Mr. Hudson Gurney, a book of the swan marks of the river Ouse, in the county of Suffolk, temp. Elizabeth (noticed in the *Archæologia*, xxx. 547). On the 6th of June in the following year he was elected a Fellow of the Society. He had then nearly completed, at his private press, a small quarto volume of 40 pages, entitled "*Vice-Comites Norfolkice*, or Sheriffs of Norfolk, from the first year of Henry the Second, to the fourth of Queen Victoria, inclusive, chronologically and alphabetically arranged, with their armorial bearings [described, not engraved]." This was confined to an impression of thirty-six copies.

On the 24th Feb. 1846 Mr. Dashwood submitted to the inspection of the Society of Antiquaries a series of drawings, representing ancient seals, in the muniment room at Stow Hall. He afterwards had them engraved, at his own expense, and distributed them privately to his friends: the first series, in 1847, under the title of *Sigilla Antiqua*, and a second series in 1862. The former consists of fourteen plates, drawn and engraved by Mr. William

Taylor of Lyan, and affords 126 examples; the latter, drawn and engraved by Mr. John Cleghorn, is of eight plates, representing 66 seals. They are accompanied by letterpress descriptions (from his private press), and have been more minutely reviewed in *The Herald and Genealogist*, vol. iv. pp. 410-424.

In 1859 he exhibited to the Society, also from Stow Bardolph, a roll, entitled *Magnus Annulus*, a sort of calendar, extending from 1286 to 1817, and containing various genealogical notices of the Hare family, some of them in the handwriting of Robert Hare the antiquary, who died in 1611. This is described in the Society's *Proceedings*, I. iv. 258.

Again, in 1861, from the same rich repository, he exhibited a mortuary roll of the Abbey of West Dereham (Proc. II. i. 289); and in 1863 a marriage contract of Thomas Bardolfe, and another curious charter (iii. 210).

He also, on other occasions, made several exhibitions of minor importance.

After the Norfolk and Norwich Archaeological Society had been established in 1845, Mr. Dashwood communicated many valuable papers to its *Norfolk Archaeology*: in vol. i. particulars of the Coronation Dinner of King Henry the Sixth in Westminster Hall, from a vellum roll in the possession of Sir Thomas Hare, Bart.; and remarks on a subsidy roll, temp. Edw. I. belonging to the corporation of Lynn Regis; in vol. ii. extracts from wills in the muniment-room at Stow Bardolph, notes on the parish and church of Wimbotsham (which living is united to Stow Bardolph), written in conjunction with the Rev. C. Boutell; and extracts from the Chamberlains' accounts of Lynn Regis; in vol. iii. particulars of Easthall manor-house in Denver, with notices of its several proprietors, and Memoranda, accompanied with figures, of several paintings detected in the church of Stow Bardolph; in vol. iv. a notice of a pack of Heraldic Playing Cards; notes of deeds and survey of Crabhouse nunnery, Norfolk; and notes on the pedigree of Gawsell; in vol. v. an exemplification writ of the Exchequer regarding the hundreds of Freebridge and Clackclose; and notes on a pedigree of Shuldham written in the reign of Henry VI.

In 1863 he undertook to edit, for the same society, *Pedes Finium*, or Fines



respecting the County of Norfolk, levied in the King's Court from the third year of Richard I., of which only 16 pages were completed, the materials being diverted to another object.

But a more laborious work was that upon which he was engaged in conjunction with his old friend and fellow-worker Joseph Jackson Howard, LL.D., F.S.A., namely, the earliest Visitation of Norfolk (by Harvey, Clarencieux, 1563) accompanied by a copious supplement of illustrative documents. The care bestowed by him upon this work, carried on, too, at no little expense to himself, in the endeavour to continue the pedigrees to modern times, where members of the families recorded were still resident in the county or known to exist, was such as those only who were witnesses of his labours could properly appreciate. Twelve copies of the Norfolk Visitation Pedigrees were specially printed at Mr. Dashwood's expense in quarto for distribution among those friends who aided him in his investigations. No one, as it was remarked of the late Mr. D. E. Davy of Ufford, the Suffolk collector, could take more pains or receive greater pleasure than Mr. Dashwood in imparting his knowledge to others; and all who take an interest in the old families of Norfolk, whether personal friends or correspondents, will have much reason to regret his departure. He was always a favourite with those who enjoyed the pleasure of his acquaintance and genial hospitality, and a kind friend to all who needed his assistance.

The Historical Notices of Fincham, co. Norfolk, by the Rev. William Blythe (Lynn, 1863), was enriched with a series of Fincham pedigrees, which were actually put in type by Mr. Dashwood and printed at his private press. His last work was the printing a selection of pedigrees from the Visitation of Warwickshire in 1682. As only a dozen copies of these genealogies were struck off, and no copy of this, the last Visitation of Warwickshire, is in the British Museum, these publications will always have a special value.

He married Marianne, daughter of W. H. Turner, esq. and widow of Dr. Job of the 13th Light Dragoons; and she died without issue in 1855.

Mr. Dashwood's MSS. have been left by will to Mrs. W. E. G. Bulwer, the wife of Capt. Bulwer, of Quebec-house, Norfolk, and it is satisfactory to think that they have passed into hands where

they will be appreciated and preserved.

Mr. Dashwood's funeral took place at Stow Bardolph on the 18th February. It was attended by Sir Henry Dashwood, Bart., Sir William Bagge, Bart., M.P., Sir Thomas Hare, Bart., Capt. Bulwer, and a large concourse of the neighbouring clergy and gentry.

#### Everard Augustus Brande, esq.

This gentleman, "the Father of the Medical Profession," died at Turnham Green, on the 11th Dec. 1868, in his 93rd year.

He was the eldest son of Augustus Everard Brande, who accompanied Queen Charlotte from Germany in 1761, and who was for many years Apothecary to the King and Queen and the Royal Household. The subject of this memoir was born in Arlington Street in 1776, and was educated at Westminster School. In 1795 he became a pupil at St. George's Hospital, and studied under Drs. Heberden, Nevinson, Baillie, and Pearson; he was for many years attached to that institution as one of the visiting Apothecaries, and was appointed an Honorary Governor in July 1841. In consequence of his father's blindness he succeeded to his practice in 1801, when he was appointed Apothecary to King George III. and Queen Charlotte, and subsequently to all the other members of the Royal Family with the exception of the Prince of Wales. In 1816 he was appointed Apothecary to the Princess Charlotte and Prince Leopold; and, during the last illness of Queen Charlotte in 1818, he was in constant attendance on Her Majesty at Kew, up to the time of her death, on which occasion he received the personal thanks of the Princesses for "his tender care of their dear Mother."

In 1830 Mr. Brande was appointed and Apothecary to King William IV. Queen Adelaide; and, on his retiring from business in 1833, his name, by his Majesty's desire, was retained on the list of the King's Household as Honorary Apothecary.

Mr. Brande was a steady promoter of the various applications made to Parliament to procure an "Act for the better regulating the practice of Apothecaries throughout England and Wales," and he was for many years the only survivor among the few by whose zeal, influence, and perseverance, aided by the general practitioners of medicine throughout the country, the Act of 1815 was obtained.





Under that Act Mr. Brande was appointed a member of the first Court of Examiners, a situation which he held for several years, and he had long been the only survivor among that honoured selection.

The valuable collection of the *Matéria Medica* in the College of Physicians was made by Dr. Burgess, and was left by him to Mr. E. A. Brande, by whom it was presented to the college with an interesting MS. memoir of Dr. Burgess now in the college library.

Mr. Brande married, in 1821, Elizabeth, relict of the late Joshua Iremonger, esq. of Wherwell Priory, near Andover, who survives him.

Mr. Brande had two younger brothers. George-William his next brother held for many years the appointment of Chief Clerk of the Treasury, and died at Exeter, on the 18th June, 1854, having married in 1838, Mary Ann Charlotte, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Horne, of Chiswick, and sister to Sir William Horne: by whom he left a numerous family of daughters. The youngest brother was the late William Thomas Brande, esq. F.R.S. Superintendent of the Die Department at the Royal Mint, so long the colleague of Faraday at the Royal Institution as Professor of Chemistry, and some time Secretary to the Royal Society. He died on the 11th of February, 1866, at the age of 80.

Mr. Brande's will was proved on the 13th Jan. by John Vigne, Charles John Dimond, and William Henry Wylde, esqs. his executors, when the personal property was sworn under 60,000*l.* He has left to public charities the following sums in Three per cent. Consols:—the Magdalen Hospital, 250*l.*; to the Protestant Reformation Society, 100*l.*; to the National Orphan Home, Ham Common, 100*l.*; to the Lock Hospital, 300*l.*; to the Society for the relief of Widows and Orphans of Medical Men, 100*l.*; and to the incumbent and churchwardens of Chiswick, 100*l.*—the dividends to be applied by them annually, on the 5th of November, in sums of 1*s.* each among the boys and girls of the National School of Chiswick; and the testator declares that this bequest is made in recollection and commemoration of the prayer and thanksgiving formerly provided for the 5th of November. All the foregoing legacies are given free of duty. By one of the codicils 50*l.* is given to the Industrial School and Kitchen, Chiswick.

#### Charles Baldwin, esq.

On the 18th of February died, in Sussex-gardens, Hyde-park, in his 95th year, Charles Baldwin, esq. J.P. for the county of Surrey, the senior member of the Stationers' Company, and the original sole proprietor of the *Standard* newspaper.

"The name of Baldwin has long been, and still continues to be, famous in the annals of bibliography. More than one printer of the name may be found in Ames." (Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii. 716.) "The name of Baldwin stands in the imprint of a newspaper as long ago as 1689." (F. R. Hunt's *Fourth Estate*.)

The deceased was born in 1774, being the third son (by his wife Eleanor Graham) of Henry Baldwin, printer; who, on the foundation of a very old paper called *The St. James's Evening Post*, established *The St. James's Chronicle* in the year 1761. This paper he published three times a week, and, with the assistance of a phalanx of first-rate wits, brought it to a height of literary eminence till then unattained by any journal.\* Bonnell Thornton, David Garrick, and George Steevens the annotator of Shakespeare, held shares, as did George Colman, who frequently wrote in it. Oliver Goldsmith, Sheridan, and others were among the contributors.

In 1770 Mr. Baldwin was prosecuted by the Attorney-General for re-publishing the Letter of Junius to the King: as was Mr. Miller, the printer of the *London Evening Post*. Both had a verdict of Not Guilty, and a report of the pleadings will be found in the *Gentleman's Magazine* of that year, p. 304.

In the early records of the management of *The St. James's Chronicle*, the following curious entry is found: "March 4th 1771. Resolved—that it is advisable to take the Proceedings of the House of Commons under the title of *Debates of the Representatives of the People of Utopia*; and that Printer be desired to take his measures accordingly."

This was a revival of the subterfuges under which the debates had been published in the monthly magazines some thirty years before; since which, i.e. from 1747 to 1771, the authorities of parliament had entirely

\* Vide Nichols, *Literary Anecdotes*, iii. 717; viii. 478.



repressed the publication of their proceedings.\* The consequence was, that on the 13th of the same month of March the printers of the morning and evening papers were ordered to attend the House; and three of them, Miller, Wheble, and Thompson, were arrested; whose discharge by the aldermen then on the bench, John Wilkes, Brass Crosby (the Lord Mayor), and Oliver, led to the imprisonment of the two latter in the Tower for breach of privilege, amidst a high state of popular excitement and indignation. This, however, was the last struggle on this point; for in the next session the transgression was persevered in, and became the germ of all our reforms.

Eventually the deceased Mr. Charles Baldwin became the sole proprietor of the *St. James's Chronicle*. Several other papers had been from time to time united to it, and in 1822 it was materially strengthened by the conjunction of the *General Evening Post* and the *Whitehall Gazette*. In 1819 the most distinguished and powerful political writer of his day, the late Dr. Stanley Lees Giffard, undertook the editorship. At the time of the so-called Bottle Riot, Dec. 14, 1822, in Dublin Theatre, when an *ex-officio* information was threatened by the Attorney-General after the Grand Jury had thrown out the bill of indictment for Conspiracy, *The St. James's Chronicle* published an elaborate article, written by Dr. Giffard, protesting against this proceeding, as an effort to supersede the functions of the Grand Jury, and highly injurious to the best interests of the British constitution. Of this article 20,000 copies were printed in the form of a pamphlet, and distributed gratis. Under the conduct of this highly-gifted gentleman the *St. James's Chronicle* obtained great influence with the Conservative party. Frequent suggestions were made by them that it might be published daily; but (we quote Mr. Baldwin's own words) I was not willing to risk the continuance of my old and valued journal; I preferred the heavier risk of establishing, at my own expense and hazard, a Daily Evening Paper to be conducted on the same principles and by the same Editor. I also engaged

the assistance of Dr. Maginn and other celebrated writers. The choice of a name then claimed our attention. The object was to make a *stand* against the inroad of principles contrary to our Constitution in Church and State; a very appropriate motto was chosen by Dr. Giffard, "Signifer, statue signum; hic optime manebimus," and, on the 21st of May 1827, *The Standard* was reared, hailed as a rallying point, and was speedily followed by the raising of *Standards* in the Provincial and Colonial Conservative press. Even foreign newspapers have adopted the name.

As a proof of the spirit and energy with which Mr. Baldwin managed his business, it may be mentioned that he arranged a plan for obtaining the earliest information from all parts of Europe; in some places by the use of carrier pigeons, but more frequently by relays of couriers, who mounted (at a moment's notice) ready-saddled horses, and conveyed the despatch to the next post on the route. It must be in the memory of many that the news of the fate of Varna, on the 11th of October, 1828, reached the *Standard* Office and was published about a fortnight before the arrival of the Government couriers. A special messenger had been sent to the seat of war, who, travelling night and day, pushed his way so rapidly that the journey was at that time considered an impossible feat, and the news was not credited at first. On its confirmation the public excitement was very great, and had a decided influence on the circulation of the *Standard*.

In 1837 Mr. Baldwin received a requisition, signed in 24 hours by above 600 electors of Lambeth, to contest the representation of that borough. He had no hope of success, and one of his opponents, the late Sir Benjamin Hawes, was a personal friend; nevertheless, he considered it an act of public duty to accede to their request. He failed, as he expected.

An able contemporary journalist, advocating his cause, thus writes: "Mr. Baldwin set up the *Standard* at a time little promising of profit from the speculation, but he set it up to support the *Protestant cause*, and the political principles which he sincerely entertained. It would be unjust to consider it as a mere party journal—it is eminently the journal of liberty. Let an invasion of liberty, a case of oppression arise, and the *Standard* has always been the first to hurry to the

\* See various curious details on this subject in *The Autobiography of Sylvanus Urban*, chapters iv. and vii. *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1856 and 1857.





defence. This has often called forth the gratitude of extreme Radicals. Even Mr. O'Connell has had to thank the *Standard* for its aid. Mr. Roebuck was compelled to admit that Mr. Baldwin's was one of the only two journals in the empire that are not (in his judgment) below the intelligence of the people." In Andrews's *British Journalism* the *Standard* is spoken of as "particularly distinguished by its very gentlemanly tone, which was maintained without any sacrifice of the force of argument or the vigour of style." A talented intimate friend, now an M.P. of opposite opinions, once observed that "Mr. Charles Baldwin was remarkable as the most consistent politician he had ever known; he had never made a political nor a professional blunder." This is high praise, and affords a proud testimony to Mr. Baldwin's exertions to raise the intellectual and moral character of the Press.

In 1844, being then 70 years of age, Mr. Baldwin retired from the active management of his business. He continued to attend at Stationers' Hall, of which company he was twice Master, in 1842 and 1843, and at the meetings of the Literary Fund Society. His name was there the last inscribed in the list of members by David Williams, the founder, in 1799; he was elected on the council in 1850, and appointed one of the three treasurers in 1852: these offices he resigned in 1857, an event deeply regretted by every member of the committee.

Mr. Baldwin was probably the oldest volunteer in the kingdom; he joined the corps under Colonel Kensington, (called the Silk-stocking Corps, from every one in it being a gentleman,) in the beginning of this century, and served in it for several years. He was called out, and kept under arms for three days, to defend the Fleet Prison from a threatened attack of the mob.

Mr. Baldwin remembered the riots under Lord George Gordon in 1780, and saw Lord George at the head of the rioters passing through Fleet-street on their way to the Parliament; they filled the whole street as far as could be seen, and must have numbered at least 20,000. The family had packed up their valuables and necessities in case of their house being burnt. He saw the smoking ruins of Newgate; and remembered one of the horse guards shooting a rioter who had attacked him.

He was then not quite 6 years old. He entered his father's office at the age of 15, and so quickly attained the knowledge of his business that at 18 Mr. Baldwin senior confided to him the entire superintendence of the working part of his establishment; and at 21 he was called upon the Committee of Master Printers, appointed to revise the state of the trade from time to time, and to regulate and adjust any differences or demands that might arise between the workmen and their employers. Thus Mr. Charles Baldwin was actively engaged for 55 years upon the newspaper press.

In his earlier years he was in habits of social intercourse with Boswell, Steevens, Malone, Sir Thomas Lawrence, David Williams, Cumberlege, Dr. Chalmers, John Nichols, Mill (the author of Mill's *History of British India*, who was for several years editor of *The St. James's Chronicle*), Dr. Gillies, and many other eminent men. Retaining the full possession of his faculties to the end of his life, his genial disposition, amiable manners, and lively conversation endeared him to a large circle of younger friends, by whom his memory will long be held in affectionate regard.

He married in 1798 Eliza Ann, daughter of the Rev. Hugh Laurents, a native of Jersey, Rector of Grafton Flyford, Worcestershire; by whom he had 15 children, five of whom died in infancy; their union lasted more than 54 years. Both are interred in the family vault at Richmond, Surrey.

#### Mr. G. H. Bergenroth.

This gentleman, whose name was rendered familiar to historical students by his "Calendars of Letters, Despatches, and State Papers relating to the negotiations between England and Spain, preserved in the archives at Simancas and elsewhere," died on the 13th of February at the Hotel de los Principes, in the Puerta del Sol, Madrid, after a ten days' suffering from typhus fever.

Our efforts to obtain some particulars respecting Mr. Bergenroth's career not having been successful we can only reproduce the account sent to the *Times* by its correspondent in the Spanish capital on the 19th of February. He says:—"Mr. Bergenroth, a Prussian by birth, was for many years engaged in the search and collection of letters, despatches, and state papers relating to the negotiations between England and



Spain, preserved in the archives at Simancas and elsewhere. He had, in the course of last year, accomplished the publication of a supplement to vol. i. and vol. ii. of his most valuable contributions to English history, having, through the liberal assistance of Senor Catalina, the Minister of Public Instruction in the last cabinet of the ex-Queen, obtained access to important historical documents which had hitherto been withheld from him. These documents, chiefly relating to the private life of Queen Katharine, and to a projected marriage between Henry VIII. and Queen Juana, the widow of King Philip and mother of the Emperor Charles V. have awakened the attention of historical scholars, and considerably modified their opinion with respect to the characters of some of the personages playing the most conspicuous parts in the drama of that Tudor period which Mr. Froude has so powerfully illustrated. After eight years of uninterrupted residence and of unremitting researches in Spain, Mr. Bergenroth had only now succeeded in removing all hindrances raised against him, as against all other students of the Spanish archives, by the jealousy of a despotic Government. The permission granted to him by Senor Catalina laying before him all historical documents extant in all Spanish archives without reserve, had, as it might well be expected, been amply confirmed by the present Minister of Fomento (Public Works and Education), Senor Ruiz Zorrilla. I have had no means of ascertaining to what extent Mr. Bergenroth had availed himself of these advantages during these last few months, but it is likely that he continued hard at work to the very close of his career, and his papers must now be in the hands of a lady who assisted him in the capacity of amanuensis, and shared his labours with him. Up to the very last moments few persons were aware of Mr. Bergenroth's illness. Unable to sign a check, owing to the rapid progress of the disease, he found himself at the final crisis in pecuniary distress, and it was not without difficulty that his literary assistant had to meet the landlord's demands at the hotel to procure medical attendance, and to pay the burial expenses after Mr. Bergenroth's death. Her first instinct prompted her to apply to Sir John Crampton, our Minister here, a gentleman with whom Mr. Bergenroth had kept up for years a friendly intercourse, being strongly

recommended to him by Lord Romilly, and between whom and Mr. Bergenroth there had been a not unfrequent interchange of visits and hospitalities. Owing to some motive for which no explanation has yet been given, but which, it is natural to suppose, was sheer absence of mind and forgetfulness, Sir John Crampton paid no attention whatever to the lady's application. The sensation created by the Minister's behaviour in this case among our small circle of English residents and travellers here has been painful in the highest degree. Fortunately, relief was, with better success, solicited from other quarters. The Prussian Minister, the renowned linguist and antiquary Senor Gayangos, his daughter Madame Riano, and others, although only informed of Mr. Bergenroth's death after the occurrence, took care that funeral honours should be paid to his remains, and tendered shelter and comfort to the lady who has been his only companion in his last moments. Agreeably to the inexorable sanitary rule observed in this country, the body of the deceased had to be consigned to the grave within twenty-four hours after death. His funeral was solemnized on Sunday (the 14th) in the afternoon, attended only by six gentlemen—the Prussian Minister and a few English, one of whom was Mr. Gibson Craig. The British Legation, I regret to say, was altogether unrepresented. Mr. Bergenroth was buried in the English Protestant cemetery at Carabanchel, out of the Toledo Gate. It so happened that Colonel Fitch, who kindly undertakes the management of our God's-acre, was absent from Madrid on the occasion. Had the Colonel been here, the report of the loss literature has sustained would immediately have been spread among our English circle, and we would all have willingly paid our tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased by following his remains to their last abode."

In a letter printed in the *Times* of the 9th of March, Sir John Crampton indignantly contradicts the statements respecting his conduct in the matter. He remarks:—

"I was not informed and knew nothing of Mr. Bergenroth's being even seriously ill until the day of his death, and he was not, in fact, considered by his medical attendant to be in danger until a very short time before his decease. Mr. Bergenroth was attended during his illness by an attached friend, who





saw no reason to apply to me or to anybody else for money or assistance of any kind, and made no communication to me upon the subject; neither was any such application made to the Prussian Minister, Mr. Bergenroth's circumstances not being such as to require any aid. On learning his decease, I immediately gave the necessary authorization and directions for his interment in the burying ground belonging to Her Majesty's Government, which was duly performed by the Rev. Mr. Whyte, Chaplain to Her Majesty's Legation. This was not and could not have been done by the Prussian Minister in default of proper measures having been taken by this Legation, as is inferred by your Correspondent."

#### Mr. G. H. Townsend.

An industrious literary compiler, and a journalist of some note, Mr. George Herbert Townsend, committed suicide at Kennington on the 23rd of February.

He was, we understand, a nephew of the late George Townsend, D.D. canon of Durham, who obtained great notoriety by the journey which he made to Rome with a view to induce the Pope to bring about the reunion of the Anglican and Roman Churches. Choosing the literary career, Mr. Townsend compiled several useful works, which will be hereafter enumerated, and also became known as a journalist. He wrote on the Conservative side, and during the late elections worked very hard. Before they had terminated so adversely for his party, he communicated to his friends that the late Premier had promised him first a post of 1,000*l.* a year at the Mint on its becoming vacant, as it was expected to become, and that, this failing, he should have the post at the Inland Revenue held by Mr. James Disraeli, who was then known to be suffering from heart disease, and almost certain to die shortly. Unhappily for Mr. Townsend, Mr. James Disraeli's death took place after the power of appointment had passed from the late Premier's hands, and the present Government have abolished the post. This disappointment seems to have preyed deeply upon Mr. Townsend's mind; for, although he gave no indication to his friends which led them to fear any such event, he committed suicide by stabbing himself to the heart.

The following is a list of his works:—

Russell's Modern Europe, epitomised. Svo. 1857.

Shakespeare not an Impostor. By an English Critic. Svo. 1857.

An edition of Smollett's "Roderick Random," with a memoir of the author. Svo. 1857, and again 1867.

A Summary of Persian History, an account of various differences between England and Persia, and an inquiry into the origin of the late War. Prefixed to Capt. G. H. Hunt's "Outram and Havelock's Persian Campaign." Svo. 1858.

The Manual of Dates: a dictionary of reference to all the most important events in the history of mankind to be found in authentic records. Svo. Lond. 1862; 2nd edit. 1867.

Evans's Music and Supper Rooms. Odds and Ends about Convent Garden and its vicinity, the ancient drama, the early English divinity and controversial plays, compiled by Mr. John Green. Also a selection of Madrigals, Glees, &c. Svo. [1866?]

An edition of Fielding's "Tom Jones," with a life of the author. Svo. [1867].

The Handbook of the Year 1868: a Register of Facts, Dates, and Events at Home and Abroad. 1869.

#### Mr. J. H. Burn.

Mr. Jacob Henry Burn died in St. Mary's Hospital, Paddington, on the 19th Feb. at the age of seventy-six, having been seized with apoplexy in the street.

This useful literary drudge belonged to a class of men now seldom met with. Dr. Johnson talks of Abel Roper's *Man Toby*. Sir Walter Scott makes Mr. Jonathan Oldbuck speak with veneration of some black-letter collector who had obtained the soubriquet of *Snuffy Jemmy*; and bursts out with enthusiasm "Happy Snuffy Jemmy! and happy the days when industry like thine was rewarded!" Some can still remember Michael Stace of Scotland-yard, who republished several rare tracts, and lived by completing sets of the *Gentleman's Magazine*.

Burn in early life was a bookseller's assistant employed by the well-known William Hone, whose daughter he married. He assisted Hone not only in his business, but in *The Every-day Book* and other works which he compiled. Subsequently Mr. Burn entered into business for himself. His first shop was in Maiden-lane, Covent-garden, at that time a great resort of old book-sellers, as was also Russell-court; but



the widening of the Strand spoiled that thoroughfare. Next he was in King-st. Covent-garden, adjoining the passage to St. Paul's church. Within these few years he was in lodgings in St. Martin's-lane, opposite Messrs. Harrisons' printing-office. Dealing particularly in numismatic works, he was engaged by Mr. Henry B. H. Beaufoy to form a collection of the Tokens which were struck for current change in the seventeenth century by the Traders, Taverns, and Coffee-houses of London: and, after Mr. Beaufoy had presented that collection to the Library at Guildhall, he was employed to edit the Catalogue. This was printed at the expense of the Corporation of London, in 8vo. 1853, and again in 1855.

He wrote a memoir on the Roettiers, a celebrated family of medallists, which was read before the Numismatic Society Dec. 17th, 1840, and printed in its Journal.

In 1841 he was engaged in the Strawberry Hill Catalogue, for the renowned auctioneer George Robins; to this he published a sort of supplement, with the prices and names of purchasers.

He also prepared a Catalogue of a large collection of British Essayists and Periodicals, which had been formed (chiefly by Mr. Burn's means, 1830-34) by John Thomas Hope, esq. and was presented to the Bodleian Library at Oxford by his son the late Rev. F. W. Hope, D.C.L. This was printed at Oxford, in 1865, 8vo. (See Macray's *Annals of the Bodleian Library*, p. 297.)

Mr. Burn was a man full of information on all matters connected with the booksellers of London for the past sixty years; and for some years edited the "Current Notes" of the *Price Current*, published monthly by Messrs. Willis and Sotheran.

#### James Simpson, Esq. C.E.

The profession of Civil Engineering has just sustained the loss of one of its oldest and most distinguished members, by the death of Mr. James Simpson, which took place on the 4th of March, at his residence, Westfield Lodge, Sarbiton. His father, Mr. Thomas Simpson, was the original projector of, and for forty-one years engineer to, the Lambeth Waterworks, and also engineer to the Chelsea Waterworks, formerly situated on the banks of the Thames, close to where the Victoria railway bridge now crosses the river. His fourth son, James—the subject of

this memoir—was born July 25th, 1799, and received his first instruction as a civil engineer under the direction of his father, whom he succeeded as engineer to the Chelsea Company.

Amongst Mr. Simpson's earliest achievements must be mentioned that of the filtration of water on a large scale. About the year 1827 he was instructed by his company to investigate that subject, and after examining into the previous efforts that had been made to purify water, which had been chiefly done for manufacturing purposes, he designed and executed at the Chelsea Waterworks his first "filter bed" in 1828, which work was so complete and successful, that no material alteration has been made in the system of filtration since that time; similar filters being now in operation in almost every town artificially supplied with water. The elder Simpson had, in the year 1785, assisted in creating a small company for the supply of portions of Southwark and Vauxhall with water, and erected pumping works on the south side of the Thames near the present Hungerford-bridge. To this company his son also succeeded him as engineer, and to the talent and energy displayed by Mr. James Simpson in those early waterworks days the present high position of the Lambeth Waterworks Company is now mainly due. The construction of elevated reservoirs at Streatham and Brixton, with the iron mains and pumping-engines in connection therewith, were amongst the earlier works executed, and the operations of the company were hastened on by the rapid spread of population in that quarter, as well as by competition with the present Southwark and Vauxhall Water Company, which occupied much of the same district, both companies striving to outstrip each other in extension of territory. This competition was closed about 1840 by arrangement between the companies, and the spread of the Lambeth works was rapid down to the year 1849, when, owing to the great increasing deterioration of the Thames water in and near London, Mr. Simpson advised his company to take the bold step of removing the works to their present position above Kingston. The extensive filters and pumping works erected there in 1850 were the first which were designed for taking Thames water above tidal influences, and embrace, amongst other engineering features, the longest





line of pumping main up to that time attempted. The success of the first removal of the Lambeth works, and the public agitation on the subject of the water supply, urged the government to pass a general Act in 1852, obliging all the water companies to remove their works above tidal flow; but Mr. Simpson, anticipating this, had already advised the Chelsea Company to remove their works to the same locality above Kingston as the Lambeth works, and an Act was obtained authorising the removal; whereupon the present extensive works were commenced, and formally opened in 1856.

About the year 1845 Mr. Simpson was engaged by a new company formed at Bristol for the supply of water, and designed the extensive works for bringing to that city springs and streams of water from the Mendip Hills. These works embrace all the features of a large undertaking of the kind, and have been completely successful, both in an engineering and commercial sense. He was also consulted, about the year 1856, as to water and gas works at Copenhagen, and afterwards designed and carried out, as consulting engineer, the present extensive works there. The town of Aberdeen also owes to him the design and execution of the very comprehensive and complete works for supplying that town with water taken from the river Dee, about twenty miles above the city.

During the period above glanced over, Mr. Simpson was also extensively engaged on various large engineering works in different parts of the country. In 1842 he designed, and afterwards carried out, the long pier at Southend for obtaining access to steamers at low water; and in the year 1843 Mr. Ralph Ward Jackson, the present member for Hartlepool, having conceived the idea of a west dock there, as a rival to the old Hartlepool Harbour, obtained Mr. Simpson's advice, which resulted in an Act being obtained, and a dock and harbour, with other works, being constructed. This is the origin of the present extensive town and port of West Hartlepool, which ranks amongst the largest shipping ports for coal in the kingdom.

Although Mr. Simpson's engineering talents were principally directed to hydraulic works, he was consulted on and connected with many minor engineering works and enterprises, and took part in all the parliamentary campaigns of the

last twenty-five or thirty years, as adviser, promoter, or opponent of companies and other bodies, in obtaining their Acts for works of public improvement. He has thus been intimately associated with all the leading members, not only of the present, but of the past generation of engineers; being in his earlier life the friend and associate of such men as Telford, Rennie, Mylne, the two Bramahs, Maudslay, Donkin, Field, Walker, and others, with all of whom he was more or less intimate, and with whom his name will be long connected and remembered.

Mr. Simpson was elected a member of the Institute of Civil Engineers in 1825, the eminent engineer Telford then being President. Mr. Simpson soon became a member of the Council, was Vice-President from 1844 to 1853, and in 1854 and 55 he filled the office of President. His funeral took place at the Brompton Cemetery on the 10th inst. in the presence of the President, Secretary, and Council of the Institute of Civil Engineers, besides a large gathering of civil engineers and other friends, as well as the *employés* of the numerous companies and undertakings with which he was connected.

As an engineer, Mr. Simpson was a man whose mind took a large and comprehensive grasp of his case rather than of the minor parts and details. He was not brilliant as a witness or as a speaker, but his advocacy generally carried great weight with it, and his opinions were held in high esteem. Being long the intimate adviser of many clients and interests, his policy perhaps led him to act more as an arbitrator than an advocate, while the suavity of his manner and the kindly geniality of his nature were influential in softening down professional asperities, or arranging disputes between rivals, many of whom will remember these estimable qualities in looking back upon his long and useful career.

#### Robert B. Martineau, Esq.

Mr. Robert Braithwaite Martineau died of heart disease on the morning of the 13th of February, after an illness of a few weeks, which until recently was not considered important.

This painter, whose "Last Day in the Old Home" made so great an impression at the International Exhibition of 1862, and who was highly regarded by a great number of his fellows, was born in London Jan. 1826,



and educated at University College School. In 1842, following the course of several of his family, he chose the law for a profession, and was articled in an eminent office, where he continued for four years, but with no great zeal, his studies in that direction. When about 20 years of age he devoted himself to painting, and, after two years' study in a drawing school, became a student in the Royal Academy, where he obtained a medal, and, what was more important, many friends.

Desiring to acquire proficiency in colour and the technical process of painting, he became a pupil of Mr. Holman Hunt, having before this time but small knowledge of the palette. His first exhibited picture was "Kit's Writing Lesson," which with very remarkable humour illustrated Mr. Dickens's "Old Curiosity Shop," and was at the Royal Academy in 1852. Next followed on his easel "Picciola," from Saintine's romance. "The Taming of the Shrew, Katherine and Petruchio," which distinctly marked advance in the artist's skill, succeeded, and was at the Royal Academy in 1855. Although minor pictures occupied Mr. Martineau until 1862, several of which were exhibited, yet his attention was, in the interval, for the most part given to the admirable "Last Day in the Old Home," which almost engrossed him until the day before the rules of the International Exhibition were relaxed in its favour, and a work which had not been before exhibited was honourably placed in those grand galleries. This picture was two years later re-exhibited with Mr. Holman Hunt's "After-glow in Egypt," and has since been reproduced in a large photograph from a fine drawing in black and white. A few relatively unimportant pictures occupied the remainder of the artist's life.—*Athenæum*.

#### Mr. W. M. Williams.

On the 31st of December died, at 2, Highbury Crescent, from a sudden attack of illness, after some months of previously declining health, aged 69, Mr. William Meade Williams.

He was born at No. 4, Great St. Helen's, Dec. 3, 1799, and was the only son of Mr. John Williams, who was much respected in that parish, and with his wife lies buried in the church of St. Helen, where they are commemorated by a handsome stained-glass window, erected by their son.

Mr. Williams began life as a clerk in the Bank of Messrs. Williams, Deacon & Co. which he left in 1837 to join Mr. Long as a wine merchant, in Mincing Lane; and although his partner died the same year, leaving him to conduct alone a business with which he had had no previous acquaintance, yet he did so with success, and a few years after he removed to Rood Lane. Whilst there he was elected to the Common Council for the Ward of Billingsgate, and continued to hold that post until his removal to Great St. Helen's, in 1858. He was a member of the Court of the Founders' Company, in which he served the office of Master for two successive years, 1852 and 1853; and also a Liveryman of the Grocers' Company.

Amid all the cares of business, he yet found time for literary pursuits. He was one of the committee of the Aldersgate Street Literary Institution; and took great interest in the restoration of Crosby Hall, where, in 1836, he helped to establish another literary institution. He was also one of the earliest members of the British Association, and of the London and Middlesex Archaeological Society; and a member of the Society of Arts.

Mr. Williams was an enthusiastic antiquary, and collector of old and curious prints, &c. with which he was in the habit of illustrating various books, chiefly in connection with London. He was the compiler of a "History of the Founders' Company," which was privately printed by the company in 1867, and distributed among the members; but his principal work, and the one in which he took most pride, was a history of his native Parish and Church of St. Helen; its compilation was the employment and recreation of the leisure moments of several busy years, but it remains unpublished, and in the hands of his son Mr. Wm. Ind Williams.

His last public act was to promote the erection of a large stained-glass window, by the inhabitants of Bishopsgate, in memory of the late Alderman of the Ward, W. T. Copeland, esq. and he lived just long enough to see its completion.

He was married, in 1835, to Sarah Ann Ind Hailstone, who died in 1862; by her he had eight children, of whom seven survive, three sons and four daughters.





## BIRTHS.

*Dec.* 30, 1868. At No. 8, Winterslow-place, Vassall-road, North Brixton, the wife of Henry William Bristow, F.R.S. a son. (Henry Roderick Fitzhamon).

*Jan.* 24, 1869. At Polmont Lodge, Cambridge-park, Twickenham, the wife of Harry Tahourdin, esq. a son. (Gabriel).

*Feb.* 12. At the Vicarage, Mytton, Yorkshire, the wife of the Rev. G. B. Ackerley, B.A. a dau.

At Amberley, Glouc. the wife of the Rev. G. F. Lamb, B.A. a son.

At the British Embassy, Vienna, the Hon. Mrs. Lytton, a dau.

*Feb.* 13. At North Runceton rectory, Norfolk, the wife of the Rev. William Hay Gurney, a dau.

At Southsea, the wife of Felix March, esq. R.M.L.I. a son.

At Stoke-hill cottage, next Guildford, the wife of the Rev. J. Norton, a son.

*Feb.* 14. At Chorley Wood Vicarage, Herts, the wife of the Rev. D. Aitken, a dau.

At Harrow-on-the-Hill, the wife of the Rev. Dr. Butler, a dau.

At the Fort, Roundstone, co. Galway, the wife of the Rev. Thomas H. Fleming, a dau.

At Heytesbury, the Hon. Mrs. Edw. Waud, a dau.

*Feb.* 15. At Sulgrave, near Banbury, the wife of G. C. Douglas, esq. surgeon, a son.

At Filey, Yorkshire, the wife of Geo. Rudston Garthorne, esq. a son.

At St. John's, Newfoundland, the wife of George Walter Hawkins, esq. Royal Art. a son.

At 15, New-st. Spring-gardens, Mrs. Slater-Booth, a son.

At Doveridge Hall, Derbyshire, the wife of W. F. Taylor, esq. a son.

At Rushton rectory, Blandford, Mrs. F. Alfred Smith, a son.

*Feb.* 16. At Berkeley House, Hyde-park-sq. the Baroness de Bliss, a son and heir.

At Gloucester-place, Portman-sq. the wife of the Rev. W. H. Fremantle, a son.

At Eton college, the wife of the Rev. Edward Hale, a son.

At New Malden, Surrey, the wife of Major J. J. Hockley, late H. M.'s 104th Fusiliers, a son.

At Kent House, Sheerness, the wife of Francis Lowther, esq. R.N. a dau.

The wife of the Rev. G. Shaw, curate of Saffron Walden, a son.

At Chelsea, the wife of John Simmonds, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At South Penge-park, the wife of F. Truefitt, esq. solicitor, a son.

At Ardeer House, Ayrshire, the wife of Patrick Warner, esq. of Ardeer, a son.

At Leominster, the wife of Lieut. A. T. Woodhouse, Madras Staff Corps, a son.

*Feb.* 17. At Cadogan-place, the wife of Charles M. Clarke, esq. Capt. 57th Regt. a dau.

At Repton, the wife of the Rev. E. Latham, a dau.

At Draycott House, Derbyshire, the wife of William Hugh Scott, esq. a dau.

At Hawley parsonage, Hants, the wife of the Rev. J. J. P. Wyatt, a son.

*Feb.* 18. At Colchester, the wife of John T. Bowers, esq. 6th Royal Regt. a dau.

At Curzon-street, the Hon. Mrs. Algernon Egerton, a dau.

At Cambridge-terrace, Hyde-park, the wife of Lieut.-Col. C. Scott Elliot, Madras Staff Corps, a dau.

At All Saints' parsonage, Witham, the wife of the Rev. J. Finch-Smith, a son.

The wife of W. Fox Hawes, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Wolstanton vicarage, the wife of the Rev. J. T. Jeffcock, a dau.

At Mere vicarage, Wilts, the wife of the Rev. Charles H. Townsend, a son.

At Thelwall vicarage, Cheshire, the wife of the Rev. T. Pym Williamson, a son.

At Limerick, the wife of Lieut.-Col. G. H. Vesey, Royal Art. a dau.

*Feb.* 19. At The Grange, Welwyn, Herts, the wife of John T. Abdy, esq. LL.D. a son.

The wife of George Buchanan, M.D. of Harley-street, a son.

At Walmer, the wife of Henry A. Martin, M.D. Staff Assist. Surg. a son.

At Wilton-place, the wife of the Rev. Edward Withington, a son.

*Feb.* 20. At Tunbridge Wells, London, the wife of Lieut.-Col. E. H. Couchman, R.A. a dau.

At Hensall vicarage, the wife of the Rev. J. G. Gibbs, a son.

At Hambledon, Hants, the wife of Capt. H. B. Phillimore, a son.

At 131, Prince's-street, Edinburgh,



the wife of D. Fox Tarratt, esq. a son (Joseph Fox Tarratt).

At St. Peter's college, Radley, the wife of the Rev. William Wood, D.D. a son.

*Feb. 21.* At Monkstown, Ireland, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Bruce, the Carabiniers, a dau.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Col. For-dyce Buchan, of Kelloe, Berwickshire, a dau.

The Hon. Mrs. Corry, a son.

At Bury St. Edmund's, the wife of Capt. J. G. Image, 21st Royal Scots Fusiliers, a son.

The wife of Capt. Henry George Ramadge, 24th Regt. (K.O.B.), a dau.

At Leicester, the wife of the Rev. John Spittal, a son.

*Feb. 22.* At Holdbrook House, near Hereford, the wife of Harris St. John Dick, esq. late Capt. Queen's Bays, a dau.

At York, the wife of the Rev. John Metcalfe, M.A. a dau.

*Feb. 23.* At Houghton-le-Spring, the wife of the Rev. A. Bennett, B.A. Head Master of the Royal Keppier Grammar School, a dau.

The wife of the Rev. C. S. Bere, Up-loman, Tiverton, a dau.

At Southsea, the wife of William S. Brown, Capt. R.N. a dau.

At Leighton Park, Berks, the wife of Capt. A. W. Cobham, a son.

At Holly Lodge, Streatham, the wife of Alfred Coleman, F.R.C.S. a dau.

At West Lulworth, the wife of the Rev. Wm. Gildea, a dau.

At Woolton Vale, near Liverpool, the wife of Robert Gladstone, esq. a dau.

At Monks Hall, near Halstead, the wife of the Rev. Robert Hart, Vicar of Takeley, Essex, a dau.

At Wheatfield, Oxon, the wife of the Rev. C. V. Spencer, a son.

*Feb. 24.* At Cambridge-square, Hyde-park, the wife of T. R. Armitage, esq. M.D. a dau.

At Wall House, Lichfield, the wife of W. Charles Driberg, esq. late Capt. 84th Regt. a dau.

At Abernart House, Aberdare, Glamorganshire, the wife of Richard Fothergill, esq. M.P. a son.

At Wribbenhall vicarage, Worcester-shire, the wife of the Rev. Augustus Gurney, a son.

At Norfolk-street, Park-lane, the wife of Sir Thomas Hare, Bart. a son.

At Grosvenor-street, the wife of J. P. Hartree, M.B. Cantab. a son.

At Adelaide-road, the wife of J.

Jackson Smale, esq. of Lincoln's-inn, barrister-at-law, a son.

At Woolwich, the wife of Captain T. B. Strange, R.Art. a son.

*Feb. 25.* At Eccleston-square, the wife of Major Aldridge, M.P. a son.

At Cheltenham, the wife of Capt. F. W. Benwell, Adj. 2nd West York Militia, a son.

At Buckingham-gate, Mrs. Gore-Booth, a son.

At the Rectory, Hemingford Abbots, the wife of the Rev. Henry Herbert, a son.

At Eaton-place, the wife of Arthur W. Peel, esq. M.P. a dau.

*Feb. 26.* The Countess Beauchamp, a dau.

At Portland-place, the Lady Cecilia Bingham, a dau.

At Frogmore House, Windsor, H.R.H. the Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, Princess Helena of Great Britain and Ireland, a Prince.

At Beaumaris, North Wales, the wife of Lieut.-Col. A. H. Cobbe, 20th Reg. a son.

At Canterbury, the wife of Rest William Flint, esq. solicitor, a son.

At Mavesyn-Ridware, Staffordshire, the wife of the Rev. Ashby Blair Haselwood, of twin daus.

At Weymouth, the wife of the Rev. George L. Nash, Vicar of Tolpuddle, Dorset, a dau.

At Wysall Vicarage, Notts, the wife of the Rev. John Parker, a dau.

*Feb. 27.* At the Laurels, Oatlands, Surrey, the wife of the Rev. J. Bowden, a son.

At Dundas Castle, the Hon. Mrs. Henry Dundas, a dau.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Sir George Leith, a dau.

At Netherfield, near Battle, the wife of the Rev. Thos. Partington, a son.

At Eastbourne, the wife of Capt. W. N. Persse, Royal Art. a dau.

At Upper Brook-street, the Lady Augusta Sturt, a dau.

*Feb. 28.* At Newbury, Berks, the wife of the Rev. Henry Blagden, M.A. a dau.

At Leicester, the wife of the Rev. R. W. Burnaby, a dau.

At Walton Hall, Lady Mordaunt, a dau.

At Rye House, Putney-hill, the wife of S. Norton, M.D. a son.

At Clifton, the wife of the Rev. Nicholas Pocock, a son.

*March 1.* At Sandgate, Kent, the wife of Capt. A. C. Bruce, 91st Highlanders, Brigade Major, Shorncliffe, a dau.





- At 17, Fassett-square, Graham-road, Dalston, London, Mrs. James L. Burgess, a son.
- At Onslow-gardens, the wife of Neville Lubbock, esq. a son.
- At Montague-villas, Richmond hill, the wife of the Rev. H. D. Pearson, a son.
- At Felpham, Sussex, the wife of Captain Martin S. Sharp, a dau.
- At Bisley, Gloucestershire, the wife of Capt. George Winthrop, R.N. a son.
- March 2.* At St. Petersburg, the wife of Major G. B. Bowen, Madras-Staff Corps, a son.
- At Onslow-gardens, the Hon. Mrs. Francis Byng, a dau.
- At St. John's-wood, the wife of Elphinstone C. Campbell, esq. late of the Madras Civil Service, a dau.
- At Cambridge, the wife of the Rev. A. Douglas Capel, a dau.
- At Dover, the wife of J. Greenfield, esq. R.A. a dau.
- At Blackheath, the wife of the Rev. T. Norman Rowsell, a dau.
- March 3.* At Dartmouth, the wife of the Baron Vol Almen, a dau.
- At Villa Donandy, Nice, the wife of the Rev. J. A. Fawns, a dau.
- At Little Dean's-yard, Westminster, the wife of the Rev. Henry M. Ingram, a son.
- At Eaton-place, the wife of Col. Charles Mills, a son.
- At Devonport, the wife of Captain Gerard Napier, R.N., H.M.S. Lion, a dau.
- At Aldershot, the wife of Major C. B. Philipps, 6th Royal Regt. a son.
- March 4.* At Berkhamsted, the wife of the Rev. E. Bartrum, Head Master of King Edward's School, Great Berkhamsted, Herts, a son.
- At Aldershot, the wife of Capt. Hill, 34th Regt. a dau.
- At Kensington, the wife of Lieut. T. S. Jackson, R.N. H.M.S. Lord Warden, a dau.
- At Coningsby, Lincolnshire, the wife of the Rev. R. Fawcett Ward, a son.
- March 5.* At Upper Mount-street, Dublin, the wife of James Creed Meredith, esq. LL.D. barrister-at-law, a dau.
- At Ickleford rectory, near Hitchin, the wife of the Rev. Spencer W. Phillips, a son.
- At Frederiksborg Castle, Denmark, the Baroness I. H. Rosenerantz, a son.
- At Paris, the wife of Hamon Styleman Le Strange, Third Secretary of Her Majesty's Embassy, a son.
- At Woodfield House, Shelley, near Huddersfield, the wife of the Rev. Alfred Turner, a son.
- March 6.* At Lewes, the wife of Wynne E. Baxter, solicitor, a son.
- At Southsea, the wife of Capt. J. C. R. Colomb, R.M.A. a son.
- At Highfield, Drumeondra, the wife of John Eustace, M.D. a son.
- At Wentworth House, Marine-parade, Brighton, the wife of Capt. J. Harris, Military Train, a son.
- At Tyllwyd, Cardiganshire, the wife of S. H. Jones Parry, late Capt. H.M.'s 84th Regt. a dau.
- At East Brixton, the wife of the Rev. R. B. Ransford, a son.
- March 7.* At Walmer, Kent, the wife of Charles Cubitt, esq. C.E. a son.
- At Birkenhead, the wife of the Rev. George Ramsay Fielden, a dau.
- At Whitechurch, Salop, the wife of the Rev. J. H. Green, of Kibworth, Leicestershire, a dau.
- The wife of the Rev. Bedford Hartnell, Rodborough House, Clifton, a dau.
- At Twickenham, the wife of Capt. Home, Royal Engineers, D.A.Q.M.G. Aldershot, a son.
- At Bath, the wife of Capt. H. Raby, V.C., R.N., H.M.S. Adventure, a son.
- At Stoke-upon-Trent, the wife of the Rev. Sir Lovelace T. Stamer, Bart. Rector of Stoke-upon-Trent, a son.
- At Cheltenham, the wife of the Rev. T. Middlemore Whittard, M.A. a son.
- March 8.* At Plymouth, the wife of the Rev. M. J. Fuller, Rector of Lidford, Devon, a dau.
- At Newbury, the wife of the Rev. Thomas Hubbard, a dau.
- At St. James's-square, the wife of the Rev. Walter M. Hoare, a dau.
- At Fairlight vicarage, near Hastings, the wife of the Rev. Henry Stent, a son.
- At Montague-street, Russell-square, the wife of Spencer Watson, esq. F.R.C.S. a son.
- At Halstead, the wife of the Rev. T. C. Wilson, a son.
- March 9.* At Weald parsonage, Seven-oaks, the wife of the Rev. Henry Benson, a son.
- At Aldershot, the wife of M. G. Browne, esq. Capt. R.H. Art. a son.
- At Bryanston-street, Portman-square, the wife of the Rev. Robert Dell, a son.
- At Antwerp House, Primrose-hill-road, the wife of the Rev. John Christian Hose, a son.
- At Albany-street, Regent's-park, the wife of Capt. Henry Proctor, 2nd Batt. 22nd Regt. a son.
- At Colnbrook, Slough, the wife of



Albert James Southey, esq. M.R.C.S. a son.

*March 10.* At St. Germain's, Had-dingtonshire, N.B. the wife of Col. D. Anderson, 22nd Regt. a dau.

At Hastings, the wife of the Rev. H. Brereton Foyster, a son.

At Shrewsbury, the wife of the Rev. J. H. Hudleston, a dau.

At Chertsey, the wife of the Rev. William F. Revell, a son.

At Lichfield, the wife of the Rev. G. Woodyatt, Vicar of Warton, Warwicksh. a dau.

*March 11.* At Cheltenham, the wife of Edward Arkwright Bruxner, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Stonelands, near Ryde, the wife of Rear-Adm. Loring, C.B. a son.

At Mitcham, Surrey, the wife of Capt. Arthur Ronaldson, a dau.

At Lymington, the wife of Capt. William Rooke, R.Art. a dau.

At Bruton-st. London, the Countess of Shannon, a son.

At Howick Rectory, Northumberland, the wife of the Rev. William Champion Streatfield, a son.

At the Lodge, Evesham, the wife of the Rev. Matthew Wood, a son.

*March 12.* At Somerville, Lady Athlumney, a dau.

At Albemarle-st. the wife of Alexr. Dauney, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Stonehaven, the wife of William Johnston, esq. late Indian Navy, a son.

At Weymouth, the wife of the Rev. C. G. Hill, a dau.

At Homewood, Whitehaven, Mrs. James Lumb, a dau. (Georgina).

At Cookstown, co. Tyrone, the Vis-countess Stuart, a dau.

At Eaton-place, the Hon. Mrs. Luke White, a dau.

*March 13.* At High Ercal Vicarage, the wife of the Rev. G. Bucknill, a dau.

At Southsea, the wife of Herbert Everitt, esq. R.M.Art. a dau.

At Chesham-place, Lady Augusta Fremantle, a son.

At Henbury, Glouc. the wife of the Rev. Edward Harford, a dau.

At Kensington, the wife of Charles Kent, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Exmouth, the wife of Major Lind, late 31st Regt. a dau.

At Drinkstone Rectory, Suffolk, the wife of the Rev. H. W. Miller, a son.

In Gloucester-pl. Hyde-park-gardens, the wife of H. Cecil Raikes, esq. M.P. a dau.

At St. Finbar's, Cork, the wife of the Rev. J. N. Blacker Woodroffe, a son.

#### BAPTISMS.

*Feb. 14.* At Ruabon, the second dau. of Lady Williams Wynn,—named Mary Nesta. Sponsors. Lord Combermere, Mrs. Brownrigg, and Mrs. Peel of Bryn-y-pys.

*Feb. 25.* By the Rev. John T. Athawes, in the Conventional District of St. John the Divine, Kennington, Surrey, the son of Henry William Bristow, esq. F.R.S.—named Henry Roderick Fitzhamon. Sponsors, Sir Roderick J. Murchison, Bart. K.C.B. F.R.S. &c.; the Rev. Osmond Fisher, F.G.S. Rector of Harlton; and Miss Caroline Legnev Harrison.

#### MARRIAGES.

*Jan. 20.* At All Saints', Lucknow, Dr. Alexander Guthrie, Surgeon 8th Brigade Royal Art. to Emily Anne Guy, second and youngest dau. of E. Menzies, esq. Deputy-Inspector-Gen. of Hospitals.

*Jan. 23.* At Calcutta, the Hon. Charles Dutton, 85th Light Inf. youngest son of Lord Sherborne, to Mary Arbuthnot, eldest dau. of G. Noble Taylor, M.C.S. Member of Council.

At Montreal, Robert Kane, esq. of H.M. 16th Regt. sixth son of Captain Kane, Monmouth, and grandson of the late Lieut.-Col. J. D. Kane, to Henriette, eldest dau. of Judge Coursol, and granddau. of the late Sir E. P. Taché.

*Jan. 26.* At Mhow, Robert Vaughan Malden, esq. Bombay Staff Corps and 3rd Reg. Scinde Horse, to Jane Agnes Guillum, second dau. of Lieut.-Col. J. G. Scott, Bombay Army.

*Jan. 27.* At Kirkee, Brevet-Major T. MacLachlan, Royal H. Art. to Eleanor Frances, second dau. of the late Thomas MacKenzie, esq. C.B. Inspector-Gen. of Hospitals.

*Jan. 28.* At Calcutta, Henry Donald Dunlop, Lieut. Royal Art. fourth son of Robert Buchanan-Dunlop, esq. of Drumhead, co. Dumbarton, N.B. and Winchelsea, Sussex, to Charlotte Fanny, eldest dau. of Brigadier-Gen. Gilbert J. L. Buchanan, R. Art.





Jan. 30. At Calcutta, Thomas Edmonston Charles, esq. M.D. eldest son of the Rev. James Charles, D.D. of Kirkcowan Manse, Wigtownshire, to Ada Henrietta, eldest dau. of Col. F. H. *Rundall*, R.E.

At the same time, George Fraser Eric Smith Neill, esq. R.A. third son of the late Gen. Sir G. Neill, 1st Madras Fusiliers, to Catherine Laura, second dau. of Colonel F. H. *Rundall*, R.E.

Feb. 4. At the Parish church, Marylebone, by the Rector, the Rev. C. J. P. Eyre, Thomas Jesson, esq. R.A. eldest son of William Percy Jesson, esq. of Harrow Lodge, near Ringwood, Hants, to Esther Marguerite, eldest dau. of John De *Cuen*, esq. of Waverly Villa, Jersey.

At Swansea, John Perry Morgan, esq. banker, of Swansea, to Maria, eldest dau. of the late Thomas *Thomson*, esq. of Dowlais.

Feb. 6. At Dublin, Francis Blennerhassett Chute, esq. of Chute Hall, co. Kerry, to Cherry Herbert, eldest dau. of the late Norcott D'Esterre *Roberts*, esq.

At St. George's, Bloomsbury, Edward Morris Firmin, esq. of China, only son of the late W. O. Firmin, esq. solicitor, to Jessie, eldest dau. of Jabez *Hogg*, esq. of Bedford-square.

At St. George's, Hanover-sq. Eldred Halton, esq. Leinster-gardens, to Eliza Jane Hamilton, eldest dau. of John *Holliday*, esq. Alderley Edge, Cheshire.

Feb. 8. At St. James's, Dublin, Robert Christopher, son of Robert Christopher Barbor, esq. of Rathgar, to Mary Louisa, dau. of James *Dunn*, of Springfield, Crumlin, co. Dublin, esq.

At Brighton, Alfred Isaac Bristow, esq. of Brompton-square, S.W. to Annie Harris, eldest dau. of Alex. Bramwell *Bremner*, esq. of Bute House, Peter-sham, Surrey.

At Linz on the Rhine, Theodore William Einsiedel-Wolkenburg, of Wolkenburg Castle, Saxony, Lieut. 1st Reg. Body Guards of H.M. the King of Saxony, to Anna Maria Spy *Carlyon*, youngest dau. of Major Carlyon, of Tregrehan, Cornwall, and Cadogan-place, London.

At Rathaspeck church, co. Wexford, Edward Holland, S.I. Royal Irish Constabulary, Roscrea, co. Tipperary, second son of Major Holland, Chatham, to Frances Jane, eldest dau. of the late E. W. *Pritchard*, R.N.

At St. George's, Campden-hill, by the Rev. Dr. James Thomson, uncle to

the bridegroom, John Archer Jackson, esq. of Prospect House, Hawkhurst, Kent, to Mary Ann, second dau. of J. *Little*, esq.

At St. Peter's, Eaton-sq. Frederick Robert, son of Gen. Sir William Knollys, to Laura Caroline, youngest dau. of the late Robert *Bristow*, esq. of Broxmere Park, Wilts.

At the Cathedral, Marlborough-st. Dublin, Patrick Martin, esq. barrister-at-law, only son of John Martin, esq. of Cappagh, co. Dublin, to Margaret Magan, eldest dau. of Michael *Cahill*, esq. of Ballyconra House, co. Kilkenny.

At Croydon, George Pays, esq. of Moatlands, Sussex, to Augusta Jane, only dau. of the late Dr. Thomas *Brenan*, R.N. of St. Edward's, South-sea, and granddau. of the late Herbert Allen, esq. J.P. Hants.

At Kingswinford, Malim Shanman, esq. surgeon, Birmingham, to Hannah Matilda, dau. of the late Samuel *Chavasse*, esq.

At St. James's, Piccadilly, Oriell Farnell Walton, eldest son of Thomas Todd-Walton, of Clifton, esq. to Katharine Augusta, eldest dau. of Lord Cecil *Gordon*.

Feb. 9. At St. Ives, Leadgate, Chas. David William, second son of David Comyn Ballen, esq. of Little Green-croft, Durham, to Caroline Eleanor only dau. of the late Ralph *Compton*, esq. solicitor, formerly of London, and Melkington, Northumberland.

At Queenstown, by the father of the bride, Augustus Purling, fourth son of Charles Cutts Barton, esq. of Rownhams, co. Southampton, to Geraldine de Courcy, second dau. of the Rev. Dr. Cooke *Collis*, Rector of Queenstown.

At St. Peter's, Notting-hill, by the Rev. Thomas Prater (uncle of the bride), Capt. A. W. Boyce, late 34th Regt. to Alice, dau. of Charles *Prater*, esq. Stanley-terr. Kensington-park-gardens.

At Harpsden, Robert, eldest son of Robert Bradford, esq. of Franks, Kent, to Selina Forbes, second dau. of Donald MacLeod *Gordon*, esq. of Harpsden Court.

At Sefton, Robert Bruce, esq. M.D. F.R.C.S. of Edinburgh, to Blanca Catalina, second surviving dau. of the late Stephen Cattley *Tennant*, esq. of Leeds.

At Marylebone church, the Hon. Robert St. John FitzWalter Butler, youngest son of Lord Dunboyne, to Caroline Maude Blanche, dau. of the late Capt. George *Probyn*, of Bryanston-square.



At Hambledon, Hants, George Eastes, F.R.C.S. of Albion-place, Hyde-park-square, eldest son of Silvester Eastes, esq. Folkestone, to Fanny Elizabeth, eldest dau. of William *Friend*, esq. Barngreen, Hambledon.

At Matlock, by the Rev. William J. Melville, brother of the bride, Henry Hammans, of Oxford, third son of Cornelius Hammans, esq. Garford, Berkshire, to Ellen, second dau. of the Rev. William Rylance *Melville*, M.A. Rector of Matlock, Derbyshire.

At Walcot, Bath, by the Rev. Bedford Hartnell, brother of the bridegroom, Samuel Tanner Hartnell, to Eliza Henrietta, only child of E. C. *Holland*, esq. M.D.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Henry Jones, esq. of Grosvenor-gardens, to Sophia Louisa, eldest dau. of the late George Duckett B. *Baumont*, esq.

At St. Peter's, Eaton-square, Walter David Jones, esq. of Harborne House, Harborne, Staffordshire, to Charlotte Annie, youngest dau. of the late Robert *Sharpe*, esq. Courtlands, Sussex.

At Sheerness, by the Rev. John T. Manley, Vicar of Tunbridge, brother of the bridegroom, William G. N. Manley, esq. V.C. Royal Art. younger son of the late Rev. William N. Manley, to Maria Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late Thos. Harwood *Darton*, esq. of Temple Dinsley, Herts.

At Christ church, Lancaster-gate, Walter Henry Maudslay, esq. of Hyde-park-square, and Lambeth, to Emily, eldest dau. of Charles Thomas *Lucas*, esq. of Lancaster-gate, and Warnham Court, Sussex.

At St. Thomas's, Portman-square, Lee Percy Pennethorne, R.A. third son of James Pennethorne, esq. of Worcester Park, Surrey, to Mary Elizabeth, second dau. of the late Commander John *Wainwright*, R.N. of Silverheights, Canada, and Wickham, Hants.

At Rutland-square church, Dublin, James Pike, esq. son of the late James Martin Pike, esq. to Anna Eliza, eldest dau. of the late David *Patterson*, Castle-shanaghan, co. Donegal.

At St. Stephen's, South Kensington, by the Rev. T. B. Aston, M.A. brother of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. J. A. Aston, M.A. Vicar of St. Stephen's, George Pudsey Aston Pudsey, esq. of Seisdon Hall, co. Stafford, to Ann, youngest dau. of the late A. *Bonney*, esq. of Much Wenlock, Shropshire.

At Bathwick, Major J. D. Reece, 2nd West India Regt. to Cecilia Anne,

eldest dau. of George *Newman*, esq. M.D. of Bath.

At St. Thomas's, Portman-square, John William Rhodes, esq. late 60th Royal Rifles, eldest son of the late John William Rhodes, esq. of Hennerton, Berks, to Marie Ada, eldest dau. of Edward *Maekenzie*, esq. of Fawley Court, Henley.

At Mark, Somerset, Bernard (M.M.), eldest surviving son of the Rev. Frederic du Sautoy, Vicar of Mark, to Rebecca Leslie, eldest dau. of the late George *Gillies*, esq. of Boston, Linc. and formerly of Trelawney, Jamaica.

At Ballymackey Church, the Rev. Edward Synge, Rector of Lockeen, son of the Rev. Francis Synge, Slievyre, to Elizabeth, dau. of Peter *Smithwick*, esq. Shanbally, co. Tipperary.

At St. Luke's, Westbourne-park, Henry Cobbe Sutherland, esq. M.A. Oxon. Bengal Civil Service, to Helen Marion, eldest dau. of William *Clark*, esq. Deputy-Accountant-Gen. of Bengal.

At Stoke Bishop, Charles Harding, elder son of Charles Tebbs, esq. of Cecil Lodge, Stoke Bishop, to Lillian Marie, only child of the late Ernest *D'Almaine*, esq. of Plymouth.

At Leeds, Vincent T. Thompson, esq. of Lincoln's-inn, barrister-at-law, eldest son of the late Mr. Serjeant Thompson, to Eleanor, second dau. of J. *Wade*, esq. of Leeds.

At St. Peter's, Pimlico, the Rev. John Theed Watson, eldest son of the Rev. John Watson, Rector of Orton-Longueville, Hunts, to Marion Grace, fourth dau. of the late Sir John E. *Honywood*, Bart.

At St. Bride's, Liverpool, James T. Whitelaw, esq. Glasgow, to Lizzie, eldest surviving daughter of the late Robert *Rodgers*, esq. Wavertree, Liverpool.

At St. Mary's, Woolwich, Thomas Witchell, esq. Major Military Train, to Selina Frost, second dau. of William Parry *Jackson*, esq. Chairman of the Woolwich Local Board of Health.

At St. James's, Dover, Henry Smith Wright, esq. of Lenton Hall, Notts, to Josephine Henrietta, only dau. of the Rev. J. Adolphus *Wright*, Rector of Ickham, Kent.

*Feb. 10.* At Rosecommon, Anthony, son of A. Cowdy, esq. Killecomane House, Portadown, to Sarah Frances, dau. of the late Edward *Jones*, esq. of Rosecommon.

Oscar Hirsch, esq. of Hamburg, to Emma, eldest dau. of Lawrence *Hyam*, esq. of Leinster-terrace, Hyde-park.





*Feb. 11.* At Christ church, Lancaster-gate, by the Rev. J. B. Deane, M.A. Rector of St. Martin Outwich, cousin of the bridegroom, Capt. E. W. Cooper, 2d West India Regt. to Agnes Julia, youngest dau. of Henry *Adderley*, esq. Inverness-terrace, Hyde-park.

At St. John's, Tunbridge-Wells, Thomas Benjamin Young, of Lewisham, to Caroline Elizabeth, fourth dau. of Jasper *Lakeman*, esq. of Tunbridge Wells, late of Norwich.

*Feb. 12.* At Sholapoor, Henry S. Daniell, Capt. 3d Bombay Light Cav. to Mary Edith, dau. of Col. *Barron*, commanding H.M. 4th N.I. or Rifle Corps.

At Sidmouth, Peter Sophocles John, younger son of Peter John, esq. of Calcutta, to Louisa Magnard, fourth dau. of Col. W. C. *Rochfort*, grandniece of the late Earl of Belvedere, and cousin of Sir John Doily, Bart.

At Reading, Henry Peacock, esq. of Hinton Waldrist, Berks, to Georgiana Catherine, only child of the late Rev. John *Scurr*, of Bremhill, Wilts.

*Feb. 13.* At St. John's, Walham-green, Joseph Silverthorne Belcher, M.D. to Ada, only dau. of Mrs. Jane *Willey*.

At Leamington, William Mellish Parratt, esq. Major Madras Staff Corps, youngest son of the late Thomas Parratt, esq. of Ramsgate, to Mary Sarah, eldest dau. of the late Humphrey Archer *Hervey*, esq. of Bridekirk, Cumberland, and Marsala, Sicily.

*Feb. 15.* At All Souls, Langham-place, Alfred Theodore Gustav Hauge, esq. Christiania, to Ellen Letitia, fifth dau. of the late John Nixon *Read*, esq. Capt. 69th Regt.

At the German Protestant church, Munich, Lieut.-Col. William Mayne, late Land Transport Corps, to Marie Carolina Wilhelmina Magdalena Johanna, Countess Topor-Morawitzky, third and youngest dau. of Count Topor-Morawitzky and *Rudnitz*, Chamberlain to the King of Bavaria.

At Dyrham, Glouc. Herbert Byng, third son of the late William Paget, esq. of Sutton Bonnington, Notts. to Clara Fraser, fifth dau. of the Rev. W. S. *Robinson*, Rector of Dyrham.

*Feb. 16.* At the Synagogue, Paris, Alfred, third son of Louis Cohen, esq. of Gloucester-place, Portman-square, London, to Marie, third dau. of M. Joseph *Javal*, of Paris.

At Richmond, Surrey, Harry Baxton Forman, esq. third son of the late George Ellery Forman, esq. Surgeon R.N. to

Laura, eldest surviving dau. of Wm. Christian *Selle*, esq. Mus. Doc.

At Handsworth, Staff. by the Rev. A. R. Godson, M.A. cousin to the bridegroom, Augustus Fred. Godson, esq. M.A. barrister-at-law, eldest son of Septimus Holmes Godson, esq. of Rutland-gate, and Tenbury, Worc. to Jane Charlotte, third dau. of Edmund *Boughton*, esq.

At Aberdeen, Thomas Lancey, youngest son of the late Major William Lancey, R.E. to Annie, youngest dau. of the late Harvey *Hall*, esq. Hall Hill, Aberdeenshire.

At Weyhill, Hants, George Gordon Macpherson, Capt. Coldstream Guards, third son of Cluny Macpherson, to Bertha Maria, second dau. of Matthew Henry *Marsh*, esq. of Ramridge, Hants.

At Taunton, Charles Paull, esq. of Taunton, to Elizabeth Annette, second dau. of W. *Upham*, esq.

*Feb. 17.* At Paignton, South Devon, the Rev. Wanford Rouse, of Turvey, Beds. to Charlotte M. Herring, only dau. of James Alex. *Rouse*, esq. solicitor.

*Feb. 18.* At Stoke Bishop, by the Rev. Archibald Douglas, uncle to the bride, Robert Cameron *Henchy*, esq. Capt. R.A. to Emma Jane, eldest dau. of C. S. *Pluney*, esq. of Hazelwood.

At All Souls, Langham-place, Walter, second son of William Phillips Hughes, esq. of Harley-street, to Maria Nogueira, third dau. of Henry Rendell *Wotton*, esq. F.R.C.S. of Cavendish-sq.

At Yarmouth, William Smith, esq. Capt. Royal Art. son of William Smith, esq. Kirknewton Manse, Mid Lothian, to Emma Corrie, second dau. of F. H. *Crozier*, esq. of Lymington, late of Madras Civil Service, and granddan. of the late Rev. Sir George Burrard, of Walhampton.

*Feb. 20.* At St. George's, Hanover-square, Henry Currie, esq. of West Horsley Place, Surrey, to Mary M. eldest dau. of the late Admiral Sir Charles *Sullivan*, Bart.

At St. Paul's, Islington, by the Rev. Rose Fuller Whistler, M.A. Rector of St. John's, Iketsball, near Bungay, unele of the bridegroom, George Lambert, elder son of George L. Whistler, esq. of Highbury-grove, to Emma St. Aubyn, eldest dau. of George B. *Gregory*, esq. of Canonbury.

*Feb. 22.* At Rathangan, Thomas, eldest son of the late William Long, of Iron Hills, co. Kildare, and grand-son of the late Thomas Long, of Thomastown House, Kildare, esq. to Charlotte



Helen, youngest dau. of the late Major Charles *Stewart*.

At St. Peter's, Bayswater, the Rev. R. W. Lyonel Tollemache, J.P. Rector of South Wytham, co. Lincoln, eldest son of the Hon. and Rev. H. F. Tollemache, Rector of Harrington, co. Northampton, and nephew of the Earl of Dysart, to Dora Cleopatra Maria Lorenza de Orellana-y-Revest, youngest dau. of the late Col. Ignacio Antonio de Orellana-y-Revest, of the Spanish Army.

At St. Luke's, Jersey, Rear-Adm. J. Willcox, C.B. to Elizabeth Anne, dau. of the late Capt. *Dorers*, R.N.

*Feb. 23.* At Richmond, Surrey, the Rev. Joseph Hall, M.A. Rector of Knockholt, Kent, to Elizabeth, dau. of the late Sir Thomas Newby *Reeve*.

At Twickenham, the Rev. D. Lewis, Rector of Trawsfynydd, Merionethshire, to Anna Helen, third surviving dau. of the late Isaac *Hodgson*, esq. of Clifton, and formerly of Kirby Frith, Leic.

In Wicklow, by the father of the bride, Commander John Nott, R.N. son of Gen. Nott, to Elizabeth Catherine, second dau. of the Rev. Henry *Brownrigg*, A.M. Prebendary of Wicklow.

At St. Mathew's, Oakley-square, Thomas Gregson Simpson, esq. of Earby Hall, Barnard Castle, Yorkshire, to Martha, only dau. of Joseph Langham *Dale*, esq. of Harrington-sq. London.

At Bray, co. Wicklow, Thomas Osborn Springfield, second son of Osborn Springfield, esq. of Catton, Norfolk, to Rose Marion, second dau. of the late Rev. N. H. *Mandeville*, of Anner Castle, co. Tipperary.

*Feb. 24.* At St. Mary's, South Baddesley, Francis Peere Williams Freeman, R.Art. fourth son of Peere Williams Freeman, esq. of Pylewell Park, Hants, to Ada, youngest dau. of the late Capt. Leonard Chas. *Pooke*, R.N. Lyminster.

At Kensington, Clement Cotterill Redfern, barrister-at-law, only son of the late Clement Redfern, esq. of Edgbaston, to Clarissa Joan, eldest dau. of the late Richard *Edensor*, esq. Shaw Wood, Ashbourne.

At Haverfordwest, Lieut. Sydney Edward Underwood, 82nd Regt. to Elizabeth Catherine, eldest dau. of the late Rev. Richard Jones *Hughes*, of Tregib, Llandilo.

*Feb. 25.* At Christ church, Lancaster-gate, Otto Carl Emil, Baron Von und zu Gilsa, Capt. Imperial and Royal Eng. Chamberlain to the Emperor of Austria, to Annie Dunbar *Masson*, of Porchester-terrace, second dau. of the

late John Masson, esq. and niece of the late Duncan Dunbar, esq.

At Southfleet, Frederick Greaves Hayne, M.R.C.S. Eng. eldest surviving son of the Rev. T. Hayne, Vicar of Rastrick, to Mary Anne, only dau. of the late J. W. *Collins*, esq. of Northfleet.

At St. Pancras, Middlx. Lewis Geo. Hynes, esq. of H. M. Mint, Bombay, to Pauline Mary, second dau. of Dr. John A. *Power*, of Burton-crescent.

At Altrincham, Cheshire, Laurence Matthey, esq. fourth son of the late John Matthey, esq. to Charlotte, youngest dau. of the late Ven. Edw. *Woolnough*, Archdeacon of Chester and Rector of Northenden.

At St. Mary's, Dublin, James L. Mills, esq. of Castle Odder, co. Meath, seventh son of the late William Mills, esq. of Cradocktown, co. Kildare, barrister-at-law, and grandson of the late Sir John Dillon, Bart. of Lismullen, co. Meath, to Elizabeth Sophia, youngest dau. of the Rev. Robert *Pakenham*, of Straffan.

At Stockwell, David Morgan Thomas, of Loughborough-park, and the Inner Temple, barrister-at-law, to Alice, second dau. of Cornelius *Ruck*, of King-William-street, and Brixton.

*Feb. 27.* At St. John's, Margate, Robert, eldest son of the late R. Blease, esq. of Adelaide-road, Haverstock-hill, N.W. to Charlotte Frances, second dau. of the late James *Raffray*, esq. of Albert House, Margate.

G. A. F. Eichbaum, esq. to Caroline Miranda Tempest, only dau. of A. *Newton*, esq. and grand-dau. of the late Adm. Sir Robert Tristram Ricketts, Bart. of The Elms, Cheltenham.

At Dover, Wallace Gilmour, esq. Capt. R.Art. son of Robert Gilmour, esq. Glasgow, to Alice Sophia, youngest dau. of Alexr. *Wright*, esq.

*March 2.* At St. George's, Hanover-square, by the Rev. William Pennefather, uncle of the bride, the Viscount Mahon to Evelyn Henrietta, only dau. of the late Richard *Pennefather*, esq. and Lady Emily Hankey.

By the Rev. G. S. Morris, Vicar of Brettforton, Wore. father of the bridegroom, George Bentham Morris, Lieut. Royal Marines, to Elizabeth, eldest dau. of Charles *Sherratt*, esq. of The Ryelands, Taynton.

At St. Mary's, West Brompton, by the Rev. W. T. Du Boulay, Vicar, and brother of the bride, John Melville Span, esq. to Emma Matilda, youngest dau. of Thomas *Du Boulay*, esq.

At the Presbyterian church, Parsons-





town, by the Rev. Matthew Kerr, brother of the bride, the Rev. Thomas Watson, Moyvore, to Annie, second dau. of Robert Kerr, Articlave, Derry.

*March 3.* At Little Portland-street chapel, John Alcock, esq. of Highfield, Bredbury, Cheshire, to Mary Ellen, second dau. of R. A. Parker, esq. of Chalcot-crescent, and Bedford-row, London.

At Pinner, Samuel Thomas Bishop, of Croydon, Surrey, to Annie Kirby, niece of the late G. B. Day, esq. of Northwood, Rickmansworth.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, by the Rev. R. H. Gatty, Edward Gatty, esq. Capt. 39th Regt. to Emma Rebecca, youngest dau. of John Collum, esq. of Belle Vue, co. Fermanagh, and Dublin.

At Newcastle, co. Down, by the Rev. A. Creery, Prebendary of Rasharkin, uncle of the bride, T. J. MacLagan, esq. M.D. Dundee, to Isabel, eldest dau. of the late Charles Scudamore, esq. Maidstone.

At St. Margaret's, Westminster, William F. Marshall, esq. of Branston, Linc. to Elizabeth Newton, only dau. of the late John Headland, esq. of Potter Hanworth.

At St. Anne's, Dublin, Hugh Massy Westropp, fourth son of the late John Westropp, esq. of Attyflin Park, co. Limerick, to Helena, youngest dau. of the Rev. Thos. Westropp, Prebendary of Ardeanny.

*March 4.* At St. Peter's, Croydon, by the Rev. O. B. Byers, assisted by the Rev. Thomas Cox, uncle of the bride, James Watt Black, M.D. London, to Mary Wedderburne, eldest dau. of the late Capt. Jas. Cox, 92nd Highlanders.

At Stanwix, near Carlisle, Arthur Connell, esq. third son of James Connell, esq. Eskdale House, Langholm, to Anna Margaret, dau. of John Forster, esq. Etterby, Carlisle.

At Christ Church, Lancaster-gate, Rowland Burrard Cooper, esq. only son of the late Rowland Edward Cooper, esq. of Hyde-park-place, and grandson of the late Rev. Sir George Burrard, Bart. to Ellen, second dau. of Arthur Hall, esq. late of the Madras Civil Service.

At St. George's, Bloomsbury, John Edward, second son of the late John Duncan Wellington Drummond, esq. of Finckley, to Theodosia Ann Mary, eldest dau. of William Greaves, esq. of Bernard-street.

At St. Stephen's, Westbourne-park, Henry Bolton Edenborough, esq. to Char-

lotte Lucy, only child of the late C. W. Bradford, esq. Bengal Civil Service.

At Monkstown, Dublin, by the father of the bride, Keith Hamilton, eldest son of Keith Hallows, esq. of Crosthwaite Park, Kingstown, to Flora, fourth dau. of the Rev. Henry H. J. Westby, A.M. Prebendary of St. Patrick's.

At Royston, George Balderston Kidd, LL.B. Derby, eldest son of the late Rev. W. S. Kidd, Sheffield, to Ellen, second dau. of Thomas Titchmarsh, Royston, Cambs.

At Aylesbury, Bucks, Walter Llewellyn, second son of D. W. Nash, esq. of Cheltenham, to Alice Jane, second dau. of the late Henry Haynard, esq. of Aylesbury.

At St. Peter's, Dublin, A.M. Eldred Thomas Pottinger, esq. Capt. Royal Art. son of General Pottinger, C.B. of Mount Pottinger, Leitrim, to Catherine Casenahan, only child of Thomas Casement, esq. J.P. of Ballen House, co. Antrim.

At St. George's church, Hanover-square, Henry Buckworth Powell, esq. late Capt. Grenadier Guards, of Wilverley Park, Hampshire, to Laurette Emmeline Lady Dickson, only dau. of the late Lieut.-Col. Lewis A. Northey, of Wyngrove and Llangwathan, Pemb.

*March 6.* At St. Stephen's, Dublin, John Beatty, esq. Executive Engineer P.W.D. Bombay, eldest son of the Rev. John Beatty, of Upper Leeson-street, to Marcia, relict of Rev. W. B. Duthy, and fourth dau. of Wm. R. Trennick, of Fort William, Ballyshannon, co. Donegal, esq.

At St. Matthew's, Bayswater, by the Rev. S. Kingsford, the bridegroom's brother, Douglas Kingsford, of the Middle Temple, esq. barrister-at-law, to Beatrice Emma, eldest dau. of the late Henry Brock-Hollingshead, of Billinge Scarr, Lancashire, esq.

At St. Matthew's, Oakley-square, S. F. Miller, esq. fourth son of the late Reader Miller, esq. of Ryarsh House, co. Kent, to Katherine Frances, second dau. of Dr. Henry Alleyne Allen, of Springfield, Singapore, East Indies.

In St. Peter's, Dublin, Charles Ryan, esq. of Clanbrassil-terrace, to Sarah, second dau. of the late John Boyd, esq. Highfield, co. Carlow.

*March 8.* At West Teignmouth church, Thomas Benyon Ferguson, esq. barrister-at-law, to Emma Amelia, eldest dau. of Capt. the Hon. Byron Cary, R.N. of Ashleigh, Teignmouth.

*March 9.* At Creagh, Ireland, by the Rev. John Triphook, Rector of Skull,



uncle of the bride, Frederick W. Allen, third son of Joseph Allen, esq. of South-terrace, Cork, to Charlotte H. *Wright*, youngest dau. of the late Rev. John N. Wright, of Killuna.

At Eccles, near Manchester, the Rev. George H. Brown, of Eccles, to Mary Eliza, dau. of the late Henry *Kirke*, esq. of The Eaves, Derbyshire, and of Hope Hall, near Manchester.

At Wilmington, near Dartford, Howard Coghlan, esq. 21st Hussars, son of Major-Gen. Sir W. Coghlan, K.C.B. to Agnes Sophia, only child of late Charles Arthur *Dodd*, esq. of Australia, and niece of Robert Christie, esq. of Hulse Lodge, Wilmington.

At St. John's, Upperby, Carlisle, Morris James Fawcett, esq. Captain and Adjutant Royal Cumberland Militia, youngest son of John Fawcett, esq. of Petterill Bank, near Carlisle, to Alice Grace, younger dau. of Admiral *Pennell*, of Langarth.

At Hove, Sussex, Alfred Freeman Gell, esq. of Brighton, only son of the late Alfred Gell, esq. of Lewes, to Ada, youngest dau. of Ewen *Evershed*, esq. of the Old Steine, Brighton.

At St. Mary's, Marylebone, James John Guise, esq. to Mary Ann, sixth dau. of J. *Dougal*, esq. of Glenferness and Ratho Park, N.B.

At St. John's, Richmond, James Morris, M.D. Lond. Fellow of University college, to Agnes, only dau. of John *Turner*, esq. late of Glasgow.

At Christ Church, Mayfair, Harry Birmingham, third son of John Rouse Phillips, esq. Russell-square, to Martha Dyson, dau. of Joshua *Eust*, esq. Curzon-street.

At St. Paul's, Edinburgh, George Reid, esq. Staff Commander R.N. to Jane, relict of Donald *McAllum*, esq. His Highness the Nizam's Service, Hyderabad, Deccan, India.

At Camberwell, by the Rev. John Cox, Vicar of St. Helen's, Bishopsgate, and uncle of the bridegroom, Edward Constantine, second surviving son of the late Joseph Stearns, esq. of Cranbrook-park, Ilford, to Edith Caroline, youngest dau. of Albert John *Crocker*, esq. of Dulwich.

At Shawfield, Kirriemuir, Archibald Whyte, esq. Cotton of Craig, to Eliza Mary Rattray, elder dau. of the late James *MacLaren*, esq. of Dalnabrick, and grand-dau. of the late Thomas Shaw, esq. of Shawfield.

March 10. At Woolwich, William Edward Despard, esq. Capt. R.M. eldest

son of Capt. Despard, late 36th Regt. of Killough, to Ellen second dau. of Capt. *Robertson*, R.N. J.P. for Kent.

At the Centenary Chapel, St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, Joseph Dowling, esq. Grange, Anghrim, co. Galway, to Anna Mary, youngest dau. of the late William *Evans*, esq. Carana House, Woodlawn, co. Galway.

At Bath, Joseph Fletcher, J.P. of Whitehaven, and Stilton House, Dumfriesshire, to Marion, dau. of Wm. *Thomson*, esq. of Dumfries.

At the Cathedral, Lichfield, James Trubshaw Johnson, C.E. to Frances Anne, third dau. of the late William *Smith*, esq. of Lichfield.

At Rothbury, Northumberland, George Frederick Phillips, esq. of Royston, Hertfordshire, to Anne, only dau. of the late Christopher *Walleans*, esq. of Flotterton House, Rothbury.

March 11. At Trinity Church, Marylebone, by the Rev. Henry Harris, Vicar of Horbling, Lincolnshire, the father of the bridegroom, Henry Harris, esq. of Great Tower-st. and Snaresbrook, to Henrietta Sophia, third dau. of Leonard *Clow*, esq. of Fitzroy-st.

At Castlebellingham, John Cecil Russell, 10th Royal Hussars, to Hester Frances, eldest dau. of the Rev. Charles *Thornhill*, Milesdown.

At St. Luke's, Chelsea, Robert John MacGeough, esq. fourth son of the late Walter MacGeough Bond, esq. of Drumsill, and The Arگوی, co. Armagh, to Alice, only surviving child of the late James *Sivenright*, esq. of Brighton.

At the Free Christian Church, Kentish-town, by the Rev. W. J. Odgers, of Bath, father of the bridegroom, the Rev. J. Edwin Odgers, M.A. of Bridge-water, to Eliza Anne, eldest dau. of Charles *Hill*, esq. of London.

At Caton, by the Rev. J. T. Wrenford, brother-in-law to the bride, William Bellingham Peebles, M.B. T.C.D. Dublin, to Rose Florence, fifth dau. of the late John *Edmondson*, esq. J.P. D.L. of Gresgarth Hall, Lanc.

At St. James's, Piccadilly, Alfred eldest son of Joseph Shutleworth, esq. of Hartsholme Hall, to Mary, youngest dau. of Nath. *Clayton*, esq. Lincoln.

At Marnhull, Dorset, by the Rev. F. Otway Mayne, uncle to the bride, Percival Lewis, second son of Baron Hambro, of Milton Abbey, Dorset, to Grace Otway, eldest dau. of the late Major Henry Otway *Mayne*, late Commandant of the Central India Irregular Cavalry.





## DEATHS.

*November 16, 1868.* At Brighton, aged 72 years, George Barker, esq. He was formerly a solicitor in Gray's Inn, and the senior partner of the firm of Barker, Bowker, and Peake, of which he was the founder. Having by his ability, perseverance, and energy, amassed a large fortune, he retired from his profession in November 1854, and spent the remaining years of his life at his seat, Stanlake Park, near Twyford, Berks. In August 1829 he married Miss Emma Sophia Prescott, the elder daughter of George Frederick Prescott, esq. who was the youngest son of Sir George William Prescott, the second Bart. of Theobalds Park, Herts, and left two sons surviving, viz.—George William Barker, esq. and the Rev. Alfred Gresley Barker, Rector of Sherfield-upon-Loddon, Hants. His second son, Frederick Grote, a Lieutenant in the 68th Regt. was killed at the battle of Inkerman, 1854. His only daughter, Emma Blanche, was married in August 1866 to John Letablère Litton, esq. second son of Edward Litton, esq. of Altmore, co. Tyrone, formerly M.P. for Tyrone, and a Master in Chancery in Ireland. She died a few days after her father, leaving two infant sons, one of whom is since dead. Mr. Barker's will has been proved in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, and the personal estate sworn upon £250,000. The executors are—his brother-in-law Frederick Joseph Prescott, esq., his nephew Gardner Dillman Engleheart, esq., his two surviving sons, and James Bowker, esq. for many years his clerk, and afterwards his partner.

*Nov. 28.* At Hastings, in his 90th year, Matthew Wiggins, esq., formerly of Cecil Lodge, Abbot's Langley, and of Gloucester-place, Portman-square. He was born on the 23rd Dec. 1778, in James-street, Buckingham Gate, the 5th but sole surviving son of Mr. Matthew Wiggins, of the Stag Brewery, who was one of the churchwardens of St. John's Westminster in 1781 and 1782. The gentleman now deceased became a paper-maker, and was the proprietor of the Nash Mills, in the parish of Abbot's Langley, which he sold nearly sixty years ago to the late John Dickinson, esq. F.R.S. of whom a memoir was given in the *Register* for March. Mr. Wiggins was the senior member of the Drapers' Company. He married, Dec. 4, 1806, Miss Morris, niece to Richard Carter, esq. of Esher, and had issue five sons and four daughters. The former were

—1. Richard-Jones, R.N. who married in 1852 Eliza-Mary, only dau. of Robert Robertson, esq. H.M. 56th regt.; 2. Matthew; 3. William, late a paper-maker at Hawley, near Dartford; 4. Robert, a Major in the Indian Army; and 5. Chantrey, also late an officer in the Indian Army, and deceased. The daughters are—1. Mary, widow of the late Arthur James Lewis, esq. Advocate-General of Bombay, who died in 1865; 2. Belinda, wife of Charles Tebbs, esq. late a proctor in Doctors' Commons; 3. Emma, the widow of James Ramsbottom, esq. eldest son of James Ramsbottom, esq. of Clewer; and 4. Charlotté, widow of Lieut. Francis James Polkinghorne, R.M. who died 1848.

*Dec. 4, 1868.* Aged 61, Mgr. Joseph Martial Mouly, Bishop of Fussalain and Vicar Apostolic of Pô-tché-ly. The deceased prelate was a Frenchman by birth, and had spent 35 years in China.

*Dec. 22.* In India, Captain John Dickson Power, of the 10th Foot. He entered the service in 1858.

*Jan. 17, 1869.* At Teignmouth, aged 81, Admiral Abraham Crawford. He was the youngest son of the late Rev. Thomas Crawford of Lismore, co. Waterford, and entered the Navy in 1800 as a first-class volunteer on board the Diamond, in which ship he assisted in many captures. While next serving in the *Immortalité* and *Clyde* frigates as Midshipman, he was in almost daily action from 1802 until 1806 with detachments of the *Boulogne* flotilla, and on one occasion wounded. Having been promoted to Lieutenant in 1807 he served on board the Sultan, assisting in cutting out numerous vessels from different ports in the Gulf of Genoa, and joining a pursuit which led to the self-destruction of the two French line-of-battle ships *Robuste* and *Lion* in Oct. 1809. He also served at the blockade of Toulon, and was present at the siege of Tarragona in 1811. He was promoted to Commander 1815; appointed to the *Grasshopper*, on the West India Station, 1827; and posted into the *Magnificent*, receiving ship at Port Royal, Jamaica, 1829. He invalided home in the same year and was not again afloat. He was made Admiral on the retired list in 1865.

At Fort William, Calcutta, aged 43, Lieut.-Col. Ernest Augustus Murray MacGregor, late 4th Regt. European Light Cavalry. He was the youngest



son of the late Major-General Sir Evan Murray MacGregor, Bart. by Lady Elizabeth Murray, daughter of John 4th Duke of Atholl.

Jan. 21. At Abbervieu, Monkstown, co. Dublin, Charles Butler, esq. M.D.

Jan. 23. At Secunderabad, aged 30, Charles Arthur Tisdall, Capt. 18th Hussars, eldest son of John Tisdall, esq. of Charlesfort.

Jan. 24. The Rev. Robert John Burrow, of Greenfield, Caton, Lancashire, Curate of Littledale. He was of St. John's coll. Camb. (B.A. 1855; M.A. 1858) and became Curate of Littledale 1862.

At Hyères, France, aged 28. Lieut. William Joseph Carroll, Royal Eng. He entered the service Dec. 1858.

Jan. 30. At Dover, Charlotte A. wife of the Rev. C. C. Barnard. Under the *nom de plume* of "Claribel" she acquired much popularity by her songs and ballads.

At Castle Lostwithiel, Cornwall, aged 26, Edward Richard Foster, Lieut. R.N. fifth son of Richard and Caroline Foster. He only survived his father (who is noticed at p. 254) three days.

Jan. 31. At Romé, aged 80, Mgr. Alberghini, Dean of the Rota.

At Hastings, the Rev. William Bedford, Vicar of Bramford, near Ipswich, Suffolk. He was of St. John's college, Camb. B.A. 1831.

At Oxford, aged 21, Mr. Thomas Moore, under-graduate of Brasenose coll. 4th son of John Moore, esq. of Warwick.

In January, Maharajah Jowan Singh, of Edur, K.C.S.I. a member of the Legislative Council in Bombay.

At Sidcot, Bristol, aged 76, Mrs. Mary Tanner, a distinguished member of the Society of Friends. She was the widow of Mr. Arthur Thomas Tanner, and mother of the late Mr. William Tanner, of Ashley Farm, and the Welsh Back, Bristol. For a very long period she was recognised as one of the ministers of the Society, and did not confine herself to her own immediate district, extending her work to Ireland, the North of England, and elsewhere, and establishing missions, which she carried on with great zeal and success. She was buried at Sidcot on January 22nd.

At Rome, Father Vercellone, the learned Barnabite. He was the author of several learned works on exegesis and Holy Scripture, and has lately been employed in editing the famous *Greek Bible* of the Vatican.

Feb. 1. Colonel Churchill, the author

of various works on Syria, the Lebanon, the Druses, &c. died at Beyrout on the 1st of February. He arrived from Jerusalem by the Austrian steamer, feeling very unwell, and dropped down dead on reaching his house. It is supposed his death was caused by rupture of the intestines. He married an Arab princess some years since, and consequently his funeral was numerously attended by Arabs, who had a great respect for Churchill Bey. His principal works were "Mount Lebanon, a Ten Years' Residence, from 1842 to 1852," 3 vols. 8vo. 1853; and "The Druses and the Maronites under the Turkish Rule, from 1840 to 1860," 8vo. 1862.

At Richmond, Lower Canada, aged 51, Frederick Charles Cleeve, esq. Capt. Canadian Volunteers, youngest son of the late Thomas Cleeve, esq. H.E.I.C. Home Service.

At Sheffield, Mr. Henry Montague, prompter at the Théâtre Royal in that town. In early life he occupied a distinguished position on the stage, and was well known and admired in Bath and Bristol, where to this day his representation of sailor characters is referred to as unapproachable. About 20 years ago a severe attack of rheumatism rendered him a cripple for life, and eventually the weight of years, coupled with his infirmity, reduced him to the capacity of prompter. He has left two sons and three daughters—one of the latter being Emmeline, wife of Mr. Compton of the Haymarket Theatre.

At Glasgow, Neil Robson, esq. He was by profession a civil engineer, and originally a member of the firm of Robson, Forman, and McCall. He bore a high reputation as an engineer, having prepared the plans for the Helensburgh Railway, and other important undertakings. For the last four years he was managing partner of the firm of Merry and Cunningham, ironmasters. Mr. Merry, M.P. was his brother-in-law, through his marriage with Mr. Merry's sister. Mr. Robson was vice-chairman of the Forth and Clyde Navigation Company, and a Justice of Peace for the Lower Ward of Lanarkshire. He was born in 1808, and has left three sons and two daughters.

Feb. 2. At Richmond (U.S.), the little blind musical prodigy, Willie Coffman, whose performances on the piano excited the wonder of those who witnessed them.

At Windmill, near Bradford, aged 58, the Rev. Edward Ollershaw.





At St. Mary's college, Oseott, aged 36, the Rev. Walter Martin, late of St. Chad's Catholic cathedral, Birmingham.

At Malaga, aged 89, la Senora Dona Juana Plinck, of Nagel, relict of Thomas Kirkpatrick, esq. many years Hanoverian Consul at that place.

*Feb. 3.* In the Morbihan, France, the Princess Baciocchi, a relative of Napoleon III. She was an Italian by birth and daughter of the Princess Eliza Bonaparte and Felix Baciocchi, Prince of Lucca. In 1825 she married Count Camerata, a wealthy Roman landed proprietor. She possessed considerable property, and landed estates in the Morbihan, of which she is said to have left the Prince Imperial heir. The only incident of public interest in her existence was the bold attempt to carry off the Duke of Reichstadt, son of Napoleon I. from the palace of Schönbrunn.

Mr. William Morse, organist of St. Peter's Church, Marlborough, threw himself from the church tower and died half an hour afterwards from the injuries he received. He was in pecuniary difficulties and an execution had been put into his house in the morning. He has left a wife and five children.

In France, the Duc de Tascher de la Pagerie, First Chamberlain to the present Empress of the French, closely related to the Empress Josephine and cousin of Queen Hortense, mother of the Emperor.

At Sloane-st. Eleanor Ellen Elizabeth, wife of John Sheehan, esq. Barrister-at-Law, of the Inner Temple.

*Feb. 6.* At Cleveland-square, Hyde Park, aged 53, the Countess Baptiste-Metaxa. She was Selina Jane Rancliffe, only child of Capt. Richard Barrow, 1st King's dragoon-guards, and granddaughter of Sir Thomas Parkyns, Bart. was married in 1841, and has left four sons, and a daughter married to Crawshay Bailey, esq. Her remains were interred at Brompton Cemetery, on Feb. 13th.

*Feb. 8.* At Lower Sydenham, aged 70, Matthew Clement Walker, esq. who was for many years resident in Brighton, being one of the largest owners of house property in the town.

*Feb. 9.* The Hon. James T. Brady, a well-known lawyer of New York, aged 54.

*Feb. 10.* At Newcastle-upon-Tyne, aged 89, Mr. Anthony Hodgson, father of the late Rev. Nicholas Maurus Hodgson, O.S.B.

At Nice, Fuad Pasha, the Ottoman Minister of Foreign Affairs.

At Edinburgh, aged 42, Edward M'Guinness, of the celebrated Irish duologists, M'Guinness and Stanton.

At Brighton, in his 75th year, Frederick Mangles, esq. Treasurer of the County Court of Surrey. He was the eldest son of James Mangles, esq. of Woodbridge near Guildford, some time M.P. for that town, by Mary, sister and heir to General Hughes of Mountcharles near Ayr; and his brother, Ross Donnelly Mangles, esq. now one of the Indian Council, was formerly M.P. for Guildford; and another brother Capt. Charles Mangles, of Poyle Park, Surrey, sat for Newport, I.W. The deceased married the second daughter and coheir of the late George Scott, esq. of Ravenscourt, Middlesex, by his first wife Hannah, only child and heir of Harry Stoe, of Hammersmith, esq.; and she is left his widow, with three sons and three daughters. The former are: 1. Frederick Scott Mangles, esq. of the India Office; 2. the Rev. Arthur Onslow Mangles, Curate of the parish church, Brighton; 3. William Waring Mangles esq. The daughters: 1. Lucy-Marian; 2. Mary-Georgina, married to Dudley G. Cary Elwes, esq. F.S.A. and has issue; 3. Grace-Margaret-Hannah.

Accidentally drowned, Mr. John Noakes, surgeon, of Newhaven. The deceased gentleman was between 60 and 70 years of age.

At Forest-hill, Kent, aged 37, Mary Ann, wife of James Fred. Percival, esq. At Chester House, South Norwood-park, aged 88, Laurence Redhead, esq. J.P. for Surrey.

At Springfield, Wandsworth-road, aged 62, George Russell, esq.

Mr. Thomas Standbridge, Town Clerk of Birmingham.

At Tewkesbury, Mr. Nathaniel Chandler White, youngest son of the late Mr. T. Phillips White, esq. surgeon. For many years he was organist of the Abbey church, Tewkesbury, and during the last twelve months he had officiated at Ripple church in the like capacity. He acquired wide-spread fame as an organist, and he possessed so extraordinary a memory, that he could play without book most of the oratorios by Handel, Spohr, and Mendelssohn.

*Feb. 11.* At Weston-super-Mare, aged 60, Richard Burrows Adams, esq. M.A. second son of the late Thomas Adams, esq. of Aldridge Lodge, Staffordsh.

At Ayr, Isabella Kemp, relict of



Peter Bishop, collector of Her Majesty's Customs, Dunbar.

Aged 66, John Boyce, of Ashill, co. Norfolk, esq.

At Bathford, aged 82, Sarah Burton, of Hotham Hall, Yorkshire, dau. of General N. Burton, and wife of Henry Burton, esq.

At Inverness-terrace, aged 55, Austin Cuvillier, esq. son of the Hon. A. Cuvillier of Montreal, Canada.

In his 5th year, Travers Taylor, second son of James Darlington, esq. of Meriden Hall, Warw.

At Leghorn, Francis Gordon Davis, Assoc. Inst. C.E. formerly of the Royal School of Mines, younger son of Henry Davis, M.D. of Putney.

At St. Mark's Parsonage, South Norwood, aged 34, Annie, wife of Henry John Haynes, only dau. of John Hart, esq. Banbury, Oxfordsh.

At Edinburgh, Thomas Leburn, esq. solicitor, Supreme Courts.

Aged 55, Sarah Charlotte, the wife of John Mills, esq. of Bisterne, Ringwood.

At Hammersmith, near London, James Morris, esq. late of Mauritius.

At Edinburgh, the Rev. James Roddick, senior minister of Graitney.

At Hastings, Mr. Andrew Shanks, engineer, Adelphi, London.

Feb. 12. At Fulham, aged 36, Edward Buchanan, C.E.

At Paris, the Rev. Augustus FitzRoy, (third son of the late Rev. Lord Henry FitzRoy, canon of Westminster), formerly Rector of Fakenham Magna, and Perpetual Curate of Sapiston, Suffolk.

At Staverton, near Cheltenham, aged 55, Clement Freebody, esq. of the firm of Debenham and Freebody, London and Cheltenham.

At Hastings, aged 58, Henry Goss, esq. of Grove-hill, Camberwell.

At North Brixton, aged 81, Mr. Bladon Hunneman, late of the Inland Revenue Department, Somerset-house.

Aged 72, Thomas Hunt, esq. of Shenfield, Brentwood.

Aged 64, Julia Ormsby, wife of J. F. Lloyd, esq. of Park-road, Stoke-Newington.

At Bampton, Oxfordshire, from paralysis, the Rev. Frederick Edwin Lott, M.A. Vicar of Bampton Lew, aged 56. Mr. Lott was educated at Winchester and Oxford. He matriculated at Balliol College in 1833, but quitted it before proceeding to his degree, and was admitted to Lincoln's Inn. He subsequently decided to embrace Holy

Orders, and, returning to Oxford, he completed his terms as a member of St. Mary's Hall, and became B.A. in 1841 and M.A. in 1843. After holding in succession the curacies of Luppitt and Colyton, both in Devonshire, and Minster Lovell and Islip in Oxfordshire, he was presented in 1849 with the perpetual curacy of Leafield with Ascott-under-Wychwood, Oxfordshire, and in 1857 he accepted that of Bampton Lew in the same county. The deceased was fourth son of H. B. Lott, of Tracey House, Honiton, esq. whom he lost in early life. In 1851 he married Elizabeth, second daughter of the late Frederick Barnes, D.D. Canon of Christ Church, Oxford, and he has left a young family of three sons and two daughters.

At Orleans, in her 85th year, Lady Elizabeth Lowther. She was eldest dau. of William first Earl of Lonsdale and Lady Augusta Fane, eldest dau. of John ninth Earl of Westmoreland, and consequently sister of the Earl of Lonsdale, Lady Anne Beckett, and Caroline Duchess of Cleveland. Her ladyship had resided for upwards of 40 years in the south of France.

At South Norwood, aged 70, the Rev. Richard Mason, late incumbent of St. Stephen's Tovil, Maidstone.

At Barton-upon-Humber, aged 26, Sarah Jane, wife of Henry Edward Mason, esq. solicitor.

At Brighton, aged 37, Harriet Frances, wife of Lieut.-Col. Charles Reay, Bengal Staff Corps.

At Sydenham-grove, Lower Norwood, aged 85, Fanny, relict of Thomas Reeve, esq. of Holland-place, Clapham-road.

At Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, aged 64, Susan Duann, wife of Frederick Rouch, of Rose-hill, Dorking.

At Hamilton, Richard Vary, esq. keeper of the Register of Sasines for Lanarkshire.

At Cathcart-hill, the house of his dau. Mrs. Charles Miall, aged 82, Thomas Sydney Williams, esq. formerly of Hamburg.

At St. Clare, Southsea, aged 80, Charles Wright, esq.

Feb. 13. At Commercial-road east, aged 44, George Richard Arnold, esq. M.R.C.S.

At Dalkeith, aged 78, Marian Baggaine, widow of Robert Baggaine, of New Battle, and mother of the Rev. R. Baggaine, minister of the South Cliffe church, Scarborough.

At Bath, aged 57, the Rev. Edward William Barlow, D.D. only son of the





late Dr. Barlow, M.D. formerly of New Sydney-place, Bath. He was of Exeter Coll. Oxford (B.A. 1834; M.A. 1836; D.D. 1865), and was formerly enrate of Rochford, Essex. In *Crockford's Clerical Directory* a long list is given of brochures by Dr. Barlow, but they are all of a trifling and worthless character.

At Homburg, Germany, aged 63, William Jonathan Beet, formerly of Sheffield.

Accidentally drowned in the river Cam, between Cambridge and Grantchester, William Dixon, an undergraduate of Christ's coll. Cambridge.

At Hastings, aged 28, Jane Gilbey, eldest daughter of William Gilbey, of Grove Hill, Stanstead, Essex.

At Brighton, aged 61, William Horncastle Hebden, esq.

At Fulham, aged 46, George Henry Hemmings, of Vincent-square, Westminster.

At Kensington, aged 71, Sarah, widow of Captain Hills, R.N.

At Islington, aged 56, John Jacob, esq. M.R.C.S. &c.

At Hammersmith, aged 85, James Jenner, esq. formerly of Rolvenden, Kent.

At Edinburgh, Alexander Johnstone Macfarlan, M.D.

At Teignmouth, Janet Jamieson Kidston, wife of the Rev. John Macfarlane, LL.D. Clapham, London.

At Hackney, aged 15, Fanny Elizabeth, second daughter of the Rev. Edmund and Mary Elizabeth May, Parwich Hall, Ashbourne.

At Wixoe, Essex, aged 73, Sarah, widow of the Rev. Edward Pemberton, Curate of Belchamp St. Paul.

At Dunston House, Staff. aged 61, Ellinor, relict of Richard Burton Philipson, esq. and daughter of the late William Wynne, esq. of Peniarth.

In London, aged 17, William Henry, eldest son of Thomas Sampson, of Moor Hall, near Battle, Sussex.

At Bayswater, aged 42, Mr. Alfred D. Sprange, M.A.

At Kensington-gate, Hyde-park, John Joseph Strickland, esq.

At Bromley, Kent, Miss Sarah Waller, an old inhabitant of Bromley, and daughter of Robert Waller, esq.

At Westbrook, Margate, aged 60, Thomas Woolley, esq.

*Feb. 14.* At Brixton, aged 64, Alfred Adlard, esq. late of Coopersale, Epping, a member of the Court of the Stationers' Company. He was formerly an engraver in Doctors'-commons.

At Guernsey, Lieut. Aiskew Clay,

27th Reg. third son of the late Rev. W. K. Clay, Vicar of Waterbeach.

At Addington, Kent, aged 78, Charles Devon, esq. of Rackenford, North Devon, and Teddington, Middlesex.

At Coed Cefn, Tregare, Monmouthshire, aged 20, Emma, daughter of James Eastham, esq.

At Wickham, Hants, Sophia, wife of William Corbet Edwards, esq.

Aged 53, Joseph Firmstone, esq. of Abberley House, Worcester-park, Surrey.

Aged 61, Hester, wife of Robert Green, of Sealby Hall, near Scarborough.

Aged 20, Julia, sixth daughter of James Hutchinson, esq. Broom Hill, Pendlebury, Manchester.

Aged 53, John Lane, late of Tothill-street, Westminster, lithographer.

At Park-village west, Regent's-park, aged 78, Mary Ann Macirone, daughter of the late Thomas Perriman, of Cornhill, and widow of George Macirone, of the Stock Exchange.

Found dead on the beach, near Aberdeen, the Rev. John Massie, chaplain in the Aberdeen Infirmary and Lunatic Asylum. He was originally a working compositor.

At Speen, Newbury, aged 76, Anna Maria Michell, daughter of the late Thomas Michell, esq. of Standen Hussey.

At the house of her son E. B. Morris, Charlwood-street, Pimlico, in her 99th year, Rachel, widow of the Rev. Button Morris, and mother of the Rev. D. R. Morris, Rector of St. James's, Montego Bay, Jamaica, and of J. W. Morris, Upper Tooting.

At Crouchers, Aldborough Hatch, Essex, aged 80, James Paulin, esq.

At Anerley, John Allen Pentland, of Belfast.

At Rowdell, Sussex, aged 86, Major Charles Freeman Sandham, late Royal Artillery, and Deputy-Lieutenant for the county, one of the few remaining survivors of the Waterloo officers. He served in the campaign of 1799 in Holland, being then present at four engagements; afterwards in the expedition to Copenhagen, in 1807; then in Sweden; and afterwards, under Sir John Moore, was present at the retreat of Corunna. He subsequently served in the expedition to Walcheren in 1809; in the campaign in Holland in 1814; in Flanders and France in 1815, including the battle of Waterloo, in which he commanded a battery of artillery.

At Kirriemuir, aged 71, Elizabeth



Shepherd, daughter of the late James Shepherd, esq. banker, Kirriemuir, and relict of Alexander Taylor, esq. Fiscal, Kirriemuir.

At Dundee, Alexandrina Ursula Wilhelmina Korn, wife of John Shiell, solicitor, of Smithfield, Dundee.

At Canterbury, aged 42, Emily Washington Warwick, wife of G. W. Warwick, late Deputy-Purveyor to the Forces, and daughter of the late Joseph Dethier, proprietor of the Great Northern Hotel, King's-cross, London.

*Feb. 15.* At Funchal, Madeira, aged 27, Walford Henry Barker, esq. Lieut. of the 12th Shropshire Rifle Corps, and son of Henry John Barker, esq. Wem.

At Southsea, Isabella Jessie, wife of the Rev. W. Bell, R.N.

At Clayton Cottage, Marlow-road, Buckinghamshire, John Chapman, esq. late of the Audit Office, Somerset-house.

Suddenly, at Stanstead, Mr. Richard Cotton, a well-known training groom of Newmarket.

At Grosvenor-square, aged 79, the Right Hon. Maria Elizabeth, Countess of Dysart. The deceased Countess was the daughter of the late Mr. Sweeney Toone, of Keston Lodge, and was married to the Earl of Dysart September 23, 1819. By her Ladyship, who was the Earl's cousin, there is issue an only son, William Lionel Felix, Lord Huntingtower.

At Brussels, aged 78, Eliza Maria, relict of John Fisher, esq. of the Bank of England, daughter of Francis Dalley, M.D. late of Stamford.

At Kennington, aged 68, Eleanor, relict of Robert T. Fletcher, esq. of Brentford.

At Morningside, Elizabeth Millar, wife of Richard Dalziel Graham.

At Hanover, aged 91, Mary Halkett, daughter of the late General Frederick G. Halkett, and sister of the late General Sir Colin Halkett and General Hugh, Baron Halkett.

At Great Dover-street, aged 85, Alice, widow of Mr. Charles Hardingham, late of the Bank of England.

At Blackheath, aged 85, John Haffenden, esq. late of Gibraltar.

At West Bridgford, near Nottingham, Louis Heymann, esq. of the firm of Heymann and Alexander, Nottingham.

At Winterslow rectory, Wilts, aged 73, the Rev. Edward Luard, Rector of that place. He was of St. John's coll. Cambridge, B.A. 1818, M.A. 1825, and was presented to Winterslow in 1846.

At Brighton, aged 75, the Rev. Owen Marden, LL.B. Vicar of Climping, Sussex. He was the son of Owen Marden, esq. and brother-in-law to Sir Richard Baggallay. He was of Trinity hall, Camb. LL.B. 1818, was Rector of Trustrhorpe, co. Linc. 1824-31, of Greet-ham, co. Line. 1831-33, and of Trinity chapel, Brighton, 1838-57. He was presented to Climping 1833.

At Swilly, Plymouth, aged 76, Peter Morgan, esq.

At Torquay, aged 29, Adrian de M. Murray-Prior, R. Art. second son of the late Col. Murray-Prior, of Brighton.

At Coleshill, Warwickshire, aged 84, Edward Fielding Palmer, esq.

At Frognal, Hampstead, aged 71, Robert Prance, esq. J.P.

At Edinburgh, John Wedderburn Ramsay, esq.

At Caernarvon, aged 72, Charles Johns Sampson, esq. D.L. and J.P. for co. Carnarvon.

At Kilburn, aged 71, Georgiana, widow of George James Sawyer, esq. of Park-street, Grosvenor-square.

At Crawley, Hants, aged 52, Eliza Anne, only daughter of the late R. T. Wallis Smith, Capt. in the Indian Navy.

At his aunt's residence, Croydon, aged 14, Lewis Charles, son of George Edward and Elizabeth Jane Warren, of Cliftonville, Brighton.

At Tunbridge Wells, Fanny, second daughter of the late Robert Wilson, esq. of Trevallyn, Denbighshire.

*Feb. 16.* At Sewardstone, aged 57, Ellen, fourth daughter of the late John Ashcombe, esq.

At Paddington, Catherine, second surviving daughter of the late Thomas Barrow, esq. of Southall, Middlesex.

At Folkestone, aged 59, Charlotte, eldest daughter of the late Col. Paris Bradshawe, Hon. E.I. Company's Serv.

At Haverstock Hill, aged 41, Alfred John, youngest son of the late John Brown, esq. of Hereford-road, Bayswater.

At Albemarle-street, John Carroll, esq. of Sidney-place, Cork.

At Dieppe, aged 63, George Chapman, esq.

Aged 55, Emma, wife of John Cowell, esq. Ware, Herts.

At Heathfield, Upper Streatham, aged 67, William Douglas, esq.

At Gillingham, Dorset, the Rev. Joseph Dunn, late pastor of the Baptist chapel.

At Bonrnemonth, Anne, daughter of the late John Fletcher, esq. of St. Mi-





chael's Mount, Toxteth-park, Liverpool, and Leamington Prior's.

At Nairn, aged 86, Miss Jane Dingwall Fordyce, last surviving daughter of the late Dr. Arthur Dingwall Fordyce, of Culsh, Commissary of Aberdeen.

At Ladbroke-square, aged 85, Charles Slater Fowler, esq.

The Rev. George Fraser, B.D. aged 57, Vicar of Alrewas, and late Vicar of St. Mary's, Wolverhampton, eldest son of the late S. R. Fraser, esq. of the R. M. College, Sandhurst. He was of Queen's Coll. Camb. (B.D. 1853). Mr. Fraser was the first Vicar of St. Mary's, Wolverhampton (1842), and was appointed by the present Bishop of Lichfield to the vicarage of Alrewas in the latter part of last year. He was appointed Rural Dean on the resignation of that office by the Rev. W. Dalton, and was for several years chairman of the Wolverhampton Board of Guardians. His remains were interred in Bushbury church on the 22nd Feb.

At Clare, Suffolk, aged 59, Henry William Fuller, esq.

At Loraine-place, Holloway-road, aged 55, Mr. Thomas Nelson Golding Gurney, of Furnival's-inn, solicitor.

At Dublin, aged 37, Henry Edward Hall, esq. of Knockbrack, Atheury, co. Galway, late Captain 13th (Prince Albert's) Light Infantry, eldest and only surviving son of General Hall, C.B. of Merville, co. Dublin.

At Long Ditton, aged 66, Thomas Humphrey, son of the late H. Hall, esq. of The Hermitage, Walton-on-the Hill, Surrey.

At Dalserf House, Lanarkshire, Capt. James Campbell Hamilton, R.N. of Dalserf (Commander 1864).

At Holloway, aged 64, Matilda, wife of Frederick Augustus Heath.

At Barnsbury, aged 83, William McCulloch, Staff Commander R.N.

Aged 42, William Minasi, youngest son of the late James Minasi, esq. pen and ink artist, and nephew of the late Henry Swinburne Minasi, His Sicilian Majesty's Consul-Gen.

At Hackney, aged 67, Mrs. Maria Munro, leaving two daughters.

At Cork, aged 31, Louisa Ann, wife of Henry Sutton Noblett, esq.

At Kensington, aged 12, Leonard Chabrol, second son of the late James Oliver, esq. barrister-at-law, of Ladbroke-square.

At Cropwell Butler, Notts, aged 68, William Fillingham Parr, late of Gotham, same co.

At Bury St. Edmund's, aged 8, Adrian Gordon, third son of Lt.-Col. A. H. Paterson, Bengal Staff Corps.

At Clifton, aged 73, Mary, eldest surviving daughter of the late John Pugh, esq. of King's-road, Bedford-row.

Aged 72, Eleanor, wife of Lancelot Reed, esq. of Graysmore House, near March.

Aged 31, Harriet Katharen, wife of John V. C. Rivaz, esq. of Alderley Edge, Cheshire.

At Bath, aged 66, Frances Elizabeth, widow of Henry Sankey, esq. of Preston, Kent.

At Shaw End, Kendal, Janie, wife of Arthur Shepherd, esq.

At Minster Abbey, Thanet, aged 81, John Swinford, esq.

At Epping, aged 70, Jane Mary, widow of John Windus, esq.

In Suffolk-place, London, aged 86, John Wray, esq. He graduated in honours at Trinity Coll. Camb. as the first senior optime 1804, and proceeded to the degree of M.A. 1807, having in the previous year obtained the members' prize. Mr. Wray was a barrister by profession; but in 1829, when Sir Robert Peel formed the metropolitan police, he was appointed receiver-general, as the late Sir C. Rowan and Sir R. Mayne were, of the discipline of the force. This post he held till 1860, when he retired upon a pension. He was one of the chief promoters, and at the time of his death, chairman of the University Life Assurance Society, which was incorporated by Royal Charter, in 1825. In 1819 he published a pamphlet, entitled "The Danger of an Entire Repeal of the Bank Restriction Acts, and a plan suggested for obviating them."

Feb. 17. At Richmond, William Hamilton Broadhurst, esq. late of Mincing-lane.

At Clonskeagh, Ireland, Augustine Fitzgerald Butler, only surviving son of the Rev. Theobald Butler.

At Lisburn, Ireland, Mary, relict of John Shaw Carleton, esq. of Blaris, co. Down.

At Belmont, Taunton, aged 69, Mary Ann Elizabeth Chapman, widow of Richard Chapman, esq.

At Wood Hall, Shenley, Herts, aged 81, Preston Child, esq.

The Rev. Richard Croft, Vicar of Hillingdon, Midd. He was of Ball. Coll. Ox. Scho. and Fellow of Ex. Coll. (B.A. 1829; M.A. 1832). He was presented to Hillingdon, 1856.



At Hill-street, aged 68, the Hon. Mrs. Raikes Currie. She was eldest daughter of John, 2nd Baron Wodehouse, by Charlotte Laura, only dau. and heir of John Norris, esq. of Witton Park, Norfolk, and was aunt of the Earl of Kimberley. She married in 1825, Mr. Raikes Currie, the banker.

At the Rectory, Loughborough, Sarah, eldest daughter of the late Rev. J. F. Fearon, Vicar of Cuckfield, and prebendary of Chichester, and sister to the Rev. the Archdeacon of Leicester.

At Fulham-road, aged 64, John Inglis Harvey, esq. on the retired list of her Majesty's Convenanted Bengal Civil Service.

At Bromley College, aged 67, Eliza, widow of Rev. George Adolphus Hopkins, M.A. of Wraybury, Bucks, and Egham, Surrey.

While travelling on the Metropolitan Railway, aged 60, Mr. Charles Joyce, a city merchant.

At Tottenham-green, aged 78, Hannah Maria, daughter of late Rev. Robert Kell, of Birmingham.

At Charlotte-square, aged 79, James Mackintosh, esq. of Lamancha, Peebles-shire.

At Hackney, Ann Manners, daughter of the late Capt. Thos. Manners, R.N.

At Wennington Hall, Lancashire, the residence of her son-in-law, aged 85, Jane, widow of Josias Morley, esq. of Marriek Park, North Riding, co. York.

At Bolton Lodge, Bolton-le-Sands, aged 79, Eliza Hamer Oates, last surviving daughter of the late Josiah Henry Oates, of Leeds.

At Lower Bagot-street, Dublin, aged 50, John O'Donnell, esq. of Lime-  
rick, solicitor.

At Birkenhead, aged 72, Catherine, widow of Commander G. S. Parsons, R.N.

At Ledsham, Yorkshire, aged 80, Mary Ann, widow of Christopher Paver, esq. of Peckfield.

At Malvern House, Brighton, aged 86, the residence of her son, Ann Peto.

At the residence of her son, Henwick Lodge, Worcester, aged 90, Elizabeth, widow of Thos. Reynolds, esq. of Boxmoor, Herts.

At Sanfield, Braunton, North Devon, aged 91, Thomas Tardrew, esq.

At Leamington, Gerard Wardlaw, esq. formerly Capt. in the 73rd Regt. second son of the late Gen. Wardlaw by Lady Horatia Elizabeth, daughter of the 6th Earl Waldegrave.

At the residence of his father, Edward Henry Webb, of Sunnyside, Caterham, aged 33, eldest son of Henry Webb, of Redstone Manor House, Redhill, Surrey.

At Wimbledon, aged 50, John Frederick Sanford Woollett, esq.

Feb. 18. At Malvern, Elizabeth, second daughter of the late Major-Gen. W. H. Beckwith.

At Connaught-place, aged 70, the Rev. Theodore Bouwens, Rector of Stoke-Hammond, Bucks, and of St. Mary's, Bedford. He was of Merton coll. Oxford (B.A. 1820, M.A. 1823). He was presented to Stoke-Hammond 1823, and to St. Mary's in 1826; also Preb. of Brampton in Line. Cathedral 1823.

In his 70th year, Mr. Arthur Boyer, of the Bell Hotel, Leicester.

Aged 61, Barbara Gooch, of Lozell's Grove, near Birmingham.

At Pall Mall, aged 72, Admiral Robert Gordon, of Abergeldie, Aberdeenshire. He was third son of David Gordon, esq. of Abergeldie, co. Aberdeen, and entered the navy in 1810; was present at the conquest of the Island of Java, 1812; and at the attack upon New Orleans, 1815. He became Lieutenant in 1816; Post-Captain, 1837; and was made Admiral on the retired list in 1868. He was one of the Elder Brethren of the Trinity House.

At Clifton, Bristol, the Rev. James Grasett, M.A. Rector of Edwin Loach and Pedstone Wafer, Herefordshire.

At Greenfield, Charlemont, Moy, Mary Jane, relict of Capt. Hay, of the Royal Hospital, Kilmainham.

Aged 46, Ann, wife of Henry Hobson, of Highbury-hill, London, formerly of Sheffield.

At Tunbridge Wells, aged 70, Susanna, widow of John Hone, esq. of Great Marlow.

In South-street, Grosvenor-sq. aged 92, Jane, relict of Edmund Morris, esq. of Chorley Wood, Herts.

At Edinburgh, Jane Gordon Robertson, relict of Wm. Mure, esq. surgeon.

At Bowdon, Cheshire, aged 50, Edward Ovens, esq. J.P. and Judge of the Manchester County Court. He was an Irishman, and came to this country in the same steamer with Lord Cairns, when the two learned gentlemen were about to commence practice in England; was called to the Bar in 1845, and succeeded Mr. Brandt as Judge in 1862.

At Portland-place, aged 73, Mary, widow of Rev. Henry Ramsden, Rector of Cherry Burton, East Riding, co. York.





At the residence of his son-in-law Mr. Richard Davies, M.P. Penarth, Conway, aged 71, the Rev. Henry Rees of Liverpool. He had long been the foremost man in the Welsh Calvinistic Methodist connexion, and his ordination dated as far back as 1827. Buried 24 Feb. at Llandisilio, Menai Bridge.

At Linden Villa, Spring-grove, aged 56, Ellen, widow of R. H. Robertson, esq.

At Chertsey, aged 82, Mary Anne, relict of John Rodgers, esq.

In Regent-street, aged 76, Mary Ann, widow of John Simpson, esq. who died on the 21st Dec. 1868 (see p. 244).

At Flushing, Cornwall, Susanna Schuyler, eldest daughter of the late R. S. Sutton, esq. of Flushing.

Aged 70, John Thomas, esq. of Gloucester-square, Hyde-park, and Manuden House, Essex.

At Holybourne, near Alton, Hants, Jane, daughter of the late Benjamin Tomkins, esq. of Denmark-hill.

At Seacroft Hall, York, aged 92, Martha, relict of John Wilson, esq.

At Upchurch, Sittingbourne, Kent, aged 64, the Rev. John Woodruff, for 34 years Vicar of that parish. He was of Merton coll. Oxon. (B.A. 1827). Presented to Upchurch 1834.

Feb. 19. At Kingstown, Ireland, in his 95th year, Henry Atwool, esq. formerly Superintendent of the Works at Kingstown Harbour.

In her 69th year, Sarah Elizabeth, relict of John Beale, esq. of Cheshunt.

At the residence of Lieut.-Col. Speedy, R.H.M.S. Phoenix Park, Dublin, Miss Catherine Butler, only surviving daughter of Edward Butler, esq. late of Forest, co. Dublin.

At Exeter, aged 82, Jemima, second daughter of the late Right Hon. Reginald Pole Carew, of Antony, Cornwall.

At Edinburgh, aged 59, Robert Clark, esq.

At Blandford, aged 78, Miss Sarah Dalton.

In Woburn-place, aged 77, Susanna, relict of Matthew Peter Davies.

At New Lodge, Ryde, Emily, wife of Michael Ewing, esq.

Aged 47, Richard James Hansard, esq. son of the late Luke Graves Hansard, esq.

Louisa Anne Anstruther, widow of George Hilliard, esq. of Belmont, Essex.

At New-cross, the residence of his father-in-law, Charles Duncan Lee, Assistant-Paymaster R.N. H.M.S. Pembroke, and second son of Capt. W. V. Lee, R.N. late of the Royal Hospital, Greenwich.

At his residence, Hemingford-road, the Rev. Evan Lewis, B.A. F.R.G.S. minister of Offord-road Chapel, Islington, aged 43. He was called to the pastorate of the above church last October. The funeral took place on the 25th, at Abney-park cemetery.

At Haligarth, Unst, Shetland, Eliza Macbrair, wife of Laurence Edmonston, M.D.

At Tulnashane, Caledon, co. Tyrone, aged 92, Charles McKenna, esq.

At Herbert-street, Dublin, Adelaide Charlotte, eldest daughter of Thomas Tilson Magan, esq.

Aged 70, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Emanuel, Wellington-road, Bow, John Mouat, esq. of Cooper's-row, Tower-hill, and of Romford.

At Bath, aged 76, Eleanor, widow of Rev. William Harris Murch, D.D. of Stepney college, London.

At Charing-cross, Thomas Noble, M.D. eldest son of the late Thomas Francis Noble, of Charing-cross and Enfield, Middlesex.

Aged 76, Mr. George Jervis Oram, of Clerkenwell and Edmonton.

At Bath, Annabella, widow of William Horne Pierpoint, esq. of Bath, youngest daughter of the late Folliott Sandford, esq. of the Isle of Up Rossal, and Edgeton, Salop.

At Corris Lodge, co. Carlow, aged 70, John Rudkin, esq.

At Lee, Kent, Mary Maria, wife of G. G. Stewart, esq. Capt. the Royal Regiment.

At Trecastell, Anglesea, aged 48, Henry Owen Williams, esq. D.L.

Feb. 20. At Newton Abbot, Devon, aged 37, Lieut. Charles Edgar Keen Brett, R.N.

At Lower Mount-street, Dublin, Jessie Sarah, youngest daughter of the late Robert Corlett, esq. Deputy Assistant Commissary Gen.

At Kensington, John Curling, esq. third son of the late Jesse Curling, esq. J.P. His great ambition was to enter Parliament, and he made several attempts to go through the ordeal of election, offering himself to Dartmouth, Tavistock, and Devizes, but in vain. By profession he was a solicitor, and was employed chiefly in parliamentary work. He drew up several bills, amongst them some eccentric measures introduced by the Marquis Townshend. Mr. Curling was one of the promoters of the refuge for dogs, and he never stirred out without carrying a supply of biscuits for distressed dogs and cats.



In Brook-street, the Rt. Hon. Catharina Barbara, Lady de Tabley. She was a daughter of Jerome, Count de Salis-Soglio, by his third wife Henrietta, daughter of William Foster, D.D. Bishop of Kilmore, and niece to the first Lord Oriel. She was married to Lord de Tabley in 1832, and has left two sons and four daughters.

At Liverpool, Mary, wife of Robert Dirom, esq.

At Wellington, Somerset, aged 31, Robert A. Fletcher, esq. only son of Robert and Jean Fletcher.

At Mile-end, aged 84, Amelia, widow of Thomas Gibbs, esq.

At Geashill, King's Connty, aged 70, Martha Maria, widow of James King, esq. late 49th Regt. youngest daughter of Thomas J. Rawson, esq. of Cardington, co. Kildare.

In Ormonde-terrace, Regent's-park, the residence of his brother John Leighton, F.S.A. James Baynes Leighton, esq. second son of Mr. Leighton, of Brewer-street, and Sudbury Court, Middlesex. He was well known by amateurs and collectors, being much esteemed for his genial temperament, taste, and bibliographic knowledge. His body was interred in the family vault at Harrow.

At Llangoedmore, Cardiganshire, aged 95, Sarah, widow of the Ven. Archdeacon Millingcham, D.D. Rector of Rushall, Wilts, and 20 years Chaplain of Fort St. George, Madras.

Aged 24, Reginald William, eldest son of William and Maria Payne, of Croft House, East Moulsey, and Engine-court, St. James's Palace.

At St. Heliers, Jersey, aged 95, Joseph Rider, esq.

At Salthill, co. Dublin, James Shaw, esq. of Ballyoran, Dundonald, co. Down.

At Canonbury, aged 64, Elizabeth, wife of Charles Sisson, esq.

At George-street, Hanover-square, aged 35, the Hon. Everard Stourton, second surviving son of Charles Lord Stourton, and late Capt. in the 10th Hussars.

At the residence of her son, E. J. Galton, esq. Brixton-rise, aged 86, Mrs. Elizabeth Tijou.

At Bath, aged 63, Miss Jane Time-well.

At Reading, aged 75, Thomas Holloway Twynan, esq. late R.N. and for 37 years Master-Attendant at Trincomalee and Point de Galle, Ceylon.

At Compton Pauncefoot, Somerset,

aged 87, Anna, widow of Thomas Watherston, esq. of Chatham.

At Berkeley-square, aged 66, Major John Abraham Whittaker, of Newcastle Court, Radnorshire.

At Prince's-terrace, Hyde-park, aged 64, George Witt, esq.

Feb. 21. At Mount-st. Grosvenor-sq. aged 30, Eliza, wife of Thomas Bates, of Leverington, Cambs. She was second dau. of the late Wm. Lovering, esq. of Branton, North Devon.

At Pitkaithly-house, Bridge of Earn, the Rev. John Chalmers Blake, A.M. minister of the Free Church of Scotland.

At Birmingham, aged 76, Hannah, relict of John Hartley Burgess, formerly of Jersey.

At Hanover-sq. aged 83, Dorothy, widow of Matthew Bywater, of Piccadilly.

At Surbiton, aged 92, Frances, relict of Mr. Henry Cambers.

At Shepherd's Bush, aged 54, Katherine Overton, wife of Augustin Chaffourier, of Sackville-street Piccadilly.

At Charlton, Kent, aged 78, Eliza, relict of P. B. Clarke, esq. Cork, Ireland.

At Bramall Hall, Cheshire, aged 57, William Davenport Davenport, esq. Lieut.-Col. Commandant 2nd Royal Cheshire Militia, late 94th Regt.

At Bath, aged 91, Admiral Henry Thomas Davies. He entered the Navy in 1794, was present at Lord Howe's action on the 1st of June in that year, and was appointed Lieut. in 1800. In 1801 he obtained a medal for services in Egypt; and in 1806, for conspicuous gallantry at the capture of the *Guerrière* French frigate off the Faroe Islands, was rewarded with a Commander's commission. In 1812, while in command of the *Albacore*, he particularly distinguished himself by the gallantry with which, in company with two or three smaller vessels, he pursued and engaged the French frigate *La Gloire* who ultimately effected her escape. He attained Post rank in 1814, and retired in 1846. He was made an Admiral on the Retired list in 1861.

At Enfield, aged 31, Cecilia, wife of H. W. Draper, esq.

At Westbourne-park, aged 55, Charlotte Maria, widow of Angus Duncan, esq.

At St. John's-wood, aged 40, Francis Evelyn, esq. of Corton, Presteign, Radnorshire.

At Southsea, aged 13, Frederick John Mangles Fitzmaurice, eldest child of the late Hon. Frederick O'Bryen Fitz-





maurice, Commander R.N. and grandson of the Earl of Orkney.

At Wangford, Suffolk, Emma Horatia, widow of Henry Foley, esq. M.D.

At Pimlico, aged 33, Sarah, wife of John Freeland, esq. late solicitor to the South Eastern Railway Company.

At Rhodes-street, aged 73, Mary, relict of John Haigh, jun. esq. Halifax.

At Barnet, aged 53, John Hare Holmes, esq.

At the Royal Naval Hospital, Great Yarmouth, Charles B. Kinnear, Deputy-Inspector-General of Hospitals and Fleets.

At Stapenhill, aged 54, Newton Mant, esq. L.R.C.P. Edin. fourth son of the late Henry Mant, esq. of Bath.

At Southsea, Rosa Emma, wife of Felix H. March, esq. R.M.L.I. and youngest dau. of Harcourt Marley, esq.

Aged 62, John Meire, esq. of Brockton House, Shropshire.

At Wighton-vicarage, Norfolk, aged 65, Louisa Winn, wife of the Rev. John William Methold.

At York, John Philip Palmes, Commander, R.N. son of the late George Palmes, esq. of Naburn, Yorkshire. He entered the navy 1830; served for some time at Portsmouth, as mate, in the Queen, and was promoted Lieutenant while in the Royal George yacht in 1842. His succeeding appointments were to the Thunderer, Belleisle, and, for a few months, to the Howe. He was promoted to Commander in 1856.

At Exeter, Mary Anne, widow of Rev. Charles Pembroke, Rector of Weybridge, Surrey.

At Blackheath, aged 55, Henry Jonathan Pickernell, esq.

At Bedford, aged 71, Mary Ann, widow of Mr. William Drake Rayment, of Bedford, and elder dau. by his second wife, to the late Alderman Macaulay, of London.

At Pimlico, aged 76, Elizabeth, relict of John Strickland Rigge, esq.

At Sydenham, aged 75, John Robertson, esq. late of Emmett-street, Poplar.

Emma, wife of George John Serjeantson, esq. of Camphill, Yorkshire.

At Pitcorthie House, Fife, George Simson, esq. of Brunton.

At Highgate, aged 25, Ellen, fifth dau. of Charles Squire, late of Waterford House, Hertford.

At Cheshunt, Herts, aged 75, James Thompson, esq.

At Earl's Colne, Essex, aged 93, the Rev. Robert Watkinson, B.D. Senior Member of the University of Cambridge,

formerly Second Master of the Charterhouse, and for 38 years Vicar of Earl's Colne.

At Calais, aged 54, John Charles Williams, esq. formerly of Clapham, eldest son of the late Rev. John Charles Williams, Rector of Sherington, Bucks.

*Feb. 22.* At Forebridge Hall, Stafford, aged 50, Emma, daughter of the late Cyrus Armitage, of Manchester.

At Renton House, Berwickshire, aged 83, Miss Begbie.

At Pau, aged 38, Frances Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Wynter T. Blathwayt, and youngest daughter of the late Robert Philips, esq. of Heybridge, Staff.

At Bournemouth, aged 70, Charles Chidley Coote, of Mount Coote, co. Limerick, esq.

At Old Brompton, aged 67, Sarah, widow of Mr. Robert Flaxman.

At the Royal Mint, aged 57, John Graham, esq. formerly of Mayfield, Manchester.

At Norfolk-crescent, Hyde-park, aged 84, Juliana, eldest daughter of the late Bury Hutchinson, esq. of Bloomsbury-square and Perry-hill, Kent.

At Edinburgh, aged 63, Lieut.-Gen. George Moncrieff (from Scots Fusilier Guards), of The Priory, St. Andrew's, N.B. He attained the rank of Lieut.-General in 1864.

At Newport, Monmouth, aged 72, Anna, widow of Mr. John Mabyn Read, of Helston, Cornwall, and eldest daughter of the late Samuel Drew, M.A.

At Hastings, aged 58, William Fellows Sedgwick, of Cashio Bridge Farm, Watford, Herts.

At Stoke Newington, Jane Alice Sargant, daughter of the late John Smith, esq. of Whittlesea, Cambridge-shire, and sister of the late Gen. Sir Harry Smith, G.C.B.

At St. Alban's, Rebecca Gainsford Soames, widow of Nathaniel Soames, esq. of Northwood, near Rickmansworth.

At Brixton, aged 83, Elizabeth, relict of John Talver, esq.

At Denbigh-place, Henry Charles Till, esq.

*Feb. 23.* Annie, wife of Capel F. Adey, of Rathgar, Dublin, and of the Quartermaster-General's office, Dublin Castle.

At Hadwell Lodge, co. Cork, the Hon. Matilda Sophia Austen, relict of the Rev. Dr. Austen, Prebendary of Cloyne cathedral, and for many years Rector of Middleton. She was niece of the last Viscount Cullen; married, in



1805, the Rev. Robert Austen, LL.D. (he died 1854); and was raised to the rank of a Viscount's daughter by Royal warrant.

At Fairlee, near Pontefract, aged 56, Charles Bradshaw, esq. formerly of Melbourne.

At Sevenoaks, aged 79, John Clark, esq.

In London, aged 37, Alexander Lester Copland, esq. formerly Captain 57th Regiment, only son of Alexander Copland, esq. deceased, and grandson of the late Alexander Copland, esq. of Gunnersbury Park, Middlesex.

At Brighton, aged 68, Mary, widow of Andrew Dinsdale, esq. of Lansdowne-place, Hackney, and Frederick's-place, Old Jewry.

At Blackheath, aged 32, Mr. William Fudge, of the firm of J. and W. Fudge, Eastcheap, City.

At Harpenden, Herts, aged 12, William Cox, youngest son of the late Mr. George Healey.

At Stephen's-green, Dublin, Susan Thompson, wife of John J. Hornidge, esq. and eldest daughter of the late James S. Longstaff, esq.

At Clifton, aged 70, Rear-Adm. Wm. Kelly, R.N. He entered the navy in 1808, and was appointed second Captain of the Winchester, 1844. He was made an additional Rear-Admiral on the retired list in 1863.

At Notting-hill, the residence of her eldest son, aged 61, Mary Anne, widow of Edward Nicolas Kendall.

At Perth, aged 78, James Rollo, esq.

At Brighton, aged 76, Sarah, widow of Joseph Sanders, esq.

At Kensington, aged 46, William Saunders, esq. late of Fen-court, City.

At Kilburn, aged 59, Sarah Sophia, wife of Frederick C. Skey, esq. C.B.

At Eaton-square, aged 75, George Robert Smith, esq. of Selsdon, Surrey, and Relugas, Forres, formerly M.P. for High Wycombe.

At Southmolton, aged 49, Miss Elizabeth Smyth.

At Eaton, near Norwich, aged 34, Walter, third son of the late Timothy Steward, esq. of Heigham Lodge, Norwich.

At Edinburgh, George Thomson, esq. late of the General Post Office.

At Kingsworthy Lodge, near Winchester, aged 73, Sophia Anne, relict of Sir Frederic Watson, K.T.S. She was a daughter of William Thoyts, esq. of Sulhamstead-house, Berks. and was left a widow in 1847.

Feb. 24. At Whitton, Middlesex, aged 71, Charles Bacon, esq. formerly of the Old Stamp and Tax Office, and of the Inland Revenue Department, Somerset-house.

At Hall of Tankerness, aged 82, James Baikie, of Tankerness, esq. Vice-Lieut. for the co. of Orkney.

At Penzance, Elizabeth, wife of Edward Churchill, esq. of Fernelyffe, Tunbridge-Wells, and eldest daughter of the late Joshua Beane, esq. of Banbury.

At Hackney, aged 25, Wakefield, third son of Mr. R. C. Dixon, of Hackney, and Walbrook.

At Beachamwell Hall, Norfolk, aged 72, the Rev. Henry Dugmore, late Rector of Pensthorpe, presented in 1832. He was of Caius coll. Camb. B.A. 1818, M.A. 1821.

Henry Parsons Edgell, esq. of Seven Sisters-road, Holloway, aged 76.

At Rome, aged 62, Mary Jane, widow of John Forbes, esq. and mother of the late Sir Charles Forbes, Bart. of Newe and Edinglassie, Aberdeenshire. She was daughter of Henry-Lannoy Hunter, esq. and was left a widow in 1840.

At West Tarring, aged 84, Cassandra Maxwell, relict of Tobias Frere, esq. of Stamford Brook, Chiswick.

At Tenby, aged 28, William Philips Greene, esq.

At Churchill, Som. Margaret, widow of John Halcombe, esq. serjeant-at-law.

At Cannes, aged 34, Thomas Henry Hardeastle, only son of the late Thomas Hardeastle, esq. of Bolton-le-Moors.

In Essex-st. Strand, aged 57, Frederick Hutton, solicitor.

At Maryon-road, Charlton, aged 16, Helen Kate, youngest daughter of Captain Hoge, late Royal Art.

At Notting-hill, aged 68, Margarate Haldame, widow of Lieut.-Col. Griffiths Holmes, C.B. of the Bengal Army.

At Nuffield, Oxon, aged 75, the Rev. William Toovey Hopkins, M.A. Rector of that parish and Rural Dean. He was of Pemb. coll. Ox. (B.A. 1816, M.A. 1832). He was presented to Nuffield, 1828.

At Bayswater, aged 69, Caroline Alexandrina, widow of Fredk. Pern Jervis.

At Jersey, aged 65, J. Cottingham Johnson, esq.

At Budleigh Salterton, Devon, aged 26, Nicholas Edward, sixth son of the late Walter Kendall, esq.

At Brampton-hall, Suffolk, aged 69, the Rev. Robert Orgill Leman. He was





of Trinity coll. Oxford (B.A. 1822). Rector of Bampton. He married, first, 1824, Isabella Camilla daughter of the late Sir Wm. J. Twysden, Bart. (she died 1850). By his second wife, whom he married in 1861, he leaves issue a son, born 1862.

At Sheviock, Cornwall, aged 52, John Littleton, esq.

At Brighton, aged 74, Jane Marshall, of Gidea Hall, Romford, widow of William Skinner Marshall, esq. of Hyde-park-square.

At Paddington, aged 82, Frances, relict of Rev. A. H. Matthews, of Weston-on-the-Green, Oxon.

At Northtown, Maidenhead, aged 86, Sophia, widow of William Peto, esq. of Cannon Court, Cookham.

At Torquay, aged 76, Eliza Louisa, widow of Major Saunders, Royal Horse Art. daughter of the late Walter Boyd, esq. M.P. Plaistow Lodge, Bromley.

At Bath, aged 87, Celia, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Thomas Slater, Rector of Saltford, and Vicar of Keynsham, Somerset.

At Dumshanbo, near Cookstown, aged 85, the Rev. Richard Stewart, for 56 years Rector of Kildress, co. Tyrone.

At Blaxhall, aged 34, Mary, only daughter of the late Henry Toller, esq.

Feb. 25. At Little Heath, Charlton, aged 45, Capt. George B. Vaughan Arbuckle, late of the 57th Foot.

At Hastings, aged 18, Emily Mary Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Colonel J. F. M. Browne, C.B. Assist.-Adjt.-Gen. R.E.

At Gloucester-crescent, aged 62, John Calvert, esq. of Irrewarra, Victoria, Australia.

At Woburn, aged 56, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Henry Couchman, esq. of Temple Balsall.

At Nore, near Godalming, aged 66, Mary, the wife of William Cousens, esq.

At Gloucester, Mary Anne Brutton, wife of the Rev. P. R. Crole, and elder daughter of the late Capt. Kenderdine, R.N. of Brook House, Stafford.

At Lower Kensington Gore, aged 69, Anna Margaretta, wife of Brabazon W. Disney, Dean of Armagh.

At Leicester Grange, Hinckley, aged 66, Ann, widow of J. W. Fisher, esq. of Friars Carse, Dumfries.

At Hoar-cross Hall, Staffordshire, aged 85, Hugo Charles Meynell Ingram, esq. of that place, and Temple Newsam, co. York. He was the son and heir of Hugo Meynell, of Hoar Cross, by the Hon. Elizabeth Ingram, daughter and

coheir of Viscount Irwin; and was Sheriff of Staffordshire, 1826. He married, 1819, Georgiana, daughter of Fred. Pigou, esq. and has left a son and two daughters.

At Delgany, co. Wicklow, aged 41, Francis George King, esq. late Capt. 21st R.N.B. Fusiliers.

At her son's residence, Upper Leeson-street, Dublin, Elizabeth, relict of Thomas Kirk, esq. R.H.A.

At Bath, aged 34, within 36 hours after his arrival from the Cape of Good Hope, the Rev. Henry Rattle, M.A. late Vice-Principal of the Diocesan College at Rondebosch, in that colony.

At Little Barrington Hall, Hatfield Broad Oak, Essex, aged 40, Rebecca, wife of Mr. William Sullins, and eldest daughter of the late Mr. George Clark, of Hyde Hall, Sandon, Herts.

At Dorking, Miss Sarah Towgood, daughter of the late Matthew Towgood, esq. of Little Paxton, Huntingdonshire.

At Brompton, aged 65, Philip Valle, esq.

Aged 88, Sarah Way, relict of John Way, esq. of Howe Lodge, Kinson, Dorset.

At Thurning rectory, near Oundle, aged 18, George Benjamin Hamilton, fourth son of the Rev. William Whall.

Feb. 26. At Woburn-square, the wife of Rear-Admiral E. Barnett.

At Sydenham, aged 76, Edward Thomas Bunn, esq. late of the Hon. East India Company's Service, and for 53 years a member of Lloyd's.

At Leamington, aged 87, Harriot, second surviving daughter of the late William Cope, esq. of Birmingham.

At Brighton, aged 62, Sarah Cox, eldest daughter of the late Edward Treslove Cox, esq. of St. James's-street and Tunbridge.

At Tunbridge Wells, aged 60, Catherine Halliday, wife of Henry Hugh Fraser, formerly of Parkbury Lodge, St. Stephen's, Herts.

At Lewes, aged 86, Mary, relict of Francis Harding Gell, esq.

At Monkstown, Dublin, aged 15, Robert Miller, youngest son of Commander Hugh Hawkshaw, R.N. and grandson of the late Robert Miller, esq. of Clifton-hill, Bristol.

At Southampton, Grace, eldest and only surviving daughter of the late Walter Parry Hodges, esq.

E. Hurrill, third son of the late A. Hurrill, esq. of Wennington, Essex.

At Matlock, Bath, aged 71, Mr. Robert Ivatts, late of Grosvenor-park,



Camberwell, for upwards of 30 years managing clerk to Mr. Teesdale, of Frederick's-place, London.

At Anderton House, near Devonport, aged 54, William Joseph Little, esq.

At Boulogne-sur-Mer, aged 26, William Fitzwilliam Miller, son of the Rev. Thomas Fitzwilliam Miller, D.D. Vicar of Belfast, Ireland.

At Brigg Allan, Grasmere, Henry Newsham, esq.

At West Cliff, Brockley-crescent, Weston-super-Mare, Ernest Henry Smyth Pigott, after a very severe and painful illness of only 10 days, deeply lamented, aged three years, five months, and 21 days, youngest son of John Hugh Smyth Pigott, esq. of Brockley and Weston-super-Mare, J.P. and D.L. of the county of Somerset.

At Lichfield, aged 72, Joseph Pitt, esq.

At Carlton-in-Lindrick, aged 60, Anne, relict of John Rotherham, esq.

Aged 39, Mary, second daughter of William Sharp, esq. of Croydon, formerly of Upper Clapton.

At Reddish, near Stockport, James, eldest son of James Sidebottom, esq. J.P. of Manchester; also on the 28th of Feb. Samuel Harold Watts, infant son of James Sidebottom, jun. esq.

At Alne Hall, near Easingwold, Yorkshire, aged 42, Ursula, wife of Edward Swainston Strangways, esq.

At Wimborne Minster, Dorset, aged 61, Eliza, widow of Mr. William Tanner, formerly of Devises, Wilts, solicitor.

At Peterhead, aged 70, Miss Christian Torry, last surviving daughter of the late Right Rev. Patrick Torry, Bishop of St. Andrew's.

At Paris, Walter Giffard, infant son of W. B. Tyringham, esq. of Tyringham, Bucks.

At Hastings, aged 53, Samuel Joseph Whithechurch, esq.

At Richmond, Surrey, aged 30, Sarah, wife of William Witton, esq.

Aged 27, Charlotte Mary, wife of Edward Nash Woodham, esq.

Feb. 27, At Finchley, aged 69, John Henry Acott, esq. formerly of the Inland Revenue Office, Somerset-house.

At Lewes, Sussex, aged 22, Clement, fourth son of Mr. Edgar Blaker, solicitor.

At Old Windsor, Berks, aged 60, James Harvey Bonnell, esq.

At Highgate, aged 48, Elizabeth Ann, wife of John Clayton.

At Uckfield House, Sussex, aged 20, Thomas Arthur, third son of John Day, esq.

At Brackley, Northamptonshire, the Rev. Charles Dudley, M.A.

At King's Stanley, Gloucestershire, in his 35th year, the Rev. Vaughan Simpson Fox, M.A. Incumbent of St. Mary's, Spring-grove, third son of Dr. Francis K. Fox, of Bristol House, near Bristol. He was of Ball. coll. Ox. (B.A. 1855, M.A. 1858), Vicar of Horsley, 1862.

At Kensington, Georgiana Mary, relict of George Leake, esq. of Perth, Western Australia.

At Corbollis, Ardee, Ireland, the residence of her brother, Thomas Lee Norman, esq. J.P., D.L., Florida; widow of the Rev. William Lee, Rector of Clonkeen, co. Louth.

At Rudding Park, aged 83, James Leslie MacDonell, esq.

At Sutton, Surrey, aged 28, Eliza Theodora (Dora), wife of Marmaduke Matthews, jun. dau. of Walter Capper, of Blackheath.

At Belfast, aged 48, Hampden Clement Blamire Moody, Colonel Royal Eng.

At Dublin, aged 73, W. Mooney, esq.

At Brussels, aged 82, James Nasmyth, esq. late of Manchester sq. and Wimbledon.

At Edinburgh, Agnes Anderson, wife of David Pearson, sen. writer, Kirkcaldy.

At Bundoran, co. Donegal, the Rev. William Alexander Percy, Rector of Kiltoghart, co. Leitrim.

At South Hampstead, William Henry Powell, M.D. formerly of Fareham, Hants.

At Ousden Hall, Suffolk, aged 18, Louisa, youngest dau. of Bulkeley J. Mackworth Praed, esq.

At Leeds, Elizabeth, relict of Edward Rooke, esq.

At Musselburgh, Moir, youngest son of Thomas Rennie Scott, M.D.

At Southwick-street, Cambridge-sq. aged 56, Caroline Louisa Spiller, last surviving dau. of the late Lieut.-Col. Francis John Spiller, 8th Bengal Cav.

At Notting-hill, aged 80, John James Tweed, esq. M.R.C.S. 1811; in practice prior to 1815; late of Alfred-place, Bedford-square.

At Pau, Basses Pyrénées, Rosamond, relict of John Uwin, esq.

At Hampstead, Jane, second surviving dau. of the late Richard Warsop, esq.

At Brighton, aged 77, William Young, esq. Chief Commissary of the (late) Field Train Department.

Feb. 28, At Edinburgh, Helen Charlotte Nicola, daughter of Gerald George





Aylmer, esq. of Donadea Castle, co. Kildare.

John, youngest son of the late Charles Bailie, esq. also of Harriett Bailie, of Brook House, Bracknell, Berks. aged 38.

At Maida-vale, aged 45, Marianne Dyte, relict of Saml. Beazley, esq.

At Haddington, aged 87, Mrs. Davidson.

At Burnsall, Torquay, Caroline Kate Dawson, only surviving daughter of the Rev. Henry Dawson, of Hopton Rectory, Suffolk.

At White Staunton, Chard, Somerset, aged 69, Robert James Elton, esq.

Mary Anne, wife of James John Farquharson, esq. of Laughton House, Dorset, aged 72.

At Blackheath, aged 46, George Gordon, esq. of Rotherhithe.

In his 65th year, Richard Greaves, of the Stock Exchange, and Lower Clapton.

At Brocksby's Walk, Homerton, aged 46, William Joseph, eldest son of the late William Inman, esq. of Homerton.

Charles J. Lamb, esq. youngest son of the late H. Lamb, esq. of Ryton House, co. Durham.

At Weston-super-Mare, aged 65, Caroline Ann, widow of Capt. Francis Liardet, R.N. She was the fifth daughter of the Rev. Sir Edmund Tiburn, the fifth Baronet, of East Sutton, co. Kent, by Arabella Christiana, eldest daughter of Sir John Honeywood, of Elington; was married first to Lieut. John Jervis Gregory, R.N. and secondly, in 1842, to Capt. Liardet.

At Edinburgh, aged 71, Mr. William Murphy, geographer and engraver.

At St. George's Cemetery, Hanwell, aged 72, Mr. Thomas Scarman, many years clerk of Hanover Church, Regent-street, and sexton of St. George's, Hanover-square.

At Bath, aged 87, Celia, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Thomas Slater, Rector of Saltford, and Vicar of Keynsham, Somerset.

Elizabeth Lucy, younger daughter of Edward Staunton, esq. of Prince's-sq. aged 14.

At 17, Vere-street, Cavendish-square, aged 90, the residence of her son, Mrs. Janetta St. Clair.

At Bayswater, aged 52, Mrs. Stevenson.

At the residence of her uncle, the Rev. H. Battiscombe, Blackheath, Kent, aged 17, Jane Wilhelma, eldest daughter of the late James Browning Thomas, esq. of Hackney.

At Mathon Lodge, Worcestershire, aged 48, the Rev. William Scarlet Vale, Perpetual Curate of Wisteston, 1845.

At Clifton, aged 78, William H. L. Walcott, esq.

At Lindfield, Sussex, aged 78, Mrs. Sarah Waters, widow of John Waters, esq. of Eastbourne.

At Roseneath, Whitehaven, Frances Hawden, third daughter of the late Joseph Wheelwright, esq. of Stamford-hill.

The Rev. Glyd White, of Ewelme, Oxfordshire, aged 78. He was of Oriel coll. Oxford (B.A. 1812; M.A. 1815).

At Langham-street, Portland-place, aged 33, Mr. John Robert Wilson, late of San Francisco, California.

*In February.* Aged 100 years and 3 months, Mrs. Pym, of Ivybridge, Devonshire.

At Crossmyloof, Mr. John Thomson, the husband of the sole surviving daughter of Burns. He was brought up at the loom, but about the beginning of this century was a sergeant in the Stirlingshire militia, and his colonel, by whom he was much respected, often spoke of him as the handsomest man in the regiment. While at Dumfries he met Elizabeth, daughter of Burns, whom he married while she was not quite out of her teens; and on leaving Dumfries he was presented by Jean Amour with many manuscripts and relics of the poet. Thomson was not only a man of great physical strength, but had a vigorous intellect and a great fund of genuine humour, and in his day produced some good verses.

*March 1.* Aged 73, Elizabeth Ann, widow of Mr. John Brock, of George-street, Portman-square.

At Sussex-gardens, Hyde-park, aged 58, Robertson Buchanan, esq. of Great Knight-riding-street, Doctors'-commons.

At Pau, Euphemia Hamilton, wife of J. Montgomery Campbell, esq. and youngest daughter of the late Rev. Robert Morehead, D.D. Rector of Easington-cum-Liverton, Yorkshire.

At New-cross, aged 81, Samuel Cozens, 39 years Clerk of the Works at Guy's Hospital.

At Chard, Somerset, aged 61, Mr. Ebenezer Edwards.

At Newcastle-under-Lyme, aged 62, Liddle Elliot, esq. He was a native of Trentham, but the greater portion of his days was spent in Newcastle. Commencing his professional career with Mr. Slater, a thoroughly practical surveyor in that town, he soon raised himself by his



ability and perseverance to a good position, and on the death of that gentleman succeeded to the surveyorship of the principal roads of the district. For several years he was a useful member of the Town Council, and filled the office of Mayor in 1843-4. Afterwards he became engineer to the Staffordshire Potteries Waterworks Company. Of late years Mr. Elliot carried on successfully, in connection with two of his sons, the Dalchall earthenware manufactory, and was also chairman of the Newcastle Gas Company. His remains were interred on March 5th at the cemetery at Newcastle.

At Ham, Surrey, aged 77, Margaret, youngest daughter of the late Gen. Gordon Forbes, Col. of the 29th Regt.

At Bellevue House, North Berwick, aged 75, Robert Fulton, esq. Comm. R.N.

At the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Chapman, University, Edinburgh, Ann Gamble, relict of Andrew Gamble, of Hatfield, Herts.

At the residence of her son-in-law, R. Ballantine, esq. South Hackney, aged 78, Mary Jane Eleanor, relict of Robert Gayton, surgeon.

At Great Percy-street, aged 78, Mr. Benjamin Heasman, of the Chancery Registrar's office.

At Brighton, aged 80, Mr. John Hochee, of Norton's Lingfield.

At Maida-hill west, aged 63, John Hyde, esq.

At Kingstown, Dublin, aged 74, Com. Edward Keane, R.N. He entered the Navy in 1806; Lieut. 1815; Comm. 1838. He married in 1834 Sarah, eldest daughter of John Peake, esq. by whom he has issue.

At Reigate, Surrey, aged 77, Simon Knight, esq. J.P. formerly of Blackwall, and many years Superintendent of the East and West India Dock Company.

Madame Clotilde Koch, widow of Robert Koch, esq. late H.B.M.'s Consul at Frankfort-on-the-Maine.

At Turnham-green, William Lea, esq. late of the Hon. East India Company's Service.

At Ottery St. Mary, Devon, aged 63, Robert Joseph Thornton Perkin, esq.

Mr. William Pond, of Windsor, aged 79. He became royal bombardier at Windsor in 1842, when he succeeded under the royal warrant held by his mother after the death of her husband, to whom the office was granted by George III. It is the duty of the royal bombardier to fire salutes from the Long Walk at Windsor on the birthdays of

the royal family and on other occasions of public rejoicing.

At Pimlico, the Hon. Mrs. Henrietta Araminta Monck Ridley, widow of Major-Gen. Charles Ridley, C.B. She was eldest dau. of the 1st Baron Oranmore; born 1816; marr. 1845.

At Penpont, Breconshire, aged 28, Capt. Philip Downes Williams, of the 19th Foot.

At Exeter, aged 43, Capt. Thos. Wright, of Londonderry.

Mar. 2. At Islington, Michael Barnett, aged 64.

Mr. John Alfred Beaumont, solicitor, of Birmingham, committed suicide at his mother's house, at Edgbaston.

At Paddington, aged forty, Thomas Lever Edgar, youngest surviving son of the late Mr. Joseph Burch.

At Aberdeen, aged 66, Mr. John Cargill. He commanded for many years the famed steamship City of London, and when the vessel, during the Crimean war, was chartered by the Government, his services were acknowledged in official quarters. Captain Cargill, when in command of his vessel, showed himself thoroughly qualified for any service, and this was particularly the case when, in the Black Sea, the City of London rode out the violent storm which caused so many disasters to the fleet. On Her Majesty's first visit to Aberdeen, Captain Cargill was selected to pilot the Royal yacht, the Victoria and Albert, from London, and on that occasion was honoured by her Majesty's compliments.

At Bath, Charlotte Gernade, eldest dau. of the late J. B. Daniells, esq. M.D.

At Chandos-street, Strand, aged 55, Victor Desire Delarue.

At Lower Fitzwilliam-street, Dublin, Mary, wife of John Thomas Devereux, esq. D.L. Rocklands, Wexford.

Benjamin George Everett, surgeon, of Ditchling, Sussex, aged 31.

At Cheltenham, aged 68, Harriett, relict of James Hunter Hulme, esq. and dau. of the late John Green, esq. of Huckley.

At Cheltenham, Henrietta Maria Nixon, dau. of the late John Nixon, esq., of Chapel Izod, Ireland.

At Kilburn, aged 88, Miss Harriet Owen, formerly of Cardiff.

At Broadway, Worcestershire, aged 85, Ann, widow of Mr. John Parker, of Shipston-on-Stour.

At Bayswater, Elizabeth, widow of





Rev. John George Storie, M.A., and dau. of the late Sir John Perring, Bart., of Membland, Devon. She was married in 1822.

Mary Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. S. D. Stubbs, curate of St. John's, Upper Holloway, dau. of the late Rev. E. T. Alder, of St. Matthew's, Canonbury.

At Slough, aged 92, Sarah, widow of Joseph Trumper, Esq., of Iwer, Bucks.

At Cranford, Middlesex, aged 76, Job Viner, esq.

Mar. 3. At Warborough, Oxon, aged 77, Rebekah, widow of W. C. Bousfield, esq. of Chatham-place, solicitor.

At Edinburgh, Alice McNicol, widow of Ludovick Cameron, esq. writer, Inverary, and dau. of the late Rev. Donald McNicol, minister of Lismore and Appin.

At Leamington-road-villas, Westbourne-park, aged 36, Katharine Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Alfred Freeman, Vicar of Pillerton, Warwickshire, and eldest dau. of the late Edward Bullock, esq. Common Serjeant of London.

At Toothill, near Huddersfield, aged 79, Thomas Firth, esq.

At Harworth, Tickhill, Rotherham, aged 48, the Rev. Edward John Grey, formerly curate of Etherley.

At the residence of his uncle, Kenneth Mackenzie, esq. Cleveland-square, Hyde-park, London, aged 27, James Mackenzie.

At East Barnet, aged 74, Walter George Monington, esq.

At Barnes, aged 90, Helen, relict of John Palin, LL.D.

At Abergele, N.W. the Hon. Robert Preston. He was 4th son of the 12th Viscount Gormanston; born 1802.

At Kensington, aged 73, Sarah, relict of the Rev. Alexander Rogers, late vicar of Rolvenden, Kent.

At Maida-hill, aged 84, Joseph Budworth Sharp, esq.

At Guildford, aged 47, Helen Ann Shean, dau. of the late William Shean, esq. of Westbourne, Emsworth.

At Ashfield, Settle, aged 63, George Stansfield, esq.

At Oaken, near Wolverhampton, aged 53, James William Weaver, esq. J.P. He carried on the business of a carrier, being a member of the well-known firm of Crowley, Hicklin, and Co. agents to the London and North Western Railway Company.

At Henwick, near Worcester, aged 83, Mr. F. D. Woodward, solicitor, formerly of Pershore.

Mar. 4. At Edinburgh, aged 19, Jean

Emma, dau. of the late John Alexander Ballantyne, printer, Edinburgh.

At Hackney, aged 79, Anne, widow of William Henry Beckett.

At Craven Hill, Bayswater, aged 64, Emma, wife of General Sir David Capon, K.C.B.

At St. Helier's, Jersey, aged 70, Selina Collis, relict of Henry Collis, of that island, and formerly of Stourbridge, Worcestershire.

At Forest-hill, Kent, aged 82, Mrs. Ann Cooper, relict of Mr. John Cooper, Bromley, Kent.

At Walberton, aged 60, Mr. Edward Ellis, of Binsted, near Arundel, Sussex.

Robert Hawthorn, Esq., of Gower street and Lime-street-square, aged 77.

At Petersham, Elizabeth, wife of Tansfield George Headley, esq.

At Highbury New-park, aged 68, Alfred Jarvis, esq., late of Port Elizabeth, Cape of Good Hope.

At Brödawell, Carleton, Louisa Adams, widow of William Jenkins, esq.

At Poole, aged 71, Elizabeth, wife of John Lankester, esq. J.P.

At Edinburgh, Isabella, wife of Col. Macdonald, Ceylon Rifles.

At New Cross, aged 80, John Patient, esq.

At Waltham Cross, aged 66, Mr. James Phillippo, late of London Wall.

At Bloomfield, Lake, Isle of Wight, aged 50, John Vining Porter, esq. surgeon.

At Beaufort-gardens, London, aged 62, Frances Jane, eldest dau. of the late Sir John Buchanan Riddell, Bart. by Frances, eldest dau. of Charles Earl of Romney, and granddau. of Charles Earl of Egremont.

At Elm Park, Jane Henderson, wife of Peter Rodger, esq. writer, Selkirk.

At Scarborough, Sarah Ellen, wife of Joseph Seaton, M.D. of Halliford House, Sumbury.

At Boston Spa, aged 62, the Rev. Thomas Shann, formerly Vicar of Hampsthwaite, near Harrogate (1839—55). He was of Univ. Coll. Oxf. (B.A. 1829; M.A. 1832).

At Denwick, near Alnwick, aged 64, Mary, widow of Thomas Tate, esq. of Bank House.

At Fitzwilliam-square, Dublin, Finch White, esq. Q.C.

Mar. 5. At Stratford, Essex, aged 63, Williamina Stone Adlington, only dau. of William Stone Woollery, of Midgham and Long Pond, Westmoreland, Jamaica, esq., and widow of Thomas Ellis Adlington, esq. of the Courts of Exchequer and Chancery.



At Brixton, Emily Maria, wife of Thomas Arnall, esq.

At Bridlington Quay, aged 41, the Rev. John Blanchard, M.A. He was of Trin. Coll. Camb. (B.A. 1850; M.A. 1853). He was Curate of Carnaby and Fraisthorpe, York.

At Ferrybridge, Yorkshire, Maria, widow of Mr. John Cheesbrough, late of the Old Hall, Pontefract.

At Richmond, Surrey, Margaret Mary Anne, youngest dau. of the late Rev. William Robertson, minister of Carmylie, Forfarshire, Scotland, and wife of Thomas G. Craig, esq.

At Battersea-rise, aged 74, Harriet, widow of the Ven. Archdeacon Deatry, Prebendary of Winchester and Rector of Clapham, Surrey, who died Oct. 15, 1847.

At the residence of his father, William Foreman, late of the Bank of England, second son of William Foreman, esq. of Huntingdon, aged 31.

At Upper Kennington-lane, aged 86, Mrs. Ann Foster.

At Youghal, Ireland, aged 75, Angelina Gould, eldest dau. of the late Garret Gould, esq. of Lisbon.

At Brechin, aged 74, Mary, wife of Alexander Guthrie, Esq., surgeon.

At his residence, 41, Sussex-gardens, Hyde-park, in the 80th year of his age, G. J. Hadow, esq. late of Sundon-house, Clifton.

Mary Anne, wife of the Rev. Cave Humfrey, Rector of Laughton, Leicester-shire, aged 65.

At Dublin, Helena, third surviving dau. of the late Jno. Kennan, esq. solicitor.

At Gloucester-gardens, Hyde-park, aged 69, Malcolm Lewin, esq., late Provisional Member of Council, and Judge of the Sudder Court at Madras.

At Shepscombe House, Gloucestershire, aged 72, Peter Mathews, esq.

At Bath, aged 64, Anne, wife of the Rev. James May, formerly English Chaplain at Bagnères de Bigorre, Hautes Pyrénées, and late Vicar of Timsbury, near Romsey.

At Mortimer-road, aged 69, Jane, relict of the late Wm. Neilson, esq.

At Clapham, aged 83, Mary Ann, last surviving daughter of the late Charles Peach, esq. of London.

At Islington, aged 81, James Pooley, esq. solicitor, Lincoln's-inn-fields.

At Montreal, Canada, John Redpath, esq.

Aged 16, Anna Maria, eldest dau. of Thomas Spencer Sawyer, C.E. Rochdale.

At Warwick, aged 59, Henry Summerfield, esq.

Aged 73, the Rev. Henry Thomas Thompson, of Bury St. Edmund's. He was of St. John's coll. Camb. (B.A. 1817, M.A. 1823), and was Curate of Fornham with Westley, Suffolk.

At Moorlands, Dewsbury, aged 75, John Tweedale, esq. J.P.

At Brompton, aged 65, Philip Valle, esq.

At Campden-hill, Annabella, wife of J. W. Walton, esq.

At Brighton, Eleanor Woolley, wife of the late Charles Adam Woolley, esq. of Brompton, Middlesex, and Lee, Kent.

At Brixton, aged 45, Augustus Yates, late Major of Kürassiere, in the army of His Imperial Majesty of Austria.

March 6. At Hans-place, London, aged 66, Mrs. Martha Archer, widow of Rev. Thomas Archer, D.D.

At Charlton, Kent, aged 75, John S. Breeze, esq. late of the War Office.

At Hesse Homburg, aged 76, the Rev. James Butler, of Priesttown House, Priesttown. co. Meath, Ireland, and British Chaplain of Hesse Homburg, Germany, for 23 years. A letter from that place says:—"Thousands of British travellers who have visited us during the last quarter of a century know the Rev. Mr. Butler; he was the one Englishman who conducted all that was charitable, and kept together the miscellaneous society of Great Britain and Ireland. The British chaplaincy at Homburg was founded by Mr. Butler, where, after officiating for 24 years, he passed away most deservedly respected." Mr. Butler was educated under Dr. Valpy, at the Reading Grammar School.

At Hastings, the Rev. John Cumberlege, Incumbent of St. Matthew's, Silverhill. He took the degree of B.D. at Lampeter, 1853; was appointed Perpetual Curate of Eggington, 1843; Vicar of Tilsworth, 1845; and Perpetual Curate of St. Matthew's, Silverhill, St. Leonard's, 1864.

At Great Marlow, aged 61, George Davenport, esq.

At Eaton-place, Caroline, wife of Henry Fortescue, esq.

At Clifton, aged 76, Ann, widow of the late Rev. J. W. Goldfrap, Rector of Clenchwarton, King's Lynn, Norfolk.

At Coltishall, Norfolk, aged 62, Susan, wife of R. P. Kemp, esq.

At Kellfield, near York, aged 68, the Rev. Richard Wilson Kemplay, Curate of Stillingfleet, Yorkshire. He was of





Queen's coll. Oxon. (B.A. 1823, M.A. 1829).

At Hoxton, aged 82, John Lashmar, esq. formerly of Brighton.

Aged 59, Francis Morgan Slocombe, esq. of Whitley Villa, Reading, solicitor.

At Norbiton, aged 74, S. Strong, esq.

At Southampton, Mary, only dau. of the late Sir John Thomas, Bart.

At Little Shelford, Camb. Fanny Anna, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Wale.

At Kilburn, aged 31, William Cornwell second son of the late Wm. Denton, White, formerly of High Holborn.

*Mar. 7.* At Geneva, aged 73, Captain Somerville Waldemar Burges, late of the Grenadier Guards, youngest son of the late Sir James Bland Burges, of Beauport, Sussex, Bart. and brother of the late Sir Charles Lamb, Bart. Captain Burges was born in 1796, entered the Grenadier Guards in 1812, served in the Peninsula, France, and Flanders, receiving the war medal with two clasps for Nivelle and Nive. He was severely wounded at Waterloo, losing his right leg by a cannon shot. He married in 1821, Madlle. Mélaïne Marianne Méray, dau. of Capt. Méray, of the French Army.

At Rochester, aged 71, George Henry Drawbridge, esq. M.B.

At Dublin, Sarah, wife of George Ellis, esq.

Aged 51, Rebecca Armstrong, wife of Mr. M. W. Flewitt, surgeon, Northamp.

In her 93rd year, Ann, relict of David Gibbs, esq. of Summit-place, Upper Clapton.

At Totnes, aged 66, James Gill, esq.

At Ventnor, aged 50, William Greenway, of King's Norton, Wore.

At the Firs, near Wellington, Somersetshire, aged 73, Cornelius Hanbury, esq.

Robert Henderson, esq. of Alfred-place, Bedford-sq. and Upper Thames-st. aged 74.

At Ripley Castle, Yorkshire, aged 69, Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. Sir H. J. Ingilby, Bart. She was second dau. of Day Hart Macdowall, esq. of Walkinshaw, N.B.; was married in 1824. She leaves issue two sons and a dau.

At Woolwich, aged 77, Alexander Macpherson, esq. late of the Royal Horse Art. formerly of Badenoch, Inverness.

At Bath, aged 79, Georgina Keith McAdam, last surviving dau. of the late John Loudon McAdam, esq. of Sauchrie, Ayrshire, N.B.

At Cheshunt, Margaret McKellar, dau. of the late John McKellar, esq. of Antigua.

At Georgetown, St. Saviour's, Jersey,

aged 63, Mrs. E. Langlois, wife of Geo. Messeroy, esq.

At Edinburgh, aged 3, Claud James, only son of James Muirhead, esq. advocate, Professor of Civil Law in the University of Edinburgh.

At Brandfold, Goudhurst, aged 77, Mary Cramer, relict of Thomas Cramer Roberts, esq.

At Leighton-road, aged 74, John Barlow Ruddock, late of the Hon. E.I. Company's Military Coll. Addiscombe.

At Trowbridge, aged 50, Mary, widow of Mr. Simeon Usher.

At Bolton-le-Moors, aged 76, Mrs. Worthington, formerly of Cheetham-hill, near Manchester.

*March 8.* At Charnwood, Streatham-common, aged 23, Charles Henry Bagnall, only surviving son of George Bagnall, esq. of Cheltenham.

At New-cross, aged 37, Thomas Gummer Birt.

Aged 24, Cyril Edward, eldest son of Edward Blanchett, of Stockwell.

At Barford Hall, near Darlington, aged 76, Mrs. Robert Clark.

At Sutton-at-Hone, Kent, aged 86, Mr. John Cooper.

At York, aged 77, Elizabeth Jane, second daughter of the late Jo-hua Crompton, esq. and sister to Win. R. Crompton Stanfield, esq. of Eshalt Hall, Yorkshire.

At Dublin, Miss Emily Frances Erck.

At New Bond-street, Benjamin Wolfe Lewis Franklin, esq. formerly a resident of Florence.

At Carlisle, the dowager Mary, Lady Gordon, of Earlston, Kirkcudbrightsh. She was daughter of William Irving, of Gribton, co. Dumfries; married (2nd wife), 1825, Sir John Gordon, 5th Bart. of Earlston, and had issue three sons and five daughters.

At Gower-street, aged 42, Robert Clifton Gordon, esq. son of the late Capt. Robert Gordon, formerly of the 45th Regt.

At Dublin, Harriet, wife of the Rev. John Hare.

At Corstorphine Hill House, John Henderson, esq. Queen's and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer, who for more than 30 years had ably discharged the onerous duties of that responsible office. Latterly, other offices of considerable importance fell into his hands, such as Deputy-Keeper of the Great Seal of the Prince of Scotland.

At Ipswich, aged 65, Lucy, relict of James Jeffries, esq.

At Dalston, aged 57, John Dalston



Jones, M.D. of King's Coll. Aberd. 1852; F.R.C.S. Eng. 1859; M.R.C.S. 1841; F.L.S. He was a contributor to the Roy. Med. Chir. Trans. 1849, and to the *Lancet* in 1839 and 1847.

At Hayle, Cornwall, aged 83, Horatio Lye, surgeon H.E.I.C.S. (M.R.C.S. Eng. 1813), son of the late William Lye, esq. of Ramsbury, Wilts, and first cousin of the late Admiral Leigh Lye of Bath, and Dr. Lye of Hereford.

At Clonbeala, King's Co. Mary M. wife of Dr. Robert McDonnell, of Dublin.

At Kellington vicarage, aged 90, Elizabeth widow of Rev. Joshua Mann.

At Holloway, aged 43, Thomas Henry Mitchell, surgeon (M.R.C.S. 1847; L.S.A. 1848), third son of late John Mitchell, esq. of Kington, Herefordshire.

At Jeddburgh, aged 68, Henrietta Carlyle, relict of Andrew Mounsey.

At West Brompton, aged 28, Fanny, youngest child of the late Rev. George Radcliffe, M.A.

Aged 75, Jane, wife of William Robertson, esq. of Solihull, co. Warw.

At Boulogne, Major John de Vitre, late of the Bombay Army.

At Tytheington, Macclesfield, aged 67, Thomas Wardle, esq.

March 9. At Brook-green, Hammer-smith, aged 21, Frances Martha, only dau. of the late John Bare, esq.

At Heavitree, near Exeter, aged 67, Phoebe, wife of G. H. Creswell, esq.

At Seend, Wilts, aged 57, the Rev. George Barnston Daubeny, eldest son of the late Rev. G. W. Daubeny. He was of Balliol College, Oxford (B.A. 1835; M.A. 1841).

At Lime-street, aged 45, Howson Rutherford Foulger, of Gladwyns, near Harlow.

At Cromwell Villa, Twickenham, Sarah, wife of William Freeman, minister of Twickenham Chapel, and of Fleet-street.

At Dublin, Mary, relict of Mr. Robert Henry, of Cookstown, co. Tyrone.

At Sunderland, aged 69, the Rev. Frederick Hiff, D.D. He was educated at Trinity College, Camb. (B.A. 1823; M.A. 1826; D.D. 1838). He was for some time Head Master of the Royal Institution, Liverpool, and afterwards of the Grange School, Bishopwearmouth, and in 1862 was presented to the Perpetual Curacy of Gateforth, near Selby, but resigned it last year. He was the editor of the *Biblia Ecclesiæ Polyglotta* (for Bagster and Son), the *Hexapla Psalter*, and other works of a similar kind.

At Guilden Morden, Cambridgeshire, aged 19, Mary Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late Rev. Robert Merry, Vicar of that parish.

At Belsize Park Gardens, aged 62, the Rev. Edward Osborne, eldest son of the late Admiral Edward Oliver Osborne.

At Edgbaston, Birmingham, aged 61, Edward Phipson, esq.

At Kingstown, aged 61, John Stirling, esq. late of the Public Works Department, Ireland.

Catherine Anne, wife of Robert Tucker, esq. of Bayswater.

At the Manor House, Ilfracombe, aged 80, Elizabeth, widow of Nathaniel Vye, esq.

Matilda, wife of Edward Waterhouse, of Topsham, Devon.

At the residence of her father, Putney, Emma, widow of Frederick Whistler, jun. esq. late of Barnes, and second dau. of George Cox, esq. of Cloak-lane, city.

March 10. Major Charles Agnew, aged 73.

At Willington, Kent, aged 77, Ellen, widow of Lloyd Salisbury Baxendale, esq. of Gloucester-gardens, Hyde-park, and dau. of the late Richard Salisbury, esq. of Cooper-hill, Lancashire.

At Kentish-town, aged 62, Charlotte Emilia, the wife of James Burn, esq. of Gresham-street, London, solicitor.

At the Woodlands, Leamington, aged 71, William Lucius Cary, esq. formerly Capt. in H.M. 96th Regt.

At Liverpool, aged 48, John Edmond Dela Rue, esq. Honorary Consul of H.M. the King of Italy.

At Cotham, Bristol, aged 61, Mary, dau. of the late John Gosse, esq. of Poole.

At Richmond, Surrey, Anne, wife of Wm. S. Grahame, esq. late of Auckland, New Zealand.

At Milltown, Bruff, co. Limerick, Ireland, Alice Harriett, the wife of E. H. Gubbins, esq.

At The Elms, near Shrewsbury, aged 79, Thomas Girdler Gwyn, esq. J.P.

At Great Brunswick-street, Dublin, aged 85, George Hatchell, esq. for many years Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, Court of Chancery, Ireland.

At Denbigh-place, South Belgravia, aged 76, Mary, relict of the late William Hawes, esq. of The Terrace, Dean's-yard, Westminster.

George Lawson, of Summer-hill, Birmingham, aged 62.

At Erdington, aged 102, Anthony Lee.





At Dunbar, aged 94, Miss Arabella Purves.

At Tunbridge Wells, aged 75, Miss Harriett Sage, third dau. of the late Joseph Sage, esq. of Penn-hill.

At Oxford, Hester, widow of Mr. Thomas Sheard.

At Reigate, aged 59, Mr. Henry Thornton, of West-street, Reigate.

At Westbourne-grove, Bayswater, aged 76, Joseph Wilson, esq.

At Chiswick, aged 88, Jeffreys de Winton, esq. formerly of Brecon, South Wales.

*March 11.* At Llannerch Park, St. Asaph, aged 72, George Allanson, esq.

At Edinburgh, Miss Jane Anderson, dau. of the late Samuel Anderson, esq. of Moredun.

At Exeter, aged 61, Helen, the wife of Biggs Andrews, esq. Q.C. Commissioner of Bankrupts for the Exeter District, and dau. of the late Sir James Gibson Craig, Bart. of Riccarton, N.B.

At Clifton Park, Birkenhead, Captain Thomas Bevis, R.N.

At Belgrave-road, aged 60, Mrs. Harriet Crofts, widow of Robert Crofts, esq. late of Dumpton, Isle of Thanet, Kent.

At Well House, Wrexham, aged 54, Mr. Charles James Edwards.

At Bucklebury Vicarage, Berks, aged 71, the residence of her brother, Penelope Arabella Caroline, wife of the Rev. Peter French, Holy Trinity, Burton-on Trent, and dau. of the late Rev. Dr. Valpy, of Reading.

At Milton-next-Gravesend, Ruth, wife of Thomas Goodburne, esq.

At Stoke Newington, aged 64, Harriet, widow of Capt. Henry Higgins, H.P. 7th Dragoon Guards and formerly of the 3rd Light Dragoons.

At Cadogan-place, Harriet, relict of Rev. Henry Higginson, Chaplain to the East India Company, and Incumbent of their chapel at Poplar.

At Upper Norwood, Matilda, relict of A. Howard, Esq. of Eccleston-square.

At Monkstown, co. Dublin, Frederick William, only child of Sir Frederic and the late Lady Hughes.

At Norwich, aged 59, Hannah, widow of the late Robert Hull, M.D.

At Margate, aged 49, Mr. S. Killick, of Rye-lane, Peckham, late of the Court Lodge, Fawkham.

William Fry, eldest son of Julius Fry Mortieau, of Coborn House, Bow-road, in his 34th year.

At Gouthurst, near Bridgewater, aged 81, Thomas Mullins, esq.

The Rev. Brent J. Neville, Curate of Clifden, co. Galway, aged 25.

At Finsbury-circus, aged 41, Cornelia, wife of T. B. Peacock, M.D.

At the residence of her son-in-law, Spring-villas, Tottenham-green, aged 84, Barbara Lindley, relict of the late Sampson Perry, esq. M.D.

Mary, wife of Philip Secretan, esq. of Harestone, Caterham, Surrey, aged 53.

At Bryanston-street, Portman-square, aged 77, Stephen Simpson, esq. late of Queensland, Australia.

Maria, wife of F. W. Walker, esq. M.A. High Master of the Manchester Grammar School.

*March 12.* Capt. James Anderson, R.N. Westbury House, Fareham, late of Holham-hill, Titchfield, aged 80. He entered the navy in January 1801, and after serving in the North Sea, East Indies, and off Flushing, served in the two partial actions with the French fleet off Toulon, Nov. 5th, 1813, and Feb. 13th, 1814. After serving at Portsmouth, and in the Mediterranean, he became commander 1823, and retired captain 1856.

At Nunhead, Eliza, dau. of the late Mr. Wm. Barnes.

At Hammersmith, aged 24, Louisa, the wife of Hamilton B. Barnett, esq.

At Brighton, aged 88, Eleanor Ann Blake, widow, of Tilmouth Park and Twizell Castle, Northumberland.

At Argyle-square, aged 11, Percy Hamilton, second son of Robert Boulton, of Berners-street, solicitor.

At Higher Tranmere, Birkenhead, Cheshire, aged 74, Marian Harvey, widow of William Butt, of Islington, London.

At Trewsbury, Cirencester, Albenmarle Bertie, infant son of Albemarle Cator, esq. of Woodbastwick Hall, Norfolk.

At Islington, aged 46, Mary, wife of Jno. P. Craven, and youngest dau. of the late Ralph Child, of Darlington.

At Camden-road, aged 67, Charlotte, wife of Joseph Crowther, esq.

At Tenby, Frances, widow of Rev. S. Henry Duntze.

At Walham-green, aged 66, John Ogle Else, M.R.C.S. 1826.

At Finsbury-circus, aged 77, Daniel Green, esq.

At the residence of his son, Brixton, aged 76, Samuel Gunnell, esq. for many years one of the principal clerks in the House of Commons.

At Westbourne-park, aged 73, George Berkeley Harrison, esq.



At Stockwell, aged 70, Harriot, wife of Joseph Hawkins, esq.

In his 64th year, John Hay, of Breewood, Staffordshire. He was born at Shrewsbury, and had been for many years past settled at Breewood, there filling the office of clerk to the Guardians of the Penkridge Union.

At De Beauvoir-town, London, aged 86, Sarah, relict of Stephen Lee, esq. late of Hackney.

At Amphill-square, aged 58, Jeremiah Lodge.

At Allon, Annie, second dau. of David MacWatt, Procurator Fiscal of Clackmannanshire.

At Lynor, Nice, aged 20, Sedley Henry Simcoe, eldest son of the late Sedley Bastard Marke, esq. of Woodhill, Cornwall.

At Arundel-street, Strand, Sarah Elizabeth, youngest dau. of the late Rev. Joseph Mather, and grandchild of the late Rev. James Mather, formerly of Sheffield, late of Clapton.

At Amphill-square, London, Charlotte, widow of the Rev. Irendus Moe, M.A. of Queen's Coll. Oxford, and formerly of the Island of Barbados, W.I.

At Basingstoke, aged 72, Margaret, widow of Rev. John Monkhouse, of Lyzzick Hall, near Keswick.

At Nice, aged 57, Joseph Oxford, esq. of Laurie-park, Sydenham.

At Brighton, aged 65, John Pursell, M.D. King's Coll. Aberdeen (1846); F.R.C.S. Eng. 1852; M.R.C.S. 1828; L.S.A. 1827; Med. Officer East. Dist. Brighton and Hove Disp. &c.; Mem. Brit. Med. Assoc. He contributed a "Case of Poisoning by the Oil of Bitter Almonds: Recovery," to the *Assoc. Med. Journ.* 1854.

At Brighton, aged 72, Mary, relict of Joseph Schofield, esq.

At Blackheath, aged 68, Robert Slater, esq. of Fore-street.

In France, Rose Ellen Cleveland, third surviving child of the late Major Charles Snell, of the Madras Army.

Aged 80, Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. George Taylor, D.C.L., Lecturer of Dedham, Essex.

At Chelsea, aged 77, Mrs. Eliza Thomas.

At Highbury-grove, aged 89, Frances, widow of Thomas Walker, of the Stock Exchange, and formerly of Charman-dean, Worthing.

At Notting-hill, aged 79, Robert Wilson, esq.

March 13. At Canonbury-road, aged 64, Mrs. Mary Alice Barreymann.

At Brighton, aged 52, Harry Mills Blaker, esq.

At Bekesbourne Vicarage, near Canterbury, aged 53, Frances Catharine, wife of the Rev. J. H. Broome, Vicar of Houghton, Norfolk.

At Torquay, aged 60, James Hewitt Carter, artist.

At Worthing, Jane, widow of Lewin Cholmley, esq. of West-end House, near Southampton.

At Haverstock-hill, aged 47, Joseph Percy Cooke, esq.

Eliza, wife of Edward Coppinger, of Eltham, Kent, aged 61.

At The Polygon, Clarendon-square, aged 77, Mr. William Douglas.

Emily, relict of Carteret John William Ellis, esq., Deputy-Lieut. co. Cornwall, and third dau. of the late Isaac Railton, Esq., of Hertford-street, Mayfair, and of Caldbeck, Cumberland, in her 59th year.

At Sandymount, Dublin, aged 68, John Faris, esq. solicitor.

Mary, wife of Sampson Foster, esq. of Le Court, near Petersfield.

At Ryde, L. W. Constantine Cooper, infant son on the Rev. Perceval Lawrence, aged one.

At Islington, aged 73, Mrs. Elizabeth Mackenzie, a native of British Honduras.

At Wimpole-street, Mary Anne, wife of A. T. Malkin, esq. of Corrybrough, Inverness-shire.

At Upper Mount-street, Dublin, aged 22, (the residence of her father, Dr. Hargrave,) Florence, wife of James Creed Meredith, esq. LL.D. barrister-at-law.

At Rathdowns, co. Wicklow, aged 65, Andrew Morris, esq.

At Rathmines, aged 22, Anna Sutton, eldest dau. of the Rev. Hugh Murray, Rector of Coothill.

At Bayswater, Major Henry Rogers, formerly of Duncannon, co. Wexford.

At Birmingham, Maria, wife of the Rev. S. A. Shepherd.

At Croydon, aged 57, Benjamin Stenning, esq.

At Bath, aged 74, Henry Walters, esq. formerly of the Bengal Civil Service, and many years judge and magistrate at Decca.

At Worplesdon, Surrey, aged 60, the Rev. John Tighe Wells, of Albury, Guildford, Surrey.

At Battersea, aged 66, Mrs. Sarah Wilkinson, second dau. of the late James Mead, esq. Richmond-place, Sydenham, formerly of Leeds, Yorkshire.





*March 14.* At London-street, Edinburgh, Richard Arthur, esq. advocate.

At Lovaine-terrace, aged 54, Jane Brotherick Avery, widow of George Avery, esq. of North Shields.

At Edgbaston, aged 36, Caroline, wife of Henry Ball, and eldest dau. of William Rayner, of Birmingham.

At Drymen, William, third son of William Ballingal, esq. Sweet Bank, Markinch.

In Trinity-sq. aged 81, Mrs. Louisa Barren, widow of Benjamin Burnett Barren, esq. for many years clerk in H.M.'s Dockyard, Sheerness.

William Bishop, esq. of Addiscombe, Croydon, aged 73.

At Barnsbury, aged 78, Miss Ann Brookholding, late of Finsbury-square, and formerly of Worcester.

At the residence of her son-in-law T. E. Brisley, Brixton, aged 69, Emily, relict of Robert Calvert, M.D. Dep.-Inspector of Army Hospitals.

At Oxford, Mr. Henry Cooke, founder of the *Oxford Chronicle*, aged about 70.

At Penzance, John William George Dawson Damer, Lieut. R.N., youngest surviving son of the late Hon. William Dawson Damer, and grandson of John, Earl of Portarlington. He was born in 1834.

At Knighton, Radnorshire, aged 68, George Green, esq.

George John, eldest son of Robert Hebblethwaite, late of Clondesley-terrace, Islington.

At the house of his brother-in-law, Sussex-place, Regent's-park, aged 49, James Usher, of Richmond-hill, Clifton.

At Banbury, aged 90, Elizabeth Agnes, widow of William Walford, esq. of Sibford and Banbury.

At Dublin, aged 66, Marian, relict of Francis White, esq.

*March 15.* At Merville, Stillorgan, the residence of his son-in-law Sir Richard B. McCausland, Edward Blake, esq. J.P. D.L. late of Castlegrave, co. Galway.

At Gawber vicarage, Barnsley, Ellena Mary Brodhurst, the wife of the Rev. F. Brodhurst.

At Harcourt-street, Dublin, aged 84, Margaret, relict of William Cossart, esq.

At Broxbourne, Herts, aged 85, Minnie wife of Charles William Ede, of London and Constantinople.

At Hadzor House, Droitwich, aged 11, Herman Ernest, second son of Capt. Herman Galton.

At Down-street, Piccadilly, aged 33, Catherine Delves Eliza, wife of Mr. Thomas Gibbs.

At Brixton, Ellen, wife of Edward Grimwood, late of Ossulston-street, Easton-road, London.

At Eaton-place, aged 73, Sarah Mary Rebecca Haines.

At Gloucester-road, Regent's-park, aged 70, Margaret Catherine, widow of the late John William Hallion, esq. surgeon, R.N.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 74, George Holmer, esq. late of Clapham, and Philpot-lane, city, solicitor.

At Hammond's End, Harpenden, Herts, aged 64, William, the eldest son of the late Mr. William How, of Beech Hyde, Redbourn.

At Beattock House, near Moffat, aged 33, Robert Bayne Jardine, second son of the late Thomas Jardine, esq. of Beattock.

At Atherton Grange, Wimbledon, Mary Jane, widow of the late Alexander Kay, esq. formerly of Manchester.

At Edinburgh, aged 39, Robert Livingston, esq. Manager of the National Union Life Assurance Company.

At Homewood, Whitehaven, Juliana Georgina, the beloved wife of Mr. James Lumb, in the 31st year of her age.

At Bloxham Grove, near Banbury, Agnes Harcum, wife of the Rev. G. Marriner, M.A. and dau. of the late W. W. Lea, esq. of Beaudesert, co. Warw.

At Baldwyns, Dartford, aged 89, Susannah, relict of Isaac Minet, esq.

At Brighton, Maria, wife of the Rev. Capel Molyneux. She was the daughter of Admiral Carpenter, and married in 1832.

At Leamington, aged 72, Fanny, relict of Frederick William Montague, esq. of York-street, Portman-square.

At Loughloher Castle, Ireland, aged 68, William Quin, esq. J.P.

At the Vicarage, Carlingford, Ireland, the Rev. Edwin Thomas, Vicar of that parish.

At Stockwell Common, Surrey, (his brother's residence,) aged 50, Mr. Edward Watson, of the Coal Exchange.

At Brixton, George Wride, (late of Fovant, Wilts.) M.R.C.S. L.S.A.



## WILLS RECENTLY PROVED AND ADMINISTRATIONS GRANTED.

*(All in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, except where otherwise specified.)*

**Lady Bradford**, under 4,000.

The late Lord Brougham, died without any assets. The explanation is, that, long before his death, he had by deed of gift made over everything—ex-Chancellor's pension, house and land, books, plate, furniture—to his brother William, the present peer, who in return provided for all expenses. Aversion to trouble about money matters is said to have suggested this arrangement. The Inland Revenue authorities, at first incredulous, satisfied themselves by private inquiry as to the *bona fides* and validity of the deed of gift. But it is a curious fact that an ex-Lord Chancellor, who for upwards of thirty years received a pension of 5,000*l.* a year, has died without paying a shilling of probate or legacy duty.

**John Carew**, esq. late of Exeter, died at Knightley, Oct. 31, proved at Exeter by John Walrond Walrond, esq. of Bradfield, the Rev. Peter Leopold Dyke Ackland, M.A. Vicar of Broadclist, and the Rev. John Dickinson, of Tiverton, the executors and trustees. The personalty sworn under 50,000*l.* The will is dated Feb. 4, 1868. He has left numerous legacies and annuities to relatives and friends, all free of duty. To each of his executors 2,000*l.* All his property at St. David's, Exeter, and his furniture and household effects, to John W. Walrond and his wife. The following are among the charitable bequests:—To the Devon and Exeter Hospital, 400*l.*; Training Colleges for Nurses, 100*l.*; the Deaf and Dumb Institutions, the Dispensary, the Blind Institution, the Female Penitentiary, and the Curates' Aid Society at Exeter, each 250*l.*; to the Society for the Relief of the Widows of Clergymen in the Archdeaconry of Exeter, 100*l.*; to the Rector of Bickleigh (testator's former residence), 100*l.* for the poor; to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, 500*l.*

The will, with nine codicils, of **Granville-Leveson**, Earl Carysfort, of Elton-hall, co. Huntingdon, and Glenart castle, co. Wicklow (died 3 Nov. at Elton-hall), proved both in Dublin and Lon-

don by the Hon. William Proby, son of the deceased. The personal estate in Ireland is sworn under 140,000*l.* in England under 60,000*l.*

**Frederick Chinnoek**, esq. (see p. 158), proved on 13th Feb. by the executors and trustees—namely, Mrs. Ellen Chinnoek, the relict; Mr. Jonathan Sills Pidgeon, 10, Warnford-court, stock-broker; and Mr. George Powell, of Raymond-buildings, solicitor. The personalty was sworn under 70,000*l.* The testator died Jan. 12 last, aged 62, having executed his will in 1863, and a codicil in 1866. He leaves to each of his executors a legacy of 100*l.* He bequeaths to his wife an immediate legacy of 1,000*l.* and all his furniture, together with an annuity of 750*l.*, and has settled an annuity on his (testator's) mother. He leaves to each of his sons and daughters a legacy of 2,500*l.* or that that amount should be made up to each of them. He leaves his interest in the business carried on under the firm of Chinnoek and Galsworthy, auctioneers, surveyors, and land agents, 11, Waterloo-place, Pall-mall, to his son Frederick George Chinnoek, upon certain terms, and allowing an annuity therefrom to his (testator's) relict of 350*l.* The residue of his property, real and personal, he leaves among his children under certain restrictions imposed upon his widow.

**John Cooke**, esq. of Manchester. Personalty sworn under 45,000*l.*

**Thomas George Corbett**, esq. formerly M.P. Deputy Lieutenant of Cheshire, late of Eltham, near Brigg, Lincolnshire, and Over, Cheshire, proved 5th Oct. under 100,000*l.* personalty, by the surviving executor, Bartle John Laurie Frere, esq. The trustees appointed are the Right Hon. Arthur Earl of Sussex, and William Hutton, esq. of Gate Burton, Gainsborough. The testator married Lady Mary Noel Beaucherk, youngest daughter of William eighth Duke of St. Alban's, and died July 5th last, aged 72. The will is dated July 1861, and two codicils 1864 and 1866. The trustees are directed to pay to his daughter and only child, Eleanor





Blanche Mary, wife of Col. John Astley (eldest son of Sir F. D. Astley), from the rent of his estates in Lincolnshire, an annuity of 6,000*l.* for her life, and after her decease to continue the said annuity to her husband Colonel Astley. He leaves to the children of his daughter, after her decease, other than the eldest son, 1,000*l.* amongst them. He leaves to each son and daughter of the late William Andrew 400*l.* free of duty; to his sister Ann Maria Corbett 100*l.* a year; to his brother William Corbett 70*l.* a year; to each of his executors 100*l.*; to his bailiff Mr. Dodd 40*l.* a year. All surplus rents and income to accumulate for twenty-one years, after which his daughter's annuity is to be increased to 8,000*l.* The residue of his real and personal estate to be invested for the benefit of his daughter and her issue.

Admiral Sir Lucius Curtis, K.C.B. (who was noticed at p. 201), proved on the 20th Feb. by Mr. Septimus Curtis, the son, and Frances Ann Curtis, the daughter, power being reserved to Mr. John E. Paddon, of Fareham, the executors and trustees. The personalty was sworn under 12,000*l.* The will is dated October 2 last. Sir Lucius has left to his daughter Elizabeth O'Shea, and to his son Septimus Curtis, certain articles of plate. The rest of the plate and the residue of his personal estate he leaves to his daughter Frances Ann Curtis. His real estates at Wymering, Portsea, and Chatering, in Hampshire, he leaves to his son Septimus, chargeable with an annuity to testator's sister, Jane Curtis. He leaves his estates at East Cosham, and all other his real estates, to his daughter, Frances Ann Curtis, whom he has appointed residuary legatee.

Alexander Davidson, esq. of Balnagask, Kincardineshire, has bequeathed the following sums for charitable purposes.

For erecting a school and school-house in Torry, "having a warm interest in the rising generation of that poor village," 1,200*l.*; to the endowment scheme of the Church of Scotland, "that noble movement originated by the deceased Dr. James Robertson," 300*l.*; to the Scottish Corporation, London, 100*l.*; to the Caledonian Asylum, London, 100*l.*; to the London Hospital, Mile-end Road, 100*l.*; to the Society for Education in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland, 100*l.*; to the Kirk Session of the established church, Foot-dee, for educational purposes, 100*l.*; to

the various charities in the city of Aberdeen, to be apportioned by his trustees and executors, recommending to them for special consideration the Royal Infirmary, the Asylum for the Blind, Ragged Schools, and Reformatories, for portions thereof, 1,500*l.*

John Dickinson, esq. F.R.S. (of whom a memoir has been given in p. 216), proved under 200,000*l.* personalty. The executors and trustees are George Webb Dasent, esq. LL.D. of Chesham-place, Sebastian Stewart Dickinson, esq. the testator's nephew, and Robert Francis Cooke, esq. of Albemarle-st. The will is dated 12 Dec. 1867, and a codicil 28 July 1868. The testator has bequeathed to his wife an annuity of 1,200*l.* an immediate legacy of 600*l.* and his residence in Brook-street. To his grandson, Frederick Thomas Pratt Barlow, his shares in the London Institution. His estate and mansion Abbot's-hill, and all his other estates, he leaves to his only son John Dickinson, whom he has appointed residuary legatee, he paying an annuity of 300*l.* to the heir next entitled to the estates. He has left legacies to his sisters, and others of his family, and to his executors; also to several persons who had been in his employ.

James Disraeli (of whom a notice is given at p. 130), proved with personalty under 14,000*l.* After leaving to his housekeeper a legacy of 4,000*l.*, and to her sister, then in his service, a legacy of 400*l.*, both free of duty, he bequeaths the residue of his personal estate, together with his real estate, to his brother the Right Hon. B. Disraeli.

Joseph Priestly Edwards, late of Fixby Park, Yorkshire, one of the unfortunate passengers by the Irish mail train who perished in the accident at Abergele, on the 20th of August 1868, has been proved by his brother Sir Henry Edwards, Mr. Samuel Waterhouse, and Mr. Frederick William Cronhelm, three of the executors. The personal estate is sworn under 140,000*l.*

Mrs. Mary Elmslie, late of Woodeote-place, near Epsom, formerly of Aberdeen, relict of James Elmslie, esq. proved on the 11th Dec. 1868, under 10,000*l.* personalty. The will has this endorsement, "from the Lunacy Office." It bears date May 11, 1858, and the testatrix died Nov. 9, 1868, aged 89. The testatrix's brother, Alexander Calder, having pre-deceased her, her residence devolves to her brother Edward, to whom she has bequeathed her estates



in Somersetshire and to whom will revert, as survivor, the residue of the real and personal estates.

The will of Sir Henry Ellis, (who was noticed at p. 201.) was proved 19th Feb. by the executors, Mr. Reginald Bray, of Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, solicitor; and Miss Jane Sarah Ellis, the testator's daughter—the personalty being sworn under 25,000*l*. The will is dated March 16, 1866. Sir Henry has left for the benefit of his son, Edward Ellis, his estate at East Grinstead, and to his son Frederick Ellis, his estate at Tottenham; and to each of them he also leaves a legacy of 500*l*. To his daughter Jane S. Ellis, he leaves a legacy of 2,800*l*. making an equal inheritance to each; and divides the rest of his property equally between them, with liberty for each to retain any books or other articles at a valuation; the rest of his effects is to be converted into money for their benefit.

Colonel Henry Hamlyn-Fane, (see p. 152), proved by his relict, the sole executrix. He has bequeathed to his wife all his personal property absolutely, together with a life interest in his unentailed real estates, and has charged the property he inherited under the will of his grandmother, the Hon. Anne Fane, with an annuity of 400*l*. in favor of his wife, and with a further charge of 4,000*l*. to be equally divided amongst his younger children. His freeholds at Sopley and elsewhere, in Hampshire, are settled upon his eldest son, Neville Hamlyn-Fane; and upon the decease of his relict the whole of the real estates will devolve to the son who shall first have attained the age of twenty-one. The will bears date 1866, and a codicil March 1868. The personalty was sworn under 4,000*l*.

John Griffith Frith, esq. J.P. of Old Broad-street, merchant, and of Wimpole-street, Cavendish-square; proved under 140,000*l*. by the executors and trustees; namely, John Lands, esq. his partner, Brownlow Edward Layard, esq. his brother-in-law; and Robert H. White, esq. his son-in-law. The will bears date May, 1866, with five codicils, the last dated October 17, 1868. The testator died at Highlands, Winchesterhampton, Gloucestershire, 10th November, 1868, aged 72. He has left many legacies and charitable bequests. To his wife he leaves an annuity of 4,500*l*. and an immediate legacy of 1,000*l*. To his son-in-law, Mr. R. H.

White, he leaves a moiety of the residue arising from the proceeds of his estates, real and personal. To his son, the Rev. R. E. B. Frith, and his daughter Jane Louisa, he leaves the other money, equally between them. To each of his executors 200*l*. The following are the charitable bequests:—To the Seamen's Hospital, the Dreadnought, 500*l*.; Sailor's Home, Wells-street, 500*l*.; Middlesex Hospital, 500*l*.; St. Mary's Hospital 500*l*.; St. Mark's Hospital, City-road, 150*l*.; Royal Hospital for Incurables, 200*l*.; Hospital for Sick Children, 200*l*.; Cripples' Home and Female Refuge, Marylebone, 100*l*.; London Fever Hospital, 200*l*.; Merchant Seamen's Orphan Asylum, 200*l*.; and leaves a further sum of two hundred and fifty guineas to the last-named asylum, free of duty; and he declares that such last-mentioned legacy is given by him so as to enable his daughter, Jane Louisa, to have during her life an orphan in the school of said asylum, and that the sum of 250 guineas shall be paid in such manner as to carry out this his desire.

Admiral Sir James Alexander Gordon, Knt. G.C.B. Admiral of the Fleet, and Governor of Greenwich Hospital, (of whom a memoir was given in p. 112), proved on the 5 Feb. and the personalty sworn under 35,000*l*. by his daughters, Salvatora Maxwell Gordon and Elizabeth Anne Gordon, to whom he has left his furniture, &c. His other effects, real and personal, including the reversion to which his estate will become entitled under the will of Lord Glenbervie, and all his estates in Scotland, amongst his children equally. The will is dated 1857.

Sir Thomas Gresley, Bart. M.P. for South Derbyshire, (see p. 150), proved at Derby, on the 5 Feb. by his relict, the sole executrix, to whom he has bequeathed the whole of his estates, real and personal.

The Scotch confirmation or testamentary disposition of Thomas Campbell Haggart, esq. was sealed in the London Court as not exceeding 80,000*l*. personalty.

John Hall, of Walkington-lodge, co. York, esq. (died 24 Jan. 1868, at St. Leonard's-on-Sea), administration 12th Jan. 1869, to James Hall, of Scarborough, esq.

John Barnard Hankey, late of Fetcham Park, Surrey (who died on the 22nd of December 1868), proved by his son Mr. George James Barnard Hankey, one of





the surviving executors. The personal estate is sworn under 140,000*l.* To his wife, who receives by settlement from his real estate 1,500*l.* per annum, is bequeathed a legacy of 2,500*l.* To his daughters and sons he has bequeathed sums which, with the sums already settled, will be equal to 10,000*l.* To his grandson, John Barnard Hankey, 1,000*l.* The residue of his estate and effects is bequeathed to his eldest son, George James Barnard Hankey.

Charles Augustus, Lord Howard de Walden and Seaford, her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of the Belgians, G.C.B. (died 29th Aug. 1868, at Lesve, in Belgium), will dated 24 April, 1846, and a codicil 16 Nov. 1858, proved on the 16 Jan. by his widow and Lord Henry William Cavendish Bentinck, the surviving executors. In addition to the jointure of 1,500*l.* per annum secured under marriage settlement, the deceased has left to his widow the leasehold house No. 2, Audley-square, with the furniture and effects belonging thereto, for her life; and then to his eldest son Frederick George. To his widow all shares in the Portuguese Lizerias Company for life, and in such manner as she may appoint to his two daughters Harriet Georgina and Charlotte Isabella. To each of his younger children he gives an annuity of 300*l.* and all his estates and plantations in Jamaica, and the residue of his property to his eldest son the present Peer.

The Hon. and Very Rev. Henry Edward John Howard, D.D. Dean of Lichfield (died Oct. 8, 1868), proved at Lichfield, and the personalty sworn under 45,000*l.* The executors are Henrietta Elizabeth Howard, the relict, and George Howard, esq. the son. The will was made in 1833, and there are three codicils, dated 1849, 1860, and 1863. The testator has bequeathed to his wife 12,000*l.* beyond any other provision under the will or marriage settlement, and all furniture, plate, and books, not otherwise disposed of. The portrait of his father the Earl of Carlisle, by Sir Thomas Lawrence, he leaves to his eldest son. He leaves his theological books and MSS. to such of his sons as may take holy orders; but, should neither of them do so, he leaves the two interleaved copies of the Septuagint Bible and the interleaved copy of the New Testament to the Rev. E. N. Young, B.A. Chaplain to the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos. The residue he

leaves amongst his children equally, but excluding therefrom, by codicil, his two married daughters Charlotte and Julia, who received their portions on marriage.

Thomas Howell, esq. of Highfield, Shrewsbury, (died December 7, 1868, aged 71,) proved at Shrewsbury, by Judith Howell, the relict; Samuel Smith, esq. J.P. and John Heighway, esq. executrix and executors, all of Shrewsbury. Personalty sworn under 60,000*l.* To his executors 50*l.* each, and the following charitable bequests:—To the Salop Infirmary, 200*l.*; Shrewsbury Dispensary, 150*l.*; Good Samaritan Society, 100*l.*; British and Foreign Bible Society, 150*l.*; Church Pastoral Aid Society, 150*l.*; London Missionary Society, 100*l.*; Shrewsbury Sick Man's Friend Society, 100*l.*; Religious Tract Society, 100*l.*; Church Missionary Society, 150*l.*; Society for Promoting Christianity Among the Jews, 50*l.*; Lichfield Diocesan Church Building Society, 150*l.*; Irish Church Mission, 100*l.*; Society for Prevention of Cruelty of Animals, 100*l.*; Blind Asylum, Liverpool, 100*l.*; Blind Asylum, Birmingham, 100*l.*; and George Muller's Orphan Asylum, Bristol, 100*l.* all free of duty. The remainder of his personalty and all his real estates to his widow and son, should he attain the age of twenty-one years. He has appointed his executrix and executors trustees and guardians.

Mr. John Humphery, of Hibernia-wharf, London Bridge, (see his death in p. 152.) proved 11th January under 160,000*l.* To his executors and trustees Sir William Henry Humphery, bart. (his brother), Henry John Philip Damas, of The Cedars, Clapham, and Arthur Jackson, of Billiter-square, solicitor, 500*l.* each, free of duty; to his manager Thomas Newnham Sampson, 300*l.*; to his sampler George Taylor, 100*l.*; to his bookkeepers Richard Tester and Joseph Charles White, 100*l.* each; and 400*l.* to be distributed amongst the other clerks and foremen in his employ at the time of his decease, and not under notice to leave. The widow has an immediate legacy of 500*l.* and the whole income of the residue, subject to payment of an annuity of 300*l.* to each son on attaining twenty-one, and each daughter on attaining that age or marrying. After his death to be equally divided between all the children, of whom there are twelve.

Sir John Ralph Milbanke-Huskisson,



Bart., (see a memoir in p. 110) proved in London on the 6th Feb. by Lady Milbanke-Huskisson the relict, Horatio Mansfield, esq. of Liverpool, and John Lucena Ross Kettle, esq. Lincoln's Inn, the acting executors, power being reserved to the Right Hon. William Francis Cowper, M.P. the other executor. The personality is sworn under 20,000*l*. The will is dated 1859, with two codicils, Oct. 1866, and Dec. 30, 1868. He has bequeathed to his wife Earham House for life, the furniture absolutely, an immediate legacy of 400*l*. and the interest arising from the personal estate, and also from the freehold estates purchased by him, which, after her decease, will descend to his eldest son and successor.

Thomas Jacomb, esq.; proved under 90,000*l*. He bequeaths to the Bible Society and the London Missionary Society each a legacy of 100*l*. and makes some interesting bequests of portraits of celebrated personages.

John Edward Johnson, esq. (see p. 64), proved 12 Dec. 1868, by Emily Johnson the widow, William Thomas Dalby, of Kennington-park-road, M.D. and Edward Henry Fennell, of Guildford-st. esq. Personality sworn under 60,000*l*.

The Hon. Charles Langdale, of Houghton Park, Yorkshire (of whom a memoir was given in p. 110), proved under 35,000*l*. by the executors, Lord Herries and Charles Langdale, esq. Will dated June 12th last.

Mr. John Richard Lund, watchmaker, 41, Cornhill, and Springfield Lodge, Lee, Kent, proved Feb. 15, under 18,000*l*. personality. He bequeaths to his wife a legacy of 200*l*. an annuity of 400*l*. or the interest of 10,000*l*. for her life, and has made a provision for his three daughters. To his sons John and Arthur he leaves each an annuity of 300*l*. until they take possession of the business. He leaves the ultimate residue of his property between his four sons equally.

Lieutenant-General Allan Thomas Maclean, colonel of the 13th Hussars, proved on Jan. 14, under 16,000*l*.

Sir Richard Mayne, K.C.B. Chief Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police (of whom a memoir is given in p. 113), proved 19 Jan. by the relict and sole executrix. The personal property sworn under 5,000*l*. After making an immediate provision for his wife, the residue of his property, real and personal, for his wife for life, and after her death for his children.

Esther Mocatta (see p. 65), proved 15 Dec. 1868 by Abraham Mocatta and Emanuel Mocatta, executors. Personal estate under 20,000*l*. Several bequests are left to Jewish institutions.

Mr. William Muir, formerly merchant in Glasgow, and brother of the late Dr. John Muir, of St. James's parish, Edinburgh, who recently died, aged 86, has made liberal provision for education in Glasgow. The will, which extends to twenty-four pages, is written by himself, and subscribed on 30th Nov. 1865. After leaving handsome legacies and annuities to his nephews and nieces, and making small contributions to certain charitable and benevolent objects, he leaves, in four separate funds, the sum of 15,000*l*. for the education of poor children. Different bodies of trustees are appointed to administer the four funds; but the testator declares that "no Papist, no Puseyite, no Tractarian, no Socinian, no Arian, shall be allowed to be directors or trustees." The testator also bequeaths the half of the residue to the School Fund, which may thus ultimately amount to 18,000*l*. or 19,000*l*.

The Scotch confirmation or testamentary disposition of Mr. Alexander Haldare Oswald was sealed in the London Court, the effects being estimated at 72,000*l*.

Hugh Darby Owen, esq. formerly of Prestbury Lodge, Gloucestershire, but late of Roderic House, Cheltenham (died Oct. 26, 1868), proved at Gloucester under 160,000*l*. personality. The executors are Harriet Eliza Owen the relict, and Henry Charles B. Barton, esq. of Cheltenham. The will was executed May 23, 1867. He leaves to his wife an annuity of 1,800*l*. and an immediate legacy of 1,000*l*. together with residence and furniture for life. He leaves 5,000*l*. to each of his children, except the eldest son, Hugh Darby Owen, who inherits the real estates; and there is some beneficial interest to his son Edward Roderic, should he not succeed to the estates. The possessor of the estates is always to use the name of Owen and bear the family arms.

Jeremiah Giles Pilcher, esq. of Morgan's-lane, Tooley-st. and the Cedars, Clapham-common, J.P. and D.L. (drowned 19 Oct. 1868). Will dated 15 Aug. 1846, proved 16 Jan. 1869 by Anna Clarissa his widow, under 90,000*l*. His whole property is left to Mrs. Pilcher for life and to be equally divided among their children.





Lady Power, relict of Lieut.-Gen. Sir Manley Power, K.C.B. and K.T.S. proved 22nd Jan. by Frederick Gwatkin, esq. of Lincoln's-inn, sole executor. The personalty sworn under 14,000*l*. The will is dated Dec. 19, 1866, with a codicil Jan. 10, 1868. Her Ladyship, who died Jan. 10 last at her residence, Somerset-place, Bath, aged 84, was the daughter of Lieut.-Colonel Kingsmill Evans (Grenadier Guards). She has left the furniture of her residence to her youngest son, who inherits the mansion upon her decease; and, after making a few bequests, leaves all the rest of her property, real and personal, equally between her two sons.

Dame Elizabeth Virgo Riall, widow of Gen. Sir Phineas Riall (see p. 156), proved by the executors Sir John Kirkland and the Hon. Peter Campbell Scarlett. The personal property sworn under 14,000*l*. To Sir John Kirkland, 1000*l*. and a bronze service, and to her other executor a legacy of 200*l*. The rest of her property is left upon trust for Mrs. Emily Elizabeth Russell Langdale and her issue.

Sir W. J. Ridley died intestate. Letters of administration of his personal estate were sworn under 2,000*l*.

Field-Marshal Sir Hew Dalrymple Ross, G.C.B. of Stonehouse, Cumberland, (who has been noticed in p. 147) proved on the 13th Jan. by Dame Elizabeth Margaret Ross the relict, Major-Gen. Charles James Buchanan Riddell, C.B. and Colonel George William Fordyce Buchan, the executors. The will is dated April 1867 and a codicil the 9th of Jan. 1868; the whole in favour of the widow and children. The personal property is sworn under 12,000*l*.

General William Henry Scott, Colonel of the 36th Regt. formerly of the Scots Fusilier Guards (died 9 Nov. at Brighton), proved on 11th Jan. by Sir James Archibald Hope, G.C.B. and the Hon. William Owen Stanley, the executors, under 40,000*l*. The executors each receive a legacy of 200*l*., and 100*l*. each is left to Sir Hyde Parker, Bart., Colonel Digby, Capt. Sir Edward Parry, R.N., and Mr. Samuel Good late surgeon-major of the Scots Fusilier Guards; and to two god-daughters the testator leaves 50*l*. each. The residue, including his estates at Thorpe, Surrey, and Whitechurch, Bucks, is left to his widow for life, subject to the payment of 300*l*. per annum for the benefit of his son William Charles Scott during his mi-

nority, who on her death succeeds to the whole of the property.

Lieut.-Colonel Robert Seymour, of the Bengal establishment, late of 10, Addison-road, Notting-hill, proved Dec. 10, 1868, and the personalty sworn under 30,000*l*.

Edward Melian Gullifer Showers, a General in Her Majesty's Royal Madras Artillery (see p. 149), died at his residence, Westbourne House, Cheltenham. His will, dated 15 Nov. 1861, was proved on the 14th Feb. at Gloucester, by Edward Samuel Graeme Showers, the surviving executor. The testator has left his household furniture and effects to his wife Amy absolutely, the annual income of his personal property for life; at her death to his son.

Bassett Smith, of The Mount, Gravely-hill, near Birmingham, gent. formerly a bank manager (died 18 Oct. 1868), proved 26 Nov. by Edwin Wiggall and Francis Cleland Bourne, executors.

Mark Smith, of Heywood, co. Lancaster, ironfounder (died 22 June 1868), proved at Manchester 15 Oct. by Waverley Smith his son, and Frederick Mills, two of the executors.

The will, with three codicils, of Jane dowager Countess Somers, who died on the 23rd of November, was proved on the 23rd January by Joseph Yorke, nephew of the deceased, and Thomas Somers Cocks, her cousin, the executors. The personal property is sworn under 50,000*l*. The deceased has left the sums of 10,000*l*. sterling and 8,000*l*. Consols, upon trust, to pay the income to her adopted daughter Frances Allen (the wife of Philip Allen, esq.) for life, and at her death to divide the capital among all her children in equal shares. To each of her executors she has given a legacy of 300*l*.; to the Rev. Henry Bromley Cocks, her great-nephew, 1,000*l*.; and to his sister Elizabeth Bagnel, 500*l*.; to her niece Catherine Harriet Clifford, 500*l*.; to her niece Anna Mary Head (wife of Sir Edmund Head, Bart.), 500*l*.; to Henrietta Annabel, Caroline, Jennima, Julia, and Charlotte, the five daughters of the late Rev. Philip Yorke, 500*l*. to be equally divided between them or such of them as should be living at the time of her decease; to her cousin Julia Heywood, 500*l*.; to Georgiana, widow of her nephew James Charles Yorke, 2,000*l*.; to her nephew Joseph Yorke, in addition to his legacy as an executor, 200*l*. and to his son



John Reginald, 200*l.*; to Capt. Reginald Yorke, R.N. 500*l.*; to Colonel Philip Yorke, 100*l.*; to the Rev. Charles Isaac Yorke, 100*l.*; to her cousin Anna Maria Bendyshe, 1,000*l.*; to her god-daughters Henrietta Maria Cocks, Henrietta Maria May, Florence Jane Smith, and Maria Jane Molyneux, 200*l.* each; to her nephew Arthur Dymoke Bradshaw, 1,000*l.*; to her brother-in-law Thomas Bradshaw, 100*l.*; to Catherine Langham, 200*l.*; to Edmund Smith, 200*l.*; to her godson William Somers L. Johnston, 200*l.*; to Mrs. Juliana Crisp, 200*l.*; to her god-daughter Jane Allen, 500*l.*; to the Rev. Capel Molyneux, free of legacy duty, 500*l.*; to her maid Mrs. Steer, 3,000*l.*; and to James Steer her husband and testatrix's manservant, 1,000*l.* The residue of testatrix's property is left to the said Lady Anna Maria Head, Catherine Harriet Clifford, and Frances Allen.

Lord Somerville, whose death is recorded in p. 46, died intestate, and on the 25th Jan. letters of administration of his personal estate, sworn under 14,000*l.* were granted to his mother, Frances Louisa Baroness Somerville, of East Close, near Chichester.

Frank Hall Stephenson, esq. of Cork-st. Burlington-gardens (died 20 Sept. 1868), administration to Sir Rowland Macdonald Stephenson, 4 Jan. 1869.

Miss Jane Symes, proved at Exeter under 14,000*l.* She has left the following charitable bequests, payable after the decease of her brother, Mr. James Fynmore Symes:—To the Bible Society, 500*l.*; London Missionary Society, 200*l.*; Church Pastoral Aid Society, 100*l.*; London City Mission, 100*l.*; Royal Free Hospital, 100*l.*

Hugh Taylor, esq. formerly M.P. of Earsdon, Northumberland, proved in the registry at Newcastle-on-Tyne, under 100,000*l.*, the executors and trustees being his nephews, John Taylor, esq. and the Rev. Hugh Taylor. The will is dated March 11, 1868; and the testator died August 31, 1868, aged 51. He had represented Tynemouth in Parliament on two occasions, and was an extensive coal and ship owner. His freeholds in the county of Northumberland he leaves to his nephew John Taylor; he leaves to his niece Ann Taylor his furniture, a portion of the plate which she may select, and his carriages and horses. The rest of the plate and all the presents made to him from the Dukes and Duchesses of Northumberland and others are to be

held as heirlooms. To his cousin, Hugh Stephenson, he leaves some farms, and he has left a legacy to his steward, Mr. Robson, and to others in his employ. He leaves a sum of 12,000*l.* for almshouses to be erected at Newburn, on a site given by the Duke of Northumberland. He leaves a moiety of the interest of 3,000*l.* to the Manor School at Newburn Hall, and the other moiety to the Earsdon School for the Education of the children of Artisans and Mining and Labouring Classes; the interest of 1,000*l.* for the poor of Shilbottle, to be given on Christmas Eve; 1,000*l.* to the Prudhoe Convalescent Home at Whitley; 500*l.* to the Northumberland and Durham Infirmary; and 100*l.* to the North Shields Hospital.

Miss Frances Teed, late of Bath, and formerly of Great Campden House, Kensington, proved under 16,000*l.* the executors being William Spencer Palmer, esq. of Hamilton-terrace, London, and the Rev. Isaac Sadler Gale, M.A. Rector of St. John's, Bristol. The following legacies are left from the New 3 per Cent Annuities:—500*l.* to the London Church Missionary Society; 500*l.* to the Philo-Judean Society; 200*l.* to the Governesses' Benevolent Institution; 100*l.* to the Church Pastoral Aid Society; 100*l.* to the Blind Home at Bath; and 100*l.* to the Orphan School, Bath.

Hugh Morgan Tuite, of Sonna, co. Westmeath, esq. (died 15 Aug. 1868 at Sonna), proved in Ireland by Thomas Aider Cnsack, of Dublin, esq. 23 Dec.

Mr. George Virtue (of whom a memoir was given at p. 133), proved by Sir Thomas Gabriel and Mr. William Alexander Waller, two of the surviving executors. The personal estate is sworn under 80,000*l.*

James West, esq. (died Oct. 6, 1868), proved in the Irish Court of Probate on the 26 Feb. The executors are Mrs. Jemima West (his widow), William H. West, esq. (his son), and Charles M. West, esq. J.P. (his brother). The deceased, who had been High Sheriff of the city of Dublin, and who held the commission of the peace, was head of the well-known firm of West and Son, jewellers. He leaves his residence, Shanganagh Grove, to his widow, with reversion to his younger son, together with an annuity of 800*l.*; and, after providing for his daughter, and bequeathing sundry amounts to his relatives, he leaves the residue of his property, including his business and capital, between his two sons.





# THE REGISTER

AND

## MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY.

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### A FREE LANCE OF THE FOURTEENTH CENTURY.

SIR JOHN HAWKWOOD.

Split up into thirty or forty republics or principalities, the larger of which were gradually absorbing the smaller, Italy was a prey during the fourteenth century to numerous companies of adventure, whose swords were at the service of the highest bidder, and who, if in rare intervals of general peace unable to find employers, plundered and levied blackmail on their own account. Their rapacity was insatiable, their breach of faith notorious, yet their aid was eagerly courted by prosperous citizens, disinclined to undergo in person the fatigues of a campaign, and by ambitious and unscrupulous chieftains—a fraternity of robbers, as Gatara styles them—intent on schemes of aggrandisement. One of these soldiers of fortune, an Englishman who had won knighthood by his prowess at the battle of Poitiers, is pronounced by the sober judgment of Hallam “the first distinguished commander who had appeared in Europe since the destruction of the Roman empire . . . . . the first real general of modern times, the earliest master, however imperfect, in the science of Turenne and Wellington.” In the chronicles of the time his name, distorted in a great variety of ways—Auti, Kaukkaduc, Hacluit, and Acuto or Aguto, this last being the most frequent form—occupies a prominent place; but this period of Italian history, with its dreary monotony of conspiracy, turbulence, and rapine, is by no means inviting reading, and hence perhaps it is that Sir John Hawkwood’s career has received so little notice from English writers. So generally forgotten was he that in 1663 a Mr. Skippon, remarking an inscription at Florence in honour of Joannes Acutus, congratulated himself on the discovery of an unknown British worthy light John Sharp, a blunder which tourists even of the present day, but for the assistance of guide-



books, would be very liable to fall into. In 1776, Lord Hailes having presented the Society of Antiquaries with an engraved portrait of Hawkwood, a biographical sketch was read at one of the Society's meetings and printed in the sixth vol. of the *Bibliotheca Topographica Britannica*. This paper, from which most works of reference have been content to borrow, exhibits Mr. Gough's well-known industry and research; but it is in many respects defective and inexact, and Hawkwood, therefore, plainly comes within the category of "neglected biography."

The date of his birth is unknown, but, since he was described at his death in 1394 as well advanced in years, it was probably not later than 1324. His father, Gilbert, was a tanner at Sible Hedingham, in Essex; but a manor in the parish had borne the name for upwards of a century, and its lord, Stephen Hawkwood, may have been the uncle who is said to have taught him the art of war. He was apprenticed to a tailor in London (hence Villani calls him John of the Needle, and he was the subject of a romance, or rather burlesque, entitled "The Honour of the Taylors," published in 1687); but, to use Fuller's words, soon "turned his needle into a sword, and his thimble into a shield." He joined the Earl of Oxford's contingent in France as a common archer, speedily rose to the rank of captain, and was knighted for his gallantry at Poitiers; but was accounted the poorest knight in the army, and the peace of Bretigni in 1360 was consequently a serious blow to his prospects. He resolved on joining one of the bands which styled themselves the Late Comers, signifying, says Mezeray, that the harvest had been already gathered in by others, and that for them only the gleanings remained. They ravaged the south and east of France, and having mostly served under Edward III. took the title of English, though composed in part of Germans, Flemings, and French. Edward was suspected of covertly encouraging them; but, on the remonstrance of the King of France, he admonished them to desist, an injunction which merely had the effect of inducing them to shelter themselves under the name of the King of Navarre. All whose wealth excited their cupidity, and who could not ensconce themselves in castles or fortified towns, were obliged to pay them blackmail, in consideration of which they were perhaps guaranteed protection against rival companies of marauders; and, after "gleaning" Champagne and Burgundy, they marched towards Avignon. James de Bourbon, the king's cousin, endeavoured to intercept them, but was signally defeated and mortally wounded at Brignais, in the Lyonnese, a hundred of his knights having to pay exorbitant ransoms. Innocent VI. preached a crusade against them, but ineffectually. Chance, however, threw in his way a more promising expedient. He induced the Marquis of Montferriat, who was on a visit to the papal court, to invite the adventurers to assist him in his hostilities with Galeazzo Visconti of Milan. Accordingly





100,000 florins and full absolution from his Holiness prevailed upon them to betake themselves towards Italy, beguiling the march, as Froissart says, with conversation on the wealth and cowardice of the Lombards, and on the prospect of speedily becoming so rich that they would no longer need to live by the sword.

It does not certainly appear whether the White Company to which Hawkwood belonged, and which, though chiefly consisting of Englishmen, was commanded by a German, Albert Sterz, was a party to this or to a later compact, but there is little doubt that they entered Italy about 1362. As early as 1143 Venice had set the example of employing foreign mercenaries, and several German expeditions had left companies of adventure behind them. Familiar however as the Italians had become to Germans, Hungarians, and French, this was their first acquaintance with English soldiers. Villani describes them as lusty young men, mostly brought up in the long wars with France, impetuous, eager, and practised in slaughter and rapine, careless of personal safety, and in matters of discipline very obedient to their commanders. Winter, and this was the most surprising fact of all, was no obstacle to their operations, and they seemed incapable of fatigue. Most of them had several pages, who kept their armour clean and bright, so that it shone like burnished glass and gave them a terrible appearance in the field. In battle they dismounted and fought on foot with their lances or arrows; and portable ladders, so constructed as to be taken to pieces, each portion consisting of two or three rungs, enabled them to scale the highest walls or towers. After capturing Amadeus, Count of Savoy, and exacting from him 180,000 florins as a ransom, they carried fire and sword into Lombardy, torturing the unfortunate inhabitants in order to make them reveal suspected treasure, and bearing in their train the plague, which they had brought with them from France. Galeazzo ordered all the towns and castles which could not stand a siege to be burnt, and by the imposition of heavy taxes he engaged a company of Hungarians; but the Milanese suffered almost as much from their defenders as from their assailants, and the rival bands knew their common interest too well to engage in serious warfare with each other.

On the conclusion of peace the Marquis was glad to be rid of his costly and troublesome auxiliaries, who passed into the service of Pisa, then at war with its rival Florence, the latter being the head of the Guelph party in Tuscany, as the former was of the Ghibelin. These names however had long lost their original signification, and it would be more intelligible to regard Florence as the ally of the Popes, and Pisa as the friend of their redoubtable antagonists the Visconti, who were gradually acquiring ascendancy in Northern Italy. The Florentines shutting themselves up within their walls, the campaign of 1363



was confined to a foray on their territory and to a three days' encampment before the city, when the Pisans hung up asses as a mark of their contempt for an enemy who would not fight, indulged in races, and struck medals representing the Pisan eagle mounted on the prostrate lion of Florence. Assigned winter quarters at Pisa, the adventurers committed such excesses that the inhabitants had to bribe them to retire, with permission to plunder any territory not belonging to themselves or to friendly states. In the following spring the war was renewed, the Pisans being reinforced by a second troop commanded by Baumgarten, a German, whom Italian writers call Bongardo. They burnt the suburbs of Florence, and on the eve of May-day there was great revelry, Baumgarten, to commemorate some feat of arms, conferring knighthood on several of his captains, and the soldiers dancing by the light of torches, which they flung in the air and caught as they fell. The citizens passed an anxious night, the more so since a trumpet and drum were sounded close by the walls, as if a storm was about to be attempted. They at length induced Sterz and Baumgarten, by a bribe of 120,000 florins, to retire, with a promise not to molest them again within five years. Hawkwood, with 1,200 lances, adhered to Pisa, a fidelity which it would be idle to attribute to other than interested motives, and was appointed to the command of its forces, but his *début* as a general was unfortunate. The Florentines having assumed the offensive, he attacked them at Cascina, selecting an hour when they would have the sun full in their faces and when a breeze would spring up and blow the dust in their eyes; but the march in the heat of the day so exhausted his troops that their feeble attack was repulsed, and all that Hawkwood could do was to effect a retreat without serious loss. The Florentines advanced to the neighbourhood of Pisa, and, before retiring, hung up a couple of crows, dogs, and sheep, with the caustic legend, "Like chattering crows you came, like furious dogs you attacked us, and like sheep you took to flight."

In 1365 the conclusion of peace between the two republics threw Hawkwood out of employment, whereupon he ravaged the environs of Pisa, Siena, and Perugia. The last-named town was twice driven to engage rival companies to withstand him, and on the first occasion he was defeated, 1,600 of his men being captured, and the victor being his old comrade Baumgarten; but on the second he inflicted a decisive defeat on the Perugians and their Hungarian auxiliaries. Siena esteemed it the wisest policy to pay him tribute, sending him also presents of horses and wine. The evils resulting from the introduction of foreign mercenaries had now become so manifest that several states entered into a confederacy against them, Hawkwood's, Baumgarten's, and two other bands being ostensibly the objects of a saving clause, lest in desperation they should combine and so become more terrible than





ever. This league, however, was soon broken up, nor was an attempt to send the banditti to Cyprus a whit more successful. St. Katharine of Siena, who took a warm interest in the pacification of Italy, sent a Dominican friar, Raimondo da Capua, to Hawkwood, with a letter, in which, reminding him of the many pains and fatigues he had endured in the service of the devil, she implored him to turn his arms against the infidel dogs who possessed the Holy Land. "I marvel much," said she, "that you, having as I have heard promised to go and fight for Christ in this holy undertaking, should now want to make war here. This is not that holy disposition that God requires of you." Hawkwood, touched apparently by this passionate appeal, gave a written promise to join the expedition; but the project fell through. The age of crusades was past.

In 1368 we find Hawkwood at Milan, acting as captain of the guard to Lionel Duke of Clarence, on his marriage with Violante, daughter of Galeazzo Visconti. There was a grand entertainment, consisting of eighteen courses, each accompanied by presents of horses, dogs, hawks, and armour; but the chief interest to us in an event which excited so much stir at the time is the presence of Petrarch, who perhaps had Hawkwood in his mind when, indignantly demanding "*Che fan qui tante pellegrine spade*," he exhorted the Italian rulers to settle their minor differences and drive out the foreign rabble that like a deluge had inundated the fertile plains of Italy. Some have thought that Chaucer was also present, but of this there is no evidence. Clarence, it need hardly be added, died within twelve months, probably from intemperance, and the territory forming Violante's dowry was sold by the English, chiefly to the Marquis of Montferrat.

Hawkwood's next master was Barnabo Visconti, a man of an ambitious and savage disposition, who was repeatedly excommunicated by the Holy See, and on one occasion obliged the two monks who served him with the bull to swallow the document, with its leaden seal and other appendages. One of them afterwards became Pope Urban V., but vainly endeavoured to pay off the grudge, for Barnabo foiled every combination against him. As fond of hunting as William the Conqueror, he obliged every householder in Milan to maintain one or more of his hounds, the monthly inspection of which was so severe an ordeal that the poorest citizens, living themselves on the coarsest fare, provided the finest wheaten bread for these unwelcome guests. Sent to relieve San Miniato, which had revolted from Florence, Hawkwood drew the enemy into an ambuscade, and once more carried fire and sword up to the gates of that city. Commissioned soon afterwards to check the advance of Charles IV. of Germany, he cut the banks of the Po below Borgoforte, forcing the Imperialists to make a precipitate retreat. In 1371 or 1372, he was engaged at the siege of Asti; but,



taking offence at some slight from Visconti, or according to one account having been detected in correspondence with the enemy, he went over to Gregory XI., who had been levying tribute in England and the North of Europe in order to defray the expense of his struggle with Milan. He so changed the fortune of war, that Barnabo, in 1374, agreed to a two years' truce. Hawkwood now began to cultivate friendly relations with Florence, which, in consideration of some good offices he had shown it, voted him a pension of 1,200 florins as long as he remained in Italy, and Siena and Pisa about this time gave him handsome sums to secure themselves from molestation.

His engagement under the Pope was sullied by two frightful atrocities. In 1376, goaded by the misgovernment of the legates and encouraged by Milan, Tuscany, and Naples, eighty-three towns in Romagna and the Marches simultaneously asserted their independence, and Bologna joined the insurrection as soon as Hawkwood quitted it in order to suppress the risings in other quarters. He was directed by Cardinal Robert of Ginerra, afterwards the anti-pope Clement VII., to prevent an outbreak at Faenza, and to levy his arrears of pay on that town. He accordingly plundered it and gave it up to the licence of his troops; neither age nor sex was spared, nor was the sanctity of religious houses respected. In the following year, a company of Gascons and Bretons in the papal service, quartered at Cesena, having provoked the inhabitants to rise against them and drive them into the citadel, the same Cardinal, who had been vainly wishing to wash his feet in the blood of the Bolognese, sent for Hawkwood and directed him to enter the town by night and put the inhabitants to the sword. Hawkwood remonstrated against the butchery of unarmed people who had been cajoled by assurances of forgiveness, but the Cardinal was obdurate, and at dead of night the English and Gascons commenced a three days' massacre. Five thousand corpses are said to have been counted, and of the few inhabitants who escaped, thanks to the greater avidity of the English for booty than for blood, some succumbed to cold and hunger, while a miserable remnant begged their bread in the neighbouring towns. "Such dogs," exclaims Muratori, "did the Pope's ministers keep in their service." This dreadful tragedy made Italy shudder, and in all the towns of the anti-papal league masses were celebrated and mourning assumed for the victims.

Hawkwood is stated to have shown little zeal on behalf of the Holy See, and Muratori, alluding to his friendly relations with Florence, says, "*mangiava costui a due ganascie*;" his bread, in fact, was buttered on both sides. The engagement terminated about 1378, and, in default of money, he received Bagnacavallo, Cotignola, and three other towns or castles, all situate in the neighbourhood of Ravenna. He settled for a time in the district, and, attaching himself again to Barnabo,





married one of his natural daughters, Donnina, with a portion of 10,000 florins per annum. The wedding took place at Milan, and the bride received some handsome presents of jewels and money, while a tourney was carried on after dinner. The *strada Aguta* or Hawkwood's road, supposed to have been constructed by him for the better defence of his estates, still commemorates his residence in the Romagna. Sir William Coggeshal, an Essex man and apparently the brother of his first wife, now joined him, and, in a letter preserved in the Venetian archives, Hawkwood requests Gonzaga, Lord of Mantua, to allow a cargo of battleaxes, equipments, and household stuff for his castle at Bagnacavallo to pass down the Po free of customs duties. He assisted Barnabo against Verona, and on the conclusion of the war detachments of his company were engaged by various communes in Tuscany and the Romagna, while Gold, his constable-general, entered the service of Venice and rendered valuable assistance in the recovery of Chioggia from the Genoese. Hawkwood himself twice declined overtures from Venice, and from 1380 may be regarded as the Florentine commander-in-chief, though at liberty, when the republic was at peace, to seek employment elsewhere. He accordingly supported Charles of Durazzo in his pretensions to the throne of Naples, and reinstated the Carrara family at Padua, craftily drawing the Veronese from their entrenchments by means of a feigned attack and flight, and then inflicting on them a decisive defeat.

Hawkwood's last and most important expedition was directed against Milan. Gian Galeazzo, count of Virtù, had during seven years after the death of his father Galeazzo lulled to sleep the jealousy and suspicions of his uncle by a marriage with his daughter and by an assumption of devotion and cowardice, but in 1385 he treacherously seized Barnabo and two of his sons, and poisoned or otherwise despatched them in prison; his sister Violante, who surviving a second husband had married Lodovico, one of Barnabo's sons, sharing the same fate. Virtù made little secret of his design of gaining ascendancy in Italy, and his first manœuvre was to interfere in a quarrel between Verona and Padua, the result being that he annexed both territories. Florence, seeing a struggle for existence inevitable, was not disposed to wait till her enemy had swallowed up the smaller states, and her first step was to recall Hawkwood, who was then at Gaeta, with the forces of Queen Margaret, Charles of Durazzo's widow. The Milanese endeavoured to intercept his passage from Rome to Florence; but he baffled them by applying for safe-conducts for several different routes, and then rapidly traversed the Tuscan maremma, arriving at Florence in May 1390. He was received with great rejoicing, his pension was increased, he and his son were admitted to citizenship, and dowries were assigned to his three daughters.



Florence endeavoured at this crisis to secure assistance from France and Germany, but with little success. The French king laid down conditions so extravagant that they could not be entertained; Stephen, Duke of Bavaria, a son-in-law of Barnabo's, brought only half his promised contingent, and immediately beginning to haggle about his pay returned without striking a blow; while the Count of Armagnac, who had also married one of Barnabo's daughters, and who should have joined Hawkwood near Milan in order to attack Visconti in his own capital, arrived too late, and, imprudently hazarding an engagement near Alessandria, was there mortally wounded. Hawkwood therefore, as it turned out, had to bear the whole brunt of the campaign. The contemporary accounts of his movements are full of discrepancies, but the general outline is tolerably clear. On the 11th Jan. 1391, two hours before sunrise—which astrologers had recommended as an auspicious time—he marched out of Bologna at the head of 2,400 lancers and 15,000 infantry, recovered Padua, and advanced towards Mantua; but the discovery of a plot on the part of Astorre of Faenza, for the assassination of Francesco Ferrara and himself, induced him to fall back on Padua. In May he resumed the offensive, directing his march towards Brescia, and, drawing a reconnoitring corps under Thaddeus dal Verme into an ambushade, he destroyed or captured nearly the whole body. Arriving within about 20 miles from Milan, he encamped in a valley between the rivers Oglio and Adda in order to await Armagnac, and there the festival of St. John, the patron saint of Florence, was celebrated by horse-racing. The Milanese, superior in numbers and commanded by Jacopo dal Verme, a skilful general, were posted on the other side of the Adda. Virtu had ordered the country to be laid waste, and, his foraging parties being cut off, Hawkwood began to be straitened for provisions; he retired therefore to Paderno, near Cremona, a place abounding in corn, flax, and mulberry trees, and having a castle, the remains of which are still standing. Hearing no tidings of Armagnac and provisions again running short, he had no choice but between capitulation and retreat. The latter seemed well-nigh impossible, for the Oglio, the Mincio, and the Adige were in his rear, rivers which then, as now, were banked in, and could at any moment inundate the whole country. He offered battle; but Verme was too prudent to stir from his entrenchments when famine must speedily compel a surrender, and with the grim humour of the time, of which we have seen other examples, he sent Hawkwood a fox in a trap as an emblem of his position—a sarcasm the more biting since an Englishman was commonly compared to a fox. Hawkwood received it with great composure, sending word back that the animal did not seem at all uneasy and no doubt knew very well how to find his way out; or, as another version of the story has it, he drew some bars from the cage





and allowed the fox to escape. Deceiving the enemy by apparent preparations for an attack on their entrenchments, and dropping sacks filled with straw on his way in order to retard the pursuit, he commenced a retreat at midnight, and the greater part of his force had crossed the Oglio before the Milanese came up, while a body of English archers covered the passage of the remainder. The Mincio was also forded, and the troops, free from further pursuit, were indulging in profound sleep, when the noise of rushing waters announced that the embankments had been pierced, and that the very ground on which they were reposing would speedily be inundated. Abandoning all their baggage, they began to thread their way through the flood, which, diversified only by occasional trees and hillocks, sometimes reached the breasts of the horses and the necks of the infantry. Many of the men clung to the horses' tails or necks, and many, plunging unawares into ditches and canals, sank to the bottom. Exhausted with fatigue and hunger, the greater portion of the force, however managed to reach Castelbaldo, having accomplished a retreat extolled by all contemporary writers as equalling the exploits of the most famous Roman generals. Verme, taking for granted that the army had perished, made an irruption into Tuscany, but found himself confronted by Hawkwood, and, Florence having shown the exertions of which it was capable, hostilities were suspended in the following winter.

This, as has been said, was Hawkwood's last campaign. On the 16th or 17th March 1394 he died, and his remains were interred with great pomp in the cathedral church of St. Reparata at Florence. His widow and daughters remained in Italy, but his son came over to England and was knighted, and on Henry IV. requesting the removal of the great soldier's ashes to his native country, the Florentine authorities warmly recommended Sir John Hawkwood the younger to the King's favour. The second interment took place probably at Sible Hedingham, for a monument was erected to his memory, which is still in tolerable preservation, and a chantry was founded that two chaplains might pray for the repose of his soul. The Florentines desired to have some memento of their faithful general, and in 1436 Paolo Uccelli executed a portrait of him, clad in armour and seated on an ambling horse, the inscription being as follows :—"Joannes Acutus, Eques Britannicus, dux ætatis suæ cautissimus et rei militaris peritissimus, habitus est." This fresco, which has been recoloured and was removed a few years ago from the northern to the western end of the church, represents Hawkwood as a man of strong build and of more than the average height, with chesnut eyes and hair, and a ruddy complexion.

Those who look back with fond regret on the days of chivalry must be somewhat staggered by the rapacity and faithlessness of the companies of adventure, by their frequent barbarities, and their utter



indifference to human suffering. All that can be claimed for Hawkwood is, that, though by no means "a verray perfight gentil knight," he was one of the best of his class, and that he was less cruel and less perfidious than other freebooters. Whether in attaching himself to the fortunes of Florence he was influenced by the hope of better pay or by a desire of gaining a more reputable position it is impossible at this distance of time to say ; but of the latter portion of his career one can speak in terms of unmeasured praise, for it exhibits all the virtues of the military character. The greatest and the last of foreign *condottieri* in Italy, his memory should be kept green on this account if on no other, that the fire of patriotism was never extinct in his breast. It is not likely indeed that he ever quitted the peninsula, though one chronicler speaks of a visit to England in 1364 for the purpose of consigning his booty to safe keeping, and though the Earl of Oxford, who died in 1371, named him one of his executors ; but in 1379 he advanced 20*l.* to Richard II. for his French war (the chief men of the realm contributing 100*l.* each,) and in 1380 he was one of the founders of an English hospital at Rome ; while on several occasions he was entrusted with the promotion of the political and commercial interests of England in Italy. When attacked, moreover, by his last illness, he was negotiating with Florence for the sale of his estates, his intention being to spend his declining years on his native soil.

J. GOLDWORTH ALGER.

## THE LATE SUPREME KING OF SIAM.

By SIR JOHN BOWRING, F.R.S.

PHRA Bat Somdet Phra Paramenar Maha Chula Mongkut, the fortieth sovereign of Siam from Phra Rama, who founded the monarchy in 1352 A.D. and the fifth of the reigning dynasty, which originated in a celebrated Siamese general, Phra-Bauroma-Racha, in the year 1782, was born on the 18th October 1804, and died on the 3rd October 1868, having had 81 children born to him, 39 sons and 42 daughters. The eldest surviving son, Chau Fa, born 21st September 1853, was crowned on a day—11th November 1868—which had been pronounced auspicious by the Buddhist priests.

The late monarch was, at the age of thirteen, honoured by his father with the title of Chau Fa in the highest rank of nobility. His education was carefully watched over, but the books of instruction were principally in the Pali and Siamese tongues, and he received from them in the





field of science the wildest notions of the cosmogony of the universe, while the licentious love-stories of the East were the food of his imaginative appetite. His complete emancipation from the thralldom of ignorance, which was brought about by the reading of European scientific works and his intercourse with intelligent foreigners, is traceable in all his correspondence and conversations. I remember well his saying to me, "I have learned to reject everything in the Buddhist books which is contradicted by the scientific discoveries of our time."

He took his first wife at the age of 17, and had a son born to him in the following year. When he had reached the age of 20 the Siamese throne was usurped by an illegitimate elder brother on the demise of their father. The usurper reigned for 27 years; but when he assumed the sceptre his younger brother retired into a convent, which became to him a sanctuary, while his person was made sacred by his adoption of the obligations, among which was the vow of celibacy, exacted from the Bonzes. This retreat lasted during the whole of his brother's reign, and he himself was raised to the dignity of High Priest in the two temples where he dwelt.

He had always a passion for study, and, in addition to a very profound knowledge of the sacred tongues in which the Buddhistic books are written, he had so mastered the Latin tongue that he, as he informed me, wrote an autobiography in Latin; and became a master of English, not so much from conversation as from the study of dictionaries, which often led to singularities of expression, as for example he would use the words *ZENITH* and *NADIR* for the ordinary usages of *above* and *below*. He afterwards acquired, principally from intercourse with the American Protestant missionaries, very fair conversational powers. The writer remembers that, after his public reception as the minister plenipotentiary from her Britannic Majesty, the King sent for him to visit the private apartments in the palace, and said he had understood every word of the address but one, and of that one he desired an explanation. The scene was singularly interesting. He had left his throne, upon which he had been seated decked with all "the wealth of Ormus and of Ind," bearing a golden sceptre and a jewelled crown, and he was found in no other garment than a linen shirt, and had on his knees a little child, one of sixty or seventy, naked as when born, and having for its sole adorning a wreath of white odoriferous flowers. The "touch of nature" was quite enough to make one feel "akin" to a man so really distinguished and illustrious.

It may be said, however, that it was not till the year 1845, when he was about 41 years of age, that he pursued his inquiries under a regular system of instruction. He invited the missionaries to visit him in his temple, and took lessons three or four times a week. He often sent his boat several miles off to convey his instructors, and provided for



them a domicile on the way, in which they were allowed to carry on their attempts to Christianise the natives. It may be said of the Buddhists generally,—and of the King of Siam particularly,—that they have little intolerance in their creeds. It cannot, however, be said that the laborious and long-continued efforts for the conversion of the Siamese have been crowned with success.

The missionaries admit that the Prince never objected to their discussing religious matters with him, and report that they neglected no opportunity of availing themselves of so rare an opportunity of making their creed known, and of supporting those views by the strongest arguments they could employ. They made little impression; and as one of them somewhat one-sidedly reports, “The Prince was free to admit frequently that he had great respect for Christianity, and that he believed it would ultimately embrace all mankind. Still he maintained that it was the duty of the Buddhists to adhere to the religion of their forefathers even to the last plank of the wreck.” Occasional discussions on religious subjects resulted, and some of them we know were close and sharp on both sides. But, “unhappily, at length being unable to meet the arguments of his preceptor with any thing at all forcible from the armour of Buddhism, the Prince became more and more irritated, and finally expressed a desire to desist from the discussion altogether,” which was of course granted by his amiable teacher. “It was in these discussions, when hardly pressed by the force of gospel truth, that the Prince made the fearful expression, *I hate the Bible mostly*; and, with much sadness do we make the remark, that it was at this stage of resistance to the strivings of the Spirit of God in his soul when he became prepared to treat the Christian religion with more of the air of ridicule than seriousness, whenever in all his subsequent life he happened to fall into a discussion with the Protestant missionaries on the subject. But he seems never to have relapsed into utter carelessness with regard to Christ, and many a time, even within a few months of his death, did he evince that he was ‘ill at ease’ in his own mind on the subject of religion.” Such is the view from the missionary side of the King’s conduct and character. From the King’s side we are able to report his views of the missionary proceedings. He said, “The Christian religion may suit Christian nations; it does not suit us. I have rejected everything in the Buddhist books which is opposed to the laws that govern the world. The Bible is full of teachings utterly inconsistent with the discoveries of modern philosophy. I cannot plunge out of the light and knowledge of the present into the darkness and ignorance of the past. There is truth in all religions; and if your religion teach you to love me, as mine teaches me to love you, such teachings in both must be true and divine. I do not object to the missionaries trying to convert my sub-





jects—they have never succeeded, and I do not believe they will ever succeed. I gave to the Catholics 140 of my Annamite prisoners (slaves) to make them Christians if they could. The Catholics manage better than the Protestants." The missionaries report a very interesting fact. It is, that in Siam, as in British India—where the Bramo-Somaj, consisting of about 2,000 persons of the higher castes of India, have wholly renounced idolatry—a new Buddhist sect has arisen. In Calcutta, Rahmohun Roy was the leader, in Bangkok the late King. "While in the priesthood, and about the time he was receiving lessons from the Protestant missionaries, Gutzlaff, Tomlin, and Abeel, the Prince came to see that it would be extreme folly to attempt to prove the genuineness of the 85,000 volumes of sacred books which had until then been regarded by all the teachers of Buddhism as canonical." In these views doubtless "he waxed stronger and stronger during all the time he received lessons from Mr. Caswell. And, with such convictions, he had the boldness to speak and teach against them, and thus became the father of a new school, which rapidly increased in popularity until the Prince's accession to the throne, when it numbered, not only all the hundreds of his own pupils in the temples of which he had been the head, but also a considerable portion of the prominent men of his own age and younger."

The great start which has been given to religious inquiry—the progress of free thought—has not been confined to Siam; it now pervades not only the Christian, but the Mahomedan and the Hebrew sects, and will be hereafter considered as characteristic of our times, which may be not improperly designated as the era of religious emancipation.

"This school," the missionary continues, "is reported to have rejected from their faith thousands of volumes of the old sacred books, especially such as could not be made to harmonise with the cosmography of the universe as held by the whole Christian world. These views the Prince believed were founded on an eternal rock." The missionary should have added that, so far as the cosmography of the universe is deduced from Biblical revelations, "held as such by the whole Christian world" (which indeed they have ceased to be), those views were wholly rejected by the Siamese Prince. But, says the missionary, "As might have been anticipated, the principles generally of this *new* school were far more enlightened, liberal, and expansive than the old ever dreamed of. And here we find the foundation of the Prince's enlightened views of geography, astronomy, and commerce, which greatly distinguished his career as King." Then follows a very natural outpouring of enthusiastic zeal and disappointed hope. "Well may the Christian world exclaim: 'O that he had as readily yielded to the force of moral truth as taught in the Bible and urged on him by the Spirit of God through his faithful and much revered teacher!'"



But the scholar would very naturally retort upon the teacher, "If the God with whose spirit you profess to be empowered be all wise in his purposes, all powerful in his will, and all benevolent in his providence, how can you fail in convincing me, whose convictions might be so useful in forwarding the objects which you believe are committed to your charge?" "His popularity," the missionary proceeds to say, "was such both as a Prince and a Chief Priest that he would in all probability have been under God as successful in that direction over the minds of many of his followers—the then rising *young Siam*—as he has been in turning them with disgust against their old views of the universe." Assuredly so; but may not the fact be that the two classes of arguments had not and could not have the same power to convince? that the direction desired was not that which, "under God," the great laws of the universe exhibit and proclaim? "But for reasons," they say, "in the divine mind to us inscrutable, we cry, do any such reasons exist in the divine mind—and if they do would the power of such reasonings be set aside by the resistance of a Siamese Prince? The twenty years of prayer offered for him on all parts could not in wisdom it would seem be answered *directly* on his conversion to Christ." Then again might it not be asked whether the negation of the prayers was not the result of the divine wisdom and prescience—and whether that negation might not be attributable to the unwisdom of the prayer itself? But these are the comforts of the missionaries. "May we not confidently hope that while these prayers have appeared to be a failure, they are as it were laid up in remembrance before the eternal throne. Nay! may we not fondly conclude that great good has already resulted from their acceptance on high, in temporal blessings; and that ultimately blessings infinitely greater will descend upon the people as a consequence?" A comfortable creed indeed for these American missionaries that Siam's prosperity is due to their presence. The mis-rule of the predecessor of the King—the short-sighted policy by which he repudiated all the advances made by foreign powers for the establishment of friendly, diplomatic, and trading relations—had produced much discontent in the country, and almost decided the Prince to abandon the country and to settle himself (a voluntary exile) in some part of the British dominions. The missionaries attributed this purpose to a disgust with the Buddhist religion. They gave expression to this flattering delusion, which had but the effect of exasperating him—and he wrote for publication both at home and abroad, "*Do not suppose that any of my party will ever become Christians. We will not embrace what we think is a foolish religion.*" It is not surprising that earnest and excitable men, who have really had so little encouragement in the progress of their labours, should exaggerate to themselves the hopes they have conceived for themselves





and have communicated to their patrons. It will not be forgotten that when the Taeping movement broke out in China subscriptions were raised for sending out a million of bibles, and that it was publicly announced that the Empire was about to be converted to Protestant Christianity. More ferocious cruelties, more rank superstition and credulity, more monstrous pretensions to divine authority, were never exhibited than on that occasion. The missionaries have expressed an opinion that this hostility in Siam to Christian evidence was assumed in order to conciliate the Buddhist priesthood with reference to the succession; but there is not the slightest ground for suspecting any insincerity on the part of the King.

On the 3rd April, 1851, the usurping monarch died. It was his purpose to make his son his successor, but the great nobles of Siam were unanimous in proclaiming the rights of the legitimate Prince to the throne. The military men were called out, all ready to defend the claims of the elected; at the same time the son of the King showed no disposition to claim the throne, and has never in any shape disturbed the tranquil transfer of the crown to the regular successor.

The coronation took place on the 15th of May, the Buddhist Bonzes having been consulted for the choice of an auspicious day. On the 2nd of June the second King, his younger brother, was crowned. The double sovereignty and the sub-division of the royal authority is characteristic of the Siamese. The external forms of homage are equally shared; two-thirds of the power and of the revenues go to the first, and one-third to the second King. They are both parties to treaties with foreign powers, and on the whole the affairs of the country have been conducted harmoniously under this singular duality.

The King's advent however changed the whole face of affairs. He very soon expressed his intention of having public business conducted in the same orderly way as in European Courts. He was also desirous of introducing scientific knowledge and the study of the English language into the native schools, and of giving to the ladies of the Palace instruction from the missionary ladies, who were invited to attend them. They had at one time twenty of the wives and concubines of the King under their care; but the experiment had no continuity of success. The American Governesses thought it their *special* duty to instruct the Court ladies, sisters, nieces, and handmaids of the King in "scripture history." This cannot have been other than untasteful to Buddhist prejudices, and was not particularly discreet on the part of the missionary enthusiasts; and after three years it was discovered that the King waxed cold, and the ladies showed "a disinclination to attend the classes." The missionaries say, "The causes of the suspension were mainly the following: First, a growing fear that the teachers, being well known to be in heart much devoted to the



cause of propagating the Gospel of Christ in Siam, would almost of necessity plant some of its seeds in the minds of their Buddhist pupils, which would ultimately spring up and turn their hearts away from the religion of their fathers. Secondly, many of their pupils had become mothers and had their attention turned to their growing offspring, and hence withdrawn in a great degree from their studies. Thirdly, others had devolved upon them other cares connected with the royal harem, leaving them little time or heart to remain pupils." The missionaries report that of hostile influences the King was the least hostile to their teachings. Many years passed when a lady who had been a mistress of a school at Singapore was invited to Bangkok. She was enjoined to confine her instruction to lessons not directly of a Christian character—the missionaries say, that, however faithful she had intended to be, they "cannot believe that she literally fulfilled her promise—for she must have found it impossible for her to give lessons from English books utterly stripped of all reference to the Christian's God and Redeemer." The King seems to have been very indulgent; but, after the experiment of five years, he "found that it was impossible" for her to make really good scholars of any of her pupils. It is greatly to be regretted that opportunities so auspicious have produced such negative results.

Of the 81 children of the King none were born during his seclusion; all but two after he had reached the age of 48 years, and 40 after his 54th anniversary. Fourteen were born in the last three years of his reign; so that the number who were ripe for instruction was very small.

Whatever may have been the shortcomings of this Oriental prince, in one respect he will be deemed worthy of all praise and honour. His predecessor had obstinately refused to listen to any friendly overtures from foreign countries. The British and the Americans had recommended to him the revision of treaties whose stipulations he had failed to observe, and the opening of his ports to the shipping and trade of friendly peoples; but he resisted with determined obstinacy every amicable suggestion, and remained isolated in his dominions. All the productions of the country were delivered over to heavy imposts and monopolies, while foreign articles were excluded by prohibitory enactments.

From 1855 to the present time the country has exhibited a growing prosperity. In that year Sir John Bowring reached Siam with two ships of war, and, though he found some difficulty in initiating negotiations, and the old element of resistance strongly opposed to any concessions to foreigners, he finally succeeded in obtaining a favourable reciprocal treaty of friendship, commerce, and navigation, whose results may be traced in the following statistics:—In 1844 there were nine Siamese and nine foreign vessels entered. Three years after the treaty





the arrivals were 228 foreign vessels and 63 Siamese. Last year the arrivals were 100 sailing vessels and 14 steamers, Siamese, with 204 vessels of foreign flags, representing together, 146,294 tons; more than two and a half million cwt. of rice were exported; of sugar, 140,000 cwt.; while of the great variety of articles known generally as Straits produce there has been a corresponding increase, and in the present year more than sixty vessels have sailed for Europe with Siamese produce.

The Anglo-Siamese treaty was followed by others with the principal commercial powers. An envoy from the United States obtained a treaty almost identical with the British, and he was succeeded by a French commissioner, to whom similar terms were granted. Many foreigners established themselves as merchants at Bangkok; docks were created; ships were built, for which the quantity of teak wood afforded many facilities. "Millions of dollars," says a Siamese authority, "flowed then into Siam annually, where before only a few tens of thousands could be found. In consequence of this influx, the royal treasury became flushed, and the coffers of princes and nobles, Siamese and Chinese merchants, were filled, and the country producers generally were elated with prosperity." \* \* \* "The neatest kind of pleasure boats began to multiply on the rivers. A new royal palace was seen rearing its spire in more glory than any of the buildings of the departed kings; and several country palaces sprang up, from sixty to one hundred miles distant, for His Majesty's delectation."

Meanwhile, great improvements have been introduced into the city and neighbourhood. Canals have increased the facilities of communication, and have helped the cultivation of large tracts of land. Iron bridges and better roads have also been useful auxiliaries. The harbour regulations, the more regular collection of custom-house duties, an organized police under an English superintendent, have helped to protect persons and property. The tribunals have been more accommodated to the usages of civilisation. Several government steamers ply between the ports of Siam and those of other oriental lands. Telegraphic lines are about to be introduced, by which the capital will not only be connected with its own dependencies, but with remote regions. A remarkable result of the tolerant spirit of the late King is that the number of Buddhist priests living upon charity has been reduced from ten to five thousand in the capital alone, and that the children of the leading families are betaking themselves to various useful and productive pursuits.

The love of science, especially of astronomical science, was the cause of the King's death. His fondness for this specialty was remarkable. He was proud of his telescopes, and other instruments which he possessed; and before the great solar eclipse of August last he published



the results of his own calculations, whose accuracy was remarkably verified. He went with his suite to Hava Wan, where he met with and welcomed deputations from the English and French authorities who were sent to report on the interesting phenomenon. Returning to Bangkok with the seeds sown of jungle fever, he seems to have been somewhat injudiciously treated, as the foreign doctors aver that the use of quinine would have saved him from death. It was not applied; the consequences were fatal.

There is a well-authenticated story that the King had predicted that his dissolution would take place (as it really did) during the Buddhist great fast. Two days before his departure, he called his principal friends around him, gave to each a memento of his regard, saying, "I am about to leave you; I have no longer need of these."

On the day of his death he prepared a farewell address to the Buddhist priesthood, the spirit of which was that, "*all existence is unreliable (transitory); everything mutable (no exceptions); that he himself was subject to the stern necessity of a paramount law, and only preceded them a little in the onward journey.*" He summoned some of the leading members of his family and principal ministers to his presence, gave to each a "precious memorial," and committed to their care and guidance his eldest son, as successor to the throne, charging them to watch over the true interests of his country. He wished the *Senabawder* (great council of state) to concur in his recommendation, as the means of conciliating all parties, and preventing civil dissensions. His last words were: "I have done with the present state of existence. Be not surprised or grieved at my thus leaving you. It is an event which must befall all creatures who come into this world; it is the result of an unchangeable, inevitable decree."

These utterances were delivered at the sun-setting hour. At 9 p.m. (1 October, 1868) it was announced that the King was dying. The prime minister was sent for; before he reached the palace the King was dead. He is reported to have raised his hands and quietly to have sunk to rest.

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## PROMOTIONS AND PREFERMENTS.

*Honours conferred.*

*March 27.* The Right Hon. Sir John Laird Mair Lawrence, Bart. G.C.B. G.C.S.I. lately Her Majesty's Viceroy and Governor-General of India, created Baron Lawrence of the Punjab, and of Grately, co. Southampton.

*April 1.* Knighted by letters patent, Mr. Charles Farquhar Shand, Chief Justice of the Island of Mauritius.

*April 6.* The Right Hon. Sir James Plaisted Wilde, knight, judge of the Courts of Probate and Divorce, created Baron Penzance, of Penzance, co. Cornwall.

*April 14.* Michael Costa, esq. knighted by the Queen at Windsor Castle.

*The Church.*

*April 3.* The Earl of Stair, K.T. to be High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

*The State.*

*March 21.* Earl Cowper, K.G. to be a trustee of the National Portrait Gallery.

*March 30.* Colonel John Charles Downie Morrison, late Royal Marines, to be one of her Majesty's Hon. Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms, vice Captain J. E. Boggis-Rolfe, resigned.

*April 1.* Mr. Samuel Rennalls to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Island of Jamaica.

Mr. Richard Levinge to be Treasurer for the Island of Dominica.

*April 3.* Inspector-General Dr. Alexander Armstrong to be Medical Director-General of the Navy, in the room of Dr. Bryson, whose period of service has expired.

*April 5.* Charles Monroe Eldridge, esq. to be Secretary to Government for the island of St. Christopher.

*April 6.* Baron Romilly, the Marquess of Salisbury, the Earl of Airlie, the Earl Stanhope, Lord Edmund George Fitzmaurice, Sir Wm. Stirling Maxwell, Dr. Charles William Russell, D.D. President of the College of St. Patrick, and at Maynooth, Dr. G. W. Dasent, and Thomas Duffin Hardy, esq. Deputy Keeper of the Records, appointed Commissioners for the following purposes. It has been represented that there are belonging to many institutions and private families

various collections of manuscripts and papers of general public interest, a knowledge of which would be of great utility in the illustration of history, constitutional law, science, and general literature; and that in some cases these papers are liable to be lost or obliterated. Many of the possessors of such manuscripts would, it is understood, be willing to give access to them and permit their contents to be made public, provided that nothing of a private character, or relating to the title of existing owners, should be divulged. As there would be considerable public advantage in its being generally known where such papers and manuscripts are deposited, and that the contents of those which tend to the elucidation of history, and the illustration of constitutional law, science, and literature should be published, the Commission is appointed for the purpose of carrying out the inquiry, full powers being given for the purpose, as also with the consent of the owners to make abstracts and catalogues of such manuscripts. William George Brett, esq. barrister-at-law, is appointed secretary to the commission.

*April 7.* Frederick Aloysius Weld, esq. to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Western Australia.

*April 12.* William Thomas March, esq. to be Secretary for the island of Jamaica.

*April 15.* Mr. Rawson William Rawson, C.B. to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Islands of Barbadoes, Grenada, St. Vincent, Tobago, and St. Lucia, and their dependencies.

Sir Benjamin Chilley Campbell Pine to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the islands of Antigua, Montserrat, St. Christopher, Nevis, the Virgin Islands, and Dominica, and their dependencies.

Sir James Walker, K.C.M.G., C.B., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Bahama islands.

*April 19.* Edward John Eagles, esq. to be Auditor-General for the island of Trinidad.

Robert French Sheriff, esq. to be one of Her Majesty's Counsel for the island of Antigua.

*April 23.* Sir Michael Robert Shaw Stewart, Bart. to be Lieutenant and



Sheriff Principal of the shire of Renfrew, in the room of the late Earl of Glasgow.

*The Law.*

April 5. James Mayer Grant, esq. to be Government Secretary and Secretary

to the Court of Policy and Combined Court for the colony of British Guiana.

April 8. William Alexander Parker, esq. to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the island of St. Helena.

## RECENT BIOGRAPHICAL INCIDENTS.

The Rev. Henry Robert Alder, M.A. of Trinity college, Cambridge, late Vicar of Aston Clinton, Bucks, has been instituted to the Deanery of Cape Town, in the room of Dr. Douglas, Bishop of Bombay.

On the 22nd of March James Alderson, M.D. F.R.S. was elected President of the Royal College of Physicians of London for the ensuing year.

Her Majesty, on the recommendation of Mr. Gladstone, has granted a pension of 50*l.* per annum to the widow of Robert Archibald Armstrong, LL.D. the late Head Master of the South Lambeth Grammar School, author of the "Dictionary of the Gaelic Language." Dr. Armstrong died on the 25th May 1867.

The Rev. Hopkins Badnall, M.A. of the University of Durham, formerly Rector of Goldsborough, York-shire, has been appointed to the Archdeaconry of the Cape.

Mr. Henry Bradshaw, M.A. Keeper of the Public Library at Cambridge, has discovered another "Caxton" in the Bodleian at Oxford. It is a short treatise on "Death-bed Repentance." Its author is at present unknown.

Mr. J. Frederick Bridge, Mus. Bac. Oxon., has been appointed organist of Manchester Cathedral. There were eighty-seven candidates.

Dr. A. Crum Brown was appointed on the 14th April Professor of Chemistry in the University of Edinburgh. His brilliant career at the University of London, his authorship of a new system of chemical notation, and much other good work, have fairly gained him this high distinction.

The Bishop of Exeter has appointed as his legal secretary A. Burch, esq. of Exeter, in the room of the late Ralph Barnes, esq.

The Queen has been pleased, on the recommendation of Mr. Gladstone, to grant a pension of 100*l.* a year to the widow of the eminent Irish novelist William Carleton, of whom a memoir will be found at p. 226.

Captain the Hon. Arthur A. Cochrane, R.N. has been nominated to succeed Captain Hall as Superintendent of Sheerness Dockyard.

Lord Colchester has been appointed one of the examiners in the School of Law and Modern History at Oxford. His Lordship took double first-class honours on graduating B.A. It will be remembered that Earl Stanhope, the distinguished historian, held the same office for some time after the establishment of the School.

The King of Wurtemberg, who is an accomplished musical amateur, has conferred on Mr. (now Sir) Michael Costa the Royal Order of Frederick (Der Königlich Württembergische Friedrich's Orden), as a mark of the admiration entertained by his Majesty of the oratorio of *Eli*, performed under the composer's direction at Stuttgart last November.

The Rev. William Garden Cowie, rector of Stafford, has been appointed by Bishop Selwyn to succeed him in New Zealand as Bishop of Auckland.

The appointment of Librarian to the Paris Conservatoire de Musique, held by Hector Berlioz, has been given to M. Félicien David.

The precentorship of Peterborough Cathedral has been conferred upon the Rev. Charles Daymond, M.A. principal of St. Peter's Training College.

An incorrect statement having appeared in *Notes and Queries* relative to a visit paid by the present Lord Derby (then Mr. Stanley) to America in 1824, his lordship writes to say that he visited New York in company with the late Lord Wharnccliffe, the present Speaker, and Lord Taunton (then Mr. H. Labouchere); that they sailed from Liverpool to New York in the *Canada*, a ship of 600 tons belonging to the Black Ball line of packets; and that, without going to Halifax, as stated, he returned to England direct from New York, while his three friends went on without him to Nova Scotia.





At the Suffolk Quarter Sessions (western division), on the 23rd of March, the Maharajah Dhuleep Singh qualified as a county magistrate. His Highness appears to be thoroughly devoting himself to the duties and avocations of a country gentleman.

The Rev. J. B. Dickson, LL.D. formerly of the Free High Church, Paisley, has joined the Church of England.

So rapid has been the work of death among the Edgeworths of Edgeworthstown that the representation of the family, and their estates in the county of Longford, has devolved on the third son of the *sixteenth* child of the celebrated Richard Lovell Edgeworth, who by his four wives had in all one-and-twenty children.

At the London Court of Bankruptcy, on the 2nd of March, Mr. Commissioner Holroyd, on taking his seat, stated that he had received an order from the Lord Chancellor dismissing Mr. Edward Watkin Edwards from the office of Official Assignee, on account of his deliberate contravention of the 122nd rule and order of the general rules and orders made in pursuance of the Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849. The order was accompanied by a note from the Lord Chancellor, pointing out that "it was intended by the 122nd rule to preclude official assignees from entering into engagements requiring diversion of their time and energy from the duties of their office. And it is not enough to say that Mr. Edwards was attentive to his duties in office hours, while he was giving up his time and energies to other business to such an extent as to be barely compensated by the payment of 5,000*l.* a year. I forbear (concludes the Lord Chancellor) to comment on some parts of the transactions disclosed by the correspondence between Messrs. Overend, Gurney, and Co. and Mr. Edwards, especially the singular document of the 12th of Jan. 1864, set forth in pp. 18 and 19 of Mr. Edwards's statement, and the no less singular correspondence that ensued."

Mr. J. L. Ellerton, the amateur composer, has received the diploma of Fellow (*maestro compositore onorario*) of the Academy of Saint Cecilia at Rome.

Mr. W. P. Frith, R.A. and Messrs. Scott, Street, and Waterhouse, architects, have been elected honorary members of the Imperial Academy of Fine Arts at Vienna.

Mr. James Anthony Froude was in-

stalled Rector of the University of St. Andrew's on the 23rd of March.

Miss Garrett, M.D. has taken her degree in Paris amid the cheers of the medical students.

The Rev. E. Glover, M.A. has been appointed to the Archdeaconry of St. George.

Mr. Philip Hardwick, the architect of Lincoln's Inn Hall and Library, has, after a long and honourable service in his profession, determined to surrender his seat as R.A.

At Hatherley, near Gloucester, from which the Lord Chancellor derives his title, a testimonial fund is being raised, and has reached the sum of 800*l.* contributed by 450 subscribers—the maximum subscription being limited to three guineas. The testimonial is to take the form of a portrait of the Lord Chancellor, to be painted by George Richmond, R.A. which will be presented with a suitable address to Lady Hatherley.

Lady Herbert of Lea is canvassing in person among the City merchants, at their counting-houses, for subscriptions in aid of a Roman Catholic college for "Missionaries of the Sacred Heart." The *Record* suggests that Lady Herbert has had this duty imposed upon her as a penance; but no one who has read her books, remarks the *Guardian*, could ever suppose that she found this work anything but a labour of love.

Mr. T. P. Hoare, the well-known banker, is building an Infirmary and Dispensary at Beckenham, Kent, to which baths and wash-houses will be attached for the gratuitous use of the inhabitants of the neighbourhood.

The result of a final appeal on the long litigation between the North-Eastern Railway Company and Mr. George Hudson, the ex-Railway King, was to confirm the reversal of the decision of the Master of the Rolls, and reduce Mr. Hudson to a state of penury. He is now in France, said to be utterly destitute. In addition to a subscription to meet present wants, and in the belief that the "Railway King" was as much "sinned against as sinning," a large shareholder has intimated his intention to ask his co-partners in the North-Eastern Company to grant to Mr. Hudson an annuity of 200*l.* a year.

Our venerable associate, the Rev. Joshua Leavitt, D.D. has won a gold medal from the "Cobden Club" of England for the best essay "On the best way of developing improved political and com-



mercial relations between Great Britain and the United States of America." Dr. Leavitt has been a lifelong champion of free-trade, and his essay, will, no doubt obtain an immense circulation and become an authority.—*New York Independent*.

The vacant stall of the late Lord Gough as Knight of St. Patrick is at once filled by the Earl of Mayo, who was created an extra Knight on resigning the Irish Secretaryship.

Mr. Richard Morris, the editor of "Chaucer," "Specimens of Early English," &c. has been appointed one of the under-masters of King's College School, London.

Mr. John Lothrop Motley, the historian, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Reverdy Johnson as United States Ambassador to this country.

The Society of Painters in Water Colours has elected Mr. G. G. Pinwell an associate of that body.

Inspector-General of Hospitals and Fleets Dr. Salmon has been appointed to succeed Sir David Deas as Physician in chief at Haslar Hospital.

The place filled by the late Sir Robert Shaw, Bart. (*see* p. 295) as Commissioner of Endowed Schools in Ireland has been conferred by the Lord-Lieutenant on the Rev. Dr. Kirkpatrick, a leading minister of the Ulster General Assembly.

A portrait of Lord Sherborne, decorated with the Masonic insignia of Provincial Grand Master, has been painted by Mr. Edwin Williams, to be

presented to His Lordship by the members of the Cheltenham and other Lodges in Gloucestershire.

Lord Stanley was installed Rector of the University of Glasgow on the 1st of April.

On the 27th of March his Serene Highness the Prince of Teck was elected President of the Royal Botanical Society.

The Emperor of the French has granted to the widow of M. Troplong (noticed p. 302) a pension of 800*l.* a year.

At a special Court held on the 16th March, at the Trinity House on Tower-hill, his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was unanimously elected an Elder Brother of the corporation, in the vacancy occasioned by the death of Admiral Robert Gordon.

Vice-Admiral Richard Laird Warren has been nominated to succeed Vice-Admiral Sir Baldwin Wake Walker, Bart. as Commander-in-Chief of the Naval forces in the Medway.

Dr. J. R. Wolfe has been appointed Lecturer on Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery in Anderson's University, Glasgow.

The degree of D.D. has been conferred by the Archbishop of Canterbury, confirmed by Her Majesty's letters patent under the Great Seal, on the Rev. James Russell Woodford, M.A. vicar of Leeds and rural dean, honorary chaplain to the Queen, chaplain to the Bishop of Oxford, and honorary canon of Christ Church, Oxford.

## EMINENT PERSONS RECENTLY DECEASED.

### *The Earl of Radnor.*

The Right Hon. Sir William Pleydell Bouverie, third Earl of Radnor, Viscount Folkestone of Folkestone, Kent, Baron Longford of Longford Castle, co. Wilts, and Baron Pleydell Bouverie of Coleshill, co. Berks, in the peerage of Great Britain, and a Baronet, died early on the morning of the 10th of April, at his seat, Coleshill House, Berkshire.

He was born in London on the 11th of May 1779, being the eldest of the four sons of Jacob, second Earl of Radnor, by the Hon. Anne Duncombe, daughter and coheir of Anthony last Lord Feversham, of an earlier creation

than the present peer of that name. His early education was in France, and while a boy he was presented to Louis XVI. and his Queen Marie Antoinette at Versailles, and was taken through the cells of the Bastille the day after its capture by the Parisian mob in July, 1789. Soon after coming of age he entered on Parliamentary life; the retirement of Sir William Scott (afterwards Lord Stowell) from the representation of Downton having made a vacancy in his favour in March or April 1801, he took his seat in the House of Commons as Lord Folkestone. At the following general election he was returned for Salisbury, of which





borough his father was joint patron ; and in January 1802 he brought before the House a complaint against the *True Briton* for the insertion of scurrilous paragraphs involving a breach of privilege. Soon afterwards he supported the claims of the Prince of Wales to the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall ; and in the following May we find him advocating Sir Henry Mildmay's unsuccessful proposal of a vote of thanks to Pitt "for his eminent services to the country," a vote which, if carried, would have been in effect a vote of want of confidence in Mr. Addington. Still, Lord Folkestone was no servile adherent of Pitt, for in 1805 we find him in the majority of 217 to 216 who voted for censuring Pitt's right-hand man and ablest lieutenant, Lord Melville ; and when, shortly afterwards, that nobleman was impeached, Lord Folkestone was one of the committee of 21 who were chosen to draw up the articles. In May 1802, when Mr. Windham moved a vote of censure on Mr. Addington for the Peace of Amiens, then recently concluded with Napoleon, Lord Folkestone seconded the motion in a speech of considerable length and of great promise. It may be added that one of his earliest votes in Parliament was recorded against the proposal to pay Mr. Pitt's debts out of the revenues of the nation.

It would be impossible within the limits of an article like this to give a complete history of Lord Folkestone's career in the House of Commons, extended as it was over nearly seven-and-twenty years, without a break ; it is sufficient to say that both by vote and by voice he uniformly opposed the measures of Mr. Perceval and Lord Liverpool ; that he was an advanced Reformer and supporter of Catholic Emancipation at a time when neither Reform nor Emancipation was popular, and that on such questions as taxation, the education of the people, and the abolition of slavery, he spoke frequently and powerfully, and showed large and liberal views which were far in advance of his age.

It was naturally expected that on Lord Grey's accession to power in 1830. the Whigs would have bestowed office on one who had been so long conspicuous in Parliament for his advocacy of all measures of a liberal and progressive character, and especially of the rights of the unrepresented classes—an advocacy in his case all the more

generous and unselfish because his family were able to nominate one member for the city of Salisbury, and he returned two members for the borough of Downton. With reference to the borough of Downton there is an authentic anecdote which is strongly characteristic of the man. At the dissolution of Parliament in 1831 Lord Radnor sent for Mr. Charles Lefevre, now Lord Eversley, and proposed to him to enter the House of Commons as one of the members for Downton. Mr. Lefevre, while gratefully accepting the offer, said he should be glad to know if there were any political questions on which Lord Radnor might wish him to vote in accordance with his lordship's views. Lord Radnor's reply was, "I wish you to judge for yourself, and to vote exactly as you may think right, except on one point, and as to that I must make it my particular request to you that you will on every occasion give your vote for the total disfranchisement of the borough of Downton." It is not publicly known whether office was ever offered by Lord Grey or Lord Melbourne to Lord Radnor, who had succeeded to the earldom and the other family honours in January 1828, just when the Catholic question was absorbing public attention ; but the fact of his never having held political office when his party were in power has often been made the subject of observation and comment in Liberal circles. It was thought, and with good reason, that if he ever was ambitious of a seat in a Liberal Cabinet he should not have identified himself so largely as he did with the opinions of William Cobbett, to whom he contributed 50*l.* on one occasion in order to help him to a seat in Parliament. Indeed, for some years after his accession to the title Lord Radnor may be said to have been the most perfect specimen of a real Radical in the Upper House ; and Cobbett, no bad judge of a matter from the popular point of view, used to say that "he was the only man that wore a coronet who understood the first principles of politics, and that his speeches were the only speeches in the Upper House that were worth the trouble of listening to." His talents were certainly far above mediocrity, and though he never rose to any high flights of oratory his speeches were always original and his language forcible and correct. He felt strongly on political questions, and therefore he always spoke strongly—so



strongly and earnestly indeed, at times, as quite to forget himself in his subject, but he never wandered from his point or indulged in common-place platitudes.

His lordship's seat near Salisbury, Longford Castle, is chiefly remarkable for its magnificent gallery of pictures, especially rich in specimens of Holbein. Of late years, however, his lordship had given up Longford to his eldest son, and had resided almost entirely on his Berkshire property, devoting his attention to agriculture and horticulture, and rarely attending in the House of Lords. Some twenty or thirty years ago (says a writer in the *Times*), when he was in full health and strength, his handsome figure and honest and pleasant face were familiar enough to his brother Peers, who were often amused at the strong denunciations hurled at him by such men as Lord Roden and the late Earl of Winchester, on account of his bitter invectives against what he considered the corruptions of the Established Church, and the exclusion of Dissenters from our Universities. It is remarkable that the late lord and his father between them held a seat in the Upper House for more than ninety years, and that they sat in the Upper and Lower House altogether during upwards of ninety-seven years.

He married, first, Lady Catharine Pelham Clinton, only daughter of Henry Earl of Lincoln, eldest son of Henry 2d Duke of Newcastle, by which lady (who died May 18, 1804) he leaves issue an only daughter, Lady Catherine, born 8th July 1801, married to General Buckley. He married, secondly, on 24th May, 1814, Judith Anne, third daughter of Sir Henry Paulet St. John Mildmay, Bart. By this lady, who died 27th April, 1851, he leaves issue Jacob, Viscount Folkestone (the successor to the Earldom): the Right Hon. Edward P. Bonverie, M.P.; Lady Jane, married to Mr. William Ellice; and Lady Mary, married to Lord Penzance.

The Earldom and other family distinctions devolve upon his eldest son Jacob, Viscount Folkestone, who was born 18th September 1815, and married, 3rd October 1840, Lady Mary Grimston, third daughter of James Walter first Earl of Verulam, by whom he has a numerous family. The present peer was appointed high sheriff of Wilts in 1846, and a deputy-lieutenant of Berks in 1855.

#### **The Earl of Wicklow, K.P.**

On the 22nd of March died, at his residence in Cavendish-square, in his 82nd year, the Right Hon. William Howard, third Earl of Wicklow (1793), Viscount Wicklow of Wicklow (1785), and Baron Clonmore, of Clonmore castle, co. Carlow, in the Peerage of Ireland (1778), a Representative Peer, and K.P.

He was born on the 13th Feb. 1788, in Rutland-square, Dublin, the eldest son of William the second Earl, by his first wife Eleanor, only daughter of the Hon. Francis Caulfeild, and granddaughter of James third Viscount Charlemont. He completed his education at St. John's College, Cambridge, where he graduated M.A. in 1808. He succeeded his father in his titles on the 27th Sept. 1818, and was elected a representative peer for Ireland in 1823.

In 1829, at the request of Lord Aberdeen, his brother-in-law and intimate friend, he seconded the Address in the House of Lords in support of Catholic emancipation. From that time he took a leading part in all debates relating to Ireland, and spoke frequently on the subjects of the tithe rent-charge and of the Irish Church generally, whose interests he always warmly espoused, while at the same time he insisted that the State ought liberally to endow the Roman Catholic College of Maynooth. He supported the bill for removal of the Jews' civil disabilities, and took some part in the debate on the bill for repealing the Corn laws. Since the Earl of Aberdeen's death, however, he gradually became less regular in his attendance at the House of Lords, but was usually in his place to promote the interests of the Irish on occasions such as the recent Fishery Bills. He was known in Ireland as a kind and liberal landlord, and while in health made a point of residing on his estate in that country during some portion of the year.

He was formerly Colonel of the Wicklow Militia, in which he was succeeded by his cousin Sir Ralph Howard, Bart. In 1831 he was appointed Lord Lieutenant of that county, and was succeeded in 186 , by the Earl of Meath. In 1842 he was nominated a Knight of St. Patrick.

His lordship married, Feb. 16, 1816, Lady Cecil Frances Hamilton, only daughter of John-James first Marquess of Abercorn, by his second marriage with Cecil, eighth daughter of the Hon.





and Rev. George Hamilton; and by that lady, who died in 1860, he had seven daughters, of whom three only now survive. They were, 1, Lady Eleanor Cecil, who was the first wife of Charles Edward Law, esq. of the Rifle Brigade, son of the Hon. Charles Ewan Law, M.P. Recorder of London, but she died without issue in 1852; 2, Lady Harriett, who died in 1846; 3, Lady Frances, married in 1845 to the Hon. Colin Lindsay, younger son of the Earl of Crawford and Balcarres, and has issue; 4, the Right Hon. Anne Jane, Lady Milford, married in 1854 to Richard Bulkely Phillips, Lord Milford, who died in 1857, (when that peerage became extinct), and secondly, in 1864, to Thomas J. Eyre, esq. of Uppercoourt, co. Kilkenny, son of Count Eyre; 5, Lady Isabella, who died in 1845; 6, Lady Katherine, married in 1855 to the Hon. Arthur Petre, brother to Lord Petre, and has issue; and 7, Lady Maria, who died unmarried in 1851.

The body of the late Earl was deposited by the side of the Countess, and his deceased daughters, in the family vault at Great Stanmore church, Middlesex. The principal mourners were—Mr. Charles Francis Arnold Howard (nephew of the deceased, and heir presumptive to the title); the three sons-in-law, the Hon. Colin Lindsay, Hon. Arthur Petre and Mr. Eyre; his grandsons, Mr. William Lindsay and Mr. Walter Lindsay, Colonel Johnson, &c.

The presumed successor to the peerage is the late Earl's nephew, Charles Francis Arnold Howard, eldest surviving son of the late Hon. and Rev. Francis Howard, Vicar of Swords. He is a Lieutenant in the 9th Lancers, was born in 1839, and is at present unmarried.

A counter-claim to the peerage has been asserted on behalf of a child now in his fifth year, whose mother has addressed the following letter to the Editor of the *Times*:—

SIR—I am the widow of William George Howard, married to him at Kensington, in February 1863. My infant son, born in May 1864, is now Lord Wicklow. My husband died the following October. Immediately on his death the newspapers published letters and comments more or less untrue. The editors of the *Peerages* followed suit, and refused to correct their error without the authority of the late Earl, who was a total stranger to my late husband and my-

self. With respect to the estates, and in justice to his creditors, I beg to observe that my husband was tenant-in-tail in remainder, and was at the time of his death preparing to set aside a most unjust re-settlement of the estates forced upon him. His will, made for the purpose, will, I hope, enable me to establish my absolute claim on the property, and satisfy all just claims due by him.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,  
ELLEN HOWARD.

March 24, 1869.

We find this lady described in Burke's Peerage as Ellen, daughter of Mr. Richardson, and step-daughter of the Rev. John Butterfield, Vicar of Loughney, near Gloucester, and she is also there stated to have been married, on the 24th Feb. 1863, to William George Howard, esq. who was the eldest son of the Rev. Francis Howard, and half-brother to the Charles Francis Arnold, the heir recognised by the late Earl, and his surviving family. In a reply, dated "Kildare-street, Dublin, March 26," Mr. Octavius O'Brien has stated that the late Earl could not ascertain the legitimacy of the claimant, though he made every offer to the child's mother to assist her in proving it.

#### Lord Leconfield.

On the 18th of March died, at his seat at Petworth, Sussex, the Right Hon. George Wyndham, Baron Leconfield, of Leconfield in the East Riding of the county of York, a Colonel in the army.

His Lordship was the eldest of the numerous family left by George O'Brien Wyndham, third Earl of Egremont, for many years Lord Lieutenant of Sussex, and for ever memorable for his magnificent patronage of art. Unfortunately, his Lordship was not married; but the mother of his children, who was usually styled Mrs. Wyndham, was a daughter of the Rev. Mr. Iliff, one of the masters of Westminster School. Besides Lord Leconfield, there were, two other sons, Sir Henry Wyndham, K.C.B. a General in the Army, who died in 1860, and Colonel Charles Wyndham, who died in 1866; and three daughters, Frances, married to Sir Charles Merrik Burrell, Bart. and died in 1820; Mary, married to George FitzClarence, first Earl of Munster, and died in 1842; and Charlotte, married to John King, esq.

Lord Leconfield was born in the parish of St. Marylebone, on the 5th



June 1787. He was, like his younger brothers, in the army. He served on Sir Eyre Coote's staff in the West Indies, accompanied the Walcheren expedition, was present at the siege of Ciudad Rodrigo, and served with the 12th Dragoons in Catalonia. He retired on half-pay as Colonel from the 27th Foot in 1830.

Upon the death of the Earl of Egremont on the 11th Nov. 1837, the peerage devolved on his nephew, Capt. George Francis Wyndham, R.N.\* the only surviving son of the Hon. Frederick William Wyndham, and with it the old family estate of Orchard Wyndham in Somersetshire, and others in Devon and Cornwall, amounting to 16,000*l.* a year. The Earl (whose revenue had latterly amounted to 81,000*l.* a year) was able to bequeath to his own children much greater wealth. To his eldest son, the subject of the present notice, he left (with 60,000*l.* in cash) the estate of Petworth and others adjoining—inherited from the Percies; and on the 24th April 1859, Colonel Wyndham was raised to the peerage by the title of Lord Leconfield, derived from one of the ancient manors of the old Earls of Northumberland.

The *Irish Times* bears the following testimony to Lord Leconfield's kindness as a landlord:—"The death of the venerable Lord Leconfield will cause great and general regret. Length of years had not diminished his intellectual powers, and seemed only to increase the number of his friends. He was father-in-law to Lord Mayo, and connected with many of the highest families in the kingdom. As a large landed proprietor in Ireland as well as in England, he was ranked among the best of landlords. His Irish estates are chiefly situated in the counties of Clare and Limerick, and the comfort and happiness of his thriving tenantry prove what a really good landlord can do."

Lord Leconfield married, on the 25th April 1815, Mary Fanny, only daughter of the Rev. William Blunt, of Crabbett, Sussex; and by that lady, who died suddenly on the 23rd May 1863, he had issue three sons and six daughters. The eldest son, George William, died in 1837 in his 21st year. The next, Henry, succeeds to the peerage. The

youngest, the Hon. Percy Scawen Wyndham, is one of the members for West Cumberland; and, having married in 1860 Madeline Caroline Frances Ellen, sixth daughter of the late Sir Guy Campbell, Bart. has issue two sons and a daughter. Of Lord Leconfield's six daughters, four have married—Fanny Charlotte, in 1842, to Alfred Montgomery, esq. youngest son of Sir Henry Conyngham Montgomery, Bart. and has two daughters, of whom the younger is the Marchioness of Queensberry; Blanche Julia is wife of the Earl of Mayo; Caroline Sophia was the first wife of Colonel R. Nigel Fitz-Harding, Kingscote, C.B., M.P. for West Gloucestershire, and died in 1852; and Constance Elizabeth was married in 1859 to Lieut.-Colonel William Mure, of Caldwell in Ayrshire.

Henry, now Lord Leconfield (born in 1830), has been M.P. for West Sussex from Feb. 1854. He married in 1867 Constance Evelyn Primrose, daughter of Archibald Lord Dalmeny, (who died v.p. in 1858) and granddaughter of Archibald John fourth Earl of Dalmeny, K.T.

#### Lord Cloncurry.

This nobleman committed suicide on the 3rd of April by throwing himself from the window of his bedroom at his residence, Lyons, co. Kildare. The evidence at the inquest showed that he had been for two months in such a state of mental disease as to require the constant care of a medical attendant. On the 3rd of April Mr. Flood, in whose charge the deceased was, asked his lordship to have a walk, and Lord Cloncurry agreed, but suddenly left him at the stable yard, and the witness saw him no more until workmen ran towards him saying that his lordship was dead. Patrick Hickson, a labourer, said he saw his lordship sitting on the window-sill of one of the upper windows. "He turned himself round, dropped down, and hung for a moment by his hands from the window-sill, falling immediately to the ground below." Dr. Banks said Lord Cloncurry had been subject for a long time to severe headaches, which he attributed to brain disease. About two months ago the unsoundness of his mind became serious. The verdict returned was that "Edward, Baron Cloncurry met his death by falling from a window in the third story of Lyons House on the 3rd of April, 1863, being at the

\* The fourth Earl of Egremont died in 1845, when that title became extinct, together with the old baronetcy, created in 1661.





time of unsound mind and unaccountable for his acts."

The Right Hon. Sir Edward Lawless, third Baron Cloncurry of the co. Kildare, in the peerage of Ireland, second Baron in the peerage of the United Kingdom, and a Baronet of Ireland, was the eldest son of Valentine Lawless the second Baron, by his second wife Emily, daughter of Archibald Douglas, esq. of Darnock, N.B. a cousin of the Duke of Queensberry. He was born at Lyons Castle, co. Kildare, on the 13th of Sept. 1816, and succeeded to the family honours and estates in 1853, on the death of his father, who will long be remembered for the prominent part he took in Irish politics, at the time when Catholic Emancipation and Parliamentary Reform were being agitated.

The late Lord, who never sat in the Lower House of Parliament, was for many years a Deputy-Lieutenant for the co. of Dublin.

He married on 17th Sept. 1839, Elizabeth, only daughter of the late John Kirwan, esq. of Castle Hackett, co. Galway, by whom he had issue (1) Valentine, who now succeeds to the title. He was born 2nd Nov. 1840, and educated at Eton and at Balliol College, Oxford. He is a magistrate for the co. Kildare, of which he served as High Sheriff a year or two ago. (2) Edward, Lieutenant in the Rifle Brigade, born 13th Sept. 1841. (3) John Henry, born 1842, died 1846. (4) Frederick, born 20th April 1847. (5) Denis, born 17th July 1854. (6) Emily. (7) Elizabeth. (8) Rose. (9) Mary.

The body of Lord Cloncurry was interred on the 8th April in the family burial grounds at Lyons, attended by his three sons, the Baron de Lobeck, Lord Dunsany, and Denis Kirwan, esq.

#### Admiral Sir Charles C. Parker, Bart.

At Clifton, on the 13th of March, died Sir Charles Christopher Parker, the fifth Baronet (1782), a Rear-Admiral in the Royal Navy.

This gallant officer was the representative of a family which for several generations has borne distinguished rank in the Royal Navy. The father of the first Baronet was Rear-Admiral Christopher Parker, who died in 1763, and who by his second son George was grandfather of Admiral Sir George Parker, K.C.B. who died in 1847. His third son Sir Peter Parker, who rose

to be Admiral of the Fleet, was created a Baronet Dec. 28th 1782, being then styled of Basingbourn in Essex, and died in 1811, after having served for eighty years in the Navy. Sir Peter's eldest son, Christopher, attained the rank of Vice-Admiral, but died in 1804 in his father's lifetime, leaving by his wife Augusta Barbara Charlotte, daughter of Admiral the Hon. John Byron, three sons; of whom the eldest, Sir Peter, succeeded his grandfather, and, being a Captain R.N. was killed in 1814, whilst commanding a party of seamen belonging to his ship the *Menelaus*, storming the American camp at Bellaire near Baltimore. This Sir Peter Parker left an only son, Sir Peter the third Baronet, who died unmarried in March 1835, and he was succeeded by his uncle Sir John Edmund George Parker, who died also unmarried on the 18th Nov. in the same year.

The title then devolved on Charles Christopher, the youngest brother, whose decease we now record. He was born in Harley-street, June 16th 1792, and entered the navy at the age of twelve, under the care of Capt. George Martin, with whom he served in the *Glory* and *Barfleur*, both of 98 guns. He afterwards joined his brother, Capt. Peter Parker, in the *Weasel* 10, and *Melpomene* 38; and in March 1806 was transferred to the *Eagle* 74, Capt. Thomas Rowley. During that year the *Eagle* was engaged in a variety of operations on the coast of Italy, particularly the capture of the island of Capri and the defence of the fortress of Gaeta. After leaving the *Eagle*, early in 1809, Mr. Parker served in the *St. George* 98, *San Josef* 110, and *Unité* 36, in the last of which, during operations against the town of Citrone, he was severely injured by a fall from the quarter-deck into the gun-room. In 1811 he was made Lieutenant in the *San Josef*; in 1812 he again joined his brother on board the *Menelaus*, and afterwards removed to the *Malta* 80, the flag-ship of Rear-Admiral Benjamin Hallowell. In 1813 he assisted at the siege of Tarragona. He was made Commander 1815, and from 1819 to 1822 was employed in the *Harlequin* 18, on the Irish station. He was not afterwards afloat; but was promoted to Captain 1822, Rear-Admiral (reserved) 1852, Vice-Admiral 1857, and Admiral 1863.

Sir Christopher married, Sept. 19, 1815, Miss Georgiana Ellis Palmer;



but has left no issue, and the baronetcy has become extinct by his decease.

It has been stated in the Baronetages, that this family was descended from the great Matthew Parker, Archbishop of Canterbury. Whether that was actually the case we have not ascertained; but the archbishop's arms, differenced only by three fleurs-de-lis instead of the estoiles on the chevron, have been borne by the Parkers of Basingbourn.

#### **Sir John Hadley D'Oyly, Bart.**

On the 21st March died at Stepleton-park, his seat near Blandford in Dorsetshire, in his 75th year, Sir John Hadley D'Oyly, the eighth Baronet (1663).

He was born on the 29th Sept. 1794, the younger son of Sir John Hadley D'Oyly the sixth Baronet, (M.P. for Ipswich during the trial of his intimate friend Warren Hastings, and afterwards Postmaster-general in India,) by Diana, daughter of William Rochefort, esq. (brother to the first Earl of Belvidere) and widow of William Cotes, esq. of Calcutta. In 1804 Sir John, the father, returned to India, to resume his career as a civil servant, leaving his younger son to complete his education in England under the guardianship of the Right Hon. Warren Hastings and Mr. Grant. In 1812 Mr. J. H. D'Oyly was appointed a writer on the Bengal establishment, and he remained in that service until 1843. After serving for nearly three months as Second Assistant to the Salt Agent of the 24 Pergunnahs, he was in Oct. 1813 appointed Second Assistant to the Secretary to Government in the Public Department, and in July 1817 Head Assistant to the collector of Government customs and town dues at Calcutta. In Jan. 1821 he became Second Deputy Opium Agent at Behar; and in Dec. following Superintendent of the Eastern Salt Chowkies. In Dec. 1822 he was appointed officiating Assistant to the Secretary to the Board of Trade; and in June 1823 Salt Agent in the Northern division of Cuttack. In 1825 he was promoted to the post of collector of Government customs in the same district; and in 1828 to be collector at Midnapore and Pnttaspoore; in 1831 officiating magistrate at Midnapore; and in 1832 magistrate and collector there. In Sept. 1833 he was appointed officiating civil and sessions' judge of the 24 Pergunnahs; in Feb. 1836 removed in the same capacity to Bur-

bhoom, where he became civil and sessions' judge, March 1, 1836. In 1842 he was a special commissioner for the Calcutta division under Regulation III. of 1828. He retired on a pension in 1843.

He succeeded to the Baronetcy on the death of his elder brother Sir Charles D'Oyly, Sept. 21, 1845.

Sir J. H. D'Oyly was twice married: first in 1819 to Charlotte, daughter of George Nesbitt Thompson, esq. of Penton Lodge, Hampshire, half-sister to Henry Vansittart, esq. of Kirkleatham, co. York; by whom he had two sons and one daughter. The latter died unmarried in 1841. The former were Charles Walters his successor, and George Fendall, a Captain in the 67th Bengal Native Infantry, who died in 1859.

From his first wife Sir John was divorced; and he married secondly Mary, eldest daughter of the Hon. John Fendall, Member of the Supreme Council of Calcutta. This lady survives him, having had one son, Warren Hastings D'Oyly, esq. joint magistrate at Tirhoot in Bengal, who married in 1859, Henrietta, second daughter of Sir Frederick Halliday, K.C.B. late Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, and has issue.

The present Baronet, Sir Charles Walters D'Oyly, was formerly Major of the 58th Bengal Native Infantry, and late Deputy Superintendent of the Stud Department at Haupper. He married in 1855 Emily Jane, second daughter of Major-General George Nott, of the Madras Army. As she is deceased leaving an only daughter, Mr. Warren Hastings D'Oyly above-mentioned is at present heir presumptive to the title.

#### **Sir George Chetwynd, Bart.**

The death of Sir George Chetwynd, Bart. took place on the 25th of March, at Grendon Hall, near Atherstone, co. Warwick.

He was the eldest son of Sir George Chetwynd, the second Bart. M.P. and was born at Grendon Hall, 6th Sept. 1803. He succeeded to the baronetcy on his father's death in 1850. For some years he was a captain in the Warwickshire Yeomanry Cavalry, but resigned his commission in 1861.

He married on 2nd August 1843, Lady Charlotte Augusta Hill, eldest daughter of Arthur Blundell third Marquess of Devonshire, and sister of Viscountess Bridport. By that lady





(who died in consequence of a fall from her horse, 24th Nov. 1861,) he had issue three sons and as many daughters, namely, Walter, born 16th May 1844, died 2nd June the same year; George, who was born 31st May 1849, and who, being the eldest surviving son, now succeeds to the title; Walter Hill, born 1st Jan. 1856; Mary Emily Charlotte Marie; Georgiana; and Isabel Marian. The mortal remains of the late Baronet were interred on the 30th of March in the family vault in Grendon church.

**Rev. Sir F. Shelley, Bart.**

The Rev. Sir Frederick Shelley, Bart. Rector of Beer Ferris with Beer Alston, Devon, died at Shobrooke Park, Crediton, on the 19th of March.

He was born on the 5th of May, 1809, being the second son of Sir John Shelley, Bart. of Michelgrove and Maresfield Park, Sussex, by Frances, daughter and heiress of Thomas Winckley, esq. of Brockholes, Lancashire. He began his career in the Royal Navy, from which he retired in 1833, after twelve years' active service in all parts of the world as Lieutenant. Having decided on adopting the clerical profession, he was ordained deacon in 1835, and priest in 1836. After seven years' service in the ministry at the chapelry and training schools of Posberry, near Crediton, built by the late Mr. and Mrs. Hippisley Tuckfield, of Shobrooke Park, he was presented to the rectory of Beer Ferris in 1844, by the late Earl of Mount Edgcumbe.

He succeeded to the Baronetcy 26th Jan. 1867, on the death of his elder brother Sir John Villiers Shelley, of Maresfield Park, who represented Westminster in the House of Commons from July 1852 to July 1865.

He married on 4th Feb. 1845, Charlotte Martha, daughter of the Rev. Henry Hippisley, of Lambourne-place, Berks. and niece of Mr. and Mrs. Hippisley Tuckfield, of Shobrooke Park. By this lady he leaves issue two sons and one daughter, viz. John (now Sir John), born 31st August 1848, educated at Marlborough college, and at present an undergraduate of University college, Oxford; Frederick, born 31st August 1849; and Charlotte Frances.

**Sir E. Cunard, Bart.**

Sir Edward Cunard, Bart. died suddenly at New York, of heart disease, on the evening of the 6th of April.

He was born on the 1st of Jan. 1816, being the son of Samuel Cunard, of Bush-hill, Middlesex, esq. (who was created a Baronet of the United Kingdom in 1859), by his wife Susan, daughter of William Duffus, esq. of Halifax, N.S. In 1865 he succeeded to the title as second Baronet, and became head of the great firm of Messrs. Cunard, Burns, and M'Iver, the steamship owners. It is now more than thirty years since the Cunard Company was founded by Sir Samuel Cunard, Mr. George Burns of Glasgow, and the late Mr. David M'Iver, and the high position which it has attained is owing mainly to the extraordinary energy and business sagacity of these men. Mr. David M'Iver died when the enterprise was beginning to yield the fruits of success. The result was more than remunerative. It became a great example; for since the Cunard Company first undertook to bridge the Atlantic with their steamships, every sea on the face of the globe has become crowded with steamships of beautiful construction and amazing power.

Sir Edward married, in May 1849, Mary, daughter of Mr. Bache McEvers, a merchant of New York. This lady died 26 May 1866, and the fruit of the union was three sons and four daughters, viz. Bache (the present Bart.) born 1851; Edward, born 1855; Gordon, born 1857; Mary; Annie; Jeannette Emmet; and Caroline Margaret.

The residence of the family is at Staten Island, New York.

The funeral of Sir Edward was observed by a large concourse of his friends. After the Episcopal service had been performed at Grace Church by the Rev. Dr. Potter, the procession passed down Broadway to Trinity Church, where the body was placed in the vault of the deceased's father-in-law, Bache McEvers.

The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers:—Wm. Butler Duncan, Eugene Dutilh, Edward M. Archibald, Wm. H. Aspinwall, Royal Phelps, Henry P. Duncan, Daniel Lord, jun. Isaac Bell, John H. Gardner, August Belmont. Many relatives of the late Lady Cunard were present as mourners, among whom were Mr. Herman R. Le Roy, Messrs. Wm. and Thos. Addis Emmet, several members of the McEvers and Whitlock families.

Among the gentlemen present were James Brown, William B. Astor, Judge Pierrepont, Moses H. Grinnell, Henry



Grinnell, Benjamin H. Field, Colonel Stebbins, William Barnwell, A. J. Bleecker, Rev. P. P. Irving of Staten Island, Henry Bergh, Arthur Leary, John G. Dale, Lloyd W. Wells, Benjamin Aymar, John J. Cisco, Temple Emmett, C. B. Leverich, Alex. Van Rensselaer, General Irvin McDowell, C. F. Blake and E. Elliott Marshall, of Mississippi.

**Sir J. T. Selwin, Bart.**

Died, on the 20th of March, Sir John Thomas Selwin, Bart. of Down Hall, Harlow, Essex.

He was the fourth son of Sir James Ibbetson, the second Baronet, who died in 1795, by Jane, daughter of John Caygill, esq. of Shore House, Yorkshire. He assumed the name of Selwin in 1825, and succeeded his nephew in the baronetcy in 1861.

He married in 1825, Isabella, daughter of the late General John Leveson-Gower. By this lady, who died 24th Sept. 1858, he had issue a son, Henry John, who now succeeds to the title. The present Baronet was born in 1826, and married in 1850 the Hon. Sarah Elizabeth Copley, eldest daughter of the late Lord Lyndhurst, which lady died in 1865; he married secondly in 1867, Eden, daughter of Thomas Thrackran, esq. and widow of Percival Perkins, esq. and Sir Charles Ibbetson, the fifth Bart. On his second marriage he assumed the name of Ibbetson. He has been M.P. for South and West Essex since July 1865.

The late Baronet also leaves two daughters, Isabella Mary, married in 1852, to Edmund Calverley, esq.; and Gertrude Louisa Jane, married in 1863 to the Rev. Edward Capel Cure, Vicar of St. Peter's in the East, Oxford.

**Sir H. M. Jervis White Jervis, Bart.**

Died at Dublin, on the 17th of March, Sir Henry Meredyth Jervis White Jervis, of Bally Ellis, co. Wexford, Bart.

He was born at Belcamp, Coolock, co. Dublin, on the 20th of November, 1793, being the second son of Sir John Jervis White Jervis, the first Baronet, by his first wife Jane, daughter of Henry Nisbett, esq. of Ashmore, co. Longford. His elder brother having died young, he succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1830.

He had entered the Royal Navy in 1807, on board the *Kent*, 74, stationed

in the Mediterranean. From Nov. 1809 to Feb. 1813, he served in the *Lavinia*, 40, in which he assisted in 1811 in the capture of an island in the Bay of Rosas, which had long been a place of refuge for the French privateers. In the *San Josef*, 110, the flagship of Sir Richard King, he witnessed two partial actions fought by Sir Edward Pellew with the Toulon fleet; and in Aug. 1814 he was confirmed Lieutenant in the *Blenheim*, 74. He was afterwards for twelve months on the Cork and Channel stations in the *Pelorus*, 18, his services on full-pay altogether extending to nine years. He was made a Commander in 1858.

He married, on 16th Dec. 1818, Marian, third daughter of William Campbell, esq. of Fairfield, co. Ayr, by Catherine, his second wife, daughter of William Gunning, esq. brother of Sir Robert Gunning, first Baronet, of Horton. By this lady, who died 8th March, 1861, he had issue four sons and three daughters, viz. (1) John, born 16th Sept. 1819, took holy orders, and died without issue at Nice, 1863; (2) Humphrey Charles, born 1st Jan. 1821, who now succeeds to the title; (3) Henry, born March 1825, who is a Major in the Royal Artillery, and M.P. for Harwich, and married (1855) Lucy, eldest daughter of J. C. Cobbold, esq. M.P. for Ipswich; (4) Jocelyn, Lieut. R.N. married, 13th Feb. 1866, Alice Margaret, fourth daughter of William Peareth, esq. of Unsworth House, co. Durham; (5) Augusta, died unmarried 28th Aug. 1863; (6) Marian, married 1856 to Mark Style, esq. Surgeon 1st Bombay Native Infantry; (7) Aline, married 1st July, 1851, to Sir Henry de Hoghton, Bart. and died 29th Dec. 1852.

**Admiral Sir Peter Richards, K.C.B.**

Died at his residence, 38, Wimpole-street, London, on the 16th of March, Admiral Sir Peter Richards, K.C.B. aged 82.

He entered the navy in 1798 as a first-class volunteer, obtained the rank of Lieutenant in September 1807, and served in the *Repulse*, 74, Captain Hon. Arthur K. Legge, employed in the expedition to Walcheren in 1809. As Lieutenant of the *Revenge*, he commanded the boats of that ship, and succeeded, without a single casualty, in bringing out from the harbour of Palamos a felucca privateer. He was appointed in 1816 flag-Lieutenant





nant to Lord Exmouth in the Queen Charlotte, and was at the bombardment of Algiers, and in the command of that ship's barge he boarded and set on fire an Algerine frigate, for which gallant conduct he was promoted to the rank of Commander. In 1826 he was appointed to the Pelorus, 18, in which he served chiefly in the Mediterranean, under Admiral Sir W. Parker. He was appointed in April 1831 to the Cornwallis, 72, and during the time he commanded that ship he took a distinguished part in the operations on the coast of China in 1842, where he served on shore in the attack on the enemy's entrenched camp on the heights of Segaoon, and at the taking of Chapoo, Woosung, Shanghai, and at Chinkiang-foo, where he landed at the head of 200 Marines and was wounded. For his gallantry while in command of the same ship he was nominated a Companion of the Order of the Bath in December 1842, and was made a Knight Commander of that Order in 1865. He had enjoyed for some years a good-service pension, which he relinquished on obtaining flag-rank, and for several years was a Lord Commissioner of the Board of Admiralty, which he relinquished on being appointed a Commissioner of Greenwich Hospital.

His commissions bore date as follows:—Lieutenant, Sept. 12, 1807; Commander, Sept. 16, 1816; Captain, Sept. 17, 1828; Rear-Admiral, June 6, 1853; Vice-Admiral, April 12, 1862; and Admiral, Sept. 12, 1865.

**Colonel A. F. W. Wyatt, C.B.**

On the 7th Jan. died, at Portobello Barracks, Dublin, aged 58, Colonel Alfred Frances W. Wyatt, C.B. Lieutenant of the 65th Foot.

This gentleman in early life was an officer in the Royal Navy. He entered the army as an Ensign in the 65th Foot in Dec. 1826, and served with that regiment for forty-two years. He was in active service during the Canadian rebellion of 1838. He commanded a detachment at Wanganui, New Zealand, in 1847, and the entire of his corps at Taranaki in 1860-61, including the affair at Kairan, and capture of Matarikoriko, the rifle-pits at Huirangi, and all the subsequent skirmishes in front of Te Arie and Pukeangiora. For these services he was nominated a Companion of the Bath, and received clasp medals. During the Waikato

war of 1863-4 he was engaged in the affair of Kerikeri, and commanded the storming party of the 65th at the capture of Rangiri, where he was slightly wounded.

Colonel Wyatt enjoyed a good-service pension of 100*l.* and had been four times mentioned in despatches and twice thanked in general orders.

He has left three daughters—Brenda, married to Capt. Westead, late of the 7th Dragoons; Minna, married to Capt. Lawson Trafford; and Mona, unmarried.

His brother, Major-Gen. Alexander Henry Louis Wyatt, lately commanding the 1st battalion of the 11th Foot, is now in Bengal.

His remains were interred on the 11th Jan. with full military honours, in the cemetery at Arbour-hill. The Rev. R. M'Gee, senior chaplain to the garrison, officiated. The pall-bearers were Colonels Thomas E. Knox, C.B.; Bartholomew O'Brien, C.B. M.T.; Pearson Scott Thompson, 14th (King's) Hussars; William Sankey, 2nd battalion, 9th Regiment; Mackenzie, Deputy Adjutant-General; Wynne, R.E.; and Maude, C.B. inspecting field officer. The chief mourners were Capt. Lawson Trafford, late 65th Regiment; Capt. Westead, late 7th Dragoons; and Dr. Robert M'Donald.

**Admiral Grenfell.**

On the morning of the 20th of March. John Pascoe Grenfell, Admiral of three Brazilian navy, and for many years past Brazilian Consul at Liverpool, died at his residence, Prince's-park, in that town, in the 69th year of his age.

His career was a remarkable one. He was a son of the late Mr. J. G. Grenfell, of London, and was born at Battersea in 1800. At 11 years of age he commenced life under the East India Company, and made several voyages to and from India, first as midshipman and then as mate. In 1819 he took service under the Chilian Republic, and became Lieutenant under the command of Lord Cochrane (afterwards Earl of Dundonald) who was Admiral of the Chilian naval forces, and took part in the war of independence against Spain. On the night of the 5th of November, 1820, Lieutenant Grenfell commanded one of the boats of the Chilian squadron, which, under the personal direction of Lord Cochrane, boarded and cut out from under the castles of Calloa de Lima, and from the midst of a squa-



dron of armed vessels and gunboats, the Spanish admiral's ship, the *Esmeralda*, a frigate of 40 guns, fully manned, and perfectly prepared for the attack. This gallant exploit was performed by 240 volunteers, chiefly Englishmen, embarked in 14 boats, five of which were gigs. About 50 of the assailants fell killed or wounded in the attack, among the latter Lieutenant Grenfell; and 200 Spaniards stretched on the decks of the frigate next morning showed how sharply the contest had been maintained.

On the conclusion of the war, in 1823, Lieutenant Grenfell accompanied Lord Cochrane to Brazil, and engaged in the service of that new State against Portugal. Success again attended their arms, and Lieutenant Grenfell rose to the rank of Commander, and soon afterwards did good service to the cause he had espoused by compelling the surrender of the Portuguese at Para, and the adhesion of the province of that name to the new Government. After this, as a post-Captain, he saw distinguished service in the war with the Argentine Confederation, and in a naval fight off Buenos Ayres, in July 1826, he lost his right arm. On his recovery he visited England, but in 1828 returned to the seat of war, which shortly afterwards terminated. Honours and dignities then flowed in upon him, and he received a pension for the loss of his arm. In 1829 he married Donna Maria Dolores, the daughter of a dignitary of Montevideo. He continued on active service at intervals, and received additional honours. In 1844 he was made a Rear-Admiral, and received the Queen's permission to hold his rank and continue in the service of the Emperor of Brazil. In 1846 he returned to England and became Brazilian Consul-General, residing at Liverpool. In August 1848 Rear-Admiral Grenfell received the thanks of the town of Liverpool and the gold medal of the Liverpool Seamen's Shipwreck Society for his exertions in saving the lives of the passengers and crew of the emigrant ship *Ocean Monarch*, burnt off that port, and which was promptly succoured by the *Alfonso*, under Captain Marquez Lisboa, then on her trial trip. The following letter from his Royal Highness the Prince de Joinville, who was present, shows the sense his Royal Highness entertained of the Rear-Admiral's behaviour on that trying occasion:—

"Claremont, 28 Août, 1848.

"Monsieur.—J'ai reçu la lettre que vous m'avez fait l'honneur de m'écrire au sujet du sauvetage des passagers de l'*Ocean Monarch*. Je ne mérite point des éloges que vous voulez bien m'adresser. Passager seulement abord de l'*Alfonzo*, je n'ai été malheureusement que le témoin impuissant de la plus douloureuse des catastrophes, mais j'ai vu tenter les plus nobles efforts d'arracher à une mort horrible des femmes et des enfants. Qu'il me soit permis de signaler à la reconnaissance publique les officiers et l'équipage de l'*Alfonzo*, le matelot Jérôme, et surtout Monsieur l'Amiral Grenfell, dont le noble dévouement m'a pénétré d'admiration. Ma femme me charge de vous exprimer toute sa reconnaissance pour les sentimens que vous avez bien voulu lui exprimer. Recevez, Monsieur, l'assurance de ma haute considération.

"F. D'ORLEANS.

"His Worship the Mayor of Liverpool."

In 1850 a misunderstanding again arose between the Argentine Republic and that of Montevideo, in which Brazil was involved. Rear-Admiral Grenfell was placed in supreme naval command, and in conjunction with Count Caxias and others brought the campaign to a speedy and glorious conclusion. He was then promoted to the rank of Vice-Admiral. In August, 1852, he resigned his command, and, returning to Liverpool, resumed his civil appointment, which he continued to hold, together with the high respect of the commercial public, until his death.

#### **Major-General Travers, C.B.**

The gallant and energetic officer of Marines, Major-General Joseph Oates Travers, C.B. died from congestion of the lungs on the 23rd of March.

A more indomitable officer never belonged to the corps, and his active services extended over 40 years. He obtained his commission in Sept. 1831; was made First Lieutenant in 1837; Captain, 27th Dec. 1847; Brevet-Major, 12th Dec. 1854; and Lieut.-Colonel, 8th Sept. 1858; Major-General, 1866.

He served with his battalion on the coast of Spain, in the Carlist war, in 1839; and afterwards, from 1840 to 1842, on the coast of Syria in the flag-ship of Admiral Sir Charles Napier. He was with the Baltic expeditions in 1854 and 1855, and on board a gun-boat engaged in the attack on Swenborg in August 1855. He afterwards





served in China, on board Her Majesty's ship *Furious*, from 1857 to 1861, and during that period acted as Brigade-Major of the Royal Marines, and was present at the operations before, storming, and capture of Canton, and was wounded in the action with the *Braves* in June 1858. He was appointed Assistant Quartermaster-General to the expedition in August the same year. He was actively engaged in the capture of the Takoo forts on the 21st August, 1860, where he was slightly wounded, and was present at the subsequent engagements which resulted in the occupation of Peking. As a recognition of his zealous and meritorious services, he was recommended by the Duke of Somerset to Her Majesty for the Companionship of the Order of the Bath in 1861. In the same year he was appointed Assistant-Adjutant-General of the Royal Marines, and in Jan. 1867, Inspector-General of that corps. He resigned the latter appointment in December last. He was full of work and energy when he was assailed by his fatal malady.

#### General O'Malley.

The French army has lost one of its most gallant officers by the death, in March last, of General Patrick O'Malley, who was in the 75th year of his age.

He was the son of Colonel Austin O'Malley of Burrishoole, co. Mayo, one of the Irish emigrants of 1798, who entered the French service under the Consulate. After serving for a long time in Algeria, he commanded a regiment in the Crimea, and got the English medal, with three clasps. He also served in the Italian campaign, and was created a general of brigade for his distinguished bravery at Magenta. He accompanied the French expeditionary force, under General Montauban, to China; and on the departure of the general-in-chief was left in command of the troops. Subsequently he was sent to take the command of the subdivision of Constantine, then of Marseilles, and lastly in the department of the Nièvre. About six or eight months ago he was, at his own request, placed on half-pay. He had suffered much from a wound in the ear received in China; it was never healed, and the attempt to stop the supuration is thought to have brought on the erysipelas which carried him off in two or three days.

The deceased general was Commander of the Legion of Honour, Commander of the Turkish order of the Medjidie, Commander of the Italian order of SS. Maurice and Lazare, and had, moreover, the Imperial military medal, and the Chinese and Italian medals.

A body of military attended the religious service in the church of St. Severin, in the 11th Arrondissement of Paris, and paid him the usual honours in the cemetery of Montparnasso, where he was interred on the 23rd of March.

#### The Hon. Edward Bates.

An American statesman and lawyer of some celebrity, the Hon. Edward Bates, died at St. Louis on the 25th of March.

He was born in 1793 at Goochland in Virginia. His father having a large family and a small income, young Bates was at an early age compelled to work for his own living. In 1814 he proceeded to St. Louis, where he studied law under the advocate Mr. Rufus Caston. Afterwards he served in Congress and the State Legislature, and was for some time a judge in a Missouri State Court. In 1850 he was called to the Cabinet by President Fillmore as Secretary for War, but declined the honour. In 1861, however, he accepted the Attorney-Generalship in President Lincoln's Cabinet, and held that important office till December 1864, when he retired into private life.

#### M. D. Hassard, Esq.

Died on the 7th of April, at his residence, Glenville, co. Waterford, Michael Dobbyn Hassard, esq. one of the Referees of the House of Commons, and formerly M.P. for the city of Waterford. Early in March—on the day he was to have come to England to resume his duties—he was seized with an attack which ultimately turned to bilious fever, and from the attacks of which he died.

He was born in Oct. 1817, being the only surviving son of the late Richard Hassard, esq. (who was formerly Lieut. in the Royal Irish Artillery, and afterwards Captain of the Waterford Militia,) by Frances Marguerita, daughter of Michael Dobbyn, esq. of Ballycaoon, co. Waterford. He received his academical education at Trinity College, Dublin, where he graduated B.A. and was Gold Medallist in 1838. From 1856 to 1866 he sat in Parliament as M.P. for the city of



Waterford, acting each Session as Chairman of Committees. On the establishment of the Court of Referees he left Parliament, in consequence of his appointment by the Speaker as a "paid referee." He was an able lawyer, and both as an M.P. and afterwards as an officer of the House, was often consulted by members from above and below the gangway. The readiness and kindness with which he gave information and assistance will be long remembered by friends both in and out of Parliament.

He was a magistrate for the city and county of Waterford, and served the office of High Sheriff in 1853.

He married in 1846 Anne, daughter of the late Sir Francis John Hassard, and has left issue two sons and as many daughters, viz. William, born March 1856; Richard, born Dec. 1858; Anna Maria; and Jane.

#### *C. Capper, Esq.*

Died on the 21st of March, at Upton, Essex, aged 46, Charles Capper, esq. late Conservative M.P. for Sandwich.

He came to London first as goods manager of the Great Eastern Railway, in which position he proved so useful that he was speedily promoted to be superintendent of the line. At the opening of the Victoria (London) Docks he was selected to be general manager of that important undertaking; and the revolution he effected in dock management is still felt and recognised by all associated with such interests. Shortly after the amalgamation of the London Dock Companies (an amalgamation chiefly brought about by Mr. Capper), he was unanimously elected chairman of the Southampton Docks Company, a position in which his peculiar talents were conspicuously displayed. Mr. Capper held this appointment till the time of his decease. He was also deputy-chairman of the Central Bank of London, and chairman of the Dagenham Docks Company. In 1861 he published a volume on the "Port and Trade of London," which has gone through more than one edition, and is now an acknowledged text-book of commercial information.

At the general election of 1865, Mr. Capper contested Sandwich in the Conservative interest against two members of the Whig Government, Lord Clarence Paget and Mr. Knatchbull-Hugessen. He could scarcely be expected to succeed against such im-

portant influences at the first contest; but such was the popularity he acquired by his genial manners and commercial information, that, on a vacancy in the following spring, Mr. Capper was returned as member for the borough.

#### *G. S. Beecroft, Esq.*

George Skirrow Beecroft, esq. formerly M.P. for Leeds, died at his town residence, 4, Gloucester-terrace, Regent's Park, after a short illness, on the 18th of March.

He was the eldest son of the late George Beecroft, esq. of Kirkstall, by his wife Mary, daughter of John Audus, esq. of Selby, Yorkshire, and was born at Outwood House, Horsforth, near Leeds, in 1809. He succeeded his father as proprietor of the well-known Kirkstall Forge, near Leeds, but retired from the business some years ago in favour of Messrs. Butler.

Mr. Beecroft, who was a Liberal-Conservative, successfully contested Leeds on three several occasions, in the first instance on the death of Mr. Robert Hall (Conservative), in 1857, when he headed Mr. Remington Mills (Liberal) by only six votes. At the general election in 1859 he was returned, along with Mr. E. Baines, beating Mr. W. E. Forster, one of the present members for Bradford, and the Vice-President of the Council, by 22 votes; and in 1865 he was for the third time returned, being then placed at the head of the poll. The numbers on that occasion were:

G. S. Beecroft, esq.	3,223
E. Baines, esq.	3,045
Lord Amberley	2,902

On account of his failing health Mr. Beecroft declined to be put in nomination at the general election last year. In 1859, when the Earl of Derby was in power, he seconded the address of the House of Commons in reply to the speech from the Throne.

Mr. Beecroft was a West Riding magistrate, and a deputy-lieutenant of the same division of the county.

He married, first, in 1835, Septima Garland, daughter of Thomas Butler, esq. of Kirkstall, which lady died in 1837. On 28 July 1842 he married Mary Isabelle, only daughter of George Beaumont, esq. of Halifax. By this lady, who survives him, he leaves issue one son, George Andrew Beaumont, born 21 July, 1844.





## James Webster, esq.

Died at Guelph, Upper Canada, on the 6th February, James Webster, esq.

He was the second son of James Webster, esq. of Bahruddery, co. Forfar, Scotland, and was born on the 28th May, 1808. In 1833, six years after Guelph was founded, he emigrated to Canada, his companion on the voyage being the late Rev. Peter Bell, Mr. Webster's tutor, and who is also well known as the inventor of the reaping machine. Some two years previous to that the late Hon. Adam Ferguson had made a tour through Canada. He returned to this country in 1833 along with Mr. Webster, and the two bought on shares 7,200 acres of land in the township of Nichol, and founded the village of Fergus. Mr. Webster and another gentleman from Scotland, Mr. Buist, took up their residence in the first house ever built in Fergus, and passed the winter of 1833-4 in what was then the solitude of the forest. Fergus is now become a large and thriving village, and the scene of busy industry. Through the efforts mainly of Mr. Webster, settlers began to come in. Mr. A. D. Ferrier, who came to Fergus in 1834, states that in the summer of that year several houses, including an inn, were put up, a church and a schoolhouse soon followed, and in the autumn a good many settlers bought lots and planted themselves down in the bush. Mr. Webster took the most lively interest in the progress and prosperity of the infant settlement. The early settlers had many difficulties to encounter and overcome in these years, but they had a fast and true friend in Mr. Webster, who was ever ready to lend them a helping hand.

As might be expected, the subject of our sketch, from his position and influence, took from the first a great interest in all matters of a public character connected with the village which he had done so much to build up, and also with the township of Nichol. In 1835 he was, in conjunction with the late Mr. G. Wilson and Mr. Gilkison, appointed a Township Commissioner, which office he held for some time. He was appointed Commissioner of the Court of Requests—which united the functions of the present County Court and Division Court—in 1840. When the new Municipal Act came in force, he was appointed a District Councillor for the township of Nichol. In 1844, when the second election took place for

the then district of Wellington, Mr. Webster opposed Mr. Durand in the Conservative interest, and was declared elected by the small majority of seven. After sitting for three years, the House was dissolved, and Mr. Webster and the late Hon. Mr. Fergusson Blair contested the district. The former was declared elected, but Mr. Blair petitioned against his return, and Mr. Webster resigned rather than stand a scrutiny.

After being in business for a number of years in Fergus, Mr. Webster removed to Guelph, in 1852, where he opened a land agency office, and did a very large business till the crisis of 1867 came, by the effects of which he was a heavy sufferer. In 1857, at the general election, he contested the North Riding of Wellington in the Conservative interest, against the late Mr. Charles Allan. The latter was elected, but was, afterwards unseated. Mr. Allan's death occurred in the interim, and, at the next election for the Riding, Mr. Webster ran against Mr. James Ross in 1859, but was defeated. This was his last appearance in the political arena. This same year (1859) he was elected Mayor of Guelph, and discharged the duties of the office with credit to himself and profit to the town. In June of the same year, he was, on the death of the late Mr. Paterson, appointed Registrar of the County of Wellington, and held the office till his death.

For many years Mr. Webster took an active interest in the organisation and success of the militia and volunteer movements in the district and county. In March, 1839, he received his commission as Major of the old 13th Gore Militia. In April, 1847, he was gazetted Lieutenant-Colonel of the 6th Waterloo Militia; in June, 1853, he was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel of the 3rd Wellington (Erin) Militia; and when the Volunteer Force was organised by Sir Allan McNab in 1856, he was, on the 10th of July in that year, gazetted Colonel of the 6th Military District, which commission he held till the reorganisation of the Volunteer Force, and the appointment of Brigade-Major. In the performance of the duties pertaining to these offices, he was always prompt and careful, and as an instance of this we may mention that during the excitement attending the Trent affair, he took charge of his own and Sir Allan McNab's districts (Sir Allan being then in England), and was on constant duty for a month.



In politics Mr. Webster was a keen and consistent Conservative, but though engaged in many contests we believe he came out of them all without making a single personal enemy. In losing him we lose one of the most prominent landmarks which divide those years from the present, for to him and his associates we owe much for their untiring efforts and energy in settling and building up one of the most prosperous sections of this county.

The deceased was married in March 1838 to Margaret, eldest daughter of the late George Wilson, esq. of Glasgow, Aberdeenshire, Scotland, and leaves behind him a large family of 11 children. Two of his brothers and two sisters still survive him. One of his brothers is in Scotland, and one in New Zealand. One of his sisters is married to the Rev. Dr. Barty, present Moderator of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.—*Guelph Mercury*.

#### The Abbé Gaume.

The Very Rev. Jean Joseph Gaume, D.D. a distinguished French theologian and writer, died in March last at Paris.

Born in 1802, he was appointed in 1827 professor of divinity in the seminary of Nevers. Successively director of the lower seminary, canon and vicar-general of the same diocese, he established several charitable institutions, and after having published several learned works, visited Rome in 1841. His Holiness Gregory XVI. made him a Knight of the reformed order of St. Sylvester. He was also D.D. of the University of Prague, a member of several learned societies, and vicar-general of Rheims, Montauban, and Aquila; and in 1854 Pius IX. created him a Roman prelate, with the title of Prothonotary Apostolic *ad instar participantium*. At the time of his death he was canon of Notre Dame de Paris.

Mgr. Gaume was author of a large number of works, among which we may mention, "Du Catholicisme dans l'Education," 1835; "Le Seigneur est mon Partage," 1853; "Mamel des Confesseurs," 1854; "Cathéchisme de Persévérance, ou Exposé de la Religion depuis l'origine du monde jusqu'à nos jours," 8vo. 8 vols. 7th edit. 1854; "Histoire de la Société Domestique," 2 vols. 8vo. 2nd edit. 1854; "La Situation. Douleurs, dangers, devoirs, consolations des Catholiques," 1861; "Le Signe de la Croix au xix<sup>e</sup> siècle,"

1863; "Traité du Saint-Esprit, comprenant l'histoire des deux esprits," 2 vols. 1864; and translations of several works by St. Alphonsus Liguori, including "The Clock of the Passion."

The Abbé Gaume was the chief promoter of a reform which consisted of substituting, in secondary schools, the works of the Fathers of the Church for the pagan classics, it being urged that the study of the latter produced a bad effect on the minds of Christian youth. In support of this scheme the Abbé Gaume published several works, and notably "Le Verrongeur des Sociétés Modernes," 1851, which was highly praised by the *Univers*, and as vigorously attacked by the illustrious Mgr. Dupanloup, bishop of Orleans, who maintained that Christian education ought to be conducted on the widest basis. In connection with this controversy, which was settled by Rome giving a formal decision on the subject in dispute, may be cited the following works by the Abbé Gaume:—"Lettres sur le Paganisme dans l'Education," 1852; "Bibliothèque des Classiques Chrétiens, Latins et Grecs," 30 vols. 12mo. 1852-55; "Poètes et Prosateurs Profanes complètement expurgés," 2 vols. 12mo. 1857.

#### Heinrich Ritter.

The well-known German philosopher and historian, Heinrich Ritter, died in Feb. at Göttingen.

Born at Zerbst in 1791, he went through a course of theology at the universities of Halle and Göttingen, and after having taken part as a volunteer in the war of independence, he completed his philosophical studies at Berlin. From an early age he applied himself to the study of history, and sought to discover in the doctrines of the ancients the germs of the modern systems of philosophy. As early as 1817 he published two small works, which were the result of this line of research, their titles being, "On the Formation of the Philosopher by the History of Philosophy, and "What influence has the Philosophy of Des Cartes exercised on the formation of that of Spinoza, and what are their points of contact?" The same spirit animated his teaching at Berlin (1824), Kiel (1835), and Göttingen (1837).

After composing special treatises on Ionian philosophy, and on the systems of Empedocles, Pythagoras, and the Megaric Sect, Ritter commenced his





great work, the "General History of Philosophy" (1829-53), which was supplemented by an "Essay on Modern German Philosophy since Kant." He likewise published an "Introduction to Logic," "The Demi-Kantians and Pantheism," "The Knowledge of God in the World," "History of Christian Philosophy," and other works.

#### The Rev. H. H. Baber.

Died, on the 28th of March, at Stretham rectory, near Ely, the Rev. Henry Hervey Baber, M.A., F.R.S., in the 94th year of his age.

He was born on the 22nd of August 1775, being son of Thomas Baber, esq. barrister-at-law, and grandson of Thomas Draper Baber, esq. of Sunning Hill Park, Berks. An alumnus of St. Paul's school, he entered All Souls college, Oxford, as a Bible Clerk, and graduated B.A. in 1799, and M.A. in 1805. In the latter year he became Vice-Principal of St. Mary's hall, and Curate to Dr. Copleston, at that time Vicar of the parish of St. Mary the Virgin, and afterwards Bishop of Llandaff.

Whilst still an undergraduate, Mr. Baber was, about 1796 or 7, appointed a sub-librarian of the Bodleian, and was associated in that office with the late Sir Henry Ellis, as was noticed in our memoir of Sir Henry in page 202, note. In the year 1798 Mr. Baber made the sketch of the portrait of the Rev. John Price, B.D. the Bodleian Librarian, which is engraved in Nichols's *Illustrations of the Literary History of the Eighteenth Century*, vol. v.

Mr. Baber's youthful zeal in the execution of his duties at the Bodleian proved his fitness for the important post which he afterwards held in the library of the British Museum. At his first application for the office of extra assistant librarian in the latter institution, finding that his claims came into competition with those of his friend Ellis, he at once withdrew, with the delicacy of feeling which characterised him through life; but soon after his first candidature Mr. Baber obtained that appointment; and in 1807, without any solicitations on his part, he was made an assistant librarian. In 1809 he married the daughter of Mr. Harry Smith, banker, a partner in the firm of Child and Co. In 1812 he was appointed keeper of the Printed Books in the British Museum, and he held that post until 1837, when the Trustees passed a resolution, "acknowledging

Mr. Baber's long and meritorious services." In 1827 he was collated to the rectory of Stretham-with-Thetford, then in the gift of the Premier as an option. In the assiduous discharge of the duties of that parish he continued to labour till within a short time of his decease.

At the time of his death he was one of the oldest Fellows of the Royal Society, having been elected on the 23rd May 1816. Of the Royal Society of Literature (established in 1823) he was one of the original founders.

The interment of his remains took place at Stretham on the 3rd of April, when the funeral service was performed by his friend Dr. Harvey Goodwin the Dean of Ely; Canons Sparke and Selwyn, and many of the neighbouring clergy, attending.

Mr. Baber will be chiefly remembered by posterity as the editor of the Alexandrian MS. of the Old Testament, which, on account of the testimony it bears to the reading of many important passages, possesses the deepest interest for biblical critics.

Subjoined is a list of Mr. Baber's publications:—

Remarks on a Letter addressed to the Three Denominations of Protestant Dissenters in the county of Leicester [by Mr. Paterson], being an attempt to vindicate the Church of England against the assertions in that Letter. 12mo. Birmingham, 1801.

The New Testament, translated from the Latin by John Wiclif. 4to. Lond. 1810. To this Mr. Baber prefixed *Memoirs of the Life, Opinions, and Writings of Dr. Wiclif*, and an historical account of the Saxon and English version of the Scriptures previous to the opening of the fifteenth century.

An Address to the Public on the expediency of publishing a Fac-Simile of the Septuagint Version of the Old Testament, as it is preserved in the Codex Alexandrinus in the British Museum, with proposals for printing by subscription a portion of the same. 8vo. Lond. 1811.

Psalterium Græcum e Codice MS. Alexandrino. 4to. Lond. 1812.

Librorum Impressorum qui in Museo Britannico adservantur Catalogus. 8vo. 1813. Conjointly with Sir Henry Ellis.

Vetus Testamentum Græcum e Codice MS. Alexandrino, qui Londini in Bibliotheca Musei Britannici asservatur, typis ad similitudinem ipsius Codicis scripturæ fideliter descriptum, cura



et labore Henrici Herveii Baber, A.M. Reg. Societ. London. et Reg. Acad. Boicæ Socii, Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ Presbyteri, et Musci Britannici Bibliothecarii. 4 vols. 4to. Lond. 1816-28.

He married on 28 Jan. 1803 Anne, daughter of Harry Smith, esq. of Childs, and had six children, all of whom survive him, viz. Elizabeth Anne; Anne Marie; Helen; the Rev. Harry Baber, chaplain of Whitelands Training Institution, Chelsea; Ann, the wife of Archdeacon Freeman; and the Rev. John George Baber, Curate of Thornton.

#### **Archdeacon Mant.**

The Ven. Walter Bishop Mant, M.A. Archdeacon of Down, and Rector of Hillsborough, died at his residence, Hillsborough, at four o'clock on the morning of the 6th of April.

Walter Bishop Mant was born at Buryton, Hants, on the 25th of June, 1807, and was consequently nearly 62 years of age at the time of his decease. He was the eldest son of the late Right Rev. Richard Mant, D.D. Bishop of Down and Connor and Dromore, an eminent scholar, sprung from a highly respectable English family, settled in Hampshire, and connected by marital alliances with the distinguished Joseph Bingham, author of "*Origines Ecclesiasticæ*," and Dr. R. Pococke, the celebrated Eastern traveller. The deceased gentleman was educated at Oriel College, Oxford, where he graduated B.A. 6 Dec. 1827, and M.A. 17 June, 1830. He was ordained in 1831, and subsequently appointed Archdeacon of Connor. In October 1834, in the same week that the great Protestant meeting was held in Hillsborough, he was appointed Archdeacon of Down and Rector of Hillsborough, which preferments he held for a period of more than thirty-four years. For several years he occupied the post of Provincial Grand Master of the Freemasons of Antrim and Down, and since then he held the office of Provincial Grand Chaplain.

On Sunday morning (April 4) the Archdeacon preached as usual in Hillsborough church, and went to divine service in the evening, but was unable to officiate. He had been suffering from an attack of influenza, and was much recovered, but the preaching had an injurious effect on him. When the inflammatory action set in, Dr. Thompson of Lisburn and Dr. Boyd of Hillsborough were summoned, and did

everything in their power, but without avail.

Mr. Mant was an author of considerable eminence, and much given to antiquarian study. He was sincerely attached to the Church of which he was a minister, and took part at the last great Protestant Defence Association meeting at Hillsborough.

We append a list of his publications:

*Horæ Apostolicæ*; an Attempt to Investigate the Polity of the Primitive Church by an Examination of the Incidental Notices contained in the New Testament; in a Sermon [on John xvii. 20, 21]. With Notes. Lond. 8vo. 1839.

*The Man of Sorrows*. The Mental Sufferings of Jesus Christ during His Passion, considered in Five Discourses. Oxford, 8vo. 1852.

*Memoirs of the Right Rev. Richard Mant, Bishop of Down and Connor and of Dromore*, with an Introductory Sketch of those Dioceses from the beginning of the Seventeenth Century. Dublin, 8vo. 1857.

*Christophoros, and other Poems*. Lond. 8vo. 1861.

*Bible Quartetts*. Compiled for the purpose of affording Interesting and Instructive Employment on the Sabbath day. Lond. 32mo. [1862.] Three numbers published.

*Scientific Quartetts*. Compiled expressly for the purpose of combining Scientific Instruction with Innocent Amusement. Lond. 32mo. 1862-63. Six numbers.

His remains were interred in the churchyard, Hillsborough, on the 10th April. The chief mourners were the Rev. Frederick William Mant (brother of the deceased), Edward Morris, esq. (son-in-law), and Masters Edward and Robert Morris (grandsons). The grave was guarded by the Masonic brethren.

#### **Dr. Pratt of Cruden.**

The Rev. John Burnett Pratt, LL.D. a prominent clergyman of the Scottish Episcopal Church, and a writer and antiquary of some note, died at St. James's Parsonage, Cruden, Aberdeenshire, on the 20th of March.

He was born at Cairnbanna, in the parish of New Deer, and received the rudiments of his education at the parish school. After passing through the usual university curriculum at Aberdeen, where he took the degree of M.A. he was ordained Deacon in 1821 by





Bishop William Skinner, and sent to serve the small congregation at Stuartfield, which, ten years after, was merged in the Episcopal congregation at Old Deer. After ministering for four years to an attached and increasing flock, in 1825 a vacancy occurred in St. James's church, Cruden, and Mr. Pratt was unanimously chosen as the pastor of that numerous congregation, to the great regret of the little flock to whom he had endeared himself. The younger clergy of the diocese of Aberdeen looked up to him as their model; and as a proof of the estimation in which his theological learning, literary accomplishments, and professional character were held by the bishop, it is sufficient to say that he appointed Mr. Pratt one of his examining chaplains. Four years ago his university conferred upon him the degree of LL.D.

Among the Anglican clergy, both in Great Britain and the colonies, Mr. Pratt became well and favourably known many years ago, by the publication of his "Old Paths;" and more recently the appearance of his work on "Buchan," gained for him a respectable position in the ranks of topographical writers. Subjoined is a list of his publications:—

*The Old Paths, where is the Good Way.* 3rd edit. 8vo. Oxford, 1840. A treatise, fairly but temperately setting forth the principles of Episcopacy.

*Four Sermons preached in St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Dundee, in 1841 and 1842.* 8vo. Dundee, 1842.

*A Sermon [on 2 Kings ii. 3.] preached at the Funeral of P. Torry.* To which is prefixed a short Biographical Memoir. 8vo. Lond. 1852.

*Buchan. With Illustrations.* 8vo. Aberdeen, 1858. This topographical account of his native district is the work by which Dr. Pratt is best known outside his own community and to the general public. He possessed a profound and accurate knowledge of the representative families of the district, and of its antiquarian subjects of interest; and he was most assiduous in collecting and preserving the traditions, sayings, and usages, which were fast falling into oblivion. The materials of the work were carefully searched for and verified by the enthusiastic author, to whom it was a labour of love; he himself journeying on foot through every parish within the Thanedom. He was engaged in preparing a third edition of

"Buchan" when he was seized with his death-illness.

*The Druids.* 12mo. Lond. 1861. This instructive little work first assumed the form of a popular lecture, which Dr. Pratt read at several meetings in the Buchan district, and afterwards gave to the world in an enlarged and more permanent shape.

*An edition of The Communion Office.* 4to. 1864.

*Letters on the Scandinavian Churches, their doctrine, worship, and polity.* 8vo. Lond. 1865. This was a contribution to the "unity of Christendom," an object very dear to the writer's peace-loving heart.

#### *The Rev. Charles Bridges.*

Died, on the 2nd of April, at the rectory, Hinton Martell, Dorsetshire, aged 75, the Rev. Charles Bridges, M.A. a clergyman who long held a prominent position among the Evangelical party.

He received his academical education at Queen's college, Cambridge, where he graduated B.A. in 1818, and M.A. in 1831. He was ordained Deacon in 1817, and Priest in the following year. In 1823 he was presented to the rectory of Old Newton, near Stowmarket, Suffolk, which he held till 1849. He was next presented by the Bishop of Winchester to the rectory of Weymouth, but after the experience of several years the difficulties of the position, and advancing age induced him to accept the less arduous duties of the rectory of Hinton Martell, which, in 1855, without his solicitation, was kindly offered to him by the Earl of Shaftesbury, as a tribute to his meritorious services. In this pleasant rural retreat he spent the remainder of his life.

One of Mr. Bridges' clerical friends and associates in his neighbourhood writes as follows:—"Mr. Bridges told the writer that during his ministry at Weymouth there was not a drawing-room in the town in which he had not delivered his Master's message,—he used to go to them in the morning. After his laborious work at Weymouth it seemed a haven of quiet when Lord Shaftesbury offered him the living of Hinton Martell. There he laboured diligently among the people and faithfully in the pulpit, and there he monthly assembled round him the clergy of the neighbourhood for meditation upon God's holy Word and for prayer, and



there he ever sought to give a profitable turn to all things, especially on such occasions as school-treats and the like. His knowledge of scripture was marvellous; his practice equal to it; and most ably was he seconded by his excellent wife, who survives him. His health had failed him for some time; he never murmured, but said if God had not afflicted him He would not have been so dear to him. Some time ago he caught a severe cold, from which he never thoroughly recovered. He was so far restored that in the warm weather he was able to go to church, and to take drives in his carriage, and short walks. He had frequent relapses, and on Easter Sunday last was again prostrated; still hopes were entertained that he would be spared longer to adorn the doctrine of God his Saviour. And on Thursday last Lord Shaftesbury laid the foundation-stone of a new church for him in Hinton Martell, not thinking that within 16 hours from that ceremony the beloved rector, for whom special mention was then made in prayer, would put off the body of this tabernacle, and enter that glorious temple of which our earthly churches are only poor types. His is the gain; ours a loss that we seem ill able to afford in these days of doubt and trifling; but, 'though dead, he still speaketh.'

Mr. Bridges' pulpit ministrations were supplemented by his writings, which commanded a circulation of unusual extent. His exposition of the 119th Psalm is much esteemed, as are also his expositions of Proverbs. The following is, we believe, a complete list of Mr. Bridges' publications:—

A Memoir of Miss M. J. Graham, 3rd edit. 12mo. Lond. 1823.

Exposition of Psalm CXIX. 12mo. 1827, 1829, 1846.

The Christian Ministry, with an Inquiry into the causes of its inefficiency, and with an especial reference to the Ministry of the Establishment. 2nd edit. enlarged, Lond. 12mo. 1830; 3rd edit. same year; 4th edit. 1835; 6th edit. 1844; 7th edit. 1849.

Fifty-four Scriptural Studies, 5th edit. 12mo. 1833.

The Life and Persecutions of M. Boos, Roman Catholic Priest in Bavaria, with a preface by Charles Bridges. 12mo. 1836; 8vo. 1855. The latter edition forms the 5th vol. of the Library of Christian Biography.

An Address to a young person on the

subject of Confirmation. 6th edit. 18mo. Lond. 1836.

Forty-eight Scriptural Studies. Vol. II. 12mo. Lond. 1837.

The Qualifications and Encouragement of the Christian Ministry. A Visitation Sermon on 1 Tim. iv. 15, 16. 8vo. Lond. 1844.

Sacramental Instruction. 8vo. Lond. 1844.

Exposition of the Book of Proverbs. 12mo. 1846.

An Essay on Family Prayer, 16mo. Lond. 1847. This was originally prefixed to Goodhart and Holloway's Book of Family Prayer.

A Manual for the Young, being an Exposition of Proverbs i.-ix. 12mo. 1849.

A Selection from the Correspondence of the Rev. J. T. Nottidge. Edited by Charles Bridges. 8vo. 1849.

The True and the False Gospel contrasted in substance and result. A Sermon (on Heb. xiii. 8, 9,) preached at the Visitation of the Archdeacon of Dorset. 8vo. 1853.

Mr. Bridges is succeeded in the rectory of Hinton Martell by the Rev. John Morley Truman, on whom the living has just been conferred by the Earl of Shaftesbury.

#### The Rev. G. B. Bubier.

Died on the 19th March, at his residence, Mansfield Lodge, Acceck's-green, near Birmingham, aged 46, the Rev. George Burden Bubier, Professor of Theology and Philosophy at Springhill College, Birmingham.

He was the son of a dissenting minister held in high esteem in the West of England. His first pastorate was at Orsett, in Essex, where he remained two years. He was then co-pastor with the late Rev. John Hunt, of Brixton-hill, for two years. From Brixton he removed to Downing-street Chapel, Cambridge. He left Cambridge for the pastorate of Hope Chapel, Salford, where he spent ten years; and from Salford he removed to Birmingham, about five years ago, to take the chair of Dogmatic Theology at Springhill, and the pastorate of a church at Acceck's-green, a small suburban village about two miles from the college. This pastorate he resigned a few weeks previous to his death.

Mr. Bubier's intellectual endowments, says the *English Independent*, were of a very exceptional order. His wealth and versatility of thought were





remarkably illustrated in the literary department of our contemporary the *Nonconformist*, with which he was connected for sixteen or seventeen years. His sermons, while distinguished by great depth and freshness of thought, were specially useful, in Manchester at least, to the poorest and least educated of his congregation. As a Professor he had what is perhaps the rarest of all intellectual gifts, the power not so much of impressing his own thought upon the minds of his students, as of awakening their minds to an intense and enthusiastic and independent interest on whatever topic he lectured upon. For very many months his attendance at the college had been irregular, in consequence of the condition of his health, though he often found his way to his lecture-room when he ought to have remained at home; as the earlier years of his connection with Spring-hill have left golden memories in the minds of the men who were fortunate enough to be his pupils.

He was buried in the Salford cemetery on the 24th of March.

Rev. S. E. Walker, D.D.

Died on the 16th of March, the Rev. Samuel Edmund Walker, D.D. Rector of St. Columb Major, co. Cornwall.

He received his education at Trinity college, Cambridge, where he graduated B.A. 1831; M.A. 1834; B.D. 1841; D.D. 1846. He was presented to the rectory of St. Columb Major in 1841.

The subjoined account of him is extracted from the *Guardian*:—

"He was the only child of a wealthy London attorney, who died about twenty-five years ago, leaving him a very large fortune, said to be a quarter of a million, and having previously purchased for him the largest living in Cornwall, of the annual value of more than 1,500*l*. On coming into his property Dr. Walker restored the rectory-house, which formed part of an old monastic building, at a considerable expense, and then offered the living as in part endowment of a bishopric for Cornwall. In consequence of red-tape delays, so long a time elapsed without the offer being definitely acted upon, that it could not ultimately be carried out, for, while matters were pending, Dr. Walker, having successfully dabbled in a building speculation at Gravesend, entered into a much larger one at Notting-hill. Here he proposed to become

both the squire and parson of a district of his own creation, but after spending some tens of thousands on the unfinished church of St. Columba (now known as All Saints'), and some hundreds of thousands on a number of wretchedly built carcasses of houses, he found his inexperience of business was no match for the experience of some of those whom he employed. He consequently became a bankrupt, and in the end was glad to take refuge in his Cornish living, where he has now died. Some idea may be formed of the magnitude of his expectations respecting the Notting-hill speculation from his stating to an informant of the writer that when completed it would bring him in 60,000*l*. per annum."

The above extract having been transferred to the columns of the *Daily News*, a correspondent who knew Dr. Walker from his youth forwarded to that journal the following letter:—

"You copied a notice from the *Guardian* on Thursday respecting the late Dr. S. Walker, the Rector of St. Colomb, Cornwall, which was very inaccurate. He was buried at Friern Barnet, in the tomb of his family. His father was not a London attorney, but a barrister, and one of the six clerks in the Court of Chancery. It is true he endeavoured to increase the large property left him by his ancestors, and that he was very unfortunate. He was a great lover of the Established Church, and was desirous of endowing a bishopric for the county of Cornwall, and providing a residence for the bishop. For this, and not for his own advantage, he endeavoured to increase his fortune, and submitted to much personal inconvenience. He spent a great sum of money upon All Saints', Notting-hill, but I have no doubt that the author of that notice has greatly exaggerated. Others have certainly reaped the advantages which he should have obtained, owing to his want of experience. Though he was most anxious to return to his living in Cornwall, he was never enabled to do so, and I fear the continual delays tended to shorten his life. Could he have succeeded in his wishes, he would have been a great benefactor to the Church of England, both in Cornwall and in London. The project of a bishopric for Cornwall was never seriously entertained by the Government of the day; and he afterwards married, and has left a young family. He was of a most



amiable disposition, regardless of all selfish interests, sincere in the views he took, and truly religious in heart and life."

#### **Rev. W. Caledfryn Williams.**

An eminent Welsh bard and popular minister, the Rev. W. Caledfryn Williams, of Whitecross, died on the 23rd of March, in the 68th year of his age.

He was born at Denbigh in 1801, and commenced preaching in the same place in the year 1826. He was a most accomplished speaker, both in the pulpit and on the platform. The highest honours of the Eisteddfod were conferred on him when he was comparatively young, viz. in the year 1832, at the Eisteddfod held at Beaumaris, Anglesea, when he won the 20l. and chair medal for the best ode on the wreck of the *Rothsay Castle*, and had the distinguished honour, which no other poet ever had, of being presented with the prize and medal by her Royal Highness the Princess Victoria, now Queen of Great Britain. Since that time until death he held good his position as a poet and a literary character.

He was buried at Gweswen, Glamorganshire, on the 30th of March. There was an exceedingly large concourse of people, and about sixty ministers from different parts of the principality were present. The Rev. T. Roberts, Llanrwst, and the Rev. Dr. Rees, of Swansea, preached in the chapel, and several other ministers addressed the congregation.

#### **J. H. James, Esq. F.R.C.S.**

John Haddy James, esq. F.R.C.S. an eminent surgeon of Exeter, and one of the Vice-Presidents of the British Medical Association, died on the 17th of March, after a long and painful illness.

He was born at Exeter in 1789: his father, who had resided as a merchant in Bristol, having only a short time previously retired, and become a resident in Exeter. At the Grammar School he received the ordinary amount of classical and general teaching which is usually acquired by those who leave school early in life. At the age of sixteen, he became an apprentice of the late Mr. Benjamin William Johnson, surgeon and apothecary of Exeter. During the time of his apprenticeship (in 1806) he became a pupil, and so continued for two years, of the Devon and Exeter Hospital, under Mr. Robert

Patch, a distinguished surgeon of that institution, and one whose reputation as an accomplished operator still survives. The celebrated and more generally known John Sheldon was also one of the surgeons at this period; so that Mr. James had early ample opportunities of acquiring sound practical surgical knowledge. Having completed his local education, Mr. James proceeded to St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Here, for four years, he attended lectures and the practice in the wards. During one of these years he filled the office of house-surgeon to the hospital, and during another resided with Mr. Abernethy, as one of his house-pupils.

In 1811 he became a member of the College of Surgeons. Shortly after this, he entered the First Life Guards as assistant-surgeon. At the battle of Waterloo, he was present with his corps, and did efficient service. That he was well up to the front is evident, for the regimental order-book of the following morning ordered that "Assistant-Surgeon James was not in future to expose himself under fire as he had done on the previous day." Although he always wore his Waterloo medal on the 18th of June, it was yet an incident in his life about which he rarely liked to speak. This continued till the last. A friend, who had recently visited Waterloo, wrote to him, saying he should talk over with him the events of that day: he forbade his doing so, as the excitement would be too great. Not so, however, with his subsequent residence in France, at Clery, near Orleans, where he was quartered upon a private French family, during the short period in which the regiment formed part of the army of occupation. He ever spoke of the kindness of his French friends, and the incidents which passed under his eye at this period, with the greatest pleasure. An accident nearly brought his career to an end. As he was riding home one night, his horse shying, jumped into one of the quarries in the neighbourhood of Paris, having a depth of twenty feet.

He continued assistant-surgeon of the Life Guards until June, 1816, when he returned to Exeter, having been elected, on the death of Mr. William Peppin, surgeon to the Devon and Exeter Hospital.

Mr. James, being now twenty-seven years of age, commenced his career as a general practitioner in Exeter, re-





siding within the precincts of the Cathedral Close. He would willingly have confined his attention to pure surgery; but the general confidence reposed upon his colleague, Mr. Barnes, debarred him from this field. Though the greater amount of his time was occupied in general practice, his counsel and assistance were often sought in cases of pure surgery. As it was his ambition to be esteemed a surgeon, so to be consulted in surgical cases was a source of keen gratification to him; and the wards of the hospital supplied him with a work in every way suitable and agreeable to his tastes. Perhaps there never existed a surgeon who was more apt at expedients: all manners of mechanical contrivances were brought in aid of repairing the errors and accidents to which Nature had been subjected; an adaptation of weights and pulleys to restore distorted limbs; syphons to suck out matter from wounds or abscesses, or to supply a constant stream of water to inflamed surfaces, &c.; but the mechanical contrivance to which he himself looked with the greatest satisfaction was the screw-collar, which he invented, and often successfully employed in remedying the contractions consequent on the cicatrices after burns. (*Vide his Memoir On the Results of Operations for Cicatrices after Burns.* 1868.)

In 1829, on the occasion of a case of iliac aneurism presenting itself, which was acknowledged by the whole medical staff of the hospital to point to an early fatal termination, he resolved upon the formidable and hazardous operation (hitherto performed in one instance only, by Sir A. Cooper, in 1817,) of tying the abdominal aorta. The man survived barely three hours. The details of this operation will be found in the *Medico-Chirurgical Transactions*, vol. xvi.

As an operator, Mr. James could not be described as a neat one: his hand was thick, and had not a graceful movement. The contrast in this respect with his colleague, Mr. Harris, was very marked. The precision of every movement of the knife in Mr. Harris's hand evidenced the artistic eye, and the finger which could depict with the ready and unerring pencil the forms mentally conceived. Nevertheless, Mr. James's operations were always satisfactorily and carefully performed. As a general practitioner, he accepted a large amount of work, such

as only a very robust and enduring frame could have carried out. He was most solicitous about his patients, and indefatigable in the investigation of their diseases. He was, indeed, at times, over-anxious, and sought relief by a too frequent change of remedies. Here his fertility of invention came fully into play, and no remedy that presented itself as likely to arrest the progress of disease was thought unworthy of trial. He was a good practitioner, and gained the confidence, as also the friendship, of his patients. For many years he gave an annual course of lectures, with Mr. Barnes, on anatomy; and these were of the highest order. Amid all his practice, he found time to make a considerable number of anatomical preparations, which he at length deemed sufficient to form the nucleus of a museum. Very mainly through his suggestion, and at his solicitation among his friends, a museum, in 1853, was built on the hospital grounds, without calling upon the hospital itself for the expenditure of a single penny. In this museum have been deposited the preparations made by Mr. James, as also those by Mr. Barnes and others. Filling the office of museum curator, many a spare hour would Mr. James steal from a busy day in order to arrange and catalogue the specimens, and this as long as health permitted him; and he only resigned the office of curator in 1868, when no longer capable of repairing to the hospital. Of current medical literature he was an assiduous student, and often made notes of points of interest, while he recorded, with the greatest precision, the details of his own cases. The result of all this is eleven folio volumes, nearly filled, in the small handwriting which characterised him.

His contributions to medical literature have been numerous. His original and larger work was "On the General Principles and Treatment of Inflammation," the first edition of which was published in 1821, and the second in 1832. This work was an extension of his essay, for which the Royal College of Surgeons awarded the Jacksonian prize in 1818. The lesser works and papers are as follow:—1817, "On the Causes of Hypertrophy of the Heart," *Medico-Chirurgical Transactions*, vol. viii.; 1820, "On the Employment of Remedies in the Cure of Bronchocele," ditto, vol. xi.; 1825, "On the Treatment, by a New Method, of Con-



tracted Neck after Burn," ditto, vol. xiii.; 1829, "On the Ligature of the Aorta," ditto, vol. xvi.; 1833, "On the Diagnosis of Strangulated Hernia," *Transactions of the Provincial Medical Association*, vol. i.; 1835, "On Amputation (Formation of Stumps)," ditto, vol. iii.; 1839, "Retrospective Address in Surgery (with Description of Weight and Pulley for Treatment of Fractured Thigh)," ditto, vol. viii.; 1844, "On Ligature of the External Iliac in a case of Double Aneurism (with Remarks on the Hydrostatic Principle)," ditto, vol. xii.; 1849, "On the Causes of Mortality after Amputation for Injury," vol. xvii.; 1850, "On the Causes of Mortality after Amputation for Disease," vol. xviii.; 1859, "On the Operation for Strangulated Hernia," 1865, "Results of Experience in Bleeding," *British Medical Journal*; 1867, "On the Distinctive Characters of External Inflammations," &c.; 1868, "Some Contributions to the Pathology of Fibrous Tumours," *Lancet*; 1868, "On the Causes of Difficult Dentition, and its Treatment," ditto; 1868, "On the Results of Operations for Cicatrices after Burns."

On the establishment of the Exeter Dispensary, in 1818, he was nominated one of the consulting-surgeons; but, save on two or three rare occasions, this appointment involved him in no responsibilities.

On the formation, in 1832, of the Provincial Medical and Surgical Association, he was enrolled in the first list of members, and contributed a paper (as above mentioned) to its first volume of *Transactions*. In 1839, he read the "Retrospective Address in Surgery" at the meeting of the association in Liverpool. In 1840 he attended Court, as a deputation from the association, in company with Dr. Jeffreys, Dr. Boisragon, and Sir John Forbes, to present a petition from the association on the subject of medical reform. In 1842, on the occasion of the association meeting in Exeter, he occupied the position of President, and devoted all his energy to the duties which devolved upon him; becoming next year, as a matter of course, one of the permanent Vice-presidents of the association. In 1843, when the Royal College of Surgeons was reconstituted under its new charter, he was among the first honorary Fellows appointed. In 1858 he resigned the office of sur-

geon to the Devon and Exeter Hospital, and his son was elected in his place. Mr. James was made a consulting-surgeon and an honorary governor.

In the early part of his residence in Exeter, he became a member of the Corporation (1820). He was sheriff in 1826, and mayor in 1828. On the dissolution of the old corporation, in 1835, he retired from all municipal business.

For the most part he enjoyed robust health; nevertheless he experienced some severe illnesses. In 1863, having been previously indisposed, he fell into a state of collapse after exposure to a burning sun. Eventually his condition became that of an aggravated case of hypochondriasis with an anxious temperament, and no doubt some of the great nervous centres were at fault. In 1865 he became affected with optic atrophy, which gradually proceeded to extinction of sight. During his illness he amused himself by dictating some of the results of his experiences, and produced two valuable papers, one on "Paracentesis of the Bladder" and the other on "Chloroform *versus* pain."

He married firstly, in 1822, Elizabeth Withal, who died in 1839, leaving four sons and five daughters, the whole of whom now survive their father with the exception of the eldest son, Mr. W. James, surgeon, of Exeter, who died on the 17th of March 1865. He married secondly, in 1840, Miss Harriet Hills of Exmouth, who survives him.

#### Dr. Maurice H. Collis.

The death is recorded of Maurice Henry Collis, M.D. F.R.C.S.I. which took place at Dublin, under very appalling circumstances. On Monday the 22nd of March he removed a malignant tumour from the upper jaw of a patient in the Meath Hospital at Dublin, and in doing so inflicted a trifling wound on his left hand. He thought nothing about it at the time, but on the Wednesday morning symptoms of lymphatic inflammation and of blood-poisoning became manifest. He was most assiduously attended by Dr. Stokes, Mr. Porter, Dr. Hudson, Dr. Jameson (his father-in-law), and others of his colleagues and professional friends: but in vain, for he became gradually weaker, and died on the morning of Easter Sunday, the 28th of March.

He was born in 1824, being the son of the Rev. Robert Collis, and nephew of the late Maurice Collis, surgeon to the Meath Hospital. After receiving a good education he entered Trinity





College, Dublin, and during his undergraduate course carried off several prizes. He commenced his professional career by being bound to his uncle the late Maurice Collis. He studied at the Meath Hospital, and in the schools of the University and the Royal College of Surgeons; and he for some time availed himself of the *clinique* of the hospitals of Paris. In 1847 he became a Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons of Ireland; he took the degree of M.B. in 1848; he passed the fellowship examination at the College of Surgeons in 1850; and in 1867 took the degree of M.D. in the University of Dublin. He was President of the Council of the Irish Medical Association, member of the Council of the Surgical Society, member of the Dublin Microscopical Club, of the Pathological Society, and Examiner in Surgery—formerly in the Queen's University, and latterly in the College of Surgeons.

He was elected to the Meath Hospital in 1851, on the resignation of his uncle. He was endeared to his colleagues, and indeed to all his acquaintances, by his strict integrity, his affable and kindly manner, and his devoted zeal in promoting the interests of the Meath Hospital, both as an educational and as a charitable institution.

He was married to a daughter of Dr. Jameson, and has left a family of seven children.

Dr. Collis was an author of no mean repute, and in addition to many important contributions on operative surgery to the *Dublin Quarterly* and other medical journals, he published a very able work "On the Diagnosis and Treatment of Cancer, and the Tumours analogous to it." 8vo. Lond. 1864.

His interment, which took place at the Mount Jerome Cemetery, on the 31st of March, was attended by a most numerous body of the Fellows of the College of Surgeons and of the Irish Medical Association. The Rev. Achilles Daunt and the Rev. James Quintin were the officiating clergymen; and the chief mourners were—Mr. Robert Collis, son of the deceased; the Rev. John D. Collis, D.D. his brother; Dr. Wm. Jameson, father-in-law; Mr. Wm. Jameson, his brother-in-law; and the Rev. Robert Stavely. After the performance of the religious service in the Mortuary Chapel, the Rev. Mr. Daunt addressed a few words to those present. He alluded impressively to the lesson

which the premature decease of the lamented gentleman taught them. He was struck down in the full vigour of manhood, at a time when a long career of usefulness seemed to be opening before him—when he seemed advancing rapidly towards the highest honours that his profession could bestow. The study of a life such as this could not fail to stimulate them all to higher purposes and more exalted aims. He was one who, by integrity of motive, consistency of life, gentleness, and benevolence of disposition, gained for himself the affection and the respect of many; and his death would cause deep-felt regret to a large circle indeed.

Soon after Dr. Collis's decease the medical profession, and some members of the Board of the Meath Hospital, took steps to establish a fund for the benefit of his family. It was, however, intimated that such a subscription was unnecessary, and it was consequently proposed to perpetuate his memory by building a new wing to the great institution in which he sacrificed his life. Over 200*l.* was subscribed the first day.

#### Dr. William Seller.

William Seller, esq. M.D. F.R.S. Edin. died at Edinburgh on the 11th of April.

He was educated at the High School, Edinburgh, and afterwards at the University, where he graduated in medicine in 1821. He was made a Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians in 1836, and President in 1848. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, and received from that body a medal for an elaborate memoir of the life and writings of Dr. Whytt. He was lecturer, under Sir A. Morison's endowment, for six annual lectures on mental diseases, in which his metaphysical powers of mind were strongly displayed. These lectures were delivered in the hall of the Royal College of Physicians, where now hangs the admirable painting of Dr. Seller, by Sir John Watson Gordon, for which Dr. Seller received from the College the unusual honour of being requested to sit. He was President of the Medico-Chirurgical Society from 1854 to 1856, and examiner in medicine at the University till within a short time of his death. For many years he acted as physician to the Royal Infirmary and the Royal Public Dispensary; and as lecturer on *materia medica* and *diete*.



tics, in which he displayed a most extensive knowledge.

Unfortunately, his writings are few. In addition to his valuable work on Dr. Whytt, he published, in collaboration with Mr. Henry Stephens, a treatise "On non-nitrogenised Food, in a physiological point of view," 8vo. London, 1867; and he was author of "Physiology at the Farm, in aid of rearing and feeding the live stock," 8vo. Lond. 1867. Dr. Sellar likewise wrote a few papers on Delirium Tremens, Perityphlitis, etc. chiefly in the *Edinburgh Medical Journal* and *Medico-Chirurgical Review*.

His remains were interred in the Dean Cemetery on the 16th April, according to the rites of the Episcopal Church of Scotland. The pall-bearers were:—Messrs. Alex. Peterkin, W. Peterkin, and Arthur Giles, cousins of the deceased; Mr. George Hope, Fentonbarns; Lord Deas, Sir James Y. Simpson, Dr. Moir, Dr. Alex. Wood, Dr. Dickson, and Mr. Alex. Bruce.

#### Dr. T. L. Mackesy.

One of the leading provincial medical practitioners in Ireland, Thomas Lewis Mackesy, esq. M.D. died, on the 8th of April, at his residence, 47, Lady-lane, Waterford, aged 78.

He was a native of Waterford, and his earliest qualification, the diploma of the London College of Surgeons, was obtained in 1809, when he at once entered the army, and served in many memorable actions, including Waterloo. Settling afterwards in his native city, he soon acquired a large and lucrative practice. He took a deep interest in local affairs, served as Mayor of Waterford, and for many years was an active magistrate and Poor Law guardian.

The Fellows of the Royal College of Surgeons of Ireland honoured him to the fullest extent in their power, by electing him to the presidential chair in 1862; and in the following year he received the degree of M.D. from the University of Dublin *causa honoris*.

He delivered some vigorous and learned addresses to the Irish Medical Association, and contributed to the "Transactions" of the Social Science Association some papers on Hygienic and Public Medicine.

Alexander Bruce, Esq. M.S. M.B. F.R.C.S.

Died, on the 11th of April. Alexander Bruce, esq. M.S., M.B. Lond., F.R.C.S.

Lecturer on Anatomy, and Assistant-Surgeon to the Westminster Hospital.

He received his medical education at University college, and distinguished himself greatly at that school. He also gained high honours in the successive stages of his graduation at the University of London, where he held the degrees of Master in Surgery and Bachelor of Medicine. After a short residence in Berlin, in order to extend his acquaintance with pathological science, for which he had exhibited a marked aptitude, Mr. Bruce returned to London to fill the post of assistant-curator to the museum of University college. In this post he manifested the same intense devotion to his profession, and the same love for an earnest and scrupulous performance of his duties, which distinguished his whole career.

Ever intent on seeking for opportunities of improving his professional knowledge, Mr. Bruce visited the seat of war in Bohemia in 1866. On his return he published an able and graphic record of his observations regarding the arrangements adopted on that occasion for the relief of the sick and wounded, and also added some valuable contributions respecting the effects produced by the conical bullets recently introduced into modern warfare. Immediately after his return, Mr. Bruce obtained the post of surgeon to the Islington Dispensary; and very shortly afterwards he distinguished himself by his happy invention of the gas canter, which has proved highly successful for the purposes to which he proposed to apply it. He was also a frequent contributor to the Pathological Society, and was early appointed by this society a member of the Committee for the Investigation of Morbid Growths; and, in the prosecution of his responsible duties, he here manifested the same industry and zeal for accuracy and truth which characterised all his work.

Further promotion came early to him in his appointment to the posts of lecturer on anatomy and assistant-surgeon to the Westminster Hospital, when the sterling qualities of intellect and character which he had previously displayed were increasingly manifest. The diligent student became an earnest and successful teacher; but the early fruit has not been permitted to ripen to full maturity. Always an indefatigable worker, it had been observed by his nearest friends that towards the close of the winter session he had been exert-





ing himself almost up to the limits of endurance of a naturally strong and elastic constitution.

The *British Medical Journal* remarks, "We cannot but feel that, in Mr. Bruce, English surgery has lost one who would have proved an ornament to our science; for the combination which he presented, of a disposition of great kindness and amiability, a quick moral sense and appreciation of the rights of others, and excellent abilities, cultivated by a complete, sound, general, and scientific education, and animated by a zeal for truth, and an unflinching and conscientious sense of duty, are qualities which the medical profession can ill afford to spare, either in their direct results, or as, what it loves better than precept, a high-souled practical example."

Subjoined are the titles of Mr. Bruce's publications:—

Observations in the Military Hospitals of Dresden (reprinted from the *Lancet*), with an appendix. Lond. 8vo. 1866.

An Epitome of the Venereal Diseases; being a succinct account of the facts relating to these diseases, &c. Lond. 8vo. 1868.

#### Mr. Lewis Slight.

On Easter Day (March 28) died at his residence in Upper Brunswick-place, Brighton, Lewis Slight, esq. aged 77; for many years Clerk to the late Commissioners of Brighton.

His name was associated with all the local reforms and improvements of Brighton from about fifty years ago up to the time of the incorporation of the borough in 1853. He was a native of Leicester, whence he came to Brighton about the year 1818. At first both he and his wife were engaged in trade, he as a boot and shoe maker, and Mrs. Slight as a stay-maker, and they opened a small and unpretending shop in Poplar-place (Lanes), where for some years they carried on a humble but respectable business. They afterwards removed to a more eligible situation in North-street, the premises at present occupied by Mr. Noakes, chemist; and, on Mr. Slight relinquishing trade, to a more private residence in Ship-street.

Brighton was then governed by a body of twenty-four Commissioners: and a movement was set on foot, by the more stirring spirits of the day, to obtain a new Local Act, with greater

powers and a more popular constitution. In this movement Lewis Slight took an active part. He was a member of the Town Committee appointed to obtain a new Act; and when in 1825 the new Act was passed, he was nominated in it as one of the 112 Commissioners who were to carry out its provisions. Having a fluent and intelligent style of speaking, a winning address, and a handsome person, he made rapid way in the Commission, and was soon regarded by the new men in it as their leader against the old *régime*. The office of Clerk to the Commissioners was filled by Mr. Frederick Cooper, an able man, but the partner of Mr. Thomas Attrec, who had been clerk to the old Commissioners, and thus obnoxious to the radical party in the new body, who thought the salary paid to a legal clerk was too high, and that the work could be as well and more cheaply done by a non-professional man. At last they carried their point. Mr. Cooper was worried out of office; and his immediate successor was Mr. T. A. Swaysland, at a very low salary. But on the 3rd Nov. 1826 he gave way to Mr. Lewis Slight, who was appointed Clerk to the Brighton Commissioners, at the salary of 100*l.* a-year—subsequently increased to 400*l.*

It was admitted on all hands that the man was fitted for the office, and the office for the man. Though not a lawyer, Lewis Slight made himself thoroughly master of the one Act of Parliament from which the body he served derived its powers. This gave him great weight and authority both in and out of the Commission. In a fluctuating body of 112 men, chiefly occupied with their own affairs, there were very few indeed who did not need to go to the Clerk for information, or who, if they ventured to act for themselves, were not soon "put right" by the Clerk. At the same time, Lewis Slight had the interests of the town entirely at heart: it was his pride to serve it, and he did so without sordid views. Though his salary was not large, he was content with the power and importance of his office: and these, no doubt, he made as great as possible. It was the fault of the Local Act that it vested all *permanent* authority in the Clerk. Except they were sitting the Commissioners were nothing; they had no permanent chairman; the committees were appointed for occasions as they arose, and were called together by the Clerk, who was on all occasions the mouth-piece



and representative of the body. At that period Lewis Slight was nicknamed the "Emperor."

It is, however, admitted that Mr. Slight was enabled, more than any other individual, by his foresight, tact, and business qualifications, to promote the local improvements effected in Brighton. His talent as a negotiator was of eminent service to the town in obtaining loans on favourable terms, and on no occasion was this more strikingly displayed than with regard to the purchase of the Royal Pavilion from the Commissioners of Woods and Forests, which he obtained at a price far below what would have been gladly given by private speculators. As an acknowledgment of his services in this and other respects, a marble bust of Mr. Slight, an excellent likeness, by a local artist, the fund for which was raised by a subscription chiefly among the members of the Town Council, was placed in the entrance hall of the Pavilion, where it holds a conspicuous position beside those of the Rev. F. W. Robertson, Sir David Scott, and other Brighton worthies and notabilities.

The town took possession of the Pavilion in 1851, and in the next year an agitation for a Charter of Incorporation was renewed—having been previously unsuccessful in 1843. The charter was granted in 1854, notwithstanding the strenuous opposition of Mr. Slight, who threw up his office about a year before. He might have made terms with the incorporation party, if he could have given up the old system of government; but the Local Act had become part of himself: he had become a part of Brighton, and he could not conceive a disruption was possible until it actually occurred.

When the town was incorporated, an attempt was made to damage Mr. Slight by an inspection and scrutiny of the public accounts under his charge; but the scrutiny failed to elicit anything to his prejudice, the only discovery made being that they were kept by a system of his own, and not in exact accordance with methods generally adopted in keeping public accounts.

Mr. Slight had been succeeded by his son, Mr. Lewis Slight, jun. his former assistant, who held his office *pro tem.* until the incorporation came into effect, and was then retained in the position of Borough Accountant until his death (by suicide) in 1862.

At a subsequent period Mr. Slight entered into some unsuccessful speculations, by which his circumstances were reduced to a very low ebb, the property of his second wife, who survives him, having been barely sufficient to maintain them. One of these was the Maresfield Gunpowder Company, of which he was chairman. After this, the estimation in which he was held was evinced by a private subscription among his old friends and acquaintances, and others who had had opportunities of appreciating his value, by which a considerable and very acceptable sum was raised for his benefit. To the rest of his misfortunes was added the death of his younger son, Mr. Frederick Slight, late Secretary to the London, Brighton and South Coast Railway Company (his elder son Samuel having died some years previously), by whose decease he was left childless in his old age.

His body was interred on the 31st March at Keymer, by the side of his first wife, who died at his favourite residence at Burgess Hill. The funeral was attended by the Mayor of Brighton and many members of the Corporation, and the service performed by the Ven. Archdeacon Garbett.

#### Adam Sim, Esq.

Adam Sim, esq. of Coulter, in the co. of Lanark, Fellow and Councillor of the S. A. Scotland, Member of the British Archaeological Association, and of the Glasgow Archaeological Society, and President of the Edinburgh Upper ward of Lanarkshire Association, was the only son of David Sim, esq. an eminent Glasgow merchant. He was born in November 1805, and was educated at the Grammar School and University of that city. In early youth he travelled a good deal on the Continent. His father having retired from business, and purchased the estate of Coulter Mains, in the Upper Ward of Lanarkshire, he returned home, and for several years devoted himself to the care of his aged father, and the management of the family property.

From his earliest youth he exhibited his attachment to objects of antiquity and curious and rare books, and made many purchases, which formed the nucleus of his collections, to which he kept continually adding till the last day of his life, and indeed till his collection grew to be the largest possessed by any private individual in Scotland.





After his father's death, Mr. Sim purchased the adjoining estate of Coulter, and temporarily removed to the house belonging to it, while he proceeded to build the present Elizabethan mansion at Coulter Mains. This was completed in 1838, when he returned there, and continued to reside till his death, which occurred, after two days' illness, on the 20th October, 1868.

He was always ready to exhibit and explain his varied collections to any one who applied, and as willingly to the peasant as to the peer.

When Prince Alfred laid the foundation stone of the Edinburgh Industrial Museum and Post Office, he was introduced to H.R.H. by Mr. Cosmo Innes as "the Prince of Scotch Antiquaries," a name which was frequently used afterwards by his friends.

John Richard Walbran, esq. F.S.A.

At Fall Croft, Ripon, died on the 7th April, Mr. John Richard Walbran, one of the most learned antiquaries in the North of England, and late F.S.A.

The deceased was sprung from a family that had been settled in the neighbourhood of Ripon for many generations. He was born at Fall Croft in that city on Christmas Eve 1817. His father, Mr. John Walbran, was a wine merchant. From the very dawn of reason his great pleasure seems to have been the study of the history and antiquities of his native district. When quite a lad, it was remarked by those who knew him that he was far better acquainted with the history of Ripon, and the surrounding towns and villages, than anyone else in the neighbourhood. When his school education was finished, he was anxious to devote himself to the study of the law, not as it would seem with any idea of profit, but solely for the purpose of qualifying himself more fully for those pursuits on which the whole force of his mind was bent. For some unexplained reason, this desire was not complied with; but in after life he gave so much attention to legal antiquities that there were probably few members of that profession who had a more intimate knowledge of our old forms of procedure and the intricacies of feudal tenure.

Mr. Walbran's first work was a *Genealogical Account of The Lords of Studley Royal*. This book was never published. Only a very few copies were struck off as presents for private friends. This was followed in

1845 by a *Guide to Ripon and Harrogate*, one of the best books of the kind that has ever appeared. Such works are generally compiled by persons who have but a slender knowledge of the past history of the neighbourhoods upon which they descend, and none whatever of the architectural remains they endeavour to describe. The result is, that their books are not only meagre and almost useless to the tourist, but are often an absolute offence when read for the purpose of gaining serious information. Mr. Walbran's minute knowledge of the history of the country around eminently fitted him for writing such a book. The *Gentleman's Magazine* spoke of it on the appearance of the first edition in terms of high praise (1845, i. p. 390) and the issue of very frequent new impressions show that it has continued to hold its place in popular estimation to the present time.

About this period Mr. Walbran seems first to have determined upon undertaking a "History of the Wapentake of Claro and the Liberty of Ripon." The book was to have consisted of two large folio volumes of the size of Surtees's "Durham." We regret to say that it has never seen the light. We know Mr. Walbran never relinquished the idea, and we believe that a very large and valuable collection of notes and transcripts exist for the purpose of this work, even if, as is not improbable, a considerable portion of the book be not prepared for the press.

In 1851 he published, in octavo, the first part of a "History of Gainford, in the Bishopric of Durham." There seems no very obvious connection between the Valley of the Tees and the Liberty of Ripon, but there were circumstances connected with feudal ownerships and the relationships of families which made that part of the old palatinate of great interest to him. The book was a most valuable contribution to local history, but no second part ever appeared. At the time when the first was published an appendix of charters was also printed; this extends to 32 pages, we believe. No copies are accessible except two or three that were given away by the editor to personal friends.

In 1854 Mr. Walbran published an essay on the "Oath taken by Members of the Parliaments of Scotland from 10th August, 1641," the original MS. of which he had himself discovered in the charter-chest of Major Dundas, of



Blair Castle. The tract is accompanied by a lithographic fac-simile of the original executed by its editor, and short notes showing who the signers were.

The history of the neighbourhood of his birthplace had, however, greater charms than any other subject. He therefore undertook to edit for the Surtees Society the "Chronicle, Chartularies, Surveys, and Account-rolls of Fountains Abbey." No monastery in the North of England has a more picturesque history than this. From its foundation in the twelfth century by the ardent monks who fled from St. Mary's Abbey without the walls of York, that they might follow the Cistercian rule in a desert place, free from the fret of men and the joyless pleasures of the world, surrounded only by dark woods and the wild beasts or wilder outlaws who dwelt therein, to the days when the east coping-stone was laid upon the newly-built tower, when Fountains had become not a wilderness for foxes, where a few poor men dwelt in wattled huts, but a stately mansion rivalling the dwellings of the most powerful nobles, it mingles with the general tide of English history in a way that has a wonderful charm for those who love to connect the great events of the past with those objects which they see daily before their eyes. The written records of Fountains have had a lot more fortunate than that of many of its sister houses. Though scattered, the great body of them has not been lost. Mr. Walbran visited every repository where anything could possibly be found calculated to throw light upon his favourite theme. Not only were the British Museum, the Bodleian, and the college libraries of Oxford and Cambridge ransacked to supply materials for his memorials, but the charter-chests of the Yorkshire nobility and the treasures of those private libraries whose manuscript stores are seldom open to the literary inquirer. The first volume of the "Memorials of the Abbey of the Blessed Mary of Fountains" appeared in 1863. It was intended that the entire work should occupy at least three thick volumes. The second was to have been issued in 1868, and a considerable portion was actually printed when early last spring its editor's useful labours were cut short by an attack of paralysis. From the first seizure there was not much

hope of recovery. He lingered, however, upwards of a year ere he was released from his sufferings.

To the few who take interest in the history of the North of England, Mr. Wilbran's books, especially his "Memorials of Fountains," will always be very attractive. They are not only carefully studied and accurately finished antiquarian works, but also storehouses of reflections and thoughts which have a far higher value than any matter of antiquarian detail—suggestions bringing before the minds of those for whom they are meant that order of ideas on account of which historical studies are alone valuable. To those who like the present writer knew him personally his books will seem the least valuable part of the man.

Mr. Walbran was twice mayor of Ripon. He was elected a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries on January 12th, 1854, but ceased to be so a few months before he died. He communicated several articles to antiquarian journals and other periodicals, on the history of various places in Yorkshire, a complete list of which is not recoverable. The following have appeared among the "Reports and Papers of the Architectural Societies of Yorkshire, Lincolnshire," &c.:—

On Excavations at Fountains Abbey in 1851. Vol. i. p. 263.

Another paper on the Excavations at that place in 1854. Vol. iii. p. 54.

On Excavations at Sawley Abbey. Vol. ii. p. 72.

On Kirkham Priory. Vol. iv. p. 269.

On St. Wilfred and the Saxon Church at Ripon. Vol. v. p. 63.

On the Abbey of the Blessed Mary of Byland. Vol. vii. p. 219.

#### M. Louis Hector Berlioz.

The celebrated musical composer M. Louis Hector Berlioz died on the 9th of March, at Paris.

He was born on the 11th December, 1803, at La Côte St. André. His father, an eminent physician, designed him for the same profession, and at his desire Hector commenced the study of medicine, but after a year he resigned the pursuit of anatomy to follow his favourite object, and devoted himself to music. In 1826 his father gave him up, and he was compelled to seek his livelihood, and accepted an engagement at 50fr. a month to sing in the chorus at the Gymnasium. At the same time Reicha and Lesueur directed





his musical studies at the Conservatoire. It was not long before he produced a Mass for four voices, with chorus and orchestra; which was soon followed by the overture to "Waverley," and his fantastic symphony based on "The Tempest" and on "Faust," which was arranged for the piano by Liszt. In these works he endeavoured to give to music all the expressive power of poetry, and to convey everything by effects without being too solicitous for the melody. In 1828 he gained the second prize of the Institute for musical composition, and in 1830 won the first prize by his cantata of "Sardanapalus." He composed in that year a triumphal and funeral symphony in honour of the heroes of the Revolution, which was much admired. In the same year he travelled to Italy, and at Rome he composed the "Retour à la vie," a rendering of Goethe's "Fisherman," the chorus of Shades for "Hamlet," and overtures for "Rob Roy" and "King Lear," which, however, were not successful. In 1832 he returned to Paris, and at about this time he married Miss Smithson, an English actress, since deceased. He became a musical critic and contributed to the *Gazette Musicale*, and afterwards to the *Journal des Débats*, where he was enabled to tilt gallantly in defence of his own musical innovations. He composed, at the request of Paganini, the symphony of "Harold" principally in alto, and it was executed by Urban with so much success as to encourage the boldness of the author. He then composed the opera of "Benvenuto Cellini," the libretto being by A. Barbier and Léon de Wailly; but the management were opposed to his innovations, and his failure was signal. Berlioz wielded his pen in a vain contest with his hostile critics, and at length became seriously ill. Paganini, however, sent him 20,000 francs, and declared he was the equal of Beethoven. In 1836 he composed a requiem, which was performed a year later at the funeral of General Damremont, and quickly became celebrated. His symphony of "Romeo and Juliet," dedicated to Paganini, was as successful as "Harold." In 1839 he was appointed librarian to the Conservatoire. In 1843 he paid a visit to Belgium and to Germany, and in the same year produced his "Carnival Roman." In 1844, on the occasion of the great festival at the Exposition d'Industrie, he composed a hymn

to France, which was performed by an orchestra of 1,000 musicians. In 1846 he published the "Condemnation of Faust;" in 1854 "The Infancy of Christ;" and later, an opera in five acts, "The Trojans." In the same year appeared the second edition of his "Voyage Musical en Allemagne et en Italie: Etudes sur Beethoven, Gluck, et Weber," in two vols., the first edition having been published in 1845. In 1855 he became one of the conductors of the concerts of the new Philharmonic Society. He was an active member of the juries on musical instruments at the Exhibitions in London and Paris, and in 1839 received the cross of the Legion of Honour. He was also the wearer of several foreign decorations. In 1856, on the decease of Adolphe Adam Berlioz, he was elected a member of the Institute. Besides the works above named, he published a "Traité d'Instrumentation et d'Orchestration Moderne;" "Soirées de l'Orchestre;" "Les Grotesques de la Musique;" and a volume of miscellanies.

"Of his merits as a composer" says a writer in the *Morning Post*, "there are various opinions, but it is evident that his attempt to introduce a new style of music was in a measure successful. Many persons esteem his compositions as highly extravagant, but Liszt had a high opinion of many of them, while Paganini was enthusiastic in their praise. Doubtless his partial success led him to bolder flights, and, as might be expected, in these extravagant attempts he failed to obtain that recognition which had followed his more tempered efforts of genius." And the *Athenæum* observes: "Perhaps the most useful labour of Berlioz was the compilation of his 'Traité d'Instrumentation et d'Orchestration Moderne.' His own strong point was, unquestionably, writing for the orchestra, and on this subject he spoke with the authority of a master. Hector Berlioz was not made for the universal popularity that waits only on genius; but in his death the art of music loses a keen critic, an appreciative historian, an original thinker, and a true worshipper."

#### Mr. Charles Lucas.

Died on the 23rd of March, at his residence, 9, Louvain Road, Wandsworth. Mr. Charles Lucas, late Principal of the Royal Academy of Music.



He was born at Salisbury on the 28th July, 1808, being son of Alderman Lucas of that city, and began learning music at four years of age. When about seven years old he played a violin concerto in public at the Salisbury Harmonie Concerts, and was soon afterwards elected a chorister in the Cathedral, a post which procured him sound instruction in music and a good general education in the grammar school attached to the church. At the age of fourteen he entered the Royal Academy of Music in London as a student, and speedily became a proficient both in theory and practice, displaying considerable skill on the organ and piano-forte, and talent as a vocalist, but excelling still more on the violoncello. In little more than a year after entering he was made a sub-professor of the Institution. In 1830, when Queen Adelaide formed the Private Band, Mr. Lucas was appointed to it, and nominated composer and arranger of the music. Among his private pupils at that time were the present Duke of Cambridge and the Princes of Saxe-Weimar. Two years later, he was made orchestral conductor of the Royal Academy of Music, and he retained his connection with this institution until his death, filling the office of Principal from 1859 to 1867, resigning in the latter year to Professor Bennett, but taking the post of instructor in composition and playing from score. When the celebrated violoncellist Lindley died, Mr. Lucas succeeded to his engagements and emoluments as principal violoncello, both in opera and oratorio. In conjunction with Lindley and Dragonetti, and afterwards with Blagrove, Gattie, Dando, Banister, and Howell, Mr. Lucas did much to popularize a taste for chamber music, by frequent public performances; and the "Musical Evenings," which were for some years held at his house in Berners-street, will long be recollected by many of our best professors and amateurs who attended them.

Among the compositions which Mr. Lucas has left, we may mention his opera of "*The Regicide*," the story being the same as that of Arne's "*Artaxerxes*." It has never been performed entire, though it has been printed. It is a work of great merit, and the overture has been played more than once by the Philharmonic Society. A MS. Symphony in B flat was performed by the same society in 1855, and

last year his overture to "*Rosenwald*" was given.

Mr. Lucas, says the *Orchestra*, passed through a long career of usefulness, and was uniformly esteemed and respected by all with whom he came in contact. It would not be easy to overrate the benefits received from his instruction by many of our most accomplished living musicians. His connection with the Philharmonic Society commenced in the year 1835, when he was elected an associate. He became a member in 1839, and from that time to the present has taken a most active part in the management. From the years 1840 to 1855, with one exception, he was a director; owing to the introduction of a law connected with members of the orchestra, he resigned his position, but in 1864, nine years afterwards, was re-elected, and became one of the most strenuous supporters of the change that has lately taken place.

For many years Mr. Lucas had been a partner with Mr. R. Addison in the well-known publishing house which bore their joint names. From this firm Mr. Lucas retired in June 1865, and on the death of his partner the business of their house was carried on through other channels.

The funeral took place on the 27th March at Woking Cemetery.

Mr. Lucas married in 1832. His wife, who was a most exemplary mother and accomplished gentlewoman, died about three years ago. Out of thirteen children, eight survive (four sons and four daughters) to mourn their loss.

#### Mr. J. I. Ekless.

On the 25th Jan. the death of Mr. John Iremonger Ekless took place at Bursledon Bridge, Hampshire, where he had resided for more than fifty years. He was born in the neighbourhood of Southampton, and formerly carried on business in St. Mary's-street, in a yard opposite the Deanery Wall, as a brick, slate, and tile merchant, &c. For some time he sat in the Town Council as one of the representatives of the ward of St. Mary's, and he never ceased to advocate the interests of those he represented. When an attempt was made to take away the Marsh lands, including the cricket-ground where the new cattle market is now held, Mr. Ekless stood forth, and at considerable expense to himself succeeded in preserving the rights and privileges of the inhabitants. He was also one of the earliest workers





in the cause of corn law repeal, and intimate with Richard Cobden and other leaders of the Anti-Corn Law League. He worked earnestly, more than thirty years ago, with the late John Walter, to get removed from the then New Poor Law Act many of its harshest features. For these and other services he was presented by his Southampton friends with a pair of beautiful globes, at a meeting held in the Town-hall. There was no public event in which he did not take an active part, but the leading feature in his character was the interest he felt in the poor. Those who saw Mr. Ekless could not help admiring his open and manly countenance—a perfect specimen of an English farmer and a true representative of John Bull in every sense; and his opinions on various matters always carried great weight, as it was known they came from one remarkable for uprightness and honesty of purpose. In the agricultural riots (1830) his exertions were mainly instrumental in stamping them out in his part of the country. Not any riots or incendiary fires took place in his parish, which is one of the largest in England; and when many of the agricultural labourers were tried and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, he obtained a remission of the sentence for some whom he was enabled to prove, by extended inquiry, were rather the victims of others than culpable actors in the disturbances then taking place. On one occasion, between 200 and 300 emigrants on their way to America were landed at Southampton, having been rescued from a ship in the Atlantic in a sinking state. They were perfectly destitute of every article of clothing except that upon their persons. Mr. Ekless undertook their cause, and was mainly instrumental in raising a sufficient amount of clothing and money by which he sent such as were disposed to go on to America to that quarter, accompanying them to Liverpool, and engaging and paying for berths on board a good seaworthy ship; and he paid the expense of all those who had become disheartened by this untoward event to their respective homes, many of them having come from long distances.

The late Lord Palmerston was wont to attend to Mr. Ekless' observations with regard to the agricultural labourer with a great deal of interest and pleasure; and it was impossible for

any one to listen with apathy or indifference to the various incidents which had occurred in his long and extensive experience amongst a class of men whose wants and failings he so well understood.

**Mr. James Eckford Lauder, R.S.A.**

This well-known artist died at Edinburgh on the 29th of March.

He was born at Silvermills, near Edinburgh, in 1812. His talent for drawing was shown at a very early age, and he enjoyed every advantage in developing it. He studied with great success at the Trustees' Academy, under Sir William Allan and Thomas Duncan. At the same time he was receiving the valuable counsel of his brother, Mr. Robert Scott Lauder, who was then beginning his distinguished career. Repairing to Rome, he devoted four or five years to the study of the Italian masters; and on his return to Edinburgh he at once essayed the highest style of figure-painting. His success was great. For correct drawing, for colouring, and for general breadth and vigour, he was soon acknowledged to have very few equals among the Scottish artists. Several of his pictures gained great distinctions. His "Ten Virgins" and his "Baillie Macwhieble" were engraved by the Association for the Promotion of Fine Arts. For two scriptural pieces—"Wisdom," and "The Unjust Steward"—he received a prize of 200 guineas at Westminster Hall. And latterly, though, owing to failing health, his pictures have not been so successful, yet he always gave abundant evidence of artistic power and vigour of mind.

In private life Mr. Lauder was a most fascinating man. He admired all that was true and beautiful, and he was especially enthusiastic about music, of which he had a thorough knowledge. His manners, too, were singularly amiable. He was modest—yet genial, frank, and generous. The finest of all his many and great gifts was his heart.

**Baron Jomini.**

Henry Baron Jomini, a distinguished general, and a writer of acknowledged repute on military science, died at Passy, Paris, on the 24th of March.

He was born at Payerne, in the Canton de Vaud, Switzerland, on the 6th of March, 1779, and, according to several biographical works, served in one of



the Swiss regiments in the pay of France until August, 1792, when all the foreign troops were disbanded. It is probable, however, that this statement is erroneous, as it is almost incredible that he should have served for some time in the army when he was less than thirteen and a half years of age. He then, it is said, repaired to France and engaged in commercial pursuits, but some years later returned to Switzerland, where, in spite of his youth, he became lieutenant-colonel of the militia and general secretary for war. Political occurrences soon led to his being removed from this position, whereupon he went back to France, and, on the recommendation of Ney, was placed in a commercial house in Paris (1803); but, pursuing his studies on military tactics, he published in the same year his "*Traité des Grands Opérations Militaires*" (3rd edit. 1819. 3 vols. 8vo, with atlas), a work which contains a critical and comparative account of the campaigns of Frederick II. and General Bonaparte. In 1804 he obtained the rank of chef-de-bataillon in the French army, and in the following year he was promoted to a colonelcy.

He had just completed his "*Mémoire sur les Probabilités de la Guerre de Prusse*," when he was charged, during the campaigns of 1806 and 1807, with the duties of chef-d'état-major in the corps of Marshal Ney, who continued to be his patron. In this post he acquitted himself so admirably that the Emperor conferred upon him the title of Baron.

In 1808 he went to Spain with Ney, who, having learned that his successes were popularly attributed to Jomini, compelled him to remain inactive. In 1811, however, Jomini was appointed general of brigade, and the office of historiographer of France, which had been in abeyance since the time of Marmontel, was re-established in his favour. In this capacity he was commissioned to chronicle the gallant deeds of the *grande armée*.

Summoned to active service in 1812, Jomini became successively governor of Wilna and of Smolensk, which places were soon evacuated by the French troops. In the course of the retreat he displayed much energy and presence of mind, and contributed in a decisive manner to the victory of Bautzen. Marshal Ney now recommended his appointment as a general of divi-

sion; but Napoleon declined to promote him, and even ordered him back to France, by way of punishment for some faults of which he had been guilty.

Irritated by this treatment, Jomini took advantage of an armistice concluded at Plaszewitz to join the forces of the allies. This desertion led to his being condemned to death, "*par contumace*," by a council of war. Almost at the same time, Alexander, Emperor of Russia, appointed him lieutenant-general, and attached him to his person in the capacity of aide-de-camp. Jomini, however, did not wish to accept any command in the Russian army till the conclusion of the war; and he maintained, as Napoleon himself admitted, the most rigid secrecy respecting the plan of operations of the French army, with which, of course, he was well acquainted.

In 1815 he accompanied the Czar to Paris, and received from Louis XVIII. the cross of St. Louis. He stayed some time in France, in order to recast, in collaboration with Colonel Koch, his great "*Histoire Critique et Militaire des Guerres de la Revolution de 1792 à 1801*" (3rd edit. 1819-24, fifteen vols. 8vo. and 4to. with atlas in folio). This work raised its author to a prominent position among modern tacticians. About the same time he published, with the object of repelling some violent attacks which his desertion had drawn upon him, "*Correspondence avec le Général Sarrazin sur la Campagne de 1813*," 8vo. 1815; and "*Correspondence avec le Baron Mounier*," 8vo. 1821. The letter which he addressed to M. Capéfigue, in 1841, had the same object.

In 1822 M. Jomini returned to Russia, where he was charged by the Emperor Alexander to complete the military education of the Grand Duke Nicholas, who, on ascending the throne in 1825, made his former tutor one of his aides-de-camp. Since 1835 he had obtained permission from the Emperor Alexander to reside at Brussels.

Besides the works above enumerated, the Baron wrote, "*La Suisse dans les Intérêts de l'Europe*," 8vo. 1821; a curious "*Vie Politique et Militaire de l'Empereur Napoléon, racontée par lui-même au Tribunal de César, d'Alexandre, et de Frédéric*," 4 vols. 8vo. Paris, 1827; and "*Tableau Analytique des Principales Combinaisons de la Guerre, et de leurs Rapports avec la Politique des États*," 8vo. St. Petersburg, 1830; 8th edit. Paris, 1837.





M. Jean G. D. Armengaud.

M. Jean Germain Désiré Armengaud, a well-known French writer on art, died in March, aged 71.

He was born at Castres (Tarn) in 1797, and went to school at Lavanr and Toulouse, after which he was made to apply himself, much against his inclination, to commercial pursuits. These he soon abandoned, however, for the study of the fine arts, and after visiting the principal galleries in Europe he undertook a series of magnificently-illustrated publications. The principal are—

Histoire des peintures de toutes les écoles depuis la Renaissance jusqu'à nos jours. 4to. 1849, with plates. This

was commenced under M. Armengaud's direction, and completed under that of M. Charles Blanc.

Les Galeries Publiques de l'Europe. 4to. Rome. 1856.

Les Chefs-d'œuvre de l'Art Chrétien. 8vo. 1858.

Les Trésors de l'Art. 1859.

Les Chefs-d'œuvre de Rubens à la cathédrale d'Anvers, ou l'Oratoire de la famille. 1859.

Le Parthéon de l'Histoire, 1863-1864, comprising three distinct works, with splendid engravings.

M. Armengaud was patronised by the Supreme Pontiff Pius IX. who created him a Knight of the order of St. Gregory the Great.

## BIRTHS.

*Jan. 16.* At Burlington House, Westbourne-park, W. the wife of the Rev. Vernon Edlin, B.A. a dau.

*March 3.* At 27, Lowndes-street, Belgrave-square, the wife of Robert Augustus Aspinall, esq. a son (Robert Lowndes).

*March 12.* At Zeist, Utrecht, the wife of Sir Robert F. Turing, Bart. a dau.

*March 14.* At Cassiobury, the Countess of Essex, a dau.

At Devonshire Lodge, Buxton. the wife of the Rev. F. G. Hodgson, a son.

At Westbourne-grove, the wife of Captain Arthur H. Laurie, 108th Regt. a son.

At Eaton-place, the wife of W. J. Bernhard Smith, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Beddington, Surrey, the wife of Arthur Sterry, barrister-at-law, a dau.

*March 15.* At Glasgow, Mrs. Walter Brock, a son.

At Haverstock-hill, Mrs. Frederick J. Cronin, a dau.

At Lake House, Wilts. the wife of the Rev. Edward Duke, a dau.

At Ponnys, near Devonport, the wife of Lieut. James Fellowes, R.E. a son.

At Rochester, the wife of Charles S. Giles, esq. Paymaster R.N. a dau.

At Cook's Folly, near Bristol. the wife of Henry Hills Goodere, Lieut. R. Art. a dau.

At Chelmsford, Essex, the wife of F. Everard Roche, M.D. a son.

At Glyn Abbot, Holywell, N. Wales,

the wife of R. R. Scott, esq. Surgeon 80th Regt. a dau.

At Richmond, Surrey, the wife of Frederick George Trevor, esq. a son.

*March 16.* At Isleworth, the wife of Henry Bullock, esq. F.R.C.S. a dau.

At Warley, the wife of Surgeon-Major J. K. Carr, M.D. Royal Art. a son.

At Bryanston-square, the Hon. Mrs. Edgar Drummond, a dau.

At Gnilton Rectory, Wingham, Kent, the wife of John Drummond, esq. of Balquhandie, Perthshire, N.B. Capt. West Kent Militia, a son.

At Puttenham Rectory, the Hon. Mrs. W. A. Duckworth, a dau.

The Lady Alfred Paget, a dau.

At Hanover-square, the Countess of Rosslyn, a son.

The wife of Reginald Southey, M.D. of Montagu-place, a son.

At Comdon Vicarage, Bishop Auckland, the wife of the Rev. Archer Upton, a dau.

*March 17.* At Odiham, the wife of the Rev. Francis C. Cole, a son.

At the Vicarage, Great Yarmouth, the wife of the Rev. H. R. Nevill, a son.

At Rathfridagh, co. Limerick, the wife of Lieut. J. W. O'Grady, R.N. a son.

At Filey, the wife of the Rev. Arthur Pettit, a son.

At Ladbroke-square, Notting-hill, the wife of Edward E. Pinches, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Dewbury, the wife of the Rev. Arthur Drummond Wilkins, a dau.



*March 18.* At Peckham, the wife of Dr. Josiah Blomfield, F.R.C.S. a son.

The wife of Arthur Collins, esq. barrister-at-law, Western Circuit, a dau.

At Clapton, the wife of Mr. Samuel Thompson Cooper, a son.

At Edinburgh, the wife of George Weir Cosens, esq. (late Capt. 85th L. I.) a dau.

At the Vicarage, St. Bartholomew's Hospital, the wife of the Rev. Walter Mitchell, a son.

At Greenwich, the wife of John Prior Purvis, M.R.C.S.E. a son.

At Brighton, the wife of George C. E. Rowley, esq. Lieut. R. Welsh Fus. a son.

At Naples, the wife of Major R. H. Sankey, R. E. a dau.

At Dublin, the wife of George E. Whitton, esq. M.B. Civil Surgeon, Cochin, a dau.

*March 19.* At Government House, Calcutta, the Hon. Mrs. Burne, wife of Major O. T. Burne, Private Sec. to the Viceroy in India, a dau.

At Harrow-on-the-Hill, the wife of the Rev. Frederick W. Farrar, M.A. a son.

At Newport, I. of Wight, the wife of Major H. A. Graham, 105th Regt. a dau.

At St. Laurence, Ventnor, Lady Constance Grosvenor, twin boys.

At Walmer, the wife of Rear-Adm. Harvey, a dau.

At New Cavendish-street, Portland-place, the wife of the Rev. Hugh Reginald Haweis, M.A. a son.

At Powerstock, Bridport, the wife of the Rev. R. S. McDowall, a son.

At Rhyl, the wife of the Rev. E. Tudor Owen, a dau.

At Eton College, the wife of the Rev. F. Furse Vidal, a son.

At Duchess-street, the wife of the Rev. Henry Wace, a son.

At Dublin, Lady Marian Wilbraham, a son.

At Maida-hill west, the wife of H. Wilson, M.D. ret. Bombay Army, a dau.

*March 20.* At Cambridge, the wife of Gilbert Ainslie, esq. a dau.

At Pope's Villa, Twickenham, the wife of Charles Aird, a dau.

At Hounslow, the wife of Capt. F. W. Blumberg, 17th Lancers, a son.

At the Palace of Westminster, the wife of Major W. B. Gosset, R.E. a son.

At Notting-hill, the wife of Henry Alex. Haig, esq. a dau.

At Garendon Park, Leicestershire, the wife of A. C. De Lisle, esq. a dau.

At Beckenham, Kent, Mrs. Richard Stevens, a dau.

*March 21.* At Albemarle-street, the wife of G. Fenton Cameron, M.D. a son.

At Nice, Mrs. Frederick Clarke, of Wimbledon, a son.

At St. Helier's, Jersey, the wife of P. T. Falle, esq. a son.

At Box-road, Middlesex, the wife of Cornelius E. Garman, surgeon, a son.

At Iflley, Oxford, the wife of the Rev. Aug. K. B. Granville, M.A. a son.

At Paris, the wife of Capt. Knapp, a dau.

At Leinster-square, Kensington-gardens, the wife of Samuel Prentice, esq. Q.C. a dau.

*March 22.* At Jersey, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Fiennes Colville, C.B. 43rd L. I. a son.

At Aberdeen, the wife of Capt. C. B. Fisher, F. and K. Militia Art. a dau.

At Liverpool, the wife of the Rev. Dr. Ginsburg, a dau.

At Upper Brook-street, the Lady Cornelia Guest, a dau.

At Upper Gloucester-pl. Dorset-sq. the wife of Mr. Serjeant Parry, a dau.

The wife of Francis Peachey, of Shepherd's-bush, solicitor, a dau.

At St. John's-wood, the wife of Charles Pritchard, Bombay C. S. a dau.

At Bedford, Middlesex, the wife of Major Reed, late 6th Roy. Regt. a son.

At Upper Grosvenor-street, London, the Hon. Mrs. Sackville-West, a son.

At Ebury-street, London, the Hon. Mrs. Seymour, a dau.

*March 23.* At Colchester, the wife of E. Browne, esq. 83rd Regt. a son.

At The Vale, Ramsgate, the wife of Capt. Burgess, H.M.S. Pandora, a son.

At Sunderland, the wife of Major George Cleveland, 98th Regt. a dau.

At Park Village East, Regent's Park, the wife of Major R. S. Moseley, Bengal Staff Corps, a son.

At Seabrook, Kent, the wife of Major Ernest le Pelley, 1st Batt. 5th Fusiliers, a dau.

At Bagnalstown House, co. Carlow, Ireland, the wife of Captain Walter B. Persse, twin daus.

At Craven-hill-gardens, Hyde-park, the wife of James Tweedie, esq. of Quarter, J.P. Peeblesshire, a son.

*March 24.* At Leven, Yorkshire, the wife of the Rev. Frank Beadel, twin sons.

At Farnham, Surrey, the wife of Capt. R. J. Garnett, a dau.

The wife of William Moore, esq. M.D.





of Dublin, and Moore Lodge, co. Antrim, a son.

At Crossrigg Hall, Westmoreland, the wife of Lieut.-Col. H. Rigg, a son.

The wife of the Rev. R. White, Rector of Litlington, Sussex, a dau.

*March 25.* At Highgate, the wife of Edward Fry, esq. of Lincoln's-inn, twin daus.

At Southampton, the wife of J. Young Messum, esq. R.N. a son.

At Stone, near Wimborne, the wife of the Rev. R. W. Plumptree, a dau.

The wife of the Rev. G. Shand, Rector of Heydon, Norfolk, a dau.

At Brighton, the wife of T. W. White, esq. a dau.

At Hyde-park-gate, London, the wife of Charles Wrey, Comm. R.N. a son.

*March 26.* At Dublin, the wife of Capt. W. P. Bridson, 4th K. O. Royal Regt. a dau.

At Hampstead, the wife of H. W. H. Cox, esq. Madras Staff Corps, twin sons.

At Bayswater, the wife of Lieut.-Col. W. J. Gray, R.A. a dau.

At the Vicarage, Carbery, co. Kildare, the wife of the Rev. Henry John-son, a son.

At Sheerness, the wife of the Rev. J. Kingston, R.N. a dau.

At Burbage, Wilts, the wife of the Rev. Richard Umfraville Lambert, M.A. Trin. Coll. Camb. a dau.

At Langton Hall, Lincolnshire, the wife of Bennet Rothes Langton, esq. D.L. a dau.

At Finchley-road, the wife of James Braithwaite Peile, M.A. Indian Civil Service, a son.

At Castle Hedingham Vicarage, the wife of the Rev. Sidney Phillips, a dau.

At Carleton Rectory, near Newmarket, the wife of the Rev. T. W. Sewell, a dau.

At the Chantry, Bradford-on-Avon, the wife of the Rev. J. C. Thring, a dau.

At Weymouth, the wife of the Rev. W. F. Tregarthen, H.M.'s Inspector of Schools, a dau.

*March 27.* At Caversham-road, the wife of John Bell, L.L.B. a dau.

At Abbes Roding rectory, Mrs. Laurence Capel Cure, a son.

At Roxwell vicarage, the wife of the Rev. T. J. Hearn, a son.

At Alexandroffoky, near St. Petersburg, the wife of the Rev. James Key, a dau.

At Hurstmonceux, Sussex, the wife of Col. Richard Luard, a dau.

At Clifton, the wife of the Rev. Nicholas McGrath, a son.

At Inverness, the wife of Capt. C. Mackenzie, Madras Staff Corps, a son.

At Langholm, Dumfriesshire, the wife of the Rev. James Wilson Macturk, a son.

The wife of the Rev. J. Maskell, All Hallows Barking, London, a dau.

At Dublin, the wife of George A. C. May, esq. Q.C. a dau.

At Hackney-road, the wife of the Rev. C. Neil, M.A. a dau.

At S. Catharine's, Bearwood, the wife of the Rev. Dolben Paul, a dau.

At Stockton-on-Tees, the wife of R. Richmond, esq. solicitor, a dau.

At The Cottage, Stonely, Kimbolton, Mrs. Frederick Welstead, a dau. (Mary Emilia Bristow.)

At Hastings, the wife of the Rev. J. White, of Croydon, a dau.

The wife of the Rev. J. D. Williams, Christ's College, Brecknock, a dau.

*March 28.* The wife of the Rev. C. Baker, Vicar of Teynham, Kent, a son.

At Hunsingore, near Wetherby, the wife of the Rev. J. J. D. Dent, a son.

At Colchester, the wife of C. D'Oyly Forbes, esq. Dep.-Assistant Commissary-Gen. a dau.

At Llandefalle rectory, Breconshire, the wife of the Rev. Walpole Harris, a son.

At Berkeley-square, the wife of Henry Oppenheim, esq. a son.

At Peckham, the wife of Philip Geo. Philps, esq. surgeon, a dau.

At Totnes, the wife of the Rev. Thomas Roberts, a dau.

At Spott, East Lothian, the wife of the Rev. David Strong, minister of Barr, Ayrshire, a son.

*March 29.* At Rutland-gate, Lady Willoughby de Broke, a son.

At Shipton-on-Cherwell, Oxon, the wife of the Rev. George J. Brown, a son.

At Park-lane, the Hon. Mrs. Elliot, a son.

At Maidstone, the wife of the Rev. J. Newton Heale, a dau.

At Tunbridge-Wells, the wife of the Rev. Harry W. Hitchcock, a son.

At the Rectory, Godstone, the wife of the Rev. George T. Hoare, a son.

At Monkstown, co. Dublin, the wife of Major Irvine, Fermanagh L.I. D. L. and J.P. a son.

At Hastings, the wife of the Rev. E. H. Landon, a son.

At Iver, the wife of W. Ward Leadam, esq. M.D. a son.

At Cockerham Vicarage, Lancashire, the wife of the Rev. E. W. Northey, a dau.



At Richmond-hill, Surrey, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Willoughby Osborne, C.B. of twins—a boy and girl.

At Wimbledon, the wife of Charles Henry Payne, esq. M.D. a son.

At Ifley, Oxford, the wife of Capt. Arthur Pixley (Rl. Art. Retd.) a son.

At Brighton, the wife of C. G. H. Ross, esq. Surg. H.M.'s Bombay Army, a dau.

At Tixall Hall, Stafford, the wife of Capt. Hopton Stewart, a dau.

At Freshwater, Isle of Wight, the wife of Herbert Taylor, M.D. a son.

*March 30.* The wife of Robert Barclay, esq. of Oak Hall, Wanstead, a son.

At Williamston, Rathmines, the wife of the Rev. Dr. Benson, a son.

At Stoke Damerel, Devonshire, the wife of T. Bramston Hamilton, esq. R. H. A. a son.

At Stoke, Devonport, the Hon. Mrs. Hood, a son.

At Ebury-street, London, the wife of Col. Loftus, a dau.

At Ecclestone-square, the wife of Vernon Lushington, esq. a dau.

*March 31.* At Woodville, Bawnboy, the wife of G. M. Hearn, esq. M.D. a son.

At Framingham Hall, Norfolk, the wife of W. G. Lely, esq. a son.

At Fordham rectory, Colchester, the wife of the Rev. T. L. Lingham, of twins (boy and girl).

At Reading, the wife of L. H. Noyes, esq. R.A. a dau.

At Kettering, the wife of J. Lowe Price, surgeon, a son.

At Mubrick House, Gowna, the wife of W. W. Winslow, Esq. M.D. a son.

At Belgrave-sq. the Hon. Mrs. Percy Wyndham, a dau.

*April 1.* At Hyde-park-square, the wife of C. T. Davidson, esq. late H.M.'s Bengal Civil Service, a dau.

At Foxton Hall, Northumberland, the wife of Capt. Grey, a son.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, the wife of Gardiner Frederic Guyon, esq. Royal Fus. a dau.

At Alexandra-road, the wife of Henry William Lord, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

At Newport, Mon. the wife of Charles Morgan, esq. Roy. Welsh Fus. a dau.

At Aspenden rectory, Herts. the wife of the Rev. A. P. Sanderson, a dau.

*April 2.* At Kensington, the wife of T. T. Carter, Roy. Eng. a son.

At Eaton-place, London, the Hon. Mrs. Fraser of Lovat, a dau.

At Abington rectory, Limerick, the

wife of the Rev. Alexander MacLaughlin, a son.

At Portsmouth, the wife of J. H. Martin, esq. M.D. a dau.

The wife of the Rev. Phipps Onslow, Rector of Upper Sapey, a son.

At South Petherton, Somerset, the wife of Robert Burchall Peren, esq. solicitor, a dau.

At Cavendish-square, the Hon. Mrs. St. Quintin, wife of T. A. St. Quintin, 10th Hussars, a son.

*April 3.* At Prince's Gate, the Hon. Mrs. Hallyburton Campbell, a son.

At South Kensington, the wife of Henry Dering, esq. Secretary at H.M.'s Legation at Florence, a dau.

At Dudley House, Park-lane, the wife of Capt. Keith Fraser, 1st Life Guards, a son.

At Riverstown, co. Westmeath, the wife of Benjamin Hannan, esq. J.P. a son.

At Islington, the wife of Fredk. Oxley, solicitor, a son.

At Seacombe, Cheshire, the wife of W. G. Parmeter, esq. R.N. Paymaster H.M.S. Hercules, a son.

At Stoke, the wife of the Rev. J. W. Ridley, R.N. a dau.

At Hampstead, the wife of Henry Cooper Rose, M.D. a dau.

At Bampton, Devon, the wife of Major Vialls, late 45th Regt. a dau.

At Northallerton, the wife of the Rev. T. W. Corbould Warren, a dau.

*April 4.* At St. John's-wood, the wife of Capt. Corrie, H.M.'s 11th Reg. a son.

At Piccadilly, the wife of Thos. W. Cowell, esq. a son.

At Spring Gardens, the wife of W. H. Freeman, esq. a dau.

At Dresden, the wife of Major Henegan, R.H.A. a dau.

At Kensington, the wife of Capt. Everard Milman, R.A. a son.

At Kensington, the wife of R. J. Passingham, esq. a dau.

At Barrowby Old Hall, Grantham, the wife of Thos. Pinder, esq. a dau.

*April 5.* At Sudbury rectory, Derb. the Hon. Mrs. Frederick Anson, a son.

At Glasgow, the wife of John William Burns, esq. of Kilmahew, Dumbarton-shire, a dau.

At Wells, Somerset, the wife of the Rev. C. M. Church, a son.

At Wetheringsett rectory, Suffolk, the wife of the Rev. Henry Hetherington, curate of the parish, a son.

At Bishop's Knogle rectory, the wife of the Rev. R. N. Milford, a son.





At Portland-place, London, the Hon. Mrs. Ralph Nevill, a dau.

*April 6.* At Ashford, near Staunes, the wife of Major Champain, R.E. a son.

At Weymouth, the wife of Captain Fred. Napleton Dew, 80th Reg. a dau.

At Pembroke College, Oxford, Mrs. Evans, a dau.

At Weston-super-Mare, the wife of the Rev. William Charles Fox. of Frampton, Cotterell, Gloucestershire, a son.

At Tunbridge, Kent, the wife of Cleveland Smith, surgeon, a son.

At Norfolk-square, Hyde-park, the wife of the Rev. W. G. Wrightson, a son.

*April 7.* At Milton-on-Thames, the wife of Wm. Allingham, F.R.C.S. of Finsbury-square, a son.

At The Grove, Burgess-hill, Sussex, the wife of James Braid, M.D. a dau.

The wife of the Rev. John Buckmaster, Vicar of All Saints, Wandsworth, a dau.

At Wolverhampton, the wife of the Rev. George Everard, Vicar of S. Mark's, a dau.

At Birkenhead, the wife of Capt. A. W. Hall, a son.

At Kensington, the wife of John Haughton, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

At Brighton, the wife of Lieut.-Col. T. H. Sibley, H.M.'s Bengal Army, a son.

At Dover, the wife of Lt.-Col. Fredk. Van Straubenzee, a son.

At Perranarworthal, Cornwall. the wife of Fredk. M. Williams, esq. M.P. a dau.

*April 8.* At Allensmore vicarage, Herefordshire, the wife of the Rev. J. Elliot Grasett, a dau.

At Sheepy Magna, Leicestershire, the wife of Rev. Joseph Harris, a son.

At Blackheath, the wife of the Rev. Walter R. Hickman, Rector of West Harling, Norfolk, a son.

At Brighton, the wife of H. M. Jenner, esq. a dau.

At Great Malvern, Lady Lambert, a dau.

At Hyde-park-gate south, the wife of Charles Price, esq. a dau.

*April 9.* At York, the wife of Capt. J. Loftus Bland, Innisk. Drag. a son.

At Eastbourne, the wife of the Rev. Charles Sumner Burder, Rector of Ham, Wilts, a son.

At Paris, Lady Mary Craven, a son.

At Bath, the wife of the Rev. A. L. Foulkes, curate of St. Stephen's, Marblebone, a son.

At the Vicarage, Pateley Bridge, the wife of the Rev. Samuel Gray, a son.

At Woolwich, the wife of G. T. F. Muskett, solicitor, a son.

*April 10.* At Ramsgate, the wife of the Rev. Gustavus Bosanquet, a son.

At the Manse of Logierair, the wife of the Rev. Samuel Cameron, a dau.

At Wilby rectory, Norfolk, the wife of Dr. Goodacre, Rector of Hargham and Wilby, a son.

The wife of Henry Goody, solicitor, Colchester, a dau.

At Canterbury, the wife of Frank H. Hamilton, esq. 5th Lancers, a son.

At Cantley vicarage, near Doncaster, the wife of the Rev. Samuel King, a son.

The wife of James Wheeler Talboys, esq. B.A. S.C.L. a son.

*April 11.* At Alphington, near Exeter, the wife of Captain Vincent Jesson Applin, a son.

The wife of John Barnett Barker, esq. late Captain 75th Regt. a dau.

At St. Andrew's, the wife of the Rev. A. K. H. Boyd, D.D. a son.

At Eton College, Mrs. F. W. Cornish, a dau.

At Galway, the wife of Capt. Gildea, 21st Fusiliers, a dau.

At Kilburn, the wife of the Rev. Alfred Kennion, a dau.

At Brighton, the Hon. Mrs. Marton, a son.

At Willington vicarage, Bedfordshire, the wife of the Rev. Augustus Orlebar, a dau.

The wife of the Rev. John Le Mesurier, Bembridge, Isle of Wight, a son.

At James's Palace, the Duchess of St. Alban's, a dau.

*April 12.* At Peckham, the wife of Edward Clarke, esq. barrister, a dau.

At Eccleston-square, the wife of Edward Ellis, M.D. a dau.

At Woburn, Beds, the wife of Capt. F. E. Hadow, R. Art. a son.

At Merrow, near Guildford, the wife of Commander H. Holder, R.N. a dau.

At Manchester, the wife of Dr. F. B. Hutchinson, a son.

At Urpeth Lodge, Durham, the wife of John Jocey, esq. J.P. of Newton Hall, Northumberland.

At Blackheath, the wife of the Rev. F. E. Lloyd Jones, a son.

At Ridgway, Wimbledon, the wife of Charles Warner Lewis, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

At Graham's-road, Falkirk, the wife of Robert Moffat, M.D. a son.



At Southsea, the wife of George Nunn Thomas, esq. 46th Regt. a dau.

*April 13.* At the Rectory, Brandon, Suffolk, the wife of the Rev. William Foord Crocker, M.A. a dau.

At Dublin, the wife of T. F. Eustace, esq. Registrar, late of H.M. 49th Regt. a son.

At Eastbourne, the wife of Major F. T. Garrard, a son.

At Rookwood, Llandaff, the wife of Edward S. Hill, esq. Lieut.-Col. Glam. Art. Vols. a son.

At Portobello, Edinburgh, the wife of T. J. Mitchell, esq. late Capt. King's Dragoon Guards, a son.

At Litchfield Rectory, Hants, the wife of the Rev. Henry Thornton Pearse, a dau.

At St. Helier's, Jersey, the wife of Lieut.-Col. McKay Rynd, a son.

*April 14.* At Brentford, the wife of E. S. Earle, esq. F.R.C.S. a dau.

At Camberwell, the wife of T. W. King, M.D. a son.

At 42, South-street, Park-lane, the wife of Major William Lyon, a dau.

At Eaton-square, the Hon. Mrs. Mostyn, a dau.

At West Horsley, Surrey, the wife of the Rev. H. C. Ripley, a son.

At Dorking, the wife of the Rev. Arthur Vaughan Williams, Vicar of Down - Ampney, Gloucestershire, a son.

*April 15.* At Richmond, the wife of

Capt. George E. Brace, Military Train, a dau.

At Heckfield vicarage, the wife of the Rev. Jas. Chataway, a son.

At Devonshire House, Lady Louisa Egerton, a son.

At Tunbridge-Wells, the wife of Robert W. M. Wetherell, Capt. 16th Regt. a son.

### BAPTISMS.

*March 20.* In the English Protestant chapel at Rome, the infant son Mr. Odo and Lady Emily Russell.

*March 31.* The baptism of his Royal Highness the Infant Prince, second son of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein (Princess Helena of Great Britain and Ireland) was solemnised in the private chapel within Windsor Castle. The Queen handed the Prince to the Archbishop of Canterbury, and gave his names—"Albert John Charles Frederic Alfred George." The sponsors were the Queen, proxy for the Queen Dowager of Denmark; H.R.H. Princess Louise, for H.R.H. the Princess of Wales; H.R.H. Prince Arthur, for H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh; H.R.H. Prince Leopold, for his Serene Highness the Duke Frederic of Schleswig-Holstein; H.R.H. the Duke of Cambridge; the Duchess of Roxburghe, for H.R.H. Princess Louis of Hesse; and the Saxon Minister, for the King of Saxony.

## MARRIAGES.

*August 18, 1868.* At Seaton, Devonshire, by the Rev. E. M. Drake, the Rev. Joseph Heald Ward, of Everleigh, Wilts, to Letitia, younger dau. of the late William Wyndham, esq. of Dinton House, in the same county.

*Dec. 30, 1868.* At Christ church, Nelson, New Zealand, James Hector, esq. M.D. Edinb. F.R.S. to Maria Georgiana, eldest dau. of Sir David Monro, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

*Feb. 4, 1869.* At Trinity Church, Melrose, South Australia, by the Rev. R. B. Webb, Chaplain to the Bishop, Jas. Alfred Thorold, esq. youngest son of the late Rev. Charles Thorold, Rector of Ludborough, to Elizabeth Sharard, fifth daughter of Stephen King, esq. Stipendiary Magistrate of Port Augusta.

*Feb. 8.* At Bombay, Staff Asst. Surgeon William O'Byrne White, third son of the late M. E. White, esq. M.D. of Killoughter and Ballinahinch, co. Wicklow, to Katie Mary, third dau. of William Roche, esq. of Dublin.

*Feb. 9.* At Bangalore, Capt. Beauchamp Coleclough, Adjutant 2nd Batt. H.M.'s 19th Foot, to Jane Eleanor, youngest dau. of the late J. Barton Hill, esq. M.R.C.S.L. of Guildford-place, Russell-square.

*Feb. 25.* At Bombay, Henry Edward, eldest son of Edward Astley, esq. of Roby, Lane. to Edith, youngest dau. of Brigadier-General Stock, Commanding Bombay Garrison.

*March 9.* At St. George's, Hanover-square the Right Hon. Austen Henry Layard, M.P. for Southwark, to Mary





Enid Evelyn, dau. of the late Sir John Guest and Lady Charlotte Schreiber.

*March 13.* At Harberton, South Devon, Bonham Ward Bax, Commander R.N. youngest son of Captain H. B. Bax, H.E.I.C.S. of Charlton, Kent, to Emily Harris, youngest surviving dau. of the late Lieut.-Col. Nesham.

*March 14.* At Trinity church, Marylebone, Capt. James N. Smart, second son of the late J. N. Smart, Lieut. R.N. to Eliza, second dau. of the late Capt. James Anderson.

*March 16.* At Camberwell New-road Congregational chapel, by the father of the bride, A. Cummings Air, M.R.C.S. of Lorrimore-square, to Mary, youngest dau. of the Rev. W. P. Tiddy, of The Grove, Camberwell.

At Valetta, Benjamin S. Bradley, esq. Navigating-Lieut. R.N. youngest son of Commander W. S. Bradley, R.N. to Mary Jane, second dau. of the late George Grant, esq. Malta.

At St. Brelade's church, Jersey, by the Rev. Edward Falle, M.A. Moses Edward Gibaut, esq. of 14, Vauxhall, St. Helier's, to Jane Ann, only dau. of Captain Philip Briard, of Sunfield, St. Brelade.

At Tipperary, George E. M. Taylor, esq. late 44th Regt. to Letitia Martha, youngest dau. of R. M. S. Mansergh, esq. J.P. Greenane House, Tipperary.

At Broughton, by the Rev. O. Nicholson, of Liverpool, uncle of the bride, James Titley, esq. M.D. of Brigg, to Frances Margaret, eldest dau. of Henry Nicholson, esq. of The Vale.

At St. Mary's, Reading, William Turner, esq. M.R.C.S. L.S.A. to Blanch Elizabeth, fourth dau. of Frank W. Huet, esq. of Reading.

*March 17.* At Bebington, Cheshire, Edgar C. Baker, R.N. third surviving son of Edward Whitley Baker, esq. R.N. to Frances Mary, eldest dau. of the late Richard Jones, esq. of Halifax, Nova Scotia.

At St. Saviour's, Southwark, the Rev. R. Bickerdike, M.A. to Margaretta Elizabeth, second dau. of Mr. Tucker, Bankside.

At Plymouth, Alfred Broad, jun. to Blanche Melicent, second dau. of the late James Sheppard, esq. M.D. of Stonehouse, and granddau. of Major Pettingal, R.E.

At Beckenham, Hugh Holmes, esq. Dublin, barrister-at-law, to Olivia, dau. of J. W. Moule, esq. Laurie Park, Sydenham.

At Glasgow, J. R. Macarthur, esq.

Glasgow, to Charlotte Helen, widow of Robert McNair, esq. and dau. of the late Rev. Isaac Dixon, Vicar of Garton, Yorkshire.

*March 18.* At Marylebone church, Edwin Arnold, esq. of Yiewsley, to the Hon. Henrietta Catherine Skeffington, fourth dau. of the late Lord Dufferin.

At Upper Clapton Congregational church, Edward Abbs Cattley, of St. Petersburg, to Louisa Harriet, third dau. of W. H. Ropes, esq. of Upper Clapton.

At Charlton, Ernest Henry, third son of the late Rev. C. J. P. Douet, of Jamaica, to Sophia Caroline, second dau. of the late Rev. W. Paterson, of Jamaica.

At Genoa, Edmund William Edmann, esq. to Matilda Frances Brocchi (née Thompson), widow of Lieut.-Col. Carlo Brocchi.

At Marylebone, by the Rev. Canon Gillett, Captain Arthur Woodhall Gillett, R.N. second son of the Rev. G. E. Gillett, Rector of Waltham, Leic. to Lucy Clara, second dau. of Sir Henry Paul Seale, Bart.

At St. Mark's, Notting-hill, Donald MacIntyre, esq. of Highbury-crescent, to Maria, widow of W. J. Hay, esq. Ceylon, and second dau. of George Canham, esq.

At the British Legation, Teheran, Persia, Major Robert Murdoch Smith, R.E. to Eleanor, eldest dau. of Capt. Baker, R.N.

At Hove, Sussex, by the Rev. T. Trocke, William Trocke, esq. 35th (Royal Sussex) Regt. eldest son of the Rev. W. Trocke, late of Mount Ormond, co. Tipperary, to Mary Elizabeth (Minnie), dau. of D'Alton McCarthy, esq. Barrie, Canada West, and niece of Mrs. Leigh Goldie.

At Teddington, George Rainy Young, esq. to Jane Armstrong, eldest dau. of J. Adam Smith, esq. of Teddington Lodge.

*March 20.* At St. John's, Lambeth, Dr. Archer Farr, to Elizabeth Medora, youngest dau. of George Alexander Smith, esq. Marlowes, Hemel Hempstead.

*March 23.* At Clifton, John Leslie, esq. Grandholm, Aberdeen, to Elizabeth Charlotte, dau. of the late Capt. A. L. Treedie, Madras Army, and stepdau. of H. A. Brett, esq. late Madras Civil Service.

At Ponder's End Congregational church, by the Rev. J. Vale Mummery, F.R.A.S. brother of the bridegroom, Benjamin Clark Mummery, to



Sarah, widow of William Ashton *Whitlark*.

*March 24.* At St. John's, Guernsey, Charles Arthur, youngest son of C. Ford, esq. of Jersey, to Elizabeth Lonisa, youngest dau. of Anthony *Thorn*, esq. St. Jacques, Guernsey.

At Clapham, Leon Amedee, second son of Monsieur Amedee Rieder, of the Ile Napoléon près Mülhouse, France, to Catherine, second dau. of Alexander *Martin*, of Clapham, and the Temple, solicitor.

*March 25.* At St. James's Church, Lieut.-Col. R. Wellesley Chambers, B.S.C. to Elizabeth Louisa Mary Jane *Marston*, eldest dau. of the Rev. W. Marston, of Woodfield House, Ross, Herefordshire.

*March 27.* At St. John's, Fulham, J. H. Gybbon-Spilsbury, esq. to Laura, youngest dau. of W. H. *Furnell*, esq. of Fulham.

At Monkstown, near Dublin, James Foord Hilton, 72nd Highlanders, second son of the Rev. H. Hilton, Rector of Milstead, Kent, to Anna Louisa, dau. of the Hon. Chichester T. *Skelington*.

At Lee Chapel, Christopher Henry *Lund*, of Skipton, to Amelia Fry, dau. of the late Rev. Thomas *Timpson*, of Lewisham.

*March 29.* At Littleham-cum-Exmouth, Capt. J. J. Bacon, late 95th Regt. son of Major Bacon, of Scafield, Isle of Man, to Catherine Isabella, eldest surviving dau. of the late J. *Teschemaker*, D.C.L. of Exmouth.

At St. Mary's, Donnybrook, J. W. Elmes, esq. Dep. Asst. Comm.-Gen., to Florence Augusta, dau. of William *Cooper*, esq.

At St. Paul's, Edinburgh, Frederick Albert Lewin, Fellow of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, and of Lincoln's-inn, to Ella, eldest dau. of the late William Robert *Baillie*, esq. W.S. Edinburgh.

At Roehampton, Lieut.-Gen. Richardson Robertson, of Tulliebelton, Perthshire, to Lady Julia Leslie *McVilvie*, dau. of the Earl of Leven and Melville.

*March 30.* At St. John's, Edinburgh, by the Rev. Henry V. Burton, B.A. Oxon, Vicar of Tunstall, Lancashire brother of the bridegroom. John Edward Burton, Capt. 91st Highlanders, to Isabella Jane *Mackenzie*, eldest dau. of Sir Evan Mackenzie, Bart. of Kilcoy.

At Handsworth, Staff. by the Rev. J. Barnes, brother of the bride, John Frederick, eldest son of the late Julius William Cole, of Kimbolton, Hunting-

donschire, esq. to Rebecca, elder dau. of the late Joseph *Barnes*, of Donnington and Bicker, Lincolnshire, esq.

At Symondsbury, by the Rev. John Loveband Fulford, father of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. Henry John Rawlinson, brother of the bride, the Rev. John Loveband Langdon Fulford, of Woodbury, Devon, to Blanche Harriet Alexandrina, second dau. of the Rev. Henry *Rawlinson*, Rector of Symondsbury, Dorset.

At St. Philip's, Stepney, by the Rev. J. R. Green, Vicar, and librarian to the Archbishop of Canterbury, brother of the bride, John Cooper Pearse, B.A. Trin. Coll. Camb. son of the Rev. Thomas Pearse, Vicar of Westoning, Beds. to Anne Mary Castle, dau. of the late Richard *Green*, esq. Oxford.

At All Saints, Ennismore-place, by the Rev. G. St. Alban Godson, M.A. cousin of the bride, Robert Harley, son of Sir Robert Stanford, late Capt. 27th Regt. and grandson of the late Major-Gen. Boardman, of the H.E.I.C.S. to Dorcas Sarah, dau. of Septimus Holmes *Godson*, esq. of Rutland-gate, and Tenbury, Worce.

At Clifton, John Phillips, esq. of Lower Condercum, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, to Sarah Augusta, widow of Nathaniel Frederick *Ellison*, esq. of Elmestree, Tetbury, and eldest dau. of the late Maurice Maskelyne, esq. of Upton House, Tetbury.

At Prestbury, the Rev. Ralph Benjamin Somerset, Fellow of Trinity College, and Vicar of St. Michael's, Cambridge, to Frances, dau. of Thomas *Brocklehurst*, esq. The Fence, Macclesfield.

At East Looe, Cornwall, the Rev. John E. White, B.A. curate of Probus, Cornwall, to Mary, eldest dau. of the late S. *Peter*, esq. solicitor, Liskeard. Also at the same time and place, Frederick Hirtzel, of Selhurst, South Norwood, to Florence Rosetta, youngest dau. of the same.

*April 1.* At Thatcham, Berks, the Rev. H. Martin, Vicar of Thatcham, to Isabel Sarah, only dau. of the late Richard *Tall*, J.P. esq. of Crookham House, same co.

At St. Marylebone, William Fothergill Robinson, esq. eldest son of William Fothergill Robinson, of Holmfield, Liverpool, esq. to Julia, second dau. of George *Richmond*, esq. R.A.

*April 2.* At Bathford, Somersetshire, Jacob Dove, esq. Hambrook House, Hambrook, Gloucestershire, to Mary





Lawrence, youngest dau. of the late Thomas *Weasenham*, esq. of Southery, Norfolk.

At St. Mary's, Dublin, the Rev. William Kildahl, younger son of James Kildahl, esq. M.A. solicitor, of Hardwicke-street, to Helen Sophia Louisa, second dau. of George *Thorpe*, esq. of Upper Gloucester-street.

At Kirby, the Right Hon. Sir Charles Jasper Selwyn, Lord Justice of Appeal, of Richmond, Surrey, to Catherine Rosalie, dau. of Colonel *Greene*, C.B. of Kirby Case Hall, Norfolk, and widow of the Rev. Harry *Dupuis*, Vicar of Richmond, and Rural Dean.

April 3. At St. John the Evangelist, Blackheath, Robert Braithwaite, M.D. F.L.S. of the Ferns, Clapham-rise, to Charlotte Elizabeth, second dau. of the late Nathaniel Bagshaw *Ward*, F.R.S.

At Bebbington, Cheshire, by the Rev. H. D. Hill, brother of the bridegroom, James Eardley Hill, elder son of Sir Hugh Hill, kn't. of Oxford-square, London, to Katherine, third dau. of Henry *Draper*, esq.

At St. Matthew's, Brixton, Edwin Waterhouse, of Park-street, Grosvenor-square and Gresham-street, youngest son of Alfred Waterhouse, esq. of Whiteknights, near Reading, to Georgina Emma Catherine, fourth dau. of J. P. *Thol*, esq. of Barrington-road, Brixton.

April 5. At St. Peter's, Dublin, John C. Brady, eldest son of John Brady, esq. J.P. Johnstown, Clones, to Annie Louise, third dau. of the late John *Johnston*, esq. Monaghan.

At St. Gabriel's, Warwick-square, William Boyle, only son of Captain Crooke, R.N. of Kinsale, Ireland, to Elizabeth Worcester, eldest dau. of the late W. H. *Minty*, of H.M. Civil Serv.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Captain George Tryon, R.N., C.B., to the Hon. Clementina C. Heathcote, eldest dau. of the late Lord *Arcland*.

At St. Edmund's, Crickhowell, Charles Henry Lonsdale, esq. 105th L. Inf. to Georgiana Blanche Eliza, youngest dau. of G. A. *Davies*, of Ty'r Berllan, Crickhowell, esq.

At St. Michael's, Swanmore, Ryde, I.W., Percival Arthur, eldest son of Arthur Mann, esq. and nephew of Col. Mann, R. Art. to Mary Sarah, only dau. of John *Blakeney*, esq. and grand-niece of the late Field-Marshal the Right Hon. Sir Edward Blakeney, G.C.B. G.C.H.

At St. Andrew's, Dublin, Pearce

Philip, Lieut. H.M. 66th Regt. youngest son of R. P. O'Reilly, esq. Sans Souci, Booterstown, co. Dublin, to Louisa Anastasia, eldest dau. of Capt. Maurice *Blake*, late 15th Hussars.

April 6. At Milton Ernest, Beds, Marmaduke Athorpe, esq. of C.C.C. Oxford, B.A. son of J. C. Athorpe, esq. Dinnington Hall, Yorkshire, to Edith Louisa, third dau. of the Rev. C. C. *Beatty-Pownall*.

At Christ church, Lancaster-gate, by the Rev. Christopher Cookson, Vicar of Dallington, brother of the bridegroom, Montague Hughes Cookson, D.C.L. Fellow of St. John's coll. Oxford, barrister-at-law, of Devonshire-terrace, Hyde-park, to Blanche Alethea Elizabeth, youngest dau. of the Rev. Eardley Chauncy *Holt*, of Burwood-place, Hyde-park.

At Crickhowell, Walter Frederick J. Cowan, esq. Royal Welsh Fus. to Frances Anne, fourth dau. of Henry *Lucas*, esq. M.D. Glanyrafon, Crickhowell.

At the Church of the Sacred Heart, Edinburgh, Bernard James Cuddon, esq. only son of James Cuddon, esq. barrister-at-law. Middle Temple, and of Somerton Hall, Norfolk, to Harriet, only dau. of Angus *Fletcher*, esq. of Dunans, Argyllshire, and Edinburgh.

At St. Lawrence, Appleby, Henry Clement Swinnerton Dyer, esq. brevet-Major R. Art. son of Sir Thomas Swinnerton Dyer, Bart. of Dyerhaven, Sussex, to Amelia Susan, only dau. of the late John *Ward*, esq. and step-dau. of Vice-Adm. Russell Eliott.

At St. Mary, Bryanston-square, the Rev. Hamilton Llewellyn Gerty, M.A. to Adelaide Fanny, second dau. of the late William *Burley*, esq. of York-place, Portman-square.

At Toomna church, Ireland, John L. Hackett, esq. of Ardearne, co. Roscommon, J.P. to Isabella Matilda Emily, eldest dau. of the late James *Kirkwood*, esq. of Woodbrook, co. Roscommon, J.P. and Carranalla, co. Sligo.

At Christ church, Roxeth, Harrow, the Rev. William Horne, M.A. Vicar of Roxeth, to Florence Walpole, youngest dau. of the late Charles *Magnard*, esq. of Cleveland-square, Hyde-park.

At Milton Ernest, Beds, J. A. Price, esq. Capt. R. Art. to Katherine Amy, second dau. of the Rev. C. C. *Beatty-Pownall*, M.A. Vicar of Milton Ernest and Rural Dean.

At All Saints' Paddington, Richard Prince, esq. of Clehonger, co. Hereford,



eldest son of Peregrine Prince, esq. J.P. of Broomy Hill, Hereford, to Martha, second dau. of Charles Smith *Thomas*, esq. of Norfolk-square, Hyde-park, and of Doctors'-commons.

At Shenstone, near Lichfield, the Rev. Frederick Willett, M.A. Vicar of West Bromwich, to Mary, eldest dau. of Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. J. N. *Bagnall*, of Shenstone Moss, Staffordshire.

April 7. At St. Matthew's, Ipswich, the Rev. Wm. Bates, D.D. Rector of Burnham, Norfolk, and of Heddon, Northumberland, to Hannah, elder dau. of John *Orford*, esq. of Brooke's Hall, Ipswich.

At Dawlish, by the Rev. J. R. Whyte, Vicar of Launcells, uncle of the bride, John du T. Bogle, esq. R.E. eldest son of John Bogle, esq. Woodside, Torquay, to Blanche Eleanor *Bourchier*, second dau. of the Rev. Bourchier Wrey Savile, M.A. of Dawlish.

At St. Paul's, Dundee, Henry Corri, Director of the Grand English Opera Company, to Ida Ghita, eldest dau. of the late Lieut.-Col. *Gillies*, Scots Fusilier Guards, grand-dan. of Gen. Bourke, late Governor of Newfoundland, and cousin to the Cluny Macpherson.

At Alfreton, Derbyshire, J. William Eastwood, M.D. of Dinsdale Park Retreat, Darlington, to Anna Maria, only dau. of the late J. *Robinson*, esq. of Stoke Bruerne, Northamptonshire.

At Battersea, Alfred Francis John Fisher, A.I.C.E. Residt. Engr. Great Indian Peninsula Rail. Bombay Presidency, to his cousin, Helen Elizabeth Jane Campbell Wright *Fisher*, dau. of John Fisher, esq. Dalston.

At Ardeolme church, by the father of the bride, Huber Garbett, esq. C.E. son of the late Col. Garbett, Bengal Art. to Henrietta, dau. of the Rev. H. G. *Stokes*, Rector of Ardeolme, co. Wexford.

At Eyton, Salop, by the Rev. Canon Lysons, father of the bridegroom, the Rev. Daniel George Lysons, B.A. to Katharine Anne, fourth dau. of Thomas Campbell *Eyton*, esq. of Eyton Hall.

At St. Lawrence, by the father of the bride, the Rev. J. A. Collingwood Maughan, Vicar of Mickley, Northumberland, to Mary Georgiana, third dau. of the Rev. Richard *Sale*, M.A. of St. Lawrence, Isle of Thanet.

At Penrhyn-dendraeth, by the Rev. Charles Ranken, M.A. father of the bridegroom, the Rev. W. H. Ranken, M.A. Fellow of C.C.C. Oxford, and Rector of Meysey Hampton, Gloucestershire, to Frances Mary, eldest dan.

of William *Casson*, esq. of Plas-y-n-Penrhyn, Merionethshire.

At St. John the Evangelist, Carlisle, Charles Holland Skae, M.D. Medical Superintendent of the Ayrshire District Asylum, Ayr, to Frances Elizabeth, second dau. of John *Norman*, esq. Botecherby, Carlisle.

April 8. At Ravensden, Captain A. H. F. Barnes, R.M.L.I. to Anne Wood Maria, eldest surviving dau. of the late Rev. T. L. J. *Sunderland*, M.A. of Ravensden Grange, Bedfordshire, and Coley, Yorkshire.

At Streatham, Charles Burrell, esq. B.A. barrister-at-law, second son of Joseph Burrell, esq. of Wimbledon, to Mary, second dau. of Richard Brinsley *Portal*, esq. of Lower Norwood.

At the Catholic and Apostolic church, Paddington, Commander Chas. Searle Cardale, R.N. to Alice Emma, fifth dau. of the late Rev. J. *Peck*.

At Holywell church, Oxford, by the Rev. Beauchamp Kerr Pearse, M.A. Rector of Aseot, uncle, and the Rev. Walter Carr, B.A. cousin of the bride, Rees Edward Davies, B.C.L. of The Mardy, Glamorganshire, and the Inner Temple, barrister, eldest surviving son of the late William Davies, of The Mardy, esq. to Florence, only dau. of the Rev. Robert *Gandell*, M.A. Laudian Professor of Arabic.

At St. Michael's, Limerick, by the Rev. William Whitty, A.B. cousin to the bride, Arthur William, eldest son of Henry Hampden *English*, esq. J.P. of Westwood House, Peterborough, to Elizabeth Charlotte, third dau. of the Rev. David LaTouche *Whitty*, A.B. Deanery, Kilfenora, co. Clare.

At St. Mary's, Folkestone, Colonel Malcolm Green, C.B. Bombay Staff Corps, third son of the late Vice-Adm. Sir Andrew Green, K.C.H. to Elizabeth Caroline, only dau. of Walter *Taunton*, esq. of Boulogne-sur-Mer.

At All Saints', Gordon-square, Andrew Johnson, esq. of the Bullion Office, Bank of England, to Fanny Elizabeth Mary Louisa, widow of the late Charles Edward *Keymer*, esq. and only surviving dau. of the late B. N. Rockley Batty, esq. of Fernay Hall, Yorkshire.

At St. Marylebone, Major W. M. Lees, Bengal Staff Corps, son of Sir John Campbell Lees, to Jane Augusta, dau. of the late Lieut.-Colonel Edwin *Griffiths*.

At St. Clement's, Urnston, by the Rev. G. Digby Newbolt, brother of the





bridegroom, and the Rev. E. D. Jackson, uncle of the bride, Edward Dorian Newbolt, esq. Capt. 54th Regt. fourth son of the late Vicar of Somerton, Somerset, to Annie, only dau. of John T. Hibbert, esq. M.P. Urmston Grange, Lancashire.

At Christ church, Clifton, Commander Robert Pitman, R.N. to Elizabeth Anne, second dau. of the late Andrew Howard, esq. of Shaldon, Devon.

At St. Stephen's, Westminster, by the Rev. George A. M. How, M.A. Incumbent of St. Gabriel's, Bromley, brother-in-law of the bride, the Rev. Frederick Shepherd, M.A. son of the late John Shepherd, esq. of Woodstock House, Bromfield, Herefordshire, to Katharine, third dau. of the late John Sinclair, esq. of Warwick-square, Belgravia.

At Tibshelf church, Francis Robert Stanton, Lieut. and Adj. 1st Batt. Royal Regt. son of William Stanton, esq. Dep.-Commissary-Gen. to Margaret Anne, youngest dau. of John Chambers, esq. The Hurst, Derbyshire.

At St. Mary's, Harrow-on-the-Hill, by the Rev. H. Wardell, Rector of Winlaton, father of the bridegroom, Frank N. Wardell, H. M. Inspector of Mines for Yorkshire, to Frances Maria, youngest dau. of Thomas Wood, esq. of Harrow.

At Balcombe, the Rev. Henry Rose Wetherall, Vicar of Standon, Herts, to Isabel Jane Alexander, dau. of John Alexander Hankey, esq. of Balcombe Place, Sussex.

At the Cathedral, Marlborough-street, Dublin, M. L. White, esq. 1st Royal Regt. second son of the late M. E. White, esq. of Killoughter and Ballynahinch, co. Wicklow, to Emma, eldest dau. of Capt. Esmonde White, Newlands, co. Wexford.

At St. Paul's, Edinburgh, William P. Wilkie, advocate, to Eliza Katharine, eldest dau. of the late James Edgar, esq. of Lennoxville, Lower Canada.

At St. Mary's, Bryanston-square, by the Rev. W. H. Williams, brother of the bridegroom, the Rev. Frederick Williams, Rector of Bettiscombe, Dorset, to Agnes Mary, dau. of the late John Hooime Peebles, esq. M.D. F. R. Coll. of Phys. Edinburgh.

April 10. At All Saints', St. John's-wood, by the father of the bride, Reginald Stewart Boddington, son of the late B. Boddington, esq. of Burcher, co. Hereford, to Emma Frances, eldest

surviving dau. of the Rev. H. W. Maddock, M.A. Vicar of All Saints.

At Nice, Emil Borgstrom, esq. of Hel-singfors, to Constance, dau. of the late Colonel Paterson, and granddau. of the late Lieut.-Gen. Sir William Paterson, K.C.H. and of the Chevalier Tottie.

At All Saints', Wandsworth, John Fenwick, eldest son of Capt. Fenwick, of the Trinity House, and Tudor Lodge, Wimbledon, to Mary Pearson Gabriel, eldest dau. of Sir Thomas Gabriel, Bart. of Edgcombe Hall, Wimbledon.

At Wimbledon, Brian Houghton Hodgson, Ret. list Bengal Civil Service, of Alderley, Gloucestershire, to Susan, dau. of the late Rev. Chambre Townsend, of Derry, co. Cork, and granddau. of the late Major-Gen. Oliver, R.A.

At St. Mary-in-the-Castle, Hastings, the Rev. Edmund Frederick Jackson, of Canterbury, to Elizabeth Blackstone, eldest dau. of the late Pendock William Aveline, esq. surgeon, of Camberwell.

At St. Mary's, Battersea, James John Joseph, M.D. second son of John Charles Joseph, esq. of Kilmore, Artane, co. Dublin, to Amy Elizabeth, eldest dau. of William Lawrence, esq. of Battersea, Surrey.

At St. Stephen the Martyr, Regent's-park, William Francis Prideaux, esq. Bombay Staff Corps, eldest son of F. W. Prideaux, esq. Sec. Rev. Dep. India-office, to Mary Frances, only dau. of John T. Philpot, esq. of H.M.'s Paymaster-Gen.'s Office, and St. John's-wood-road.

At St. Stephen's, Dublin, by the Rev. T. Teignmouth Shore, M.A. LL.D. (brother-in-law of the bride), the Rev. James Robinson, B.A. Chaplain of H.M. ship Royal George, eldest son of the Rev. Thos. Robinson, LL.D. Vicar of Kilmainham Wood, diocese of Meath, to Harriette Elizabeth, dau. of John Francis Waller, esq. LL.D. Barrister-at-Law, Dublin.

April 12. At Edinburgh, Andrew Marshall Porter, esq. of Dublin, Barrister-at-Law, to Agnes Adinston, only dau. of the late Lieut.-Col. Horsburgh, of Horsburgh, Peeblesshire.

April 13. At St. James's, Norland, by the Rev. J. Durst, assisted by the Rev. W. Durst, John Adcock, M.D. Army Medical Staff, to Mary, only dau. of John Durst, esq. of Walmer, Kent.

At St. Mary's, Vincent-square, by the father of the bride, the Rev. Arthur Blythman, M.A. Rector of Shenington, Gloucestershire, to Mary Eliza, dau. of



the Rev. A. *Borradaile*, Incumbent of St. Mary's, Tothill-fields.

At Farnham Royal, the Rev. John Bradford, New College, Oxon, second son of Robert Bradford, of Franks, Kent, esq. to Mary, youngest dau. of Henry *Vallance*, of Farnham Royal, Bucks, esq.

At St. Nicholas, Guildford, the Rev. George Seymour Chamberlain, third son of the late William Chamberlain, esq. of Bristol, to Georgiana Pearson, youngest dau. of George *Wilkins*, esq. Guildford.

At St. Mary's, Guildford, the Rev. Charles E. S. Collingwood, Rector of Southwick, Durham, to Mary Charlotte, fourth dau. of the late Ven. Archdeacon *Dodgson*, Rector of Croft.

At Stuttgart, by the Rev. Osmond Cookson, M.A. brother of the bridegroom, Commander William Edgar de C. Cookson, R.N. to Louise Helene, eldest dau. of Prof. *Brutser*, Dr. Phil.

At Rathfarnham, James Creed, esq. Surgeon H.M. 20th Regt. to Frances Georgina, eldest dau. of George *O'Neill*, esq., Rathgar.

At St. John's, Kensington-park, Captain Nelson Ellis, 101st Fus. to Fannie Bell, dau. of Thomas *Buskett*, esq. of Kensington-park.

At All Saints', Nottingham, James Bailey, second son of William Gibson, esq. J.P. to Rose Adeline, eldest dau. of George *Berrey*, esq. and granddau. of Samuel Newham, esq. J.P.

At Christ Church, Albany-street, the Rev. Alfred Harrison, second son of Daniel Harrison, of Egerton House, Beckenham, Kent, esq. to Edith Grace, youngest dau. of James *Leman*, of Regent's-park, esq.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, by the Rev. Canon Herbert, M.A. brother of the bridegroom, Lieut.-Col. G. E. Herbert, late H.M.'s Indian Army, J.P. co. Montgomery, to Anna Maria *Whitell*, of Upper Helmsley Hall and Westow Hall, Yorkshire, eldest dau. of the late J. F. Whitell, of the above-named places, esq. and J.P. for the East and North Ridings.

At All Saints', Upper Norwood, J. F. Hickman, J.P. of Newbury, to Elizabeth, dau. of the late J. W. T. *Leathwait*, esq. formerly of Clapham-rise.

At Woodlands, Duddingston, the Rev. J. A. H. Paton, Minister of Duddingston, to Margaret *Fulton*, second dau. of Andrew Fulton, esq. Woodlands.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, the Rev. T.

Norwood Perkins, B.A. Curate of Aldham, Essex, eldest son of Thos. Perkins, esq. of Willesborough, Kent, to Emily Louisa, elder dau. of the late Robert *Tosswill*, esq. and stepdau. of Charles Payne, esq. of Tunbridge.

At Alton, Hauts, Capt. E. A. Porcher, R.N. to Elizabeth Emmeline, second dau. of the late Adm. G. F. *Rieh*.

At Holy Trinity, Brompton, George A. Beaty-Pownall, esq. Roy. Art. second son of the Rev. C. C. Beaty-Pownall, M.A. Vicar of Milton Ernest, Beds, to Susan, dau. of the late Col. E. G. Walpole *Keppel*, of Lexham Hall, Norfolk.

At St. Philip's, Kensington, by the Rev. Jos. Dickson Claxton, M.A. Vicar, assisted by the Rev. Thomas Sikes, M.A. Rector of Chevening, Kent, the Rev. John Churchill Sikes, B.A. Curate of St. Philip's, to Agnes Katharine, dau. of the late Thos. *Johnson*, of Lichfield, esq.

April 14. At Gee Cross, Frederick Burton, esq. of Tyldesley, to Harriet, second dau. of the late John *Leech*, esq. of Gorse Hall, Stalybridge, and Kensington-palace-gardens.

At Broughton, near Preston, Lanc. J. B. Gilbertson, M.D. Preston, to Mary, dau. of the late George *Todd*, Solicitor, of Preston.

At Elvaston, Derby, by the Rev. F. N. Highmore, M.A. Vicar of Elvaston, uncle of the bride, assisted by the Rev. C. D. Goldie, M.A. Vicar of St. Ives, Hunts, uncle of the bridegroom, the Rev. Alexander Robert Goldie, B.A. youngest son of the late Major Barré William Goldie, Bengal Eng. to Margaret Elizabeth Holme, eldest dau. of Henry *Robinson*, esq. C.B. Dep. Commissary-Gen.

At St. Stephen's, Dublin, Montagu Henry Ormsby, LL.D. C.E. of the Geological Survey of India, eldest son of Henry Ormsby, esq. Q.C. of Fitzwilliam-square, to Lucinda Charlotte, only dau. of Frederic *Sutton*, esq. of Dublin.

At St. John's, Cheltenham, the Rev. Allan Ramsay, M.A. Oxon, Chaplain on H.M.'s Bengal Establishment, to Anne Eleanor, only dau. of Lieut.-Col. C. W. *Hodson*, late Madras Army.

At Emberton, Bucks, William Clarence Watson, Ottoman Vice-Consul, London, to Mary Louise, eldest dau. of the Rev. Campbell Bassett Arthur Grey *Hulton*, Rector of Emberton, Bucks.

April 15. At St. George's, Bloomsbury, George Alexander, eldest son of George Mackintosh Browne, esq. J.P. of St. Vincent, W.I. to Flora Emma





Buller, fourth dau. of the late Sir John Macgregor, M.D. K.C.B. Corstorphine Lodge, Ryde, I.W.

At Calne, Wiltshire, the Rev. Arthur Raggett Cole, M.A. of Hurstbourne Priors, Hants, to Eliz. Meredith, dau. of the late Rev. J. B. Meredith, B.A. Rector of Holy Trinity, Southampton.

At St. James's, Taunton, Frederick, eldest son of Thomas Jones, esq. of Timperley Hall, Cheshire, to Anne, eldest dau. of the Rev. W. T. Redfern, M.A. Vicar of St. James's, Taunton.

At Laughton-en-le-Morthen, Charles McCaskie, esq. of Anston, to Frances Jane, eldest dau. of the Rev. W. S.

Hartley, Vicar of Laughton-en-le-Morthen.

At Holy Trinity, Matlock Bath, Derbyshire, the Rev. Courtenay Moore, Mitchelstown, co. Cork, son of the late Alexander Moore, esq., Ballymoney, co. Antrim, to Jesie Mona, youngest dau. of Capt. Benjamin Duff, late 92nd Highlanders.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Lieut. - Col. William Stucley Stucley, Grenadier Guards, eldest son of Sir George Stucley, bart. of Affeton Castle, and Hartland Abbey, N. Devon, to Rosamond Head, only dau. of H. P. Best, esq. of Donnington-grove, Berks.

## DEATHS.

*Dec. 21, 1868.* At Dumfries, aged 62, the Rev. George John Craig Duncan, D.D.

*Jan. 2, 1869.* Killed in action, at the Ngatapa Pah, New Zealand, Capt. Duncan Michie Brown, Auckland Mounted Constabulary (late of Perth).

*Jan. 3.* In the Wairarapo, New Zealand, Captain William Brien Smith, late of the Royal Artillery, who headed the party sent out to survey the site of the first settlement fixed upon by the New Zealand Company's agent in 1839.

*Jan. 31.* At Burlington House, Westbourne-park, W. aged 38, the wife of the Rev. Vernon Edlin, B.A.

*Feb. 15.* Drowned off Nassau, Lieut. Spencer R. Huntley, R.N. Commander of H.M.G. the Cherub, and eldest son of the late Sir Henry Veel Huntley, K.B. Governor of Prince Edward's Island.

*Feb. 16.* At Penang, East Indies, aged 51, Lieut.-Col. Benjamin Hodson, commanding 7th Madras N.I. youngest son of the late Col. C. R. G. Hodson, of the Island of St. Helena.

*Feb. 25.* Alicia Catherine, widow of the Rev. James Russell Phillott, M.A. Rector of Ballymoney, co. Antrim, and sister of the late Right Rev. Richard Mant, D.D. Bishop of Down and Connor.

*Feb. 26.* At Guernsey, aged 86, Lieutenant William Dalguirns, 55th Foot. He entered the service, 1809; became Lieut. 1810; and retired on half-pay, 1817. He served in the Peninsula with the 7th Fusiliers, and was present at the battle of Busaco, occupation of the lines of Torres Vedras, advance

after Massena, taking of Olivença, the first siege of Badajoz, battles of Albuhera and Vittoria, investment of Pampeluna and battles of the Pyrenees; after which he went to Holland with Sir James Graham's army as Adjutant of the 55th Regiment, and was wounded at the storming of Bergen-op-Zoom, and taken prisoner. He wore the war medal with four clasps.

*March 3.* At Castle Dyke, near Newton Abbot, Devon, aged 74, Thomas Foster-Barham, esq. M.B.

*March 8.* At St. Helier's, Jersey, Nicholas Le Quesne, esq. a magistrate of that island.

At Rome, Rosa Taddi, a poetess of considerable local celebrity.

*March 9.* At the residence of his son (Dr. J. H. Mathew), Canton, Ohio, United States, aged 82, Joseph Mathew, esq. A native of England, but for over 30 years a resident in America, he was one whose sterling worth of character secured for him the respect of all who knew him. He was a brother of Mr. M. Mathew, now resident in Cardiff, and grandson of Wm. Mathew, gent. of Cogan House, formerly lord of the manor of Penarth. He was formerly a resident and freeman of Bristol, and for some years the proprietor of Mathew's Bristol Directory.

*March 10.* At White Waltham, Berkshire, aged 82, John Fuller, esq. of Hyde House, in the county of Bucks, 20 years Special Commissioner of Income Tax, Somerset House.

*March 11.* At Wooton, near Henley, in Arden, in the 58th year of his age, the Rev. Peter Joseph Hewitt, O.S.B. the



29th of his religious profession, and the 23rd of his priesthood. He was professed at Downside in 1841, and ordained priest in 1846.

*March 12.* At Kingston, Canada, aged 23, the wife of Emilius Hughes, Dep.-Assistant-Commissary-Gen. and daughter of the late Lieut.-Col. Charles Matthew Louis, R.H.A.

*March 13.* At the residence of her daughter Mrs. Dickinson, New York, aged 80, Lydia, third wife of the late Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher, and step-mother of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

Aged 81, Christian Samuel Benecke, who was Aide-de-Camp to Prince Blucher during the Waterloo campaign.

At Redland, aged 62, Major J. Chilcott, late of the Bengal Native Infantry.

Aged 88, The Rev. William Thomas, B.D. Vicar of Sithney, Cornwall. He was a Justice of the Peace for the division of West Kirrier, but had not occupied a seat on the bench for many years. Mr. Thomas, who took his B.D. degree in 1829 as a member of St. John's college, Cambridge, was ordained deacon in 1819, and priest in 1821. He was curate of Dartmouth, 1819; of St. Issey, Cornwall, 1821-31; of Stoke Climsland, 1831; of Altarnon, 1831-38; Vicar of Manaccan, 1838; and was presented to Sithney, July 1839.

*March 14.* At Wimborne Minster, Dorset, aged 71, Captain Felix Edwin, R.N. He was specially promoted to the rank of Commander by request of the Board of Inland Revenue, for his successful capture and detention of the smuggling vessel *Morning Star*, against an attempted rescue of the vessel by a very large force of smugglers on the night of 12th July, 1834.

At Freemantle, Southampton, aged 49, Thomas Parker Rickford late Capt. in 23rd Fusiliers, and late Exon of her Majesty's Body-Guard of Yeoman of the Guard.

*March 15.* At Hayton Castle, Notts, Samuel Wordsworth Barber, esq. barrister-at-law, son of Robert Had-horne Barber, esq. barrister-at-law. He was called to the Bar in 1852.

At his residence in London, Dr. John Brown, son of the late Rev. John Brown, of Cheltenham.

At Leigh, near Tunbridge, Kent, aged 62, Charles Foster Gregory, esq.

At Court Grange, Abbotskerswell, aged 70, the Hon. Mrs. Marcus Hare. She was Lucy Anne, second daughter of the 1st Baron Stanley of Alderley, by Lady Maria Josepha Holroyd,

daughter of the 1st Earl of Sheffield; and married in 1833 Marcus Theodore Hare, esq. who died in 1845.

At Grantham, aged 69, Edward Lynch Hough, esq. an alderman of the borough.

At Coulmore, Ross-shire, Kenneth Macleod, esq. of Greshornish, in Skye.

At Bloxham Grove, near Banbury, Agnes Hareum, wife of the Rev. G. Warriner, M.A. and daughter of the late W. W. Lea, esq. of Beaudesert, Warwickshire.

At Aberdeen, aged 46, Dr. James P. Watson.

*March 16.* At the vicarage, Bramley, near Basingstoke, aged 68, the Rev. William Airey. He was of Queen's coll. Oxford (B.A. 1822; M.A. 1826). He was Curate and Perpetual Curate of Hexham from 1824 to 1845, in which year he was presented to Bramley.

Aged 68, Ann Letitia, wife of Capt. D. Bartlett, Paymaster London Recruiting District.

At Frankfort-on-the-Maine, aged 84, Baroness Babette Beyfus, last surviving sister of Baron Anselm de Rothschild, the founder of the famous banking house.

At Bromley, Kent, Anne, widow of James Booty, esq. of Castle House, Walthamstow, eldest daughter of the late J. T. King, esq. of Hackney.

At Brussels, Emma Mary, wife of the Rev. G. Martin Braume, Vicar of Wistow, Yorkshire, and eldest daughter of the late Adm. Sir Lawrence Halsted, G.C.B.

At Romsey, Hants, aged 77, Robert Bullen, esq. late of Grös Cailloux, Mauritius.

At Osnaburgh-terrace, Regent's-park, aged 77, Major the Hon. William Erskine Cochrane, son of the ninth Earl of Dundonald. He entered the 15th (King's) Hussars 1801, with which he was present as Major at Sahagun, in Sir John Moore's expedition in 1808, for which he received a medal. He also received a clasp for Vittoria, where he commanded the Duke of Wellington's bodyguard in his advance on the enemy. He married Mary Anne, daughter of Alexander Manson, esq. and by that lady, who died in 1860, has left an only son, William Marshall Cochrane, Major 1st Lanark Militia, and Lieut.-Colonel 2nd Administrative Batt. 2nd Surrey Rifle Volunteers, who has a numerous family.

Aged 64, Emma, relict of John Dale, esq. of Park-terrace, Highbury.





At Kensington, aged 86, Henry Ferdinand Delamain, esq.

At Fore-street, City, aged 68, Jane, widow of Henry Edwards, esq. M.R.C.S.E.

At Wimborne Minster, Dorset, aged 71, Captain Felix Edwin, R.N. He entered the navy 1810; became Commander 1835; Capt. 1854; retired on half-pay 1845.

At Queen's-square-place, Westminster, aged 65, Richard Grindall Festing, esq.

At Newark-on-Trent, aged 83, Joseph Gilstrap, esq.

At The Close, Croydon, aged 73, the Rev. John Philip Malleson, formerly of Hove House, Brighton.

At Milton, Gravesend, aged 76, Lieutenant William Neufville Martin, on half-pay 64th Foot. He entered the service 1812; Lieut. 1814; and retired on half-pay 1817.

At Plymouth, aged 67, Lieut.-Col. Charles Fitzroy Neynoe, late of the 27th Regt. second son of the late Lieut.-Gen. Neynoe, of Castle Neynoe, co. Sligo.

At Oaklands, near Leicester, aged 33, Catherine, wife of Capt. R. M. Nicolls, L.R.V. and eldest daughter of the Rev. G. W. Sicklemore, of Nether Court, Isle of Thanet.

At Reigate, aged 85, the Rev. Charles Thomas Smith.

At The Close, Norwich, Thomasina Georgiana, wife of Charles Wethered Willett, esq. barrister-at-law, and daughter of the late Thomas Harrison, esq. one of H.M.'s Commissioners of Inland Revenue.

At Liverpool, aged 33, Annie, wife of Samuel Withers, esq. and only child of R. A. Mould, esq. of Everton.

*March 17.* At Long Stratton, Norfolk, aged 57, John Affleck, esq. fourth son of the late Rev. Sir Robert Affleck, 4th Bart. of Dalham Hall, Suffolk, by Maria, second dau. of Sir Elijah Impey, knt. He was unmarried.

At Waterside, Todmorden, aged 30, William Innes Beechey, son of the Rev. Canon Beechey, Vicar of Worsley.

Aged 64, Charles Bell, of Stanley-gardens, Kensington-park, solicitor.

Henry Brown, of Egremont House, Wakefield, solicitor.

Aged 84, Ann, wife of Christopher Bulstrode, esq. of Park-place, Regent's-park, London.

At Holloway, aged 80, Catherine, widow of Henry Fincham, esq.

At Glasgow, William Gabraith, esq. of Croftfoot.

At Mount Radford, Exeter, aged 78,

Elizabeth Talwin, widow of Joseph Hingston, esq. of Kingsbridge.

At Walton-on-Thames, aged 23, Emily Julia, wife of J. J. Hulbert, and daughter of the late Charles Harrison, esq. of Oxford-terrace, Hyde-park.

At Park-street, Grosvenor-square, aged 77, Rebecca, widow of Benjamin Hutton, esq.

At St. Goran, Cornwall, aged 72, the Rev. David Jenkins, Vicar. He was of Exeter College, Oxford (B.A. 1818), and was presented to St. Goran in 1824.

At Biarritz, Basses Pyrenees, aged 71, Lieut.-Col. John Smith Keats, late 75th Regt. nephew of the late Admiral Sir R. G. Keats, G.C.B.

Aged 75, Mr. John Laxton, of Harrington, Middlesex, formerly of Lambeth and Rickmansworth, Herts.

At Forest-hill, aged 63, Jesse Lee, esq.

At George-street, Hanover-square, the Rev. Thomas Hugo Longfield, Rector of St. Paul's, Cork.

At Hatfield, near Doncaster, aged 68, William Mathews, esq. M.D. J.P.

At Paris, aged 57, Mary Anna, wife of John Mournilyan, esq.

At Woolwich, Major-General John William Ormsby, of the Royal Artillery, Lieut.-Gov. and Commandant of the Royal Military Academy. He entered the service 1828; Lieut. 1830; Capt. 1841; Lieut.-Col. 1854; Col. 1854; and Major-Gen. 1866.

At Brighton, aged 71, Hannah, widow of Thomas Richardson, esq.

At Bayswater, aged 52, Mary Ann, widow of the Rev. W. C. Snooke.

At Frankfort-on-the-Maine, aged 50, Emilie, wife of Franz Straus, esq.

At Southrop, Gloucestershire, aged 79, Miss Alice Sutcliffe, late of Rochdale.

At Grosvenor-street, Grosvenor-square, Dorothy Emma, wife of Edward John Tilt, esq. M.D.

Mary, wife of James Turle, Cloisters, Westminster Abbey.

At Farmington Lodge, Gloucestershire, aged 64, Harry Edmund Waller, esq.

*March 18.* At Cromal Lodge, Arderseir, aged 76, Elizabeth, widow of Col. Sir Alexander Anderson, C.B.

At Woodley Cottage, near Romsey, aged 65, the Rev. Henry Arlett, Fell. of Pemb. Coll. Camb. He graduated B.A. 1824; M.A. 1827.

At Enderby Hall, Leicestershire, aged 16, Sarah Helen Brook, daughter of



the late William Leigh Brook, of Meltham Hall, Yorkshire.

At Cheltenham, aged 84, Henrietta Caldwell.

At Gordonston, Inverness, aged 79, Piercy, wife of Gen. Cameron.

At Battersea, aged 68, Mr. James Henry Carthew, formerly of the Cloek House, Knightsbridge.

At Upper Leeson-street, Dublin, aged 16, Charlotte Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Capt. William Duckworth, of Mount Erris, Boyle, co. Roscommon.

At Bellesise, Hampstead, Percival Forster, esq.

At Vilette, Broadstairs, aged 70, Elizabeth Mary, relict of Capt. Thomas Gulliver.

At Brighton, Louisa Jane, widow of Major Frederick Harris, H.M.'s Madras Army.

At Seville, aged 63, Lient.-Col. Anthony Harrison, Madras Native Infantry, of Bishop Yards, Penrith.

At Durdans, Epsom, Arthur Heathcote, esq., youngest son of the late Sir Gilbert Heathcote, Bart. and cousin of Lord Aveland. For years past "Squire" Heathcote was the master of a noted pack of stag-hounds, and with racing men of all degrees he was extremely popular. He was buried in Epsom churchyard, on March 24.

At Hanley Castle vicarage, Worcestershire, Emily Mary, wife of the Rev. Anthony Berwick Lechmere. She was the eldest daughter of the late Sir Harry Verelst Darell, 2nd Bart. of Richmond-hill, Surrey, by Amelia Mary Anne, only daughter of William Beecher, esq. and was married in 1842.

At Ferneyside, Liberton, N.B. Mrs. Charlotte Lockhart, widow of Robert Lockhart, esq. of Castlehill, co. Lanark.

At Cole Park, Malmesbury, aged 60, Peter Audley Lovell, esq.

At Lansanne, Switzerland, the Rev. Charles Scholl, for many years minister of the Swiss Church in London.

At Brighton, aged 84, Anne Mellish, widow of George E. Shuttleworth, esq. formerly of Tottenham-green.

Aged 64, James Smith, for many years surveyor to the Surrey Canal Docks, Rotherhithe, and grandson of the late Rev. John Townsend, Founder of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum.

At Cliftonville, Brighton, Jno. Searles Tebbs, esq. late Paymaster of the Polish Emigration.

At Hereford, Mr. Thomas Watkins, formerly of Regent-street, Westminster.

Aged 55, Dinah, wife of E. C. Wil-

liams, esq. of Campbell-terrace, and daughter of the late William Hawkes, esq. J.P. for the city and county of Coventry.

March 19. Aged 29, at St. Servant, Marianne, wife of Capt. F. T. Blunt.

At Wakefield, aged 49, Sophia, third daughter of the late John Vickery Broughton, of Cliffe House, Crigglestone, and of London.

At Crowhurst vicarage, aged 73, Mary Ann, widow of Capt. William Gray, 21st Regt. Madras Army.

Jane, second daughter of the late Rev. W. Jephson, of Cambervell.

At Bath, aged 76, Jane, daughter of the late John Langton, esq. of Kirkham, Lancashire.

At Florence, aged 74, Dr. Mark Lomi, of Massa Carrara.

At Grafton-street, aged 35, Dr. Benjamin B. Lyel, medical officer of Mile-end Union, and late surgeon in the Hon. Hudson Bay Co.'s service. M.R.C.S. 1859.

At Hackney, aged 74, Mr. Urry Macaulay, last surviving son of the late George Mackenzie Macaulay, esq. Alderman of London.

At Turin, aged 55, John R. Manby, esq. M. Inst. C.E.

In London, aged 34, Robert Mather, esq. late Capt. 14th (King's) Hussars, eldest son of the late William Mather, esq. of Finch House, near Liverpool.

At Newquay, aged about 65, William Michell, esq. Registrar of the Stannaries of Cornwall and Devon. He was the only son of Mr. Wm. Michell, of Comprigney, Truro. He was called to the bar in 1830, and for some years practised in Truro as a conveyancing counsel, but on the resuscitation of the Stannary Court in 1837 he was appointed its registrar, and he continued in the occupation of that office throughout the remainder of his life. His first wife was Catherine, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Colan Harvey, of St. Day. By her there is no surviving issue. His second wife, now his widow, was Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Joseph Edwards, solicitor, Truro, by whom he had one son, Mr. William Edwards Michell, of Newham.

Aged 34, Henry Parkinson, late Capt. of the 6th Foot (Royal Regiment), third son of the late William Grantham Parkinson, of Stallinborough, Lincolnshire.

At Burghwallis rectory, Doncaster, aged 37, Anne Maria, wife of the Rev. Francis W. Peel.

Harriett, relict of John Petar, esq. of Headley-wood, Hants.





At Wantage, Mrs. Plow, widow of the late Rev. A. J. Plow, Vicar of Todmorden, who was murdered by Miles Wetherhill at Todmorden in March 1868. She never recovered from the murderous attack made upon her; thus, by that atrocious deed, the father, mother, two children, and a nurse have perished. One child of tender years remains.

At Forest-hill, aged 41, Mary, eldest daughter of the late William Pugh, esq. of the Bank of England.

At Canonbury, aged 36, Edward Redman, esq. of the Stock-Exchange.

At the Royal Hospital, Chelsea, aged 73, Capt. Sylvester Richmond, one of the Captains of Invalids, and on half-pay as a Lieut. 48th Foot. He entered the service, 1811; became Lieut. 1813; and retired on half-pay, 1822.

At Mont Orgueil, aged 66, Rebecca, widow of Nicholas Robilliard, esq. Commander R.N. and eldest daughter of the late William Davies, esq. of Little Strawberry-hill.

The Rev. Alfred H. Roxburgh, late Chaplain of the English Church at Kissingen.

At Cheltenham, aged 38, Francis Henry Massey Sitwell, esq. of Barmoor Castle, Northumberland, Major Bengal Staff Corps. He entered the service 1851; Lieut. 1856; Capt. 1863; Major 1864. He was the second son of Capt. William Hunt Sitwell by Sarah Honoria, daughter of J. Sisson Cooper, esq.

At Bowness, Windermere, aged 61, William Suart, for 29 years parish clerk there.

March 20. In London, Henry de Burgh Adams, esq. Principal Purveyor to the Forces, only son of Major H. B. Adams, of the Dublin Recruiting Staff. He became Purveyor in March 1860, and Principal Purveyor in March 1866.

At Pendleton, Manchester, aged 56, Joseph Ashworth, esq. Alderman of Salford.

At Edinburgh, Lieut.-Gen. William Stewart Balfour. He entered the service 1821; Lieut. 1825; Capt. 1826; Lieut.-Col. 1837; Col. 1851; Major-Gen. 1856; and Lieut.-Gen. 1863.

At Bellevue, Tenby, Sarah, wife of Capt. Montagu Barton, 85th Regt. and only surviving daughter of T. C. Travers Smyth, esq. of Tenby.

At Berkhamsted, Caroline, wife of the Rev. E. Bartrum, Head Master of King Edward the Sixth's School, Great Berkhamsted, Herts.

At Edinburgh, Mr. James Brydone, printer and publisher.

At Avenue-road, Regent's-park, aged 83, Mrs. Bullen, late of Yeovil.

At Nutfield, Surrey, aged 85, Elizabeth, widow of the Rev. John Charlesworth.

At Oriental-place, Brighton, aged 65, the Rev. Edward Cox, Rector of Luccombe, Somerset, which living he had held since 1839.

At Kingsdown Rectory, near Dartford, aged 66, Frances Mary, wife of the Rev. Samuel Dewe.

At Bayswater, Paymaster Francis Dickson, on half-pay 52nd Foot, and Paymaster 1st Lancashire Militia. He entered the service 1812; Lieut. 1814; Paymaster 1827; Hon. Major 1859; retired on half-pay 1853.

At Havant, Hants. aged 24, George Ralph Dundas, third son of Lord Manor, a Scottish Lord of Session.

At Egham-hill, Surrey, aged 60, Christopher Browning Emmott, M.D. He took his doctor's degree at St. Andrew's in 1845; was M.R.C.S. Eng. and L.S.A. 1834; Surg. Roy. Humane Soc.; formerly Surg. to St. Mark's Coll. Chelsea, and Apoth. Lock Hospital.

At Bloomsbury-square, aged 58, Mr. Samuel Garcia, of Tavistock-st. Covent-garden.

Mr. Francis Gearon, Featherstone-buildings, London, only son of Daniel Gearon, esq. architect, of co. Limerick.

At New Finchley-road, aged 85, Boughey Hepworth, esq.

At Sidmouth, Devon, Elizabeth, wife of Frank Jenkyns, esq. (née Fournier).

At Great Cumberland-place, Hyde-park, Mrs. Esther Henrietta Hillas, late of Sea View, co. Sligo.

At Greenford rectory, Frances, wife of the Rev. A. W. Lane.

Aged 73, the Rev. Thomas Lloyd, M.A. Rector of Christleton, Chester. He had held the living since 1843.

At Rhoda, on the Nile, Alexander McDonald, esq. of Glasgow.

At Islington, aged 74, Ann, widow of John Mitchell, esq.

At Suez, aged 41, Lieut.-Col. Charles Douglas Newmarch, R.E. an officer of distinguished talent and great acquirements.

At Cheltenham, aged 66, Sarah, widow of T. Prothero, esq. of Malpas Court, Monmouthshire, and dau. of the late W. Pettman, esq. of Ham, Kent. She became the second wife of Mr. Prothero in 1838, and his widow in 1853.



At Knoyle House, Wilts, aged 69, Jane, widow of Henry Seymour, esq. and mother of Henry Danby and Alfred Seymour, esqs. and of Lady Rawlinson. She was daughter of Benjamin Hopkinson of Bath; married in 1817, and left a widow in 1849.

At Bray, Ireland, Mathew E. Talbot, esq. second son of the late James Talbot, esq. of Knockmullen, co. Wexford.

At Gordon-square, aged 32, Isabella Nisbet Jane, wife of Thomas Taylor, esq. At Old Charlton, Kent, aged 73, James Richard Thomson, esq.

Aged 63, Miss Judith Thornton, of Carriacou, Grenada.

At Kensington, aged 70, Mrs. Anna Tulloch, relict of Donald Tulloch, esq.

At Umballa, Annesley Frederick Wallace, of Simla, and Umballa.

Thomas Watters, M.D. surgeon, late of Woking, aged 62. He took his doctor's degree at Epsingon 1857.

At Caen, aged 42, Captain Thomas James Young, V.C. R.N. He entered the navy 1842, passed 1848, and obtained his lieutenantancy 1851. While holding that rank in the service he was engaged under Captain Peel with the naval brigade at Lucknow, and obtained the Victoria Cross for his gallantry on Nov. 16, 1857. He held subsequently subordinate commands, but latterly his health had given way from his service in India.

*March 21.* At Paris, General Almonte, the Mexican who took a leading part in the negotiations which resulted in the Archduke Maximilian being made Emperor of his country.

At Brighton, aged 86, Captain James Alderson Bailey, formerly of H.M.'s 69th Reg. and of the King's Own Tower Hamlets Militia.

At Plymouth, Mary Anne, wife of Dr. Burton, Staff Surgeon R.N. and second dau. of Christopher Ayre, esq. late of St. John's, Newfoundland.

At Hackney, aged 33, Francis Carr, of Warnford-court, and the Stock Exchange.

At Edinburgh, Eliza Isabella, youngest dau. of the Rev. Alexander Christison, minister of Foulden, Berwickshire.

At Bloomsbury-square, aged 60, Hannah, wife of G. W. Digby, esq. of Maldon, and Lincoln's-inn-fields.

The Rev. Frederick Clarke Dowthwaite, late pastor of the Congregational church, New-street, Welshpool, aged 48.

At Dumfries, aged 62, the Rev. George John Craig Duncan, D.D.

At Surbiton, Surrey, aged 66, William Dunnage.

At Inverness, aged 34, Catherine Jane, dau. of the late Hugh Davidson, esq. of Cantray, and wife of Major Hastings Fraser, military secretary, Hyderabad, Deccan.

At the vicarage, Harrold, Bedfordshire, aged 21, Martha Amelia, youngest dau. of the Rev. Richard Garde.

At St. Lawrence, Ventnor, Isle of Wight, George, infant son of Earl and Lady Constance Grosvenor.

At Exbury, Torquay, Jane Melissa, widow of Richard Harrison, esq. of Wyton Hall, in the East Riding of Yorkshire.

At Hollar House, Titchfield, Hants, aged 56, Emma, youngest dau. of the late Robert Hewett.

Aged 65, the Rev. Anthony Lewis Lambert, Rural Dean, Rector of Chilton, Hants.

At St. Ann's, Lewes, aged 83, Harriette, eldest dau. of the late Ewan Law, esq. formerly of Horsted Place, Sussex.

At Eaton-place, aged 84, Catharine, fourth and last surviving dau. of the first Sir Charles Price, Bart. of Springgrove, Richmond, Surrey.

At St. Margaret's, Rochester, aged 89, Elizabeth, relict of Major-Gen. Thomas Stevens, R.M. and dau. of the late Alexander Young, M.D. of Rochester.

Anna, only dau. of the late Rev. Robert Synge.

At Paris, the Marquise de la Valette, wife of the French Minister of Foreign Affairs. She was an American lady, the widow of a New York banker named Welles, and had been well known and greatly esteemed in the highest Parisian society for the last 30 years.

At Southsea, Eliza Mary, eldest dau. of the late Colonel George Forster, Royal Art. and widow of Richard Jones Webber, esq. of Park Hill, Devon.

At Liverpool, Jane, widow of Joseph Williamson, esq.

*March 22.* At Brighton, aged 86, Lieut. James Alderson Bailey, on half-pay, 60th Foot, and formerly Capt. King's Own Tower Hamlets Militia. He entered the service 1814; and retired on half-pay 1822. He served with the 69th Regt. in Belgium, and with the Army of Occupation in France.

At Brighton, aged 74, George Stephen Butler, esq.

At Harringay House, Middlesex, aged 66, Edward Henry Chapman, esq. a Director of the Bank of England, and J.P. for Middlesex. He was the third





son of Aaron Chapman, esq. formerly M.P. for Whitby (who died in 1850), by Elizabeth, dau. of Joseph Barber, esq. of Whitby. He married, in 1829, Mary Elizabeth, dau. of Lancelot Haslope, esq. but had no issue.

At Shaftesbury, George Chitty, esq. a well-known legal practitioner.

Edward, youngest son of the late Rev. Samuel Davies, of The Grange, Swansea, aged 26.

At Ampleforth, near York, aged 70, John Delaney, of Mark-lane.

At Hastings, aged 81, Elizabeth, relict of John Henry Doughty, esq.

Elizabeth, youngest surviving daughter of Robert Fagg, esq. of West Brompton, aged 30.

At Camberwell New-road, aged 70, Mary, widow of Mr. Louis Florke.

At Coates rectory, Cirencester, Elizabeth, widow of James Gibbs, esq. of Clifton Park, Clifton.

Aged 39, Emma, wife of Tom Abercrombie Hedley, civil engineer, Moxley, Wednesbury.

Aged 28, Catherine, wife of Frances Hewitt, Caxton House, Leicester, and youngest daughter of the late Benjamin Russell of Leicester.

At East Moulsey, aged 73, William Hill, esq. late of the Inland Revenue office.

At Devonshire-place, Portland-place, aged 63, Lieut.-Gen. James Adam Howden, of the Madras Infantry.

At Killeen, near Nenagh, aged 60, the Rev. John Kenyon, parish priest of Templeclerry.

At Kingsbridge, aged 74, George Prideaux, esq.

At East India-road, Poplar, aged 73, Mrs. Mary Purdy, relict of Mr. Thomas Purdy, Master in the Royal Navy.

At Edinburgh, Margaret Paterson Roxburgh, widow of the Rev. David Strong, minister of Dailly, Ayrshire, and eldest daughter of the late Rev. John Roxburgh, minister of Kilmaurs.

James Savage, esq. Commander R.N. He entered the Navy in 1809; became Lieut. 1816; Commander on the retired list 1864.

J. O. Savage, aged 36, only son of the late J. O. Savage, esq. of the Stock-Exchange.

At Edinburgh, Major Fitzmaurice Scott, of Commiston.

At Sorbie Manse, Wigtownshire, the Rev. Edward Knubley Sloan, in the 65th year of his age, and the 25th of his ministry.

At Sion Lodge, Blackrock, aged 84, Miss Stitt.

At Hyde vicarage, Winchester, aged 64, the Rev. William Williams, for 35 years Vicar of St. Bartholomew, Hyde.

March 23. At the residence of her nephew S. P. Acton, esq. Bromley, Kent, aged 77, Harriet, youngest daughter of the late Samuel Acton, esq. of Stanwell.

At Wotton-under-Edge, aged 54, Mr. Anthony Adey, solicitor.

At the Grey Friars, Colchester, aged 70, Stephen Brown, esq. J.P.

At Gravesend, Martha, relict of John Clabon, esq. formerly of Mark Lane.

At Wargrave, Berks, Anne, fourth daughter of the late George Cooper, esq. of Caversham-hill, Reading.

At Ballynagarde, co. Limerick, aged 55, Edward Croker, J.P. and D.L. He was born 1812, being the only son of the late John Croker, esq. of Ballynagarde and Croom Castle, by his wife Catharine Adeline, youngest daughter of the late Col. Bagwell, M.P. of Marlfield, co. Tipperary. He received his education at Westminster School; was formerly a captain in the 17th Lancers; and became a J.P. and D.L. for the county Limerick, of which he was high sheriff in 1862. He leaves a family by his wife the Lady Georgiana Ellen, 6th daughter of the late Earl of Rathdowne. John, his eldest son, was born 1842.

At Southampton, Mary, eldest surviving daughter of the late Richard Ferrier, esq. of Great Yarmouth.

At Ferryhill House, Aberdeen, aged 64, William Fisher, esq.

At Dublin, Albina Cotton, wife of Captain G. Fox Grant, South Down Militia (late of the 62nd Regiment).

At Moushold House, near Norwich, aged 72, Charlotte Mary, widow of General Sir Robert Harvey, C.B. K.T.S. She was the daughter of Robert Harvey, esq. of Watton; was married to her cousin Sir Robert in 1815, and left his widow in 1860.

At Bedford, Catherine, wife of the Rev. George Maclear, M.A. and daughter of the late Abel Bellairs, esq. of Stamford.

At Leigh Court, Somerset, aged 71, the wife of Sir Wm. Miles, Bart. She was Catharine, daughter of John Gordon, esq.; was married to Sir William 9 Sept. 1823, and has left issue five sons and seven daughters. Her remains were deposited on the 30th of March in a vault in Leigh churchyard, the burial service being performed by the Hon.



and Rev. Mr. Byng, one of her ladyship's sons-in-law.

At Warwick-gardens, Kensington. aged 64, David Phillips, esq.

At Dawlish, aged 27, Richard Stainforth Pritchard, esq. D.A.C.G. late of 24th Regiment, eldest son of the Rev. W. Geo. Pritchard, Rector of Brignal, Greta-bridge.

At Islington, Mrs. Remfry, widow of Joseph Remfry, esq. formerly of the firm of Hamilton and Co. Calcutta.

At Oxford, Eliza Agnes, widow of Martin Joseph Routh, D.D. President of Magdalen College, and daughter of the late John Blagrove, esq. of Calcot Park, Berks. She was married in 1820.

At Tunbridge, aged 52, Antonia Leslie, widow of the Hon. Frederick Savile, Lieut. R. Art.; younger brother to the present Earl of Mexborough. She was the daughter of the Rev. William Archdall, Rector of Tintern; was married in 1839, and left a widow in 1851, with one son and two daughters.

At Howley-place, Maida-hill, aged 79, Charlotte Ann, widow of Samuel John Stephens, esq.

At St. George's Hospital, from the effects of an accident while riding, aged 30, Henry Mitchell Richard Tamplin, younger son of the late Henry P. Tamplin, esq. of Brighton.

At Balham, Surrey, Eliza, wife of the Rev. Alfred Tooke.

At Banbury, aged 81, Emily, last surviving daughter of the late Rev. Edward Turner, Rector of Stoke, Oxfordshire.

At Ryde, Isle of Wight, aged 77, the Hon. John Petty Ward, late of the Bengal Civil Service, uncle of Viscount Bangor. He was the second son of the Hon. Edward Ward, by Lady Arabella Crosbie, youngest daughter of William, first Earl of Glandore. He married in 1817 Eleanor, daughter of John Erskine, esq. of York, and has left issue four sons and four daughters.

At Brighton, aged 30, Mary Amelia Claxton, wife of Thomas West, of Camden-road, London.

Arthur James, youngest son of the late John White, esq. of Hawley-square, Margate.

March 24. At Brussels, Sarah Maria, widow of Anthony, eldest son of the late Anthony Cox, esq. banker, Harwich, and youngest daughter of the late William Palmer, esq. of Gillyswick, Pembroke, and Carew Castle, Jamaica.

At St. Helier's, Jersey, aged 36,

James Alexander Deans, esq. late Captain in the 81st Regiment.

At Lisbon, aged 45, Capt. Roderick Dew, C.B. H.M.S. Northumberland. He distinguished himself in China, and was one of the most active and energetic officers in her Majesty's service. He had previously been captain of the Lord Clyde, and in consequence of his meritorious services was in August 1862 nominated a Companion of the Order of the Bath. His funeral took place in the Protestant cemetery at Lisbon on the 26th of March. The members of the British Legation attended, together with several British, American, Portuguese, and Prussian officers.

At his father's residence, Leamington, aged 34, Charles Francis, fourth son of John Cleveland Green, esq.

At Acton, Middlesex, aged 50, Douglas Lapraik, late of Hongkong, China.

At Albury, Fanny, third daughter of the late John Lart, esq. of Wood-street, and Stratford-green, Essex.

At Brussels, aged 79, John Lawford, esq.

At Free Manse, Loudoun, Harriet, eldest daughter of the late Kenneth Mackay, esq. of Torboll, Sutherlandshire.

On her homeward voyage from Madeira, aged 34, Catherine Frances Birch, eldest surviving daughter of William Charles Macready, esq. of Cheltenham, the eminent tragedian. She was known in literary circles as the author of several poems.

At Frankford Castle, King's Co., the residence of her cousin James F. Rolleston, esq. Margaret, daughter of the late Charles Maunsell, esq. of Clonlisk House, and niece of the late Rev. Richard Maunsell, of Abbey, Clonmel.

At the R. M. College, Sandhurst, Major Robert Petley, Professor of Military Surveying.

At Sussex-place, Loughborough-road, Brixton, aged 81, John Plummer, esq.

At Cannes, France, the Hon. Mrs. Spring Rice.

At Old Charlton, aged 85, William Richardson, esq. Assistant-Commissary of the (late) Field Train Department.

Aged 28, the Rev. Charles Henry Shaw, Rector of Hathrop, Gloucestershire.

At Brixton, aged 52, Eliza, wife of William Swinscow, esq.

At Southampton, aged 64, Mr. William Wallis, Lloyd's Surveyor of that port.





Sarah, wife of J. Weekly, esq. of the Metropolitan Infirmary, Margate.

At Downton, Wilts, aged 61, Edward A. Kemp Welch, esq. M.D.

*March 25.* At Henley-on-Thames, aged 79, Mary Anne, widow of E. W. A Bear, esq. of Rotherfield Greys, Oxon.

At St. John's-wood, aged 87, Cecilia Maria, widow of Henry Boulton, esq. of Chudleigh, Devon.

At Hartland, North Devon, the residence of his brother-in-law, William Sandys Browne, late Lieut. 17th Lancers, second son of the late Rev. John Browne, LL.D. Rector of Carrick-on-Suir, co. Tipperary.

Lydia, wife of Arthur Carr, esq. of Brompton.

Eleanor, wife of Mr. Robert Cumberland, and 3rd dau. of the late Benju. Stranding, esq. of the Minorities, aged 55.

At Curzon-street, Mayfair, Harriet Fanny, second daughter of the late Gen. Sir Cornelius Cuyler, Bart. of St. John's Lodge, Welwyn, Herts.

At Perth, aged 83, Mary, relict of John Bentham Everest, esq. of Bodmin, formerly of Sheerness.

At the Free Church Manse, Alves, Morayshire, the Rev. Alexander Gentle.

At St. Mary Bourne, near Andover, aged 73, Major Frederick Augustus Griffiths, Royal Art. (on retired full pay), author of the "Artillerist's Manual," and other military works. He entered the service 1813, Lieut. 1816, Captain 1835, and Major 1854.

At Point Pleasant, Thos. W. Jobling, youngest son of the late James Jobling, esq. Seaton Lodge, Northumberland.

At Llanfair, Ruthin, aged 83, Elizabeth Anne, eldest daughter of the late John Chambres Jones, esq. of Brynsteddfod, Denbighshire.

The Rev. Octavius Leach, Rector of Hubberstone, Pembrokeshire, 65. He was of Jesus Coll. Ox. (B.A. 1824, M.A. 1827), and was presented to Hubberstone 1844.

At Rome, aged 32, Georgiana Maria Liddell.

At St. Patrick's Cottage, Lanark, Robina Kay Bryce, widow of the Rev. John Lamb Marr, late minister of the Free Church, Douglas.

At Hurstcroft, Windsor Forest, Susan, eldest dau. of the late Thomas Wheeler Milner, esq.

At Hanley, Staffordshire, aged 51, James Moxon, solicitor.

At Kennington-park, aged 86, Sarah, widow of Nathaniel Kirke Pigott, esq. of Derby.

At Kingston-on-Thames, aged 83, Dorothea, widow of Robert Pinkerton, D.D. of Frankfort-on-the-Maine.

At Lowestoft, aged 76, Anne, widow of John Rising Staff, esq.

At St. Ann's-hill, aged 15, Mary Henrietta, only child of Henry E. Turner, esq. J.P. Prohurst, co. Cork, and granddaughter of the late Rev. John Turner, Vicar of Hennock, Devon.

At Ranindon, Leighlin Bridge, Carlow, aged 84, Anne, eldest daughter of the late Nicholas Aylward Vigors, of Old Leighlin and Erindale, and sister of the late Nicholas Aylward Vigors, formerly M.P. for co. Carlow.

At Brighton, aged 70, Adelaide, wife of Henry Welch, esq.

At Cambridge, aged 78, Mr. Edmund Wells, for many years inspector of weights and measures. He was formerly a member of the Town Council.

*March 26.* At Bywell, Stocksfield-on-Tyne, aged 38, William Edward, only surviving son of Robert Barnett, esq. of Blackheath Park.

At Malvern, aged 83, Henry Bright, esq. brother of Robert Bright, esq. of Abbot's Leigh, and uncle of Mr. Richard Bright, M.P. for East Somerset. The deceased gentleman was a West India merchant, and represented Bristol in the Whig interest from 1820 to 1830, his colleague being Mr. Richard Hart Davis. At the dissolution of Parliament on the death of George IV. in 1830, Mr. Bright declined to again offer himself as a candidate, and he was succeeded in the representation of the city by Mr. James Evan Baillie.

At Malmesbury, Wilts. aged 76, Thomas Chubb, esq. Deputy High Steward and J.P. of the borough.

At the residence of his father, Balinahinch House, co. Limerick, Daniel Geran Clery, Capt. 4th (King's Own) Royal Regiment. He served in India during the campaign of 1857-8, and received a medal for assault on the fort of Beyt.

At Notting-hill, aged 76, John Cookson, esq. late of Leeds.

At Braintree, Essex, aged 76, Charles Dixon, esq. surgeon.

Margaret, wife of Thomas Evans, esq. J.P. of Lymminster, Sussex, in her 81st year.

At Sussex-square, Fanny Elizabeth fourth dau. of the late William Henry Goschen, aged 26.

At Dublin, Albina Cotton, wife of G. Fox Grant, esq. late Capt. 62nd Regt.



and dau. of the late W. A. Walker, esq. M.D.

At Berwick St. John, Wilts, aged 32, Louisa Alice, youngest dau. of the late Rev. R. C. Griffith, Rector of Corsley, Wilts.

At Gloucester-terrace, Hyde-park-gardens, aged 80, Frances Jane, youngest dau. of the late Rev. Robert Gwilt, M.A. Rector of Icklingham, co. Suffolk.

At St. George's-sq. aged 10 months, Granville Worsley, only son of the Hon. Hugh Hare.

At the Laurels, Wellesley-road, Croydon, George Hayward, esq.

At Croydon, aged 67, Ann, wife of S. M. Hunot, esq.

At the Manse, Uphall, Linlithgowshire, the Rev. William Johnston, sen. formerly chaplain and teacher of English at the Merchant Maiden Institution, Edinburgh.

At Boulogne-sur-Mer, aged 51, Eliza, wife of T. H. Kyan, esq.

At Perth, Miss Lilius Laidlaw.

At Montbéliard, France, Pontine, Dowager Baroness de Chabaud-Latour, widow of James Antoine Hippolite, second Baron de Chabaud-Latour, and dau. of the late Edward B. Beck, esq. of The Valley House, Needham Market.

At Bath, aged 81, Eliza, relict of Colonel Joseph Logan, C.B. A.D.C. to the Queen, formerly of the Rifle Brigade.

At Cuckney, Notts. Harriet, relict of the Rev. George Mason.

At Rathmines, Margaret, wife of O'Connell L. Murphy, esq. J.P. of Beaumont House, co. Meath.

At Surbiton-hill, aged 75, Elizabeth, relict of John Sears, late of The Close, Hadlow, and Wateringbury, Kent.

At Speen-hill, Newbury, aged 85, Miss Alethea Seymour.

At Wimbledon, Elizabeth Mary, youngest dau. of the Rev. Gilbert N. Smith, Rector of Gumfreston, near Tenby.

At Glasgow, aged 28, Margaret Eliza Macnicol, wife of David Watson, esq. Bombay.

March 27. At Davies-street, Berkeley-square, aged 70, Jane, relict of H. D. Adamson.

At Brighton, aged 77, Mary, relict of John Hamlin Borrer, esq.

At Christ Church parsonage, Preston, aged 64, the Rev. Thomas Clark, M.A. Vicar of Poulton-le-Fylde, and Rural Dean. He was of Queens' Coll. Camb. B.A. 1826; M.A. 1829; presented to Poulton-le-Fylde 1864. He became of Christ Ch. Preston, 1836, and was presented to Poulton-le-Fylde 1864. He

was author of "Questions on the Articles of Religion, with Scripture Proofs."

At Torquay, Edmund, son of the late J. T. Crawford, esq. C.B., H.M.'s Consul-Gen. in Cuba, and his wife, Johanna Jacobson Tolme.

At Milverton, Leamington, aged 66, Thomas Draper, esq. of Banbury.

At Grimsbury, Banbury, aged 58, Phæbe, the wife of Robt. Field, esq.

At Camden New-town, aged 31, Henrietta Anne, widow of the late William Hamilton, esq.

At New York, aged 74, Mr. James Harper. He was one of the elder members of the well-known New York publishing house of Harper and Brothers, and in 1844 was Mayor of New York city. His death was caused by being thrown from his carriage while driving near Central Park a few days before.

At Paddington, Clara, third daughter of Henry Hart, esq. (late of Dover).

At Wexford, aged 68, John Gordon Hatton, esq.

At Dublin, Henrietta Anne, daughter of Edward Lewis, esq. J.P. of Violetstown, Westmeath.

At Brixton, aged 66, Charles Living, esq.

At South Shields, aged 42, Edward Maxwell, esq. solicitor.

Aged 78, Letitia Catherine Middleton-Berry, widow of John Middleton-Berry, esq. of Middleton, co. Westmeath.

At Mount Pleasant, Dartmouth, aged 73, Miss Elizabeth Were Prideaux.

At Sydenham, aged 59, Richard Quiney, esq.

At Bournemouth, Hants, aged 68, John Ransford, Surgeon-Major, Bengal Army.

Aged 88, the Rev. Edward Rowden, Vicar of Highworth, Wilts. He was the eldest son of Francis Rowden, B.D. Rector of Cuxham, Oxon; was educated at Winchester, as heir to the founder, admitted Fellow of New College in 1798, and graduated B.A. 1802—M.A. 1806. In 1804 he was presented by his father (as a Prebendary of Salisbury) to the vicarage of Highworth; and resigned his fellowship by marriage with Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the very Rev. Nathan Wetherell, D.D. Master of University coll. and Dean of Hereford. He afterwards married Ellen, eldest daughter of the Rev. John Ashfordby Trenchard, D.C.L. of Stanton, Wilts. He was a man of fine character, true piety, and great liberality, and died in the vicarage built by himself, after





having occupied it for sixty-five years. He has left six children, thirty-six grandchildren, and two great-grandchildren.

At Hastings, aged 18, Mary Julia, third surviving daughter of the late Edward Scholfield, esq. M.D. of Doncaster.

At Torquay, aged 33, Adelaide Emma, wife of the Rev. Humberston Skipwith, Rector of Hamstall Ridware, Staffordshire, and only child of the late Rev. Henry Biddulph, Rector of Birdenbury, Warwickshire.

At Draycott Hall, Derby, aged 46, Matilda Elizabeth, the wife of T. H. Towle, esq.

At Highbury, George Wyatt, esq. H.M.C.S.

*March 28.* At Newton Manse, aged 73, the Rev. John Adamson, in the forty-third year of his ministry.

In Canada, aged 45, Capt. James Murray Aynsley. He was the second son of John Murray Aynsley, esq. of Littlehaile Town, Northumberland (grandson of the third Duke of Atholl) by Emma Sarah, daughter of Sam. Peach Peach, esq. of Tockington House.

At Old Charlton, Kent, aged 71, Capt. Henry Bonham Bax, H.E.I.C.S.

At Liverpool, aged 80, Henry Booth, esq. formerly secretary of the London and North Western Railway.

At Dublin, Mr. James Cassidy, the composer of the "Burlesque Galop," and other equally popular pieces of dance music. He had been for very many years a member of the band of the Theatre Royal, Dublin.

At West Moleser, Surrey, Francis Copleston, esq. late of the E.I. Civil Service, Madras.

At Dover, aged 78, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Rev. Sir John Fagge, Bart. of Mystole, Kent.

At Dublin, aged 84, Anna Maria, relict of William Franks, esq.

At Castle Connell, aged 63, Major Thomas Gilley, late of the 7th Royal Fusiliers.

Eliza, wife of George Gipps, jun. esq. of St. Leonard's-on-Sea.

At Burnham, Somerset, aged 54, Lucy Jane, relict of John Gunter, esq. of Fulham.

At Jersey, aged 101, Major William Charles Peachey Haines, Madras Staff Corps.

At Brompton-road, Esther Modena, relict of George Harrington, esq.

At Breatford, aged 87, Louisa Ann

Kellner, widow of George Kellner, esq. of Windsor.

At St. Lawrence, isle of Thanet, aged 81, Miss Ann Lavinia Montgomery.

Mrs. Parsons, of Petersfield, Hants, aged 78.

At Bix Rectory, Henley-on-Thames, the Lady Caroline Pechell. Her ladyship was the daughter of Admiral Lord Mark Kerr and the Countess of Antrim (in her own right), and was born in 1808. She married, in 1826, the Rev. Horace R. Pechell, M.A. Chancellor of Brecon and Rector of Bix.

Charles Cooper Robberds, esq. aged 48, only son of C. A. Robberds, esq. of Norwich.

At the Charter House, Robert Harry, youngest son of the late Robert Harry Sparks, esq. formerly of St. John-street and Tottenham.

At Low Walker, aged 27, Mary Calvert, wife of Henry F. Swan, esq. and second daughter of George Routledge, esq. of Russell-square.

In London, aged 48, Robert, youngest son of the late Edward Tooth, esq. of Fir Grove, Tillington, Sussex.

Of typhus fever, caught while visiting the sick, the Rev. Joseph Vanderbeke, of the Catholic church, Gate-street, Poplar.

At Regent's-park-road, aged 73, Mrs. Elizabeth Vaughan, relict of Rev. Dr. Vaughan, of St. John's college, Cambridge.

*March 29.* At Wurzburg, in Bavaria, aged 42, Kate, wife of Herman Benecke, esq. of Frankfort-on-the-Maine, formerly of Manchester.

At Homburg, Colonel Blyth (late 15th Hussars), of West Cliff Hall, Southampton.

At Harley-street, aged 83, Mrs. Mary Anne Brodie.

At the Vicarage, Chatton, Northumberland, the Rev. Matthew Burrell. He was of Corpus coll. Oxford (B.A. 1834, M.A. 1837). Presented to Chatton, 1844.

At Warley, aged 41, Jeannette, wife of Surgeon-Major J. K. Carr, M.D. Royal Art.

At Portobello, aged 69, the Rev. William Cartman, D.D. St. Mark's church, late head-master of the Grammar School, Skipton-in-Craven, Yorkshire; formerly Curate of Bingley-Skipton, and of Thirsk, Yorks.

At Ashbrittle, near Wellington, Somerset, aged 32, the Rev. Nelson Benjamin Corfe, M.A. Worcester college, Oxford, only son of Mr. Nelson Corfe,



Lower House, West Derby, near Liverpool. He was of Worc. coll. Ox. (B.A. 1860); became curate of Awre, Glouc. 1860; and afterwards curate of Ash-brittle.

At Manchester-street, Manchester-square, Mary Ann Elizabeth, wife of Easton J. Cox, esq. Secretary to the Lord Chancellor's Visitors in Lunacy.

At Liverpool, aged 85, John Drinkwater, esq.

At Mentone (Alpes Maritimes), France, Ellen F. wife of the Rev. E. Gabbett, Vicar of Bruree, co. Limerick.

At Southport, aged 53, James Gil-mour, esq. formerly of Manchester.

William Gunner, Will Hall, Alton, Hants, aged 68.

At Hereford, aged 70, Charlotte, widow of the Rev. J. A. Harvey, of that city.

At Brixton-hill, aged 67, Thomas Kelley, esq.

At Winlaton, Durham, aged 74, Robert Laycock, esq.

At Moneyglass House, Toomebridge, aged 78, Helen, relict of Captain Alex. Macmanus, of Mount Davys, co. Antrim, and last surviving daughter of Thomas Morris Jones, esq. of Moneyglass House, co. Antrim.

At St. John's-wood, aged 57, William Macnair, esq. late of Jessore, Bengal.

At Alfreton, Derbyshire, aged 31, Josiah Newman, only son of Josiah Merrick, Whalley Range, Manchester.

At James-street, Westbourne-terrace, aged 56, Walter Mitchelson, esq.

General John Morgan, C.B., H.E.I.C.S. of St. Helen's, Swansea, aged 84. He entered the army in 1800, and from that year to 1819 he was very actively engaged in many parts of India. In 1838 he was made a Companion of the Bath for his military services.

At Barnsley, aged 76, William Shepherd, esq. solicitor,

At New Galloway, N.B. aged 60, John Eden Spalding, esq.

At Wilton-crescent, aged 68, Thomas Roberts Thellusson, esq.

At Dublin, aged 55, the Rev. Andrew Todd, B.A. Vicar of Clonmcen, co. Cork, and curate of Kilcomey, Mallow.

March 30. At Kensington, aged 83, Ann, widow of George Bate, esq.

At Skelton Hall, near York, aged 78, William Walker Battye, esq.

Aged 93, Mrs. Bretherton, of Rainhill. At Lewes, Sussex, Eliza, eldest daughter of the late Rev. Thomas Coombe, D.D. prebendary of Canterbury.

At Southsea, aged 84, James Hall, esq. M.D. surgeon R.N.

At Appleby, Westmoreland, aged 71, John Keelis, esq. solicitor.

At Kilburn, aged 79, James Jafferson, esq.

At Birchanger, Herts, aged 88, Charlotte, widow of John Jeffery, esq. J.P. for Surrey, and daughter of the late John Longley, esq. of Satis House, Rochester, and Angley, Kent. She was sister to the late Archbishop of Canterbury.

At Clapham-park, at an advanced age, Mary, relict of William Johnson, of Kilwhelan, co. Cork, esq. J.P.

At Albert-road, Regent's-park, at an advanced age, Amelia, widow of Philip Levett, esq.

At Montreux, Switzerland, Emma Carter, widow of Thomas Maltby, esq. and daughter of the late Joseph Jellicoe, esq. of Upper Winpole-street.

At Dublin, aged 38, Charles Æmil-ius Oldham, esq. Deputy-Superintendent of the Geological Survey of India (Madras), youngest son of the late Thomas Oldham, esq.

At Maryport, aged 39, the Rev. William Henry Pearson, M.A. Oxford, youngest son of the late Rev. Robert Pearson, Rector of Orton, near Carlisle.

At Crookston House, Stow, N.B. May, widow of Vice-Admiral Jas. Pringle, of Torwoodlee, Selkirkshire, who died in 1839.

At Kentish Town, aged 85, Lydia, widow of Dennis Ransom, esq.

At Dover, aged 59, Rear-Admiral John Russell, of Maulside, Ayrshire, N.B. He was brother of Major-Gen. D. Russell, C.B. commanding the south-eastern district. He entered the Navy in 1824; Lieut. 1832; Commander 1840. He was Senior Lieutenant of the Stromboli, Captain W. J. Williams, at the bombardment of Acre. He obtained post rank in 1845, and became Rear-Adm. 1863 on reserved half-pay.

At Dublin, Letitia, youngest daughter of the late Rev. John Waddy, Rector of Kilrea, co. Derry.

March 31. At Rome, aged 42, Lieut.-Col. David Hunter Blair, late Scots Fusilier Guards.

At Aperfield Court, Cudham, aged 76, Sarah, wife of John Christy, esq. She was the second daughter of Abraham de Horne, esq. was married 1812, and had issue seven sons and one daughter, the wife of George Steinman Steinman, esq. F.S.A.





At Broughton-park, Manchester, aged 56, Robert Falkner, esq.

At Stockwell-park-road, aged 64, Elizabeth Harvey, wife of John Stephens, Gage esq.

At Faringdon, Berks, aged 84, Sarah, relict of James Haines, esq. solicitor.

At Great Newport-street, London, aged 71, Mr. John Hamrock, artist.

At Camberwell, aged 67, Mr. William Jackson, of the late firm of Jackson, Walford, and Hodder, publishers, St. Paul's-churchyard and Paternoster-row.

At Ashford Rectory, Barnstable, Dorothy Mervyn, wife of the Rev. Charles Whittington London.

At Dublin, Julia, wife of R. M. Levey, esq.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 17, Edgar, youngest son of Thos. Loughborough, esq. of Selwood Lodge, Tulse-hill, Surrey, and of Austinfriars.

At Aylesbury, Bucks, aged 76, Miss Catherine Lucas, daughter of the late Joseph Lucas, esq. of Rowsham, Bucks.

At Dublin, Henrietta Lyster, third daughter of the late Mark Anthony Lyster, esq.

At Albert-road, Regent's-park, aged 81, James Hargrave Mann, esq. He was for upwards of thirty years Chairman to the Board of Commissioners for Income-tax, Red Lion-square.

At Brookvale House, near Teignmouth, Devon, aged 80, Major Edward R. Stevenson, late 76th Regt. He served in the Peninsula.

At Hyde-park-place, Cumberland-gate, Annie Bowen, wife of Wm. Sykes, esq.

At Crockherbtown, Cardiff, aged 79, Margaret Vachell, widow of Charles Vachell, esq.

At Southport, aged 26, Louisa Douglas, wife of Capt. W. S. Wallace.

*In March.* At Paris, aged 78, M. Chaulons d'Arge, for many years Keeper of the Records des Beaux Arts de la Maison de l'Empereur. He was author of a few romances and dramas, none of which were particularly successful, and of a critical history of the "Théâtres de Paris." He was Secretary-General of the Odéon for some years. In 1829 he founded the *Journal des Comédiens*, which, with a changed title, is still in existence.

At Paris, aged 60, M. Gerald, a popular concert singer, after a long and successful career.

M. Amédée Gouet, the author of a popular history of France, and a writer in the *Siècle*, committed suicide. His

brother, with whom he lived, was exceedingly ill, and the doctor had announced that he could not live through the night. The other, in despair, shut himself up in his room, and stabbed himself with a poignard. Both were found dead the next morning.

Ernst Haberbier, of Königsberg, a pianist of great talent and celebrity, was playing a solo at his own concert at Bergen in Norway, when he was attacked with paralysis. He fell forward over the keys of the instrument, and was taken up dead. Ernst Haberbier visited England about twelve years ago, and played at the Hanover-square and Willis's Rooms with great success. Prior to 1850 he was pianist to the Emperor of Russia.

At Scotch, near Carlisle, aged 80, James Radcliffe, one of the last known of the Scots Greys who distinguished themselves on the field of Waterloo, under the Duke of Wellington. He was one of the men who carried off the wounded Marquess of Anglesey from the field.

At Paris, Madame Prevost-Paradol, an accomplished woman and a splendid musician. She was the granddaughter of a Swedish nobleman, and a staunch Lutheran. She leaves a son, aged ten, and two daughters.

At Paris, aged 63, M. Charles Tranchant, better known as Mirecourt. He was the doyen of the pensionnaires of the "Théâtre Français." His first appearance at the Comédie took place on the 8th September 1829, when he played Horace in the "Ecole des Femmes,"—his last, on the penultimate day of last year, when he enacted Oronte in "The Misanthrope." Mirecourt was a pains-taking actor rather than a man of genius. He had the advantage of a good figure and capital voice.

Mr. Trust, the excellent harpist of the Royal Italian Opera.

*April 1.* At Rathgar, Isabella, wife of George Adams, esq. M.D.

At Matlock, Derbyshire, Caroline Elizabeth, wife of Rev. Lucius Arthur.

At Weston-super-Mare, aged 84, Elizabeth, widow of William Atkins, esq.

At Lympe vicarage, Kent, aged 27, Thomas Viny Biron, esq. late 4th W. I. Regt.

At Reading, aged 30, Alice, wife of W. T. Blandy, esq. daughter of C. H. Witherington, esq. of Sonning, Berks.

At Walton-on-the-Hill, Epsom, aged 59, Samuel Bostock, esq. late of the Stock Exchange.



Louisa Katherine, aged 16; and on the 3rd Edith Harriette, aged 21; daughters of the Rev. James William Campbell, Rector of Palgrave.

At Burghley House, Lady Georgiana Henrietta Sophia Cecil, third daughter of the Marquis of Exeter. She was born 18 Nov. 1859.

At Bath, aged 81, Ellen Elizabeth Parry Clapham, widow of Major-Gen. Clapham.

At Bath, Isabella Alicia, relict of William Hamilton Every, esq. J.P. and D.L. of Ballyconnell House, co. Cavan, Ireland, and daughter of the late Brook Taylor Ottley, of Delaford, co. Dublin.

At South Normanton, Derbyshire, aged 68, the Rev. Richard Howard Frazell. He was educated at Dublin (B.A. 1827). He was appointed Perpetual Curate of Annesley, Notts. 1848, and afterwards became Curate of South Normanton.

Aged 44, Mary wife of William Daniel Gaches, solicitor, Peterborough.

At Great Portland-street, aged 50, Charles Edwin Heinke, C.E.

At Mount Pleasant, Barnsbury-sq. aged 83, Elizabeth, widow of Adam Johnstone, esq. of Rose Bank, Lockerbie, N.B. formerly of Lloyd's.

At Alexandroffsky, near St. Petersburg, aged 39, Jane, wife of the Rev. James Key.

At Craignuie, Balquidder, aged 77, John Macdonald, esq. of Monachyle.

At Fareham, aged 85, Admiral Thomas Mansel, the last surviving son of the late Sir William Mansel, of Iscoed, Bart. He entered the navy in 1793, and as Midshipman served in the Elephant, under Lord Nelson, at the battle of Copenhagen, in 1801. He afterwards proceeded to the West Indies, and took part in the operations against the French, at St. Domingo, in 1803. As Lieutenant of the *Raccoon* he was wounded at the recapture of a merchant vessel off Cuba. He commanded the armed ship *Trowbridge*, and was present at the taking of the Isle of France in 1810. His last appointment was in 1831 to the coastguard, in which service he continued until promoted Captain in 1834. His commissions bore date as follows: Lieut. 1804; Commander 1814; Capt. 1834; retired Rear-Adm. 1856; Vice-Adm. 1863; and Adm. 1867. Adm. Mansel Selina Fleming, dau. of Capt. Leigh, R.N. and had an only daughter married in 1850 to Alfred Young, esq. son of Capt. Young, R.N.

and grandson of Dr. Young, Bishop of Clonfert.

At Dublin, Maria, widow of William Isaac Morgan, esq. A.M., M.D., F.K. and Q.C.P.I.

At Hincley, aged 67, Farnces, eldest daughter of the late D. Preston, esq. of Wykin Hall, and sister of the late Chas. Sansome Preston, esq. of Manor House, Hincley.

At Sherborne, Dorsetshire, Elizabeth, relict of George Bruce Puddicombe, esq. Capt. and Paymaster of the Plymouth division of the Royal Marines.

At Seymour-street, Portman-square, Mary Ann, eldest daughter of the late Samuel Amy Severne, esq. of Thenford, Northamptonshire, and Wallop Hall, Shropshire.

At Downfield, near Stroud, Gloucestershire, aged 74, Jane, wife of W. H. Stanton, esq.

At South Norwood, Frances Hannah Steuart, widow of Capt. Hew Steuart, R.N.

At Dublin, aged 66, Sewell Maillard Stubber, esq. late of Monaclore, and eldest grandson of the late Rev. Sewell Stubber, of Moyne, all in the Queen's county.

At Gavinton, aged 79, Mr. Andrew Waddell, for upwards of fifty years merchant in Dunse.

At Court Place, Ilfley, aged 80, Henry Walsh, esq.

At the house of his father, R. T. Ward, esq. Abbey-place, Richard Breerton Ward, esq. Lieut. H.M.'s 12th Foot. He entered the service in 1865; Lieut. 1868. He served in New Zealand during active operations in 1867.

April 2. At Kilmore Manse, aged 65, the Rev. Dugald Neil Campbell.

At Portumna, Ireland, aged 57, Chas. Cooper, esq. C.E.

At Camden-road, Mr. John Crosland, stationer, of Fenchurch-street.

At Oundle, aged 37, Margaret Hannah, wife of Paul Durrans, esq.

At Streat rectory, Sussex, aged 71, Mary Anne, wife of the Rev. W. A. FitzHugh.

At Finchley, aged 77, Mrs. Emma Gordelier, relict of Mr. Charles Gordelier, of Nortonfolgate.

At Southampton, aged 39, the Rev. James Gwynn, formerly Rector of Queenstown, Cork, and incumbent of the Octagon Chapel, Bath.

At North Brixton, aged 72, Louisa Sophia, wife of William Holmes, late of H.M.'s Customs, London.

At Bonhill, Dumbartonshire, aged 72,





Marianne Alston, relict of William Kippen, esq. of Busby, Lanarkshire.

At Edinburgh, James Lang, esq. writer to the signet.

At Winchester-street, aged 42. Paul Anthony Stampa Lumsden, esq. (late of Knightsbridge).

At Regent's Park-terrace, Gloucester Gate, aged 85, J. W. P. Lyde, esq. late of Hay, Breconshire.

At Edinburgh, Mary Anne Gray, wife of Robert Macandrew, of H.M. Chancery, General Register House.

At Wormleighton, Warwickshire, aged 54, the Rev. Robert Maynard, Vicar of that place. He was of Wadham coll. Ox. (B.A. 1836, M.A. 1838,) and was presented to Wormleighton 1841.

At Hendon, Middlesex, aged 65. Dorothy Baker, widow of Richard Murphy, esq. solicitor.

At Hastings, aged 65, Charles Nash, esq. of Hinxton, Cambridgeshire.

Caroline, widow of Frederick Pamphilon, of South-st. Thurlow-sq. and only daughter of the late Abel Birch, of South Kensington, aged 56.

At Hampstead, Ann, widow of Charles Phillips, esq. late Commissioner of the Insolvent Debtors' Court.

The Rev. John Mervin Prower, Vicar of Purton, Wilts, Honorary Canon of Bristol, and many years Rural Dean of Cricklade, aged 85. He was of Wadham coll. Ox. (B.A. 1806, M.A. 1835,) and had held the living of Purton since 1827.

At Clarges-street, the Hon. Mrs. De Rhodes. She was Sophia Felicité, daughter of Nathaniel second Baron Sarsdale, and sister of Alfred Nathaniel Holden, fourth and present Baron. Born 1835, married 1854 William Hatfield de Rodes, esq. of Barlborough Hall, co. Derby.

At the schoolhouse, Elic. Scotland, aged 68, George Riddoch, A.M.

At Reading, Berks, aged 58, Mrs. William Rolfe, late of Kennington.

At Hyde Park-square, Harriet, wife of Gen. Sir Frederick Smith, and third daughter of the late Thomas Horne, esq. of Buckland House, near Dover.

At Dublin, John Stevenson, esq. M.R.C.S. England.

At Holloway, aged 82, Henry Surmon, esq. formerly of Long-lane, city, and Islington.

At Tollington-park, aged 53, Mary Ann Eliza, wife of Edward Wade, esq.

At Trowbridge, the Hon. and Rev. Digby Walsh, second son of Lord Ormathwaite. He was of Balliol Coll.

Oxf. (B.A. 1851; M.A. 1853). He became Curate of Trowbridge, Wilts. 1858, and was Domestic Chaplain to the Earl of Stamford. He married, 1855, Fanny Matilda, daughter of Mr. Henry Stroud.

April 3. At Abergavenny, aged 61, Susannah, wife of Mundeford Allen, esq.

At the Waterfoot, aged 27, Lieut. Robert Barton, R.N.

At York-street, Portman-square, aged 80, Maria, wife of Major William Betson, late Paymaster 18th Hussars.

At Cheltenham, aged 60, the Rev. B. F. Carlyle.

At Ventnor, I.W. aged 31, William Ricketts d'Altera, esq. Lieut. North Cork Rifles, youngest son of the late W. Ricketts d'Altera, esq. of Monkstown, co. Cork.

At St. Leonard's, aged 11, Mary Louisa, daughter of Lieut.-Gen. Sir Percy Douglas, Bart.

At Kensington, Robert Emery, esq. for many years Stipendiary Magistrate of Jamaica.

At Little Durnford House, aged 83, Dorothy, relict of George Fort, esq. of Alderbury House, Salisbury.

At Farnham, Surrey, aged 64, Louisa Mary, daughter of the late John Charles Girardot, esq. of Manor House, Little Bookham.

Catherine Thurtle, wife of Capt. Henry Layard, of Bayswater, aged 51.

At Leeds, aged 31, Augustus, youngest son of the late Col. L'Estrange, of Moyston, King's co.

At Norwich, aged 74, Sarah, widow of Dr. John Lindley, Secretary of the Horticultural Society, who died Nov. 1, 1865.

At Stamford, aged 79, William Thomas Newzam, esq.

At Dusseldorf, aged 64, Gertrude, widow of George Salomons, esq. of Bingen-on-the-Rhine.

At Dinan, Brittany, aged 51, the Rev. William Fredk. Wilcocks Watson, for eight years English Chaplain of the above place, and Rector of Ickleford, Hertfordshire. He was of Emmanuel Coll. Camb. (B.A. 1839, M.A. 1844), and was presented to Ickleford, 1855.

April 4. At Sandgate, Kent, Vernon Montague Abbott, esq. of Regent-square, London, son of the late Vernon Abbott, esq. of Gower-street, Bedford-square.

At Dunain House, Invernesshire, William Baillie, esq. of Dunain.

At Hampstead, aged 70, Anne, widow of Ebenezer Brookes, of Hurst-green, esq.

At Queen Anne-street, aged 89, Miss Clitherow.



At Kensington-park, aged 24, Mr. Joseph Henry Eglese, of West Hackney, eldest son of Capt. Joseph Eglese.

At Bath, John Carpenter Fussell, esq. late of Warminster.

At Queen Anne-street, aged 70, Elizabeth Browulow, widow of Benjamin Charles T. Gray, esq.

At Newland, Gloucestershire, Eleanor St. Barbe, daughter of Major Gregorie.

At Streatham, aged 63, Elizabeth Ann, widow of William Hart, esq.

At Romsey, Hants, aged 49, Charles Hugh Hoare, esq. of Lower East Smithfield and Eaton-place. He was the son of the late Mr. George Matthew Hoare, of Morden Hall, Surrey, one of the founders of the Red Lion Brewery in Lower East Smithfield, and collaterally related to the great banking firm of Fleet-street. Mr. Hoare was educated at Rugby, whence he proceeded to Christ Church, Oxford. After making the "grand tour" he married the daughter of the Rev. Mr. Twysden, Vicar of Kingsbridge, Devon, and subsequently applied himself to the management of his father's brewery, of which he survived to be the sole acting partner. He was a great patron of athletic sports, and especially of the game of cricket. He was himself formerly one of the All England Eleven, and for many years acted as president and treasurer of the Surrey Cricket Club, as well as being a member of the committee of Lord's Cricket-ground.

At Brighton, aged 77, Sarah, widow of Wickens Hodges, esq. late of the Ordnance, and last surviving daughter of the late Rev. Robert Outlaw, Rector of Longford, Shropshire, and J.P. for the county.

At Hillingdon, aged 95, Charlotte, widow of William Hussey, esq. formerly of Wargrave, barrister-at-law.

At Brompton, aged 39, Charles James, eldest son of the late Charles James Ives, esq. of Chertsey, Surrey.

At Maida-hill west, Albina, widow of Thos. Llewellyn, esq. M.R.C.S.

At Torquay, aged 76, Caroline, fifth daughter of Richard Slater Milnes, esq. of Fyrrstone Hall, Yorkshire.

At Tollington-park, aged 54, Robert Moseley, esq. late General Manager of the Great Eastern Railway.

At Edinburgh, Mr. David Russell, H.M. General Register House.

At Cheltenham, aged 68, Col. William Henry Vicars, late of H.M.'s 61st Regt. He was 27 years in the 61st Regt. from which he retired in 1854

with the rank of Lieut.-Col. He served in the second Sikh war, and was present in the battles of Chillianwallah and Goojerat, and in the actions of Ramnuggur and Sadoolapore, for which he received a medal and two clasps.

At Hastings, Emily Alice, youngest child of James Vicat, esq. of Southwood House, Eltham, Kent.

At Crosby, near Liverpool, the Rev. F. A. West (Wesleyan), formerly governor of the New Kingswood School.

At Eltham, Kent, aged 65, Mary, widow of Henry Worthington, esq. formerly of Burton-on-Trent.

April 5. At Eccleston-sq. aged 84, Catherine Elizabeth Alston, daughter of the late Sir John and Lady Alston, and niece of the late Sir Charles Alston.

At Bircher Knoll, Herefordshire, Lieut.-Col. Henry Yelverton Beale, Bombay Army, son of the late Thomas Beale, esq. of The Heath, Shropshire.

The Rev. J. S. Brown, Primitive Methodist minister, Merthyr Tydvil.

At Cheltenham, aged 70, Mrs. Nicola Anne Campbell, widow of the late Major Gen. Andrew Campbell, of Auchmannoch and Avisyard, Ayrshire, and only daughter of the late Col. Richard Maxwell, of Birdstown, co. Donegal.

At Milford, Mr. John Cother, Magistrate and Alderman of the City of Salisbury, aged 80. He was a wine-merchant and for many years one of the leaders of the Conservative party at Salisbury. In 1834 he was elected Mayor, and continued in office until January 1836.

At Fordingbridge, Hampshire, aged 82, Ann, widow of Mr. Thomas Huxford Curtis, of Fordingbridge, and mother of Mr. William Curtis, of Twickenham, Middlesex.

At Richmond, Yorkshire, aged 24, the Rev. Henry Cust, B.A. of C.C. coll. Camb. curate of Richmond, second surviving son of the Ven. Archdeacon Cust.

At Sawbridgeworth, Herts, aged 61, Edward Davy, esq.

At Brighton, aged 76, Louisa, widow of the late Edward Dix, esq.

At Bennethorpe, Doncaster, the Rev. George Hepper, late of the Royal Navy.

At St. Luke's, Middlesex, aged 85, Mr. James George London.

Captain McDonald, who was one of the candidates at the last election for the Queen's County, committed suicide by cutting his throat.

At Humberstone, Leicestershire, aged 46, Katherine Geraldine, wife of Tho-





mas Tertius Paget, esq. and fourth daughter of the late Marcus McCausland, esq. of Dreenagh, co. Derry.

At Peterborough, John Wortham Pearce, esq. M.R.C.S.

At Chelsea, Isabella, widow of the late W. W. Pennefather, Lieut. R.N.

At Kiltalown, Tallaght, co. Dublin, Margaret Martha, eldest daughter of John Robinson, esq. J.P.

At Dublin, aged 63, James Richard Somerville, esq. only brother of Lord Athlumney.

At Marazion, Cornwall, Lucy, wife of Lieut. Col. W. F. Steere, of the Hon. E.I. Comp.'s service.

At Hemel Hempsted, Hertfordshire, Anthony Thatcher, esq.

At Nancy, in France, aged 32, Madame Pauline de la Tour.

Samuel Ware, esq. of Exeter, formerly of Chard, Somerset, solicitor, aged 33.

At Surbiton, aged 44, Samuel Thomas Maling Westall, esq.

Aged 63, Mr. Jonathan Wood, of Low House, Brackenthwaite, Cumberland.

April 6. At Cheltenham, aged 35, Thomas Francis Agg, late Capt. 16th Lancers.

At Bramerton Hall, Norwich, aged 84, Sophia, widow of John Blake, of Norwich and Bramerton, esq.

At Brompton, aged 80, Capt. Robert Martin Cole, R.N. He had served under Nelson, Saumarez, and Troubridge. He entered the navy in 1801; Lieut. 1812; Commander on retired list 1865.

At St. Leonard's, aged 74, Philadelphia Elizabeth, widow of Thomas Fitz-Hugh, esq. of Plas Power, Denbighshire.

At Bath, Miss Susan Gomonde, eldest daughter of the late Major Richard Gomonde, of the H.E.I.C.S.

At Paris, Charlotte Isabella, wife of M. S. Hussey, of Westown, co. Dublin.

At the residence of John Kitchen, esq. Breck Farm, near Staveley, aged 46, the Very Rev. Canon Kitchen, late of Douai College, France.

At Morningside, near Edinburgh, Madeline Susan, wife of Charles Edward McMurdo, Capt. 79th Highlanders, and daughter of the late James Baxter, esq. of Middlefield.

At Edinburgh, Mrs. Mary Josephine Virginie Martin, widow of Col. Stephen Martin, H.E.I.C.S.

At Rosherville, Kent, aged 87, Thomas Bennett Monk, esq. late of the Inspectors of Artillery Department, Royal Arsenal, Woolwich.

At Connaught-place, Hyde-park,

aged 73, Jane, daughter of the late Charles Morris, esq. of Portman-square.

At Copthall Court, aged 76, Thomas Moxon, esq. of Leyton, Essex.

At Upper Rathmines, aged 68, Mrs. Sarah Rennick, widow of George Rennick, esq. of Lough Derry, co. Monaghan.

Michael Rimington, esq. of Tynefield House, Penrith, Cumberland.

At Turnastone, Herefordshire, the Rev. W. W. Todd, late of Cambridge-shire.

At Osnaburgh-street, Regent's-park, Lucretia, daughter of the late George Lowman Tuckett, formerly Solicitor-Gen. of Grenada, Judge of the Court of Vice-Admiralty, and Chief-Justice of the Island of Jamaica.

At Bettws, Monmouthshire, aged 75, Richard Wight, B.A. late Head Master of St. Ann's School, Brixton.

At Oxford, aged 21, Thomas Edward, eldest son of Sir Thomas E. Winnington, Bart.

At Ladock Rectory, Cornwall, aged 86, Richard Wise, esq. M.D. Edinb. 1825; M.R.C.S. Eng. 1818; late Phys. Helston Disp.; Ext. Mem., formerly Pres. Roy. Phys. Soc. Edin. Author of an inaug. dissert. "On the Retroversion of the Uterus, &c." 1825; contrib. "Observations on the danger liable to result from the less frequent use of the Trephine in Fractures of the Cranium with Depression, illustrated by Cases." *Med. Chir. Rev.* 1825. (Retired.)

At North Berwick, N.B. Alexander Henry Wylie, esq.

April 7. At Banagher, King's co. aged 71, Carteret Andrew Armstrong, esq.

At Chichester, aged 80, William Combes, esq.

Joseph Edwards, esq. of Felstead-place, Essex, aged 84.

At Melbourn, Maria, widow of the Rev. James Flood, many years Baptist minister at the above place.

At Norfolk-square, Dame Maria Hart, relict of Rear-Adm. Sir Henry Hart, K.C.H. She was the daughter of Andrew Williams, esq. of Southampton, was married in 1808, and left a widow in 1856.

Francis Holmes, esq. of the Crown Office, Temple, aged 48.

At Dover, Augusta Harriet Mary, the wife of Capt. John Cochrane Hoseason, R.N. and only child of the late Adm. of the Fleet, the Right Hon. Sir Geo. Cockburn, Bart. G.C.B.

At Newton Longville Rectory,



Bucks, aged 88, Mariana Elizabeth Ann Hughes, widow of Thomas Bridges Hughes, esq. of the Middle Temple, barrister-at-law.

At Rock Ferry, Cheshire, aged 60, Charles Ginnerver Kewney, esq.

In Paris, aged 47, Sybilla Angusta, only daughter of Sir John Kirkland.

At East Lawton, Cargill, the Rev. James M-Gregor, Minister of Persie.

At Clement's-inn, aged 63, Bentley McLeod, of 51, Lincoln's-inn-fields, esq. solicitor.

At Mangualde, Portugal, Caroline, widow of the Viscount da Torre de Moncorvo, for many years Portuguese Ambassador at the Court of St. James's.

At St. Andrew's, William Murray, esq. writer there.

At Torquay, aged 43, Jemima Hayter, wife of John Northmore, esq. of Cleve House, near Exeter. She was the only daughter of the late Rev. William Hames, Rector of Chagford, Devon, and was married in 1863.

At H.M.'s Gun-wharf, Devonport, aged 49, Jane Vanghan Forbes, wife of William Lanyon Penno, esq. Acting Deputy-Controller. The deceased was the youngest daughter of Mr. John Davenport, of St. George's, Bermuda, and niece of the late Sir Francis Forbes, K.C.B. Judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, Sydney, Australia.

At Peasmarsh, Sussex, aged 82, Ann, relict of Thomas Pix, esq.

At Stone, Staffordshire, the Rev. William Sturrock, Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment, retired list.

At Hood Hole Farm, Ripon, aged 29, Augustus, youngest son of the late Hon. and Rev. William Somerville. His uncle, Lord Somerville, was killed in the hunting field on the 17th of Nov. last (see p. 46). Deceased was heir presumptive to the title, his brother being the present Lord Somerville, who has no issue.

At Brighton, aged 64, Henry B. Walmsley, esq. of the Elms, Acton, Middlesex.

*April 8.* At the Royal Naval Hospital, Devonport, aged 30, Lieut. Horatio Austin, of H.M.S. Indus, eldest and only surviving son of the late Vice-Admiral Sir Horatio Thomas Austin, K.C.B.

John Christopher Beauman, aged 23, only son of Mathew Forde Beauman, esq. of Hyde Park, co. Wexford.

At Walworth, aged 53, William Bell, esq. surgeon.

In London, aged 47, Emma Jane, wife of C. Granby Burke, esq. J.P.

Master of the Common Pleas in Ireland.

At Worthing, aged 74, Maria Ann, widow of the Rev. Robert Cholmeley, B.D. Rector of Waynfleet All Saints', Lincolnshire. She was the daughter of John Miller, esq. was married in 1813, and had fourteen children, four of whom are benefited clergymen.

Drowned in the river Lune, Mr. Hugo Croft, of Heysham Hall, near Lancaster, aged about 30.

At Cheltenham, aged 79, Lieut.-Col. John Davies, late Bengal Army.

At Fareham, aged 69, Eliza, wife of T. Goble, esq. of Fareham. Hants.

At Ware, Herts, aged 69, Mary, wife of Mr. James Fordham Green, solicitor.

At Camberwell, aged 89, Miss Ann Hiatt, formerly of Giddinap House, Minchinhampton, Gloucestershire.

At Bath, Cecilia Jane, only daughter of the Rev. T. Leonard Hill, minister of Portland Episcopal Chapel, in that city.

At Canterbury, aged 76, Edward Holtum, esq. J.P.

At Wimbledon, aged 66, Charles Howard, esq. formerly of Fulham.

At Galston, Ayrshire, aged 64, the Rev. John McLeod, minister of Laggan.

At The Furze, Esher, Margaret Isabella Palmes, widow of George Palmes, esq. of Naburn, Yorkshire. She was the daughter of William Lindsay, esq. of Oatlands, near Glasgow; was married in 1810, and left a widow in 1851, having had issue, the present Mr. Palmes of Naburn, four other sons, and four daughters.

At Monswald-place, Dumfriesshire, aged 18, James John, youngest son of Sir James John Reid.

Accidentally drowned, Claude Francis, fifth surviving son of the Rev. L. A. Sharpe, Rector of Tackley, Oxon.

At Loughton, aged 58, the Rev. William Watson. He was of St. John's coll. Camb. (B.A. 1832; M.A. 1835). He was Curate of Cottisford, Oxon, 1834-36; Perp. Curate of St. Paul's, High Beech, Essex, 1836-41; Perp. Curate of St. John's Chigwell, 1846-7; and became Assistant-Curate at Loughton, 1858.

*April 9.* At Gottenburg, Sweden, aged 52, Captain Charles Otto Back.

At Winchester, aged 76, Charles Mathew Chapman, Commander R.N. He entered the navy in 1806; Lieut. 1814; Commander retired list 1860.

At Swaine's-lane, Highgate-rise, aged 51, Edward Clare, Professor of Music.

At Camberwell, aged 86, Aune Maria





Coppard, eldest daughter of the late Thomas Coppard, of Hastings, granddaughter of John Robertson, author of the Elements of Navigation, and other nautical works.

At Bath, aged 71, Elizabeth Bartlett, widow of John William Fraser, of that city, and mother of the Rev. W. F. Chambers Fraser, of Maidstone.

At Brompton, aged 81, Miss Agnes Martin.

Katherine Blicke, wife of Bransby William Powys, esq. of Russell-square.

At Hillcairn, Robert Russell, esq. of Hillcairn, Fifeshire.

At the Court House, Foleshill, Coventry, aged 68, Frank Sargeant, esq. J.P.

At Sherborne, Dorset, aged 47, Henry Bellamy Shuttleworth, only son of the late Lieut.-Col. King, of the 3rd Buffs.

At Woolwich, aged 79, William Waterfield, esq.

At Ballygiblin, Mallow, Ireland, aged 86, the Rev. Nicholas Wrixon, M.A. Vicar of Kilbrin.

At Wolverhampton, aged 84, Jeremiah Wynn, esq. J.P.

April 10. At Chiswick, aged 63, Major-Gen. Clements Blood, late of the Bombay Artillery.

At Southsea, Colonel John Carne Boulderson (retired), H.M.'s Indian Army.

At Monkstown, aged 34, John Power, second surviving son of the late William Fitzwilliam Burton, esq. of Burton Hall, co. Carlow.

At Englefield rectory, Berks, aged 23, Emily Mary, youngest daughter of the Rev. F. J. Eyre.

At Limerick, aged 89, Miss Judith S. Fraser, second daughter of the late David Fraser, esq. of King's county.

At Exmouth, aged 88, Amy Elizabeth Van Heythuysen.

At Ludgate-hill, aged 26, Henry, youngest son of the late E. A. Hutton, of the Bank of England and Stoke Newington.

At Biarritz, France, Edward Jones, esq. late of Llanarth Court.

At Guernsey, aged 88, William Mansell, late surgeon Indian Army, Bengal Presidency.

At Edinburgh, aged 27, David Arthur, elder surviving son of the Rev. William Nisbet, John Kuox's Church, Canongate.

At Lee, aged 77, Mary, widow of James Ogston, esq. of Davies-street, Berkeley-square.

At Brighton, Carolina Maria, only surviving daughter of the late Thomas

Wilkinson Ratcliffe, esq. of Gloucester-place, Hyde-park-gardens, and St. Croix, Danish West Indies.

At Pembroke Dock, aged 64, the Rev. Eliakim Lloyd Shadrach, minister of Albion-square chapel.

At Porttick Castle, Ralph Thomas Abmuty Smyth, third son of the late Robert Smyth, of Porttick Castle, co. Westmeath.

April 11. At Prince's gate, Hyde-park, aged 80, Anselmo de Arroyave, esq.

At Scole, Norfolk, aged 75, Jane, wife of William Ayton, formerly of Stamford-hill, Middlesex.

In her 85th year, Ann, wife of Henry Bennett, esq. of Clapham.

At the residence of his mother, Albert-terrace, Regent's-park, aged 27, Alexander Bruce, of Old Cavendish-street, Master of Surgery, London, F.R.C.S. B. Sc. Assistant Sur. and Lecturer on Anatomy at Westminster Hospital. He was second son of the late Henry Bruce, esq. of London, and grandson of the Rev. Wm. Bruce, D.D. of Belfast.

At Harlow, Essex, aged 82, Mary Martin, widow of Thomas Collin, esq. late of Netteswell, Bury.

At Norwood, Sophia Hague, daughter of the late Professor Hague, Mus. D. of Cambridge.

Caroline Margaret Hunt, of Wilton-crescent, widow of W. Ogle Hunt, esq.

At Pradoc, Shropshire, aged 86, Louisa Charlotte, widow of the Hon. Thos. Kenyon. She was daughter of the Rev. John Robert Lloyd, of Aston Hall; was married in 1803, and left a widow in 1851, having had issue nine sons and three daughters, of whom the third son is John Robert Kenyon, esq. D.C.L. and Q.C. Vinerian Professor at Oxford.

David Lines, esq. of Haggerston, in his 65th year.

At Makerstonn Manse, the Rev. Andrew Mackie, minister of the parish.

At Malta, aged 28, the Rev. Robert Noble, late incumbent of Grimston (1866), and curate of Wartnaby and Sibson, Leicestershire.

At Buttevant Castle, co. Cork, aged 73, Henry Parsons, Esq.

At Newcastle-upon Tyne, aged 70, Robert Plummer, esq. J.P. and Deputy-Lieut. of the town and co. of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

At Edinburgh, William Seller, esq. M.D. F.R.S. &c. Dr. Seller was long and well known in Edinburgh as an eminent physician. He was the Morison lecturer; and his paper on Mental Diseases, which



showed an extensive knowledge of the subject, met with much acceptance.

At Camberwell, aged 76, Thomas Stribley, esq. late of H.M.'s Customs, Margate.

At Balham-hill, Ursula Nisbet, wife of Field Flowers Sutton, esq. M.D.

At Denia, Spain, Harriet Georgina, wife of George Wallace, esq. and relict of the late Townsend Hungerford, C.B.

At Stoke Newington, aged 31, Hannah, wife of Wildman Whitehouse, esq. of Hawkhurst, Kent, and daughter of the late Samuel Stratham, esq. of East Grinstead, Sussex.

April 12. At Salford, aged 27, the Rev. Francis Conway, one of the clergy attached to St. John's Catholic Cathedral, Salford.

At Windsor, aged 70, Mrs. Margaret Davies, widow of the Rev. Wm. Davies, of New Shoreham, Sussex.

In London, Mary, widow of Thomas Downward, esq. of Bathfarn-park, Ruthin.

At Oxford-terrace, Hyde-park, Mary, wife of J. S. Hampton, esq. late Governor of Western Australia.

At Milbrook, Southampton, aged 81, Harriot, relict of Captain John Hicks, R.N.

At the Hook, Titchfield, Hants, aged 72, William Hornby, esq.

At Stock Orchard Villas, Camden-road, Abigail, widow of G. Mallam, esq. of the Upper Mall, Hammersmith.

At Red-cross-street, Cripplegate, aged 84, Ann, relict of John Melony, Lieut. 80th Regt.

At Easton-in-Gordano, Bristol, aged 63, Ann, wife of Edward Tufton Oak, esq.

At St. John's-wood, William Orr, esq. formerly surgeon R.N.

Aged 65, John Cook Preston, esq. of Great Tower-street and East Dulwich.

At Rotherfield, Sussex, aged 80, Mrs. Catharine Smith.

At Stonehouse, Devonshire, aged 40, Richard Williams Thomas, esq. late Capt. 7th Royal Fusiliers, only son of the late Adm. Thomas.

At South Kensington, Eliza, wife of Frederick J. Toulmin, esq. F.R.C.S.

At Chertsey, aged 78, Mr. James Waterer.

At Petersfield, aged 76, Mary Anna Helena, wife of James Whicher, esq. and second daughter of the late Lieut.-Gen. Charles Norris Cookson, R.A.

April 13. At Mile-end, aged 66, Mr. Joseph Allardye.

Hugh John Cadell Beavan, esq. of the

Middle Temple, barrister-at-law, eldest son of the late Henry William Beavan, esq. of Blandford-square, aged 28.

At the Manse of Kilmany, aged 77, Jane Hadaway, relict of the Rev. George Brewster, D.D. minister of Scoonie.

At Mountnessing Hall, Essex, aged 63, Isaac Crush, esq. youngest son of the late Joseph Crush, esq. of New Hall, High Roding, in the same co.

At Clifton, Bristol, aged 83, Thomas Fyson, esq.

At Kilburn, aged 75, William Royall Grieve, esq.

Mary, wife of John Ferguson Laurie, esq. of Brixton, aged 29.

At Chardstock, aged 92, William Loveridge, esq.

At Sheffield, Henry Fletcher Marston, late Capt. of H.M.'s 9th Regt. youngest son of the late Col. Molyneux Marston.

At Woolwich, aged 82, Catherine Mary, widow of Benjamin Pidcock, esq.

Aged 45, Mr. Henry Glover Remnant, esq. of Finchley, and Paternoster-row, bookbinder.

Mrs. Mark Scott, of Skipton in Craven, aged 64.

At Chelsea, aged 75, Katherine Tennant, of Hanley, Staffordshire, widow of the Rev. William Tennant, M.A. of Castle Bythom, Lincolnshire.

At Nice, aged 69, Henry Dick Woodfall, esq. of Maidstone, last surviving son of the late George Woodfall, esq. of Great Dean's-yard, Westminster.

April 14. At St. Germain's, Longniddry, David Anderson, esq. of St. Germain's.

At Brighton, aged 69, John Atkins, esq.

At Dublin, aged 86, Mrs. Mary Bouchier, widow of Major John D. Macnamara Bouchier, R.A. formerly of Ardcloyne, co. Clare.

At Leeds, aged 55, Ben Cariss, of Leeds, solicitor.

At Macclesfield, aged 71, Jeremiah Clarke, esq. J.P.

At Landkey Parsonage, North Devon, aged 44, Dorothy Fountaine, wife of the Rev. R. Kestell Cornish.

At Shottesham Park, Norfolk, aged 89, Robert Fellowes, esq. J.P. and D.-L. for Norfolk. Mr. Fellowes was second, but eldest surviving son of Robert Fellowes, esq. of the same place, sometime M.P. for Norwich, who died in 1829. He was of St. Mary hall, Oxford, B.A. 1796, M.A. 1801. He married first, Frances, youngest daughter of the late Sir John Frederick, Bart. and se-





ably in 1816, Louisa, second daughter of Ralph Sheldon, esq. of Weston House, co. Warw. His son and successor bears his own name.

At Brussels, Robert Ferrier, esq. second son of John Turing Ferrier, esq. and grandson of the late Sir Alexander Ferrier, K.G.H. formerly H.M.'s Consul at Rotterdam.

At Alicante, Spain, Charlotte Wallace, wife of Don Jose Gallostra Y Frau, late Governor of Valladolid.

At Cheltenham, aged 79, George Freeman, esq.

Aged 38, the Rev. Archibald Robert Hamilton, M.A. Vicar of Greenham, Newbury. He was of Dublin (B.A. 1850; M.A. 1854), and was presented to Greenham in 1859.

At Somerset-street, Portman-square, aged 45, Charlotte, wife of George Langton, esq.

At Cheltenham, aged 91, Elizabeth, relict of Benjamin Lingwood, esq. formerly of Saxham, Suffolk.

At Edinburgh, aged 79, Mrs. Ann Martin, relict of William Maxwell Little, esq. S.S.C.

At Marshals Wick, Herts, aged 82, Charlotte, widow of George Sullivan Marten, esq. of Marshals Wick.

At Ashfield, Beau Parc, co. Meath, Eliza Knight, wife of Arthur George Murray, esq. J.P.

At Greenwich, nearly 80, the wife of John O'Reilly (B), R.N. (née Hammick).

At Ackworth Park, Yorkshire, Lucy, wife of William Peel, esq.

At St. John's-wood, aged 77, Benjamin Smith, esq.

April 20. In the Close, Salisbury, John Wyndham, infant son of the Rev. Joseph Heald Ward, M.A. Interred at Everleigh.

## WILLS RECENTLY PROVED AND ADMINISTRATIONS GRANTED.

*(All in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, except where otherwise specified.)*

Miss Sarah Waller, late of Bromley, Kent, and formerly of St. Mary-at-Hill, City, proved on Feb. 4, under 350,000*l.* personally by the executors, Mr. John Lambert, of Banstead, Croydon, and Mr. Charles Druce, of Billiter-square, solicitor, to each of whom she leaves a legacy of 600*l.* for his trouble. The will bears date July 19, 1861, and the testatrix died Feb. 13, 1869. She has left many liberal bequests to her relatives and acquaintances; also legacies and annuities to servants; and, after making some charitable bequests, directs the residue of her property to be divided into seven parts among her near relatives and intimate friends. The following are the charitable bequests:—To the ministers of the parishes of Bromley, Kent, and St. Dunstan's-in-the-East each 100*l.* for the poor, and to the parish of Kirby Stephen, Westmorland, 300*l.* for the like purpose; to the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, 200*l.*; the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Old Kent-road, 100*l.*; National Benevolent Society, 100*l.*; Bromley Benevolent Society, 100*l.*; and the London Orphan Society, 100*l.*

Admiral Charles Warde, (of whom a memoir was given at p. 208,) proved Feb. 22, under 18,000*l.* by Mr. George Warde, his son, and Mr. Henry Jeffreys Bushby, of Essex-court, Temple, the joint acting executors. The will is dated September 28, 1865. He bequeaths to his wife an immediate legacy of 500*l.* all his furniture, the plate called the "Verandah plate," and a life interest in the residue of his property; he also leaves her the debenture entitling the holder to the nomination of a child in the Naval School, Newcross. To his son, George, he leaves his estates in Wales; also, as a heirloom, the gold watch formerly belonging to his (the testator's) great-uncle, Admiral Sir William Cornwallis, G.C.B. and all his books. The residue of his property, on the decease of his wife, he leaves amongst his children, but excluding therefrom the son who inherits the Squerries estate.

Felix Alford Cooper Webb, late of Wednesbury, Staffordshire, gas-tube manufacturer, proved at Lichfield, on the 1 Feb. by Edward Brown, of Wolverhampton, the acting executor and trust-



tee. The personality, though sworn under a small amount—namely, 3,000*l.*—is widely diffused in small legacies to secretaries, managers, clerks, surveyors, engineers, and other officers connected with the several gas companies in the metropolis, and many other parts of the kingdom. There are the following charitable bequests—viz. to the Home for Little Boys at Tottenham, 150*l.*; the Wolverhampton Hospital, 100*l.* The residue he divides into four equal parts amongst the following institutions:—The General Hospital at Kensington; the Wolverhampton Hospital; the Hospital for Diseases of the Skin, Blackfriars; and the Sanatorium, Whitechapel.

John Wheat, esq. late of Treeton, near Rottenham, Yorkshire, proved, at Wakefield, by the executors, his brother the Rev. Carlos Cony Wheat, Vicar of Timberland; his nephew, the Rev. Godfrey Milnes Sykes, M.A. Rector of East Hadley; and William Lawton, esq. of Minster Gates, Yorkshire. The personality sworn under 45,000*l.* The will and first codicil are dated 1861, and the second codicil dated 1866. He leaves to his wife the shares he held in many public companies. The estate at Norwood, Sheffield, acquired on the decease of his brother the late James Wheat, he leaves to his son John James Wheat, and also a portion of his estates in Lincolnshire and other parts. To his son Godfrey other portions of his estates in Lincolnshire. One moiety of the residue he leaves to his daughter Sarah.

The late Dr. William Whewell, Master of Trinity College, Cambridge, by a will date Dec. 17, 1863, provided that the rents arising from certain property in his possession should be devoted to the foundation of a Professorship and Scholarships of International Law in his own University. It was his hope to have seen in his lifetime the realisation of this scheme, but at his death, which took place unexpectedly in 1866, a portion only of the buildings from which the endowment was to be derived was erected, though the plans for the remaining portion had received his approval. The whole of them have now been completed by his executors, and Trinity College is indebted to the munificence of the late Master for two new courts, containing 95 sets of rooms, for the reception of students.

Miss Ann Wilson, late of Brightfield,

Sheffield, Yorkshire, proved at Wakefield, under 9,000*l.* The executors are Joseph and Henry Wilson, her brothers. The testatrix has made liberal bequests to her family and to her servants, and has left the following charitable bequests:—To the British and Foreign Bible Society and Church Missionary Society, 400*l.* each; to the Society for Promoting Christianity amongst the Jews, Church Pastoral Aid Society, Religious Tract Society, Poor Pious Clergy Society, Moravian Missions, and Irish Church Missions, 200*l.* each; to the Colonial Church Society, Sheffield General Dispensary, Sheffield Scripture Readers' Society, Irish Scripture Readers, Home and Colonial School Society, Malta Protestant College, Sheffield Church of England Instruction Society, Sheffield Ragged School, Sheffield Public Dispensary, Girls' and Boys' Charity School, Aged Females' Society, and Clergy Daughters' School, 50*l.* each; and legacies are left to a few other societies. The residue of her property she leaves to her brother, the Rev. F. Wilson.

William Wilson, formerly of Ewell, Surrey, afterwards of Mincing-lane, and late of Cambridge-square, Hyde-park, esq. (died 2 Nov. 1868), proved 23 Dec. by Helen Rebecca Wilson, his widow.

Miss Catherine Wright, of Brownlow-street, Liverpool, proved at Liverpool under 60,000*l.* The executors are Mr. William Amery, of Pool Hall, Chester, and Mr. Henry Conpland, of Broad Green, Liverpool, druggist. The trustees are Mr. James Denton, of Liverpool, and Mr. Thomas Webster, architect. The testatrix has bequeathed 10,000*l.* to Wright's Institution, founded by her for aged persons in the upper and middle classes of society, to receive annuities of 20*l.* to 30*l.* per annum, preference being given to native inhabitants of Liverpool. She has also bequeathed to the Liverpool Royal Infirmary 500*l.*; Liverpool Deaf and Dumb Institution, 500*l.*; Liverpool Dispensary, 1,000*l.*; Industrial Ragged School, 400*l.*; Liverpool Bluecoat School, 500*l.*; Liverpool Lying-in Hospital, 300*l.*; Boys' and Girls' Orphan Schools, each 500*l.*; Liverpool Blind School, 500*l.*; British and Foreign Bible Society, 500*l.*; Magdalen Institution, 300*l.*; Liverpool Relief Society, 500*l.*; and legacies to a few other institutions,—all free of duty.





# THE REGISTER

AND

## MAGAZINE OF BIOGRAPHY.

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JUNE 1869.

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### MEMORIALS OF SIR MARTIN FROBISHER.

In the department of neglected biography there is no subject more worthy of careful and minute treatment than the career of Sir Martin Frobisher. Most of that which has been written of him up to the last four years is so marred by errors as to be regarded as almost worthless; and now, nearly three centuries after the hero finished his eventful life, his countrymen have still to learn who he was and whence he came. In the *Gentleman's Magazine* for November 1868 I published a few facts and inferences concerning him, which, although not strictly unpublished before that time, were scattered throughout various volumes, and at best only known to those whose researches led them into the curiosities of literature. Since then another short account of him has been published by Mr. W. W. Wilkins in *The Register* (for Feb. 1869), and the few remarks I have to make I beg to offer as a supplement to that account.

Respecting Frobisher's birth and the names of his parents we seem to be unable to get beyond the account of the Frobishers published by Hunter in his *South Yorkshire*. Barnard Frobisher is accepted as his father, his mother being a daughter of ————York. I believe her to have been the daughter of John York, the third son of Sir Richard York, who was Lord Mayor of York in 1469 and 1482, and representative of that city in Parliament. John York married Catherine Patterdale, by whom he had three sons and one daughter; the youngest of these sons, Sir John York, knight, who was Under Treasurer at the Mint, is styled Lord Mayor of London,\* and is represented as the founder of the house of York of Gonthwaite and Beverley. Mr. Wil-

\* Sir John York was Sheriff of London in 1549, but he was never Lord Mayor, nor I imagine an Alderman. He is, however, styled Lord Mayor in the printed pedigrees, although Grange in his *History of Nidderdale* has noticed the error.



kins erroneously says Gouthwaite is in the East Riding; it is in Nidderdale, about 3 miles from Pateley Bridge, and in the West Riding. If then the above supposition be correct, the Sir John York who interested himself in Frobisher's education was his uncle, and the Rowland York who afterwards served with Frobisher was his cousin. Rowland York was the sixth son of Sir John York. After his maritime career he took service in the Netherlands and distinguished himself at Zutphen, on the capture of which town he was made its governor, and is said to have yielded the fort to the Spaniards, "for which good service he was afterwards poisoned by them." He is also said to have been the first who brought the use of the rapier into England.

Mr. Wilkins states that Frobisher was born in 1536, but gives no authority for the statement, which is unfortunate, as in a few lines further he tells us that in May 1566 Frobisher is described in a legal document as "of the age of 27 or thereabouts." One can scarcely understand that the "thereabouts," elastic as it often is when manipulated by the lawyers, would include a margin of three years; but, if Mr. Wilkins can show that he is correct, it necessarily follows that the document is so loosely expressed, as, in this particular, to be regarded as wrong.

Respecting Frobisher's poverty, and the charges of meanness and dishonesty which flow therefrom, I may perhaps be excused if I say a few words. We must always bear in mind, in considering this subject, that, although an *armiger*, Frobisher, not originally a rich man, for fifteen years had been spending his time in earnestly endeavouring to obtain the means of carrying out his pet project of a voyage of discovery to the North-West. I have already referred to his desperate transactions (*Gentleman's Magazine*, p. 856) during this struggle; I have shown that in 1571, while on the one hand he was listening to Stukeley, and those who planned an invasion of England in the Spanish interest, on the other he was appointed by Government to resist this very attempt. But, although I offer grounds of accusation, I have not condemned him, because my very imperfect knowledge of the circumstances of the case caused me to suspend my judgment. I wanted to show the truth, be it for good or evil report, but I confess that in case of accusation my prejudices incline me to give the accused the benefit of the doubt. I have also shown that at that time "some jarre happened" between Frobisher and his wife, but the reason of that jar was then unknown to me; I have still to learn that Frobisher having married a rich widow, subsisted upon her fortune while his brains were employed, but then profitlessly, in maturing a project, the execution of which has, despite of all disparagement, handed his name down to a splendid immortality.

As regards Frobisher's connection with Lok, I think some injustice





has been done him. Mr. Wilkins has quoted a passage, to show the blackness of Frobisher's ingratitude, from one of Lok's letters, written on the 26th January, 1578-9, and after the third voyage, when disappointment, and the animosity which arises from the loss of money, were acting powerfully upon the minds of the adventurers. Fortunately, however, earlier documents remain, and to get another representation we will turn to them, leaving Lok's "pathetic story" for after consideration. In December 1574 Frobisher applied to the Muscovy Company for assistance in prosecuting his scheme of discovery. They were the adventurers who, by virtue of their charter of incorporation, held the sole power to conduct such enterprises, or else grant licences to others so to do. Frobisher was introduced to them by a letter from some of the members of the Privy Council, touching their duties in the matter:—

Upon the receipt of which letter the said Company assembled themselves at their Court to consider the same: and thereunto made answer by these letters, requiring to have conference with the parties that were desirous to attempt that matter, that thereby they might determine what were meet to be done therein. Whereupon the said Martin Frobisher again repaired to the said Company with order for himself and others not then named to have conference with them; and thereupon the Company appointed certain of themselves, namely, Mr. George Barn now Sheriff of London, William Lowerson and Stephen Borough mariner, and me (Lok) as their agent, having the charge of all their business, to understand the ground of this case. See Frobisher, *Three Voyages*, (Hakluyt Soc.) p. 89.

When at this conference Frobisher propounded his theory of the North-West passage, the Company, already burdened with expenses, and themselves bent upon the discovery of a North-East passage, were not eager to enter into the matter, more especially as Lok, their Secretary, in whom they seemed to place great confidence, was personally opposed to it, and as, "upon our relation thereof made to the Company, they suspected some other matter to be meant by the parties." They declined to adopt his proposal. But Frobisher was not to be daunted by their adverse decision. He immediately again applied to his patrons, and

very shortly afterwards, by the suit of the said Martin Frobisher, another letter was brought to the Company, requiring them either to attempt the matter themselves or to grant licence to others to do it by the North-Westward, whereupon, for divers considerations then moving the Company, they did grant licence and privilege thereof to me and Martin Frobisher, and such others as would be venturers with us in the same, as appeareth by the writings under their common seal, dated in the month of February, 1574. (*i.e.* 1574-5). *Ibid.*

Lok had now given his influence to the scheme, and for the following reasons. "Upon consideration of my duty towards my country, and knowing by my own knowledge (as my manifold writings will witness)



the great benefit that thereby might grow to the same, and perceiving the courage and knowing the aptness of Martin Frobisher (by former acquaintance with him, and upon new conference had with him,) to execute that attempt, I did so entirely join with him therein, that through my friendship with the Company I obtained of them a privilege and licence to follow that attempt, dated the 3rd day of February, 1574, and so gave out myself openly for a chief friend and follower of the matter, whereby many men were brought into a good liking of the matter which before could find no trace thereof." Upon the strength of this statement Lok has been regarded as the "master spirit" of the undertakings; but, if he were, one may ask why, after confessing that his long researches and knowledge of the business had led him to believe it would turn out a national good, he did not support it in the first instance? Lok's services were certainly not disinterested, and his report of them, which was made to Walsingham in 1579, was made to save himself from some of the charges incurred by him as an adventurer, and is not likely to be strictly impartial. It is a defence of his own conduct and an explanation of his charges and claims, and not a history of the undertaking.

Lok was a trader, having more or less a trader's knowledge of the value of money, and he was borne down by grief when the adventure in which he embarked consumed much money but yielded none. The glory that was to arise out of it he was unconscious of. His further statement, to the effect that in Frobisher's poverty he supplied him with the means of subsistence and greater information, may be all true, but it only proves that Frobisher was then poor and he was sanguine; a state of mind brought about as much by Frobisher's pressure through the Privy Council upon the Muscovy Company, as by any other agency. Then, again, Frobisher is held up as despicable, because he had not the support and confidence of city merchants. It is not singular that the wealth of London had no faith in "Master Frobisher;" poor men usually fail to recommend themselves to the confidence and assistance of the rich by their poverty. Frobisher may have had shortcomings in his commercial morality, but before we condemn him let us have some proof.

Now, as to his wife Isabel, the widow of Thomas Riggat, of Snaith, there can be no doubt that in Martin Frobisher she had not a husband who was all meekness. By nature, by habit, and by education, he was probably the very opposite of the Snaith yeoman. Old accounts of him say that he was of a harsh and overbearing temper, better pleased in playing the despot than submitting kindly to the will of another; therefore when, bearing in mind these natural failings, we reflect that the complaints belong to a period when his towering ambition was cramped by poverty, but within the reach of realization if supported by money, we may readily believe she spoke the truth





when she represented herself as "the most miserable poor woman in the world." He was just the man to use every coin he could raise to carry out his purpose, without thinking much of the hardships he or others might have to undergo. That her misery arose from Frobisher's improvidence is not however clear at present; no doubt he spent her money, but in what did he spend it? Did he use it in purchasing an opportunity to discover and so become possessed of a land where gold was believed to be as plentiful as coals in his native county? If so, he only used it to increase her fortune. It is easy but not generous to condemn him as reckless, when, as far as the mere accumulation of gold is concerned, his speculation proved to be worthless.

I do not happen to know who the unfortunate Isabel was before her marriage, but her first husband was a man of some consideration in the little world of Snaith, and, in my belief, the representative of the old knightly family of Reygate, whose heiress married a Foljambe, and an account of whose family is said to have been compiled by a Foljambe about this very time. At all events the Ricards (as they are called in Robinson's *History of Snaith*) were substantial people at Snaith and the neighbourhood, and their history would no doubt yield to diligent inquiry all the information necessary to illustrate their connection with Martin Frobisher. She must have died before Frobisher attained his greatness, for Hopkinson from some cause or other does not even mention her, but says Frobisher married Dorothy, daughter of Lord Wentworth of the South, widow of Sir William Widmerpole, Kt. who survived him, and was afterwards married to Sir James Savile, Kt. one of the Barons of the Exchequer. This statement does not agree with such printed pedigrees as have come beneath my notice, but Hopkinson on this point is no mean authority, as he was nearly contemporary with the event, and resident in the neighbourhood.

There is another matter to which I would call attention and ask for the assistance of those who, having the opportunity, are desirous of illustrating the biography of Sir Martin Frobisher, and that is, the publication of his will. Sir Martin was buried at St. Giles's Cripple-gate, and his will would no doubt be proved in London. It cannot fail to be an interesting document, and might settle many points now obscure and contradictory. It the meantime it perhaps may be useful to state that Peter Frobisher, executor of Sir Martin, institutes a suit in Chancery against Baptist Hickes, to redeem mortgage on a lease of Houghton near Pontefract, mortgaged by testator to defendant. Does this imply that Peter Frobisher was sole executor? If so, when Mary Masterton sues for her annuity of 8*l.* bequeathed to her by Sir Martin's will, why does she sue Peter Frobisher, Francis Gunby, and Mary Gunby? Furthermore, who were the Gunbys, and what was their connection with Sir Martin?

W. WHEATER.



Frobisher's will, which is on record in H.M. Court of Probate, is of very considerable length. We have procured the following abstract of it, which we are glad to have this opportunity to publish.—(EDIT.)

"In the name of God. Amen. The                    day of                   , in the yeare of our lord god one Thowsand Fyve hundred Nynetie and Fowre. I Martyn Frobissher Knighte beinge in perfecte healthe and of good remembraunce thanked be almightie God, with good advice and consideration doe make and ordeyne this my laste will and Testament in writinge in manner and forme followinge. That is to saie. Firste I commend my sowle into the handes of Almightye God my Maker hopinge assuredlie through the onlie merrittes of Jesus Christe my Savionre and Redeemer to be made partaker of Liffe everlastinge. And as concerning my Bodie I commend yt to my mother the Earthle from whence it came to be interred where it shall please God to call me, at the discreation and disposition of my Executor. But my will and mynde is that the solemnization of my Funeralls shalbe kepte at the parishe Churchie of Normanton and my house called Frobisher Hall in Altoftes in the countie of Yeorke."

As touchinge provision to be hadd and made for Dame Dorotheie my wel-beloved wief by this my laste Will and Testament, my will and mynde is, and by theis presentes I give, will and bequeathe unto the said Dame Dorotheie my wife (in full recompense of all claims, &c. which she may make after my decesse), all her jewells, chaynes, bracelets, pearles, buttons of gold and pearle, eglettes and rynges which she hath now in her possession. Also all her wearing apparel, and as much of my plate which I now have at Frobisher Hall, in Altoftes, co. York, to the value of 200*l*. Also the third part of all my linen and naperie in the same house. Also the bedsteads and beds, with their furniture, standing in her chamber and in that of her daughter, and waiting-women, and chamber-maids, and all such household stuff as I shall leave at, in, and about my house in Walthamstow, co. Essex. Also my two coaches, with their furniture, and my two white coach horses; and after that the other horses, mares, &c. mentioned by me to others in this my will. Then my said wife shall make her choice out of the rest and residue of my said horses, &c., of six which she shall best like, and have them to her own proper use for ever. Also I give her ten milch kine, and half the stock of sheep which I have. The residue of all my jewells, plate, money, debts, obligations, goods, chattels, &c. I will and bequeath towards the performance of my funeral, payment of debts, and such legacies as shall be by me in my testament expressed to be paid and performed, to Peter Frobisher, son of my eldest brother John Frobisher deceased; which said Peter I appoint my sole executor; Francis Boynton, of Barmestone, co. York, esq. and Francis Vaughan, esq. overseers; and to every of them one colt of my Turke, to choose them out amongst my colts.

The last will and testament of Martin Frobisher, Knight. Unto Peter Frobisher, son of my eldest brother John deceased, for term of his life, my manor of Whitewood with all the appurtenances, &c. (which said manor is situate in the parish fields or town of Fetherstone, co. York). My house called Frobisher Hall, in Altoftes, parish of Normanton, co. York, with all lands, tenements, &c. which I have in the manor of Altoftes or elsewhere, within the manor of Warmfeilde and Heathe, or any other place in same co.; and all my manor of Brockholles, &c. lying in parish of Canteley, co. York; also Fyninglye Grange, and all lands, houses, &c. lying within Fyninglye, Blackstone, and Anckeley, within cos. of York and Nottingham, to have and to hold the said manor, &c. for term of his





natural life, and after his decease remainder to the heir male of his body lawfully begotten, &c. and so on; and for default of such issue then to go to Darbie Frobisher, son to Davye Frobisher my deceased brother, and to his heirs male. For default of such issue then to Francis Brackenburie, eldest son of my sister Jane Brackenburie, and his heirs male. And for default of such issue then to Richard Jackson, son of my sister Margaret Jackson, deceased, and to his heirs male for ever. My nephew Peter to receive the profits of all my leases, &c. (except those otherwise disposed of). If my wife Dorothy refuse to claim her dower or third part of all my lands, &c., she is to have in full recompense all such legacies, &c., as I have before mentioned to bequeath to her, and if she will dwell at the mansion house at Altoftes for term of 40 years (if she live so long) then my will is that she shall have the occupation of the same, &c. and that my heir shall make her a lease of the copyhold lands according to the custom of the manor of Altoftes, and receive the profits, &c. during the said term of 40 years, and that the said Dorothy shall at the feasts of the Annunciation and St. Michael pay to my executor all such rents, &c., as are reserved, &c. I also give and devise unto her for and during her life an annuity or yearly rent of 200 marks per annum, to be issuing from my lands, &c., within the parish of Normanton, co. York; to have and hold the said annuity from the time of her refusal of benefit of her dowry, the said annuity to be paid at two terms, viz. at the Annunciation and St. Michael, by even portions. And if she does refuse these my bequests, &c. then she shall take no benefit of this my will other than the Jewells, apparell, 200*l.* worth of plate, and the third part of linen, and the two coaches and horses, &c. To Richard Jackson my lease of the manor of Haughton, co. York, provided that he, on the feasts of the Annunciation and St. Michael, shall pay unto William Jackson his brother, 10*l.* at each payment 5*l.* Unto William Haykes, my servant, an annuity of 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Unto Mary Masterton the yearly rent of 8*l.* and odd, which I receive of my farmer of my manor called Brockholls, co. York, which he holds by lease for term of years, and when the said lease shall expire, then my executors shall have the same, and thereupon shall pay to the said Mary Masterton 20*l.* annually. Unto Jane Brackenburie my sister an annuity of 10*l.* issuing out of my lands in co. York, at the two feasts aforesaid in equal portions. Unto Katherine, daughter of my said sister Jane, and my niece, 10*l.* Unto Margaret, another daughter of my sister Jane, 10*l.* Unto Katherine Bourghes, grandchild of my sister Jane, 40*l.* Unto Anne, daughter of my brother Davy Frobisher, 10*l.* Unto Edith, another daughter of my brother Davy, 40*l.* Unto Mary Frobisher, widow, my wife's daughter, 200*l.* Unto Dorothie Frobisher, my wife's grandchild, 200*l.* when she shall attain the age of 15; and when she shall reach the age of 10 years, my executors shall pay her 5*l.* yearly, until she reach the age of 15. Also my will is that my executors shall give to my loving friend Master Thomas Colwell a gelding valued at 10*l.* or 20 angels or 10*l.* in money, for the pains he hath taken in the delivery of this my will. In witness whereof this to be the true will of me the said Sir Martyn Frobisher I have set and subscribed my name, August 4th, 36th Eliz., in the presence of Thomas Colwell, Anthony Lewes, Timothy Perroll, Richard Farrer. In all points touching the said will Thomas Colwell to be umpire, and by this make him overseer, and for his pains he shall take 20*l.*

“Item. The Copie of this here inclosed under my hande this seaventhe of Auguste one Thousand Five hundred Nynety and Fowre.”

Probate at London, 25th July, 1595, Peter Frobisher executor.



## REVIEWS.

*Hesperides: the Poems and other Remains of Robt. Herrick, now first Collected and Edited by W. CAREW HAZLITT.* 2 vols. London: J. Russell Smith. 1869.

Our English Catullus, though popular enough in his own generation, had fallen into undeserved oblivion when the late Mr. John Nichols, in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for 1796-7, recalled attention to his merits. More recently he has received the attention of several editors; and Mr. Hazlitt has now brought out an edition of his works which leaves nothing to be desired. The courtesy of the poet's kinsman, Mr. W. Perry-Herrick, of Beaumanor-park, Loughborough, has enabled him to supplement and correct the deficiencies of former biographers, and he has given in an appendix several pieces from "Witt's Recreation" (1640), which were probably from Herrick's pen, as also fourteen letters addressed by him from Cambridge to his uncle Sir William, the rich goldsmith and alderman of Wood-street, Cheapside. Some of these were printed in Nichols's "History of Leicestershire," and it is rather disappointing to find that they are without exception appeals for money to meet his collegiate expenses, Sir William being apparently the poet's guardian. Spite of his occasional railings against "Dull Devonshire," Herrick seems to have returned to his vicarage of Deans Prior without reluctance at the Restoration; and if his verses are any criterion of his temperament, he must have possessed the art of accommodating himself to any position. Harmonious, graceful, sensuous, and sometimes, it must be confessed, sensual, his lyrics display, in an eminent degree both the excellencies and the faults of their age and class.

*Painted Windows. A Lecture delivered in the Town Hall, Berkhamsted, by the Rev. FREDERICK BURN HARVEY, M.A. on the new West Window presented to Berkhamsted Church by the late T. Whately, esq. (Published by request.)* Longmans, 1869. Crown Octavo.

Mr. Whately, a medical practitioner long resident in Berkhamsted, offered to erect at his own expense a new window over the western entrance of the

parish church, and his munificent proposal was accepted at a vestry-meeting held on the 5th Jan. 1866. The decease of Mr. Whately occurred before the glass was ready; but at a public meeting held in the town hall, under the presidency of the Bishop of the diocese, on the 19th March 1868, the following resolution was passed:—

"That the stonework of the west window be erected as especially commemorative of the generosity of the late Thomas Whately, esq. in presenting the parish with the stained glass for the same, and of the very high respect in which, professionally and privately, he was held in the parish and neighbourhood during a residence of thirty years in Berkhamsted."

The Rev. F. B. Harvey, of the School-house, Berkhamsted, the author of the very excellent dissertation before us, is (or was in 1866) one of the churchwardens, and Mr. William Longman (the publisher) the other. Were our work one dedicated to the fine arts and not to biography, we should be tempted to enter at large upon the topics of Mr. Harvey's interesting lecture, which not only contains a useful and practical explanation of the various subjects of the new window, but a preliminary discourse of general application upon the art of glass painting. The materials are derived principally from those excellent authorities the late Mr. Winston and Mrs. Jameson, and from the direct information of Mr. Clement Heaton, (of the firm of Heaton, Butler, and Bayne, the manufacturers of the window,) who, early in 1865, read a paper upon the subject of ornamental and stained glass before the Architectural Association, which was printed at the time in *The Builder*. Berkhamsted Church is about to be thoroughly restored under the care of Mr. Butterfield, at an estimated expense of 5,000*l.* of which about 3,400*l.* have been subscribed. Let us interpose a prayer, in this as in every similar case, that the sepulchral monuments, whether on the walls or on the floor, be respected and preserved!

Some particulars of Berkhamsted Church, given as an appendix, are extracted from a former lecture, delivered some years ago, by the Rev. J. W. Cobb, then Curate.





## PROMOTIONS AND PREFERMENTS.

*Honours Conferred.*

*May 4.* Knighted by letters patent, James Martin, esq. late First Minister and Attorney-General in the colony of New South Wales; Robert Officer, esq. Speaker of the House of Assembly of the Colony of Tasmania; and Terence Aubrey Murray, esq. President of the Legislative Council of the colony of New South Wales.

*The State.*

*April 29.* Daniel Power Trench, esq. to be Collector-General for the island of Jamaica; and Richard Gillard, esq. to be collector of customs for the port of Kingston, in that island.

Robert Graham, esq. to be collector of customs, principal comptroller of Her Majesty's Customs and Navigation Laws, and registrar of shipping for the colony of the Cape of Good Hope; Henry Martin Herbert Orpen, esq. to be sub-collector and surveyor of customs and comptroller of Her Majesty's Customs and Navigation Laws at Cape Town; and Charles Wemyss Pearson,

esq. to be sub-collector and comptroller of Her Majesty's Customs and Navigation Laws at Port Alfred in the aforesaid colony.

*May 1.* Major-General Edward Frome to be Lieutenant Governor of the Island of Guernsey, in the room of Major-General Charles Rochfort-Scott, whose period of service has expired.

*May 3.* Charles Augustus Cobbe, esq. to be one of the inspectors under the "Act to render more effectual the Police in Counties and Boroughs in England and Wales," in the room of Lieut.-Gen. William Cartwright, resigned.

*May 8.* Sir Thomas Burch Western, Bart. M.P. to be Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the co. of Essex, in the place of Lord Dacre, resigned.

*The Law.*

*May 4.* Lyttelton Hollyoake Bayley, esq. barrister-at-law, and Francis Lloyd, esq. of the Bombay Civil Service, to be Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

## RECENT BIOGRAPHICAL INCIDENTS.

Mr. George G. Adams, sculptor, of Sloane-street, has been selected to execute the marble statue of Dr. Hugh M'Neile, Dean of Ripon, for the town of Liverpool.

Dr. Neil Arnott, F.R.S. the distinguished physicist, has written to Dr. L. Playfair, M.P. for the University of Edinburgh, offering to place 1,000*l.* in his hands to promote the study of experimental physics among the medical students of that university. The Senatus will immediately prepare a scheme by which the generous intentions of the founder may be best carried out.

The wealthy natives of Bombay, to mark their estimate of the character of Sir Joseph Arnould as a judge, especially his desire to deal out even-handed justice without reference to caste or colour, have resolved to institute a scholarship, which will bear his name, in the University of Bombay.

Dr. Lionel Beale has resigned the

Professorship of Physiology at King's College, London, but he will continue to hold office as Physician in the Hospital.

The Archdeaconry of Norfolk has been conferred upon the Rev. Ralph Blakelock, M.A., Rector of Gillingham.

Thomas Burke, esq. private secretary to Mr. Chichester Fortescue, has been appointed permanent Under Secretary for Ireland, in the room of the late Sir E. R. Wetherall.

The attainder on the Barony of Burley has been reversed in favour of Mr. Alexander Hugh Bruce, of Kennet. The attainder took place in 1716, in the time of Robert, fifth Lord Balfour of Burley. The present peer does not come of age until the 13th of January, 1870.

The Marquis of Bute, in token of gratitude for his conversion to the Catholic religion, and as a thankoffering, is about to found and endow a magni-



ficient hospital for lepers in Jerusalem. His lordship has been invested at Jerusalem with the spurs and sword of Godfrey of Bouillon, making him a Knight of the Holy Sepulchre. The ceremony was performed in the Latin Chapel of the Holy Sepulchre, called the Chapel of the Apparition.

Mr. Robert John Callander, late Auditor-General at Ceylon, has been appointed assistant-secretary to the Office of Works.

A marble bust of the late Charles Henry Cooper, esq. F.S.A. author of several esteemed works on the history of the University and Town of Cambridge, has been executed by Mr. Timothy Butler, and is at present at the Exhibition of the Royal Academy. It will be eventually placed in the Guildhall, Cambridge. From the study of two small photographs, the sculptor has succeeded in producing, not only a most faithful likeness, but an admirable work of art.

The Provisional Government at Madrid have conferred a knight commander's cross of the Order of Charles the Third upon Frederick W. Cosens, esq. of Clapham Park. The diploma, signed by Marshal Serrano, was granted for services rendered to the literature and arts as well as to the commerce of the country.

Miss Burdett Coutts's new Market in Columbia-square, Bethnal-green, was formally opened to the public on the 28th of April, with considerable ceremony, and in the presence of many thousands of spectators.

Sir John Crampton, Her Majesty's representative at Madrid, has sent in his resignation.

The fund for the widow of Mr. William Dargan, one of Ireland's greatest practical benefactors, has so utterly failed that the promoters have been obliged to appeal from Irish ingratitude to the liberality of the English Government.

An Old Scholars' Testimonial is being raised for the Rev. J. Fell, M.A. (for upwards of 50 years Head Master of the Royal Grammar School, Huntingdon,) upon the occasion of his resignation. Subscriptions received by the Hon. Sec. F. N. Allen, esq. 72, Cambridge-street, London, S.W.

Stephen Woulfe Flanagan, esq. Q.C. has been appointed a Judge in the Landed Estates' Court, Ireland, in the room of Judge Dobbs, deceased.

The Greenwich Hospital pension of

50*l.* a year, has been awarded to Mr. Charles Henry Fuller, Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, R.N.

The Rev. W. Goldstone, M.A. Oxon. formerly Curate of St. Michael's, Wakefield, has been received into the Catholic Church.

Dr. J. E. Gray has been elected an honorary member of the Royal Physiological Society of Lund, in Sweden.

Baron C. J. Hambro has received the Cross of Commander of the First Class of the Dannebrog Order of Denmark.

The University of Glasgow has conferred the degree of D.D. on the Rev. Nathaniel Hayeroff, Baptist minister of Leicester, who graduated at that University as M.A. with honours in 1843.

Francis G. Headlam, esq. has been appointed stipendiary magistrate for Manchester, in the place of Mr. Fowler, resigned.

Dr. Andrew Inglis has been appointed Regius Professor of Midwifery in the University of Aberdeen.

The Right Hon. John Inglis, Lord Justice General of Scotland, and President of the Court of Session, was, on the 12th of April, installed as Chancellor of the University of Edinburgh.

The Rev. Wm. Josiah Irons, D.D. has been elected Bampton Lecturer at Oxford for 1870.

A complete list of subscribers to a testimonial to Mr. N. Kendall, for many years the Conservative member for East Cornwall, has been published, and contains the names of the principal Conservatives and Liberals in the county. The total amount subscribed is 1,365*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.*

Mr. Lamont, late M.P. for Buteshire, and some other gentlemen, have fitted out a steamer of 250 tons for a new Polar expedition. She is christened the Diana. Mr. Lamont will accompany the expedition. The design is, if possible, to reach the Pole.

Mr. Charles MacIver, of the Cunard Steamship Company, Liverpool, has presented 1,000*l.* to the newly-formed institution at Liverpool for the training of the orphan children of seamen. This is in addition to the donation already made by his firm.

The Rev. Edward Mannering, pastor of the Independent Chapel, Bishopsgate, has received a purse of 1,500*l.* on attaining the jubilee of his ministerial career.

Robert St. John Mayne, esq. son of the late eminent physician Dr. Robert Mayne, was on the 17th April elected a





surgeon to the Meath Hospital, Dublin, in the place of the late Dr. Collis, of whom a memoir was given at p. 404.

Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander Milne, K.C.B. was appointed on the 28th of April Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Station, *vice* Lord Clarence Paget, whose period of service has expired.

A monument to the memory of the late Richard Oastler, esq. the successful advocate of the "Ten Hours' Bill," was inaugurated at Bradford on the 15th of May. It is a group, above life size, of the deceased protecting a factory boy and girl, by Mr. J. Birnie Philip.

An imposing ceremonial was performed on the 14th of May in Glasnevin Cemetery, when the remains of Daniel O'Connell were removed from their temporary tomb to a crypt under the Round Tower. Several thousand people assembled. II. E. Cardinal Cullen and several of the Catholic Bishops, the Lord Chancellor and other Judges, with a number of respectable citizens, were present. The proceedings were of a strictly religious character. A Requiem Mass was celebrated by the Bishop of Bombay, and an eloquent oration delivered by the Rev. Thomas Burke.

A monument to the memory of the late Sir William Parker, Bart. G.C.B. has just been placed in Lichtfield cathedral. The design is by Mr. Scott, and the work has been executed by Mr. Poole, in the most costly materials.

The Archdeaconry of Canterbury, vacant by the death of the Ven. James Croft, has been conferred upon the Rev. Edward Parry, M.A. Rector of Acton, Middlesex.

The Emperor of Austria has conferred the Order of the Iron Crown on Dr. August Heinrich Petermann in recognition of his services rendered to science in his expedition to the North Pole; and the Order of Francis Joseph on Captain Kildowey, the naval chief of that expedition.

The degree of D.D. has been conferred by the Senatus Academicus of the University of Edinburgh upon the Rev. Henry Robert Reynolds, of Chesham College, the Rev. John Stoughton, of Kensington, and the Rev. John Ker, minister of the United Presbyterian Church. The degree of LL.D. was conferred at the same time on Mr. Matthew Arnold, Mr. Alexander Bain, and others.

Dr. B. W. Richardson, has been elected

Assessor in the University Court of the University of St. Andrew's, in the place of Lord Jerviswode.

On the 1st of May a silver tea-service was presented to Lieut.-Col. Robinson by his comrades of the Hon. Artillery Company, upon his retirement from active service. His portrait also was erected in the banqueting-room of the company's head-quarters, with the following inscription: "WILLIAM THOMAS ROBINSON, esq. joined the Hon. Artillery Company Sept. 30, 1841; appointed Major, Feb. 26, 1858, and gazetted Lieutenant-Colonel by Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria on his retirement, after 28 years' active service, Jan. 5, 1869. In appreciation of the above special mark of Her Majesty's favour and his valuable services, this portrait was painted by subscription of members, 1869."

Professor Goldwin Smith has presented to Cornell University his private historical library, just arrived from England, which numbers 3,000 volumes, and has been insured for 6,000 dollars, about half its value.

The vacant Principalship of St. Aidan's College, Birkenhead, has been filled up by the unanimous election of the Rev. W. Saumarez Smith, Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, Vicar of Trumpington, and formerly Chaplain to the Bishop of Madras.

Lord Somerville, who recently came to the title by the unexpected death of his cousin, has arrived in England from Australia, where he has resided some years.

The will of Prosunno Coomar Tagore, who left 1,200*l.* a year for a University Chair of Jurisprudence and Law at Calcutta, has been upheld by Mr. Justice Phear, on the ground that a Hindoo can make a will creating a trust. The decision will be contested in the higher courts, but the Chair will be established in any case.

By an imperial decree the Baron Taylor, well known in Paris in connection with learned and charitable societies, has been raised to the rank of a senator.

Alfred Tennyson, esq. the Poet Laureate has been unanimously elected an Honorary Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge.

The Right Rev. Bishop Trower has accepted a commission from the Bishop of Exeter empowering him to undertake generally the episcopal duties of that diocese.



When Sir Joshua Walmsley was Mayor of Liverpool in 1839, his fellow-townsmen presented Lady Walmsley with a life-size portrait of her husband in his official robes. This portrait Sir Joshua has offered to the Liverpool Town Council, who have gratefully accepted it.

Major-General Whitfield, late of the 2nd West India Regiment, will succeed the late General Brunker in command of the troops in China and Japan.

The Council of the Royal College of Surgeons have accepted from Mr. Erasmus Wilson, F.R.S. the sum of 5,000*l.* together with a fine collection of drawings and models, for the endowment of

a Professorship of Diseases of the Skin. It is believed, adds the *British Medical Journal*, that the first series of lectures in connexion with this chair will be delivered by its founder.

In Bombay, Dr. Wilson, the great missionary and Orientalist, has lately received a testimonial, the capital of which is to endow a University Chair of Comparative Philology on his death.

The Earl of Zetland was installed on the 28th April, for the twenty-sixth time, Grand Master for the year of the English Masons. At the same time Earls De Grey and Percy were installed as Deputy Grand Master and Senior Grand Warden.

## EMINENT PERSONS RECENTLY DECEASED.

### Prince Mentschikoff.

Prince Alexander Sergeewitsch Mentschikoff, the defender of Sebastopol, died at St. Petersburg at the end of April or the beginning of May.

He was the grandson of a pastrycook, who rose to the highest dignities in Russia under Peter the Great and the Empress Catherine. Born in 1789, he entered the public service in 1805, and was for some time attached to the embassy at Vienna. As aide-de-camp to the Emperor Alexander, from 1812 to 1816, he went through several campaigns, and was elevated to the rank of general. After the Peace of Paris he was an ardent promoter of the Greek *hetaria*, professedly aiming at the restoration of the Greek empire. But this scheme being regarded with disfavour by the Emperor Alexander, Mentschikoff resigned in 1823, with Strogonow and Capo d'Istria.

He was recalled to court on the accession of the Emperor Nicholas, who charged him with an extraordinary mission to the Shah of Persia, Abbas Mirza, in order to conclude an alliance with that monarch against the Sultan. But the Shah, encouraged by a revolt in the Russian army, broke off the negotiations, and was very near laying hands on Mentschikoff, who not without difficulty effected his escape, and took part in the hostilities which followed. In 1824 he had the command of a division; made himself master of Anapa, entered Europe as general-in-chief, and undertook the siege of Yarna.

Being severely wounded, he resigned the command to Prince Woronzoff, and was long unfit for active employment. After his recovery he was nominated vice-admiral and chef d'etat major of the Russian navy. In this capacity he laboured, conjointly with the Grand Duke Constantine, in the creation of the Baltic fleet. In 1831 he was appointed Governor of Finland; in 1834 advanced to the rank of Admiral of the Fleet; and in 1836 constituted Minister of Marine. As Governor of Finland he acted with great harshness towards the population, which was almost exclusively Swedish.

In 1833 he was sent on an embassy to Constantinople to demand of the Sultan, on behalf of the Czar, the right of protectorate over all the Greek Christians. He appeared before the Divan in an old paletot and muddy boots, and behaved in such an outrageous manner that the Sultan, supported by the Western Powers, dismissed him. On his return to St. Petersburg he was received with coldness: but nevertheless, in 1854 he was appointed to the supreme civil and military command in the Crimea. It cannot be denied that he faced with great energy the storm he had drawn down upon his country. He brought about the insurrections in Thessaly and the Epirus, and established a system of observations which supplied him with a precise knowledge of the movements of the Turkish fleet, and enabled him to annihilate it at Sinope. His stubborn resistance in the Crimea, though not





crowned with success, heightened his reputation. In the battle of the Alma (20th September 1854) he met with a disastrous defeat; but he exhibited great resolution and readiness of resource in preventing, at that critical moment, the fall of Sebastopol. He was recalled immediately after the death of the Emperor Nicholas, when the command was given to Prince Gortschakoff. He was also relieved of the Ministry of Marine and the Governorship of Finland.

Prince Mentschikoff continued to sit in the council of the Empire, and to the day of his death he was very active as the leader of the old Pan Slavist party, and the declared enemy of all reform. With a natural bluntness of manner, he possessed a very active intellect, showing that singular mixture of barbarism and culture so often found associated in the Russian mind, manners, and politics.

#### **The Earl of Fingall, K.P.**

Died, on the 21st of April, at 47, Montagu-square, London, Sir Arthur James Plunkett, K.P. ninth Earl of Fingall, Baron Killeen of Killeen Castle, co. Meath; in the peerage of Ireland, and Baron Fingall of Woolhampton, co. Berks, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, a Privy Councillor of Ireland, and Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of Meath.

He was the only son of Arthur James the eighth Earl, by Frances, only daughter of John Donelan, esq. of Bally Donelan, co. Galway. He was born at Geneva on the 29th of March, 1791. He represented the county of Meath in the Liberal interest in the first two Parliaments of William IV. and succeeded to the honours of the Irish and British peerage in July 1836. His lordship was for many years Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Meath, and one of the Visitors of the Royal College of St. Patrick, Maynooth; and at one time a Lord-in-Waiting on Her Majesty. He was sworn a Privy Councillor in Ireland in 1834, and nominated a Knight of the Order of St. Patrick in 1846. He was one of the leading Irish Catholics of the last generation, and, with his father, took an active part in the great struggle for Catholic Emancipation.

He married, on 11th December 1817, Louisa Emilia, only daughter of Elias Corbally, esq. of Corbalton Hall, co.

Meath. By her (who died 7th April 1866) he had issue: (1) Arthur James, Lord Killeen, who now succeeds to his father's titles. He was born at Naples, 10th May 1819, was for some time a major in the 8th Hussars, and served in the Crimea. He married, in 1857, Elise Marie, daughter of M. Rio, of Paris, and by this lady, who died in 1862, has issue; (2) Elias Robert, born 1822, died 1846; (3) William Matthew, born 6th June 1824, late an officer in the 23rd Fusiliers, now in holy orders of the Church of Rome; (4) Edmund Luke, born 1828; (5) George John, barrister-at-law, born 1831; (6) Francis Richard, Second Secretary of Embassy at Vienna, born 1833; (7) Emma Frances Mary, who became the wife of W. Michael Ince Anderton, esq. of Euxton Hall, co. Lancaster, and died 1866; (8) Henrietta Maria, married in 1855 to Thomas William Charles Riddell, esq. jun. of Felton Park, Northumberland, who died at Barcelona, 1867.

#### **The Countess of Mornington.**

Died on the 7th of April, at West Cowes, Isle of Wight, Helena, Countess of Mornington, aged 75. Her story, observes the *Pall Mall Gazette*, is sad and pitiful. She was the third daughter of Colonel Thomas Patterson, and granddaughter of a Scottish house of large property in Renfrewshire. Her first husband was Captain Edward Bligh, of the Coldstream Guards. Early left a widow, in 1828, when little more than thirty years of age, she married the Hon. William Pole Tyrney-Long-Wellesley, then the only son of Lord Maryborough, who had already gained the reputation of having broken one wife's heart, and squandered the greater part of the fine property which had come to him by marriage from the Tylnes and the Longs. In course of time Mr. Long-Wellesley became Earl of Mornington, and head of the house of Wellesley; and when, some ten years ago, that nobleman died, a pensioner on the charity of his relatives, in an obscure lodging-house near Marylebone-lane, his poor wife had once, if not more than once, to appear at a metropolitan police court as a suppliant for public charity. Of late years nothing had been heard of her till the notification of her death the other day.

#### **Lord Fairfax.**

On the 5th of April, died, at Barnum's Hotel, Baltimore, the Right Hon.



Charles Snowden Fairfax, the tenth Baron Fairfax, of Cameron, in the peerage of Scotland.

The family of Fairfax, which was of high antiquity and importance in Yorkshire, was one of those elevated to the dignity of a peer of Scotland by King Charles I. This elevation occurred in the year 1627, and it seems to have been conferred just as peerages of Ireland were in the last century, in the character of a dignity one degree superior to that of baronet, for the family had actually no connection with Scotland. The honour (which was possibly purchased for money, as was often the case at that period,) did not attach the family to the Crown, for the second Lord Fairfax became a general for the Parliament, and his son (afterwards the third Baron) was the republican general-in-chief, a leader of the popular cause eclipsed only by Cromwell.

The trans-Atlantic connections of the Fairfaxes arose from Thomas the fifth Baron having married Catharine, daughter and heir of Thomas Lord Colepepper, the owner of an extensive tract of land in Virginia, which was called the Northern Neck, comprised within the boundaries of the rivers Potomac and Rappahannock, and containing by estimation 5,700,000 acres. After Thomas the sixth Lord had succeeded his father in 1710, he was persuaded by his mother and grandmother to alienate his patrimonial manor of Denton, and other estates in Yorkshire, in order to redeem those of the family of Colepepper, then deeply mortgaged. Visiting his American property about the year 1739, he was so captivated with the soil, climate, and beauties of Virginia, that he resolved to spend the remainder of his life there; and he soon after erected two mansions, Belvoir and Greenway Court, in which he subsequently resided. His dress was plain and simple, his manners modest and unaffected, but his style of living magnificent. He gave up his English estates to his brother Robert, who succeeded him in the peerage in 1782, and who died in 1793 without issue, when his Kentish estates, including the grand and once royal castle of Leeds, near Maidstone, devolved upon his nephew the Rev. Denny Martin, who thereupon took the name of Fairfax.

William Fairfax, a nephew of the fifth Lord, had settled in New England, and he became the manager of his cousin's estates in Virginia. His son,

the Rev. Bryan Fairfax, minister of the Episcopal church of Alexandria, was in 1793 the heir male of the family. He was a friend of Gen. Washington, and at one time his chaplain. Having laid claim to the peerage, his right to it was confirmed by a decision of the House of Lords in 1800. He married a Miss Cary, of the American branch\* of the same family which produced the Lords Hunsdon and Falkland, and was succeeded by his son Thomas.

Thomas the ninth Lord resided at Vaucluse, in Fairfax county, Virginia, and died there in 1846, leaving as his heir his grandson Charles Snowden, whose death we now record.

The late Lord Fairfax was born at Vaucluse on the 8th of March 1829. For many years past he had resided in California, where he was Speaker of the House of Representatives in 1854. Subsequently for five years he was Clerk of the Supreme Court of the same State. He was Chairman of the Californian delegation to the Democratic National Convention, which assembled in New York last July. He was thoroughly identified with the state of his adoption, and was well known and respected on the Pacific coast. He had never himself assumed the title of Lord, preferring to die as he had lived—an American citizen. He married, Jan. 10, 1855, Ada, second daughter of Joseph S. Benham, a distinguished lawyer of Cincinnati, Ohio, son of the late gallant Major Robert Benham. Having no issue, he is succeeded by his brother John, who is a physician resident at Woodburne in Maryland.

The following anecdote of the late lord has been published by the Editor of "Debrett's Peerage," who vouches for its authenticity:—

"In the spring of 1859 Lord Fairfax was walking home, accompanied by the Chief Justice of California and two

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\* His father, William Fairfax, of Belvoir, near Mount Vernon, had also married a Cary; and "One of his daughters was married to General Washington's elder brother, Lawrence, owner of Mount Vernon, by which means it came to pass that there was such an intimacy between the General and the Fairfax family, and that matrimonial connections between the Washington and Fairfax families have been so multiplied."—Bishop Meade's *Old Churches, Ministers, and Families of Virginia*, ii. 109.





other friends, when he was met by a reporter of the court named Henry Lee. Lee, having thought Lord Fairfax had in some way tried to injure him, accused him of so doing, a charge which his lordship denied. To this denial Lee rejoined in an insolent and offensive manner, substantially giving the lie, evidently desiring that Lord Fairfax should strike him; he effected his object, his lordship striking him on the face. Lee, in return, struck at him with a light cane, within which was concealed a long dagger. Lord Fairfax caught the cane in his left hand; Lee sprang back, drew the dagger quickly from the cane, and inflicted two terrible wounds, one through the left breast, and the other in the side. Lord Fairfax had drawn a Derringer pistol, and presented it, cocked, in time to prevent Lee making a third thrust. In a moment Lee threw up his arms and cried out, 'Don't kill me, I am unarmed!' (All this occurred in an incredibly short space of time, before any one had time to interfere, or even realize that a deadly assault had been made.) Standing perfectly still, Lord Fairfax (a splendid shot), who had him covered at not more than six feet distant, and could have killed him beyond any possible doubt, thus replied, 'You miserable coward, you have murdered me,—you have assassinated me,—and I have your worthless life in my hands; but for the sake of your wife and child I shall spare you.' Cries, at this, were raised from the crowd of 'Shoot him, Fairfax!' 'Kill him!' 'Don't spare him!' and the like. Standing erect, looking Lee full in the face, and holding the pistol as before, Lord Fairfax answered, 'No, I won't kill him!' and then, addressing Lee, said, 'Recollect, I have your life in my hands, and I spare it; not on your worthless account, for you are an assassin and a coward, but because of your wife and child.' "

#### The Comte de Laborde.

The distinguished French archaeologist and traveller, Léon Emmanuel Simon Joseph, Comte de Laborde, died in March last, at the age of 62.

He was born at Paris on the 12th of June, 1807, being the son of Alexandre Laborde, who made a name by his works on art, and who also played a part in political life under the Restoration and the July Monarchy. After studying at the University of Göttingen he visited Egypt at the age of 20,

and from thence undertook the exploration of Arabia Petraea in conjunction with M. Linant. Being an expert draughtsman he filled his portfolio with sketches, and on his return to Europe, in 1830, commenced the publication of his observations, under the title of "*Voyage de l'Arabie Pétrée*." The success of this work, which was illustrated with plates executed by skilful artists, induced M. de Laborde to commence a similar publication, the "*Voyage en Orient*" (parts 1-36, 1838-55), which was got up with great taste, but which, like most of his numerous works, remained uncompleted for a great number of years. The two last parts appeared in 1864.

The history of the fine arts next attracted his attention, and in 1839 he commenced his "*Histoire de la Gravure en manière noire, et de son application à l'imprimerie*." Subsequently he published "*Recherches sur la découverte de l'imprimerie*," 1840; and "*Le Procès de Guttenburg à Strasbourg*," 1841.

On the death of his father in 1840, he succeeded to all his honours, and in 1841 succeeded him as Deputy for the town of Etampes. In 1842 he became a member of the Academy of Inscriptions and Belles Lettres. To justify the votes which his name alone would have secured for him, he published, just before his election, a "*Commentaire Géographique sur l'Exode et les Nombres*," 1842, in which he gave the results of his geographical researches on Palestine and Arabia Petraea. This work contains a remarkable chapter on magic, in the reality of which the author appears to have been a believer.

As a Deputy he voted uniformly with the Government. He took great interest in the removal of the Royal Library, and commenced the publication of his interesting "*Lettres sur les Bibliothèques*," which, however, were never finished.

In 1847, on the decease of M. de Clarac, Louis Philippe made him Conservator of the Museum of Antiquities in the Louvre. This post he lost soon afterwards in consequence of the Revolution; but after the election of the 10th of December he regained it, and had placed under his care the monuments of the Renaissance and the modern sculpture. He drew up a "*Catalogue Raisonné des Emaux*," which belonged to his department (2 vols. 1852).

After a journey to Belgium he pub-



lished an "Essai de Catalogue des Artistes des Pays Bas," 1849. At the same period he commenced "Les Ducs de Bourgogne," a publication intended to show the state of the arts and of industry in France and the Low Countries in the 15th century. The three volumes first published formed the second part of the work, and contain the "Pièces justificatives." In 1850 there appeared also the first volume of "La Renaissance des Arts à la Cour de France."

He was promoted to be an officer of the Legion of Honour, 25th April 1847, and in 1851 was appointed a member of the International Commission for the Great Exhibition of London. In 1854 he resigned his situation at the Louvre, and he was nominated in 1856 Director-General of the Archives of the Empire. His elevation to the Senate occurred not very long ago.

M. de Laborde communicated to the "Revue Archéologique" numerous articles, which were printed in a collected form, under the title of "Mémoires et Dissertations," 1852. He was also a contributor to the "Revue des Deux Mondes," and other periodicals.

#### **Sir H. S. Blane, Bart.**

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Hugh Seymour Blane, of Blanefield, co. Ayr, and Culverlands, co. Berks. Bart. died on the evening of the 14th of April, at The Pastures, his seat, near Derby.

He was born on the 29th of July, 1795, being the second son of Sir Gilbert Blane, M.D. one of the physicians in ordinary to King George III. who was created a Baronet in 1812, by his wife Elizabeth, only daughter of Ab. Gardner, esq. He entered the army at an early age, and served with the 3rd Foot Guards (now the Scots Fusiliers), at the battle of Waterloo. After attaining the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the army, he retired from the service in August 1831. He succeeded his father as second Baronet in June 1834.

He married on 23rd Jan. 1832, Eliza, daughter of John Armit, esq. of Dublin, and by her leaves issue:—(1.) Lieut.-Col. Seymour John Blane, of the Rifle Brigade, who succeeds to the title, and is briefly noticed at the close of this article; (2.) Arthur Rodney. Com. R.N. born 25th July, 1834; (3.) Charles Gilbert, Capt. 23rd Fusiliers, born 3rd Nov. 1837.

The present Baronet, who was born 1st Feb. 1833, served with the Scots Fusilier Guards in the Eastern campaign

in 1854 and 1855, and was present at the battles of Balaklava and Inkerman (where he was wounded), the siege of Sebastopol, and sortie on the 26th of October. In 1856 he exchanged into the 56th Foot, and in 1859 was appointed brigade-Major of the Queen's troops in Calcutta, and has been military secretary and aide-de-camp to the late Viceroy of India (Lord Lawrence). He is at present on leave of absence from Calcutta.

#### **Sir J. E. De Beauvoir, Bart.**

Died on the 29th of April at Upper Gloucester-street, Dorset-square, Sir John Edmund De Beauvoir, Bart.

He was the eldest son of Sir John Edmund Browne, of Breafig, co. Mayo, (who was created a Baronet of Ireland in 1797,) by Margaret, second daughter of Matthew Lorian, esq. of Ardee, co. Louth.

Born in 1794, he was educated at Westminster School, and served for some years in the Cameronians. In 1825 he married Mary, only daughter of Richard Wright, esq. of East Harling Hall, co. Norfolk, and relict of Admiral MacDougal. This lady (who died in 1832) being sole next of kin to the Rev. Peter De Beauvoir, her husband assumed by sign manual, on his marriage, the surname of De Beauvoir, and the arms of De Beauvoir jointly with those of Browne. In 1827 he claimed and received the honour of knighthood as the eldest son of a Baronet. He succeeded as second Baronet on the decease of his father in 1835.

After having unsuccessfully contested Windsor in 1832 he was elected M.P. for that borough in December 1834, but was unseated on petition in the following year, and was again an unsuccessful candidate for the same constituency in 1837.

He took as his second wife, on 16th March 1867, Letitia, younger daughter of the late Rev. Charles Mann, of Denvir Hall, Downham, Rector of Southey, Norfolk, by his second wife, Snsanna, youngest daughter of Admiral Mac Dougal.

As the late Baronet had no issue, the title devolves on his brother Charles Manley Browne, esq. born 1812, late Captain in the Durham Artillery. The present Baronet married in 1840, Jane, daughter of Thomas Macaulay Cruttwell, esq. of Perryneck Lodge, and by this lady (from whom he was divorced in 1863, and who is now de-





ceased), he has issue a son, John, born 17 April 1841.

It is perhaps worthy of record that the coat of arms which stands over the doorway of Westminster School was presented by the late Baronet to replace the former escutcheon which he and some of his schoolfellows had destroyed or mutilated when boys at school.

**Sir C. W. Dilke, Bart.**

The death of Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke, Bart. took place at the Hotel de France, St. Petersburg, on the 10th of May.

He was born in London on the 18th of Feb. 1810, being the only son of the late Mr. Charles Wentworth Dilke, chief proprietor and for many years editor of the *Athenæum* newspaper, and subsequently the manager of the *Daily News*, a critic whose writings on Pope, on Burke, and on Junius are known to all students of our literary and political history. His mother was Maria-Dover, daughter of Mr. E. Walker. He was educated at Westminster School, and subsequently at Trinity Hall, Cambridge, and graduated LL.B. in 1834. In early life he was associated with the literary labours of his father, whom he largely aided by his cultivated tastes, his wide range of information, sound judgment, and business habits. For a short time he studied law, but afterwards gave up his leisure to the affairs of three or four of the scientific societies. He took a prominent part in the Society of Arts, where he was for some years Chairman of the Council. He was one of the earliest promoters of the first Great Exhibition, (first originated by Mr. Whishaw, the Secretary of that institution,) and acted as a leading member of the Executive Committee. In that position he was brought into close and frequent contact with the late Prince Consort, who was much struck with the ability he displayed, and at whose suggestion the honour of knighthood was offered to him in recognition of his services. That honour, however, he declined; and with it the offer of a large pecuniary remuneration, wishing his services to be purely honorary. But Her Majesty resolved that he should not be wholly unrewarded, and sent to Mrs. Dilke a handsome diamond bracelet, which no doubt will become an heir-loom in the Dilke family. He received also many tokens of approbation from foreign sovereigns.

In 1833 he visited North America as (unpaid) commissioner to the New York Industrial Exhibition, and he made a special report upon it which was published by order of the House of Commons.

Mr. Dilke was associated with the second Great Exhibition as one of the five Royal Commissioners appointed by Her Majesty. It has also been always understood that the resuscitation of the Royal Horticultural Society of London has been in a very great measure due to his exertions as one of the most active of its Vice-Presidents. He was also a Trustee of the Soane Museum, a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries, and of the Royal Geographical Society; and a magistrate for Middlesex.

Almost immediately after the death of the Prince Consort, Her Majesty was pleased to confer (22 Jan. 1862) a baronetcy on Mr. Dilke, in recognition of the Prince's friendship and personal regard for him.

Sir Charles was elected in July 1865 as member, in the Liberal interest, for Wallingford, defeating Mr. Serjeant Malins (who has since attained the judicial bench), but he lost his seat at the general election in November last.

His visit to Russia was in order to represent this country at the great horticultural exhibition about to be held at St. Petersburg. He had been for some time past in failing health, and it was hoped that the trip to Russia would have been beneficial to him, but the extreme inclemency of the weather in the north of Europe aggravated his disease.

The deceased married, on the 30th March 1840, Mary, daughter of William Chatfield, Capt. in the Madras Cavalry. By this lady, who died on the 16th of Sept. 1853, he had issue two sons and a daughter, viz.: Charles Wentworth, born 4 Sept. 1843, who succeeds to the title, and who at the last election was returned to Parliament as one of the members, in the Liberal interest, for the newly-enfranchised constituency of Chelsea; Ashton Wentworth, born 11 August 1850, who was travelling with his father in Russia at the time of his death; and Mildred, who died an infant 31 Jan. 1853.

**Sir T. M. Wilson, Bart.**

Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, Bart. of Eastbourne, co. Sussex, Colonel of the



West Kent Militia, and a Deputy-Lieut. for the co. of Kent, died at Folkestone on the 4th of May.

He was born on the 14th of April 1800, at Southend, Prittlewell, Essex, being son of Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson the seventh Baronet, by Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. James Smith, R.N. Sent to St. John's College, Cambridge, he graduated M.A. there in 1822, having in the previous year succeeded to the title and family estates.

Land at Hampstead Heath, Finchley, &c. the inclosure of which has frequently been proposed and defeated before Parliament, formed portions of farms at the time of the death of Sir Thomas M. Wilson's father, and in the attempts of the late Baronet to improve them he unjustly met with a large amount of opprobrium and criticism from the papers. It was never his intention to build on Hampstead Heath, and his conduct in throwing open every summer Little Heath for the recreation of school children and various *fêtes* was indicative of a genial and kind disposition, the very reverse of a desire of curtailing in any way the people's recreative enjoyment. With the Baronet's death several restrictions on the property cease, and the new Baronet will have full power to sell or let for building, recreative, or other purposes the lands at Hampstead, Charlton, &c.

Sir Thomas Wilson took great interest in natural history and objects of curiosity. He succeeded to a private menagerie of wild animals at Charlton House, but his kindly disposition and dislike of keeping animals in confinement induced him not to replace the animals as they died off, and it has gradually dwindled down till only a few monkeys are left.

He was appointed Major of the West Kent Militia in 1852, and Colonel the following year.

The late Baronet having died a bachelor, the title devolves on his brother John Maryon Wilson of Fitzjohns, Prittlewell, co. Essex, who married in 1825 the daughter of George Wade, esq. of Dunmow.

Sir Thomas's remains were interred in the family vault at St. Luke's church, Charlton.

#### Sir A. W. Buller.

Sir Arthur William Buller, M.P. for Liskeard, died on the 30th of April.

He was second son of the late Charles Buller, esq. who was formerly in the

Civil Service of the East India Company in Bengal, and afterwards M.P. for West Looe, by his wife Barbara Isabella, daughter of the late General Kirkpatrick. Born at Calcutta in 1808, he was educated at the University of Edinburgh and Trinity College, Cambridge, where he graduated B.A. in 1830, and M.A. in 1834. In the latter year he was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn, and went the Western circuit. He was Queen's Advocate in Ceylon from 1840 to July 1848, when he was appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court of Calcutta, and knighted. This post he resigned in 1858. He represented Devonport in the House of Commons from June 1859 to June 1865, since which time he sat for Liskeard. He was a Liberal in politics, and supported Mr. Gladstone's bill for the disestablishment and disendowment of the Irish Church.

A writer in the *Pall Mall Gazette* says:—"The differences of wit and humour were well illustrated, and the one and the other quality excellently exemplified, in the elder and more distinguished brother Charles, and Sir Arthur. A more humorous man than Sir Arthur probably never lived; but a peculiar diffidence prevented him from showing his powers in the House of Commons, where the witty Charles Buller had made himself early a leader of opinion and a favourite. In private circles, and as an after-dinner speaker on semi-public occasions, Sir Arthur Buller was exceedingly and endlessly amusing. In early life he was, with his brother Charles, one of the band of writers who, under John Stuart Mill and Sir William Molesworth, made the brilliant beginning of the *London Review*, soon after merged in the *Westminster*. He afterwards went to Ceylon as Advocate-General; and in 1847 Sir John Hobhouse made him an Indian judge. His appointment was doubtless mainly owing to the influence of Charles Buller, who was then a member of the Whig government. There was something beautiful in the affection of the two brothers. They were both pupils in youth of Thomas Carlyle. They were both members of Lord Durham's staff in Canada. Something more than 20 years have passed since Charles Buller was suddenly snatched away, after a few days' illness, at the early age of 42, though he yet stood only at the threshold of political power."





Sir Arthur Buller married in 1842 Maria, daughter of Francis Templer, esq. of the Island of Ceylon.

**Major-Gen. Sir H. W. Rooke.**

Died, on the 2nd of May, at Pilstone House, Monmouthshire, Major-General Sir Henry Willoughby Rooke, C.B. K.C.H. formerly of the 3rd or Scots Fusilier Guards, a Deputy-Lieutenant of Berkshire, and a Magistrate for that county and for Monmouthshire.

He was born in 1782, being the son of Colonel Charles Rooke, by Elizabeth, daughter of Ambrose Dawson, esq. of Langeliffe Hall and Bolton Hall, Yorkshire. After receiving a liberal education at Eton, he entered the 3rd Regiment of Guards in 1798. He embarked with his regiment for Holland in August 1799, and was present in the actions of the 27th of August, 10th and 19th of September, and 2nd and 6th of October. He became Lieutenant and Captain in 1800; and Lieutenant-Colonel in 1812. In 1813 he again embarked with his regiment for Holland, and in command of the 2nd battalion was present at the advance to Antwerp, the bombardment of the French fleet at Antwerp, and the attack on Bergen-op-Zoom. He likewise served in the campaign of 1815, including the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo.

In recognition of his military services in the Netherlands he was made a Companion of the Bath, and in 1833 a Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

On attaining the rank of Major-Gen. in the army, in July 1830, he retired from the service.

He married in 1804 Selina Mary, daughter of Major Henry Rooke, by whom he had issue the late George C. Rooke, esq. of Bigsweat, co. Gloucester, who left a son, Willoughby Sandilands Rooke, of Bigsweat, an officer in the Scots Fusilier Guards.

**Sir E. R. Wetherall.**

Sir Edward Robert Wetherall, K.C.S.I., C.B., Under-Secretary for Ireland, died at The Lodge in the Phoenix Park, Dublin, between seven and eight o'clock on the evening of the 11th of May. He had attended to the duties of his office as usual during the day, and taken horse exercise in the afternoon. He complained that the horse had pulled strongly and somewhat wearied him, but he was in full dress, about to proceed to a dinner party at

Sir Joseph Napier's, when he died almost without a moment's warning. He had for some time been affected with disease of the heart, and was attended by Dr. Barker and Dr. Hudson, who had warned him against over-exertion or excitement.

He was the son of Sir George Augustus Wetherall, G.C.B. and was born in the year 1815. After receiving a suitable training at the Naval and Military Academy, Edinburgh, and the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, he entered the army as an Ensign in 1834. The dates of his promotions are as follows:—Lieutenant 1837; Captain 1845; Major 1854; Lieutenant-Colonel July 1855; Colonel, Dec. 1855. He served in Canada during the Rebellion of 1837-9, and was shipwrecked with the Royal Regiment in the transport ship *Premier*. During the Crimean war he was Assistant Quartermaster-General, and was present at the battles of the Alma, Balaklava, and Inkermann, and at the siege and fall of Sebastopol. He acted also as Deputy Quartermaster-General of the Turkish Contingent at Kertch, and was subsequently Director General of the Land Transport Corps in the Crimea, being entrusted with the re-organisation of that regiment. His services were rewarded with the Crimean medal and four clasps, the Turkish war medal, and the Order of the Medjidie. He was also nominated a Companion of the Bath and a Knight of the Legion of Honour. In China he served as Deputy Quartermaster-general of the Forces, and during the Indian Mutiny he acted as Chief of the Staff of the Central India Field Force and the South Onde Field Force. He commanded at the attack and capture of the entrenched camps of Rampore, Kussea, and at many other important engagements. Subsequently he became Deputy Quartermaster-general at headquarters, and an Aide-de-camp to the Queen.

On the retirement of Sir Thomas Larcom in December last, he was nominated to succeed him as permanent Under-Secretary for Ireland. His appointment, which was made after the Conservative Government had resigned but before the Liberals came into power, was made the subject of adverse comment in the House of Commons, and Mr. Chichester Fortescue, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, intimated that Sir Edward would be removed when an opportunity occurred for placing him



in a military instead of a civil position. He proved, however, a diligent and able public officer, thoroughly conversant with the duties of his department, and so high-minded and so courteous as to win the cordial respect of all with whom he had official intercourse.

He married in 1847 Katherine, dau. of the late John Dunne, esq. of Astley Hall, Lancashire by whom he leaves issue.

He was buried on the 18th of May with military honours, in the presence of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant and a large assemblage of persons representing the highest departments of the State.

#### Chief Justice Lefroy.

The Right Hon. Thomas Langlois Lefroy, LL.D. of Carrickglass, co. Longford, for many years Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland, and the oldest member of the legal profession in the three kingdoms, died at Bray, near Dublin, on the 4th of May.

The Chief Justice was sprung from an ancient Huguenot family, which took refuge in England in the year 1587, and of which the history\* has been recently printed (for private circulation) by Brigadier-Gen. John Henry Lefroy, R. Art. F.R.S. His grandfather, a native of Canterbury, was a merchant at Leghorn, and died there in 1779. His father, an officer in the Army, Lt.-Col. Anthony Lefroy, passed his life entirely in Ireland, holding successively commissions in the 33rd and 49th regiments of Foot, and afterwards in the 13th and 9th Light Dragoons, to the command of the last of which he was presented in 1785, but resigned his commission in 1791, and finally died at Limerick in 1819. By Anne Gardiner, whom he married in 1765, he had a very numerous family, of whom the future Chief Justice was the eldest son, born on the 8th Jan. 1776.

Thomas Lefroy entered Trinity col-

\* "Notes and Documents relating to the Family of Lefroy, of Cambray prior to 1587, and of Canterbury 1587-1779, now chiefly represented by the Families of Lefroy and of Carrickglass, co. Longford, Ireland, and of Itchell, Hants, with branches in Australia and Canada. Being a contribution to the History of Foreign Protestant Refugees. By a Cadet. Woolwich: Printed at the Press of the Royal Artillery Institution, 1868." (Fifty copies.)

lege, Dublin, at the early age of fourteen, under the tuition of the Rev. Robert Barrowes, afterwards Dean of Cork. He attained distinguished success in the university; every academic honour—premiums, certificates, a moderatorship, and finally, in 1795, the gold medal of his class, attended his progress. Having taken his degree as Bachelor of Arts in 1796, he entered as a student in Lincoln's Inn, and was called to the bar in 1797.

At first he applied himself principally to the common law, and went circuit for many years; practising, however, in the equity and common law courts, as usual at the Irish bar, until enabled, from his professional reputation, to confine himself to the courts of equity.

The office of Lord High Chancellor of Ireland was then filled by Lord Redesdale, whose judgments evinced such depth of research and erudition, that it was generally felt that they ought to be preserved. Mr. Lefroy, therefore, undertook to report them, in conjunction with his friend Mr. Schoales, afterwards Q.C. and Chairman of Quarter Sessions for the Queen's County.

In 1816 Mr. Lefroy, having then risen high in practice, obtained a silk gown, and in Dec. 1818 was appointed His Majesty's third serjeant-at-law in Ireland. He rose, in the usual course of succession, to the second and first serjeantcy, frequently going circuit as a Judge of Assize. He continued to hold this rank until 1830, when he resigned it in consequence of an infringement, as he conceived, upon the privileges of the office. Upon the vacancy which occurred in the Court of Exchequer by the death of Baron George, he was offered a seat on the bench by Earl Talbot, then Lord-Lieutenant; and on the retirement of Judge Daly a seat in the Queen's Bench; and again, on the death of Judge Fletcher, a seat in the Common Pleas by the Marquess Wellesley. Mr. Serjeant Lefroy, however, declined the post of a puisne judge, being (though still a young man) amongst those in the fullest business at the Irish bar, and encouraged by the gratifying declaration of His Excellency's wish to place him, whenever an opportunity should occur, in one of the highest judicial offices.

On the retirement of the Right Hon. W. C. Plunkett (afterwards Lord Plunkett,) from the representation in Parliament of the University of Dublin, in





the year 1830, Mr. Lefroy was invited to become a candidate, and was elected in opposition to Mr. Wilson Croker and the late Mr. North. Again in 1831, when opposed by the late Judge Crampton, the Solicitor-General, he was re-elected; and after the Reform Act had given two members to the University, and greatly enlarged the constituency, he was again returned.

As a speaker in the House of Commons he succeeded but indifferently; his manner was not attractive, and he knew less of the graces of diction than most of his fellow-countrymen. In the earlier part of his Parliamentary career he spoke frequently, more especially on Irish subjects and against Mr. O'Connell. He voted against the Reform Bill of 1832, and against Mr. Stanley's measure for pruning and lopping the Irish Established Church in the following year; and he consistently opposed the leading measures of Lords Grey and Melbourne, and as zealously supported the Premier of his choice, Sir Robert Peel, whose personal acquaintance he had made some years previously when that statesman was in Dublin as Chief Secretary for Ireland. A strong and decided Tory, and a strenuous opponent of the interests of the Roman Catholics, he was still entitled to the credit of being one of the best-tempered men who ever took a strong line in Parliament. In his public and private character he was always greatly respected; and, high as party politics ran in Ireland thirty years ago, no word of reproach was uttered against Mr. Serjeant Lefroy. He sat for the University of Dublin as the colleague of the Right Hon. Frederick Shaw down to the year 1841.

When Sir Robert Peel returned a second time to place and power, in that year, he was appointed to the first vacancy on the Irish Bench as one of the Barons of the Exchequer; whence he was promoted in 1852 by Lord Derby to the post of Lord Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench. He continued to take his seat on the bench and to hear causes until his 90th year, when the return of Lord Derby to place gave him the opportunity of gracefully resigning his post, in the month of May 1866. He then bade adieu to public life, and thenceforward lived in the bosom of his family, strong and hale beyond his years, and with very little consciousness of failing faculties.

Besides the *Reports in the Irish*

*Court of Chancery under Lord Redesdale*, already mentioned, Judge Lefroy was the author of an Irish law pamphlet published as long ago as 1802, on *Proceedings by Elegit, in which the Effect of a late Decision is considered, and a new Method of Proceeding is proposed*.

He married in 1799 Mary, the only daughter and heiress of Jeffry Paul, esq. of Silver Spring, co. Wexford, by whom he had issue: (1) Anthony, who has represented the University of Dublin for the last ten years, having previously been M.P. for co. Longford; (2) Thomas Paul, Q.C.; (3) Jeffry, M.A. Rector of Aghaderg, Loughbrickland, co. Down; (4) George Thompson, treasurer to the ecclesiastical commissioners; and three daughters, Jane, Anne, and Mary. The three elder sons have married—the eldest the Hon. Jane King (who died 1863), daughter of the first Viscount Lorton, by whom he has issue two daughters; Fanny, wife of Col. David Carrick Buchanan, of Drumpeller, co. Lanark; and Mary, wife of Lieut.-Col. the Hon. William L. P. Talbot, brother to Lord Talbot de Malahide. Mr. Thomas Lefroy married in 1835 the Hon. Elizabeth Jane Sarah Anne Massy, daughter of the third Lord Massy, and has issue four sons and four daughters. The Rev. Jeffry Lefroy married, in 1844, Miss Helena Trench, daughter of the Rev. Frederic Stewart Trench, Rector of Athy, and cousin to Lord Ashtown, and has issue six sons and two daughters.

The funeral took place on the 11th of May, and was attended by the judges of the several courts, by all the leading members of the bar, and a large number of respectable citizens. The *cortège* left Bray at half-past seven, and proceeded to Leeson-street, where it was joined by friends resident in Dublin, and thence to Mount Jeromo Cemetery. The four sons of the deceased, Henry Lefroy, esq. his brother, and Langlois-Anthony and Frederick Lefroy, his grandsons, were the chief mourners. The funeral service was performed by the Dean of Limerick (who delivered an address), the Archdeacon of Raphoe, and the Rev. James Quintin.

Admiral W. Bateman Dashwood.

Another veteran of the "Great War," Admiral William Bateman Dashwood, died suddenly on the 9th of May, at Geneva.



Born on the 1st Sept. 1790, he entered the navy in 1799 as a first-class volunteer, on board the *Defiance*, which afterwards became the flag-ship of Rear-Admiral Thomas Graves, under whom he served at the battle of Copenhagen, 2nd April, 1801. In 1802 he became midshipman of the *Isis*, and remained with her at Newfoundland till 1805, when he joined consecutively the *Pomone* and *Modeste*. In 1807, being then in the East Indies, he was appointed acting-Lieutenant of the *Culloden*, flag-ship of Sir E. Pellew, from which we find him officially promoted, on 28th Jan. 1808, into his former ship the *Modeste*. In 1810 he joined the *Atlas*, and was for some time employed in the gunboat service at the siege of Cadiz. Prior to his appointment as First Lieutenant to the *Active*, of 46 guns, Captain (afterwards Sir) James Alexander Gordon, which took place in Oct. 1811, Mr. Dashwood further served for a few months on board the *Cumberland* and *Ajax*. On the 29th Nov. in the latter year he shared in a hard-fought action of an hour and forty minutes, which, in rendering the *Active* captor of *La Pomone*, a French frigate of 44 guns and 332 men, 50 of whom were killed and wounded, cost her the loss of 8 killed and 27 wounded. On this occasion, after Capt. Gordon had his leg shattered by a cannon ball, Lieut. Dashwood took the command of the *Active*, until he himself lost his right arm, and the French ship finally struck to the third Lieutenant.

Being promoted to the rank of Commander, 19th May, 1812, and appointed in the following year to the *Snap*, Capt. Dashwood now cruised off the coast of France, where, on the 1st of Nov. he fell in with five privateer luggers, one of which, *Le Lion*, he brought to close action, and in ten minutes captured. In 1814 he removed to the *Prometheus* sloop, and after hovering about the Bay of Biscay for some time in the following summer with a view to the interception of Napoleon Bonaparte, he sailed for the Mediterranean. In 1816, before our expedition to Algiers, he was sent in the *Prometheus* to parley with the Dey, and to place our Consul and his family in safety on board his ship. This could only be effected by stratagem, as the Dey refused to let them leave the town. The Consul's wife passed the gate disguised as a sailor; but her child, which she

carried in a basket, having cried as they passed the sentry, the party were pursued, and with difficulty defended themselves, until they reached the boat of the *Prometheus*. Captain Dashwood then joined Lord Exmouth's fleet, and was present at the bombardment of Algiers, 27th Aug. 1816. Having paid the *Prometheus* off in Nov. 1816, he was subsequently appointed to the acting command of the *Creole*, fitting for South America, where he attained post rank, 21st Oct. 1818, in the *Amphion*. He went on half pay in 1819; accepted his retirement 1846; and attained the full rank of Admiral 1862.

He married, on 17th April, 1820, Louisa Henrietta, only daughter of Frederick Bode, esq. by whom he had issue.

#### *George Druce, Esq. Q.C.*

On the 15th April died, in his father's house, at Denmark Hill, Camberwell, aged 48, George Druce, esq. Q.C. in consequence of an accident which occurred on the previous day. He was then riding from Camberwell towards Vauxhall-bridge, when his horse took fright in the Oval, at Kennington, and Mr. Druce, after he had been carried at full speed four times round that inclosure, unwisely endeavoured to throw himself off, but came to the ground with such violence as to cause concussion of the brain. A coroner's inquest returned as their verdict, "Accidental Death."

Mr. Druce was a son of Mr. Charles Druce, the head of the well-known firm of Druce, Sons, and Jackson, of Billiter-square.

He was formerly a Fellow (1846) of Peterhouse, Cambridge, having graduated B.A. 1843, as senior optime in mathematics, and senior classic (bracketed), M.A. 1846. In the latter year he was also called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn; he was made a Queen's Counsel in 1866, and appointed one of the standing counsel to the University of Cambridge in Nov. 1867.

In a letter addressed to the *Times* from Cambridge, April 16, the following tribute has been paid by Dr. B. H. Kennedy to the memory of his "former pupil and constant friend:"—

"When I became Head Master of Shrewsbury School, in 1836, I found George Druce in the first remove of the fifth form, with the present Archbishop of York, Colonel R. Phayre, and others who have taken distinguished rank in





public life. At the examination he did not succeed in filling one of the vacancies in the sixth form. On the next occasion he came in at the head of the candidates, and from that time rose without any drawback to the second place in the school, the first being held by the late Head Master of King Edward's School, Birmingham, Dr. E. H. Gifford. Mr. G. Druce proceeded in 1839 to St. Peter's College, Cambridge, where he was most fortunate in having the tuition and friendship of two excellent and able men—Dr. Cookson, now Master of the College, and Archdeacon Freeman, then its classical tutor. To the former gentleman he owed the valuable advice and assistance which enabled him to take the mathematical rank of Senior Optime; while the latter generously resigned his own Fellowship before the necessary time that the college might not, by its rule of superannuation, lose the advantages of having Mr. Druce among its Fellows. Mr. George Druce, besides two Porson prizes, gained a place as the senior bracket of the classical tripos with his schoolfellow Mr. Gifford, as well as the second Chancellor's medal.

"I wish to state, for the example and encouragement of young men, what I believe and have often declared to be the cause of Mr. G. Druce's rapid and decided success. He always had a clear and full conception of his immediate purpose; to that purpose he directed all the powers of a strong will and a strong mind. Thus, he knew what he wanted and he achieved it. He was a capital batter at cricket and a capital fives-player. These games gave him all the exercise and recreation he wanted, so he left boating alone. It was the same in more important matters. A place in the sixth form, a place near the head of the school, school prizes, university distinction, a senior optime's rank, a fellowship, legal knowledge, skill, and practice—all these were in their turn his object, and he gained all by the application of sound abilities to the work required. In his profession he certainly had the great advantage of legal connexions—that is, of a good start; but everybody knows that without the personal merits of ability and energy this advantage would not have raised him to the highest grade of practice at the Chancery bar. To his industry, zeal, and skill as a junior counsel I can offer my own

grateful testimony; for he discharged that office for me fifteen years ago with entire success. The remembrance of this obligation adds keenness to the sorrow with which I regard the loss of one whose private and public character were equally entitled to my cordial esteem and admiration."

The tidings of the lamentable result of Mr. Druce's accident were received with general expressions of regret in all the courts of Chancery. Vice-Chancellor Sir W. M. James, on taking his seat in the afternoon, having referred to the event, at once adjourned his court, observing, in a voice broken with emotion, that such a course would, he felt sure, be most agreeable to the feelings of the bar and of himself; for Mr. Druce, though but recently called to the rank of Queen's Counsel, had already become an acknowledged leader of his court.

Mr. Druce was one of a very numerous family. Of twenty-four children we understand that eighteen are still living, and that ten brothers attended the funeral of the deceased.

#### **Lieut.-Col. B. W. A. Sleigh.**

Died at Chelsea, on the 22nd of March, Lieut.-Col. Burrowes Willcocks Arthur Sleigh, aged 47.

He was born at Montreal, Lower Canada, in 1821, being one of five sons of the late Dr. W. Willcocks Sleigh, M.D. He was descended from an old Derbyshire family, to which belonged Sir Samuel Sleigh, who was member of Parliament for the county and twice High Sheriff in the reign of Charles II., and in the female line from Sir Matthew Hale, Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench in the same reign.

In 1842, the late Lord Hill, then Commander-in-Chief, presented Mr. Sleigh with his first commission as Ensign in H.M. 2nd West India Regiment, with which he served in the colonies for some years. He obtained his Lieutenant's commission 10 Nov. 1844, and subsequently exchanged by purchase into the 77th Regt. A few years later Lieut. Sleigh sold out of the army, and was appointed Lieut.-Col. in a Militia Regiment.

During the remainder of his life he devoted himself to scientific and literary pursuits. He was the author of a novel, "The Outcast Prophet," "Life, Adventures, and Travels in British America," and several other works.

He was for some time proprietor of



the *British Army Despatch*, and was the first to inaugurate the cheap daily press in this country, as the founder and original proprietor of the *Daily Telegraph*.

He was twice married; his first wife was a daughter of the late Col. Franklin, a distinguished Artillery officer. He leaves issue by both marriages.

#### Capt. J. G. Philipps.

Captain John George Philipps, R.N. a J.P. and D.L. for co. Carmarthen, and the last surviving officer who was present at the memorable battle of the Nile, died at the Parade, Carmarthen, on the 24th of April.

He was born in Sept. 1783, being the eldest son of John George Philipps, esq. of Cwmgilly, for many years M.P. for the borough of Carmarthen, by his wife Anne, daughter of John Ball, esq. In 1796 he entered the navy as a volunteer on board the *Russell*, in the North Sea, and removing in the following Sept. to the *Minotaur*, served in that ship, as midshipman, at the battle of the Nile, 1st August, 1798. Continuing in the same vessel till March 1802, he was present on shore at the capture of Naples, Civita Vecchia, Rome, &c. co-operated in the siege of Genoa, and took part in the operations of 1801 in Egypt. He also served in one of the eight boats cutting out the *Esmeralda* and *Paz*, Spanish corvettes, in Barcelona roads, in Sept. 1800. Leaving the *Minotaur* he joined the *Ardent* on the home station, where, and on the coast of North America, we find him, until March 1806, employed in succession, during the greater part of the time as acting Lieutenant and Lieutenant in the *Argonaut* and *Leander*, *Cambrian* and *Avenger*. His official promotion took place while he was in the latter vessel, 8th Feb. 1805. His subsequent appointments were in March 1806, to the *Lavinia*, employed in the Channel, and on the north coast of Spain; in 1807 to the *Pilot*, lying at Portsmouth; in 1808 to the *Speedy*, at Newfoundland; in 1809 to the *Majestic*, in the Baltic; in 1810 and 1811 to the *Red Pole* and *Monmouth*, bearing the flag of the late Sir Thomas Foley, both in the Downs. Becoming, in May 1814, signal-Lieutenant to the officer last mentioned, he was lent soon afterwards to the Royal Sovereign yacht, Capt. Sir John Poer Beresford, to assist in escorting Louis XVIII. from Dover to Calais. He was advanced to the

rank of Commander in Oct. 1814, and to that of Captain in Aug. 1851.

He married in 1808 Frances, daughter of Smith Hawford, esq. of Portsea, Hants, by whom he had issue (besides other children) John-George-Hawford, born 1809, who married in 1845 Miss Elizabeth James.

#### Captain Wise.

Captain Henry Augustus Wise, a prominent officer of the United States navy, died at Naples on the 2nd of April.

He was well known in England as author, and more recently as the chief of the Naval Ordnance Bureau at Washington; his reports on Naval Ordnance having brought him into notice among naval men in Europe. He was born on the 24th of May, 1819; entered the United States navy when 14 years of age; did a large share of sea service; and was sent to Japan in charge of the ordnance presented to that government by the United States. Captain Wise was the author of "*Los Gringos*," "*Tales for the Marines*," "*Scampavias*," and "*Captain Brand*," and was a contributor to *Blackwood*, and other British magazines.

He married a daughter of the late Hon. Edward Everett, who was United States minister at London from 1841 to 1845. Captain Wise was an accomplished and kindly gentleman, and his friends, English and American, will be sorry to hear that his useful and interesting life is at an end.

#### Rev. Dr. Massie.

The death, at the age of seventy, of the Rev. James William Massie, D.D. LL.D. is announced as having occurred very suddenly at the house of Captain Fair, Kingstown, Ireland, on the 8th of May.

He was educated for the ministry by Dr. Bogue, and went out as a missionary to India. Retiring after a few years he filled the pastoral office at Perth, Dublin, and Salford, from which place he came to London to act as Secretary to the Home Missionary Society. The rev. gentleman took an active part in many public movements of the day. He was a prominent advocate of free trade during the anti-corn-law agitation, a supporter of the anti-slavery movement, as well as of the union and emancipation societies formed during the American war, and





more than once visited the United States in connection with those questions.

Dr. Massie was the author of the following works:—

Continental India. Travelling Sketches and Historical Recollections, illustrating the antiquity, religion, and manners of the Hindoos, the extent of British conquests, and the progress of Missionary operations. 2 vols. 8vo. Lond. 1840.

Recollections of a Tour. A Summer Ramble in Belgium, Germany, and Switzerland. 12mo. Lond. 1846.

The Nonconformist's Plea for Freedom of Education. A Letter and a Lecture to the Marquis of Lansdowne and the People of Manchester, demonstrating the Government Scheme of Education to be an encroachment on Liberty and Religion. 2nd edit. 8vo. Lond. 1847.

The Evangelical Alliance: its origin and development. Containing personal notices of its distinguished friends in Europe and America. 12mo. Lond. 1847.

Liberty of Conscience illustrated: and the social relations sustained by Christians as members of the commonwealth considered. Delivered in the form of Lectures. 12mo. Lond. 1847.

Social Improvement among the Working Classes affecting the entire body politic. 16mo. Lond. 1849. A Lecture.

Slavery the crime and curse of America: an Expostulation with the Christians of that land. 16mo. Lond. 1852.

A prefatory notice before "Minister and People: or Lights and Shadows of the Pastor's Life." 12mo. Lond. 1852.

The Contrast. War and Christianity. Martial Evils and their Remedy. The Good Soldier and his Reward. 18mo. Lond. 1854.

Christ a Learner. A Sermon on Heb. v. 8, 9. In H. E. Kidd's "Peace in Death." 1853.

Revivals in Ireland: Facts, Documents, and Correspondence. 8vo. Lond. 1859-60.

Ireland in the summer of Eighteen hundred and sixty: revival work. 16mo. Lond. 1860.

The American Crisis, in relation to the Anti-Slavery Cause. Facts and suggestions addressed to the friends of freedom in Britain. 8vo. Lond. 1862.

America: the origin of her present conflict; her prospect for the slave, and her claim for anti-slavery sympathy;

illustrated by incidents of travel during a tour in the summer of 1863 throughout the United States, &c. 8vo. Lond. 1864.

#### Dr. Dunglison.

Robley Dunglison, M.D. for thirty-two years Professor of the Institutes of Medicine and Medical Jurisprudence in the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, U.S. died at his residence in Girard-street, in that city, on the 1st of April.

He was born at Keswick, in Cumberland, in 1798, commenced medical practice in London in 1829, and in 1824 emigrated to the United States, at the solicitation of ex-President Thomas Jefferson, to accept the appointment of the Professorship of Medicine in the University of Virginia, which he held till 1833, when he exchanged it for the Professorship of *Materia Medica, Therapeutics, &c.* in the sister University of Maryland. While in Virginia he enjoyed the friendship of ex-President Madison, to whom he dedicated his "Human Physiology," published in 1832.

In 1836 he removed to Philadelphia, and accepted the newly-created chair of Medicine, &c. in the Jefferson College, one of the leading medical schools in the city. This post he filled most acceptably, till his retirement from its active duties a few years ago. Of late years he took great interest in the instruction of the blind, and published a dictionary for their use.

Dr. Dunglison was a member and correspondent of numerous scientific and literary societies, both in Europe and the United States.

His works, on subjects relating to his profession, are numerous, and enjoy a high reputation as text-books. Among them may be mentioned the "Dictionary of Medical Science," 1833; "Elements of Hygiene, or Human Health;" "General Therapeutics and *Materia Medica*," 1836; "New Remedies," 1839; he likewise edited "Majendie's Formulary," and "The Cyclopædia of Practical Medicine" of Drs. Forbes, Tweedie, and Conolly.

#### Rev. Dr. Bell, of Carmyllie.

The Rev. Patrick Bell, LL.D. minister of Carmyllie, in the Presbytery of Arbroath—the well-known inventor of the reaping-machine—died on the 22nd of April, at the Manse of Carmyllie. Dr. Bell had been in declin-



ing health for about a year past; and during the last four months of his life he had been entirely laid aside from the discharge of his ministerial duties. He was close upon seventy years of age.

He was the son of a farmer of Auchterhouse, Forfarshire, where he was born, and his brothers were successful farmers in that county and in Perthshire. Himself destined for the church, he studied at the University of St. Andrew's, where, as throughout life, he distinguished himself in mathematics and their application to physics. He had a great liking for all the branches of natural philosophy. It was in 1827, while he was a student, that Dr. Bell invented the reaping-machine, which was first used in the field in 1828, on a farm in Perthshire held by his brother, Mr. George Bell. In a paper which he read in the Mechanical Science Section of the British Association, at its meeting in Dundee in September 1867, Dr. Bell gave a most interesting account of his reaping-machine, and of the difficulties he experienced in completing the invention. He stated that from his earliest years he had had a liking and turn for the practice of mechanics. At a very early period of his life he was struck with the very severe nature of the toil to which the harvest-worker was subjected, and it was a desire to mitigate this excessive toil which led him to inquire whether there might not be a possibility of transferring part of it at least to beams of wood and bars of iron, supplemented by the bones and sinews of the horse. What first suggested to him the principle of the reaping-machine was his seeing a pair of shears sticking in his father's garden. The principle of the shears he brought to bear on the cutting of corn; and, without communicating his idea to any one, he developed it all alone in his workshop. In a short time, and after a few trials in a barn, succeeded by a midnight experiment in an open field, he produced a machine almost perfect from the first, as it is now used. Dr. Bell's invention preceded by seven or eight years those of the earliest American inventors. It is acknowledged to have been the first machine of the kind, and it is recognised as still being one of the best. As a recognition of his important service to agriculture, Dr. Bell was a short time ago presented at a meeting of the Highland Society with

1,000*l.* and a piece of plate, which had been subscribed by the farmers of Scotland and others. About the same time he had conferred upon him the honorary degree of LL.D. by the University of St. Andrew's. Many years ago a similar degree was conferred on him by an American College, on account of his excellence as a mathematical scholar, and for his invention of the reaping-machine; but this he never assumed. In early life he was tutor to Lord Jervis-woode, one of the senators of the College of Justice, and when a young man he visited Canada and some of the Northern States of America.

He was admitted a licentiate of the Church of Scotland, and, the parish of Craigmyle having become vacant at the Disruption, he received the presentation, and was ordained in December 1843. He was the oldest member of the Presbytery of Arbroath. He did not distinguish himself as an ecclesiastic; indeed, being of a quiet and unassuming character, he took little interest in the business of Church Courts. He was, however, a good preacher, and was much liked by his parishioners, the farmers looking upon him very much as one of themselves. He entered with them into all their difficulties, and from his natural shrewdness, combined with his intimate knowledge of agriculture, he was well qualified to be their counsellor in temporal as well as in spiritual concerns.

He married about ten years ago a daughter of the late Provost Lawson, who survives him. He also leaves behind him a son and two daughters.

#### *Rev. John Cook, D.D.*

Died, at St. Andrew's, on the 17th of April, the Rev. John Cook, D.D. Emeritus Professor of Ecclesiastical History in the University of St. Andrew's, and one of the ablest ministers of the Church of Scotland.

He was the son of Dr. John Cook, Professor of Biblical Criticism at St. Andrew's, and nephew of Dr. George Cook, so long the distinguished leader in the General Assembly. Born at St. Andrew's, on 1st September, 1807, he was educated at the university there, and, entering the Church, was ordained minister of Laurencekirk, when twenty-two years of age. After an incumbency of sixteen years, he was translated to St. Leonard's, in St. Andrew's, where he laboured until appointed, in 1860, to the chair of ecclesiastical his-





tory, which he resigned on account of failing health, about ten months before his death. While a parochial clergyman, he was thoroughly conscientious in the discharge of all his duties, and markedly so in his attention to the poor. Consistently acting at all times on his own convictions, he secured the esteem alike of those who agreed with him and those who differed from him, as the addresses from his parishioners, received on leaving Laurencekirk, and the handsome painted window placed in honour of him in the College Church of St. Andrews, amply testify.

During the whole of the time he was in St. Andrew's, as a clergyman conducting Divine service in the College Church, and as a professor in the management of an important class, he took the deepest interest in the students, not only as a public teacher, but a kind and sympathising friend, who was at all times accessible and ready with counsel and assistance. Having been for many years in succession a member of Assembly he took a leading part in the general business of the Church, especially in the Education Committee, of which he was for a considerable time the able convener. In 1859 he was elected Moderator of the General Assembly, and performed the duties of that office with great dignity and affability.

He was the author of:—

Remarks on Lord Melgund's Bill (to reform and extend the school establishments of Scotland), and the means of Education in Scotland. 8vo. Edinb. 1851.

Six Lectures on the Christian Evidences. 8vo. Edinb. 1852.

A Letter to a Member of Parliament on the Parochial Schools of Scotland. 8vo. Lond. 1854.

A Catechism for Scripture Instruction, with reference to Verses subjoined for Answers. 12mo. Edinb. [1856.]

There was published at Edinburgh in 1840:—

Reasons of Dissent, by Dr. Cook and others; and Answers thereto on the part of the Commissioners of the General Assembly; relative to the Decision of the Commission of 14th August 1839, on the Reference from the Presbytery of Auchterarder. 8vo.

G. F. Harris, Esq.

On the 7th of May died, at his new house, Mountside, Harrow, aged 57,  
• George Frederic Harris, esq. M.A. a

magistrate for Middlesex, long known and honoured as one of the most distinguished masters of Harrow School.

He was of Trinity College, Cambridge, and graduated B.A. 1835, when he was placed third in the Classical Tripos, being just below Mr. E. Howes, late M.P. for East Norfolk, and Mr. H. Goulburn, the fame of whose marvellous "double" still lives in the traditions of Cambridge. Having been in due course elected fellow of Trinity, he was soon afterwards invited by Dr. Wordsworth, the present Bishop of Lincoln, to accept an assistant-mastership at Harrow, and he continued to discharge his laborious duties till December last, when failing health compelled him to retire. During the last five years he had held the post of Lower Master.

Mr. Harris possessed talents for business which would in any position of life have pointed him out as a remarkable man. His coolness, strong sense, methodical habits, love of justice, and vast powers of work, rendered him a perfect chairman and an excellent magistrate, as well as a most efficient tutor. For upwards of twenty years—up to the day of his retirement—there was no master's house at Harrow where admission was more eagerly sought, so entire was the confidence reposed in him by parents, and so warm the loyalty which he inspired among successive generations of distinguished pupils. About a fortnight before his death he received from a numerous body of the latter a beautiful piece of plate in token of their unaltered regard, and another from the many attached colleagues ("*quot collegæ, tot amici*") with whom his long Harrow labours had been spent, and who look back gratefully on his wise counsel, his cheerful energy, and his unflinching courtesy and kindness.

Mr. Harris married a cousin of his own name, who is left his widow, with two sons and one unmarried daughter. The elder daughter was married, in 1866, to Henry Edward Hutton, esq. one of the assistant masters at Harrow, but is since deceased.

Rev. Alexander Dyce.

On the 15th of May died, at his house in Oxford-street, Hyde-park, one of the most learned and industrious critics and commentators of the poetic literature of England, the Rev. Alexander Dyce, having nearly completed his 71st year.

He was the son of a general officer in the East India Company's service, and



was born at Edinburgh on the 30th of June 1798. He was educated in the High School of his native city, and afterwards at Balliol College, Oxford, where he took the degree of B.A. in 1819. After entering holy orders, he served for a time the curacy of Llanteglos in Cornwall, and afterwards that of Nayland in Suffolk; but, being disposed rather to literary studies than to divinity, he abandoned his rural charge, and settled in London about the year 1827.

His earliest literary works were, "Select Translations from the Greek of Quintus Smyrnaeus" (Oxford, 1821); an edition of the Poet Collins; and "Specimens of the British Poetesses, selected and chronologically arranged" (1827).

Subsequently he edited, with notes and biographies, the dramatic and poetical works of R. Greene in 1834, and again, with those of G. Peele, in 1861; those of Beaumont and Fletcher in 1843; the works of Christopher Marlowe in 1850 and 1858; those of Skelton in 1856; those of Webster in 1857. He completed the edition of Shirley which Gifford had left unfinished; and his last task, lately completed, was an edition of the works of Ford.

Mr. Dyce edited, for Pickering's "Aldine Poets," the poems of Shakespeare, Pope, Akenside, and Beattie, with biographical sketches, first about the year 1830, and since more than once reprinted. In 1833 he published a selection of specimens of English Sonnets.

In 1836 he edited the Works of Richard Bentley, D.D. in three vols. 8vo.

During the second year of the existence of the Camden Society, Mr. Dyce edited for it (in 1840) the reprint of Kemp's "Nine Daies Wonder, performed in a Morrice daunce from London to Norwich," the production of one of the actors contemporary with Shakespeare, which was extremely rare, if not unique.

But the formation of the Shakespeare and the Percy Societies (both in the same year) offered fields more strictly within Mr. Dyce's department. For the former he edited, in 1842, "The Old Play of Timon" (then first printed); and, in 1844, "Sir Thomas More: a Play." For the Percy Society: "The Pleasant History of the Two Angry Women of Abington," written by Henry Porter, 1599; Michael Drayton's "Harmonie of the Church," and Poems by Sir Henry Wotton.

But his most careful and laborious work was a complete edition of the Works of Shakespeare, with life, notes, and an account of the various editions of the great dramatist's works. This appeared in six large volumes, between the years 1850 and 1858. During the last few years Mr. Dyce has been employed in preparing a new edition of his "Shakespeare," to be comprised in nine volumes.

He had also, from time to time, issued various critical pamphlets upon the productions of his contemporary editors—Hunter, Payne Collier, and Charles Knight. He was a very intimate friend of the late Rev. John Mitford, the editor of Gray, and occasionally wrote in the *Gentleman's Magazine* when Mitford was its editor. We can also point out a much earlier contribution of Mr. Dyce, in the *Magazine* for Feb. 1818, on the "Plagiarisms of Lord Byron."

They were both often in the society of the poet Rogers in his latter years, shortly after whose death Mr. Dyce published "Recollections of the Table-Talk of Samuel Rogers," 1856, which reached a third edition in the same year, and was also reprinted in the United States.

During a long life of study, Mr. Dyce united the patient industry of the antiquary with a real yet chastened feeling for the beauties of our earlier poets and dramatists, and was content to work on, year after year, with unwearied diligence, and without much hope of being appreciated by general readers; but within a smaller circle no one stood higher as a critical scholar and a man of refined taste.

"His editions of our poets will long remain monuments of his care and skill, his learning and industry. His intimate acquaintance with Sir Harris Nicolas, the Rev. John Mitford, the Kembles, and most of our living men of letters, must have made him the depository of much of the literary history of the present age. We trust it will not be allowed to pass away with him: he used, we believe, to keep a diary."—*Notes and Queries*.

#### Rev. J. D. Hastings.

The Rev. John David Hastings, M.A. Rector of Trowbridge, Wilts, and Prebendary of Salisbury Cathedral, died on the 13th of April, in the 69th year of his age.

He received his academical education at Trinity College, Dublin, where he





graduated B.A. in 1823, and M.A. in 1826. The Duke of Rutland presented him to the rectory of Trowbridge in 1841; and he became Rural Dean of Pottern in 1848, Surrogate in 1850, and a Prebendary of Salisbury in 1860.

Mr. Hastings published—

The Trinity, a Sermon preached in 1836.

The Faithfulness of the Clergy the Safety of the Church. A Sermon on Tim. iv. 16. Lond. 8vo. 1849.

The Absolution of the Church of Rome not the Absolution of the Church of England. . . . a Letter in answer to E. J. Phipps, 8vo. Lond. 1851.

The Oath of Allegiance to the Sovereign; God's Oath to Man. A Sermon (on Eccles. viii. 2) preached before the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the 2nd Wiltshire Rifles, 8vo. Lond. 1860.

The Touchstone of Truth.

The Church Restored.

The Resurrection, a Funeral Sermon. Brotherly Love, a Sermon.

A Form of Service adapted to the Ceremony of Laying the First Stone of Churches and Chapels in connexion with the Established Church.

He also edited the Rev. George Crabbe's Posthumous Sermons, 8vo. 1850.

**Rev. Lewis Evans.**

A classical scholar of some note, the Rev. Lewis Evans, M.A. of Sandbach, Cheshire, died at Gloucester, on the 28th of March, after a few days' illness, aged 50.

He received his education at Wadham College, Oxford, where he took his B.A. degree in 1836. In 1840 he was elected Fellow and bursar of his college, and in 1842 proceeded M.A. He was ordained deacon in 1843, and priest in the following year by the Bishop of Oxford; and in 1850 was appointed Head-Master of the Free Grammar School at Sandbach.

Mr. Evans published—

The Satires of Juvenal, Persius, Sulpicia, and Lucilius, literally translated into English Prose, with Notes, 8vo. 1848. In Bohn's Classical Library.

Notes upon Thucydides. Books I. & II. 8vo. 1857. Written in collaboration with the Rev. John George Sheppard, D.C.L. (of whom a memoir will be found at p. 121).

He also edited Marshall's Penitential Discipline; and Bishop Beveridge's Sermons, 8 vols.

**Robert Scott Lauder, R.S.A.**

On the 21st April died at No. 3, Wardie Avenue, Ferry-road, Edinburgh, Robert Scott Lauder, R.S.A.

He was the elder brother of the late Mr. James Eckford Lauder, R.S.A. of whom a memoir was given in our last number, p. 413.

Robert Scott Lauder was born at Silvermills, near Edinburgh, in 1803; and, like most of those who have become distinguished painters in after-life, he early displayed a strong turn for drawing, which, however, met with but little encouragement from his family. The first to foster his dawning genius was the afterwards celebrated David Roberts, who was born in 1796 at Stockbridge, then a village in the vicinity of Edinburgh, though now forming part of the city. Roberts gave him his first distinct notions of art when he was a boy in his ninth or tenth year, Roberts himself being about seven years older; but for some years afterwards Lauder was occupied with the ordinary education of boys of his age, and only pursued the study of art as the relaxation of his spare hours. When he was about fourteen or fifteen, however, the sight of an exhibition of the works of Scottish artists in Sir Henry Raeburn's gallery had such an effect upon him, that he determined to devote his whole powers for the future to the profession of painting. He was at first at a loss to know what steps to take to procure the requisite guidance and instruction; but at length, through the influence of Sir Walter Scott, he was admitted a student in the Trustees' Gallery in Edinburgh, then under the direction of Mr. Andrew Wilson. Here Lauder prosecuted his studies in drawing with much assiduity and success for several years; and afterwards—there being then no public gallery of paintings in Edinburgh—proceeded to London, where he painted from the life in an academy which was supported by the subscriptions of young painters. In Edinburgh he had learned to be a good draughtsman by drawing from the round from the excellent collection of casts from the finest ancient statues in the Trustees' Academy, and in London he succeeded in acquiring a rich and pleasing method of colour. He returned to Edinburgh in 1826, the year in which a number of artists, dissatisfied with the manner in which the Royal Institution was managed, seceded from it, and



founded the Scottish Academy. Lauder was elected an Associate soon after his return; but he did not the less hasten to resume his studies in the Trustees' Gallery, then under the direction of Sir William Allan, with whom he formed an intimate friendship. About this time he also became acquainted with the great landscape painter, the Rev. John Thomson, of Duddingston, and derived much benefit from studying the poetical conception, and the broad masterly handling, conspicuous in his landscapes.

In 1833 Lauder proceeded to the Continent, where he remained for about five years, studying at Rome, Florence, Bologna, and Venice. Like the late John Graham Gilbert, he was powerfully impressed by the rich and glowing colour of the great Venetian masters, especially as displayed in the pictures of Giorgione and Titian; and their influence may plainly be traced in many of his subsequent works.

After his return to England in 1833, Lauder resided principally in London, until 1849, when he came back to Edinburgh. In 1839, his "Bride of Lammermuir," exhibited in the Royal Academy, was purchased by Lord Francis Egerton; and his subsequent works of the "Trial of Effie Deans," "The Glee Maiden," "Meg Merrilies," and many others that might be mentioned, were generally admired and speedily purchased. His "Claverhouse ordering Morton to be shot" (1844) was selected by an Art-Union prizewinner for £400; "Gow Chrom and the Glee Maiden" (1846), by a prizewinner for £150. His more ambitious compositions—"Christ teaching humility," and "Christ walking on the waters"—were sent to Westminster Hall in 1847; the former was purchased by the Scottish Association for the encouragement of Art, and now forms one of the chief ornaments of the National Gallery at Edinburgh. It displays in an eminent degree poetical conception, rare skill in composition and drawing, great breadth of treatment, and harmonious colouring; and is of itself sufficient to stamp its author as a painter of no ordinary rank.

Since 1849, Mr. Lauder has resided in Edinburgh, and contributed pictures to the Scottish Academy's exhibition. He had been ailing for some time, and to the present exhibition his only contribution is a portrait of Mr. D. O. Hill, painted forty years ago.

His funeral took place on the 27th of

April at Warriston cemetery. Thirteen mourning carriages conveyed the relatives and friends of the deceased. The pall-bearers were—Dr. H. Scott Lauder, R.N., Dr. R. Scott Lauder, Mr. Lockhart Thomson, Dr. Francis Thomson, Sir George Harvey, R.S.A., Mr. William Paterson, Mr. Walter Eckford, Mr. David Pryde, M.A., and Mr. Henry D. Wilson. The company included a large number of the members and associates of the Royal Scottish Academy. Among those present were—Sir Noel Paton, Sir James Y. Simpson, Messrs. Brodie, H. Ritchie, Hutchieson, W. Paton, R. T. Ross, Chalmers, J. Glass, Macleay, Herdman, M. Burton, Laing, Maedonald, Stanton, McTaggart, Cameron, Perigal, Lees, Drummond, and Barclay.

#### H. B. Baring, esq.

Died at Nice, on the 25th of April, Henry Bingham Baring, esq. for many years M.P. for Marlborough.

He was the eldest son of the late Henry Baring, esq. brother of the first Lord Ashburton, by his wife Maria Matilda, daughter of William Bingham, esq. of Philadelphia, U.S. and cousin of the second Lord Ashburton. Born in 1804, he was educated at Christ Church, Oxford, where he graduated B.A. in 1825. He entered the House of Commons in 1831, as member for Callington, which borough was disfranchised by the Reform Act of 1832, since which time he continuously represented Marlborough in Parliament, until the dissolution last year. Under the late Reform Act, Marlborough lost one of its members, and the other seat being reserved by the Marquess of Ailesbury, the lord paramount, for his own family, Mr. Baring did not offer himself for any other constituency, and was consequently not in Parliament at the time of his death. Mr. Baring, who, it should be mentioned, was a Lord of the Treasury from 1841 to 1846, entered Parliament as a supporter of the Conservative party; but, like many other members of that body, he went with the current feeling of the day, advocating Liberal-Conservative principles. Up to the remotest hour of his political career he was an advocate of free trade, and he supported the present Premier, Mr. Gladstone, in all his political views.

He married, first in 1825, Cecilia Anne, daughter of Vice-Admiral W. Windham; secondly, on 20th June, 1827, Lady Augusta, fifth daughter of





the sixth Earl of Cardigan (she died Jan. 1853); thirdly, in 1854, Mdle. Marie de Martinoff, who survives him.

Charles Wescomb, Esq.

On the 8th of May died, in London, aged 43, Charles Wescomb, esq. High Sheriff of Exeter.

Born of poor parents in Paris-street, Exeter, he was educated in one of the public schools of St. Sidwell's. At the age of eleven he undertook his first public duty—he kept the cholera books of the visitation of 1832. When quite a young man he was appointed school-master at Budleigh Salterton, and the good opinion he there gained was recognised by a testimonial on his return to Exeter. Being a skilful accountant, his services were enlisted in the management of several mining enterprises, and for the greater part of fifteen years he was engaged in occupations that would have over-taxed the energies of three or four ordinary men. Ten years ago he became proprietor of the *Exeter and Plymouth Gazette*; and within the last five years he purchased in succession the *Maidstone Journal*, the *London Globe*, and the *Edinburgh Courant*. Besides these four journals, the management of each of which would claim the undivided attention of most men, he was, so to speak, the mainspring of several mining and commercial undertakings, and devoted a considerable amount of labour and time to the performance of public duties.

Mr. Wescomb had a passion for work. Whatever he embarked in he executed with boldness, energy, and zeal. He had the faculty of inspiring confidence in others, and certainty of winning confidence in himself. An effective speaker, fertile in resource, prompt in decision, enduring in exertion, patient and cheerful under reverse, and moderate in success, he was just the man to become the centre of social, commercial, and political activities. Over-burdened as he was with his own businesses, he was always accessible, always courteous, always ready to be useful to others. He loved public life, and his name has been associated for the past twelve years with nearly every public movement in Exeter. He sat in the Town Council for St. Sidwell's ward until he left Exeter for London; and when it was known that he was about to return to Exeter he was unanimously chosen High-Sheriff. All parties admit that he discharged the

duties of that honourable office with dignity, hospitality, and impartiality. Of the School of Art, and the Albert Memorial Museum, he was one of the originators and most earnest supporters. Efforts to promote the prosperity of Exeter he helped unwearingly, and anything that had for its object the benefit of the working-classes commanded his generous assistance and ardent encouragement. As soon as he was able to form a judgment about politics he was a Conservative, and a staunch Conservative he continued through life—valuing highly our ancient Constitution, yet not averse to wise and salutary reforms. Into political contests he threw that energy and resolution which were his distinguishing traits, and both in city and county won the confidence of the Conservative party by his unselfish enthusiasm and liberal-handedness, no less than by his ability and untiring assiduity. He never sacrificed public duty to private interest, but was too apt to sacrifice his private interest to public duty. One special feature of his usefulness as a public man was his tact in modifying political asperities. Not that he ever shrank from a stand-up fight, when a contest was unavoidable. He was a resolute, stalwart, and hopeful combatant; but, not content with waiting till the fight was over to shake hands, he would shake hands, if opportunity allowed, in the midst of the battle. He carried his thoroughgoingness into his private relations; and was hospitable to a fault, never better pleased than when he could have his friends around him at the festive board. He did not covet money to hoard it up; but distributed it freely, not only in connection with advertised subscription-lists, but in deeds of benevolence to poorer relatives, and in timely assistance to the deserving and the distressed.

Mr. Wescomb will be remembered as the establisher of the first daily newspaper in Exeter. Other undertakings of the same character broke down: but, believing that the *Daily Telegram* would be successful ultimately, he adhered to his project with his accustomed tenacity, and the result has justified his spirit and foresight. Two years ago he ceased to be sole proprietor of the *Exeter Gazette*, taking into partnership its present conductors, and entrusting to them its entire management, as he had committed the management of the literary department to one



of them some time previously. Entertaining a very high estimate of the mission of the Press, he did his utmost to sustain the credit of journalism. So scrupulous was he that his newspaper should not be used to further any mercantile operations in which he was engaged, that he would not permit reference to be made to any trading successes in which he was concerned, even when the matters came legitimately within the scope of newspaper reporting. Journalistic personalities he positively loathed, and though he was often the subject of bitter attacks from political opponents, he uniformly abstained from retaliation through the pages of his broadsheet. He held that a public journal should discuss questions of general or local interest on their merits, and that personal abuse and recrimination were altogether beneath the dignity, as well as outside the aim, of any one who claimed to be a public instructor. His views on public affairs were usually sound and comprehensive; and while he was willing that the principles of Conservatism should be steadfastly advocated, he was tolerant and conciliatory towards those who differed from him.

Exactly two years ago—for his death occurred on the anniversary of the proudest event of his life—on the eve of his departure from Exeter to take charge of the London *Globe*, he was entertained at a banquet in the New London Hotel, and a magnificent testimonial of plate, subscribed for without solicitation by between 200 and 300 persons, was presented to him. The Mayor (Mr. R. T. Head) presided at that festive gathering, and in his speech of presentation testified that Mr. Wescomb was a "genial, good-hearted, sociable, kindly, friendly man," and that "in every public relation as a citizen he had been most active, most zealous, most faithful, most honourable, most plainspoken." Mr. Wescomb, in the course of his reply, stated that he had begun life on a salary of 30*l.* a-year, and at the time he spoke was paying upwards of 15,000*l.* a-year to those employed by him. The *Globe* was converted by him from a Whig paper to an able and devoted exponent of Conservative principles; and, observing his success, a number of leading Scotch Conservatives induced him to undertake also the conduct and management of the *Edinburgh Courant*.

Attached by the most binding ties to

his native city, London life soon became distasteful to him, and he longed to come back to what he used to call "dear old Exeter." Having lately entrusted the *Globe* to other hands, he returned gladly to Exeter, and only a few days before his death entered into the occupation of a new residence in Southernhay.

During the week in which his death occurred, with that readiness to be of service to his fellow-citizens which characterised him, he was energetically engaged in public affairs,—presiding at a Trade Protection Society meeting, accompanying his worship the Mayor in the annual inspection of the city boundaries, taking part in the proceedings connected with the adoption of the Free Libraries' Act. On Thursday he addressed his fellow-burgesses at the Guildhall; the same night he travelled to London; on Friday at noon he was seized with apoplexy, and remained unconscious until a quarter to four o'clock on Saturday morning, when he expired. Of late he had suffered somewhat from depression; but on Thursday seemed to be in vigorous health; and far from the thoughts of those who conversed with him during the day was the anticipation that their bright-spirited friend, who looked so hale and hearty, had but a few short hours to live. There can be no question that, with all his capacity for work, he charged himself with more than human nature could sustain, and that his career was shortened by the excessive strain.

Mr. Wescomb has left a widow and a large family. The tidings of his death were received in Exeter with general expressions of regret, and publicly noticed in many of the pulpits on the following day. His funeral took place on the 12th May, in the churchyard of St. Sidwell's. It was attended by the three sons of the deceased, Charles, William, and Arthur; their brothers-in-law, Mr. Herbert, R.N. and Mr. Dominy; the executors, Mr. Hughes and Mr. Pollard; the Rev. J. Hodgeland, and the Rev. C. Padley; Mr. Donisthorpe and Mr. Brodie (partners of the deceased in the *Exeter Gazette*); Mr. Smith (his partner in the *Maidstone Journal*); and Mr. Bennett, his confidential clerk.

Thomas Brown, Esq.

On the 24th of March died, at No. 39, Ludgate-hill, in his 91st year, Thomas Brown, esq. formerly one of the part-





ners of the house of Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme, Brown, and Green, of Paternoster-row.

This industrious and very careful man spent the whole of his active life in the service of that firm, by which his father, Mr. Christopher Brown, had been previously employed. He was born in the immediate vicinity of Paternoster-row, and there he always resided, upon the premises of Messrs. Longman, until they were rebuilt a few years ago in consequence of the fire which destroyed the contiguous candle factory of Messrs. Cuthbert.

Thomas Brown was educated, in Christ's Hospital, to which he has become a munificent benefactor. He was apprenticed to Messrs. Longman. He became a partuer of the house at the beginning of the present century, and retired from it in the year 1859.

Living as a bachelor (he was married, but his wife died many years ago and left no children), and always at very little personal expence, his fortune accumulated regularly, particularly as his investments were cautiously made in Government funds; and, his life being so greatly extended beyond the usual span, the amount at length became very large.

Not that Mr. Brown was in any degree a miser. He performed many generous and liberal acts in his life-time; and he indulged to some extent his taste for literature and still more for art. His library was sold by Messrs. Hodgson on the 14th of May. His collection of water-colour drawings and pictures will shortly occupy six days' sale at the auction-room of Messrs. Christie, Manson, and Woods. The drawings in water-colours are more than 700 in number, and include Egglesstone Abbey, Marriek Abbey, and the Drachenfels, three fine works of J. M. W. Turner, R.A.; twenty engraved works of D. Roberts, R.A., ten by C. Stanfield, R.A., seven by J. F. Lewis, R.A., twenty-eight by T. Stothard, R.A., eighteen works by S. Austen, nineteen by G. Barrett, thirteen by T. S. Boys, forty by R. Brandard, eleven by G. Cattermole, thirty by D. Cox, eleven by P. De Wint, eleven by Copley Fielding, eighteen by J. D. Harding, forty-four by W. Hunt, twenty-seven by S. Prout, and other examples of nearly all the best painters in water-colours, many of which are engraved. The pictures comprise eight engraved works of T. Creswick, R.A., nine beautiful works of

Eugene Verboeckhoven, thirteen of W. Kidd, and others of A. Chalon, R.A., A. Cooper, R.A., H. Howard, R.A., C. R. Leslie, R.A., T. Stothard, R.A., T. Webster, R.A., Patrick Nasmyth, and J. Morland.

On Monday the 14th of June Mr. Brown's collection of engravings, together with a few objects of ornamental art, will also be sold at Christie's.

His collection of coins will be sold by Messrs. Sotheby and Wilkinson.

The arrangements for all the sales were specifically made in the will of the deceased.

In 1864 Mr. Brown presented a window to St. Paul's Cathedral, which fills the window at the west end. Its subject is the Conversion of St. Paul, and the artist was Professor Schnorr of Munich. In its lower division Mr. Brown is represented kneeling, as the donor, after the fashion of pictures by the ancient masters. The price which he had proposed to give for this work was 1,000*l.*; but a further demand of 250*l.* was made when it was completed; to this Mr. Brown cheerfully assented. The last occasion of Mr. Brown's meeting any large number of his friends was when they assembled in St. Paul's on the uncovering of this window, in company with the late Dean Milman and other old friends.

By a will dated 27th Oct. 1864, and a codicil dated 7th Oct. 1867, Mr. Brown has left as his executors Mr. Michael Hodgson Tatham his solicitor, Edmund Hodgson the eminent book auctioneer, and Mr. William Sharp of Longman's. The legacies, which amount to 97,990*l.* are all to be paid free of duty. He has left to Christ's Hospital the sum of 10,000*l.*, to the Hetherington Charity for the Blind at that institution 2,000*l.*, and 500*l.* to the Benevolent Society of Blues. To the Booksellers' Provident Institution 10,000*l.* and to the Booksellers' Provident Retreat the like sum. To the Stationers' Company 5,000*l.* and the like sum to their school. To the Royal Literary Fund 3,000*l.* To the following charities legacies of 500*l.* each are bequeathed:—The Artists' Benevolent Fund, the National Benevolent Institution, the London Orphan Asylum, the Idiot Asylum at Redhill, the Travellers' School at Pinner, the Printers' Pension Society, the Bookbinders' Society, St. Bartholomew's Hospital, the Free Hospital in Gray's Inn Road, St. Ann's Society at Brixton



Hill, the Deaf and Dumb Asylum in St. George's Fields, the Blind School adjoining, St. George's Hospital, St. Mary's Hospital at Paddington, the Cancer Hospital, and National Life-Boat Institution. To the institution called the Ladies' Charity School, 100*l*. To the officers of his parish church, that of St. Mary Magdalene and St. Gregory by St. Paul's, he has left 390*l*. thus distributed:—To the minister acting as evening preacher, 50*l*.; to the parish clerk, 30*l*.; to the vestry clerk, 50*l*.; to the organist, 50*l*.; to the schoolmaster, 50*l*.; to the school-mistress, 50*l*.; to the two beadles, 50*l*.; to the two pew-openers, 50*l*.; to the organ-blower, 10*l*. To seventeen clerks of Messrs. Longman and Co. should they remain in their service at his decease, Mr. Brown has left 50*l*. a-piece. To Mr. Thomas Longman 5,000*l*. and an oil-painting by a pupil of Correggio, its subject, "A Muse with a violin;" to Mr. William Longman, 500*l*.; to his late partner, Bevis Ellerby Green (who died before him: see p. 252), 500*l*.; and to his late partner, Thomas Roberts, 500*l*. His housekeeper, Mrs. Lancaster, 1,500*l*.; Mr. Bullen, his sister's servant, 250*l*.; Mr. Guichenet 200*l*. beside his legacy of 50*l*. as a clerk in Longman's. To his executors—Mr. Tatham, 2,000*l*.; Mr. Hodgson, 2,000*l*.; and Mr. Sharp, 3,000*l*. To the last, as a clerk of Messrs. Longman, another 50*l*.; to Mr. William Sharp, jun. (in the same capacity), 50*l*.; and to Mary B. Sharp, daughter of the former (but who died before him), 100*l*. To his own sister, Mary Ann Brown, 10,000*l*. some house property, and various memorials. To William Dignan (his confidential servant, in whose arms he breathed his last), 5,000*l*. by will, 2,000*l*. by the codicil, his gold watch and seals, and wearing apparel; and to Mrs. Dignan, 500*l*. To his god-children, Frederick William Longman, Thomas Brown Adlard, and Sarah Hollyer, 500*l*. a-piece. In addition there are various legacies, ranging from 1,000*l*. to 50*l*. to many private friends. The residue arising from his personal estate he has left to be equally apportioned among the grandchildren of his former partner, Thomas Norton Longman, on their majority or marriage (if females), with remainder, in case of their failure, to his next of kin.

Mr. Brown had a brother, Mr. John Brown, of Warwick-laune, who died

intestate some years ago. Mr. Brown administered to his property, but transferred the whole effects to his sister.

Mr. Brown became a liveryman of the Stationers' Company in 1804; he served the offices of Warden and Upper Warden in the years 1856-58, but (his strength failing) fined for that of Master.

His body was interred on the 31st March in Norwood Cemetery. Among the mourners, besides the three executors, were Mr. T. Longman, Mr. C. Longman, Mr. W. Longman, Mr. W. Foster White, Mr. Penrose, Mr. G. Spottiswoode, Mr. H. Adlard the Master of the Stationers' Company, Mr. C. Rivington clerk of the Company, Mr. W. Dignan, and Dr. Dow his medical man. The Rev. J. H. Coward, M.A. read the funeral service.

A very remarkable mortality has recently occurred in the Court of Assistants of the Stationers' Company. In this small body of thirty-one gentlemen, eight of the senior nineteen (or fully one-fourth of the whole number) have deceased within a period of twenty-four weeks. The first of these deaths was that of Mr. Frederic Greenhill, on the 21st of Nov. 1868 (recorded in p. 69); the next that of Mr. Virtue, on the 8th of December (see the memoir in p. 133); the third that of Mr. Simpson, on the 21st of the same month (see p. 244), which was shortly followed by the death of his widow and a sister; the fourth that of Mr. Dickinson, on the 11th January (of whom a memoir was given at p. 216); the fifth that of Mr. Alfred Adlard, on the 14th Feb. (see p. 335); the sixth that of Mr. Baldwin, on the 18th Feb. (see his memoir in p. 313); the seventh that of Mr. Brown, on the 24th March, which we now record; and the eighth and last that of Mr. Harrison, on the twenty-ninth of April.

Two of the seniors of the Livery of the Company who have died during the same period have been—Mr. William Kew, on the 28th Jan. aged 83 (see p. 255); and Mr. Bevis Ellerby Green, formerly (like Mr. Brown) a partner of Messrs. Longman's, and President of the Booksellers' Provident Institution, on the 24th Jan. (see p. 252).

#### Peter Cunningham, Esq.

Peter Cunningham, esq., the author of several interesting books, and a frequent contributor to our periodical literature, died on the 18th of May, at St. Alban's, Herts.





The third son of Allan Cunningham, the poet, he was born in Pimlico on the 7th of April, 1816, and educated at Christ's Hospital. He was appointed by the late Sir Robert Peel, as a mark of his esteem for the talents of his father, to a clerkship in the Audit Office in 1834, and in 1854 became chief clerk of that department of the public service, from which he retired about the year 1860.

Subjoined is a list of Mr. Cunningham's publications:—

The Life of Drummond, of Hawthornden, with large selections from his poetical works. 1833.

Songs of England and Scotland. 1835.

The single-volume editions of Campbell's "Specimens of the British Poets;" with additional lives and specimens. 1841.

The Handbook of Westminster Abbey. 1842.

The Life of Inigo Jones (Shakespeare Soc.). 1848.

The Handbook of London. 2 vols. 8vo. 1849; second edition, in one vol. 1850.

Modern London. 1851.

Memoir of J. M. W. Turner, prefixed to John Burnet's "Turner and his Works." 1852.

The Story of Nell Gwynn. 1852.

The Works of Oliver Goldsmith, 4 vols. 1854. In Murray's Library of British Classics.

Mr. Cunningham was also engaged on a new edition of Pope, in conjunction with the late Right Hon. John Wilson Croker; and he was a contributor to the *Athenæum*, *Fraser's Magazine*, the *Illustrated London News*, *Household Words*, *Notes and Queries*, and other periodical publications.

Mr. Cunningham was for many years a regular contributor to the *Athenæum*; and for some time he wrote a weekly article of gossip in the *Illustrated London News*.

He edited many standard works for Mr. Murray, the most important of which was Dr. Johnson's *Lives of the Poets*. For Mr. Bentley he edited the collected edition of Horace Walpole's *Letters*. 1857.

He was for a short time one of the Secretaries of the Archaeological Institute.

In 1842 Mr. Cunningham married the second daughter of John Martin, the distinguished painter of "Belshazzar's Feast," by whom he has left three children.

#### Miss Sarah Huggins.

At Liverpool, Miss Sarah Huggins, an artist in water-colours.

This lady was sister to Mr. Samuel Huggins, a critical writer on architecture, and to Mr. William Huggins, an accomplished animal painter.

Miss Huggins commenced her studies in art by depicting flower and fruit subjects, in which she showed remarkable truthfulness of tone and colour, and extreme delicacy and finish in details; qualities which she afterwards carried to even greater excellence in her "still-life" compositions.

Her residence in Chester for some years, within reach of numerous subjects for picturesque architectural studies, led her to turn her attention to architecture. Her interior views of Chester Cathedral, of other buildings in and about Chester, and more recently also in the neighbourhood of Liverpool, exhibit a union of general effectiveness with accurate and finished detail. The various material of a building,—brick, timber, and stone, in all states of decay and weather-staining,—were imitated by her with the utmost reality, yet without any undue or over-minute touching.

Miss Huggins had exhibited pictures regularly for some years in Liverpool, and in most of the provincial exhibitions, and also occasionally in the Royal Academy Exhibition. Some of her works have found their way into the principal houses in the neighbourhood of Liverpool; but owing to ill-health and a reluctance to put herself forward, her talents were left to be mainly recognised by the generosity of her brother artists, from whom she enjoyed much sincere appreciation.—Condensed from an obituary by H. A. Statham, jun. in *The Builder* of May 8.

#### M. Isidore Magnes.

A French artist. M. Isidore Magnes, died on or about the 10th of April at his residence 53, Charlotte-street, Fitzroy-square, London, under very distressing circumstances. He was 59 years of age, and a native of Toulouse.

At the inquest, which was held by Dr. Lankester at the College Arms Tavern, Crowndale-road, St. Pancras, on the 16th of April, M. Antoine Van Bever, an artist, deposed that he had known the deceased for 15 years. He was a man who sought for fame in his profession, and wished to leave a name in the world. With that view he five years ago commenced a picture, which



having now completed, he hoped to have it exhibited in the gallery at Versailles, and with that view had sent a photograph to the Emperor. He had also an idea of sending it to the Royal Academy. He had named the picture—a crayon drawing—"L'Entente Cordiale: an Episode of the Crimean War." The price he had fixed on it was 2,000*l*. He continued working at his picture, neglecting everything else, and living on bread and potatoes; and latterly thought of bringing it out in oil. On Saturday last witness saw deceased, when he appeared as usual, but depressed in spirits, as he expected the brokers to be put in possession for rent. Witness gave him 1*s*. as he knew he suffered great privations. He said his troubles were so great that he feared his brain would give way. Witness called upon him on Monday, but obtaining no reply he went again on the Tuesday and entered his bed-room. He was in bed, and, as he did not answer, witness was horrified at finding him dead and cold. Dr. George Ross deposed to being called to the deceased. He was dead, and had been so at least two days. The room was in a filthy, dirty condition, and the picture referred to—certainly a very fine one—was in that room.

The jury returned a verdict of "Death from fatty degeneration of the heart, accelerated by want and anxiety of mind."

Commenting on this painful case a writer in a morning paper remarks:—

"Dealing gently as well as honestly with the merits of the picture, we may hazard a consolatory reflection that M. Magnes has been spared the disappointment which must have attended his ambitious project of exhibiting his work in the Royal Academy, and of selling it for two thousand pounds. Poor fellow! He had unquestionable ability of the productive but not over-imaginative kind, as other pictures and drawings of his show—notably an equestrian portrait group in coloured crayons of the Prince and Princess of Wales in Hyde Park. But this great historical vagary, *L'Entente Cordiale*, is out of drawing in fifty places."

#### Herr Molique.

Herr Bernard Molique, the musical composer, died at Canstatt, Wirtemberg, on the 10th of May.

He was born on the 7th of October, 1803, at Nuremberg, in which venerable city his father held the position of

Stadtmtusikus. He was early instructed in the use of many instruments, but he soon developed so unequivocal a preference for the violin that his studies were henceforward entirely devoted to a mastery over its difficulties. By the time he was thirteen years old he had learned all that his father could teach. So the boy was then taken to Munich, where, by special permission of King Maximilian, he was instructed by Pietro Rovelli, the first violinist of the Court. Young Molique profited so well by his opportunities that in two years he was qualified to take a place in the orchestra of the Theater an der Wien, in the Austrian capital, and two years later he returned to Munich to assume the office held by his former master. He then began to make artistic journeyings here and there; but in 1826 accepted the post of Hofmusikdirektor in Stuttgart, and held it until 1849, when he settled permanently in London. Here he increased his already wide reputation, gaining meanwhile the esteem of all with whom he came in personal contact. As executant and composer Molique was equally remarkable. His violin playing had almost every essential requisite. His tone was full, his intonation faultless, his execution singularly perfect, and his reading of the great masters full of sustained grandeur and true nobility of purpose. He could never have become popular in the wide sense of the word—in the first place, because he would not condescend to degrade his art, and, in the second, because he was deficient in the fire and enthusiasm which alone prevail with a general audience. As his playing was, so was his writing. His compositions were full of elegant thoughts, expressed in language of faultless purity, and adorned with every resource that musician-like skill and consummate knowledge could dictate—wanting only, indeed, in the "sacred spark" which comparatively few in the world's long history have possessed. Among his works may be mentioned five concertos for his own peculiar instrument, the violin, the violoncello concerto played by Signor Piatti some few weeks ago, six string quartets, numerous trios and duets, a Mass in B minor, published in Vienna, and at least one symphony, played in Leipsic. One of his last works was the oratorio "Abraham," produced at the Norwich Festival of 1860—a fine composition, which, although not calculated to catch the





general ear, is far superior to several similar productions by more successful men which have since been forced into public favour. It was the intense labour attendant upon the writing of this oratorio, amidst many other occupations, that undermined a constitution previously robust enough. Molique gradually became unfit for work, and at length, some two years ago, he retired to his native land, there to breathe away in peace what remained to him of life. His was one of those simple, honest, guileless natures which are most often found in combination with high intellectual gifts and large artistic culture.

#### Mr. William Bradbury.

Mr. William Bradbury, of the firm of Bradbury and Evans, printers, in Bouverie-street, Whitefriars, died at his house in Upper Woburn-place, on the 11th of April, aged 69.

This gentleman's career presents a remarkable example of success, unusual in any occupation, and more particularly in one usually so removed from speculation as that of a letterpress printer.

In 1824 a couple of men took part of the third floor of the premises 76, Fleet-street, and commenced business under the firm of Bradbury and Dent, both of them working at press. The former partner was a remarkable fine young man, six feet in height, with light hair and complexion, and when working (as usual) in his shirt sleeves his figure was shown in perfection.

The premises consisted of six large floors right and left in the court formerly occupied by Samuel Richardson, the novelist, and from them issued "*Clarissa Harlow*," "*Sir Charles Grandison*," &c., &c. Like many other printing offices they were eventually consumed by fire, and the present structure erected. The ground-floor west was occupied by Mr. Wilkes; the first floor by Messrs. Milne and Duckworth; the third by Bradbury and Dent,—all printers; on the east side were the offices of *The Traveller*, several other newspapers, and Mr. Swan.

A sort of general move took place in consequence of Messrs. Milne obtaining the Government work out of the hands of Messrs. Teape and Co. Mr. Bradbury moved to Bolt-court, occupying part of the premises formerly Mr. Bensley's; Mr. Wilkes to Black Horse-court, to the premises vacated by Mr.

MacCreery; who transferred his business to Tooke's-court (late Mr. Valpy's offices); who, in turn, occupied premises in Red Lion-court,—formerly those of Messrs. Nichols', who, as Printers of the Votes to the House of Commons, were required to go to Westminster.

Mr. Bradbury, having dissolved partnership with Mr. Dent, was joined by Mr. Evans, and, about 1830, removed to Whitefriars-street, opposite to the office of Mr. Thomas Davison (well known as having printed for Lord Byron), and, being employed by Messrs. Chapman and Hall, of the Strand, publishers of the works of Charles Dickens, they printed several of his works, and ultimately themselves became publishers. "*The Christmas Carol*" was the first they brought out. Shortly afterwards *The Daily News* emanated from their office, together with *Punch*. Their connexion with Mr. Dickens did not terminate without a Chancery suit, when that writer took to publishing himself: opening an office in Wellington-street North.

Messrs. Bradbury and Evans have been the printers of the *Archæological Journal* from its commencement, in 1864, and have done the utmost justice to its beautiful wood-engravings.

In 1866 they became the proprietors and printers of *The Gentleman's Magazine*, of which they this year commenced a new series,—making those omissions which have suggested the present work.

#### Mr. J. J. Ilbery.

The history of the late Josiah James Ilbery comprises the life of the oldest and most indefatigable railway officer in the world. He was born in London, on the 16th of September, 1769, and died at Douglas, Isle of Man, on the 11th of April, 1869.

In 1826 he was engaged to fulfil the duties of Superintendent to the Liverpool and Manchester Railway, at the Liverpool end. Although the line was not opened until the 15th of September, 1830, his advice was of great assistance to the directors, in their councils, from the commencement of that great undertaking.

Mr. Ilbery was constant in the discharge of his onerous duties from the opening of the line from Crown-street to Ordsall-lane, and, subsequently, from Lime-street, Liverpool, to Victoria Station at Manchester, Preston, and the



North, and Birmingham, London, and the South.

Bearing in mind that he had completed his 61st year at the time the Liverpool and Manchester Railway was opened, and that from then he regularly performed his laborious duties up to the period of his superannuation in 1855, when he was 86 years old, it is the most surprising instance of human endurance ever recorded in any railway officer. Early and late, summer and winter, in all weathers, did this strong old man keep to his hard work. He lived in Norton-street—not, perhaps, one of the healthiest parts of Liverpool, but it was close to the railway station; and to an iron constitution like Ilbery's it mattered little where he lived, so that it was near the scene of his labours.

In stature this centenarian was short; his frame was straight and erect, to his death. His muscles were immensely strong, and a greater-nerved man was never known.

Although very abstemious in his habits, Mr. Ilbery was not what is styled a total abstainer. With moderation, he daily drank his whisky and water, and smoked his cigar, till within a few weeks of his death. He took a deal of walking exercise, in which he was able to indulge up to six weeks of his dissolution.

He was married. His wife lived to a good old age, and died since his superannuation.—*Birmingham Daily Post*.

#### Mr. Edward Richardson.

On the 17th May died, at Brighton, aged 57, Mr. Edward Richardson, late of Melbury-terrace, Harewood-square, Marylebone, sculptor, and formerly of Hales-place, South Lambeth.

Mr. Richardson will perhaps be chiefly remembered from having been employed, from March to October 1842, in "restoring" the well-known effigies of the (so-called) Knights Templars, that lie in the Round Church of the Temple. He incurred, for his pains, some degree of opprobrium from the zealous conservators of our monumental antiquities, and we believe that it was even on this very ground that he was denied admission into the Society of Antiquaries. Whilst we heartily agree in the sentiment of which this was intended as a demonstration, we hold that it was misapplied in its personal application to a painstaking and deserving artist. He has described his method of procedure at length in pp.

14, 15 of his work, entitled "The Monumental Effigies of the Temple Church, with an Account of their Restoration in the year 1842;" concluding with these assertions, that "he found in almost every instance ample authority for adding the missing parts;" that "no part of the originals was removed," and "that, on carefully examining the effigies, the extent of every restoration may be traced." The book in question, which was published both in folio and in imperial quarto, contains eleven plates, well drawn by Mr. Richardson, in lithography; and we shall probably add materially to the estimation of its value if we now disclose (which was at a time a secret) that the descriptions were chiefly dictated by the very competent knowledge of Mr. Weston S. Walford, F.S.A., then a resident in the Temple. It may further be added, in deprecation of blame applied to Richardson, that the effigies had suffered considerably, before they were intrusted to his hands, by having remained in a damp shed in Hare-court during the winter of 1841-42, during which interval a beautiful incised cross—that figured in "Temple Church Coffins," plates 2 and 3—was entirely lost. We here allude to a supplemental work, entitled "The Ancient Stone and Lead Coffins, Encaustic Tiles, &c., recently discovered in the Temple Church. By Edward Richardson. 1845."

In Chichester Cathedral Mr. Richardson was employed to repair the monument and effigies attributed (but doubtfully) to an Earl and Countess of Arundel (see the *Gentleman's Magazine*, Sept. 1853, p. 289); and that of Richard de la Wyche, Bishop of Chichester, 1244-52, which, as that prelate was canonised in 1275, has also been called the shrine of Saint Richard. Of the latter monument and effigy an etching by Mr. Richardson is given in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for March 1847. His restoration of the former is described in "The Architectural and Antiquarian Year Book," 1844.

In the years 1848 and 1849 Mr. Richardson performed a similar task in the church of Elford in Staffordshire, at the desire of the Hon. Mary Howard, of Elford-hall. There were monuments in that church, sustaining eight ancient effigies, of the families of Arderne, Smythe, Stanley, and Stann-ton, all of which were "restored" by him, and most of them removed to fresh positions. For the latter result





(at least) it may be presumed he was not responsible, and he has preserved a record of the change in a plan included in "The Monumental Effigies and Tombs in Elford Church, Staffordshire; with a Memoir and Pedigree of the Lords of Elford. 1852." folio. In this work, which contains thirteen plates, Mr. Richardson showed himself as skilful with his etching needle as he had before done with his lithographic pencil. The "memoir and pedigree" were contributed by Mr. Markham Thorpe, from original materials, furnished by the late Staffordshire collector, William Salt, esq. F.S.A. The merits of Mr. Richardson's restorations in this case will be found fully discussed in an article in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for July 1852.

Shortly after, Mr. Richardson communicated to the Archaeological Institute the results of his experience with alabaster, the favourite material of Staffordshire and Derbyshire. These form a really excellent article in the *Archæological Journal*, vol. x. pp. 116-123, enhanced in value, we make no question, by additions contributed by Mr. Albert Way and Mr. W. S. Walford.

When the cathedral of Chichester was visited by the Archaeological Institute in 1853, an account of the most interesting early monuments therein was compiled by Mr. Richardson. This will be found printed in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for Sept. 1853, p. 288.

In 1850, Mr. Richardson was employed at the suggestion (and partly at the expense) of the late J. H. Markland, esq., formerly Director of the Society of Antiquaries, to repair one of the seated statues in the west front of Wells Cathedral, which had fallen from the height of some sixty feet, and had broken into numerous fragments. Of this restoration an account is given in the *Archæological Journal*, vol. viii. p. 201.

He was commissioned to make and procure many of the casts of sepulchral effigies which form the interesting series exhibited in the museum of the Crystal Palace at Sydenham (see particularly his notices of the royal effigies at Fontevraud and Le Mans in the *Archæological Journal*, xi. 298).

Mr. Richardson frequently made other communications to the Archaeological Institute, which may be traced in the indexes to its Journal. We will only specify, as among the more important, in 1850, his account of a miniature

cross-slab and stone coffin found in the churchyard at Old Shoreham (with an engraving, *Arch. Journal*, vii. 180); in 1854, a diminutive female effigy (only 2ft. 4in. in length) found buried under the font at Sheinton, co. Salop (with an engraving, xi. 418), and a collection of rubbings from incised sepulchral slabs in the cathedral church of Kilkenny (vol. xv. 157).

Among Mr. Richardson's original works are recumbent effigies of the late Earl of Powis (ob. 1848), at Welshpool, and of the late Marquess of Ormonde (ob. 1854), in Kilkenny Cathedral. He had also a considerable military connection; he executed (among others) the bronze medallions on the granite testimonial at Woolwich to Sir Alex. Dickson, G.C.B., K.C.H.; the marble testimonials in Canterbury Cathedral to those of the 18th Lancers and 31st Regiment who fell in the Sutlej campaign; and the monument at Madras to Major-Gen. Sir Robert H. Dick, K.C.B.—the subject, a veteran of H.M. 42nd Royal Highlanders in alto-relievo, etched by himself in the *Gentleman's Magazine* for June, 1850. It is stated in the same place (by himself, but we are not aware that the claim was in any respect disputed,) that "he designed for the successful competitor, Mr. Railton, the architect, the whole of the sculptural details for the Nelson Column, without, however, having further participated in the result." This, however, we presume, merely means that he sketched for Mr. Railton some idea of the way in which sculptural accessories were proposed to be introduced on that monument,—the present sculptural decorations being the designs and workmanship, as is well known, of various other sculptors.

In 1855, Mr. Richardson produced the monumental cross placed over the grave of Lady Harriet Paget, in All Saints' Churchyard at Hastings.

Mr. Richardson was an active member of the London and Middlesex Archaeological Society on its first institution, and enlisted many members in its ranks. Zealous and eager, he was sometimes perhaps too busy, and therefore unintentionally troublesome to those who were not desirous of his interference. Latterly this nervous temperament grew upon him, and for some years he had seriously suffered from ill health. His death, however, occurred somewhat suddenly from an attack of erysipelas.



## BIRTHS.

*April 13.* At Pimlico, the wife of Captain H. F. Newmarch, B.S.C. a son.

At Llandough Rectory, Cowbridge, the wife of the Rev. Stephen Nicholl, a son.

*April 14.* At Bath, the wife of Brevet Lieut.-Col. Gammell, 5th Fusiliers, a dau.

At Letton Rectory, Hereford, the wife of the Rev. C. H. Pilkington, a dau.

*April 15.* At Sandgate, the wife of Capt. E. M. Beadon, 85th L.I. a dau.

At Guilford-place, the wife of W. Spooner, esq. L.R.C.P. Lond. a dau.

*April 16.* At Brunswick-square, the wife of Professor Ansted, a dau.

At Wimbleton, the wife of George Tuthill Borrett, esq. barrister-at-law, a dau.

At Croydon, the wife of Capt. P. C. S. Grant, a son.

At Worcester, the wife of the Rev. Frederick William Griffiths, a son.

At Lee, Kent, the wife of Arthur Powell May, esq. a dau.

*April 17.* At Peshawur, the wife of Capt. H. F. Blair, R.E. a son.

At Aldershot, the wife of Major Osborne Barwell Cannon, 97th Reg. a son.

At Berry Pomeroy Vicarage, Devon, the wife of the Rev. A. J. Everett, a son.

At North Cray, Kent, the wife of the Rev. Hugh William Johnston, a son.

At Bath, the Viscountess Kilcoursie, a dau.

At Badgeworth Rectory, Weston-super-Mare, the wife of the Rev. H. M. Mapleton, a son and dau.

The wife of Dr. Paget, Cambridge, a son.

At Cossington Rectory, Somerset, the wife of the Rev. W. Pope, M.A. a dau.

At Belsize Park, the wife of W. Heath Strange, esq. M.D. a son.

At Dalston, the wife of Dr. George Sykes, Surgeon to the Queen's Own L.I. Militia, a dau.

At Westhorpe Hall, Notts, the wife of Major Warrand, R.E. a dau.

At Avon Dassett Rectory, the wife of the Rev. A. B. Webb, late of University Coll. Oxford, a dau.

*April 18.* At Crockham Vicarage, Kent, the wife of the Rev. J. E. Campbell-Colquhoun, a son.

The wife of Dr. England, Winchester, a son.

At Ealing, the wife of Alexander Forbes, esq. a dau.

At Tulse-hill, the wife of Capt. B. C. Jones, a son.

At Warwick, Mrs. Montague, the wife of the Vicar of Wimbish, a dau.

At Bayswater, the wife of Henry Mainwaring Sladen, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

At Snow Hall, Darlington, the wife of T. Sowerby, esq. a dau.

At Marischal-road, Lee, the wife of the Rev. Thomas J. West, a son.

*April 19.* At Eaton-square, the Lady Laura Hampton, a dau.

At Privett Parsonage, Hants, the wife of the Rev. E. W. Holmes, a son.

At Englemere, Ascot, Berks, Mrs. Mowbray Morris, a dau.

At Teignmouth, Devon, the wife of Lieut.-Col. G. S. Tilly, R.E. a son.

At Higher Broughton, Manchester, the wife of Chas. H. Wilson, esq. a dau.

At Reading, the wife of the Rev. Robert Wood, a dau.

*April 20.* At Newport, Isle of Wight, the wife of Francis Charles Annesley, H.M. 28th Reg. a dau.

The wife of Ralph Assheton, esq. M.P. a dau.

At Great Yarmouth, the wife of T. C. Cholmeley, esq. Commander R.N. a dau.

At Charlesfort, Ferns, the wife of Capt. Westropp Dawson, a dau.

At Leeds, the wife of T. R. Jessop, esq. F.R.C.S. a dau.

At Bayswater, London, the wife of A. R. Pollock, esq. B.C.S. a dau.

At Sydenham-hill, the wife of Buxton Shillitoe, F.R.C.S. a son.

At Cleobury North Rectory, Salop, the wife of the Rev. M. E. Stanbrough, a son.

At Bartlow Rectory, Cambridgeshire, the wife of the Rev. Robert Watkins, a dau.

*April 21.* At Westbourne-park, the wife of the Rev. A. Hunter Dunn, M.A. a dau.

At Edinburgh, the wife of the Rev. Samuel H. Edgerley, of Old Calabar, a son.

At Cheltenham, the wife of Charles Francis Gale, esq. a dau.

At Clapham, the wife of Herr Matthay, professor of languages, a dau.

At Lavendon rectory, Bucks, the wife of the Rev. Gerard Tomkins, a son.





At Bagnères de Bigorre, France, the wife of the Rev. Bouchier William Toke Wrey, a son.

*April 22.* At St. Helier's, Jersey, the wife of Arthur De Belin, esq. a dau.

At Bloxworth, Dorsetshire, the wife of the Rev. Octavius Pickard-Cambridge, a son.

At Cadogan-place, Mrs. E. Dicey, a son.

At Burton Hall, Stillorgan, the wife of Henry Guinness, esq. a dau.

At Bayswater, the wife of Charles Montagu, esq. a dau.

At St. John's-wood, the wife of W. A. Sumner, surgeon, a dau.

At Brighton, the wife of John Winter, esq. surgeon, a son.

*April 23.* At Petersfield, the wife of R. S. Cross, esq. surgeon, a dau.

At Forest-hill, the wife of S. H. Halahan, esq. late 44th Regt. a son.

At Upper Norwood, the wife of Frederick Sanders Herbert, esq. solicitor, a son.

At Baldock, Herts, the wife of Mr. William Jenner, surgeon, a dau.

At Swilland Vicarage, Suffolk, the wife of the Rev. James Park Nelson, a son.

At Radstock rectory, Bath, the wife of the Rev. Horatio Nelson Ward, a son.

At Isleworth, the wife of H. G. Waterfield, esq. Bengal Staff Corps, a son.

*April 24.* At Southsea, the wife of Edward R. Chamberlain, Paymaster H.M.'s Indian troopship Scerapis, a dau.

At Portsea, the wife of the Rev. E. B. C. Churchill, a dau.

At Glasgow, the wife of Major Craigie, of Glendoick, Perthshire, a dau.

At Kingston House, the Countess of Listowel, a dau.

At Penicuik, the wife of T. J. For-dyce Messer, M.D. University, Edinburgh, a son.

At Upper Brook-street, London, Lady Guendolen Ramsden, a dau.

At Copenhagen, the wife of G. Strachey, Secretary of H.M.'s Legation, a dau.

*April 25.* At Venice, the wife of Major W. W. Arbuthnot, late 18th Hussars, a son.

At Dundee, the wife of the Rev. P. L. Burr, a son.

At Jedburgh, the wife of William Elliot, esq. solicitor, a son.

At Eaton-sq. the wife of Lieut.-Col. Hamilton, Grenadier Guards, a dau.

At Fitzroy-sq. the wife of Henry M. Madge, M.D. a son.

At Weston-super-Mare, the wife of Richard S. O'Connor, esq. Bengal Police, a dau.

At Brighton, the wife of the Rev. J. B. Slight, a dau.

At Skillington Vicarage, Lincolnshire, the wife of the Rev. Andrew Wood, a son.

*April 26.* At the Manor House, Thetford, Norfolk, the wife of the Rev. William Bentley, Vicar of St. Cuthbert, a dau.

At Knowl-hill Vicarage, Berks, the wife of the Rev. A. H. Fairbairn, a son.

At West Newington, the wife of the Rev. William Gillespie, a dau.

At Northampton, the wife of the Rev. John H. Codrington Hobkirk, a dau.

At Hampstead, the wife of the Rev. John Matheson, a son.

The wife of the Rev. W. J. Pickard, Appleford, Abingdon, a son.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Dr. Pringle, Dep.-Insp.-Gen. of Hospitals, late Madras Army, a son.

At Rugby, the wife of Captain Sapte, a son.

At North Creake rectory, Norfolk, the wife of the Rev. J. N. Simpkinson, a son.

At Cound Villa, Salop, the wife of Capt. Anthony Wingfield, a son.

*April 27.* At Kensington, the Hon. Mrs. Hubert Dormer, a dau.

At Little Tew Parsonage, Oxon, the wife of the Rev. C. F. Garratt, a son.

At Carmarthen, the wife of George G. Hearder, M.D. med. superintendent of the Joint-Counties Asylum, a dau.

At Portman-square, the Lady Augusta Montagu, a dau.

At Eccleston-sq. the wife of Henry C. Norris, esq. Capt. 8th Hussars, a son.

At Beddington, the wife of the Rev. T. W. Sharpe, a dau.

At Coltrbridge House, the wife of James Turnbull, esq. W.S. of Hillend, a dau.

*April 28.* At St. Helier's, Jersey, the wife of E. F. Carrel, esq. a dau.

At Brighton, Mrs. John Cockerell, a dau.

At Newcastle-on-Tyne, the wife of Mr. William Fergusson, editor of the *Newcastle Courant*, a son.

At Wavertree, near Liverpool, the wife of J. Chr. Hansen, esq. a dau.

At Sydenham, the wife of Wm. Minet, esq. of the Bombay and Baroda Railway, a dau.

At Hyde-park, the wife of Henry Rutter, LL.B. a dau.



At Bath, the Hon. Mrs. Digby Walsh, a dau.

*April 29.* At Hyde-park-gate, the wife of Col. Gamble, C.B. a son.

At Tichborne-st. Regent-st. the wife of William Grindlay, eldest son of the late Capt. Grindlay, a son.

At St. Thomas's-st. Southwark, the wife of Sydney Jones, M.B., F.R.C.S. a dau.

At Brighton, the wife of the Rev. F. L. Lamotte, a son.

At Upper Gloucester-pl. Dorset-sq. the wife of Frederiek Lewis, L.R.C.P. a dau.

At Kirby-under-Dale, the Hon. Mrs. T. Monson, a dau.

At Government House, Devonport, Lady Staveley, a dau.

At Dublin, the wife of Anthony Traill, esq. LL.D., F.T.C.D. a dau.

*April 30.* At Limerick, the wife of the Rev. T. A. Crozier, M.A. Chaplain to the Forces, a son.

The wife of the Rev. A. Gouin, Brighton, a son.

At Embsay, near Skipton, the wife of the Rev. C. L. Hardman, Vicar, a dau.

At Eastbourne, the wife of Dr. J. A. C. Hutchinson, Bengal Medical Service, a son.

At St. Nicholas rectory, Guildford, the wife of Dr. Charles Henry Leet, Royal Engineers, a son.

The wife of the Rev. Telford Macdonogh, M.A. Rector of Ettagh, Roscrea, a dau.

At Habergham Eaves Vicarage, Burnley, the wife of the Rev. E. C. Maclure, a son and dau.

At Castle Morris, co. Kilkenny, the wife of Captain H. J. de Montmorency, a dau.

At Frensham, Surrey, the wife of the Rev. Henry Olivier, a son.

At Birkenhead, the wife of L. R. Stevenson, esq. late 3rd King's Own Hussars, a son.

*May 1.* At Kimpton, Herts, the wife of the Rev. R. K. Arbutnot, a dau.

At Paris, the wife of the Rev. W. H. Edie, Scotch Consular Chaplain, a son.

At Norwich, the wife of Alfred Kent, esq. Solicitor, a dau.

At Grantham, the wife of C. H. D. Robbs, M.D. a dau.

At Cranborne, Windsor, the wife of the Rev. John Scarth, a dau.

At Spetisbury Rectory, Dorset, the wife of the Rev. Henry Brougham Vizard, Rector, a son.

*May 2.* At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, the

wife of the Rev. Dixon Brown, of Unthank Hall, Northumberland, a dau.

At Dalston, the wife of Frederick H. Daly, esq. M.D. a dau.

At Bath, the wife of John Heywood, esq. R.E. (Bengal), a dau.

At Buriton, Hants, the wife of the Rev. Walter E. Medlicott, a son.

At Sidmouth, the wife of Major-Gen. Henry Smyth, C.B. a son.

At Dublin, the wife of Major T. Staples, Bengal Staff Corps, a son.

*May 3.* The wife of the Rev. J. Stanley Chesshire, Hampton Lucy, Warwickshire, a son.

At Sustead, Norfolk, the wife of the Rev. Harry C. Fisher, a son.

At Buckworth Rectory, the wife of the Hon. and Rev. Hugh W. Mostyn, a dau.

*May 4.* At North Brenton, Tavistock, Devon, the wife of the Rev. Francis John Bryant, a son.

At Berkeley-square, the wife of Major E. A. Cook, a son.

At Baillicboro', the wife of the Rev. Digby S. Cooke, a son.

At Ottawa, Canada, the Hon. Mrs. R. Monck, a son.

At Eccleston-square, the Hon. Mrs. Charles Spring Rice, a son.

The wife of the Rev. C. S. Turner, Clifton Hampden, Oxon. a dau.

At Ontario, the wife of the Rev. Edward F. Wilson, a son.

*May 5.* At Marden Beach, Kent, the wife of H. C. T. Beadnell, esq. late H.M.'s 63rd Regt. a dau.

At Southsea, the wife of Commander Richard Carter, R.N. H.M.S. St. Vincent, a dau.

At Belmont, Shrewsbury, the residence of her father, the wife of the Rev. F. W. Kittermaster, of All Saints', Coventry, a son.

At Uxbridge, the wife of James W. Lishman, esq. Paymaster R.N. a son.

At Devonport, the wife of Captain Luard, R.N. a dau.

At Glasgow, the wife of John McConville, esq. M.D. a dau.

At Stony Stratford, the wife of the Rev. R. Winkfield, a son.

*May 6.* At Stuttgart, the wife of Major J. T. Ashton, late of the Madras I.A. a dau.

At Woolwich, the wife of W. H. McCausland, esq. R.A. a son.

At Quatre Bras, Hexham, the wife of the Rev. J. Gordon McPherson, M.A. Ph.D. a son.

At Weymouth, the wife of Capt. Shute B. Piers, R.N. of H.M.S. Himalaya, a son.





At Andover, Hants, the wife of the Rev. Edward Foyle Randolph, a dau.

At Edinburgh, the Countess of Southesk, a son.

The wife of Capt. Wyld-Browne, a son.

May 7. At Brixton, the wife of Edward T. E. Besley, esq. barrister, a dau.

At Lewisham, the wife of Frederic Robert Brande, esq. of the Royal Mint, a son.

At Moccas Rectory, Lady Cornwall, a son.

At Kempford, Fairford, Gloucestershire, Lady Gilbert-East, a son.

At Blackheath, the wife of Edwin John Herepath, esq. barrister-at-law, a son.

At Ousden Rectory, Suffolk, the wife of the Rev. W. S. McDouall, a dau.

May 8. At Princes Gate, London, the wife of W. P. Adam, esq. of Blair-Adam, M.P. a son.

At Stonehouse, Devon, the wife of Major De Courcy, R.M. a son.

At Rathgar, the wife of Dr. M. Hamilton, R.N. a son.

At Hereford, the wife of Jas. Hy. Knight, esq. solicitor, a dau.

The wife of the Rev. E. P. Nicholas, Cuddesdon, a dau.

At Beachampton rectory, Bucks, the wife of the Rev. R. N. Russell, a son.

At Great Milton vicarage, the wife of the Rev. Edward Sturges, a dau.

May 9. At Avenue de l'Impératrice, Paris, the Lady Mary Craven, a son.

At Tenterden, Kent, the wife of Capt. W. H. Peel, a dau.

The wife of Francis Reid, esq. late Capt. Carbiniers, a dau.

At the Curragh, the wife of Major C. Vincent Watson, 66th Regt. a son.

At Kensington, the wife of Thomas H. Weeks, esq. solicitor, a dau.

May 10. At Tenby, the wife of Capt. G. W. Cockburn, 42d Royal Highlanders, a son.

At Chesterfield-street, the wife of W. H. Dickinson, M.D. a son.

At The Terrace, Chatham Barracks, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Rickman, 2d Depot Batta. a son.

At Tramore, co. Waterford, the wife of Ponsonby W. Watts, esq. 18th (Royal Irish) Regt. a dau.

May 11. At Cavendish-square, the wife of William J. Allen, esq. formerly of the Bengal Civil Service, a son.

At Belgrave-square, Lady Aveland, a dau.

At Belfast, the wife of Surgeon-Major Bacot, a dau.

At Edinburgh, the wife of Alfred C. Lawford, esq. Madras Presidency, a dau.

At Gateacre, near Liverpool, the wife of the Rev. John Turnbull, curate of Childwall, a dau.

May 12. At Leinster-terrace, Hyde-park, the wife of the Hon. Sydney Annesley, a dau.

At Little Dean's-yard, Westminster, the wife of the Rev. B. F. James, a dau.

At Maesllwch Castle, Radnorshire, the Hon. Mrs. Langham, a dau.

At Craigaverne, Queen's County, the wife of Villiers Morton, esq. J.P. a son.

At Pear Tree Green, near Southampton, the wife of George Perry, esq. Assist.-Surgeon Scots Fusilier Guards, a son.

At the Vicarage, Wisbech, St. Mary's, the wife of the Rev. Hugh Pigot, a dau.

At Southsea, the wife of Charles Pritchard, R.N. a dau.

At Leamington, the wife of Capt. Elliott Raymond, 44th Regt. a son.

At Park-street, Grosvenor-square, the wife of Rear-Adm. Sotheby, a son.

At Walworth Hall, near Darlington, the wife of Capt. Robert Thompson, a dau.

May 13. At Norbiton, Surrey, the wife of Francis Aubrey Le Blond, esq. a son.

At Orme-square, Kensington Gardens, the wife of D. A. Campbell Fraser, esq. M.D. Surgeon 103rd Fusiliers, a son.

At Harrow Weald Lodge, the wife of Henry R. Sperling, esq. a son.

At Houghton Hall, Fence Houses, Durham, the wife of Charles Taylor, esq. a son.

May 14. At Windleshaw, St. Helen's, Mrs. J. Fenwick Allen, a son.

At Bayswater, the wife of Charles N. Blumberg, esq. a dau.

At Greenwich, the wife of Alexander Forsyth, M.D. a dau.

At York, the wife of the Rev. John J. Harrison, Chaplain R.N. a son.

At Bath, the wife of Capt. Stammers, H.M.'s 10th Regt. a dau.

May 15. At South Hampstead, the wife of Henry Hugh Askew, late 7th Dragoon Guards, a dau.

The wife of the Rev. Charles Bigg, Cheltenham, a son.

At South Kensington, the Viscountess Bury, a dau.

At Saxby rectory, Barton-on-Humber, Mrs. Charles Warren Markham, a son.

At Berryhill, Carisbrooke, Isle of



Wight, the wife of the Rev. Robert Nutt, curate of Carisbrooke, a dau.

## BAPTISM.

March 15. At Penshurst, Kent, the

eldest son of Mrs. Henry Denman Macaulay, named William Edward Babington; Sponsors—Joseph Babington Macaulay, esq. Mrs. H. D. Macaulay, and Miss Eleanor Studley.

## MARRIAGES.

March 9. At Madras, Lieut. Alex. Clark-Kennedy, 21st Regt. A.D.C. to Major-Gen. Sir R. Smythe, K.C.B. eldest son of Col. Clark-Kennedy, and grandson of Gen. Sir Alex. Clark-Kennedy, K.C.B. and K.H. to Mary Jane, eldest dau. of the Rev. W. Welsh, M.A. incumbent of Christ Church.

April 15. At St. Peter's, Dublin, Captain Brereton, only son of the late Lieut.-Gen. Brereton of New Abbey, co. Kildare, and nephew of the late Lieut.-Gen. Sir William Brereton, K.C.B., K.H., Royal Art. to Henrietta Frances, widow of T. B. Bourne, esq. of Cloughton Park, Birkenhead, and grandniece of the above distinguished officers.

At St. George's, Bloomsbury, George Alexander, eldest son of George Mackintosh Browne, Esq. J.P. St. Vincent, West Indies to Flora Emma Buller, fourth dau. of the late Sir John Macgregor, M.D. K.C.B., Corstorphine Lodge, Ryde, Isle of Wight.

At Great Bardfield, Essex, by the Rev. W. E. Lionel Lampet, Vicar, brother of the bride, the Rev. Thomas Everard Cartwright, Vicar of Braintree, to Harriet Sophia, second dau. of the late Rev. Barrett Edward Lampet, Vicar of Great Bardfield.

At St. Paul's, Clifton, Charles James Hamilton, esq. Capt. 3rd Regt. (Buffs) son of C. P. Hamilton, esq. of Dublin, to Isabella, second dau. of Charles Taddy, esq. of Clifton.

At St. Saviour's, Paddington, by the Rev. Henry B. Hare, M.A. Rector of Fiddington, Somerset, uncle of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. R. W. Forrest, M.A. Charles Bowles Hare, esq. of Clifton, Bristol, to Ellen Hensley, elder dau. of Mrs. Gordon, of Clifton-gardens, and granddau. of the late George Gordon, esq. of Croughly, N.B.

At Holy Trinity Church, Ryde, by the Very Rev. Canon Prothero, Rector of Whippingham, uncle of the bridegroom, Thomas Prothero Newall, Capt. Royal Marine L. I. fourth son of Capt.

Newall, of Hillside, Ventnor, to Pauline Josephine, second surviving dau. of the late John Vivart, esq. Bombay C. Service.

At Shobdon, the Lord Northwick to the Hon. Mrs. G. D. Warburton, dau. of the late and sister to the present Lord Bateman.

At Sedbergh, by the Rev. George Moreton Platt, M.A. vicar of Whitkirk, near Leeds, assisted by the Rev. Thomas Earle Platt, M.A. curate of Roystone, Yorkshire, brothers of the bride, William Darroch Pennington Swain, esq. M.R.C.S. of Sedbergh, to Jane Rebecca, second dau. of the Rev. George Platt, M.A. vicar of Sedbergh.

At Great Bourton, near Banbury, J. Severn Walker, esq. of Worcester, to Ellen Barber, only dau. of Charles Faulkner, esq. F.S.A. F.G.S., of Deddington, Oxon.

April 16. At Oporto, Stewart Smith Hutcheson, esq. son of the late Charles Hutcheson, esq. Glasgow, to Martha, youngest dau. of the late Thomas Page, esq. of Shermanbury, Sussex.

At St. Anne's, Dunganon, co. Tyrone, Irwin Henry Russell Kelly, of Dunganon, solicitor, to Mary Howard, only dau. of Courtenay Newton, esq. of Killymed, Dunganon.

April 17. At St. Leonard's-on-sea, the Rev. Francis H. Atkinson, second son of the late Francis Baring Atkinson, esq. of Morland Hall, Westmorland, to Edith Mary, dau. of Henry Vatcher, esq. of Jersey.

At St. Thomas's, Portman-square, Frederic Brazier, esq. of Sandhurst, Kent, only son of the late Henry Brazier, esq. of Rye, Sussex, to Ann, only dau. of the late D. Taylor, esq. of Martley, Worcestershire.

At Wanstead, Essex, by the Rev. J. B. Crump, M.A. Curate of Spotland, Lancashire, brother of the bride, George, eldest son of the late Thomas Guest, of Barnsley, Yorkshire, to Elizabeth Ann, third dau. of James Henry Crump, of Snarebrook, Essex.





At St. Paul's, Clifton, by the Rev. W. Stephens, Vicar of Wednesfield, assisted by the Rev. S. E. Perry, uncle and brother of the bride, Roland Hadock, of Croydon, Surrey, to Lucy Ann, second dau. of John *Perry*, esq. J.P. Clifton.

At St. Paul's, Upper Norwood, Dixon *Kemp*, esq. of Kensington, to Georgiana Mary Bessie, younger dau. of the late George Huntly *Gordon*, esq. of Maida-hill.

At East Grinstead, Sussex, Samuel Lucas, late 60th Light Infantry, to Naomi, second dau. of Thomas *Martin*, late of Forest Row.

At Southam, Warwickshire, David Rice, surgeon, to Mary Ann, younger dau. of the late John *Addison*, esq. of Little Staughton, Beds.

April 19. At Cloyne Cathedral, Capt. G. S. Berkeley, R.E. to Louisa M. C. *Longfield*, third dau. of the late Mountfort Longfield, esq. D.-L. of Castle Mary, co. Cork.

At St. Stephen's, Lewisham, the Rev. Richd. Rhodes Bristow, M.A. Oxon. Vicar of St. Stephen's, Lewisham, to Elizabeth Lane, dau. of Edward Lane *Swatman*, of Lee.

At St. Dunstan's, Stepney, Alphonse Ferdinand, eldest son of P. F. Claret, esq. Paris, to Emma Donaldson, youngest dau. of the late John *Archer*, esq. of Ratcliffe, and stepdau. of Henry Rolinson, esq. of Bow-common.

At Deal, Lieut. J. T. Wright, R.E. to Annie, dau. of Henry *Heighams*, esq.

April 20. At St. Stephen's, Norwich, Ernest Gaskin Basset, third surviving son of Edward Archer Applewhaite, of Pickenham Hall, Norfolk, esq. to Ada Mary, only child of Frederick *Grimmer*, of Bracondale and Thurlton, esq.

At St. Mark's, North Audley-street, William Blacker, esq. late Capt. 12th Royal Lancers, only son of the late Col. St. John Blacker, to Agnes, youngest dau. of William C. *King*, esq. of Warfield Hall, Berks.

At Bradford, near Taunton, by the Rev. H. J. Adair, Vicar, and the Rev. F. House, brother-in-law of the bride, George Frederick Browning, esq. of Weston, near Bath, to Hannah, dau. of Edward *Easton*, esq. of Stonehouse, Bradford.

At St. Saviour's, Pimlico, the Rev. H. Earle Bulwer, of Kidlington, Oxford, to Helen Mary, only dau. of the late Rev. John *Hodgson*, Vicar of Hoxne, Suffolk.

At Middleton, Alfred Davy, esq. soli-

citor, of Leeds, to Caroline, youngest dau. of Edward John *Jackson*, esq. of Wreton Hall, Yorkshire.

At St. Elvan's, Aberdare, by the Rev. H. D. Jones, M.A. cousin of the bride, assisted by the Rev. W. J. Edwards, B.A. brother of the bridegroom, the Rev. H. T. Edwards, B.A. Vicar of Aberdare, to Mary, eldest dau. of D. *Davis*, esq. J.P. Maesffynon, Aberdare.

At St. Thomas's, Edinburgh, by the Rev. D. T. K. Drummond, the Rev. Thomas Hawley Edwards, Vicar, Bish-opswood, Ross, Herefordshire, to Mary Anne, only dau. of the late Capt. Henry le *Mesurier*, of the Indian Army.

At Llangibby, Monmouthshire, by the Rev. George Prothero, Canon of Westminster, Chaplain to the Queen, and the Rev. Thomas Prothero, also Chaplain to the Queen, uncles of the bride, P. E. V. Gilbert, Capt. of the 13th L.I. to Edith, youngest dau. of Charles *Prothero*, esq. of Llangibby Castle, Monmouthshire.

At St. Paul's, Old Charlton, Kent, Theophilus Rhys, eldest son of Theophilus R. Jones, esq. of Eltham, to Emily Amelia, dau. of the late William *Woods*, esq. of Old Charlton.

At St. James's, Croydon, by the Rev. Horace Waller, brother to the bride, Alexander Carnegie Kirk, eldest son of the late Rev. John Kirk, of Arbirlot, Forfarshire, to Ada, younger dau. of the late John *Waller*, esq. of Croydon.

At St. John's, Notting-hill, by the Rev. W. Bence, James Henry Loch, M.D. Bengal M. Serv., to Helen Maria, eldest dau. of Dr. A. *Campbell*, late Supt. of Darjeeling.

At Glasgow, by the Rev. Walter McLay, Strathaven, A.M. father of the bridegroom, J. C. S. *McLay*, London, to Maggie, dau. of the late John *Wilson*, Glasgow.

At East Woodhay, Hants, the Rev. Denis Times Moore, M.A. eldest son of Francis Moore, M.D. of Great Hadham, Herts, to Mary, eldest dau. of the late Rev. John *Gibson*, B.D. Vicar of Furneaux and Brent Pelham, Herts.

At St. Ann's, Turton, by the Rev. Arthur Dunn, uncle of the bride, John Henry Willoughby-Osborne, Capt. Bengal Army, son of Major-Gen. Willoughby-Osborne, Hawford, near Worcester, to Mary, dau. of James *Kay*, esq. of Turton Tower, Bolton-le-Moors.

At St. Saviour's, Pimlico, Henry Leigh, youngest son of Edward Leigh *Pemberton*, of Eaton-place and Torry-



hill, Kent, esq. to Mary Eliza, eldest dau. of Richd. *Garth*, esq. Q.C. of St. George's-square, and Morden, Surrey.

At St. Mark's, Armagh, John Macgregor, second son of the late John Powell, esq. of Annesfort, co. Cavan, to Catherine Maria, second dau. of Henry *Harris*, esq. of Armagh.

At St. Leonard's, Middleton, Lancashire, Richard John Lloyd Price, of Rhiwlas, co. Merioneth, to Evelyn, youngest dau. of Capt. Edward John Gregge *Hopwood*, of Hopwood Hall, co. Lancaster.

At Torquay, by the Rev. C. Griffith, M.A. consin of the bride, John Alexander Richmond, Capt. in H.M.'s Madras Staff Corps, eldest son of the late John Richmond, esq. Superintending Surgeon Madras Med. Establishment, to Julia Louisa, dau. of the late Rev. Edward *Rowlandson*, M.A.

At Thames Ditton, Surrey, Alfred Wright, esq. surgeon, Romford, Essex, to Elizabeth Sarah (Beta), third dau. of the Rev. Joseph *Powell*, late Rector of Normanton-on-Soar, Notts.

April 21. At St. Mary's, Donnybrook, William Henry, eldest son of William Ash, esq. Highgate-road, London, to Mary Esther, eldest dau. of Joseph W. *Casson*, esq. J.P. Belmont, Sandford.

At Scarborough, by the Rev. T. H. Stokoe, brother-in-law of the bride, assisted by the Rev. John T. Athawes, brother of the bridegroom, Edward James Athawes, esq. of Beckenham, Kent, and of Lincoln's-inn and the Middle Temple, barrister-at-law, to Helena Turnell *Spofforth*, dau. of Robert Spofforth, esq.

At St. Mary's, Sheffield, William Greaves Blake, formerly of the 9th Lancers, and son of the late Thomas Blake, esq. to Rebecca, second dau. of Thomas *Jessop*, esq. of Sheffield.

At St. Paul's, Southampton, by the Rev. John Eccles, M.A. Vicar of St. Peter's, Drogheda, brother of the bridegroom, Cuthbert Eccles, esq. Major 4th (King's Own) Royals, third surviving son of the late Cuthbert Eccles, esq. of Eccles-street, Dublin, to Amy Neat, second dau. of the late George *Pocock*, esq. Southampton.

At Christ Church, Lancaster-gate, by the Vicar of Brewood, Henry Jenner Eccles, esq. of Spriddlestone, co. Devon, to Catherine Jeffreys *Dixon*, second dau. of the late Admiral Sir Mauley Dixon, K.C.B.

At St. Martin's, Salisbury, the Rev.

William Henry Higgs, M.A. Oxon. only son of Thomas Higgs, esq. of Streatham-hill, Surrey, to Emma Maria Jane, eldest dau. of the late C. T. *Wilson*, esq. of Oundle, Northamptonshire.

At Sutton Courtney, Berks, Charles Sidney, the only son of E. D. Howitt, esq. of Kennington-park-road, to Sarah, dau. of the late John *Pullen*, esq. and niece of Edward Pullen, esq. both of Sutton Courtney.

At St. Cuthbert's, Lytham, by the Rev. J. Pitt, Rector of Rendcomb, Gloucestershire, uncle of the bride, J. Douglas Kennedy, esq. Capt. 6th Royal Lancashire Militia, to Mary Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late Henry *Miller*, esq. of Preston, Lancashire.

At the Cathedral, Cashel, Richard Albert Massy, esq. R.M. late Lieut. 60th Rifles, of Brookfield House, Manorhamilton, co. Leitrim, only surviving son of John Massy, esq. J.P. of Kingswell House, co. Tipperary, to Matilda, only dau. of Capt. Murchin, R.N. of Rock Abbey, near Cashel.

At St. Mary's, Rawtenstall, Lancashire, John Northway, esq. of Blunham, Bedfordshire, to Frances Holdsworth, youngest dau. of the late T. W. *Hemingway*, esq. of Harepark, Yorkshire.

At the British Consulate, Palermo, William Rose, esq. to Martha, second dau. of the late Edward E. E. *Gardner*, esq. of Palermo.

At Christ Church Cathedral, Oxford, Samuel Rudge, esq. R.A. second surviving son of Edward Rudge, esq. of Ewelme, Oxfordshire, to Anne Caroline, dau. of the late Rev. H. T. *Attkins*, of Langley House, Bucks.

At St. Helena, Chas. Henry Spragge, Lient. R. A. to Elizabeth Esther, eldest dau. of George *Moss*, esq. of The Briars, St. Helena.

At Bidston, Cheshire, by the Rev. W. A. Mocatta, M.A. Incumbent of St. Thomas's, St. Helen's, assisted by the Rev. B. S. Clarke, D.D. Incumbent of Christ Church, Southport, uncles of the bride, Arthur Edmund, fifth son of the late Joseph Stearns, esq. Cranbrooke Park, Ilford, Essex, to Margaret, eldest dau. of Maurice *Mocatta*, esq. Cloughton, Birkenhead.

At Cradley, Allan John, younger son of James Evers Swindell, esq. of The Castle, Oldswinford, Stourbridge, to Ellen Maria, youngest dau. of Thomas Henry *Pargeter*, esq. of Stourbridge.

At St. Luke's, Westbourne-park, Arthur, youngest son of Ham Tite, esq.





of Folkestone, to Elisabeth Felicite Virginie, elder dau. of Mons. François *Despointes*, of Westbourne-park.

At St. Mark's, Kennington, William Lumb Wallis, of The Wish, Eastbourne, to Mary Ann, eldest dau. of Matthias *Medwin*, of Clapham-road, Surrey.

At Portsmouth, William David Welch, Capt. and Adjutant Royal Marine Art. second son of the late James Davenport Welch, esq. of Snaresbrook, Essex, to Alida Sarah, second dau. of Chevalier Van Den *Bergh*, Consul, Southsea, Hants.

April 22. At St. Anne's, Alderney, Nicholas Peter Lacoq Barbenson, esq. advocate at Alderney, eldest son of J. N. Barbenson, esq. Queen's Procureur, Alderney, to Charlotte Elizabeth Isabella Elliot, dau. of David *Gibbons*, esq. Military Store Staff.

At Wethersfield, Capt. George Moyle Bellington, Inniskilling Dragoons, to Constance Amy, dau. of the late J. *White*, esq. of The Manor House, Wethersfield, and of Berechurch Hall, Essex.

At Hove, Carr Burton, esq. of Chapel Hill Lodge, youngest son of the late Sir Richard and Lady Burton, of Sackett's Hill House, Kent, to Mary Penny, dau. of the late Rev. W. Phelps, M.A. Vicar of Bicknolier and Rector of Oxeombe, Lincolnshire, widow of William *Ormes*, esq. and cousin of the late Marquises of Downshire and Hastings.

At St. Lawrence, Jersey, by the Rev. Thomas Orange, uncle of the bride, Thomas Clark, esq. of South Lodge, Walthamstow, Essex, to Emma, second dau. of George *Orange*, esq. of St. Helier's, Jersey.

At St. Thomas's, Dublin, John Cullinan, esq. jun. eldest son of John Cullinan, of Bindon-street, Ennis, co. Clare, esq. to Martha Frances, third dau. of the late Rev. Francis *Faris*, formerly Vicar of Donard, co. Wicklow.

At Little Dalby, Leicestershire, Major William James Montgomery Cuninghame, V.C. son of Sir Thomas Montgomery Cuninghame, of Glenmor, Ayrshire, to Elizabeth, youngest dau. of Edward Bouchier *Hartopp*, esq. of Little Dalby, Melton Mowbray.

At St. Matthias, Richmond, Surrey, Oliver Henry Davis, esq. of St. John's Wood, son of Oliver Henry Davis, esq. late of Kennington-park, to Mary, second dau. of Henry *Hopwood*, esq. of Richmond.

At St. Mary's, Balham, Surrey, Charles John Fennell, Assist.-Surg. R.N. to Emma Maria, second dau. of the late Rev. J. G. *Dowling*, M.A. Rector of St. Mary-de-Crypt, Gloucester.

At St. John's, Redhill, Hants, by the Rev. Joseph Barton, brother-in-law of the bride, William White, second son of Frederick Flint, esq. of Roper House, Canterbury, to Marion, dau. of the late J. *Sullivan*, esq. M.D. of Charleville House, co. Cork, and stepdau. of the Rev. J. Maddy, Rector of Penhow, Monmouthshire.

At St. Giles's, Camberwell, by the Rev. A. D. Mathews, brother of the bride, William Ambrose, younger son of the late William Amos Greenslade, esq. of Longlands, Kent, to Emmiline Harriet, elder dau. of Henry A. *Mathews*, esq. of Denmark-hill.

At Holy Trinity Church, Marylebone, the Rev. Thomas Hole, Rector of George Ham, N. Devon, to Eliza Ann *Lee*, of Huntly, Bishopsteignton.

At St. Mary Magdalene, Oxford, James Hutchings, esq. to Grace, relict of J. R. *West*, esq. of Oxford, and only dau. of the late Rev. R. F. Walker, M.A. of Purleigh, Essex.

At Tiehfield, William, son of the late W. R. Morris, Bombay Civ. Serv. to Margaret Mary, second dau. of Major Sir George *Wingate*, K.C.S.I. late Bombay Eng. Crofton House, Hampshire.

At St. Ann's, Stamford-hill, Edward S. Norris, of Upper Clapton, and Hurstwood, near Hastings, to Anne Amelia, third dau. of Conrad *Wohlgemuth*, esq. of Upper Clapton.

At St. Michael's, Chester-square, Lieut.-Col. F. W. Craven Ord, R.A. to Clarice, youngest dau. of Sir Jervoise Clarke *Jervoise*, Bart. of Idsworth, Hants.

At St. Mark's, Marylebone, T. J. Carter Rackham, The Grove, Catton, Norwich, to Frances Eliza, second dau. of the late Edward J. *Wall*, of Great Chesterford, Essex.

At Stockton-heath, Warrington, by the Rev. Thomas Simpson, of Halecott Hall Grange, Lancashire, father of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. W. Hayes, incumbent, James William Simpson, to Emma, second dau. of John *Cuntliffe*, esq. of Walton, Warrington.

At St. Mary Magdalen's, Hastings, the Rev. John Twells, M.A. Rector of Gamston, Nottinghamshire, and prebendary of Lincoln, to Elizabeth Isabella Georgiana *Grose*, widow of the



late Rector of St. Peter-upon-Cornhill, London.

At St. Paul's church, Knightsbridge, the Hon. Charles L. Wood, eldest son of Viscount Halifax, to Lady Agnes Courtenay, only dau. of the Earl of Devon.

April 23. At St. Mary's Glasgow, by the Rev. J. Palmes, Rector of Eserick, Yorkshire, uncle of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. R. Oldham, incumbent, Manfred L. P. Jardine, 67th Reg. younger son of the late J. Bruce Jardine, esq. of Hallside, Lanarkshire, to Jane, dau. of William Geddes *Borrow*, esq. of Seafield Tower, Ayrshire.

April 24. At St. George's, Hanover-sq. Lieut.-Col. Hervey Bathurst, Grenadier Guards, to Ada, only dau. of Sir John Ribton, bart.

At Puriton, Bridgwater, Benjamin Cuff Dover Greenhill Greenhill, esq. of Knowle Hall, eldest son of Benjamin Cuff Greenhill, esq. Somerset, to Sarah, only dau. of the late John Chapple, esq. of Milverton, Somerset.

At St. Michael's, Cornhill, Matilda, eldest dau. of William Edward Schottlander, esq. of York-square, to Paul Raymond Schmidt, esq. of Berlin, son of the Hon. and Rev. Rector Albert Schmidt, M.A. D.L.L. Frankfurt-on-Oder.

At All Saints', Kensington-park, John Starkey, esq. of St. Leonard's-on-Sea, to Matilda, youngest dau. of the late Thomas Meacock, esq. of Ealing.

At Barlby, the Rev. Henry Toovey, of Helmsley, to Jane, eldest dau. of Robert Hubie, of Barlby-grove, Yorkshire, esq.

April 27. At Waresley, Huntingdonshire, by the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Ely, assisted by the Rev. W. M. H. Elwyn, vicar of the parish and uncle of the bride, Francis Foster Barham, late R. Art. eldest son of Dr. Barham, of Truro, to Sibella Ryan, younger dau. of Col. Elwyn, R. Art.

At St. James, Paddington, by the Rev. R. B. Matthews, M.A. Vicar of Shalford and brother-in-law of the bride, Thomas H. Cockcroft, M.D. of Keighley, Yorkshire, to Emily, youngest dau. of the late Edward Brown, esq. Reading.

At Edinburgh, William P. Currie, esq. London, to Isabella Reid, eldest dau. of the late George Manson, F.S.A. of Corstorphine.

At Cudham, Kent, by the Rev. Wm. Cook, brother of the bride, James Gardner, esq. of Bletchington, near Ox-

ford, to Mary Cook, of St. Giles's, Oxford.

At Christ Church, Lanark, N.B. Joseph Hubback, esq. of Liverpool, to Georgiana, widow of Capt. Allan Elliott Lockhart, R.F.

At Stuttgart, T. Moultrie Kelsall, esq. Commander Royal Navy, to Marie Anna, second dau. of Professor Brützer, Dr. Phil.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Archibald Macintosh, Capt. R.M.L.I. to Mary Anne Taylor, widow of the Hon. Frederick O. B. Fitzmaurice, Commander, R.N.

At St. Andrew's, Haverstock-hill, John Gully Manby, esq. to Caroline Nielsina Henrietta, eldest dau. of A. N. Jensen, esq. late of Elsinore.

At Musselburgh, Alexander Munro, Ord, Ross-shire, to Catherine Elizabeth, eldest dau. of Thomas Rennie Scott, M.D.

At St. Benedict's, Glastonbury, Frederick Stockwell, M.D. of Alexandraroad, London, to Sarah Hodges, eldest dau. of John Rees-Mogg, esq. of High Littleton House, Somerset.

At Hesketh Church, George Henry Shum-Storey, esq. of Areet Hall, Northumberland, to Gertrude Isabella, second dau. of the Hon. Mrs. Shave, of Southwaite Hill, Cumberland.

At Hornsey, Alfred Syer, eldest son of Alfred Samuel Syer, esq. of Haringey Park, to Mary, only child of the late Rev. William Vidler, and niece of Orlando Vidler, esq. of Muswell-hill.

At Marylebone Church, Joseph, son of George Walker, esq. Swinton Park, Manchester, to Emma, elder dau. of John Crooke, esq. Regent's-park.

At St. Giles's-in-the-Fields, Octavius Henry Windus, esq. Abridge, Essex, to Catherine, eldest dau. of John Whitfield, Alfred-place, Bedford-square.

April 28. At Calcutta, Frederic Burr, C.E. East Indian Railway, to Antonia, third dau. of the late Col. William Igel, of Coblenz, 8th Brigade Rhenish Art.

At Stoke church, Guildford, Arthur Rathbone Cobbett, eldest son of Arthur Cobbett, esq. of Firfield, Weybridge, to Mary, third dau. of Henry Pulford, esq. of Stoke, Guildford.

At St. Anne's, Dublin, Capt. Thomas Coote, High Sheriff co. Monaghan, Raccconnell House, eldest son of the late Major Coote, of Brandrum, to Mary Alicia, second dau. of R. Adams, esq. M.D. Surgeon in Ordinary to the Queen in Ireland.





At St. John's, Edinburgh, Alexander Fergusson, esq. Major in H.M.'s Bombay Staff Corps, and Brigade Major, Neemuch, only surviving son of the late William Fergusson, esq. Governor of Sierra Leone, to Agnes Elizabeth, only dau. of Colonel W. R. *Dunmore*, late Bengal Army, and grandniece of the late Earl of Buchan.

At St. Sidwell's, Exeter, John Christian Fugl, eldest son of the late J. W. H. Fugl, esq. of Reading, Berks, and nephew of the Rev. Christian Larkiere, of Copenhagen, Denmark, to Emelia, eldest dau. of the late Thomas *Green*, esq. of Brixton-hill, Surrey, and niece of the late Mrs. Sophia Wollams, of St. John's-wood.

At Christ church, Lee, Henchage Gibbs, esq. eldest son of the Rev. H. Gibbs, and grandson of the late Sir George S. Gibbs, of Bath, to Jessie Emily, dau. of the late J. B. *Swinhoe*, esq. of Calcutta.

At St. Mary's, Bideford, North Devon, by the Rev. F. L. Bazeley, William George Hackman, esq. of Long Ditton, Surrey, to Caroline, third dau. of the late W. S. *Blight*, esq. of Bideford.

At the Church of the Holy Trinity, Ryde, Colpoys Parkyns Heaslop, esq. Capt. R.M.A. eldest son of the late Capt. J. Colpoys Heaslop, R.N. to Lucy, youngest dau. of the late Rev. R. G. *Richards*, Vicar of Hambledon, Hants.

At Caer Rhun, Daintry, eldest son of M. D. Hollins, esq. of Whitmore Hall, Staffordshire, and of Bodsgallen, Carnarvonshire, to Caroline Louisa, fourth dau. of Hugh Davies *Griffith*, of Caer Rhun, Carnarvonshire, esq.

At Jersey, Osmond Francis Le Mottee, Lieut. R.A. to Emily Mary, second dau. of Col. *Alves*, H.E.I.C.S.

At Edgbaston, by the Rev. Edmund H. Penny, M.A. Rector of Great Stanbridge, Essex, uncle of the bride, Robert, eldest son of Robert Pollock, esq. Clydesdale House, Bristol-road, Birmingham, to Eliza Selina, youngest dau. of Charles *Hollins*, esq. Park House, Edgbaston.

April 29. Viscount Adare, son of the Earl of Dunraven, to Miss Florence *Kerr*, dau. of Lord and Lady Charles Lennox Kerr.

At St. Luke's, Cheltenham, John Alexander Blencowe, esq. of Marston House, Northamptonshire, to Katharine Anne Cotterell Foster, eldest dau. of the Rev. John Edward Addison *Fen-*

*wick*, Vicar of Needwood, Staffordshire, and granddau. of Sir Thomas Phillipps, Bart. of Middle Hill.

At Ruthen, Isle of Man, by the Very Rev. the Dean of St. Asaph, father of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. R. Murray Gawne, brother of the bride, the Rev. Robert Dempster *Bonnor*, Rector of Newmarket, Flintshire, to Frances Alicia Mary, second dau. of Edwd. M. *Gawne*, esq. Kentraugh, Isle of Man.

At Devonport, Francis Hearle Cock, esq. of Truro, to Caroline, dau. of Henry *Parkin*, esq. R.N. M.D. F.R.C.S. Inspector-Gen. of Hospitals and Fleets.

At Clifton, by the Rev. W. Scott, M.A. uncle of the bride, Maitland R. Coleman, esq. late Lieut. Inniskilling Dragoons, to Louie, eldest dau. of the late William Charles Pochin *Beloe*, esq. of Wraxall, near Bristol.

At Edinburgh, William Currie, esq. of Linthill, Roxburghshire, N.B. to Mary Margaret, dau. of the late William *Hunt*, esq. Writer to the Signet, Edinburgh.

At Florence, Arthur Johnson Danyell, esq. late Capt. H.M.'s 31st Regt. to Alice Isolina, only child of Cavaliere *Tassinari*, of La Tassinara, Florence, and granddau. of the late Right Hon. Sir Edward Thornton, G.C.B.

At Higher Broughton, Manchester, Henry Grant, second son of Robert Geoghegan, esq. Carysfort House, Stillorgan, to Louisa Mary, dau. of Jos. *McKinnell*, esq. Higher Broughton, Manchester.

At St. Gregory's, Cheltenham, Frederic Gerard, esq. late Capt. 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, eldest son of Frederic Sewallis Gerard, esq. of Aspull House, Lancashire, to Catherine, youngest dau. of the late Charles *Porter*, esq. of The Mythe, Tewkesbury.

At Bath, Henry Charles Harford, esq. of Frenchay Lodge, Gloucestershire, to Charlotte Harriet *Jones*, of Stapleton House, in the same county.

At St. Patrick's cathedral, Armagh, Major Charles Fleeming Hunter, 72nd (the Duke of Albany's Own) Highlanders, to Anna Maria, dau. of John *Stanley*, esq. of Abbey Park, and The Pavilion, Armagh.

At Newport Pagnell, the Rev. Clarence Lankester, B.A. to Catherine Anne, elder dau. of George Osborn *Rogers*, esq. of Newport Pagnell.

At St. Saviour's, Upper Chelsea, Brevet-Major Edmund *Leach*, of the 50th (Queen's Own) Regt. son of the



late Henry Leach, esq. of Corston House, Pembrokeshire, and of the Scots Fusilier Guards, to Frances Elizabeth, younger dau. of W. H. Ince, esq. of Brompton.

At Dundee, Wyndham C. A. Milligan, esq. of Liverpool, to Margaret Whitson, youngest dau. of Wm. Lockhart Gibson, M.D. Dundee.

At Callan church, by the Rev. James C. Murdoch, M.A. Sidney Murdoch, of Sandymount, esq. M.D. to Mary Adelaide, fourth dau. of the late John Jacob, of Maryborough, esq. M.D.

At St. Gabriel's, Pimlico, Dalrymple Kinloch, eldest son of J. Scott Robertson, esq. War Office, to Anna Catharine, youngest dau. of the late Patrick Grant, esq. of the Madras Civil Service.

At St. James's, Piccadilly, William Puckle, esq. (Capt. Isle of Wight Art. Militia), son of Richard Puckle, esq. of Bognor, Sussex, to Caroline Georgina, eldest surviving dau. of the late Rev. Charles Barnard, of Rigby, Lincolnshire.

At Hinton church, Hants, the Rev. T. B. B. Robinson, B.A. Incumbent of Hinton, to Emily Charlotte, second dau. of the late Kenelm, 17th Baron Somerville.

At St. Andrew's, Stockwell, the Rev. Joseph Simpson, of Fulbourne, Cambs. to Rose, eldest dau. of the late Mr. Thomas Wall, of Brixton.

At Cambridge, by the Rev. J. Griffith, LL.D. Principal of Brighton College, uncle of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Russell Skinner, M.A. Rector of Sweffling, father of the bridegroom, Russell Walton Skinner, M.A. Clare College, Cambridge, to Annie Victoria Sophia, only dau. of the late Henry S. Foster, esq. of Cambridge.

At St. George's, Hanover-sq. Lionel Alexander A. Tollemache, esq. son of the late Wilbraham F. Tollemache, esq. to Louisa Margaret, youngest dau. of Major-Gen. Frederick Hope.

At St. Mark's, Torquay, by the Rev. R. E. Richards, uncle of the bride, Thomas Le Huute Ward, esq. Capt. R.N. to Helen Mary, eldest dau. of George Maconchy, esq. of Rathmore, co. Longford, and Corrinagh, Torquay.

At St. John's, Blackheath, the Rev. Geo. Armistead Wright, M.A. Curate of Wroot, Lincolnshire, to Mary Augusta, youngest dau. of Albert P. Owen, esq. late of Margate, Kent.

May 1. At Beckenham, Kent, Spencer, eldest son of Archibald John Brun-

ton, esq. of Tavistock-square, to Janet, elder dau. of Henry Edward Swift, esq. of The Ferns, Beckenham.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, Samuel Luckman, esq. of Queens' Coll. Cambridge, and St. Leonard's, East Sheen, to Matilda, third dau. of the late Thomas Overton, esq. of London.

At Clapham, Thomas H. Thompson, esq. late Capt. 78th Highlanders, to Alice, eldest dau. of the late Rev. John H. Dunne, Rector and Vicar of Rathregan and Dunshaughlin, co. Meath.

At St. John's, Bridgwater, by the Rev. C. G. Wheat, Vicar of Milbourn St. Andrew, Dorset, Samuel Wheat, esq. of Thorpe Tilney, Lincolnshire, eldest son of the Rev. C. C. Wheat, Vicar of Timberland, in the same co. to Mary Gawn, youngest dau. of the late Rev. John Collins, Vicar of St. John's, Bridgwater.

May 4. At St. Stephen's, South Kensington, the Rev. A. F. Boucher, M.A. Vicar of Cheddleton, and rural dean, to Anne, widow of H. R. Daglish, esq. and dau. of the late Ralph Bolton, esq. of Wigan.

At Darlaston, Staffordshire, Henry Farrow, Curate of Christ church, West-bromwich, to Phoebe, fourth dau. of the late Samuel Mills, of Darlaston.

At Trinity church, Marylebone, Charles Deere James, esq. Capt. 36th Regt. to Sophia Cumming, eldest dau. of James Fraser, esq. of Regent's-park.

At St. Gabriel's, Pimlico, Walter Combermere Lee, youngest surviving son of the late Major-Gen. Sir Henry Floyd, Bart. to Elizabeth Jane, elder dau. of the late Richard Dunning, esq. of Winkleigh, Devon.

At St. Thomas's, Portman-square, by the father of the bridegroom, F. Loury Lightfoot, esq. of The Brand, Salop, second son of Dr. Lightfoot, Rector of Exeter College, Oxford, to Jane Atkinson, youngest dau. of the late William Bolton Pickering, esq.

At the French Reformed church, Brighton, the Rev. S. Oughton, of Kingston Lodge, Brighton, to Sarah, dau. of Nathaniel Rogers, esq. of the same town.

At Wrexham, by the Rev. R. J. Roberts, M.A. Rector of Ysceifiog, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, Meilir Owen, of Tan-y-girt, Denbighsh. to Katharine Rawlinson, only dau. of Peter Anderson, of Ashtfield, Wrexham, and of The Willows, Chorley, co. Lancaster.





At Killargue church, George Charles, second son of the late Ralph Smyth, Newtown House, co. Louth, to Ada Louise Mary, third dau. of Hugh *Lyons-Montgomery*, Belleard, co. Leitrim.

At St. Augustine's, South Hackney, George Edward, eighth and youngest son of the late Rev. John Henry Steward, of East Carleton, Norfolk, formerly Rector of Hethel and Vicar of Swardestone, in the same co. to Mary, widow of Edward Gryffydd *Peacock*, esq. formerly of the Indian Navy, and of the East India House.

May 5. At All Saints', Upper Norwood, George Beste, of Dagnall-park, to Alice Ellen, third dau. of Henry *Smith*, esq. of South Norwood, and late of the Audit-office, Somerset House.

At Huddersfield, by the Rev. J. W. Bromley, M.A. father of the bridegroom, the Rev. William Bromley, B.A. to Mary, younger dau. of J. C. *Laycock*, esq. of Huddersfield.

At Little Munden, Herts, by the Rev. J. C. Faber, uncle of the bride, Edward, only son of the late Robert Daw, esq. of Cardiff, to Anne Louisa, eldest dau. of the Rev. F. A. L. *Foster*, Rector of Little Munden.

At Rathfarnham Church, Richard Pope Frost, A.B. Grosvenor-terrace, Rathmines, Solicitor, only son of the late Thomas Frost, esq. of Liverpool, to Susan Mary, only child of the late George *Grubb*, esq. Limerick.

At Ardrea, co. Tyrone, the Rev. William Pitt Manson, M.A. of St. Stephen's, Brighton, eldest son of the late William Pitt Manson, esq. Barrister, to Eliza Charlotte, youngest dau. of John *Percy*, esq. of Trinidad, late of Garidise, co. Leitrim.

At St. Peter's, Kensington-park, George Morland, esq. late Capt. 85th Reg. to Jane Esther, youngest dau. of the late Major R. H. *Richardson*, 7th Madras Light Cavalry.

At Walcot church, Bath, by the Rev. Thomas Woodward, Rector of Thundridge, Ware, uncle of the bridegroom, Captain William Power, of Aflane, co. Waterford, eldest son of the late S. B. Power, esq. to Katherine Mary, only surviving child of the late Captain *Jervois*, R.N. of Bath.

At St. Mary's, Liverpool, Edward Francis Roberts, esq. Solicitor, Chester, to Agnes, second dau. of the late Robert *Rodgers*, esq. of Liverpool.

May 6. At St. Martin's, Stamford Baron, Lieut.-Col. Tobin, eldest surviving son of the late General Tobin, Roy. Art.

to Mary Elizabeth, widow of Major *Goode*, 62nd Regt. and only dau. of W. L. Hopkinson, esq. M.D. St. Martin's, Stamford.

At Edgbaston, Birmingham, Arthur, second son of William Marston Warden, esq. of Fairlawn, Edgbaston, Birmingham, to Mary Jane, younger dau. of Hector Richard *Cooksey*, esq. J.P. of Edgbaston, Birmingham.

At St. Andrew's, Plymouth, James Watson Watson, R.N. to Di, eldest dau. of the late Joseph *Richards*, Surgeon, of Islington, formerly of Newcastle-st. Strand.

May 8. At St. Saviour's, Paddington, Henry Cleland, fourth son of J. B. Heywood, esq. of Bayswater, to Ada Margaret, second dau. of John *Wade*, esq. Maida-hill.

At Corsham, Wilts, by the Rev. J. Percival, M.A. Head Master of Clifton College, uncle of the bridegroom, Henry Charles Croft, of Wimbledon-common, to Elizabeth Esther *Belton*, of Corsham.

At the British Embassy, Paris, the Rev. Herbert Lavallin Puxley, Vicar of All Saints', Cockermouth, to Catherine, second dau. of the late Robert *Benson*, esq. of Cockermouth.

At Broadstairs, Kent, Charles, only son of the late Henry Temple, esq. of Evesham, Worcestershire, to Eleanor, Julia, second dau. of the late Edward *Dowson*, esq. of Broadstairs, Kent.

At Hanover church, Regent-street, Fred. Walker, of Langham-street, Portland-place, to Letitia, dau. of H. *Powell*, esq. of Swansea.

May 10. At St. Saviour's, Bath, C. L. M. Dampier, esq. 25th (King's Own Borderers), to Mary Elizabeth Frances, dau. of John Hutton *Hutton*, esq. of Houghton-le-Spring, Durham.

At St. Stephen's, Dublin. Richard James Meacle, esq. Charlestown, co. Galway, grandnephew of the late Lord Tyrawley, and second cousin to the Earl of Charlemont, to Mary, second dau. of the late Robert *French*, esq. of Monivea Castle, same co. and niece of the late Sir Edward O'Brien, Bart. of Dromolond Castle, co. Clare.

May 11. At Trinity church, Marylebone, by the Rev. George Davenport Nicholas and the Rev. Edmund Parry Nicholas, brothers of the bride, R. Knapp Barrow, esq. Capt. Unattached 27th Regt. to Lizzie, eldest dau. of Geo. *Nicholas*, esq. of Harley-street.

At All Saints', Ennismore-place, by the Rev. William Green, M.A. uncle of



the bride, Wilfrid Arthur, third son of Robert Cooper Lee Bevan, esq. and the late Lady Agneta Bevan, to Mary Elizabeth, eldest dau. of Frederick Green, esq. of South Kensington.

At Hampstead Norreys, by the Rev. John Blissard, M.A. father of the bride, and the Rev. John Bailey, M.A. Vicar of Grosmont, Yorkshire, brother of the bridegroom, Samuel Bailey, esq. of The Pleck, Walsall, to Elizabeth Caroline, dau. of the Rev. John Blissard, Vicar.

At Peover, Cheshire, Henry, eldest son of the late James Close, esq. of Naples, to Ellinor Caroline Louisa, youngest dau. of Sir Harry Mainwaring, Bart. of Peover.

At Great Paxton, Hunts, James Robert Hill, esq. of Upper Holloway, surgeon, son of Dr. Gardiner Hill, of Old Brompton, to Sarah Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the Rev. H. I. Nicholson, Vicar of Great Paxton.

At Prince's Risborough, the Rev. John Hiron, of High Wycombe, to Elizabeth, youngest dau. of the late Mr. John Clarke, of Manor Farm, Bledlow, Bucks.

At St. Giles', Norwich, Joseph Little, esq. of Eye, Northamptonshire, to Henrietta Eliza, only dau. of the late Rev. Thomas Maxwell Hunt, Vicar of Oulton, Norfolk.

At Hardwycke, Northamptonshire, the Rev. James King Melliss, of Cardiff, to Alice, youngest dau. of Archibald Sharman, esq. of Hardwycke.

May 12. At All Saints', Paddock, Yorkshire, by the Rev. William Carroll McGrath, uncle of the bride, George Herbert Elyard Brown, esq. of London, to Sarah, fourth dau. of Joseph Thorn-ton, esq. of Edge House, Paddock.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, by the Rev. Edward Arthur Illingworth, A.M. uncle of the bride, Captain Mark Algernon Chaldecott, R.Art. to Lucy Marianne, second dau. of Henry Stanhope Illingworth, esq. of Arlington-street, Piccadilly.

At Christ church, Cloughton, Richard, eldest son of John Johnston, esq. M.R.C.S. Liverpool, to Frances Alice, dau. of Walter Churchill, esq. Cloughton, Birkenhead.

At Woodsetts church, Yorkshire, James Ramsay Gibson-Maitland, late 4th R. I. Dragoon Guards, eldest son of Lieut.-Col. Sir A. C. Ramsay Gibson-Maitland, Bart. M.P. of Clifton Hall and Barton, to Fanny Lucy Fowke, youngest dau. of Sir Thomas Woolaston

White, Bart. of Wallingwells and Langold, Notts.

At Handsworth church, near Sheffield, John Stevens Pratt, esq. surgeon, Sheffield, to Edith Maria, only dau. of John Bower Brown, esq. J.P. of Woodthorpe Hall, in the parish of Handsworth.

At Poyntington, Somerset, the Rev. William Starkie Shuttleworth, Curate of St. Edmund, Salisbury, only son of the late W. Shuttleworth, esq. of Prince's-park, Liverpool, to Elizabeth Katharine Willoughby, eldest dau. of the Rev. John Heale.

At Eccles, by the Rev. T. Alfred Stowell, M.A. brother of the bride, Cresswell John Tayleur, of Torquay, second son of William Houlbrooke Tayleur, to Lucy Maria, dau. of the late Rev. Hugh Stowell, Rector of Christ church, Salford.

May 13. At St. John's Westminster, the Rev. A. Borradaile, M.A. incumbent of St. Mary's, Tothill-fields, to Anne Elizabeth, third dau. of the late John Wood Wilkes, esq. of Westminster.

At St. Mary's, Crumpsall, Manchester, Frederick V. Dickins, late R.N. eldest son of Thos. Dickins, J.P. of Manchester, to Mary, second dau. of W. M. Wilkinson, Cheetham-hill, Manchester.

At Milton, near Gravesend, Thomas Gould, jun. of Sheffield, solicitor, to Frances Harriett, eldest dau. of the late Captain John Edward Sharpe, 46th Bengal N.I.

At St. George's Hanover-sq. Robert Henry Hobart, esq. of Langdown, co. Southampton, and private secretary to the Postmaster-General, to the Hon. Julia Trollope, eldest dau. of the Right Hon. the Lord Kesteven.

At Holy Trinity, Lee, by the Rev. Thomas Pitts, cousin of the bride, John Kiddle, esq. R.N. to Gertrude, youngest dau. of Robt. Prowse, esq. Lee, Kent.

At St. Mark's, Reigate, by the Rev. Barton Lodge, rector of St. Mary Magdalene, Colchester, uncle of the bride, Jean Louis Lebegue, esq. third son of Monsieur Louis Lebegue, of Mansle, Charente, to Catherine Elizabeth, youngest dau. of Major-General Walter Nugent T. Smece, of Reigate.

At St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, the Hon. Edward Thesiger, fourth son of Lord Chelmsford, to Georgina Mary, third dau. of William Bruce Stopford, esq. of Drayton House, Northamptonshire.

May 15. At All Saints', Maidstone,





Leopold Salomons, esq. of London, to Mary Elizabeth, dau. of the late Edward Thomas, esq. of Maidstone.

At St. Mary Abbott's, Kensington, George Spencer, esq. surgeon, of Notting-hill, to Alice Catherine, widow of William Byars, esq. of Bayswater.

At St. Paul's, Covent-garden, by the Rev. B. Compton, William Summer, only son of the late Capt. William Richard Smith, R.N., to Elizabeth Anne, younger dau. of the late Robert Jeffery, esq. of Ceylon.

## DEATHS.

*Jan. 8.* At Ross, Heref. Sarah, widow of the Rev. George Jayne, of Roade, co. Northampton.

*Jan. 28.* At sea, on board the Dunbar Castle, on the voyage to Sydney, N.S. Wales, Helen Amelia Adelaide Keith Murray, second dau. of the late Sir William Keith Murray, Bart. of Ochertyre.

*In January.* At Ryde, Australia, the Rev. G. Turner, an old colonist, and a very useful minister of the Church of England.

*Feb. 9.* At Middleburgh, Cape Colony, the Rev. J. Bennie. He was one of the oldest missionaries in South Africa, having gone to labour in Kaffirland, in connection with the Glasgow Missionary Society about half a century ago.

*At Maitland, New South Wales, aged 39, Samuel Cusack, esq.* This able surgeon served throughout the Crimean campaign; and in 1856, through the influence of his uncle, Dr. J. W. Cusack, was appointed Professor of Physiology and Surgeon at Steevens's Hospital, Dublin, the Medical College having been then established. In both of these positions, he displayed most remarkable ability and energy; but, his health failing, he settled as a landed proprietor in New South Wales.

*Feb. 13.* Massacred by the rebel Maories, at the White Cliffs, 35 miles north of New Plymouth, in New Zealand, Lieut. Gasgoyne, his wife and three children; the Rev. John Whiteley, who had been a Wesleyan missionary in the country from 1833; Edward Richards, and John Milne.

*Feb. 17.* At Penang, aged 52, Lieut.-Col. Benjamin Hodgson, Staff Corps, commanding H.M.'s 7th Madras N. Inf.

*March 3.* At Kirkwood, Madison county, Mississippi, William McWillie, esq. He was born near Liberty Hill, Kershaw District, S. Carolina, in 1795, passed a successful career as a lawyer,

and was repeatedly elected to the House of Representatives and Senate of S. Carolina. In 1845 he removed to Mississippi, was thence elected a representative to Congress from 1849 to 1851, was president of a bank, and was elected Governor of Mississippi in 1858.

*March 4.* At Singapore, aged 49, Col. John R. M. Curtis, of the 8th Madras Native Infantry.

*March 6.* At Secunderabad, aged 27, Lieut. George Marius Kennedy, R.Art. He entered the service in 1864.

*March 18.* At Suez, aged 32, Capt. James Colquhoun, Madras Staff Corps, and 30th Regt. M.N.I. younger son of the late Dr. Colquhoun, 1st Madras Light Cavalry. He entered the service 1856; Lieut. 1859; Capt. 1868.

*March 20.* At Llandudno, the Rev. James Jenkins, priest of the Catholic church in that place. He was educated at Ushaw and Valladolid; and prior to being appointed to Llandudno was stationed successively at Madeley, Wellington, Liskeard, and Seacombe.

*March 22.* At Clewer, near Windsor, aged 80, Sergeant-Major Woodhouse. He had been in no less than 36 engagements, but was never wounded, and was never absent from his duties, either from illness or any other cause, during upwards of 25 years of active service in the Coldstream Guards. He has left an aged widow, and had a family of 18 children: six served as soldiers, and at the present time three are non-commissioned officers in the 2nd Life Guards. One is a drummer, for whose use Her Majesty recently presented to the regiment a splendid Hanoverian cream-coloured horse.

*March 24.* At Hong Kong, James Robert Brunker, Major-General Commanding Forces in China.

*March 25.* At Rangoon, India, Marion M., wife of C. W. Brereton, esq. Lieut. R.Art., Adjutant Pegu Division,



and dau. of J. W. U. Lambert, esq. Aggard, co. Galway.

*March 26.* Aged 54, William Dawson Blades, esq. F.R.C.S. of Blackburn. At Kirkby Stephen, for upwards of 30 years, he was at the head of the temperance movement.

At the Chapel-house, Ilkeston, Elizabeth Septima, wife of the Rev. John Bonser, and dau. of John Paddon, esq. J.P., Truro, Cornwall.

*March 27.* At New York, aged 74, Mr. James Harper, the senior partner of the firm of Harper Brothers, publishers. He was apprenticed to a printer, and from small beginnings, having associated with him his three brothers, lived to see his house become one of the first magnitude, and himself mayor of the city. He died at St. Luke's Hospital, having been thrown from his carriage two days before.

*March 29.* At Constantinople, William, younger son of the Rev. William M. Brown, missionary of the Church of Scotland there.

At Jubbulpore, India, Major James William Espinasse, of the 12th Foot. He entered the service in 1842; lieutenant 1843; captain 1850; and major 1861. He served in the Kafir war of 1851-53 (medal).

At Felstead, Essex, aged 68, the Rev. J. J. Marks, for 35 years minister of the Congregational church, Felstead.

At St. John's, Newfoundland, the Right Rev. John Thomas Mullock, O.S.F. Min. Reform. Catholic Bishop of that see. He was nominated Bishop of Thaumacrus 14th Dec. 1847, as coadjutor to Bishop Fleming, who had been appointed the first Bishop of St. John's on the erection of the see, the 4th of June in that year. He was consecrated 27th Jan. 1848, and succeeded as second Bishop of St. John's 14th July, 1850. His funeral was attended by the Governor and the Members of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly. The right revd. prelate was author of "The History of Heresies and their Refutation; or the Triumph of the Church. Translated from the Italian of St. Alphonsus M. Liguori." 2 vols. 8vo. Dublin, 1847; 1 vol. 8vo. Dublin, 1857.

At Peterborough, aged 49, Margaret Walker, daughter of John Walker Ogilvie, esq.

*March 31.* At St. Helier's, Jersey, aged 23, Ensign William Crighton Gray, of the 9th Foot. He entered the service 1865.

In *March*, Richard Blair Bagley, esq. M.A. Professor of Latin in the Queen's College, Galway.

*April 3.* At Islington, Mr. James Darkin, one of the founders of the Printers' Almshouses, and late secretary to the institution; on his retirement from which office he was presented with a handsome edition of Shakespeare and a purse of 118*l.*

At the Bath Hotel, Piccadilly, aged 40, Vincenzo Costanzo Mazini, esq. merchant. His funeral mass was celebrated on April 14, at the Italian Church, Hatton Garden. Among those present were James White, esq. M.P. for Brighton (father-in-law of the deceased), and his family; Mr. Eaton, M.P.; Signors Arditi, Mougini, Pinsuti, Tito Mattei, Vigoni (of the Italian Embassy), Pilotti, and most of the respectable Italians in London. There were also present Messrs. Leckie, Durant, Hunt, Ashurst, Kilburn, and Kershaw, and representatives of several large houses in the city. The remains of the deceased will be conveyed to Brescia in Lombardy, for interment in the family vault.

*April 4.* At London, Ontario, Canada, aged 78, Ellen, dau. of the late Charles Mulvany, of Dublin, esq. and widow of the late James Shanly, formerly of the Abbey, Queen's County, and Norman's Grove, Meath, Ireland, and late of Thorndale, Ontario, esq.

*April 5.* At his residence at Freedom, Cattaraugus county, New York, aged 109 years six months, Daniel Frederick Bakman, supposed to be the last of the soldiers of the Revolution. He entered the army just previous to the skirmish of Fort Plains, and took some part in that battle.

At the house of his son, in Myddelton-square, aged 78, Mr. James S. Hodson, for many years Secretary of the Printers' Pension Society, and latterly himself a pensioner on its funds.

*April 6.* At Norwood, aged 41, Mr. Alexander Heylin, a native of Penrith. He came at 14 to a situation in the Conference Office, City-road, and left it in 1854, to take the business of Mr. Richard Baynes, a well-known Nonconformist bookseller in Paternoster-row. This he gave up, and in 1864 entered the firm of Messrs. Trübner and Co. as managing clerk till 1867, when he became manager to Messrs. Virtue and Co. printers and publishers, City-road.

In Shadwell, aged 61, Mr. Henry S. King, for thirty-one years an assistant





to Messrs. Longman in Paternoster-row; previously to Mr. Macpherson in Middle-row, Holborn; and to Mr. Beckley in Piccadilly; to the last of whom he was apprenticed. He was one of those entitled to 50*l.* under the will of Mr. Thomas Brown (as stated in another page), whom he survived only a fortnight.

At St. Andrew's Home, Montreal, of which institution he had been a sick inmate for some time, William Scott, nephew of Sir Walter Scott. He was 64 years of age.—*New York Times*.

Samuel Ware, esq. of Exeter, formerly of Chard, Somerset, solicitor, aged 33.

April 7. At New Cross, aged 71, Mrs. Elizabeth Cullen, wife of Capt. John R. Cullen, late of Folkestone, niece of the late Thomas Dickinson, esq. Upper Holloway.

April 8. At Galston, co. Ayr, in the house of his second son, Dr. Macleod, medical practitioner there, the Rev. John Macleod, minister of Laggan. He was born in Fort William, 1804; appointed master of the Grammar School there 1836; minister of Ballachulish 1847; and of Laggan 1851.

April 10. The Rev. S. Brawn, for more than fifty years pastor of the Baptist chapel, Loughton, Essex, aged 78.

At Les Touillets, Guernsey, aged 88, Surgeon William Mansell, late of the Bengal army.

April 11. At Dublin, Capt. Stephen James Ram, Scots Fusilier Guards, eldest son of Stephen Ram, esq. of Ramsfort, Gorey, Ireland. He was buried on 17th April, with military honours, at the Catholic church of St. Thomas of Canterbury, Walham-green.

Mr. John Simpson, formerly a reporter on the *Nottingham Daily Express*, and subsequently sub-editor of the *Manchester Courier*, committed suicide at the Oliver Cromwell Inn, Nottingham. He has left a wife and three children.

At Poona, brevet Col. Robert Warden, Bombay Staff Corps, who was Director of the Land Transport Train in Abyssinia.

April 12. At Lane End Vicarage, aged 67, the Rev. William Ford, M.A. Vicar of St. John's Old Church, Lane End, Staffordshire. He was of Magdalen Coll. Camb., Shrewsbury Scholar and University Prizeman (B.A. 1824, M.A. 1827), and was presented to Lane End in 1839. He was formerly curate of Tydd St. Giles, Cambridgeshire, 1827; Stoke-upon-Trent, 1836.

John Lloyd, esq. solicitor, Ludlow, aged 71.

At Bridge of Allan, aged 39, Alexander Williamson, Capt. P. and O. Co., son of the late Benjamin Williamson, M.D. Aberdeen.

April 13. At Clifton, aged 84, Mr. Thomas Fyson. He took an active part for many years in the administration of the affairs of the Bristol Steam Navigation Company, Savings' Bank, and Reynolds' Commemoration Society.

April 14. Wm. Lyon McPhin, of Chancery-lane, formerly of Glasgow.

At Douglas, Isle of Man, aged 86, Lieut.-Col. Shum.

At Clifton Down, aged 28, Octavia Augusta, wife of George Somerton, and youngest daughter of the Rev. Chancellor Williams, M.A. Vicar of Bassaleg, Monmouthshire.

At Sutton, Surrey, aged 52, W. T. Till, esq. of Lime-street.

At Eaton-square, London, aged 82, the Rev. Richard Ward. He was of Trin. Coll. Camb. (B.A. 1808, M.A. 1811), and became a Fellow of that society.

At Framfield, Sussex, aged 40, William Whitehead, esq. only son of the late James and Louisa Whitehead, of Chelsea.

April 15. At Chelsfield, Kent, aged 82, Charlotte Baugh, widow of the Rev. J. W. Baugh, late Rector of Ripple, Worcestershire.

At Southsea, the Rev. Thomas Richard Brownrigg, M.A. fifth son of the late Robert Brownrigg, esq. of Norris Mount, co. Wexford. He was of Dublin, and was presented to the perpetual curacy of St. Jude's, Southsea, in 1831. (Patroness, Mrs. T. R. Brownrigg.)

At Salisbury, aged 66, Charles Herbert Martin Finch, esq.

At Blackrock, aged 86, Belinda, third daughter of the late Major Saunders, of Balinderry, co. Tipperary, and relict of the Rev. William Grogan, D.D. of Slaney Park, co. Wicklow.

At East Brixton, aged 47, Thomas Hartry, esq.

At Woodbury, near Exeter, aged 28, Ellis Bartliti Hayman, solicitor, late of North Curry, near Taunton.

At Mount Dillon, co. Dublin, Eliza, relict of Coote Francis Hinds, esq. formerly of Clonmel, co. Tipperary.

Arthur Gerard Noel Kennaway, second son of the Rev. C. E. Kennaway, Vicar of Campden, aged 18.

At North Repps, Norfolk, aged 71, the Rev. Patrick Comerford Law, Rector



of North Repps. He was of Trinity college, Dublin, and practised as a barrister up to 1828, when he entered the Church, and was first appointed to the living of Salmesbury, Lancashire. From thence he was nominated in 1830 to the rectory of North Repps; and he was Rural Dean from 1842 till within a short time of his death.

At Coventry, aged 75, Samuel Newsome, esq. J.P.

At Droitwich, aged 71, George Penrice, esq. late of Elmbridge, co. Wore.

At East Grinstead, Edward Harlee, third son of the late Henry Playford, esq. of North Repps, Norfolk.

At Kittyfield, Melrose, John Purves, esq. of Whitehouse, Ancrum.

At Prestbury Green, near Cheltenham, aged 70, Mary Ann, widow of Major James Wallis, H.M.'s 46th Reg.

Jane Wilkinson, wife of Mr. George Wilkinson, Tavistock-st. Covent-garden, mother of the Rev. H. B. Wilkinson, late curate of Holy Trinity, Tulse-hill.

April 16. At Burton-crescent, London, aged 55, John Angus, esq. of the Registrar-General's office.

At Maida-hill, Henrietta Maria Rose, dau. of the late Lieut. and Paymaster John Chorley.

At Springfield, Weybridge, the wife of Capt. A. N. Cole, late Bengal Army.

At Prospect, co. Galway, aged 76, Joseph Henry Cowan, esq.

At Bath, aged 62, Wilhelmina, wife of Capt. Dixon, R.N. and relict of Henry Cheape, esq. of Rossie, N.B.

At Paulersbury, Northamptonshire, Emily, wife of the Rev. W. H. Newbolt.

At Bloomsbury-street, Bedford-sq. aged 57, Jose Bernardo Guedes de Oliveira.

At Portland-place north, Clapham-road, aged 85, Elizabeth, fourth and last surviving dau. of the late Dr. Poignand, of Jermyn-street, St. James's.

At Albury, in his 69th year, Dr. Peter Roe, late of the H.E.I.Co.'s Service, Madras.

At Hammersmith, aged 32, Catherine, wife of Henry Taylor, and widow of Capt. C. F. Kneller, 11th Regt. N.I. Bombay Army.

At Great Malvern, Mary, widow of the Rev. William Smoult Temple, late Rector of Dinsdale, Durham.

In Surrey-street. Strand, aged 55, James Templeton, esq. J.P. of Exeter.

At Hammersmith, aged 51, Arthur Leopold Vertue, esq.

At Burton, near Christchurch, Hants, Lilly Anne, wife of the Rev. Granville Sykes Howard-Vyse, Rector of Boughton, Northampton. She was dau. of Major John Gunning, of Horton, co. Northampton, married 1852, and leaves issue.

At Tymawr, Pontypridd, Glamorganshire, aged 53, Watkin Wynne, esq.

April 17. At Upper Wimpole-st. aged 72, Ann, wife of B. J. Armstrong, esq.

At Guernsey, aged 79, Major-Gen. Philip Barry, R.E. He entered the service in 1809; and attained the rank of Major-Gen. in 1855. He served in the Peninsula from Aug. 1812 to Oct. 1813, and was severely wounded by a grape-shot Aug. 31, 1813, when leading a party to the breach at the storming of St. Sebastian. (War medal with one clasp.)

At Brighton, aged 55, Ralph Blegborough, esq. of Woodlands, Tooting.

At Winnington, Northwich, Cheshire, aged 24, Thomas Sutton, second son of Wm. S. Bradburne, solicitor.

In York-street, Portman-sq. Lieut.-Col. Robert Cole, formerly of the 85th and 48th Regts.

At Burwood-place, Hyde-park, aged 84, Mary Ann Da Costa, widow of S. G. Da Costa, of Nelson House, Stoke Newington.

Edith Mary, wife of George Dickson, esq. Sheriff Substitute of Berwickshire, and dau. of Miles Charles Seton, esq. and the Hon. Mary Ursula Seton, aged 25.

At Wimpole-street, London, the Hon. William Cary Dobbs, one of the Judges of the Landed Estates Court, Dublin. He was the only son of the late Rev. Robert Conway Dobbs, and was born in 1806. He was educated at Trinity Coll. Camb. (B.A. 1827, M.A. 1830), was called to the bar 1833; made a Q.C. 1858, and appointed to his office of Judge in 1859. He represented Carrickfergus, in the Conservative interest, from 1857 to 1859.

At Tetsworth, Oxfordshire, aged 85, Moses Dyer. He enlisted in the 2nd battalion 30th Reg. about the year 1801, served in Spain and Portugal, and received the war medal with clasps for Badajoz, Ciudad Roderigo, &c. also a medal for Waterloo, where he was severely wounded in the ribs.

At Glasgow, aged 76, Mr. Charles Fisher, second son of the old theatrical Manager, David Fisher, of the "Norfolk and Suffolk company of come-





dians," established nearly a century since under the name of "Fisher and Scragges."

At Brighton, aged 69, Miss Eliza Ann Furbor.

At Stanmore, aged 53, Comm. Edwin Thomas Hinde, R.N. He entered the Navy in 1829, Lieut. 1844, Comm. 1857.

At Bath, aged 77, Mary Anne, widow of Andrew Hunter, esq. younger, of Lochrennie, in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, and of Jamaica.

Aged 53, William Lascelles, esq. formerly one of the assistant keepers of Her Majesty's Public Records.

At Lewisham, Jane, wife of H. G. Mitford, Colonel Roy. Mar.

At Chester-square, Mrs. Plunkett.

At Lisbon, on board H.M.S. Penelope, aged 31, Thomas Royle, esq. Paymaster R.N. and Secretary to Rear-Adm. Ryder.

At Collon, co. Louth, aged 17, Letitia DeRenzy Shekleton, only dau. of the late John Shekleton, esq. J.P.

At Great Cumberland-place, London, aged 79, Maria, relict of the late Major-Gen. Sir James Sutherland, K.L.S. of H.M.'s Bombay Army.

At Bakewell, Derbyshire, aged 83, Miss Elizabeth Taylor, formerly of East Retford.

At Ludlow, Clara Maria, widow of J. Thomas, esq.

At Warncombe, Tiverton, Devon, aged 41, Sarah Anne, widow of John Ingram Travers, esq. She was the only dau. of Samuel Amory, esq. of Devonshire-street, Portland-place; was married in 1847, and has left several children.

At Hampstead, aged 69, Mary Catherine, dau. of the late Ralph Turner, esq. of Ferriby, Yorkshire.

At Sandymount, Ireland, aged 22, Eliza Susan, only dau. of the late William Walker, esq. of Cullineen, co. Donegal.

At Ramsgate, Thomas Smith Wells, esq.

April 18. At St. Andrew's, Mrs. Jane Burns, relict of Robert Briggs, esq. M.D. late Professor of Medicine in the University of St. Andrew's.

At South Lambeth, aged 72, Thomas Spencer Capel, esq.

At Chesham-place, aged 60, Spencer Drummond, esq. a clerk in the Treasury. He was a son of—Drummond, esq. of Stanmore, M.P. for Thetford, and the elder son by his second marriage with Barbara, dau. of Charles Chester, esq. of Chicheley, Bucks.

At his residence in London, aged 45, Robert Charles Holmes, esq. late Capt. 10th Hussars, only son of the late David Holmes, esq. H.M. 9th Regt. formerly of Ballyadam, co. Limerick, and grandson of Sir Charles Price, Bart. M.P.

At Denmark-hill, aged 42, Caroline, wife of A. Pollard, esq.

At Glenlee, Cheltenham, aged 38, Adelaide Maria, wife of William Pontifex, jun. esq. and only child of the late Christopher Dalton, esq. of Watford.

At Bedford-sq. aged 30, John Smith Crosland, elder son of Dr. S. Richards.

At Lower Clapton, aged 84, Elizabeth, widow of Samuel Roper, esq. of the War-office.

At Cambridge, aged 66, Elizabeth, relict of Cajetan Dias Santos, esq. of Reading.

At Derby, aged 51, Susanna, wife of John Shepherd, esq. and eldest dau. of the late Robert Arthington, esq. of Leeds, Yorkshire.

At Brighton, Edward Cecil Singleton, late Capt. in the 51st K.O.L. Infantry.

At West Brompton, aged 57, Adam Spielmann, esq.

April 19. At Loose Hill, near Maidstone, aged 80, Henry Allnutt, esq.

At Essex-road, Islington, aged 80, Philippa, widow of Mr. James Atwill, of H.M. Dockyard, Devonport.

George Bate, esq. C.E. of Great George-street, Westminster, aged 45.

At Clapham-road, aged 59, Charles Bird, esq.

At Bath, aged 72, Harriet Louisa, widow of Capt. Philip Henry Bridges, R.N.

At Euston-road, aged 35, James Brown, son of the Bank of England, youngest son of the late Mr. Joseph Brown, of Camberwell.

At Dorking, Mary Ann, dau. of the late Richard Carrington, esq. of Great Bentley, Essex.

At Alton, aged 78, William Clement, esq.

At Gloucester-sq. Hyde-park, aged 85, William Cook, esq. of St. Paul's Churchyard, and Roydon Hall, Kent.

At Nice, France, aged 72, Thomas Coventry, esq. of Lincoln's-inn, and late of Tavistock-square, London. He was called to the bar in 1824, and practised as a conveyancer. He married in 1848 the only daughter of Sir Joseph Little-dale, Justice of the King's Bench.

At Epping, aged 83, Miss Elizabeth Matilda Curtoys.

Charlotte, wife of Alfred Harold Engelbach, esq. of Wandsworth-road.

The first part of the report deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work during the year. It is followed by a detailed account of the various projects and the results achieved. The report concludes with a summary of the work done and a list of the names of the persons who have been engaged in the work.

At Davo House, Kincardineshire, Anna Lossley, wife of Michael Farrell, esq. of Woodburnden.

At Brighton, aged 17, Harry, eldest son of John Graham, esq.

At Llynor, Nice, aged 45, Anne Eliza, widow of Sedley Bastard Marke, esq. of Woodhill, Cornwall, and eldest dau. of the late Rev. Henry A. Simcoe, of Penheale, Cornwall, and Wolford Lodge, Devon.

At Campbelltown, Argyllshire, aged 84, James Maxwell, esq. late collector of H.M.'s Customs.

At Craven-road, Hyde-park. Charles, eldest surviving son of John Miles, M.D. of Eastbourne, formerly of the Charterhouse, London.

At Tincleton, aged 78, Joseph Old, youngest son of the late William and Martha Old, of Dorchester, co. Dorset.

At Uddington, John Douglas, eldest son of John Philipps, esq. St. Colme House, Fifeshire.

At Berwick St. John, aged 64, John Rebbeck, esq.

At his residence, Sparkhill Villa, aged 45, Mr. Walter J. B. Scott, of the Queen's Hotel, Birmingham. He went to Birmingham some twenty years ago as manager of the Queen's Hotel, on behalf of the London and North-Western Railway Company, and in a few years after he took a lease of the premises and the entire management of the hotel. His contributions to the several charities of the town were on a liberal scale, especially to the Queen's Hospital, of the committee of management of which he had been a member for some years. The Bingley Hall Cattle Show was also greatly indebted for its success to Mr. Scott's exertions, not only in obtaining subscriptions, but as a donor of special prizes.

At the Victoria Railway Station, aged 72, Captain William Charles Webber, R.N. of Ashfield Lodge, Midhurst. He entered the navy in 1809, and was present at the destructive action which preceded the surrender of the French frigate, *La Clorinde*, in 1814. He was appointed Lieut. in 1825; Commander on the retired list 1864. He married in 1829, Catherine, dau. of the late Col. Geo. Mason, of the Bengal Art.

At Surbiton-hill, aged 14, Mabel, second dau. of the late Captain Charles Wiltshire, R.N.R.

April 20. At Cannes, France, aged 30, Capt. Robert Augustus Dalzell, late Scots Fusilier Guards, younger and

only surviving son of Col. the Hon. Harry Burrard Dalzell, and nephew to the Earl of Carnwath.

At Thornly Bank Cottage, Dysart, aged 88, Miss Euphemia Duncan, second dau. of the late Rev. William Duncan, of the parish of Abernethy, Perthshire.

At Hyères, Var, France, Arthur Dunn, esq. Staff Assistant Surgeon.

At Notting-hill, aged 79, G. A. Treyer Evans, esq.

At Upper Grosvenor-street, aged 84, Sybella Martha Lady Farquhar. She was the only dau. and heir of the Rev. Morton Rockliff, of Woodford, Essex; was married 11th July, 1809, to Sir Thomas Harvie Farquhar, the second Bart. who died 12th Jan. 1836; and was mother of Sir Walter Rockliff Farquhar, the present Bart.

At Dinan, aged 81, Commander Robert John Fayrer, R.N. He entered the navy in 1802, and served with great activity on board the *Impérieuse*, 38, on the coasts of France and Spain, where he was severely wounded (including a shattered arm). He attained the rank of Lieut. in 1808, and retired on half-pay in 1829. He was made a Commander on the retired list in 1859.

At Glasgow, aged 38, Robert Gilmour, jun. esq. of Estancia Brava, Maciel, South America, son of Robert Gilmour, esq. Glasgow.

At Essex-street, Strand, aged 56, John Grant, esq. M.D. late of the Madras Medical Service.

At Edinburgh, Helen Sybella, widow of Henry Hamilton, esq. of Balmacoll, co. Meath, formerly Capt. 14th Light Dragoons.

At Weston-super-Mare, Capt. John C. Hawkes, eldest son of the late Henry Hawkes, esq. of Oakhampton, Devon.

At Newbury, Maria, wife of Samuel Hill, esq.

At Watford, Herts, aged 62, Elizabeth Mary Ann Kelly, widow of John Cookson Kelly, esq. of Brixton, Surrey, and only dau. of the late William Moore, esq. of Watford, Herts.

Elizabeth Bentall, wife of Thomas Hayter Lewis, esq. of Kensington-garden-sq. and youngest dau. of the late Samuel Adams, esq. of Totnes.

At Bridgewater-sq. aged 80, Ann, widow of Mr. Alexander Low, formerly of Aldermanbury.

Augustus Frederick Mayo, esq. aged 49.

At Sidmouth, Devon, aged 85, John Moore, esq. late of Prospect-hill, Galway,





Ireland, magistrate of the town and county of Galway.

In the Cloisters, Westminster Abbey, at the house of his father-in-law the Rev. Canon Nepean, aged 27, Albert Peareth, esq. of Sherrenden, co. Kent, second son of the late William Peareth, esq. of Cliffe House, Sandgate, and Usworth House, Durham.

At Hardingstone, aged 48, John Perry, J.P. of the borough of Northampton.

At Huntingdon-street, London, aged 62, Mr. William John Phillips, only son of the late G. F. Phillips, landscape painter.

At Arcachon, France, aged 29, George Pringle, esq. of Curtis Island, Queensland, Australia, youngest son of the late Vice-Adm. Pringle, of Torwoodlee, Selkirkshire.

At Clordah rectory, Carlow, Eleanor Sarah, wife of the Rev. James Richards, Rector of Shrute.

At Aberdeen, aged 23, Grace Frost, wife of Cornelius Thompson.

At Brighton, aged 74, Maria Matilda, relict of James White, esq. of Lordship-lane, Dulwich.

Near Paris, Mary Frances Woodfall, eldest dau. of late Henry Woodfall, esq.

April 21. Caroline Lucy Derby, youngest dau. of Dr. Bachhoffner, Marylebone-road, aged 17.

At Bath, aged 71, Emily, second surviving dau. of the late Sir Robert Baker, of Montague-place.

At Godalming, Surrey, aged 74, Thomas Booker, esq.

At Shaftesbury, aged 72, William Burrige, esq.

At Chelsea, aged 81, Major James Frederick Cane, late 23d Fusiliers.

Edward Churchill, esq. of Fernelyffe, Tunbridge-Wells, aged 72.

At Glendun Lodge, co. Antrim, aged 90, Charlotte Maria, the wife of Conway Richard Dobbs, esq. She was dau. and co-heiress of William Sinclair, esq. of Fort William, co. Antrim, and leaves issue (married in 1826).

At Surbiton, aged 42, George M. Fast, esq. M.R.C.S. youngest son of the late Major-Gen. J. W. Fast.

At Great Linford, aged 71, Elizabeth, wife of Fred. Garratt, esq.

At Bordeaux, Mary, wife of James Milnes Gaskell, esq. of Thorne house, Wakefield, dau. of the late Right Hon. C. W. Williams Wynn, married in 1832.

At Peckham, aged 64, William Kelley, esq. for many years in the Queen's Remembrancer's office.

At Coalport, Shropshire, Ann, eldest dau. of the late George Pugh, esq.

Walter Scott, esq. of Tufnell-park-road, aged 43, late Commander of the ship Sovereign of India.

At Bootle, near Liverpool, aged 29, John Francis Sparrow, esq. late of Blackburn.

At Cheltenham, Catherine, second dau. of Adm. Sir Henry Edwyn Stanhope, Bart. and sister of Sir Edwyn Francis Scudamore Stanhope, Bart. of Holme Lacy, Herefordshire.

At the residence of her brother, Bank of Ireland, Alicia, eldest surviving dau. of the late George Stephenson, esq. formerly of Hillsborough.

At Stockwell, aged 79, George Stevenson, esq.

At West Brackly, Kinross-shire, William Tod, esq. of Findaty.

At East Ham Vicarage, Essex, Mary Isabella, wife of the Rev. R. Twigg, Rector of St. James's, Wednesbury.

At Hastings, Eleanor, relict of the Rev. C. J. Yorke, late Rector of Shenfield, Essex.

April 22. At Mappowder, Dorsetshire, aged 37, William Charles Bicknell, Lieut. R.N., Chief Officer of the Coast-guard Station, Swanage.

At Cannes, France, Helen, Dowager Countess of Bradford. She was the second daughter of Mr. Aeneas Mackay, of Scotston, Peeblesshire, and married, first, Jan. 12, 1819, Sir David Moncreiffe, of Moncreiffe, co. Perth, Bart.; secondly, Oct. 1849 (as his second wife) George Augustus Frederick Henry, third Earl of Bradford, who died in March 1865.

At his residence, Brookland, Aigburth, near Liverpool, William Drury Chidson, esq. aged 69, deeply regretted by his affectionate wife and children.

At Torquay, aged 75, Vera Bridget, wife of J. N. Connel, M.D. of the rifle brigade, dau. of the late Lieut.-Gen. the Hon. Vere Poulett, and cousin to Earl Poulett. She was married at Corfu in 1834.

At Trent Rectory, near Sherborne, aged 42, Frederick Henry Cooper, esq. C.B. Bengal Civil Service, younger son of the late Rev. Allen Cooper, Incumbent of St. Mark's, North Audley-street.

At Rathmines, Dublin, aged 70, Anne, relict of Frederick Draffen, esq. Commander R.N.

At Bath, aged 77, Clara, youngest dau. of the late John Eckersall, esq.

At Kensington, aged 70, Eliza, widow of W. J. Fox, esq. formerly M.P. for Oldham (he died in 1864).



At Wiganthorpe, near York, aged 39, W. F. W. Garforth, eldest son of William Garforth, esq.

At Great Linford, aged 70, Elizabeth wife of Frederick Garratt, esq. and last surviving sister of the late Thomas Jarman, esq. of Lincoln's-inn.

At the Rectory, Snelland, Lincolnshire, aged 56, the Rev. Richard Garvey, M.A. Rector. He was of Emanuel Coll. Camb. (B.A. 1835, M.A. 1838.) He was appointed Rector of Saltfleet-by-St.-Clements 1848, and presented to Snelland 1861.

At Southport, aged 88, Mary Elizabeth, widow of Charles Greenway, esq. of Cheltenham.

At Lewes, aged 55, William Harvey, esq. F.S.A. (elected March 3, 1853) and a member of the Sussex Archaeological Society from its foundation in 1846, a gentleman well-known for his antiquarian collections.

At Walthamstow, J. A. Howe, veterinary surgeon, late of One Swan-yard, Bishopsgate.

At Peckham, Henry Thomas, eldest son of Henry Knapp, esq. and formerly of Northcourt, near Abingdon.

At St. Paul's Cray Rectory, Kent, aged 19, Henrietta Marion, second dau. of the Rev. G. L. Langdon.

At Boughton-under-Blean, aged 57, Terry Robert Marsh, third son of the late Rev. George Peirce Marsh, M.A.

At Loughborough, aged 59, Mr. William Rowland, veterinary surgeon, third son of the late Mr. Rowland, of Hoton, Leicestershire.

At Husband's Bosworth, Leicestershire, aged 57, the Rev. Michael Shore, pastor of the Baptist Church.

At Belsize-road, aged 75, Mary Elizabeth Thomson, only surviving sister of the late Thomas Thomson, esq.

At Sevenoaks, aged 41, Mary Elizabeth, wife of William Fiennes Thomson, of Delamere Villas, Westbourne-square.

At Notting-hill, aged 70, Ann, relict of John Underwood, esq. formerly of Barnet.

At Percy-terrace, Hereford-square, aged 60, Thomas Henry Osborne, esq. of Onslow-square, and Mandy Bury, Herts, only son of the late Thomas Osborne, esq. of Gillwell, Essex.

At Wimpole-street, aged 62, the Rev. Joseph K. Walpole, Vicar of Coaley, Gloucestershire, which living he had held since 1862.

At Chandos-street, Cavendish-square, Peter Miller Watson, esq. of Weylea, near Guildford, late of Demerara, third

son of the late James Watson, esq. of Crantit, Orkney.

At Dover-street, Jessy Janet Shedden, wife of James Arthur Wilson, M.D.

April 23. At Brighton, Gordon Alexander, esq. fifth son of the late Henry Alexander, esq. of Burlington-gardens.

At Camden Town, aged 78, Louisa, eldest dau. of the late William Barlow, surgeon, Writtle.

At Shorwell Vicarage, Isle of Wight, aged 71, Emily, widow of the Rev. Hugh Bent, Chaplain of Sandford, Devon.

At Tyssen Villa, Kingsland-road, aged 76, John Bewley, esq.

At Kennington, aged 64, William Burnett Bloxam, eldest son of the late William Bloxam, esq. of Moditonham, co. Cornwall.

Mr. W. C. Bumstead, of Stanley-villas, Clapton. He committed suicide at the Ludgate-hill station.

At Moreton Court, Herefordshire, aged 26, Sarah Louisa, fifth dau. of Thomas Evans, esq.

At Stonehouse, Devon, Fanny, widow of Captain Foote, R.N.

At Oakfield, near Worcester, aged 79, Anna Maria, widow of Joseph Gulston, esq. of Grosvenor-square, of Knuston Hall, Northamptonshire, and of Derwydd, Carmarthenshire.

At Kilburn, aged 49, William Henry Haynes, esq. late of Regent-street.

At Pembroke, Katherine, youngest dau. of the late Rev. John Holcombe, Rector of Cosheston, Pembrokeshire.

At Belmont, Llanrwst, North Wales, Elizabeth Kyffin, second dau. of the late Richard H. Kenrick, of Nantelwyd, Denbighshire, esq. and granddau. of Sir Thomas Kyffin, of Maynan, co. Caernarvon.

William Kirwood, esq. of Camberwell, aged 77.

At Canonbury, Selina, relict of Capt. J. T. Mackenzie, of H.M.'s 31st Regt. and 7th R. Veteran Battalion.

At the Rectory, Clophill. Beds. the Rev. John Mendham, aged 68. He was of St. Edmund's Hall, Oxford (B.A. 1821, M.A. 1825), and was presented to Clophill in 1844. He was author of a "Translation of the Seventh General Council, the Second of Nice."

At Croydon, Dr. Munro, of Aberdour.

At Brockton Grange, Shifnal, Shropshire, aged 33, Richard Phillips, esq.

At Finsbury-square, aged 58, Miss Charlotte Purcell, late of Cheap-side.

At Gillespie, Dumfriesshire, aged 78, William Rogerson, esq. of Wamphray.

At Kent-terrace, Regent's-park, aged





50, Bonfoy Rooper, esq. of Abbott's Ripton Hall, Huntingdon. He succeeded his father, John Bonfoy Rooper, esq. of Abbott's Ripton (who was for many years M.P. for Hunts.), in 1853. He was formerly an officer in the army.

At Rugeley, Staffordshire, aged 79, Robert Simpson, esq.

At Ventnor, aged 62, Joseph Tanner, esq. of Marden, Wilts.

At Brompton, John Warburton Webb, esq. youngest son of Archibald Webb, esq. late of Chelsea.

At West Bank, Mansfield, aged 70, Richard Henry Wright.

April 24. At Husband's Bosworth House, Leic. aged 71, James Abbey, esq. At Philipstown House, co. Tipperary, shot by an assassin on his own lawn, Hugh William Bradshaw, esq. a magistrate for the county.

At Hyde-park, aged 36, Margaretta, wife of William Burton, and eldest dau. of the late James Francis Thomson, of Maida-hill.

Aged 37, the Rev. William Cameron, Vicar of St. Saviour's, Croydon, second son of the late Peter Cameron, esq. of Camden-square, H.E.I.C.S. He was of Queens' Coll. Camb. (B.A. 1856, M.A. 1860) and was appointed Curate of St. Stephen's Camden Town, 1858; Curate of St. Andrew's Croydon, 1862; and Vicar of St. Saviour's Croydon, 1867.

At Dartan, co. Armagh, aged 24, Maxwell, eldest son of Lieut.-Col. Cross.

At Orsett-terrace, Hyde-park, Charles Turing, aged 23, third son of Capt. Henry Darley.

At Ty-Glyn, Cilian Ayron, Cardigan-shire, aged 26, Thomas Arden, seventh son of the late Alban Thos. Davies, esq. of Ty-Glyn.

At St. Dogmell's, near Cardigan, aged 100, Mr. Thomas Ferrier.

At Oak-hill, Tunbridge, Ralph Bromfield Fisher, esq. Lieut. Kent Artillery Militia, late of Hill Top, Westmerland, and formerly Capt. Royal Cumberland Militia.

At East Brixton, aged 51, Elizabeth, wife of William Fowler, Vestry Clerk of St. Sepulchre, London.

At Holly Bush, Staffordshire, Emma Selina, wife of Lorenzo Hall, esq.

At Cockermouth, aged 83, Jonathan Harris, esq.

At Upper Norwood, aged 26, Henry Lyell, surgeon, eldest son of Mr. H. Lyell, Horselydown.

At Glendevon, Lesmahagow, aged 75, John Mossman, esq.

At Allerlum House, Alnwick, aged 70, Samuel Parker, esq.

Laura Elizabeth, the wife of the Rev. George Pearce, Vicar of Martham, Norfolk, aged 66.

Anne Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late Joseph Sanders, esq. of Derby.

At East Dereham, Joseph Taylor, esq. aged 61.

At Islington, aged 67, Thomas Tibbetts, esq.

At Bonnington, near Edinburgh, aged 62, Mary Hannah, fourth dau. of the late J. T. Wilson, esq. of Lancaster.

April 25. At Wigan, Lancashire, aged 71, Reece Bevan, esq. He was a magistrate of the county, and twice mayor of the borough.

At Chischurst, Duncan Campbell, esq. son of the late Duncan Campbell, esq. merchant, Greenock.

At Gloucester, aged 16, Edmund Aubrey Chetwynd, son of Henry Cartwright, of the Middle Temple, esq. formerly Special Justice and Crown Commissioner in the Bahamas.

At Ryde, Louisa, wife of Charles William Cavendish, esq. son of General the Hon. Henry Frederick Compton Cavendish. She was the only dau. of the Right Hon. Sir Alexander Cockburn, and was married in June 1863. Mrs. Cavendish was a member of the Roman Church, she and her husband, formerly an Anglican minister, having quitted the established communion some years ago. Buried at Ryde May 6.

At Hyères, France, Francis Edward Cosslett, esq. third son and only surviving child of the late Charles John Cosslett, esq. Sutton, co. Dublin.

At Higher Broughton, Manchester, aged 53, John Curtis, esq.

At Glasgow, Mary Alicia Bell Macdonald, wife of John Neilson Cuthbertson, esq. and dau. of the late William Bell Macdonald, esq. of Rammercales.

At Gaddesden, Herts, aged 83, Mrs. Moore Halsey.

At Denholme, Roxburghshire, aged 69, Mr. Andrew Leyden, the youngest and last surviving brother of the celebrated Dr. John Leyden, the poet and Orientalist.—*Edinb. Courant*, April 28.

At Blackheath, aged 86, Mrs. Elizabeth Raine, widow of Wm. Raine, esq. of Staindrop, Durham.

At Upper Homerton, Frederick Lewis Rivaz, fifth son of the late Vincent Francis Rivaz, esq.

At Pau, Basses Pyrenées, France, aged 58, Helen Sophia, widow of the



Rev. Claudius Sandys, Chap. H.E.I.C.S. Bombay.

At Colville-terrace West, Amelia Martha Augusta, widow of James Thomas Walsh, esq. J.P. and D.-L. of the Tower of London.

At Southsea, aged 66, John Warden, esq. formerly of the Bombay Civil Service.

April 26. At Maida-vale, aged 73, Miss Eliza Ball, formerly of Kensington.

At Exmouth, Louisa, wife of Major J. F. Chapman, H.M.'s Bombay Staff Corps, aged 32.

At Maldon, aged 69, John Crick, solicitor.

At Dublin, Robert Darlington, esq. aged 84; for 54 years connected with the Bank of Ireland.

At Great Malvern, aged 66, the Very Rev. James Farrell, Dean of Adelaide.

At Eskbank, Dalkeith, Mrs. Jane Ewart Flint, relict of Capt. J. T. E. Flint, H.E.I.C.S.

At St. Alban's, Herts, aged 39, Cyrus, fourth son of the late George Fordham, esq. of Odsey House, Cambs.

At his seat, Howletts, co. Kent, aged 85, George Gipps, esq.

At Cheltenham, aged 78, Lewis Griffiths, esq. J.P. and D.-L.

At Princess-terrace, Regent's-park, aged 41, Joseph James Harding, esq. M.R.C.S., L.S.A. second son of the late James Harding, esq. of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

At Connaught-square, Hyde-park, aged 64, Algernon Hicks, esq.

At Peckham, aged 40, Eliza, wife of J. N. Keighley, esq. of Ironmonger-lane, solicitor.

At Hill-street, Berkeley-square, aged 82, Christiana Powell Leslie, widow of Col. Charles Powell Leslie, of Castle Leslie, Glasslough. She was dau. of Geo. Fosberry, esq. of Clorane, co. Limerick.

At Kilburn, aged 12, Elfreda Concha, youngest dau. of James Lonergan, esq. of Mexico.

At Southsea, aged 74, the Rev. Frederick Money, Rector of Offham, Kent, formerly of Crown Point, near Norwich. He was of Cain's Coll. Camb. (B.A. 1821), and was presented to Offham in 1832.

At St. Michael's, Milverton, Somerset, aged 69, James Randolph, esq.

At Dublin, aged 72, Mary, relict of the Right Hon. Joseph H. Singer, D.D. Lord Bishop of Meath, who died July 16, 1866. She was a dau. of the Rev. Henry Crofton, D.D. and niece to Sir

Hugh Crofton, Bart., was married in 1822, and has left a numerous family.

At Kensington, aged 57, William Mitton Watson, esq.

At Arcachon, Gironde, France, aged 62, Charlotte, eldest dau. of the late Rt. Hon. C. W. Williams Wynn, M.P. five days after the death of her sister, Mrs. Milnes Gaskell, at Bordeaux.

April 27. At Kingstown, aged 60, Benjamin Armstrong, -esq. Woodfort, Kingscourt, co. Cavan.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 27, Horatio W. Barber, esq. of Prestwich, near Manchester.

At Derby, aged 37, Susanna, wife of Chappell Batcheler, and youngest dau. of the late Rev. Charles Fletcher, of Southwell, Notts.

At Edinburgh, aged 35, George Campbell, late Capt. 71st Highland L. I. youngest son of the late Sir Donald Campbell of Dunstaffnage, Bart.

At Exmouth, aged 66, Mr. Henry Crabb.

At Dover, aged 80, John Gange, esq. for about 30 years Military Storekeeper and Barrack Master at that Station.

At Dinan, France, aged 86, John Glasco, M.D. Staff Surgeon, retired.

Augustus Henry Gordon, esq. eldest son of the late Lord Henry Gordon, aged 29.

At Cheltenham, aged 80, Lucy, relict of the late Col. Edward Hawshaw.

Eliza, wife of the Rev. E. E. Jenkins, of Clyde House, Brixton-hill.

At Brighton, John Laing, esq.

At Sidmouth, aged 76, Robert Grews Lovaine, esq. of Wallington, Surrey.

At Notting-hill, aged 49, Mr. William McDougall, chymist.

At King-street, Snow-hill, aged 57, Dr. Charles Munday, late of Snow-hill.

At Oxford-terrace, Hyde-park, aged 62, John Petch, esq.

Aged 17, Jane Sophia Elizabeth, second dau. of Dr. and Mrs. Semple, of Torrington-square, London.

At Brighton, aged 69, Mrs. Charles Scott, relict of Charles James Scott, artist.

At Upper Norwood, aged 46, Henry George Smith, esq. of the Madras Civil Service.

At St. Mabyn, Cornwall, aged 26, Arthur William Henry Somerset, eldest son of the Rev. George Somerset.

At Bognor, Sussex, aged 85, William Wansey, esq. F.S.A. (so elected March 28, 1833.) He was one of the oldest members of the Fishmongers' Company, of which he had served as





master. His family has been noticed in *The Herald and Genealogist* as probably derived from the very ancient house of Wauuci, which flourished in Norfolk and other counties shortly after the conquest.

April 28. At Hackney, aged 72, Mr. Henry Louis Blanchard.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 32, Thomas C. Brooks, esq. of Lower Norwood, only son of Thomas Brooks, esq. of Ealing.

At Cliftonville, Brighton, Mabel Barton, youngest dau. of Major Charles F. Browne, Deputy Judge Advocate Gen. Bengal Army.

At York-gate, Regent's-park, Ellen Joanna, aged 23, third surviving dau. of the Rev. W. H. Clarke, M.A. Vicar of Christ Church, Skipton, Yorkshire.

At Bristol, aged 65, Thomas Colman, esq.

Clara Sophia, wife of George Anderson Croft, esq. of Richmond, Surrey.

At Retford, Notts. Mr. Henry Hutchinson, veterinary surgeon, who was suffocated by allowing a dog's tooth to slip into his windpipe whilst playing with his children. He has left a widow and large family.

At Boulogne-sur-Mer, aged 22, Emily Margaret, third dau. of the late Capt. R. H. S. Jackson.

At Highgate, Ann King, relict of Joseph Nesbit King, Commander R.N.

At Henley-on-Thames, aged 47, Henry Lind, esq. formerly of Kensington.

At Peckham-rye, aged 33, George Linley, of the Savings Bank, Gen. Post-office, third son of Violet and George Linley, the late well-known ballad-writer and composer, and grandson of the late distinguished Orientalist, John Borthwick Gilchrist, LL.D. H.E.I.C.S.

At Harold's-cross, Ireland, aged 38, Thomas P. Lowe, esq.

At Lewisham, aged 79, Jane, relict of Thomas Phipps, esq. formerly of Stamford-street and Cambridge.

At Upper Norwood, Henry George Smith, of the Madras Civil Service, third son of the late Thomas Smith, esq. of Ramsbury Manor, Wilts.

At Lancing, Sussex, aged 52, Toulmin Smith, esq. of Highgate.

At Stoke Newington, aged 38, Charles William, second son of the late Thos. F. Steward, esq. of Great Dean's-yard, Westminster.

At Greenock, aged 26, Rev. O. W. Stokes, A.M. fifth son of Capt. Stokes, Kingstown.

James Thompson Strange, of Alfred-

street and Francis-street, Bedford-sq. wine merchant, formerly Professor of Mathematics at the late College of Civil Engineers, Putney, aged 51.

At Kensington, Charlotte, relict of Alexander Tabberer, esq.

Aged 35, Captain Rowland Tarleton, of Creggan House, Athlone, shot dead on his estate. He had no tenants. Lord Lifford stated in the House of Lords on the 30th of April, that he had heard a message was sent to his family from the Riband Lodge, which had ordered his death, stating that they extremely regretted it, for he was the wrong man. He was unmarried but his mother and sister resided with him. His body was conveyed to the family vault at Tullamore.

At Hampstead, Martha, wife of Harry Webb, and youngest surviving dau. of the late William Oliver, esq. of Hampstead.

At Coggeshall, aged 68, Elizabeth, wife of William Whitehead, esq. formerly of Chelsea.

Sarah Grace, wife of the Rev. J. B. Wightwick, Vicar of Newton Reigny, Cumberland.

At Morden College, Blackheath, aged 93, Edward Williams, esq. formerly of Basinghall-street.

April 29. At Kirkcaldy, aged 73, Sarah Brooks, relict of Michael Anderson, esq. of the late Hon. E. I. Co.'s Maritime Service.

At Sidmouth, aged 77, Elizabeth, eldest dau. of the late John Bolton, esq. of Leicester.

On board H.M.S. the Black Prince, off Greenock, N.B. aged 32, Lieut. William Henry Childers, R.N. in command of H.M.'s gunboat Flirt.

At the Priory, Kells, aged 76, Mary, wife of the Rev. C. Darby.

At Holford-sq. aged 77, Mr. Devonshire.

Mr. William Vavasor Griffiths, of Croydon, and Abchurch-chambers, London.

At Russell-square, aged 70, Thomas Richard Harrison, esq. of St. Martin's-lane, Charing-cross, for many years printer to the Foreign Office, and printer of the *London Gazette*. He succeeded his father in his business, and is succeeded by his own sons.

At Ovington-square, aged 87, James Lahee, esq.

At Cirencester, aged 33, Mr. Richard Mann, of Stroud and Cirencester.

At Bath, Harriet, wife of Thomas E. Milles Marsh, esq.



Mr. Alfred C. Pratt, Med. Student of King's Coll. Lond. aged 21, second surviving son of the late W. H. Pratt, esq. of Erectown, Sierra Leone.

At Nice, Samuel Scott, esq. of Sundridge Park, Bromley, Kent, and Cavendish-square.

In Dublin, Austin Cooper Shaw, late 3d Dragoon Guards and 18th Hussars, second surviving son of the late Bernard Shaw, esq. of Fountain-hill, co. Dublin.

At Portobello, Thomas Somerville, J.P. esq. of Greenfield and Mosshall.

April 30. At South Hornsey, aged 71, Richard Chace, esq.

At Forest-hill, aged 84, Maria, relict of William Crew, esq. of Shelley House, Essex.

At Blofield, Norfolk, aged 76, Henry Daveney, esq.

At Whitechurch, Salop, aged 49, James Goulbourn Etches, esq. Solicitor.

At South Bank, Regent's-park, aged 53, Edward William John Hopley.

At Tottenham, aged 59, J. H. Jay, esq.

At Brixton, aged 31, John Ferguson Laurie, esq.

At Bishopsleugh, Lockerbie, aged 85, Sarah, eldest dau. of the late John Logan, esq. of Knockshinnoch.

At Hill Cottage, near Axminster, Devon, aged 69, Thomas Mallock, esq. Commander R.N. He entered the navy in 1813, and became Lieut. in 1830; Commander on the Retired List 1864.

At Greenwich, aged 75, Capt. Daniel O'Brien, formerly resident at Howrath, Calcutta.

At Norwood, aged 81, Miss Elizabeth Plaskett.

At Bournemouth, Hants, John Thunder, esq. of Dublin.

In April. The Right Rev. John Dalton, Catholic Bishop of Harbour Grace, Newfoundland, died suddenly, after having assisted at the funeral of Bishop Mullock, who is noticed under date of March 29. He was nominated first Bishop of Harbour Grace on the creation of the see, 29th Feb. 1856, and consecrated 25th May the same year.

At Venice, M. Dreyschok, the celebrated pianist. He was born 1818, at Zack, in Bohemia, and had for several years filled the post of Director of the Conservatoire of Music at St. Petersburg.

Sister Sainte-Therese died at the Hotel Dieu of Rouen, to which institution she had been attached for 54 years. She was born at Havre 14th March 1769, and consequently had passed her 100th year.

At Mentone, the Princess Dowager Ida of Schaumburg-Lippe, *née* Princess of Waldeck and Pyrmont. She was born on September 26, 1796; was mother of the reigning Prince of Buckenburg; and had married Prince George William, June 23, 1816.

The line of Count Tilly, the celebrated opponent of Gustavus Adolphus in the Thirty Years' War, has just become extinct by the decease of Count Charles Gustavus Edward Augustus von Tserclas Tilly, at the ripe old age of 85. He had been Chamberlain to the King of Holland, and a member of the Equestrian Order of Brabant, and was the last direct descendant of Everard von Tserclas Tilly, the liberator of Brussels in 1356, and of his descendant above alluded to, who was generalissimo of the Catholic League in the 17th century.

M. Varin, a well-known dramatist, who wrote chiefly in collaboration with M. Delaforte and other authors, is dead. The best-known work in the production of which he had a share was "Les Saltimbanques."

May 1. At the residence of her uncle, Lieut.-Gen. Sir John Gough, K.C.B. co. Tipperary, aged 25, Alice Magdalen Arbuthnot, dau. of J. A. Arbuthnot, esq. of Coworth Park, Berks.

At Waltham, aged 37, Capt. Henry Foord Bamford, late of H.M.'s 38th Bengal N.I.

At the residence of his nephew, Holme Island, aged 60, James Brogden, esq. late of Galtee Castle, co. Tipperary.

At Bath, aged 77, Mary, relict of George Bythessea, clerk, sometime Rector of Freshford, Somerset.

At Lower Norwood, William Donnelly, esq. barrister, of the Middle Temple. He was called to the bar 1842.

At Bournemouth, Hampshire, aged 25, Alexander Simpson Espie, youngest son of the late George Espie, M.D. Brousterland, East Kilbride, Lanarkshire.

At Farnham rectory, aged 29, Capt. Hogg, late of the 96th Foot.

At Westdean Vicarage, near Chichester, aged 36, Maria Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. C. H. Hutchinson.

At Clarinda Park, Kingstown, aged 84, Mary, widow of James Lawson, esq. of Waterford, and mother of Mr. Justice Lawson.

At Park-square, aged 86, Agnes, widow of Archibald Little, esq. of Shabden Park, Surrey.

At St. George's Vicarage, Shrewsbury, Sarah Emily, wife of the Rev. H. Lloyd Oswell, M.A. and dau. of the late





John Cotton, esq. of Westbourne-terrace.

At Ramsgate, aged 79, Harriet, relict of Capt. Charles Page.

At Brussels, aged 74, John Perkins, M.D. 50 years resident in that city.

At Ramsgate, aged 81, William Phelps Vaile, esq.

Aged 67, Mary Weaver, Town Walls, Shrewsbury, dau. of the late Rev. Thos. Weaver, who for 54 years was minister of Swan Hill Chapel, in that town.

May 2. At Green-street, Grosvenor-square, aged 67, Mrs. Blackett, widow of Powell Charles Blackett, Surgeon R.N.

At Amptill-sq. aged 46, Caroline Louise Simonette, widow of D. Blair, esq. M.D. Surgeon-General British Guiana.

At Edinburgh, Jane Mitchell, eldest dau. of the late Lieut.-Col. Geddes, 83d Regt.

At Dinan Côte du Nord, aged 89, Dr. John Glasco, Surgeon on the Staff. He attended the wounded on the battle-fields of the Peninsula, and had the medal and clasps for his services in Spain and France.

At Barcelona, Spain, John Henry Hartwright, M. Inst. C. E. of London.

At Ayrill-street, Regent-street, aged 69, Fredk. Hering, esq. architect.

At the Royal Hospital, Chelsea, Emma, wife of Thomas Ligertwood, M.D. late 8th Hussars, fourth dau. of the late Francis Laking, esq. of Wilton-place, Belgrave-square.

At Dalkeith, John Lucas, M.D.

At Cliftonville, aged 36, Humphrey Leverington Maysmor, M.D. only surviving son of the late R. P. Maysmor, of Teddington, Middlesex.

At Les Guimerais, St. Servan, aged 57, Rowland Money, esq. late Bengal Civil Service.

At Edinburgh, Henry C. Nicholson, divinity student, eldest surviving son of Mr. Donald Nicholson, late of Skye.

Henry, son of the late Dr. Robinson, of Swinton Park, Manchester.

May 3. At Brynrydd, South Wales, aged 91, Mrs. A. P. Beavan, widow of Hugh Beavan, esq.

At Southsea, aged 71, Julia Claudine, relict of the late Major-Gen. Peter Fearon, Bombay Army.

At Haverstock-hill, aged 49, George Garraway, esq.

The Rev. Thomas Fordham Green, Rector of Graveley, Herts, aged 73. He was of Christ college, Cambridge,

(B.A. 1818; M.A. 1821,) and was presented to Graveley together with Chesfield rectory in 1821.

At the house of her brother, C. Reynolds, esq. Wallington, Carshalton, Surrey, aged 72, Anna, widow of the late John Hills, esq. of the Inner Temple, barrister-at-law.

At Didsen, Hants, aged 72, George Jessop, esq. formerly of Calcutta.

At his residence, Fleetlands, Surbiton, aged 81, Colonel Hugh Mellwaine Kyd, late of the 1st Madras European Regt.

At Dublin, aged 87, James Lynch, esq. of Lancaster Park, in the co. of Roscommon, and Rathhally in the co. of Galway.

At Duchess-street, Portland-place, aged 76, Mary Ann, relict of G. H. Manton, esq. of Stratton-street, Piccadilly.

At Ely-place, Holborn, aged 60, William Henry Newstead, solicitor.

Aged 64, Sophia, second dau. of the late J. B. Sale, esq. Organist and Musical Instructor to Her Majesty.

At Bath, Mademoiselle De Sommery, eldest dau. of the late Marquis De Sommery.

At the residence of his brother in London, aged 69, James Todd, esq. of Underwood, Lockerbie, N.B.

At Gloucester-crescent, Regent's-park, and of Willson's Wharf, Southwark, aged 47, William Thomas Willson, esq.

May 4. At Heathcote-street, Mecklenburgh-square, Anne Sophia, relict of John Morris Bennett, esq. surgeon, of Upper Baker-street.

At New Brentford, aged 67, Mr. Thomas Bradbury.

At Southsea, Louisa, the beloved wife of Lieut.-Col. De Havilland, R.A.

At Hampstead, Shiplake, Oxon, Effie, wife of John King, esq.

At Montague-place, Russell-square, aged 26, Marcus Martin, jun. eldest son of Marcus Martin, esq. of the same place.

Harriet, wife of Edward P. Soltau, esq.

At Regent's-park-terrace, aged 48, John Spencer, M.D., L.R.C.P., London 1843; M.D. St. And. 1843; L.F.P.S. Glasg. 1843; L.S.A. 1843.

May 5. At Camberwell-road, aged 50, James Baily, esq. late of the Berkshire Brewery.

At St. Leonard's-on-Sea, aged 70, William Pain Beecham, esq. solicitor, late of Hawkhurst.



At Northfield House, Elgin, aged 79, Lady Dunbar Brander of Pitgaveny.

At Gravesend, Kent, aged 43, George Clayton Collyer, esq. son of the late George Clayton Collyer, esq. surgeon, of Cheshunt, Herts.

Harriet, wife of James Graham Lewis, esq. of Euston-square, and Ely-place, aged 64.

At Falkirk, Robert, youngest son of Robert Moffat, M.D.

At Raithby, near Spilsby, Lincolnshire, aged 76, the Rev. William Morley, Rector of Mavis Enderby, in that co. to which he was presented in 1834, and was also Curate of Raithley.

At Kensington-park, aged 39, Innes Colin Munro, of Poyntzfield, N.B. esq. late Capt. in Her Majesty's 12th Regt. Deputy-Lieut. of the co. of Ross, and youngest son of the late Sir George Gun Munro, of Poyntzfield.

At Cheriton, Hants, aged 19, Edwin Wells Palm, third son of the Rev. J. D. Palm, Winchester.

At Scarborough, Harriot Elizabeth, only dau. of the late James Russell, esq. of the city of York.

At Tyrone House, co. Galway, Nora, fourth dau. of Christopher St. George, esq. D.L.

Ann, wife of the Rev. Thos. Felix Thomas, of Macclesfield, in her 64th year.

Of consumption, Alice Mary Disney, wife of Commander the Hon. John Brabazon Vivian, R.N. second and youngest son of Lord Vivian. She was before her marriage, which took place as recently as the 6th of May last year, Miss Alice Mary Disney Roe-buck.

At Birch Hall, Windlesham, aged 46, Thomas Edward Whitby, esq. of Creswell Hall, Staffordshire, late Capt. 3d Dragoon Guards.

At Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancashire, aged 64, Dr. Geo. Woollam, M.D. St. And. 1839; L.F.P.S. Glasg. 1829; Surg. Police Force and Prison; Mem. Brit. Assoc. He contributed a paper "On the Sesquicarbonate of Iron in Traumatic Tetanus," to the *Medical Times*.

May 6. At Ecclesfield, Adele, dau. of the late Samuel Galton, of Duddes-ton Hall, and widow of John Kay Booth, of Brush House.

At Epsom, Mary Elizabeth, widow of the late Samuel Timms Cartwright, and only dau. of the late Henry Cartwright, esq. of Hill Hall, Staffordshire.

At Edinburgh, aged 30, Joseph Egerton Cockburn, esq. Capt. R.Art.

youngest surviving son of the late John Cockburn, esq.

At Park House, Blackheath-park, aged 78, Nathaniel Brown Engleheart, esq. formerly of Great Knight-ridge-st. Doctors'-commons.

In London, aged 29, Thomas William Findlay, esq. of Durban, Natal.

At Trap's-hill House, Loughton, aged 75, Mr. George Gould.

At West Malvern, aged 67, James Henry Horncastle, late vocalist and actor, of the Theatres Royal Drury-lane and Covent-garden.

After five days' illness, the Rev. John Young Hughes, Vicar of Christ church, East Greenwich, in his 57th year. He was of St. Catharine's Hall, Cambridge (B.A. 1841; M.A. 1853), and became minister of Christ church, Greenwich, 1849.

At Bath, Elizabeth Maria, relict of William Lloyd, M.P. late of the Madras Army, and youngest dau. of the late Rev. William Horton, of St. Mary, Rochdale.

At Flamstead Lodge, Dunstable, aged 36, Caroline Anne, dau. of the Rev. Horace Pechell.

At the Rectory, Sevenoaks, aged 67, Ann, wife of the Rev. H. F. Sidebottom.

At Quebec, aged 56, David Douglas Young, esq. of that city, merchant, and President of the Quebec Bank.

May 7. In Italy, Major-Gen. John Christie, C.B. of the Bengal Establishment. He was formerly in the Staff Corps, and served at the siege and capture of Bhurtpore in 1826; he commanded the 1st Regiment of Cavalry in Shah Shoojah's force, during the campaign in Afghanistan of 1839-40-42, and was engaged in different operations leading to the re-occupation of Cabul. He also served with the army of the Sutlej, and was present at the actions of Moodkee, Ferozeshah, and Sobraon, and throughout the Punjab campaign. He obtained the rank of Major-Gen. 21st Feb. 1861, and for his distinguished military services was, in March 1867, nominated a companion of the Order of the Bath.

Drowned near Belfast, while bathing, James S. Cluff, esq. M.A. Trin. Coll. Dublin, M.R.C.S. He was Demonstrator of Anatomy at University College, where his career as a student of medicine had been most brilliant.

At Southsea, aged 73, Col. George Gawler, R.H. late 52nd Regt.

Near Bath, aged 33, Capt. Lionel S. Grant.





At Upper Norwood, aged 75, Lucy, widow of William Harwood, esq. M.D.

At Brighton, Harriett, Dowager Lady Henley, aged 66. She was the youngest and last surviving daughter of Sir Robert Peel, first Baronet, and sister of the late Sir Robert Peel, Bart. the Right Hon. William Yates Peel, General Peel, and the Very Rev. J. Peel, Dean of Worcester. She married, 11th March 1823, Robert, second Baron Henley, in the peerage of Ireland, who died Feb. 3, 1841, and by whom she had two sons, both of whom are living, namely, Lord Henley, M.P. for Northampton, and the Hon. and Rev. Robert Henley, Perpetual Curate of Putney, Surrey.

At King's College Hospital, aged 43, Thomas Joyce, esq. formerly editor of the *Morning Chronicle*, and at the time of his death editor of the *Lerant Herald*, which is published in Constantinople. From the evidence given at the inquest, held on May 11th, it appeared that Mr. Joyce resided at Constantinople, and had only arrived in London on the day of his death. A policeman found him lying in a fit in the Strand, and supposing him to be drunk, conveyed him to the police-station on a stretcher. On the mistake being discovered, the unfortunate gentleman was removed to the hospital, where he died about two hours after, from the bursting of a blood-vessel in the brain, which produced apoplexy. A verdict of "Death from natural causes" was recorded by the jury, and the coroner censured the police for the manner in which they acted.

At Bieberich-on-the-Rhine, aged 81, George Lewis, esq. M.D.

At Hanwell, aged 31, Henry George Macaulay, esq. of the Treasury, eldest son of the Rev. Canon Macaulay, of Aldingham, Lancashire.

At Dublin, aged 77, the Rev. Edward Marks, D.D. Dean's Vicar and Minor Canon, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin.

At Southstoke, near Bath, aged 79, Lieut.-Col. J. Henry Simmonds, late of the 55th Bengal N. Inf.

At Dundalk, Mary, eldest daughter of John Turner, esq. Head Master of the Educational Institution.

May 8. At Tunbridge Wells, aged 68, Elizabeth, widow of George Baillie, esq. of the Grove, Hanwell, Middlesex.

At Regent's-park, aged 79, Thomas Brooksbank, esq. for nearly 50 years of Gray's-inn-square.

At Upper Norwood, aged 63, Lieut.-Col. George Arthur Brownlow.

At Hastings, Augusta, wife of the Rev. James Bush, Rector of Ouseby, Cumberland.

At Highmead, Cardiganshire, Delme Seymour Davies, late Capt. Scots Fusilier Guards.

At Mountjoy-place, Dublin, aged 65, Sir Drury Jones Dickinson. He was a wine merchant in Dublin, and knighted when sheriff of that city in 1833.

At Brighton, aged 82, Eliza, wife of John Dill, esq.

At Blackrock, near Dublin, aged 71, Daniel Mills-King, esq. second son of the late Daniel Mills, esq. M.D. President and Fellow of the King and Queen's College of Physicians, Ireland, Kingston, co. Wicklow, D.-L. and J.P.

At Kensington, aged 77, William Bull Stapleton, esq. formerly of the Staff Corps of Cavalry.

At Hampstead, Matthew Stovell, M.D. C.S.I. late Principal Inspector-General Bombay Medical Department.

At Lambden, Berwickshire, Margaret, widow of Capt. Robert Walker, R.N. Windywalls, near Kelso.

Marianne, wife of George William Woodrow, and dau. of John Layton of Islington, and Ely-place, Holborn, aged 29.

Edward William, younger son of the late John Mountford Yeates, esq. of Bathford, near Bath, aged 30.

May 9. At Bath, aged 84, Sarah Anne, relict of Alexander Bayley, esq. of Woodhall, Saint Dorothy, Jamaica, and mother of the Rev. W. H. Ricketts Bayley, Vicar of Christ church, Nailsea, Somerset.

At Southampton, Thos. Fredc. Carten, esq. formerly of Madeira.

At Kensington, John James Unwin Clarke, esq. eldest son of the late Ven. Unwin Clarke, Archdeacon of Chester.

At Richmond, Surrey, aged 58, George Anderson Croft, esq.

The Ven. James Croft, M.A. Archdeacon of Canterbury, died on the 9th of May, at Saltwood Rectory. He was born 2nd July, 1784. Besides the Archdeaconry of Canterbury, which is reputed to be of the value of 1,000*l.* a year, and which he had held since 1825, he was the incumbent of two of the best livings in the gift of the Archbishop of Canterbury, viz. Saltwood, near Hythe, which is valued in the "Clergy List" at 784*l.* and Cliffe-at-Hoo, near Rochester, valued at 1,297*l.* He had enjoyed the former of these since the year 1812 and the latter since 1818. "The secret of his success is to be found,



not in his having gained high honours at the University, or of having laboured hard in a poor and populous parish, but in the fact that he was himself the son of a cathedral dignitary, and married a daughter of the late Archbishop, Dr. Charles Manners Sutton. It is only fair, perhaps, to add that his stall in Canterbury Cathedral was annexed to his archdeaconry."—*Times*, 12th May.

At Tunbridge Wells, aged 85, Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Cromwell, widow of the Rev. George Cromwell.

At Pitlochry, Eliza Jane, eldest dau. of the late Principal Forbes, of St. Andrews.

At Paris, aged 61, Henry Rowland Harley, esq.

At Devonport, aged 67, Sarah, widow of the late Colonel Lach-Szyrma.

At St. Boswells, Isabella Mein, widow of Thomas Mackie, Lieut. Dumfriesshire Militia.

At Wiverton, near Plymton, aged 47, Capt. Pentyre Anderson Morshead, R.A., youngest son of the late Colonel Anderson Morshead, R.E. of Widey Court, Devon. He entered the service 1839, and was placed on half-pay 1848.

At Malta, Horatio Edward Paget, Lieut. in the 87th Regt. eldest son of the Rev. E. J. Paget, Rector of Steppingley, Beds. He entered the army in 1866.

At Peterborough, aged 39, S. Rutland, esq. solicitor.

May 10. Mathew Gill, esq. of Knaresborough, solicitor, in his 69th year.

At Stirling, Clonee, co. Meath, aged 73, the residence of her son-in-law, Richard O. Barker, esq. Maria, widow of the late Commander Arthur Grose, R.N.

At Kennington, aged 24, Alfred Henry Hall, second son of Dr. Hall, Brighton.

At Bayswater, aged 48, James Vandersloot McCormick, esq. M.D. eldest surviving son of Andrew McCormick, esq. of Airmount, New Ross, co. Wexford, Assistant-Surgeon of the Prince of Wales's Own Donegal Militia, with which regiment he served during his late embodiment.

At Amsterdam, aged 66, Francis Melvil, esq.

At the residence of his brother-in-law, D. Hanley, esq. Beech Lawn, Oxford, aged 58, Mr. Thomas Morris, of Colmore Lodge, St. George's, Birmingham.

At Wasing House, Berks, aged 81, William Mount, esq. one of the oldest

and most respected of the Berkshire magistrates. He was for many years chairman of the Newbury bench of magistrates. In early life Mr. Mount was M.P. for Newport, in the Isle of Wight. He was a staunch Conservative, and was ever willing to do his utmost in support of his principles and his party.

At Killeagh Park, near Moate, co. Westmeath, aged 40, Thomas S. Odell, esq. eldest son of Thomas A. Odell, Peckham-rye.

May 11. At Oare in the parish of Wilcot, Wilts, Matthew Baden. He was 106½ years old, having been born at Pewsey in Feb. 1763. He has left a numerous offspring of children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, and great-great-grandchildren. His eldest dau. now living is verging on 80 years.

At Binfield, Berks, aged 29, Cecil Augustus Blake, barrister, of the Middle Temple, only surviving son of Geo. Blake, of Carlton-chambers, 8, Regent-street.

Robert Bower, esq. of Welham, Yorkshire, was found dead under circumstances pointing to self-destruction. He was born 1798, being the eldest son of the late Robert Bower, esq. by Elizabeth Amy, only surviving dau. of John Clubbe, esq. of Ipswich. He married in 1824, Helen, eldest dau. of John Hall, esq. of Scarborough, by whom he leaves issue. Mr. Bower, who was educated at Westminster and Christ Church, Oxford, was a Deputy-Lieut. for the North Riding, and the senior partner of the firm of Bower, Hall, and Co. (the East Riding Bank).

At the Quinta, St. Mary's Church, Torquay, aged 64, William Carr, esq. late Secretary South Devon Railway Company.

At Edinbrough, aged 84, Patrick Deuchar, esq. Commander R.N. The deceased officer was one of the now not very numerous survivors of those who saw active service in the beginning of the present century. He was a midshipman on board the Swiftsure at the battle of Trafalgar, served in the Walcheren expedition (in which his brother, the late Major Deuchar, of the 1st Royals, was also engaged), was employed in gunboat and transport service during the Peninsular war, and was placed on the retired list at the peace of 1815. He never again saw active service. He was made a Commander on the retired list in 1867.

At Leamington, aged 63, Dr. James





Johnstone. He held for several years the office of Professor of Medicine in the Queen's College, Birmingham, was consulting physician to the Children's Hospital from its foundation, became a Governor of the Grammar School, and retained the post of Physician to the General Hospital for considerably more than thirty years. He was chosen President of the British Medical Association on its last visit to Birmingham, his father having been its first President. As a private gentleman, it is not too much to say that everyone in Birmingham respected Dr. James Johnstone. As a physician, his name was considered by his medical brethren to be the symbol of the courtesy, culture, and integrity expected from his order. Surely a more polite and high-minded gentleman never adorned the ranks of his profession than our lamented fellow-townsmen. "So far as his own profession is concerned" (says the *Birmingham Post*), "he must be spoken of as the last of the Johnstones. For a century and a half this has been the most distinguished medical name in the midland district. His grandfather, his father, and two uncles, practised in Kidderminster, Worcester, and Birmingham, and now the worthy follower of his accomplished predecessors is gathered to his fathers. For the first time since the day of its opening, our General Hospital, in Summer Lane, is without a Johnstone, either as ordinary or consulting physician."

At Carrickaderry, co. Monaghan, aged 77, Humphreys Jones, esq. J.P.

At Culross Abbey, Kincardine-on-Forth, Isabel, eldest dau. of the late David Liddell, esq. Kirkton-of-Auchtertool.

At Kirkby Malzeard, Ripon, aged 65, Margaret Mason, wife of the Rev. William Mason, formerly Vicar of Normanton.

At Cheltenham, aged 70, Katherine, widow of the Rev. Thomas Welby Northmore, of Cleve House, Devon, and third dau. of the late Sir William Earle Welby, Bart.

At Kingwell, High Littleton, near Bath, aged 83, George Treweeke Seabell, Capt. R.N. He entered the navy in 1798, when he was little more than twelve years old, and served at first on the coast of North America, and subsequently in the expedition to Copenhagen under Sir Hyde Parker and Lord Nelson, in the blockade of Cadiz, and in the Channel fleet. He was made

Lieutenant in 1804, and Commander in 1812; and at the conclusion of the war found himself like many other officers of both services out of employment. After remaining many years on half-pay he retired from the navy in 1843. He succeeded Lord Shaftesbury in the representation of Bath in 1851; and held the seat in the Liberal interest till his retirement in 1857 in consequence of failing health.

At the rectory, Pallas Green, co. Limerick, the Rev. William Scott, for 39 years Rector of the Parish.

At 96, Brompton-road, aged 86, Miss Sarah Smith, eldest dau. and only surviving child of the late Rev. George Smith, Incumbent of Markyate-street and Rector of Puttenham, Herts.

At Newwid-on-the-Rhine, aged 38, Emily, the wife of Capt. J. L. Wadge.

At his residence, Myrtle Cottage, Maidstone, aged 74, Mr. William Wharton, late of Her Majesty's Dockyard, Sheerness.

May 12. At Worthing, aged 75, Lt.-Col. William Aldous, of Her Majesty's Indian Army.

At Victoria-square, aged 69, William James Browne, esq. for many years in H.M.'s Office of Works.

At The Elms, Wavertree, near Liverpool, aged 59, Joseph Henry Dickinson, esq.

At Dundreevy, Clough, co. Down, Isabella, wife of the Rev. Thomas Drew, D.D.

Mr. John Frederick Feeney, one of the proprietors of the *Birmingham Daily Post*, aged 61. He passed the greater portion of his life in connection with the newspaper press of Birmingham, his first engagement in that town being as editor of the *Birmingham Philanthropist*, published in 1836, under the proprietorship of the late Mr. Joseph Sturge. When slavery was abolished in the British West Indies, the *Philanthropist*, which had been established for the purpose of furthering emancipation, closed its career, and Mr. Feeney then accepted an engagement as reporter on the *Midland Counties Herald*, which he retained until 1844, when he became the purchaser of the *Birmingham Journal*.

At King's Lynn, on the anniversary of his 72nd birthday, Mr. Charles Gill, who was for many years connected with the Norfolk circuit of theatres. He was introduced into the Eastern counties by Mr. Thomas Masters, the then lessee of the Lynn Theatre, some forty-five years



ago, when he came from Brighton. After remaining some years with this company (known as the Norwich company) he became lessee of the Leicester Theatre, and on his return to Lynn in 1855 he became lessee of the Lynn Theatre, and other theatres in the neighbourhood, and remained so till his death. He leaves one daughter.

At Kentish-town, aged 37, Alfred William Holden, third son of the late Henry George Holden, esq. formerly of the Public Record Office, Rolls Chapel.

At Barnsbury-road, Elizabeth, widow of the late Joseph Hone, esq. Master of the Supreme Court of Tasmania, and third dau. of the late William Henry Rowe, esq. Barrister-at-Law.

At Edinburgh, Robert Johnston, esq. writer to the signet. He long held a prominent position in the city as a town councillor and magistrate, and also as filling other important offices. He entered the council in 1837, and continued an active member of that body for some years.

At Westbourne-park-terrace, aged 68, Madame Bary de Menneey.

At Garth, Welshpool, aged 60, Richard Herbert Mytton, esq.

At Tottenham, Mary Bonham, wife of James Parratt, M.D. late of Mount-street, Grosvenor-square.

At Hyères, aged 45, the Rev. John Taylor Plummer, Rector of Hartley Maudydt, Alton, Hants. He was of Brasenose Coll. Oxf. (B.A. 1846, M.A. 1849). He was Curate of Tring, Herts, 1846; and was presented to Hartley Maudydt in 1847. He was author of "The Dignity of Little Children" (a sermon), "The Resurrection of the Just, and their Condition in a Future State," 1866.

At Croydon, Surrey, aged 64, Mrs. Jane Russell, relict of James Russell, esq. formerly of Southwark, and late of Dunlewy, co. Donegal.

At Morden College, Blackheath, aged 78, A. F. Schleicher, esq. formerly of Holloway and the Corn Exchange.

At Tudor Lodge, Brixton, aged 77, Septimus Wray, esq. M.D., M.R.C.S. Eng. 1815, L.S.A. 1816, M.D. Erlangen 1835, L.R.C.P. 1859; Physician Westminster Schools, Tulse-hill; Phys. Brit. Comm. Assur. Soc.; Founder and Med. Off. of the Brixton Disp.; late House Surgeon Child. Disp. and Med. Off. Western City Disp. In his contributions he first recommended cold affusion in poisoning with opium, cases of which were published in *Med. Repos.* 1821; "On

Injection into the Uterus in cases of Hamorrhage after Delivery," *Med. Times Gaz.* 1855.

At Edinburgh, Col. George A. Underwood, late H.M.'s Madras Engineers.

May 13. At Carabacel, Nice, aged 33, Henry Dugdale, esq. of Craythorne, Yorkshire, and late of Kensington-park-gardens.

At Worcester, aged 76, Charlotte, wife of C. W. Evors, esq.

At Bathaston, near Bath, aged 70, William Hale, esq.

At Gloucester-place, Hyde-park, aged 42, Major James Leith, V.C. late of the 14th Hussars and Scots Greys, third son of the late Gen. Sir Alexander Leith, K.C.B. of Freefield, and Glenkendie, Aberdeenshire. He served with the 14th Hussars in the Persian Expedition of 1857. He also took an active part in the suppression of the mutiny at Aurungabad; served with the Malwa field force at the siege and capture of Dhar, and with the central India field force under Sir Hugh Rose at all the affairs during the advance on Calpee. He was awarded the Victoria Cross for conspicuous bravery at Betwa on the 1st of April, 1858, in having charged alone and rescued Capt. Need, of his regiment, when surrounded by a large number of Rebel infantry. In recognition of his distinguished services he was promoted to Major in 1858, and in 1863 was appointed to the Hon. Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms.

At Bath, aged 37, Philip Edward Luard, Commander R.N. youngest son of the late Peter Francis Luard, esq. M.D. He attained his seniority in 1867.

At Cleve Prior, co. Worcester, Eliza Ann, wife of the Rev. John Morton, Vicar of Cleve Prior.

At Bognor, Eliza Sophia Scarlia, eldest dau. of Lieut.-Col. Naylor, formerly Paymaster of the Convalescent Depot, Great Yarmouth.

At Bourne, Lincolnshire, aged 76, George John Nicholls, esq. F.R.C.S.E.

At Passage West, Cork, Elizabeth, dau. of the late John Barelay Scriven, esq. barrister-at-law, of Dublin.

At Putney-heath, aged 74, Emma, widow of the late John Wansey, esq. of Walthamstow.

May 14. At Edinburgh, Alison Christison, relict of John Adams, esq. S.S.C. of Portobello.

At Hemel Hempstead, aged 78, Mary, relict of the Rev. Hicks Deacle, Vicar of Dilham, Norfolk.





At Queen's-road, Norland-square, aged 60, Matthew Henry Feilde, esq. promoter of the Public Libraries' Act.

At Whitehaven, aged 50, John Dixon Fidler, M.D.

At Glasgow, Elizabeth Goldie Colvin, relict of the Rev. James M. Fisher, late of Swallow-street Church.

At Swainswick, near Bath, aged 71, the Rev. Francis Lockey, only son of Francis Lockey, esq. of Castle-street, Reading, and Walcot-parade, Bath. He was of Magdalen Coll. Camb. (LL.B. 1826), and was author of "The Dangers threatening the Religious and Civil Liberties of the British Nation by the admission of Roman Catholics to Political Power, &c." 1819.

At Portland-place, aged 63, Peter Maze, esq. formerly of Bristol.

At Bruton, Somerset, aged 14, Emma, only dau. of the Rev. E. J. Newton.

At Hyde-park-street, Harriet, widow of Sir George Nicholls, K.C.B.

At Croydon, Col. George Fred. Penley, late of the 16th Bombay N. Inf.

At West Coker, Somerset, aged 86, Elizabeth, widow of Henry Penny, of Yeovil.

At Cookham, Berks, Col. William Paston Purnell, aged 47, formerly commanding the 90th Regt. L.I. Ensign of H.M.'s Royal Body Guard of the Yeomen of the Guard, and J.P. co. Gloucester, second son of the late Purnell Bransby Purnell, esq. of Stancombe-park, Gloucestershire.

At Edinburgh, aged 79, Ann Skinner, relict of John Robert Skinner, esq. writer to the signet.

At Putney, aged 67, Mary Anne, widow of Henry Slade, Capt. R.A.

At Kilduff, King's co. Ireland, Maria, relict of John Hussey Walsh, esq. J.P. and D.-L. King's co.

May 15. At Brockhill, Saltwood, Kent, aged 59, the Rev. John Henry Thomas Allen, Rector of Mappowder.

He was of Brasenose coll. Ox. (B.A. 1831; M.A. 1834,) and was presented to Mappowder in 1835.

At Tunbridge-Wells, aged 16, Emilie Clementine Marie, only dau. of the late Col. Chadabet, of the French Army, Commandeur of the Imperial Order of the Légion d'Honneur, and of the Royal Order of St. Louis.

At Kirtou Rectory, near Ipswich, aged 42, the wife of the Rev. A. N. Delafosse, M.A.

Drowned in the Wharfe, near Bolton Abbey, Yorkshire, aged 26, Lady Ada Firth, wife of Sir Charles Henry Firth, of Heckmondwike. She was the eldest dau. of William Crowther, esq. of Gomersal, Yorkshire, and was married in 1862.

At Aldsworth, Gloucestershire, aged 80, at the residence of her son, Robert Garne, Marianne, widow of William Garne, esq. of Aldsworth.

At Ringstead rectory, Norfolk, aged 39, Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. W. L. Hussey.

At Liverpool, aged 55, Abraham Peter Klein, esq.

At Dawlish, Devon, aged 66, Margaret, wife of C. G. Millman, J.P.

At Farcham, aged 63, Jane Matilda Lilly, eldest dau. of the late Rev. Montagu John Wynyard, of West Rounton, Yorkshire, and wife of Adm. Sir Thos. Sabine Pasley, Bart.

At Handsworth, near Sheffield, aged 48, Thomas Smith, esq. of the firm of Smith and Burdekin, solicitors, Sheffield.

At Lloran House, Oswestry, aged 70, Edward Williams, solicitor.

At Clifton, Bristol, aged 76, Henry Winkworth, esq. late of Manchester, and Alderley Edge, Cheshire.

At Monk Bretton, near Barnsley, Yorkshire, aged 85, the Rev. William Wordsworth, B.A. one of the magistrates of the county.



## WILLS RECENTLY PROVED AND ADMINISTRATIONS GRANTED.

*(All in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, except where otherwise specified.)*

The Hon. Charles Welbore Herbert Agar, son of the second Earl Normanston, died intestate. Letters of administration of his personal effects were granted under £14,000.

The Irish probate of the will of the Hon. Matilda Sophia Austen, niece of the last Viscount Cullen, proved under 3,000*l*.

George Barker, esq. late of Stanlake Park, Ruscomb, Berkshire, proved by Mr. Frederick Joseph Prescott, Mr. Gardiner Dillman Engleheart, nephew of the deceased, and Mr. George William Barker and the Rev. Alfred Gresley Barker his sons, the executors. The personal estate sworn under 250,000*l*.

Letters of administration of the personal estate of George Skirrow Beecroft, esq. (who is noticed at p. 394), granted at Wakefield on 23rd of April, to Mrs. Beecroft, the widow, and George Andus Beaumont Beecroft, his only child. The personalty was sworn under 100,000*l*. besides which Mr. Beecroft left considerable real estate. The duty paid was 2,025*l*.

Charles Bell, esq. M.P. (noticed at p. 302), proved under 300,000*l*. personalty. It bears date Sept. 19, 1867. The dispositions are confined to the members of his family. To his three sisters he has left very liberal annuities; to each of his executors, Mr. Robert Gladstone and Mr. Henry P. Sharp, he leaves 500*l*.; and has directed that a sum not less than 50,000*l*. may remain in the partnership business in which he was engaged.

Colonel William Henry Stopford-Blair, Royal Artillery, late of Penninghame, Wigton, N.B. and of Portmansquare, proved on the 22d Feb. by Mr. James Stopford-Blair, his son, and Mr. Stewart Macnaughten, the personalty being sworn under £140,000. His will bears date 1848, and a codicil 1866. He has bequeathed to his only daughter, Elizabeth Ellen Maxwell, on the decease of his two sisters, Catherine and Jane, two sums of £10,000 each, in addition to her fortune; and, after making a few bequests, he appoints his

only son, James Stopford-Blair, his residuary legatee.

The Rev. Thomas Ambler Bolton, Vicar of New Basford, Notts; proved at Nottingham under £30,000. He has left £500 to the governors of Wakefield charities for special purposes.

The Rev. Theodore Bouwens, M.A. Prebendary of Lincoln, Rector of St. Mary's, Bedford, and Stoke Hammond, Buckinghamshire, has been proved under £35,000 personalty.

The Hon. Catherine Georgiana Brown, under 1,000*l*.

Don Alejandro Browne, M.D. of Buenos Ayres, proved under £25,000 in England. He has bequeathed to the Convent of Santo Domingo 10,000 dols. for the benefit of the brotherhood, to be paid to the superior; to the General Hospital for Women, 10,000 dols., and that for males, 20,000 dols.; to the English Hospital, 20,000 dols.; the Convent of Capuchin Nuns, 20,000 dols.; and to the Minister Don Antonio Fahy, for the orphans, 20,000 dols.

Admiral John Rivett Carnac, (see p. 154,) proved on the 10th March by Sir John Rivett Carnac, Bart. his nephew; Mrs. Rivett Carnac, the relict; Mr. Francis E. Guise, Middle Temple; and Mr. Alexander F. Tweedie, Ely-place; the executors and trustees. The personalty was sworn under £14,000. The will was executed in 1853, and a codicil 1858. He leaves to his wife, beyond all other bequests, a life-interest in one-third of his property, with power of disposal over her share; but in default thereof the same is left amongst all his children. The remaining two-thirds he leaves amongst his three daughters, but stipulated as to the amount to each, regard being had so as to assimilate their share with that under settlement.

The Irish probate of the will of John Carroll, esq. was sealed under 70,000*l*.

Sir William Clay, Baronet, of Fulwell-lodge, Twickenham (who is noticed at p. 295), proved under 120,000*l*. personalty. The will is dated Feb. 1868, with four codicils, the last dated Feb. 25, 1869. Sir William has directed that rings of the value of 10*l*. be given





to several of his numerous circle of friends. He leaves to his eldest son, now Sir William Dickason Clay, Bart. the presentation plate and testimonials he received from the Grand Junction Waterworks Company and the South-wark and Vauxhall Water Company, together with some much-valued jewellery and family portraits, which are to be retained as heirlooms in the family; the rest of the jewellery he leaves to be divided amongst his daughters. To his eldest son he leaves the real estates; and directs that the proceeds arising from the personal estate shall be applied in augmentation of his settled freehold estates.

General Sir Arthur Benjamin Clifton (who is noticed at p. 296), sworn under 140,000*l.* Sir Arthur has bequeathed from his personal estate the life interest of 20,000*l.* to his niece Dame Mary Anne Margaret Bruce; and after her decease to her husband, Sir Henry Hervey Bruce, and the principal sum to their children. He bequeaths his military decorations and orders, his furniture, pictures, books, and other effects, and a legacy of 1,000*l.* to his nephew Sir Robert J. Clifton, Bart. (born 1826), who is now entitled to the Barton estates, and is also in possession of the Clifton family estates. There are several liberal bequests, and to each of his executors he leaves a legacy of 500*l.* To St. George's Hospital, the Sussex Hospital (Brighton), and the General Hospital at Nottingham, 1,000*l.* each. The residue of his property he leaves in moieties between Sir Henry H. Bruce and his wife and children, and the Earl of Haddington and his wife and children.

Joseph Crossley, esq. of Bromfield, Halifax, Yorkshire, proved, 18th March, under 900,000*l.* personalty. The executors are his brothers, John Crossley, esq. and Sir Francis Crossley, Bart. M.P. who alone are acting; the other executors being John Whitley, Matthew Whitley, and James Melcom Bowman, esqs. The will is dated August 31, 1865; and a codicil, September 27, 1866. Testator died September 14, 1868. He leaves to his wife his residence, with the furniture, plate, and all other household effects, together with an annuity of 2,000*l.* He leaves to his son Edward a legacy of 22,000*l.* and a share in the residue. He leaves to the Rev. E. Leighton, of Hornsey, Middlesex, and his wife, during their joint lives, an annuity of 160*l.*, and to the

survivor an annuity of 80*l.* He leaves to his sons and daughters the residue of his property, including securities on bonds in the company "John Crossley and Sons (Limited)." The sons are to receive each a double share to that of the daughters.

Mr. Thomas Crowley, for many years engaged in trade in Birmingham, has bequeathed the following legacies:—To the Baptist Missionary Society, 1,000*l.*; Baptist Home Missionary Society, 1,000*l.*; Baptist Building Fund, formed in 1824, 1,000*l.*; London Missionary Society, 500*l.*; the Home Missionary Society, 500*l.*; Birmingham Town Mission Society, 1,000*l.*; Baptist Birmingham and Midland Building Fund, 500*l.*; Baptist Irish Society, 300*l.*; National Society for Aged and Infirm Baptist Ministers, 1,000*l.*; Particular Baptist Society, 300*l.*; British Bible Society, in London, 300*l.*; Colonial Mission Society, 500*l.*; Birmingham General Hospital, 500*l.*; ditto, to Accident Fund, 200*l.*; Queen's Hospital, 1,000*l.*; General Dispensary, 300*l.*; Deaf and Dumb Institution, 1,000*l.*; Blind Asylum, 500*l.*; Eye Hospital, 500*l.*; Homoeopathic Hospital, 300*l.* In January of the present year the deceased gave to trustees the sum of 10,000*l.* for the establishment of a Girls' Orphan Asylum, in the hope that his fellow-townsmen would aid in the support of such an institution, and he has by will made a further bequest of 1,000*l.* to that orphanage.

Sir John Hadley D'Oyly, Bart. (who is noticed at p. 388), proved on the 19th April, under 25,000*l.* personalty in England, by Mr. Edward Penton Thompson, of Bolton-street, Piccadilly, power being reserved to Dame Mary D'Oyly, the relict. The testator has made a liberal provision for his widow and his second son, Warren Hastings D'Oyly, of the Bengal Civil Service, and his children after him. The residue he divides between his two sons—two-thirds to the elder and one-third to the younger.

The will of the Rev. Charles Drury, M.A. F.S.A. (noticed at p. 247) proved on the 4th March by his nephews, Captain Byron Drury, R.N. and Mr. Herman Merivale, C.B. barrister-at-law, the joint acting executors and trustees. Personalty sworn under 10,000*l.* The will is dated March 28, 1868. He has left many specific bequests of plate and pictures. A portion of his plate, including all presentation plate, he leaves to

The first part of the history of the world is the history of the human race. It is a history of the progress of the human mind, of the growth of human knowledge, of the development of human civilization. It is a history of the human spirit, of the human soul, of the human heart. It is a history of the human race, of the human world, of the human future.

The second part of the history of the world is the history of the human mind. It is a history of the human intellect, of the human reason, of the human imagination. It is a history of the human mind, of the human world, of the human future.

The third part of the history of the world is the history of the human soul. It is a history of the human spirit, of the human heart, of the human conscience. It is a history of the human soul, of the human world, of the human future.

The fourth part of the history of the world is the history of the human heart. It is a history of the human emotions, of the human passions, of the human desires. It is a history of the human heart, of the human world, of the human future.

The fifth part of the history of the world is the history of the human conscience. It is a history of the human moral sense, of the human sense of right and wrong, of the human sense of duty. It is a history of the human conscience, of the human world, of the human future.

The sixth part of the history of the world is the history of the human world. It is a history of the human race, of the human mind, of the human soul, of the human heart, of the human conscience. It is a history of the human world, of the human future.

The seventh part of the history of the world is the history of the human future. It is a history of the human race, of the human mind, of the human soul, of the human heart, of the human conscience. It is a history of the human future, of the human world.

his nephew, Captain Byron Drury. There are several pecuniary legacies to his relatives, and also to his servants. His real estate, subject to some charges by way of annuities to his family, he leaves to his nephew, Gerald Charles Drury. The residue of his personal estate he leaves to his niece, Amelia Elizabeth, the widow of his late nephew Henry Drury, for her life; and, after her decease, to her children.

Mrs. Duncan, Greenbank, bequeathed 100*l.* to the Arbroath Infirmary.

The Right Hon. Maria Elizabeth, Countess of Dysart, was proved under 14,000*l.*

Mr. George Ellwood, wholesale furrier, Aldersgate-street, and carrying on business in partnership as wine-merchant, Gresham-street; proved under 70,000*l.* He leaves to his wife his country residence, The Oaks, Nightingale-lane, Clapham, together with the furniture, an annuity of 500*l.* and a life interest in moiety arising from the income of his residuary estate; the other moiety he leaves to his three daughters during the life of his relict, and after her decease the whole of the residue is to be divided equally between his son and daughters. To his son he leaves his interest in his businesses of furrier and wine-merchant, he paying to the trustees the sum of 30,000*l.* by annual instalments of 2,000*l.*

William Ewart, esq. M.P. proved under 70,000*l.* personally. (A memoir of him will be found at p. 209.)

The will of the Count of Angon de Fiton, Duke of Cutrofiano, has been proved in London.

Mrs. Elizabeth Flanagan, of 86, Gloucester-place, Portman-square, proved under 35,000*l.* She has bequeathed to University Hospital, the Benevolent Society for the Widows and Orphans of Decayed Royal Academicians, and the Almshouses for Widows, St. John's-wood, each 500*l.*

The Right Hon. Katherine Elizabeth Fleming, daughter of the tenth Earl of Dundonald, G.C.B. Admiral R.N.; proved under 9,000*l.* personally.

The Hon. and Rev. John Fortesque, Canon of Worcester, Rector of Poltimore, (who is noticed at p. 155) proved at Exeter on the 19th Feb. under 70,000*l.* personally, the executors being his brother-in-law, Mr. George Neville, of Stratton, Lincoln; his son, the Rev. Hugh John Fortesque, of Kidderminster; and Mr. Henry Ford, of Exeter. The will is dated July 30, 1861, and the

codicil December 30, 1863. He commences his will by observing that, owing to the bequest made to him by his late lamented mother, his property had accumulated to an extent he had never anticipated. The bequests he had made to his wife merge into the residue, by which event his daughters are each entitled to a legacy of 12,000*l.* stock Three per Cent. Consols; and to each of his daughters he leaves a quarto Bible with notes. He appoints his son residuary legatee. He leaves two sums of 100*l.* each to be applied to charitable purposes in Worcester and the parishes of Poltimore and Huxham.

Dame Isabella Gilbert; under 3,000*l.*

The late Earl of Glasgow, (who is noticed at p. 284) has left Mr. George Payne a legacy of 25,000*l.* in addition to one-half of the horses in training, &c. The remaining moiety of the horses goes to General Peel. Out of compliment to his deceased friend, Mr. Payne takes Lord Glasgow's colours for his second colour—viz. white body, crimson sleeves and cap, in which the horses bequeathed to him by his lordship will always run. To the Hon. James Macdonald he leaves 8,000*l.*, to the Hon. Colonel H. Forester 5,000*l.*, to Cunningham, who had charge of the stud paddocks at Doncaster, a legacy of 500*l.* and the stallion Tom Bowline; to Aldcroft 500*l.* by codicil, only two days before Lord Glasgow died.

The Hon. Elizabeth Ann Gore; under 8,000*l.*

Probate of the will and codicil of the late Viscount Gough, G.C.B. (of whom a memoir is given at p. 286) was granted from the principal registry, Dublin, on the 7th ult. to George Stephens the present Viscount Gough, one of the executors, the personality being sworn under 40,000*l.* chiefly composed of money in the Funds. The will, which bears date the 3rd of June, 1858, after making provision for Lady Gough (who predeceased her husband), bequeaths all furniture, plate, &c. to the present Viscount. The testator's gold plate, swords, jewels, freedom of cities, &c. are constituted heir-looms, and annexed to the real estates devised by the will. The provision made for each of the married daughters of the deceased, on her marriage, is made up to 8,000*l.*; and, subject thereto, the real and personal property undisposed of by deed at the time of the testator's death is given to the present Viscount, and his heirs male, with remainders over; and the





present Viscount is also made sole residuary legatee.

The will or Scotch confirmation of J. Greenshields, esq. was sealed, in London, under 140,000*l.* personality.

Arthur Heathcote, esq. (see p. 430), proved on the 5th of April, by the testator's cousins, the Rev. Thomas Heathcote, of Lenton, Lincolnshire, and Francis Heathcote, esq. of Connaught-square; and to them he leaves the whole of his property, real and personal, in the following manner: To the Rev. T. Heathcote, two-thirds; and to Francis Heathcote, one-third. The will is dated March 11 last. The personality was sworn under 16,000*l.*

The Scotch confirmation, or testamentary disposition, of the Right Hon. Lady Elizabeth Hope-Veré, who died on Dec. 19 last, at her residence, 20, Park-lane, was sealed in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on Feb. 13, the personality having been sworn under 12,000*l.*

J. Horrocks, esq. proved, at Lancaster, under 90,000*l.* personality.

Miss Jane Hutchesson, of Dover, was proved under 50,000*l.* The testatrix has left the following charitable bequests, amounting to 7,300*l.* Three per Cent. Consolidated Bank Annuities:—To the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, 1,000*l.*; the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, 1,000*l.*; Clergy Orphan Corporation, 1,000*l.*; Indigent Blind Visiting Society, 1,000*l.*; School for Indigent Blind, 1,000*l.*; Asylum for Deaf and Dumb, 1,000*l.*; Corporation of the Sons of Clergy, 500*l.*; and Destitute Sailors' Asylum, 300*l.*

Miss Sarah Jackson, late of Upper Sydenham, proved under 25,000*l.* She has bequeathed to the London Missionary Society, the Home Missionary Society, and the Colonial Missionary Society, each a legacy of 1000*l.* To the London City Missions, the Irish Evangelical Society, the Orphan Working School, Haverstock-hill, and Field-lane Ragged School, each 500*l.*

The Rev. John James, D.D. (who is noticed at p. 116) was proved at Peterborough under 20,000*l.* He has made bequests of portraits and numerous theological works.

Robert Keeley, Esq. of Pelham-crescent, Brompton, the eminent comedian (of whom a memoir is given at p. 229) was proved on the 24th March, under 18,000*l.* personality, by his relict, Mary Anne Keeley, the surviving executor; the other executor appointed was Thos.

Frost Goward, esq. of North End Lodge, Walham-green (since deceased). The will is dated December 11, 1867. He bequeaths to his wife all his furniture, plate, wines, and other household effects absolutely, and leaves her a life interest in his estates, real and personal. He leaves to his granddaughter, Jessie Williams, on the decease of his wife, his Oriental Bank shares; and to his wife's sister, Mrs. Eliza Hulse, an annuity of 30*l.* The residue of his property is to be ultimately divided between his two daughters, Mary, widow of the late Albert Smith, and Louise, wife of Montagu Williams, barrister-at-law, for the lives of his two daughters, and after their decease, to their children.

George Hall Lawrence, esq. of Mossley-hill, near Liverpool, proved under 140,000*l.* He has bequeathed to the Liverpool Blue Coat Hospital and the Liverpool Royal Infirmary each a legacy of 100*l.*

The Right Hon. Elizabeth Lowther proved under 45,000*l.* personality in England.

The will or Scottish confirmation of Sir William Mackenzie, Bart. was sworn under 10,000*l.* personality, and sealed in the London Court on the 13th Feb.

Andres Ysidro Breton Martinez proved under 100,000*l.* personality in England; to each of the following 14 hospitals in London he leaves a legacy of 50*l.*;—Christ's Hospital, St. Bartholomew's, St. Thomas's, Guy's, Bethlehem, London, St. George's, King's College, University College, Westminster, Charing-cross, Middlesex, St. Mary's, and St. Luke's.

The will, or Scotch confirmation, of Lieutenant-General George Moncrieff, Scots Fusilier Guards, was sealed under 25,000*l.*

The will, or Scotch confirmation, of Mr. William Tankerville Money Penny, was sealed under 90,000*l.*

Sir Joseph Francis Olliffe, M.D. (noticed at p. 296), proved on 7th of April, the executors appointed being Lady Olliffe, his relict; Mr. George Cubitt, M.P. of Denbies, near Dorking; and Mr. Andrew Cuthell, of St. George's-square, Pimlico. The personality was sworn under 16,000*l.* The will is dated February 4th last. To his wife he leaves an immediate legacy of 500*l.* all his furniture at both his residences at Paris and Deanville, and all his plate, and an equal share with his children (except his daughter, Mary Lascelles, who re-



ceived her portion on her marriage), in the residue of his estates, real and personal, whether in France, England, or elsewhere. The testator became entitled to considerable property spread over various parts in this country and France, under the will of his father-in-law, the late Mr. William Cnibitt, M.P. He leaves his estate of Vista Villa, Cork, among all the children of his late brother, Henry B. Olliffe; and to the daughters of his said brother he leaves 300*l.* to be divided amongst them. There are a few other legacies to his relatives.

Admiral Sir Charles Christopher Parker, Bart. (noticed at p. 387), proved under 9,000*l.* personalty.

Mrs. Ramsden, of Portland-place, by a codicil to her will, bequeathed to the Bible Society, the Church Missionary Society, the Society for the Conversion of the Jews, Pastoral Aid Society, City Missions, Scripture Readers' Society, Blind Visiting Society, Distressed Widows' Society, and the Ragged School Union, each 100*l.* and 50*l.* to the Gray's-yard School.

Mr. William Rand, of Bradford, Yorkshire, worsted spinner, proved under 40,000*l.* He has bequeathed to the Bradford Infirmary, the Bible Society, the Church Missionary Society, the Church Pastoral Aid Society, and the Society for Promoting Christianity amongst the Jews, each a legacy of 100*l.*

Lattier Bayane, Countess de Rochefort, proved under 3,000*l.* personalty in England.

The late Miss Sarah Roper, of Lansdowne-parade, Cheltenham, proved under 9,000. She has made the following charitable bequests, all free of duty:—To the British and Foreign Bible Society, 200*l.*; Church Missionary Society, London City Missions, Pastoral Aid Society, Irish Church Missionary Society, and Cheltenham General Hospital, each 100*l.*; the Societies for Promoting Christian Knowledge and Christianity amongst the Jews, and the Blind School, York, each 50*l.*; to the Cheltenham Boys and Girls' Orphan Schools each 19*g.*s., and a like bequest to the Female Refuge, Cheltenham. The interest of the residue of her property is to be given to the poor of Cheltenham.

The Hon. Henrietta Maria Russell, proved under 6,000*l.*

Sir John Thomas Selwin, Bart. (who is noticed at p. 390), proved on the 24th April by his son, Sir Henry John

Selwin-Ibbetson, Bart. and Mr. Horace Broke, of Lincoln's Inn, barrister-at-law, the joint acting executors. The trustees are Mr. Marmaduke Wyvill and the said Mr. H. Broke. The personalty was sworn under 45,000*l.* The testator has devised his real estates in the counties of Essex and York to his son, the present Baronet. He directs that his shares in the Calder and Hebble Navigation be sold, and that a sum of 10,000*l.* be invested in trust, the interest to be received by his son for life, and the principal, on the decease of his son, to be for his son's eldest son or other issue, and, on failure of issue, to his daughter, Gertrude Selwin. He has left a legacy of 100*l.* to his servant Torrance. The residue of his property he leaves to his son absolutely.

Thomas Shanks, esq. of Richmond, Surrey, proved under £9,000. He leaves his wife a life interest in his property, and after her decease he leaves the same to be divided between his sons, William and Fitzroy, after the payment of a few pecuniary legacies and some specific bequests of pictures and curiosities. He has left to his executor, Mr. G. Cheatle, a legacy of £50, the engraving of "Laying down the Law," and a portrait of Lord Chief Baron the Hon. Sir Fitzroy Kelly. Several other portraits of Sir Fitzroy Kelly are to be given to such persons as his executor may think proper, but none are to be sold.

Sir Charles Slingsby, Bart. (who is noticed at p. 199), proved at Wakefield under 18,000*l.* personalty. The will bears date August 1, 1857, with two codicils, June 1861, and Jan. 4, 1868. He has bequeathed to his sister, Emma Lonisa Catherine Slingsby, all his plate, pictures, library, furniture, and household effects; and has devised to her the whole of his estates, and to her issue in the event of her marriage, and that application shall be made for the Royal licence to use the surname of Slingsby, and to quarter his arms with those of the party in possession of the estates; and in default of any lawful issue, the testator devises his estates, after the decease of his sister, to the Rev. Thomas Atkinson, Vicar of Great Ouseburn, Yorkshire, and to his heirs; and has left to him the right of the next presentation to the living of Sigston, should he be living on the decease of the present incumbent, otherwise the next presentation to be in the gift of his said sister.





# ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

Page 95, line 16, *dele* "the late."

Page 107. Besides articles in the *Quarterly Review*, *Pull Mall Gazette*, and *Saturday Review*, Lord Strangford left behind him some most valuable ethnographical and political chapters embodied in Lady Strangford's "Eastern Shores of the Adriatic," and Celtic notes in Matthew Arnold's "Study of the Celtic Language." Two volumes of his *Selected Writings on Social, Political, and Geographical Subjects* have since his death been edited by his widow, the daughter of Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort, K.C.B. A portrait of the deceased is prefixed.

Page 112. In the memoir of Lieutenant-General A. T. Maclean, the name of his father should be Archibald (*not* Alexander). The General married Agnes, fourth daughter of William Forlong, esq. of Wellshot, Lanark, N.B. and that lady is left his widow, with an only daughter.

Page 134. Mr. Edward Goodall the eminent engraver is *not deceased*. The death of another person of the same name led to the mistake in the newspapers which was followed in this page.

Page 206. The library of Sir Henry Ellis has been sold by Messrs. Sotheby and Co. on the 19th of July, and four following days. It was particularly characterised by a large number of privately printed works, the gifts of his various friends; by various copies of the old English chronicles (but generally more or less imperfect); by works connected with the Domesday Survey; by topographical books, particularly of Middlesex and the neighbourhood of London, illustrated by Sir Henry in his early years; by a large collection of works on angling, nearly 100 in number, of which he privately printed a catalogue in the year 1811; and by a large number of sale catalogues, many of them priced, and many tracts and other curiosities of antiquarian interest, which his position as Secretary of the Society of Antiquaries had brought him. Among the catalogues (in Lot 386) was that of his father's library, which was sold by Leigh and Sotheby in 1813, as that of "a gentleman deceased," and consisted of an "extensive

collection of divinity, history, topography, voyages and travels, and belles lettres," which occupied the auctioneers for eight days.

Page 210, col. 2, line 18. *For* construction *read* constructive.

Page 211, line 11. *For* William *read* John as the name of Mr. Hodgson's father.

Page 222. The late Rev. J. L. Petit married (in 1828) Louisa Elizabeth, daughter of George Reid, esq. of Shrewsbury; she survives him, but without issue. His sister, Mrs. Salt, is deceased.

Page 226, col. 1, line 35. *For* condition *read* erudition.

Page 235. The Hon. Mrs. C. Hanbury Tracy's *son* was still-born.

Page 245. Mr. Jeans—who at one time wrote his name Jeanes—was in early life apprentice or assistant to Mr. Strong, bookseller, of Bristol, whose large catalogues he made with peculiar skill. In 1828 Strong purchased the business and stock of Gilbert Dyer, of Exeter, and in 1829 and 30 there appeared a catalogue of English and Foreign Theology, extending over 800 pages, and containing more than 10,000 articles. In 1834, or soon after, the business at Exeter was nominally transferred to Mr. Jeanes; but the speculation was not ultimately successful, and after some years it was wound up, Mr. Strong losing severely. (See the particulars somewhat more fully stated, from the personal knowledge of Mr. A. Holden, of Liverpool, in *The Book-seller* of June 1.)

Page 289. The paragraph. "By his second wife, who was a Miss Arbuthnot, the deceased peer left issue a youthful family," should be erased. The marriage and children belong to the present Lord Gough.

Page 385, col. 2, line 43, *for* magnificent *read* munificent.

Page 475. Mr. Harris was the eldest son of the late Joseph Harris, esq. of Liverpool. His brother Captain Harris, having lately returned from India, died in 1860. Another brother attended his funeral; which took place in the old churchyard at Harrow, on the 14th of May. It was attended by all the



masters of Harrow School, the service being read by the head-master, the Rev. Dr. Butler; by all the scholars; and by many old Harrovians, formerly Mr. Harris's pupils; also by the members of the Harrow Literary Institution, and by a company of the 18th Volunteer Rifles, from respect to their once energetic associate and comrade.

Page 511. Mr. Harrison had been for some years printer of the *London Gazette*, and it is stated that more than

a century ago the *Gazette* was printed by his family, as was the famous *Craftsman* by his predecessor, Mr. Say. The late Thomas Richardson Harrison was son of Mr. James Harrison, printer. He married, in 1825, Celia Anne, daughter of Mr. William Crakell, and aunt to Alderman Sir Sydney Waterlow, by whom he has left four sons and three daughters.—*Bookseller.*





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